Form 10-O September 04, 2012 **Table of Contents**

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-O

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2012

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-4372

FOREST CITY ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio 34-0863886 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Terminal Tower 50 Public Square

44113 **Suite 1100** Cleveland, Ohio

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

216-621-6060

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Date File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

company)

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No \circ

Indicate the number of shares outstanding, including unvested restricted stock, of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Class A Common Stock, \$.33 1/3 par value Class B Common Stock, \$.33 1/3 par value

Outstanding at August 30, 2012

150,861,461 shares 20,858,777 shares

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries **Table of Contents** Page PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets July 31, 2012 and January 31, 2012 Consolidated Statements of Operations Three and Six Months Ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 <u>3</u> Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three and Six Months Ended July 31, 4 2012 and 2011 Consolidated Statements of Equity Six Months Ended July 31, 2012 and Year Ended January 31, 5 2012 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Six Months Ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 6 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 8 Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations <u> 29</u> Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk <u>53</u> Item 4. Controls and Procedures 57 PART II. OTHER INFORMATION Item 1. Legal Proceedings <u>57</u> Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds <u>57</u> Item 6. Exhibits 58 Signatures 59 Certifications i

Table of Contents

PART I –	FINANCIAL	INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(Chandres)	July 31, 2012		
	(Unaudited)	January 31, 2012	
	(in thousands)		
Assets			
Real Estate			
Completed rental properties	\$7,549,758	\$7,183,448	
Projects under construction and development	2,361,600	2,328,979	
Land held for development and sale	77,175	77,298	
Total Real Estate	9,988,533	9,589,725	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,602,423)	(1,526,503)
Real Estate, net – (variable interest entities \$2,318.2 million and \$2,103.8 million, respectively)	8,386,110	8,063,222	
Cash and equivalents – (variable interest entities \$32.9 million and \$17.8 million, respectively)	240,866	217,486	
Restricted cash and escrowed funds – (variable interest entities \$172.8 million and	476,645	542,566	
\$348.1 million, respectively) Notes and accounts receivable, net	399,964	406,244	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	572,230	609,079	
Other assets – (variable interest entities \$130.2 million and \$130.8 million,		•	
respectively)	614,787	608,541	
Land held for divestiture	23,417	57,145	
Operating property assets held for sale	18,834		
Total Assets	\$10,732,853	\$10,504,283	
Liabilities and Equity			
Liabilities			
Mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse – (variable interest entities \$1,224.3 million and \$1,122.0 million, respectively)	\$5,754,873	\$5,640,439	
Bank revolving credit facility	_		
Senior and subordinated debt – (variable interest entities \$29.0 million as of each period)	1,157,666	1,038,529	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities – (variable interest entities \$217.6 million and \$171.0 million, respectively)	1,086,192	1,112,462	
Cash distributions and losses in excess of investments in unconsolidated entities	292,700	279,708	
Deferred income taxes	458,825	433,040	
Mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse of land held for divestiture	19,571	19,084	
Liabilities of operating property held for sale	15,092		
Total Liabilities	8,784,919	8,523,262	
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	232,107	229,149	
Commitments and Contingencies			
Equity			
Shareholders' Equity			

Preferred stock – 7.0% Series A cumulative perpetual convertible, without par value,				
\$50 liquidation preference; 6,400,000 shares authorized; 4,399,998 shares issued and	220,000		220,000	
outstanding				
Preferred stock – without par value; 13,600,000 shares authorized; no shares issued			_	
Common stock – \$.33 1/3 par value				
Class A, 371,000,000 shares authorized, 148,855,516 and 148,336,178 shares issued	40.610		10 115	
and 148,642,140 and 148,227,849 shares outstanding, respectively	49,619		49,445	
Class B, convertible, 56,000,000 shares authorized, 20,858,777 and 20,934,335	6.052		6.079	
shares issued and outstanding, respectively; 26,257,961 issuable	6,953		6,978	
Total common stock	56,572		56,423	
Additional paid-in capital	740,426		740,988	
Retained earnings	543,324		571,989	
Less treasury stock, at cost; 213,376 and 108,329 Class A shares, respectively	(3,438)	(1,874)
Shareholders' equity before accumulated other comprehensive loss	1,556,884		1,587,526	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(117,129)	(120,460)
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,439,755		1,467,066	
Noncontrolling interest	276,072		284,806	
Total Equity	1,715,827		1,751,872	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$10,732,853		\$10,504,283	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three Mor	nth	s Ended July	/	Six Month	c E	Ended July 3	21
	31,					S L	•	, ,
	2012	2011		2012		2011		
	(in thousands,			sh				
Revenues from real estate operations	\$261,373		\$244,706		\$557,162		\$548,043	
Expenses								
Operating expenses	173,292		152,756		339,838		313,113	
Depreciation and amortization	54,231		53,434		106,860		109,081	
Impairment of real estate	2,908		235		4,289		5,070	
	230,431		206,425		450,987		427,264	
Interest expense	(62,725	-	(62,995)	(120,969)	(128,900)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	(3,682)	(2,711)	(6,547)	(5,589)
Loss on extinguishment of debt			(5,471)	(719)	(5,767)
Interest and other income	13,678		15,315		24,357		30,822	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity	(6,458)	_		(6,458)	—	
Net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental propertie							9,561	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(28,245)	(17,581)	(4,161)	20,906	
Income tax expense (benefit)								
Current	(25,839)	(2,138		(24,772)	15,460	
Deferred	16,797		(3,761)	25,273		(3,619)
	(9,042)	(5,899)	501		11,841	
Net gain on change in control of interests	6,766		_		6,766		_	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	16,665		2,385		20,438		22,379	
Impairment of unconsolidated entities	(390)			(390)		
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of	(41,887)			(41,887)		
unconsolidated entities	•	,				,		
	(25,612	-	2,385		(21,839	-	22,379	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(38,049)	(9,297)	(19,735)	31,444	
Discontinued operations, net of tax:								
Operating earnings from rental properties	325		1,791		414		2,804	
Impairment of real estate	(160)	_		(160)	_	
Gain on disposition of rental properties			99,087		5,370		104,806	
	165		100,878		5,624		107,610	
Net earnings (loss)	(37,884)	91,581		(14,111)	139,054	
Noncontrolling interests								
(Earnings) loss from continuing operations attributable to	(5,836)	(198)	(5,884)	400	
noncontrolling interests	(3,030	,	(170	,	(3,004	,	100	
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations attributable to	3		(82,025)	(970	`	(83,753)
noncontrolling interests	3		(02,023	,	()/()	,	(03,733	,
	(5,833)	(82,223)	(6,854)	(83,353)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises,	(43,717)	9,358		(20,965)	55,701	
Inc.		,	7,550			,	33,701	
Preferred dividends	(3,850)	(3,850)	(7,700)	(7,700)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises,	\$(47,567)	\$5,508		\$(28,665)	\$48,001	
Inc. common shareholders	Ψ(-11,201	,	Ψ2,200		Ψ (20,003	,	ψ τυ,υυ1	
Basic earnings per common share								
	\$(0.28)	\$(0.08)	\$(0.20)	\$0.14	

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to							
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders							
Earnings from discontinued operations attributable to Forest			0.11		0.02		0.14
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	_		0.11		0.03		0.14
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises,	¢ (0.20	`	¢0.02		¢ (O 17	`	\$0.28
Inc. common shareholders	\$(0.28)	\$0.03		\$(0.17)	\$0.28
Diluted earnings per common share							
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to	¢ (0.20	`	¢ (n no	`	¢ (0.20	`	¢0.14
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$(0.28)	\$(0.08)	\$(0.20)	\$0.14
Earnings from discontinued operations attributable to Forest			0.11		0.03		0.15
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	_		0.11		0.03		0.15
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises,	¢ (0.20	`	¢0.02		¢ (O 17	`	¢0.20
Inc. common shareholders	\$(0.28)	\$0.03		\$(0.17)	\$0.29

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

	Three Months 2012 (in thousands)	Ended July 31 2011	,
Net earnings (loss)	\$(37,884	\$91,581	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized net gains (losses) on investment securities (net of tax of \$(9) and \$10, respectively)	15	(16)
Foreign currency translation adjustments (net of tax of \$(534) and \$38, respectively)	2,147	(59)
Unrealized net losses on interest rate derivative contracts (net of tax of \$2,306 and \$7,274, respectively)	(5,004) (10,277)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax Comprehensive income (loss)	(2,842 (40,726) (10,352) 81,229)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(5,781) (83,326)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(46,507) \$(2,097)
	Six Months En	nded July 31,	
	2012	2011	
	(in thousands)		
Net earnings (loss)	\$(14,111	\$139,054	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized net gains (losses) on investment securities (net of tax of \$(7) and \$2, respectively)	10	(2)
Foreign currency translation adjustments (net of tax of \$(623) and \$(90), respectively	2)2,289	143	
Unrealized net gains (losses) on interest rate derivative contracts (net of tax of \$(1,480) and \$7,545, respectively)	984	(10,831)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,283	(10,690)
Comprehensive income (loss)	(10,828) 128,364	
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(6,806) (84,393)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(17,634) \$43,971	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Equity (Unaudited)

(Chaudicu)	Preferred Stock	Commo	n Stock			Additional			Accumular Other	ted
	Series A	Class A	Lock	Class B		Paid-In	Retained	Treasury Stock	Comprehe	ns Ne
	SharesAmount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Share Amount	(Loss) Income	Int
Balances at	(in thousands)									
January 31, 2011	4,400 \$220,000	144,252	\$48,084	21,219	\$7,073	\$689,004	\$673,875	21 \$(259)	\$(94,429) \$3
Net earnings, net										
of \$4,567 attributable to							(06.406)			00
redeemable							(86,486)			90,
noncontrolling interest										
Other										
comprehensive loss, net of tax									(26,031) 1,0
Purchase of								00 (1.670)		
treasury stock								90 (1,670)		
Conversion of Class B to Class		284	95	(284)	(95)					
A shares		20.		(20.)	() ()					
Issuance of Class										
A shares in exchange for										
Convertible		3,444	1,148			47,594				
Senior Notes due										
2016 Restricted stock										
vested		343	114			(114)				
Exercise of stock		13	4			136		(3) 55		
options Preferred stock							(1 7 100)			
dividends							(15,400)			
Stock-based						12,585				
compensation Excess income										
tax deficiency						(812)				
from stock-based compensation						(012)				
Redeemable						(6,887)				
noncontrolling						•				
interest										

adjustment													
Acquisition of													
partners'													
noncontrolling							:=10						(2)
interest in							(518)					(20
consolidated													Ī
subsidiaries													Ī
Contributions													Ī
from													6,0
noncontrolling													
interests													
Distributions to													' 20
noncontrolling													(89
interests													
Change to equity													
method of													(33
accounting for													().
subsidiaries													
Other changes in													
noncontrolling													(51
interests													Ì
Balances at						* 6 0 = 0	± = + 0 0 0 0	- 4	: 222		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	
January 31, 2012	4,400 \$	\$220,000	148,336	\$49,445	20,935	\$6,978	\$740,988	8 \$	571,989	108	\$(1,87/4)	\$(120,460)	\$2
Net loss, net of													
\$4,308													
													1
attributable to								(′2	20,965)				11,
attributable to redeemable								(2	20,965)	1			11.
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling								(;	20,965))			11.
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest								(`.	20,965)	•			11,
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other								(′.	20,965))			11,
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive								(′.	20,965))		3,331	11,
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of								(.	20,965)		3,331	
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax								(.	20,965)		3,331	
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of								(.	20,965)		(1 591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock								(.	20,965)		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of								(.	20,965		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class			76	25	(76) (25)		(.	20,965		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares			76	25	(76	(25)		(:	20,965		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class					(76	(25)			20,965		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares				25 149	(76	(25)	(149)	20,965)		(1,591)		
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock					(76	1 (25)	(149)	20,965	107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock					(76	1 (25)			20,965				
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options					(76) (25)	(149)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock					(76	1 (25)	(149)	20,965) 7,700)	107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends					(76) (25)	(149 (14)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based					(76) (25)	(149)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based compensation					(76) (25)	(149 (14)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based compensation Excess income					(76) (25)	(149 (14)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based compensation Excess income tax deficiency					(76) (25)	(149 (14)		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based compensation Excess income tax deficiency from stock-based					(76) (25)	(149 (14 7,829) (7		107			
attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other comprehensive income, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Restricted stock vested Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends Stock-based compensation Excess income tax deficiency					(76) (25)	(149 (14 7,829) (7		107			

Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustment Contributions								
from							2	
noncontrolling							2	24(
interests								
Distributions to								
noncontrolling							()	19
interests								
Change to equity								
method of							(7	72
accounting for subsidiary								
Other changes in								
noncontrolling				(183)		(17
interests				(103	,			1
Polonoos et July								
31, 2012	4,400 \$220,000	148,856 \$49,619 2	20,859 \$6,953	\$740,426	\$543,324	213	\$(3,438) \$(117,129) \$	2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaires Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six Months E 2012	Ended July 31, 2011	
	(in thousands	s)	
Net earnings (loss)	\$(14,111) \$139,054	
Depreciation and amortization	106,860	109,081	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	6,547	5,589	
Impairment of real estate	4,289	5,070	
Impairment of unconsolidated entities	390		
Write-offs of abandoned development projects	13,659	5,245	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	719	5,767	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity	6,458		
Net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties	_	(9,561)
Net gain on change in control of interests	(6,766) —	,
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	25,273	(3,619)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	(20,438) (22,379)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	41,887	—	,
Stock-based compensation expense	5,208	4,401	
Amortization and mark-to-market adjustments of derivative instruments	(5,262) 574	
Non-cash interest expense related to Senior Notes	186	1,148	
Cash distributions from operations of unconsolidated entities	30,119	23,763	
Discontinued operations:	50,117	23,703	
Depreciation and amortization	395	4,380	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	8	772	
Impairment of real estate	261		
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(2,380) 14,785	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	(8,879) (121,695)
Cost of sales of land included in projects under construction and development and	•		,
completed rental properties	2,875	2,059	
Increase in land held for development and sale	(1,811) (12,897)
Decrease in land held for divestiture	33,479		,
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable	11,355	(4,109)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	2,235	(14,288)
Increase in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for operating purposes	(1,018) (1,892)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(14,743) 3,285	,
Net cash provided by operating activities	216,795	134,533	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	210,775	154,555	
Capital expenditures	(442,098) (360,580)
Payment of lease procurement costs	(5,886) (12,020)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(19,140) 1,457	,
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing purposes	188,483	137,016	
Proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties	8,896	321,438	
Increase in investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	(11,992) (63,521)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(281,737) 23,790	,
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(201,737) 23,770	
Proceeds from nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	461,579	176,364	
Principal payments on nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable			`
	(329,184) (205,550)
Borrowings on bank revolving credit facility	75,000	464,575	

Payments on bank revolving credit facility	(75,000)	(601,727)
Proceeds from issuance of Convertible Senior Notes, net of \$10,625 of issuance cost	s —		339,375	
Payment of transaction costs related to exchange of Convertible Senior Notes due			(3,200	`
2016 for Class A common stock	_		(3,200)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(7,471)	(9,859)
Change in restricted cash and escrowed funds and book overdrafts	(8,376)	(10,714)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,591)	(1,630)
Exercise of stock options	13		177	
Dividends paid to preferred shareholders	(7,700)	(7,700)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	240		2,909	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(19,188)	(82,367)
Net cash provided by financing activities	88,322		60,653	
Net increase in cash and equivalents	23,380		218,976	
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	217,486		193,372	
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$240,866		\$412,348	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaires Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Senior and Subordinated Debt for more information.

Supplemental Non-Cash Disclosures:

The following table represents a summary of non-cash transactions primarily as a result of changes in consolidation methods due to the occurrence of triggering events including, but not limited to, the dispositions of partial interests of rental properties. Other non-cash transactions included in the table include acquisitions of partners' noncontrolling interests, dispositions of properties whereby the nonrecourse mortgage debt is assumed by the buyer, change in construction payables, reclassification prior to sale of outlot land parcels from projects under construction and development or completed rental properties to land held for sale and the capitalization of stock-based compensation granted to employees directly involved with the development and construction of real estate.

In addition to the transactions noted above, during the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company issued \$125,000,000 of 2034 Senior Notes (\$116,792,000, net of discount), which was immediately deposited into a cash escrow account. As a result, this non-cash transaction is included in the increase in senior and subordinated debt and increase in restricted cash and escrowed funds within the Financing Activities section of the table below. See Note D –

	Six Months Ended July 31,		
	2012	2011	
	(in thousand	ls)	
Operating Activities			
Increase in land held for development and sale	\$(1,916) \$(7,401)	
Increase in land held for divestiture	(5,538) —	
Decrease in notes and accounts receivable	6,912	32,595	
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(2,435) 123,885	
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds	3,624	149,790	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	6,701	(9,983)	
Total effect on operating activities	\$7,348	\$288,886	
Investing Activities			
(Increase) decrease in projects under construction and development	\$(14,174) \$487,387	
(Increase) decrease in completed rental properties	(2,995) 1,097,239	
Decrease (increase) in investments in and advances to affiliates	9,524	(253,540)	
Total effect on investing activities	\$(7,645) \$1,331,086	
Financing Activities			
Decrease in nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	\$(2,561) \$(1,569,240)	
Increase (decrease) in senior and subordinated debt	118,951	(40,000)	
Increase in restricted cash and escrowed funds	(116,792) —	
Increase in Class A common stock	_	959	
(Decrease) increase in additional paid-in capital	(5,610) 40,861	
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interest	7,266	1,987	
Decrease in noncontrolling interest	(957) (54,539	
Total effect on financing activities	\$297	\$(1,619,972)	

7

Six Months Ended July 31

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012. The results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any subsequent period. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included.

Revision of Prior Period Financial Statements

Historically, the Company wrote-off specific development projects when management determined it was probable the specific project would not be developed. In addition, the Company recorded an allowance for estimated project development write-offs for projects under development that had not yet been abandoned (the "Allowance"). In connection with the preparation of its financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2012, the Company reconsidered the historical accounting policy related to the Allowance and determined that recording the Allowance was not in accordance with ASC 970-360-40 (Real Estate – Abandonments) and concluded that the reserve should be removed ("Allowance Revision"). The Company assessed the materiality of this error on prior periods' financial statements in accordance with ASC 250 (SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 99, "Materiality"), and concluded that the error was not material to any prior annual or interim periods, but the cumulative adjustment necessary to remove the Allowance would be material if the correction was recorded during the year ended January 31, 2012. Accordingly, in accordance with ASC 250 (SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements"), the financial statements for the three months ended July 31, 2011, which are presented herein, have been revised. The error had no effect on the financial statements for the six months ended July 31, 2011. The following are selected financial statement line items illustrating the effect of the error correction thereon:

	As Reported (1)	Adjustment	As Revised	
Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended July 31, 2011	(in thousands,	except per share of	lata)	
Operating expenses	\$154,756	\$(2,000)	\$152,756	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(4,537	776	(3,761)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(10,521	1,224	(9,297)
Net earnings attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	4,284	1,224	5,508	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	(0.09	0.01	(0.08)
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	(0.09	0.01	(0.08)
Basic net earnings per common share attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	0.02	0.01	0.03	
Diluted net earnings per common share attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	0.02	0.01	0.03	
(1) Adjusted to reflect the impact of discontinued operations (see No	te M).			

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. Some of the critical estimates made by the Company include, but are not limited to, determination of the primary beneficiary of variable interest entities ("VIEs"), estimates of useful lives for long-lived assets, reserves for collection on accounts and notes receivable and other investments, impairment of real estate and other-than-temporary impairments on its equity method investments. As a result of the nature of estimates made by the Company, actual results could differ.

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Variable Interest Entities

The Company's VIEs consist of joint ventures that are engaged, directly or indirectly, in the ownership, development and management of office buildings, regional malls, specialty retail centers, apartment communities, military housing, a hotel, land development and The Nets, a member of the National Basketball Association ("NBA"). As of July 31, 2012, the Company determined that it was the primary beneficiary of 31 VIEs representing 20 properties (16 VIEs representing 7 properties in the Residential Group, 14 VIEs representing 12 properties in the Commercial Group and 1 VIE/property in the Land Development Group). The creditors of the consolidated VIEs do not have recourse to the Company's general credit. As of July 31, 2012, the Company held variable interests in 59 VIEs for which it is not the primary beneficiary. The maximum exposure to loss as a result of involvement with these unconsolidated VIEs is limited to the Company's investments in those VIEs totaling approximately \$66,000,000 at July 31, 2012. In addition, as of July 31, 2012, the Company consolidates a VIE which holds collateralized borrowings of \$29,000,000, which the Company has guaranteed.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table summarizes the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("accumulated OCI"):

	July 31, 2012	January 31, 2012	2
	(in thousands)		
Unrealized losses on securities	\$428	\$445	
Unrealized losses on foreign currency translation	_	1,558	
Unrealized losses on interest rate contracts (1)	191,110	194,928	
	191,538	196,931	
Noncontrolling interest and income tax benefit	(74,409) (76,471)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	\$117,129	\$120,460	

Included in the amounts as of July 31 and January 31, 2012 are \$141,840 and \$143,303, respectively, of unrealized (1) losses on an interest rate swap associated with New York Times, an office building in Manhattan, New York, on its nonrecourse mortgage debt with a notional amount of \$640,000. This swap effectively fixes the mortgage at an all-in lender interest rate of 6.40% (5.50% swap rate plus 0.90% lender spread) and expires in September 2017.

Noncontrolling Interest

Interests held by partners in consolidated entities are reflected in noncontrolling interest, which represents the noncontrolling interests' share of the underlying net assets of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. Noncontrolling interest that is not redeemable is reported in the equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Noncontrolling interests where the Company may be required to repurchase the noncontrolling interest at fair value under a put option or other contractual redemption requirement are reported in the mezzanine section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets between liabilities and equity, as redeemable noncontrolling interest. The Company adjusts the redeemable noncontrolling interest to redemption value (which approximates fair value) at each balance sheet date with changes recognized as an adjustment to additional paid-in capital (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements).

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

For the six months ended July 31, 2012, Brooklyn Basketball Holdings, LLC ("BBH"), an equity method investment that owns The Nets, was deemed a significant subsidiary. Summarized financial information for BBH is as follows:

	Six Months E	Six Months Ended July 31,			
	2012	2011			
	(in thousands	(in thousands)			
Operations:					
Revenues	\$57,470	\$49,132			
Operating expenses	(81,151) (71,647)		

Interest expense, net Depreciation and amortization	(7,228 (4,938) (6,764) (4,599)
Net loss (pre-tax)	\$(35,847) \$(33,878)
Company's portion of net loss (pre-tax)	\$(15,230) \$(3,686)
9			

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

New Accounting Guidance

The following accounting pronouncements were adopted during the six months ended July 31, 2012: In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing goodwill for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If after performing a qualitative assessment, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair market value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step goodwill impairment test is not necessary. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is then required to perform the first step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance for the presentation of comprehensive income. This guidance provides an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. This guidance results in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. As a result, this guidance changes the wording used to describe many of the existing requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, but for many requirements the intent is not to change the existing application. Some of the guidance clarifies the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements or may change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The required disclosures upon adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the guidance on accounting for transfers and servicing to improve the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The guidance specifies when an entity may or may not recognize a sale upon the transfer of financial assets subject to repurchase agreements, based upon whether the entity has maintained effective control over the transferred financial assets. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The following new accounting pronouncements will be adopted on the respective required effective dates: In July 2012, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on derecognition of in substance real estate. This guidance specifies that when a parent company (reporting entity) ceases to have a controlling financial interest (as described in the accounting guidance on Consolidation) in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate as a result of a default on the subsidiary's nonrecourse debt, the reporting entity should apply the guidance on property, plant and equipment to determine whether it should derecognize the in substance real estate. Generally, a reporting entity would not satisfy the requirements to derecognize the in substance real estate before the legal transfer of the real estate to the lender and the extinguishment of the related nonrecourse indebtedness. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after June 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance in this amendment is consistent with the Company's previous accounting policies and, as a result will not impact its consolidated financial statements or their comparability to previously issued financial statements.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance that requires entities to disclose both gross and net information on financial instruments and transactions eligible for offset on the balance sheets and financial instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of the guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

B. Mortgage Debt and Notes Payable, Nonrecourse

The following table summarizes the mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse maturities, including balances associated with land held for divestiture and operating property held for sale, as of July 31, 2012:

Figure 1 Veges Ending January 21	Total
Fiscal Years Ending January 31,	Maturities
	(in thousands)
2013	\$1,048,808
2014	797,294
2015	325,514
2016	373,480
2017	424,954
Thereafter	2,819,308
Total	\$5,789,358

C. Bank Revolving Credit Facility

The Company has a Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and a Third Amended and Restated Guaranty of Payment of Debt (collectively, the "Credit Facility") which provides total available borrowings of \$450,000,000. The Credit Facility matures on March 30, 2014 and provides for one, 12-month extension option, subject to certain conditions. Borrowings bear interest at LIBOR, subject to a floor of 100 basis points, plus 3.75%. Up to \$100,000,000 of the available borrowings may be used, in the aggregate, for letters of credit and/or surety bonds. The Credit Facility has a number of restrictive covenants, including a prohibition on certain consolidations and mergers, limitations on the amount of debt, guarantees and property liens that the Company may incur and restrictions on the pledging of ownership interests in subsidiaries. Additionally, the Credit Facility contains certain development limitations and financial covenants, including the maintenance of minimum liquidity, certain debt service and cash flow coverage ratios, and specified levels of shareholders' equity (all as specified in the Credit Facility). At July 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of these financial covenants.

The Company also has a First Amended Pledge Agreement ("Pledge Agreement") with the banks party to the Credit Facility. The Pledge Agreement secures the Company's obligations under the Credit Facility by granting a security interest to the bank group in its right, title and interest as a member, partner, shareholder or other equity holder of certain direct subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, its right to receive profits, proceeds, accounts, income, dividends, distributions or return of capital from such subsidiaries, to the extent the granting of such security interest would not result in a default under project level financing or the organizational documents of such subsidiary. The following table summarizes the available credit on the Credit Facility:

	July 31, 2012	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Maximum borrowings	\$450,000	\$450,000
Less outstanding balances:		
Borrowings	_	_
Letters of credit	70,646	69,389

 Surety bonds
 —
 —

 Available credit
 \$379,354
 \$380,611

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

D. Senior and Subordinated Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's senior and subordinated debt:

	July 31, 2012 (in thousands)	January 31, 2012
Senior Notes:		
3.625% Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2014, net of discount	\$199,294	\$199,132
7.625% Senior Notes due 2015	178,253	178,253
5.000% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016	50,000	50,000
6.500% Senior Notes due 2017	132,144	132,144
4.250% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018	350,000	350,000
7.375% Senior Notes due 2034, net of discount	218,975	100,000
Total Senior Notes	1,128,666	1,009,529
Subordinated Debt:		
Subordinate Tax Revenue Bonds due 2013	29,000	29,000
Total Senior and Subordinated Debt	\$1,157,666	\$1,038,529

On July 3, 2012, the Company issued \$125,000,000 of additional 7.375% Senior Notes due February 1, 2034 ("2034 Senior Notes") in a public offering, net of a 4.84% discount. The terms of the 2034 Senior Notes, other than their issue date and public offering price, are identical to the previously issued \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2034 Senior Notes on February 10, 2004. Proceeds of this offering, net of discounts and underwriters commissions were \$116,792,000. Net proceeds, along with an additional \$8,208,000 of cash on hand were immediately deposited into a restricted cash escrow account established to redeem \$125,000,000 principal amount of the Company's 7.625% Senior Notes due 2015 ("2015 Senior Notes"). The amount included in the restricted escrow account is included in restricted cash and escrowed funds on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at July 31, 2012.

On August 20, 2012, the Company used the cash escrow to redeem \$125,000,000 in principal amount of its outstanding 2015 Senior Notes. The 2015 Senior Notes were purchased at par plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but not including, August 20, 2012. After the redemption, \$53,253,000 of 2015 Senior Notes remain outstanding. All of the Company's senior notes are unsecured senior obligations and rank equally with all existing and future unsecured indebtedness; however, they are effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such other debt, including the Credit Facility. The indentures governing the senior notes contain covenants providing, among other things, limitations on incurring additional debt and payment of dividends. At July 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with these financial covenants.

E. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Company maintains an overall interest rate risk management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative instruments to minimize significant unplanned impact on earnings and cash flows that may be caused by interest rate volatility. The Company's strategy includes the use of interest rate swaps and option contracts that have indices related to the pricing of specific balance sheet liabilities. The Company enters into interest rate swaps to convert certain floating-rate debt to fixed-rate long-term debt, and vice-versa, depending on market conditions, or forward starting swaps to hedge the changes in benchmark interest rates on forecasted financings. The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements for hedging purposes for periods that are generally one to ten years. Option products utilized include interest rate caps, floors and Treasury options. The use of these option products is consistent with the Company's risk management objective to reduce or eliminate exposure to variability in future cash flows primarily attributable to changes in benchmark rates relating to forecasted financings, and the variability in cash flows attributable to increases relating to interest payments on its floating-rate debt. The caps and floors have typical

durations ranging from one to three years while the Treasury options are for periods of five to ten years. The Company does not have any Treasury options outstanding at July 31, 2012.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage exposure to interest rate movements. The Company primarily uses interest rate caps and swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate caps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty if interest rates rise above the strike rate on the contract in exchange for an upfront premium. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated OCI and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. The Company did not incur any charges for ineffectiveness related to fully consolidated cash flow hedges during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011. As of July 31, 2012, the Company expects that within the next twelve months it will reclassify amounts recorded in accumulated OCI into earnings as an increase in interest expense of approximately \$28,085,000, net of tax. However, the actual amount reclassified could vary due to future changes in fair value of these derivatives.

Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

From time to time, the Company and/or certain of its joint ventures (the "Joint Ventures") enter into total rate of return swaps ("TRS") on various tax-exempt fixed-rate borrowings generally held by the Company and/or within the Joint Ventures. The TRS convert these borrowings from a fixed rate to a variable rate and provide an efficient financing product to lower the cost of capital. In exchange for a fixed rate, the TRS require the Company and/or the Joint Ventures to pay a variable rate, generally equivalent to the SIFMA rate plus a spread. At July 31, 2012, the SIFMA rate was 0.15%. Additionally, the Company and/or the Joint Ventures have guaranteed the fair value of the underlying borrowings. Any fluctuation in the value of the TRS is offset by the fluctuation in the value of the underlying borrowings, resulting in minimal financial impact to the Company and/or the Joint Ventures. At July 31, 2012, the aggregate notional amount of TRS that are designated as fair value hedging instruments is \$266,660,000. The underlying TRS borrowings are subject to a fair value adjustment (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements). Nondesignated Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company entered into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain interest rate risk, even though the contracts do not qualify for or the Company has elected not to apply hedge accounting. In situations in which hedge accounting is discontinued, or not elected, and the derivative remains outstanding, the Company records the derivative at its fair value and recognizes changes in the fair value in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company enters into forward swaps to protect itself against fluctuations in the swap rate at terms ranging between five to ten years associated with forecasted fixed rate borrowings. At the time the Company secures and locks an interest rate on an anticipated financing, it intends to simultaneously terminate the forward swap associated with that financing. At July 31, 2012, the Company had no forward swaps outstanding. The Company terminated a forward swap with a notional amount of \$62,800,000 on February 1, 2011. This forward swap was not designated as a cash flow hedge. As such, the change in fair value of this swap was marked to market through earnings on a quarterly basis. Related to this forward swap, the Company recorded \$229,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2011 as a reduction of interest expense.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

In instances where the Company enters into separate derivative instruments effectively hedging the same debt for consecutive annual periods, the amount of notional is excluded from the following disclosure in an effort to provide information that enables the financial statement user to understand the Company's volume of derivative activity. The following table presents the fair values and location in the Consolidated Balance Sheets of all derivative instruments.

following table presents the rail values and location		erivative Instrum		ve mstruments.
	Asset Derivatives (included in Other Assets)		Liability Derivatives (included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses)	
	Current Notional (in thousands)	Fair Value	Current Notional	Fair Value
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Interest rate caps	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Interest rate swap agreements			1,020,446	146,703
TRS	28,100	987	238,560	10,536
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments	\$28,100	\$987	\$1,259,006	\$157,239
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	S			
Interest rate caps	\$534,585	\$13	\$ —	\$ —
Interest rate swap agreements	19,521	673	_	
TRS	140,800	18,692	30,360	16,874
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$694,906	\$19,378	\$30,360	\$16,874
	January 31, 201 (in thousands)	2		
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments	(III tilousullus)			
Interest rate caps	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Interest rate swap agreements	-		897,193	148,699
TRS	27,197	774	243,560	9,954
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments	,	\$774	\$1,140,753	\$158,653
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments		7	+ -,,	+,
Interest rate caps	\$435,201	\$13	\$ —	\$ —
Interest rate swap agreements	19,521	1,083		
TRS	141,703	9,534	30,360	15,367
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$596,425	\$10,630	\$30,360	\$15,367
14				

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents the impact of gains and losses related to derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges included in the accumulated OCI section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets and in equity in loss of unconsolidated entities and interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedging Instruments	Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI (Effective Por (in thousands)		Gain (Loss) Reclassifie Accumulated OCI Location on Consolidated Statements a) of Operations	d from Effective Amount		Ineffective Amount	
Three Months Ended July 31, 2012 Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	\$(7,019)	Interest expense	\$(980)	\$ —	
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	_		Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(93)	6	
Total Six Months Ended July 31, 2012	\$(7,019)		\$(1,073)	\$6	
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	\$1,706		Interest expense	\$(1,947)	\$—	
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	_		Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(181)	8	
Total Three Months Ended July 31, 2011	\$1,706			\$(2,128)	\$8	
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	\$(20,850)	Interest expense	\$(944)	\$—	
Interest rate caps and Treasury options	_		Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(94)	(555)
Total Six Months Ended July 31, 2011	\$(20,850)		\$(1,038)	\$(555)
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and Treasury options	\$(22,889)	Interest expense	\$(1,635)	\$—	
Interest rate caps and Treasury options	_		Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(182)	(555)
Total The following table presents the impact of	\$(22,889 of gains and loss) ses i	in the Consolidated States	\$(1,817 ments of O		\$(555 ons related to)
derivative instruments:		Ne Thi	et Gain (Loss) Recognized aree Months Ended July 3 12 2011	d			,
Derivatives Designated as Fair Value Hea	dging	(in	thousands)				
TRS ⁽¹⁾ Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging I	nstruments	\$(2	225) \$5,982	\$(370		\$7,464	
Interest rate caps and interest rate swaps TRS			241) \$(201 348 414) \$(446 7,651) \$(397 1,454)

Total \$3,107 \$213 \$7,205 \$1,057

The net gain (loss) recognized in interest expense from the change in fair value of the underlying TRS borrowings was \$225 and \$370 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, and \$(5,982) and \$(7,464) for the three and six months ended July 31, 2011, respectively, offsetting the gain (loss) recognized on the TRS (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements).

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

The principal credit risk to the Company through its interest rate risk management strategy is the potential inability of the financial institution from which the derivative financial instruments were purchased to cover its obligations. If a counterparty fails to fulfill its obligation under a derivative contract, the Company's risk of loss approximates the fair value of the derivative. To mitigate this exposure, the Company generally purchases its derivative financial instruments from the financial institution that issues the related debt, from financial institutions with which the Company has other lending relationships, or from financial institutions with a minimum credit rating of AA at the time the Company enters into the transaction.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision under which the derivative counterparty could terminate the derivative obligations if the Company defaults on its obligations under the Credit Facility and designated conditions are fulfilled. In instances where the Company's subsidiaries have derivative obligations that are secured by a mortgage, the derivative obligations could be terminated if the indebtedness between the two parties is terminated, either by loan payoff or default of the indebtedness. In addition, the Company has certain derivative contracts which provide that if the Company's credit rating falls below certain levels, it may trigger additional collateral to be posted with the counterparty up to the full amount of the liability position of the derivative contracts. Also, certain subsidiaries have agreements that contain provisions whereby the subsidiaries must maintain certain minimum financial ratios.

As of July 31, 2012, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments in a liability position, prior to the adjustment for nonperformance risk of \$14,960,000, is \$189,073,000. The Company had posted collateral consisting primarily of cash and notes receivable of \$88,479,000 related to all derivative instruments. If all credit risk contingent features underlying these agreements had been triggered on July 31, 2012, the Company would have been required to post collateral of the full amount of the liability position.

F. Fair Value Measurements

The Company's financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements are interest rate caps, interest rate swap agreements, TRS and borrowings subject to TRS (see Note E—Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities). The Company's impairment of real estate and unconsolidated entities is also subject to fair value measurements (see Note I – Land Held for Divestiture, Note L –Impairment of Real Estate, Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities and Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects and Note M – Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties).

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The Company's financial assets consist of interest rate caps, interest rate swap agreements and TRS with positive fair values that are included in other assets. The Company's financial liabilities consists of interest rate swap agreements and TRS with negative fair values that are included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities and borrowings subject to TRS included in mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse. The Company records the redeemable noncontrolling interest related to Brooklyn Arena, LLC at redemption value, which approximates fair value.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities and redeemable noncontrolling interest that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized to determine such fair value.

	Fair Value Mea	surements			
	July 31, 2012				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	(in thousands)				
Interest rate caps	\$—	\$13	\$ —	\$13	
Interest rate swap agreements (positive fair value)		673		673	
Interest rate swap agreements (negative fair value)		(4,863) (141,840) (146,703)
TRS (positive fair value)	_		19,679	19,679	
TRS (negative fair value)	_		(27,410) (27,410)
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS	_	_	9,550	9,550	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	(232,107) (232,107)
Total	\$ —	\$(4,177) \$(372,128) \$(376,305)

	January 31, 201 (in thousands)	12			
Interest rate caps	\$—	\$13	\$ —	\$13	
Interest rate swap agreements (positive fair value)		1,083		1,083	
Interest rate swap agreements (negative fair value)		(5,396	(143,303) (148,699)
TRS (positive fair value)	_	_	10,308	10,308	
TRS (negative fair value)		_	(25,321) (25,321)
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS		_	9,180	9,180	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest		_	(229,149) (229,149)
Total	\$ —	\$(4,300	\$(378,285)) \$(382,585)
16					

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The table below presents a reconciliation of all financial assets and liabilities and redeemable noncontrolling interest measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Fair Value Measurements

	Fair Value Measurements					
	Redeemable Noncontrolli Interest		Net TRS	Fair value adjustment to the borrowing subject to TRS	Total TRS s Related	Total
	(in thousands	s)		J		
Six Months Ended July 31, 2012 Balance, February 1, 2012 Loss attributable to redeemable	\$(229,149) 4,308	\$(143,303) —	\$(15,013) —	\$ 9,180	\$(5,833) —	\$(378,285) 4,308
noncontrolling interest	•					,
Total realized and unrealized gain (losses):	S					
Included in earnings	_	_	7,282	370	7,652	7,652
Included in other comprehensive income	_	1,463	_	_	_	1,463
Included in additional paid-in capital	(7,266)	_	_	_	_	(7,266)
Balance, July 31, 2012 Six Months Ended July 31, 2011	\$(232,107)	\$(141,840)	\$(7,731)	\$ 9,550	\$1,819	\$(372,128)
Balance, February 1, 2011	\$(226,829)	\$(102,387)	\$(30,034)	\$ 21,938	\$(8,096)	\$(337,312)
Loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	1,879	_	_	_	_	1,879
Total realized and unrealized gains						
(losses):			0.040	(- 151		
Included in earnings	_		8,918	(7,464)	1,454	1,454
Included in other comprehensive income	_	(19,072)	_	_	_	(19,072)
Included in additional paid-in capital	(1,986)	_	_	_	_	(1,986)
Settlement	_	_	903	(903)	\$ —	\$ —
Balance, July 31, 2011	\$(226,936)	\$(121,459)	\$(20,213)	\$ 13,571	\$(6,642)	\$(355,037)
The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to estimate the						

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments measured on a recurring basis as of July 31, 2012.

	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements				
	Fair Value	Valuation	Unobservable	Range of	
	July 31, 2012	Technique	Input	Input Values	
	(in thousands)				
Credit valuation adjustment of interest rate swap	\$15,082	Potential future exposure	Credit spreads	2.65(1) - 4.25%	
TRS	\$(7,731)	Third party bond pricing	Bond quote	84.41 - 106.02(1)	
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS	\$9,550	Third party bond pricing	Bond quote	84.41 - 100.81(1)	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(232,107)	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	9.7%	
(1)					

This fair value measurement was developed by third party service providers, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

Third party service providers involved in fair value measurements are evaluated for competency and qualifications on an ongoing basis. Internally developed fair value measurements, including unobservable inputs, are evaluated for reasonableness based on current transactions and experience in the real estate and capital markets.

The Company does not deem the impact of changes in unobservable inputs used to determine the fair market value of the credit valuation adjustment, TRS and fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS to be significant; however, changes in the discount rate used to determine the fair market value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest could have a significant impact on its fair market value.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable and accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities approximates fair value based upon the short-term nature of the instruments. The Company estimates the fair value of its debt instruments by discounting future cash payments at interest rates that the Company believes approximate the current market. Estimated fair value is based upon market prices of public debt, available industry financing data, current treasury rates and recent financing transactions. The fair value of the Company's debt instruments is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the fair value of nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable, bank revolving facility, senior and subordinated debt and nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable of land held for divestiture and operating properties held for sale:

	July 31, 2012		January 31, 2012		
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
	(in thousands)				
Fixed Rate Debt	\$4,885,611	\$5,240,346	\$4,458,214	\$4,719,636	
Variable Rate Debt	2,061,413	2,142,959	2,239,838	2,341,862	
Total	\$6,947,024	\$7,383,305	\$6,698,052	\$7,061,498	

G. Stock-Based Compensation

During the six months ended July 31, 2012, the Company granted 281,828 stock options, 784,935 shares of restricted stock and 301,954 performance shares under the Company's 1994 Stock Plan. The stock options had a grant-date fair value of \$9.24, which was computed using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: expected term of 5.5 years, expected volatility of 74.1%, risk-free interest rate of 1.1%, and expected dividend yield of 0%. The exercise price of the options is \$14.74, which was the closing price of the underlying Class A common stock on the date of grant. The restricted stock had a grant-date fair value of \$14.74 per share, which was the closing price of the Class A common stock on the date of grant. The performance shares had a grant-date fair value of \$20.74 per share, which was computed using a Monte Carlo simulation.

At July 31, 2012, there was \$5,387,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.71 years, \$22,693,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.90 years, and \$5,706,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to performance shares that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.42 years.

The amount of stock-based compensation costs and related deferred income tax benefit recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(in thousands)			
Stock option costs	\$318	\$806	\$1,920	\$995
Restricted stock costs	2,522	2,277	5,352	5,330
Performance shares	458		557	
Total stock-based compensation costs	3,298	3,083	7,829	6,325
Less amount capitalized into qualifying real estate projects	(618)	(1,493)	(2,621)	(1,924)
Amount charged to operating expenses	2,680	1,590	5,208	4,401
Depreciation expense on capitalized stock-based compensation	207	186	414	371
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$2,887	\$1,776	\$5,622	\$4,772
Deferred income tax benefit	\$1,046	\$620	\$2,037	\$1,738

The amount of grant-date fair value expensed immediately for awards granted to retirement-eligible grantees during the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$726,000 and \$1,022,000, respectively. During the six months ended July 31, 2011, previously recorded stock option costs in the amount of \$1,622,000, most of which was previously capitalized into real estate projects, were reversed to reflect actual forfeitures in excess of estimated forfeitures.

In connection with the vesting of restricted stock during the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company repurchased into treasury 106,711 shares and 87,070 shares respectively, of Class A common stock to satisfy the employees' related minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. These shares were placed in treasury with an aggregate cost basis of \$1,591,000 and \$1,630,000, respectively.

H. Commercial Group Land Sales

On January 31, 2011, the Company closed on the sale of two parcels of land, with air rights, to Rock Ohio Caesars Cleveland, LLC for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland. The land is adjacent to the Company's Tower City Center mixed-use complex. The sales price for one parcel, an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights ("Parcel #1"), was \$45,000,000. The sales price for the second parcel, an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights ("Parcel #2"), was \$40,000,000.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

At January 31, 2011, the Company received a cash deposit of \$8,550,000 on Parcel #1. During the three months ended April 30, 2011, the Company received an additional \$33,950,000 of the Parcel #1 purchase price. With the receipt of this payment, the buyer's initial and continuing investment on the sale of Parcel #1 was adequate for gain recognition under the full accrual method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate. As such, the entire sales price is included in revenues from real estate operations and the related cost of land is included in operating expenses, resulting in a gain on sale of \$42,622,000 during the six months ended July 31, 2011. The final \$2,500,000 of the Parcel #1 purchase price was received during the three months ended October 31, 2011.

As of January 31, 2012, the Company received total cash deposits of \$7,000,000 of the Parcel #2 purchase price. The minimum initial investment related to Parcel #2 still had not been met and accordingly, the cash deposits were recorded as a deposit liability under the deposit method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate and included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities at January 31, 2012.

During the three months ended April 30, 2012, the Company received cash proceeds of \$33,000,000 representing the remaining Parcel #2 purchase price. With receipt of this payment, the buyer's initial and continuing investment on the sale of Parcel #2 was adequate for gain recognition under the full accrual method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate. As such, the entire sales price is included in revenues from real estate operations and the related cost of land is included in operating expenses, resulting in a gain on sale of \$36,484,000 during the six months ended July 31, 2012.

I. Land Held for Divestiture

On January 31, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition portions of the Company's investment in the Land Development Group as part of a greater focus on core rental properties in core markets. The Company's land holdings subject to strategic divestiture are included in both fully consolidated entities and joint ventures accounted for on the equity method of accounting. As of January 31, 2012, the Company planned to retain its land investments in only two land development projects; its consolidated Stapleton project in Denver, Colorado and its Central Station project in downtown Chicago, Illinois, which is accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

During the three months ended April 30, 2012, the Company established an execution strategy relating to the land divestiture effort. For land projects that are not wholly-owned, the initial strategy was to negotiate with current partners to sell the Company's partnership interests to them, or acquire theirs, which would enable the Company to go to market with 100% ownership of the land development opportunity. The Company began preliminary discussions with numerous different potential buyers ranging from large national investment funds to regional land developers as part of the divestiture strategy.

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company entered into more specific and detailed negotiations with interested parties and closed on the divestiture of several land projects. Ongoing negotiations continue on the remaining land projects with current partners and potential national, regional and local land buyers. The Company has varying levels of interest from potential buyers on many of its land projects, and as a result, at July 31, 2012, the Company has committed deals on certain land projects, which are expected to close during the year ending January 31, 2013, and has several offers and letters of intent currently being evaluated by the Company.

During the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, the Company recorded the land held for divestiture activities for fully consolidated land projects and those accounted for on the equity method of accounting on their own separate financial statement line items in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. These activities primarily represent sales of bulk land projects held for divestiture, the associated cost of sales and impairment of land held for divestiture. The following table summarizes the net loss on land held for divestiture activities of consolidated entities:

Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months Ended July 31		
2012	2011	2012	2011	

	(in thousands)	
Sales of land held for divestiture	\$34,510 \$—	\$34,510 \$—
Cost of sales of land held for divestiture	(25,172) —	(25,172) —
Net gain on sales of land held for divestiture	9,338 —	9,338 —
Impairment of land held for divestiture	(15,796) —	(15,796) —
Net loss on land held for divestiture activities	\$(6,458) \$—	\$(6,458) \$—

The net gain on sales of land held for divestiture for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 primarily relates to the sale of the Company's 51% ownership interest in a land project in Prosper, Texas. The transaction, which had a sale price of \$29,800,000, resulted in a gain of approximately \$7,600,000 (\$3,900,000, net of noncontrolling interest).

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Through the competitive bid process and the negotiation process of taking informal expressions of interest to bona fide purchase offers, the Company obtained additional information regarding the value of its specific projects as viewed by current market participants. Based on the various levels of interest from potential buyers and information obtained from preliminary sales contracts, letters of intent and other negotiations on the remaining land projects discussed above, the Company reviewed its assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the land held for divestiture. As a result, the Company has recorded an additional impairment charge of \$15,796,000 during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012.

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of non-recurring impairment of land held for divestiture for the six months ended July 31, 2012:

	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements					
	Fair Value July	Valuation	Unobservable	Range		
	31, 2012	Technique	Input	of Input Values		
	(in thousands)					
Impairment of land held for divestiture	\$15,663	Indicative bids	Indicative bids	$N/A^{(1)}$		
Impairment of land held for divestiture	\$926	Undiscounted cash flows ⁽²⁾	N/A	N/A		

These fair value measurements were developed by third party sources, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

The following table summarizes the net loss on investments in unconsolidated entities which are part of the land divestiture strategy:

	Three Mont	ths Ended July	Six Months Ended July		
	2012 (in thousand	2011 ds)	2012	2011	
Net loss on sales of land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities	\$(1,481) \$—	\$(1,481) \$—	
Impairment of investments in unconsolidated entities	(40,406) —	(40,406) —	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activities of unconsolidated entities	\$(41,887) \$—	\$(41,887) \$—	

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company received an unsolicited offer to purchase its ownership interest in the remaining land parcels at Central Station for approximately \$30,000,000. The Company evaluated the offer and made a decision to divest its equity method investment in Central Station as part of its formal land divestiture activities. The proposed sale would support the continued strategic efforts to focus on core rental products in core markets and delever its balance sheet and as a result, the Company signed a letter of intent. Based on the terms of the letter of intent, the Company recorded an impairment charge of approximately\$17,000,000 during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, which is included in impairment of land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities.

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company continued to market its equity method ownership interest in a land project in Mesa del Sol, New Mexico to several potential buyers. Mesa del Sol is a large 3,000 acre development opportunity in the beginning stage of residential land development and is not expected to generate positive cash flow in the near-term due to the expected level of development expenditures needed to prepare the first phase of lots for sale. During the extensive marketing activities, there were few buyers that expressed interest in taking on the long-term development risk, and those that were, expected larger returns than previously estimated. As a result, based on these negotiations and other market information obtained from these potential buyers and other

⁽²⁾ The Company used an undiscounted cash flow technique due to its estimated holding period being less than twelve months.

industry data, the Company updated its assumptions used in estimating the fair value of the investment, including discount rates, absorption rates and commercial and residential land pricing. Based on the updated valuation model, the Company recorded an additional impairment charge of approximately \$15,000,000 during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, which is included in impairment of land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities.

J. Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties

The net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties is comprised of the following:

r	Three Months Er	ided July 31	Six Months Ended July 3			
	Tillee Moliuls El	ided July 51,	SIX Months End	July 51,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
	(in thousands)					
New York Retail Joint Venture	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$9,561		
	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$9,561		

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

New York Retail Joint Venture

On March 29, 2011, the Company entered into joint venture agreements with an outside partner, an affiliated entity of Madison International Realty LLC. The outside partner invested in and received a 49% equity interest in 15 mature retail properties located in the New York City metropolitan area, 14 of which were formerly wholly-owned by the Company and one retail property that was owned 75% by the Company.

For its 49% equity interests, the outside partner invested cash and assumed debt of \$244,952,000, representing 49% of the nonrecourse mortgage debt on the 15 properties. As of January 31, 2012, the Company received proceeds of \$178,286,000, primarily in the form of a loan. Based on the net amount of cash received, the outside partner's minimum initial investment requirement of 20% was not met. As such, the transaction did not qualify for full gain recognition under accounting guidance related to real estate sales. Therefore, the installment method of gain recognition was applied, resulting in a net gain on disposition of partial interest in rental properties of \$9,561,000 during the six months ended July 31, 2011. As of July 31, 2012, the remaining gain of \$114,465,000 continues to be deferred and is included in accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities. Transaction costs totaling \$11,776,000, of which \$5,779,000 relating to participation payments made to the ground lessors of two of the properties in accordance with the respective ground lease agreements did not qualify for deferral and were included in the calculation of the net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties recorded during the six months ended July 31, 2011. The 15 properties are adequately capitalized and do not contain the characteristics of a VIE. Based on this and the substantive participating rights held by the outside partner with regards to the properties, the Company concluded it appropriate to deconsolidate the entities and account for them under the equity method of accounting.

K. Income Taxes

Income tax benefit for the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$(9,042,000) and \$(5,899,000), respectively. Income tax expense for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$501,000 and \$11,841,000, respectively. The difference in the recorded income tax expense/benefit versus the income tax expense/benefit computed at the statutory federal income tax rate is primarily attributable to state income taxes, changes in state net operating losses, additional general business credits, changes to the valuation allowances associated with certain deferred tax assets, and various permanent differences between pre-tax GAAP income and taxable income. The Company applies an estimated annual effective tax rate to its year-to-date earnings from operations to derive its tax provision for the quarter. Certain circumstances may arise which make it difficult for the Company to determine a reasonable estimate of its annual effective tax rate for the year. The Company's projected marginal operating results, which include the gain related to the Commercial Group's land sales as described in Note H - Commercial Group Land Sales, result in an effective tax rate that changes significantly with small variations in projected income or loss from operations or permanent differences and thus does not provide for a reliable estimate of the estimated annual effective tax rate. Therefore, in computing the Company's income tax provision for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company has excluded the gain on the Commercial Group's land sales from its estimated annual effective tax rate calculation and has recognized the actual income tax expense related to the gain during the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011.

At January 31, 2012, the Company had a federal net operating loss carryforward for tax purposes of \$170,233,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2026 through January 31, 2032, a charitable contribution deduction carryforward of \$30,401,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2013 through January 31, 2017, General Business Credit carryovers of \$20,212,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2013 through January 31, 2032, and an alternative minimum tax ("AMT") credit carryforward of \$27,452,000 that is available until used to reduce federal tax to the AMT amount.

The Company's policy is to consider a variety of tax-deferral strategies, including tax deferred exchanges, when evaluating its future tax position. The Company has a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax asset associated

with its charitable contributions. The Company has a valuation allowance against its general business credits, other than those general business credits which are eligible to be utilized to reduce future AMT liabilities. The Company has a valuation allowance against certain of its state net operating losses and state bonus depreciation deferred assets. These valuation allowances exist because management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize these benefits.

The Company applies the "with-and-without" methodology for recognizing excess tax benefits from the deduction of stock-based compensation. The net operating loss available for the tax return, as is noted in the paragraph above, is greater than the net operating loss available for the tax provision due to excess deductions from stock-based compensation reported on the return, as well as the impact of adjustments to the net operating loss under the accounting guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. As of January 31, 2012, the Company has not recorded a net deferred tax asset of approximately \$17,265,000 from excess stock-based compensation deductions taken on the tax return for which a benefit has not yet been recognized in the Company's tax provision.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

L. Impairment of Real Estate, Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities and Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects

Impairment of Real Estate

The Company reviews its real estate portfolio, including land held for development and sale, for impairment whenever events or changes indicate that its carrying value may not be recoverable. In cases where the Company does not expect to recover its carrying costs, an impairment charge is recorded. The impairments recorded during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 represent write-downs to estimated fair value due to a change in events, such as a bona fide third-party purchase offer or changes in certain assumptions, including estimated holding periods and current market conditions and the impact of these assumptions to the properties' estimated future cash flows, which represents Level 3 inputs.

The following table summarizes the Company's impairment of real estate included in continuing operations.

		Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months F	Ended July 31,	
				SIX WORLDS L	anded July 51,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011	
		(in thousands	a)			
White Oak Village (Specialty Retail Center)	Richmond, Virginia	\$1,566	\$—	\$1,566	\$ —	
Investment in triple net lease retail property	Portage, Michigan	882	_	2,263	3,435	
Other		460	235	460	1,635	
		\$2,908	\$235	\$4,289	\$5,070	

In addition, included in discontinued operations is a \$261,000 impairment of real estate for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012.

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of the non-recurring impairment of real estate (including discontinued operations) for the six months ended July 31, 2012:

Quantitative Info	ormation about L	evel 3 Fair Value	Measurements
Fair Value July	Valuation	Unobservable	Range
31, 2012	Technique	Input	of Input Values
(in thousands)			
\$80,929	Indicative Bids	Indicative Bids	N/A (1)

Impairment of real estate

These fair value measurements were derived from three bona fide purchase offers from third party prospective buyers, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities

The Company reviews its portfolio of unconsolidated entities for other-than-temporary impairments whenever events or changes indicate that its carrying value in the investments may be in excess of fair value. An equity method investment's value is impaired if management's estimate of its fair value is less than the carrying value and the difference is deemed to be other-than-temporary. In order to arrive at the estimates of fair value, the Company uses varying assumptions that may include comparable sale prices, market discount rates, market capitalization rates and estimated future discounted cash flows specific to the geographic region and property type, which are considered to be Level 3 inputs. For newly opened properties, assumptions also include the timing of initial lease up at the property. In the event the initial lease up assumptions differ from actual results, estimated future discounted cash flows may vary resulting in impairment charges in future periods. The Company recorded \$390,000 of impairments of unconsolidated entities during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012. The Company recorded no impairments of unconsolidated entities during the three and six months ended July 31, 2011.

Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects

On a quarterly basis, the Company reviews each project under development to determine whether it is probable the project will be developed. If management determines that the project will not be developed, project costs are written off as an abandoned development project cost. The Company abandons certain projects under development for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to, changes in local market conditions, increases in construction or financing costs or third party challenges related to entitlements or public financing. The Company wrote off abandoned development projects of \$13,212,000 and \$13,659,000 during the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, and \$5,088,000 and \$5,245,000 during the three and six months ended July 31, respectively.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

M. Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties

The Company considers assets held for sale when the transaction has been approved by management and there are no significant contingencies related to the sale that may prevent the transaction from closing. At July 31, 2012, the Company had one property that met the criteria to be classified as held for sale. Southfield, an apartment community in Whitemarsh, Maryland, was sold on August 7, 2012. The assets and liabilities of Southfield are presented in the table below.

Assets Real estate, net Other assets					\$18 356	8,478 6	
Total Assets					\$13	8,834	
Total Liabilities	s payable, nonrecourse ned expenses and other liabiles rental properties included i		operations:		178 \$1:	5,092	
Property	Location	Square Feet/ Number of Units/ Rooms	Period Disposed	Three Months Ended 7/31/12	Ended	Three Months Ended 7/31/11	Six Months Ended 7/31/11
Commercial Group:		720 000					
Quebec Square	Denver, Colorado	739,000 square feet	Q1-2012	_	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ritz-Carlton hotel	Cleveland, Ohio	206 rooms	Q4-2011			Yes	Yes
250 Huron	Cleveland, Ohio	119,000 square feet	Q4-2011	_		Yes	Yes
Waterfront Station – East 4th & West 4th Buildings	st. Washington, D.C.	631,000 square feet	Q2-2011	_	_	Yes	Yes
Charleston Marriott hotel	Charleston, West Virginia	352 rooms	Q1-2011	_		Yes	Yes
Two triple net lease properties Residential Group:	Various	29,800 square feet	Q2-2012	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Southfield	Whitemarsh, Maryland	212 units	Q3-2012	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
The following table sum	nmarizes the operating result	ts related to disc	ontinued o	peration	ns:		
		Three Months	-	y 31,	Six Months		ly 31,
		2012	2011		2012	2011	
		(in thousands)				4.2.6	c . c
Revenues from real esta Expenses	te operations	\$848	\$11,819		\$2,035	\$26,6	556
Operating expenses		319	6,006		778	14,58	34
Depreciation and amorti	ization	191	1,636		395	4,380	
Impairment of real estat		261			261		
		771	7,642		1,434	18,96	54

July 31, 2012 (in thousands)

Interest expense	(256) (1,470) (636) (3,605)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	(4) (201) (8) (772)
Gain on disposition of rental properties		111,264	8,879	121,695	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(183) 113,770	8,836	125,010	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(348) 12,892	3,212	17,400	
Earnings from discontinued operations	165	100,878	5,624	107,610	
Noncontrolling interest					
Gain on disposition of rental properties		81,365	965	81,758	
Operating earnings (loss) from rental properties	(3) 660	5	1,995	
	(3) 82,025	970	83,753	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$168	\$18,853	\$4,654	\$23,857	
23					

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the pre-tax gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties:

	Three Month 31,	s Ended July	Six Months Ended July 31,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	(in thousands	s)			
Quebec Square (Specialty Retail Center)	\$—	\$	\$8,879	\$	
Waterfront Station – East ♠ & West 4 th Buildings (Office Buildings)	_	111,738	_	111,738	
Charleston Marriott (Hotel)		(474)		9,957	
Total	\$ —	\$111,264	\$8,879	\$121,695	

Gain on Disposition of Unconsolidated Entities

Upon disposition, investments accounted for on the equity method are not classified as discontinued operations; therefore, gains or losses on the disposition of these properties are reported in continuing operations. The following table summarizes gains and losses on the disposition of unconsolidated entities, which are included in equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities:

		Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months E	Ended July 31,
		2012	2011	2012	2011
		(in thousands	3)		
Village at Gulfstream Park (Specialty Retail Center)	Hallandale Beach, Florida	\$14,479	\$ —	\$14,479	\$ —
Chagrin Plaza I & II (Office Buildings) Apartment Communities:	Beachwood, Ohio	1,628	_	1,628	_
Metropolitan Lofts	Los Angeles, California		_		9,964
Twin Lake Towers	Denver, Colorado			_	2,603
Total		\$16,107	\$	\$16,107	\$12,567

N. Earnings Per Share

The Company's restricted stock is considered a participating security pursuant to the two-class method for computing basic earnings per share ("EPS"). The Class A Common Units, which are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, are considered convertible participating securities as they are entitled to participate in any dividends paid to the Company's common shareholders. The Class A Common Units are included in the computation of basic EPS using the two-class method and are included in the computation of diluted EPS using the if-converted method. The Class A common stock issuable in connection with a put or conversion of the 2014 Senior Notes, 2016 Senior Notes, 2018 Senior Notes and Series A preferred stock are included in the computation of diluted EPS using the if-converted method. The loss from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 and the three months ended July 31, 2011 was allocated solely to holders of common stock as the participating security holders do not share in the losses.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The reconciliation of the amounts used in the basic and diluted EPS computations is shown in the following table.

	Three Months Ended July				Ended July		
	31,				31,		
	2012		2011		2012		2011
Numerators (in thousands)							
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Forest	\$(43,885)	\$ (9,495	`	\$(25,619)	\$31,844
City Enterprises, Inc.	ψ(4 5,005	,	φ (2,423	,	\$(23,019	,	ψ <i>3</i> 1,0 11
Dividends on preferred stock	(3,850)	(3,850)	(7,700)	(7,700)
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	_		_		_		(766)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Forest	(47,735	`	(13,345	`	(33,319)	23,378
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic	(47,733	,	(13,343)	(33,319)	23,376
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	_		_		_		766
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Forest	\$(47,735	`	\$(13,345	`	\$(33,319	`	\$ 24,144
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Diluted	\$(47,733	,	\$(13,343)	\$(33,319)	J 24,144
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(43,717)	\$9,358		\$(20,965)	\$55,701
Dividends on preferred stock	(3,850)	(3,850)	(7,700)	(7,700)
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	_		(610)	_		(1,523)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	(47,567	`	4,898		(28,665	`	16 170
common shareholders—Basic	(47,307)	4,090		(28,003)	46,478
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	_		_		_		1,523
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(47,567	`	\$4,898		\$(28,665	`	\$48,001
common shareholders—Diluted	\$(47,307)	\$4,090		\$(28,003)	\$48,001
Denominators							
Weighted average shares outstanding—Basic	169,454,6	72	168,788,7	54	169,331,9	96	167,171,093
Effect of stock options and restricted stock	_		_		_		1,036,656
Weighted average shares outstanding—Diluted	169,454,6	72	168,788,7	54	169,331,9	96	168,207,749
Earnings Per Share							
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Forest	¢ (0.20	`	¢ (0, 00	`	¢ (0.20	`	¢ 0 1 4
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic	\$(0.28)	\$(0.08)	\$(0.20)	\$0.14
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Forest	\$(0.28	`	\$ (0.08)	\$(0.20)	\$0.14
City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Diluted	\$(0.20	,	\$ (0.08)	\$(0.20)	Φ 0.14
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(0.28	`	\$ 0.03		\$(0.17	`	\$0.28
common shareholders—Basic	\$(0.20)	\$0.03		\$(0.17)	\$0.20
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(0.28	`	\$ 0.03		\$(0.17)	\$0.29
common shareholders—Diluted	ψ(0.20	,	ψ 0.03		ψ(0.17)	ψ 0.29

Incremental shares from dilutive options, restricted stock and convertible securities aggregating 52,436,282 and 52,535,035 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, and 39,129,204 for the three months ended July 31, 2011, were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their effect is anti-dilutive due to loss from continuing operations. Weighted average shares issuable upon the conversion of preferred stock, Class (1) A Common Stock Units, and 2014, 2016 and 2018 Senior Notes aggregating 38,263,518 for the six months ended July 31, 2011 were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their effect is anti-dilutive under the

if-converted method. Weighted-average options, restricted stock and performance shares of 4,474,149 and 4,479,739 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, and 3,611,087 and 3,527,106 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2011, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their effect is anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

O. Segment Information

The Company operates through three strategic business units and five reportable segments. The three strategic business units/reportable segments are the Commercial Group, Residential Group and Land Development Group ("Real Estate Groups"). The Commercial Group, the Company's largest strategic business unit, owns, develops, acquires and operates regional malls, specialty/urban retail centers, office and life science buildings, hotels and mixed-use projects. The Residential Group owns, develops, acquires and operates residential rental properties, including upscale and middle-market apartments and adaptive re-use developments. Additionally, the Residential Group develops for-sale condominium projects and also owns interests in entities that develop and manage military family housing. The Land Development Group acquires and sells both land and developed lots to residential, commercial and industrial customers. It also owns and develops land into master-planned communities and mixed-use projects. On January 31, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of the Company's Land Development Group. During the six months ended July 31, 2012, the Company established and began executing the land divestiture strategy (see Note I – Land Held for Divestiture). The remaining two reportable segments are Corporate Activities and The Nets, a member of the NBA in which the Company accounts for its investment on the equity method of accounting. The following tables summarize financial data for the Company's five reportable segments. All amounts are presented in thousands.

	July 31,	January 31,
	2012	2012
	Identifiable A	Assets
Commercial Group	\$8,133,880	\$7,970,069
Residential Group	2,035,196	2,022,135
Land Development Group	289,505	352,248
The Nets ⁽¹⁾	(9,066)(3,836)
Corporate Activities	283,338	163,667
	\$10,732,853	\$10,504,283

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Months E	Ended July 31,	Three Mor July 31,	nths Ended	Six Months Ended July 31,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	Revenues	from Real E	Estate Operation	ons	Operating	Expenses			
Commercial Group	\$182,139	\$178,622	\$361,188	\$374,813	\$105,446	\$92,625	\$199,384	\$190,114	
Commercial Group Land Sales	49	1,400	40,049	47,652	50	634	3,566	3,155	
Residential Group	66,701	56,822	131,285	109,626	42,902	39,506	87,586	76,001	
Land Development Group	12,484	7,862	24,640	15,952	11,271	10,193	22,948	19,418	
The Nets			_	_					
Corporate Activities					13,623	9,798	26,354	24,425	
-	\$261,373	\$244,706	\$557,162	\$548,043	\$173,292	\$152,756	\$339,838	\$313,113	
	Depreciati	on and Amo	ortization Expe	ense	Interest Ex	pense			
Commercial Group	\$41,489	\$39,493	\$80,999	\$81,464	\$40,968	\$40,607	\$79,732	\$85,772	
Residential Group	12,346	13,531	25,029	26,794	5,040	8,823	9,174	14,820	
Land Development Group	139	54	246	114	2,475	776	4,226	1,600	
The Nets	_		_	_		_		_	

Corporate Activities	257 \$54,231	356 \$53,434	586 \$106,860	709 \$109,081	14,242 \$62,725	12,789 \$62,995	27,837 \$120,969	26,708 \$128,900			
	Interest an	d Other Inc	ome		Capital Expenditures						
Commercial Group	\$6,299	\$7,714	\$10,098	\$14,455	\$217,758	\$151,872	\$387,897	\$266,497			
Residential Group	4,837	4,998	9,312	10,874	27,648	40,523	53,585	93,563			
Land Development Group	2,510	2,553	4,870	5,394	139	337	181	350			
The Nets	_	_			_	_	_				
Corporate Activities	32	50	77	99	199	150	435	170			
	\$13,678	\$15,315	\$24,357	\$30,822	\$245,744	\$192,882	\$442,098	\$360,580			

(1) The identifiable assets represent losses in excess of the Company's investment basis in The Nets. The Company uses a measure defined as Earnings Before Depreciation, Amortization and Deferred Taxes ("EBDT") to report its operating results. EBDT is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as net earnings excluding the following items at the Company's proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) the adjustment to recognize rental revenues and rental expense using the straight-line method; iii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation, amortization and amortization of mortgage procurement costs; iv) deferred income taxes; v) preferred payment which is classified as noncontrolling interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations; vi) impairment of real estate (net of tax); vii) extraordinary items (net of tax); and viii) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax); and ix) revisions of prior period financial statements.

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company believes that, although its business has many facets such as development, acquisitions, disposals, and property management, the core of its business is the recurring operations of its portfolio of real estate assets. The Company's Chief Executive Officer, the chief operating decision maker, uses EBDT, as presented, to assess performance of its portfolio of real estate assets by operating segment because it provides information on the financial performance of the core real estate portfolio operations. EBDT measures the profitability of a real estate segment's operations of collecting rent, paying operating expenses and servicing its debt. All amounts in the following tables are presented in thousands.

Reconciliation of EBDT to Net Earnings (Loss) by Segment:

Reconstitution of EBB 1 to 1 vet Earnings (Eoss) by Segment.										
Three Months Ended July 31, 2012	Commerc Group	cial	Residenti Group	ial	Land Developm Group	ent	The Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 55,769		\$32,523		\$ 3,274		\$(8,272)	\$(26,683)	\$56,611	
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	e(51,248)	(20,953)	(101)	_	_	(72,302)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(3,513)	(808))	(28)	_	_	(4,349)
Straight-line rent adjustment	3,920		(145)	_		_	_	3,775	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activit					(9,965)		_	(9,965)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activit of unconsolidated entities	y		_		(41,887)	_	_	(41,887)
Gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities	16,107		_		_		_	_	16,107	
Net gain on change in control of interests	4,064		_				_	_	4,064	
Impairment of real estate	(2,908)	_		_			_	(2,908)
Impairment of unconsolidated real estate	_				(390)			(390)
Discontinued operations:										
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	e(16)	(175)	_		_	_	(191)
Amortization of mortgage procurement			(4)					(4)
costs – Real Estate Groups			(.	,						
Impairment of real estate	(261)	_		_		_	_	(261)
Income tax benefit (expense):								(11 120)	(1.1.100	
Deferred income taxes								(11,430)	(11,430)
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions					_		_	19,413	19,413	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 21,914		\$10,438		\$ (49,097)	\$(8,272)	\$(18,700)	\$(43,717)
Preferred dividends								(3,850)	(3,850)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholder	\$ 21,914		\$10,438		\$ (49,097)	\$(8,272)	\$(22,550)		')
Three Months Ended July 31, 2011		cial	Resident Group	ial	Land Developm Group	nent	t The Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 77,497		\$19,906		\$ (214)	\$(3,382)	\$(23,101)	\$70,706	
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	e (48,570)	(18,971)	(67)	_	_	(67,608)

Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(2,349)	(882)	(85)	_	_	(3,316)
Straight-line rent adjustment	(3,001)	288						(2,713)
Preference payment	(586)					_	_	(586)
Impairment of real estate	_		(235)				_	(235)
Allowance for projects under development revision (See Note A)	1,400		600		_		_	_	2,000	
Discontinued operations:										
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	e(1,104)	(217)	_		_	_	(1,321)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(95)	(4)	_		_	_	(99)
Straight-line rent adjustment	216		_		_		_	_	216	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	29,899		_		_		_	_	29,899	
Income tax benefit (expense):										
Deferred income taxes.	_						_	(7,129)	(7,129)
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions			_		_		_	(10,456)	(10,456)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 53,307		\$485		\$ (366)	\$(3,382)	\$(40,686)	\$9,358	
Preferred dividends	_		_		_		_	(3,850)	(3,850)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$ 53,307		\$485		\$ (366)	\$(3,382)	\$(44,536)		
27										

Table of Contents

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of EBDT to Net Earnings (Loss) by Segment (continued):

Leconomication of EBB1 to 1vet Earnings (Ebss) by Segment (continued).										
Six Months Ended July 31, 2012	Commerc Group	ial	Residenti Group	al	Developm Group	ent	The Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 153,995	í	\$65,302		\$ 4,364		\$(15,230)	\$(49,388)	\$159,043	}
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	te (100,402)	(41,904)	(209)	_	_	(142,515)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(6,352)	(1,562)	(54)			(7,968)
Straight-line rent adjustment	8,834		(227)	_		_	_	8,607	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity	_		_		(9,965)	_	_	(9,965)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	_				(41,887)			(41,887)
Gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities	16,107		_		_		_	_	16,107	
Net gain on change in control of interests	4,064		_		_		_	_	4,064	
Impairment of real estate	(4,289)					_	_	(4,289)
Impairment of unconsolidated real estate					(390)		_	(390)
Discontinued operations:										
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	te (40)	(355)	_		_	_	(395)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	_		(8)	_				(8)
Straight-line rent adjustment	3						_	_	3	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	7,914								7,914	
Impairment of real estate	(261)							(261)
Income tax benefit (expense):										
Deferred income taxes	—		_		_		_	(22,893)	(22,893)
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions	_		_		_		_	13,868	13,868	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 79,573		\$21,246		\$ (48,141)	\$(15,230)	\$(58,413)	\$(20,965)
Preferred dividends								(7,700)	(7,700)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$ 79,573		\$21,246		\$ (48,141)	\$(15,230)	\$(66,113)	\$(28,665)
Six Months Ended July 31, 2011	Commerc	cial	Resident Group	ial	Land Developm Group	nen	t The Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 192,770	5	\$46,757		\$ 892		\$(3,686)	\$(38,657)	\$198,082	2
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups	te _{(97,350})	(37,102))	_	_	(134,605	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(4,818)	(1,718)	(146)	_	_	(6,682)
Straight-line rent adjustment	(950)	125		_		_	_	(825)

Preference payment	(1,171)					_	_	(1,171)
Gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties	9,561		_		_		_	_	9,561	
Gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities	_		12,567		_		_	_	12,567	
Impairment of real estate	(3,435)	(235)	(1,400)	_	_	(5,070)
Allowance for projects under development revision (See Note A)			_		_		_	_	_	
Discontinued operations:										
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estat Groups .	e(2,754)	(399)	_		_	_	(3,153)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(357)	(8)	_		_	_	(365)
Straight-line rent adjustment	552		_		_		_	_	552	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	39,937		_						39,937	
Income tax benefit (expense):										
Deferred income taxes.	_		_		_		_	(11,166)	(11,166)
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions			_		_		_	(41,961)	(41,961)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 131,991		\$19,987		\$ (807)	\$(3,686)	\$(91,784)	\$55,701	
Preferred dividends			_				_	(7,700)	(7,700)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholder	s \$ 131,991		\$19,987		\$ (807)	\$(3,686)	\$(99,484)	\$48,001	

P. Preferred Stock

The Company declared and paid Series A preferred stock dividends of \$3,850,000 and \$7,700,000 during both the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Undeclared Series A preferred stock dividends were \$1,925,000 at July 31, 2012. Effective August 1, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors declared cash dividends on the outstanding shares of Series A preferred stock of \$3,850,000 for the period from June 15, 2012 to September 14, 2012 to shareholders of record at the close of business on September 1, 2012, which will be paid on September 15, 2012.

Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") of
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and subsidiaries should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the
footnotes thereto contained in the annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Corporate Description

We principally engage in the ownership, development, management and acquisition of commercial and residential real estate and land throughout the United States. We operate through three strategic business units and five reportable segments. The Commercial Group, our largest strategic business unit, owns, develops, acquires and operates regional malls, specialty/urban retail centers, office and life science buildings, hotels and mixed-use projects. The Residential Group owns, develops, acquires and operates residential rental properties, including upscale and middle-market apartments and adaptive re-use developments. Additionally, the Residential Group develops for-sale condominium projects and also owns interests in entities that develop and manage military family housing. The Land Development Group acquires and sells both land and developed lots to residential, commercial and industrial customers. It also owns and develops land into master-planned communities and mixed-use projects. On January 31, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of our Land Development Group. During the six months ended July 31, 2012, we established and began executing on our land divestiture strategy. See further discussion under "Land Held for Divestiture Activities" in this section.

Corporate Activities and The Nets, a member of the National Basketball Association ("NBA") in which we account for our investment on the equity method of accounting, are other reportable segments of ours.

We have approximately \$10.7 billion of consolidated assets in 27 states and the District of Columbia at July 31, 2012. Our core markets include Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, the Greater San Francisco metropolitan area and the Greater Washington D.C. metropolitan area. We have offices in Albuquerque, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, London (England), Los Angeles, New York City, San Francisco, Washington, D.C., and our corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio.

Significant milestones occurring during the second quarter of 2012 include:

The issuance of \$125,000,000 of additional 7.375% Senior Notes due February 1, 2034 ("2034 Senior Notes"). On August 20, 2012, proceeds from this transaction were used to redeem \$125,000,000 in principal amount of our 7.625% Senior Notes due 2015 ("2015 Senior Notes");

The sale of Village at Gulfstream Park, an unconsolidated specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida as part of our strategy to divest assets in non-core markets, resulting in cash proceeds of \$15,000,000; and Closing \$258,479,000 in nonrecourse mortgage financing transactions.

In addition, subsequent to July 31, 2012, we achieved the following significant milestones:

The sale of White Oak Village, a specialty retail center in Richmond, Virginia for a sales price of approximately \$68,000,000. The sale generated net cash proceeds of approximately \$16,000,000;

The sale of Southfield, an apartment community in Whitemarsh, Maryland for a sales price of \$32,650,000 which generated net cash proceeds of approximately \$16,900,000;

The opening of Botanica Eastbridge, a 118 unit apartment community located at our Stapleton project in Denver, Colorado; and

Addressing \$247,597,000 of nonrecourse mortgage debt financings that would have matured during the year ending January 31, 2013, through closed transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions.

Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. – Net loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the three months ended July 31, 2012 was \$43,717,000 versus net earnings of \$9,358,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2011. Although we have substantial recurring revenue sources from our properties, we also enter into significant transactions, which create substantial variances in net earnings (loss) between periods. This variance to the prior year period is primarily attributable to the following decreases, which are net of noncontrolling interest:

\$51,852,000 related to the net loss on land held for divestiture activities for fully consolidated land projects and land projects accounted for under the equity method of accounting;

\$29,899,000 primarily related to the 2011 gain on disposition of Waterfront Station - East 4th & West 4th Buildings, office buildings in Washington, D.C.;

Table of Contents

\$7,818,000 of increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared to 2011;

\$5,329,000 related to the 2011 gain on early extinguishment of Urban Development Action Grant ("UDAG") loans on Avenue at Tower City, a specialty retail center in Cleveland, Ohio;

\$4,890,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets (see "The Nets" section of the MD&A); and

\$3,324,000 related to a 2012 increase in impairment charges of consolidated (including discontinued operations) and unconsolidated entities.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases, net of noncontrolling interest:

\$16,107,000 related to the 2012 gains on disposition of our unconsolidated investments in Village at Gulfstream Park and Chagrin Plaza I & II, office buildings in Beachwood, Ohio;

\$10,800,000 related to the 2011 loss on early extinguishment of debt on the exchange of a portion of our 5.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016 ("2016 Senior Notes") for Class A common stock;

\$4,064,000 related to the net gain on change in control of interests related to the acquisition of our partners' interests in certain equity method investments during the three months ended July 31, 2012. The gain represents the adjustment to fair value of all of the assets and liabilities of the entities including the noncontrolling interests of the remaining partner;

\$3,336,000 related to the change in fair market value of certain derivatives between the comparable periods, which was marked to market through interest expense as a result of the derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting; and \$16,383,000 due to decreased income tax expense attributable to both continuing and discontinued operations primarily related to the fluctuations in earnings before income taxes and pre-tax earnings, including gains in discontinued operations. These fluctuations are primarily related to the various transactions discussed herein.

Net loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the six months ended July 31, 2012 was \$20,965,000 versus net earnings of \$55,701,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2011. This variance to the prior year period is primarily attributable to the following decreases, which are net of noncontrolling interest:

\$51,852,000 related to the net loss on land held for divestiture activities for fully consolidated land projects and land projects accounted for under the equity method of accounting;

\$42,622,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$32,023,000 related to the 2011 gains on disposition of rental properties exceeding 2012 gains. The 2012 gain related to Quebec Square, a specialty retail center in Denver, Colorado, while the 2011 gains related to Waterfront Station - East 4th & West 4th Buildings and Charleston Marriott, a hotel in Charleston, West Virginia;

\$11,544,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets;

\$9,561,000 due to the 2011 gain on disposition of partial interests in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area, related to the formation of new joint venture agreements with an outside partner;

\$8,108,000 of increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared to 2011;

\$6,631,000 related to a decrease in income recognized on the sale of state and federal Historic Preservation Tax Credits and New Market Tax Credits in 2012 compared to 2011; and

\$5,329,000 related to the 2011 gain on early extinguishment of UDAG loans on Avenue at Tower City.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases, net of noncontrolling interest:

\$36,484,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$10,800,000 related to the 2011 loss on early extinguishment of debt on the exchange of a portion of our 2016 Senior Notes for Class A common stock;

\$7,014,000 related to the change in fair market value of certain derivatives between the comparable periods, which was marked to market through interest expense as a result of the derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting; \$4,064,000 related to the net gain on change in control of interests related to the acquisition of our partners' interests in certain equity method investments during the three months ended July 31, 2012. The gain represents the adjustment

to fair value of all of the assets and liabilities of the entities including the noncontrolling interests of the remaining partner;

Table of Contents

\$3,540,000 related to the 2012 gains on disposition of our unconsolidated investments exceeding 2011. The 2012 gains related to Village at Gulfstream Park and Chagrin Plaza I & II, while the 2011 gains related to Metropolitan Lofts and Twin Lake Towers, apartment communities in Los Angeles, California and Denver, Colorado, respectively; and

\$25,528,000 due to decreased income tax expense attributable to both continuing and discontinued operations primarily related to the fluctuations in earnings before income taxes and pre-tax earnings, including gains in discontinued operations. These fluctuations are primarily related to the various transactions discussed herein.

Table of Contents

Net Operating Income

Net Operating Income ("NOI") is defined by us as revenues (excluding straight-line rent adjustments) less operating expenses (including depreciation and amortization and amortization of mortgage procurement costs for non-real estate groups) plus interest income plus equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities (excluding gain on disposition and impairment of unconsolidated entities) plus interest expense, gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt, depreciation and amortization of unconsolidated entities. We believe NOI provides us, as well as our investors, additional information about our core business operations and, along with earnings, is necessary to understand our business and operating results. A reconciliation between NOI and Net Earnings (Loss), the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), is presented below. Although NOI is not presented in accordance with GAAP, investors can use this non-GAAP measure as supplementary information to evaluate our business. NOI is not intended to be a performance measure that should be regarded as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, our GAAP measures.

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (non-GAAP) to Net Earnings (Loss) (GAAP) (in thousands):

	Six Months 2012	ded July 31,		Six Months E 2011	Ended July 31	,	
Revenues from real estate operations			\$557,162			\$548,043	
Exclude straight-line rent adjustment			(10,162)		(1,481)
Adjusted revenues			547,000			546,562	
Add interest and other income			24,357			30,822	
Add equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities, including impairment	\$(21,839)			\$22,379		
Exclude net loss on land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities	41,887				_		
Exclude gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities	(16,107)			(12,567)	
Exclude impairment of unconsolidated real estate	390				_		
Exclude depreciation and amortization of unconsolidated entities	^d 40,497				31,052		
Exclude interest expense of unconsolidated entities	50,298				48,290		
Exclude loss on early extinguishment of debt of unconsolidated entities	1,313				2,355		
Total NOI from unconsolidated entities	\$96,439		96,439		\$91,509	91,509	
Total adjusted revenues and NOI from unconsolidated	4,0,.0,		•		φ > 1,0 0 >		
entities			667,796			668,893	
Operating expenses			339,838			313,113	
Add back non-Real Estate depreciation and amortization	1		1,196			1,388	
Exclude straight-line rent adjustment			(1,555)		(2,306)
Exclude preference payment						(1,171)
Adjusted operating expenses			339,479			311,024	
Net operating income			328,317			357,869	
Interest expense			(120,969)		(128,900)
Loss on early extinguishment of debt			(719)		(5,767)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity			(6,458)			
Total NOI of unconsolidated entities			(96,439)		(91,509)
Net gain on disposition of rental properties and partial						9,561	
interests in rental properties							
Impairment of consolidated real estate			(4,289)		(5,070)
Depreciation and amortization—Real Estate Groups			(105,664)		(107,693)

Amortization of mortgage procurement costs—Real Estate	(6.517	`	(5.590	`
Groups	(6,547)	(5,589)
Straight-line rent adjustment	8,607		(825)
Preference payment	_		(1,171)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(4,161)	20,906	
Income tax expense	(501)	(11,841)
Net gain on change in control of interests	6,766		_	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities, including impairment	20,048		22,379	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	(41,887)	_	
	(21,839)	22,379	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(19,735)	31,444	
Discontinued operations, net of tax	5,624		107,610	
Net earnings (loss)	(14,111)	139,054	
Noncontrolling interests				
(Earnings) loss from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(5,884)	400	
Earnings from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(970)	(83,753)
Noncontrolling interests	(6,854)	(83,353)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City	\$ (20,065	`	¢55 701	
Enterprises, Inc.	\$(20,965)	\$55,701	
Preferred dividends	(7,700)	(7,700)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$(28,665)	\$48,001	

Table of Contents

Net Operating Income by Product Type Full Consolidation (dollars in thousands)

i un consonaution (uo	mais in mousumus)						
Six Months Ended July	y 31, 2012			Six Months End	ded July 31, 2011		
NOI	by Product Type	\$364,816			NOI by Product Type	\$345,290	
Casin	no Land Sale	36,484			Casino Land Sale	42,622	
The 1	Nets	(15,230)		The Nets	(3,686)
Corp	orate Activities	(26,863)		Corporate Activities	(25,035)
Othe	$\mathbf{r}^{(2)}$	(30,890)		Other (2)	(1,322)
Gran	d Total NOI	\$328,317			Grand Total NOI	\$357,869	

⁽¹⁾ Includes limited-distribution subsidized senior housing.

⁽²⁾ Includes write-offs of abandoned development projects, non-capitalizable development costs, non-capitalizable marketing/promotional costs associated with Barclays Center and unallocated management and service company overhead, net of tax credit income.

Table of Contents

EBDT and FFO

We believe that Earnings Before Depreciation, Amortization and Deferred Taxes ("EBDT"), along with net earnings, provides additional information about our core operations. While property dispositions, acquisitions or other factors can affect net earnings in the short-term, we believe EBDT presents a more consistent view of the overall financial performance of our business from period-to-period. EBDT has been used by the chief operating decision maker and management to assess performance and resource allocations by strategic business unit and on a consolidated basis. EBDT is similar, but not identical, to FFO (as defined below), a measure of performance used by publicly traded Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs").

EBDT is defined as net earnings excluding the following items at our proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) the adjustment to recognize rental revenues and rental expense using the straight-line method; iii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation, amortization, and amortization of mortgage procurement costs; iv) deferred income taxes; v) preferred payment which is classified as noncontrolling interest expense on our Consolidated Statement of Operations; vi) impairment of real estate (net of tax); vii) extraordinary items (net of tax); viii) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax); and ix) revisions of prior period financial statements.

The majority of our peers in the publically traded real estate industry are REITs and report operations using Funds From Operations ("FFO") as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). Although we are not a REIT, we feel it is important to publish this measure to allow for easier comparison of our performance to our peers. The major difference between us and our REIT peers is that we are a taxable entity and any taxable income we generate could result in payment of federal or state income taxes. Our REIT peers typically are not subject to federal or state income taxes, but must pay out a portion of their taxable income to shareholders. Due to our effective tax management policies, we have not historically been a significant payer of income taxes. This has allowed us to retain our internally generated cash flows but has also resulted in large expenses for deferred taxes as required by GAAP. The treatment of deferred taxes is the single biggest difference between EBDT and FFO. We intend to continue to report both EBDT and FFO during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013. Effective February 1, 2013, we will only report FFO to be more comparable to our industry peers.

FFO is defined by NAREIT as net earnings excluding the following items at our proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation and amortization; iii) impairment of depreciable real estate (net of tax); iv) extraordinary items (net of tax); and v) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax).

Table of Contents

EBDT and FFO (continued)

The table below illustrates the differences between FFO and our historical reporting of EBDT and reconciles these non-GAAP measures to net earnings (loss), the most comparable GAAP measure.

	Three Mo	onths ly 31, 2012	Three M Ended J 2011		Six Mont July 31, 2	hs Ended 2012	Six Mon July 31,	ths Ended 2011	
	FFO (in thousa	EBDT ands)	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. Depreciation and	*144 / 1 /)\$(43,717)	\$9,358	\$9,358	\$(20,965)\$(20,965)	\$55,701	\$55,701	
Amortization—Real Estate Groups ⁽¹⁾	72,493	72,493	68,929	68,929	142,910	142,910	137,758	137,758	
Impairment of depreciable rental properties Gain on disposition of rental	3,559	3,559	235	235	4,940	4,940	3,670	3,670	
properties and partial interests in rental properties	(16,107)(16,107)	(29,899)(29,899)	(24,021)(24,021	(62,065)(62,065)
Income tax expense (benefit) adjustments — current and deferred ⁽²⁾									
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in rental properties	6,229	6,229	11,597	11,597	9,281	9,281	24,064	24,064	
Impairment of depreciable rental properties	(1,380)(1,380)	(91)(91)	(1,916)(1,916	(1,423)(1,423)
Straight-line rent adjustments		(3,775)	_	2,497	_	(8,610) —	273	
Net gain on change in control of interests	_	(4,064)	_	_	_	(4,064) —	_	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity	_	51,852	_	_	_	51,852	_	_	
Impairment of Land Group projects	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,400	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs—Real Estat Groups	e—	4,353	_	3,415	_	7,976	_	7,047	
Preference payment		_		586	_	_	_	1,171	
Allowance for projects under			_	(2,000)	_		_	_	
development revision				(2,000)					
Income tax expense (benefit) adjustments — current and deferred ⁽²⁾									
Deferred income tax expense on operating earnings	_	5,710	_	6,079	_	20,202	_	31,029	
Impairment of Land Group	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(543)
projects	_	(20,118)	_	_	_	(20,118) —	_	

Net loss on land held for divestiture activity Net gain on change in control of interests		1,576	_	_	_	1,576	_	_
	\$21,077	\$56,611	\$60,129	\$70,706	\$110,229	\$159,043	\$157,705	\$198,082
	Three M Ended Ju 2012		Three M Ended Ju 2011		Six Montl July 31, 2		Six Month July 31, 2	
	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT
FFO/EBDT Per Share Data—Diluted Numerator (in thousands): FFO/EBDT	\$21,077	\$ 56,611	\$60,129	\$ 70,706	\$110,229	\$ 159,043	\$157,705	\$ 198,082
If-Converted Method (adjustments for interest, net of tax):								
3.625% Puttable Senior Notes due 2014	1,110	1,110	1,110	1,110	2,219	2,219	2,219	2,219
5.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016	382	382	413	413	765	765	1,102	1,102
4.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018	3 2,277	2,277	329	329	4,554	4,554	329	329
FFO/EBDT for per share data Denominator:	\$24,846	\$ 60,380	\$61,981	\$ 72,558	\$117,767	\$ 166,581	\$161,355	\$ 201,732
Weighted average shares outstanding—Basic	169,454	, d762 ,454,67	7168,788,	71568 ,788,75	5469,331,9	9 6 9,331,99	6167,171,0	9367,171,093
Effect of stock options and restricted stock	739,767	739,767	1,019,21	0,019,210	838,520	838,520	1,036,656	1,036,656
Effect of convertible preferred stock	14,550,2	2574,550,257	14,550,2	.57 ,550,257	7 14,550,25	714,550,257	14,550,25	714,550,257
Effect of convertible debt	33,499,5	6 03 ,499,503	3 19,912,9	829,912,982	233,499,50	33,499,503	20,066,50	00,066,506
Effect of convertible Class A Common Units	3,646,75	53,646,755	3,646,75	5,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755
Weighted average shares outstanding—Diluted	221,890	, 9224 ,890,95	5 4 07,917,	,930 7,917,95	5 & 21,867,0	22 1,867,03	1206,471,2	2006,471,267
FFO/EBDT Per Share	\$0.11	\$ 0.27	\$0.30	\$ 0.35	\$0.53	\$ 0.75	\$0.78	\$ 0.98
35								

Table of Contents

EBDT and FFO (continued)

(1) The following table provides detail of depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and Amortization Three Months Ended July Six Months Ended July 31, 31, 2012 2012 2011 2011 (in thousands) **Full Consolidation** \$54,231 \$53,434 \$106,860 \$109,081 Non-Real Estate (1,388)(576))(686) (1,196) 52,748 105,664 107,693 Real Estate Groups Full Consolidation 53,655 Real Estate Groups related to noncontrolling interest) (1,996 (1.039)(1.150))(2,788)) Real Estate Groups Unconsolidated 16,010 38,847 29,700 19,686 Real Estate Groups Discontinued Operations 395 3,153 191 1,321 Real Estate Groups Pro-Rata Consolidation \$72,493 \$68,929 \$142,910 \$137,758 (2) The following table provides detail of Income Tax Expense (Benefit): Three Months Ended July Six Months Ended July 31. 31, 2012 2012 2011 2011 (in thousands) Current taxes Operating earnings \$(6,426)\$(11,003) \$(10,224)\$(23,709 Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in (21,081))8,865 (16,216))39,169 rental properties Net loss on land held for divestiture activity 1,668 1,668 Subtotal (25,839))(2,138)) (24,772) 15,460 Discontinued operations Operating earnings 5,019 411 4,912) (177)Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in 680 2,792 1,591 rental properties Subtotal 5.592 5,019 2,002 2.615 **Total Current taxes** (20,820)(136)) (19,180) 18,075 Deferred taxes 10,976 Operating earnings 5,775 25,310 30,341 Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in 27,310 (9,445)(31,994) 21,988) rental properties Impairment of depreciable rental properties (1,279))(91)) (1,815 (1,423)Impairment of Land Group projects (543) Net loss on land held for divestiture activity (21,786)— (21,786))— Net gain on change in control of interests 1,576 1,576 Subtotal 16,797 (3,761)) 25,273 (3,619)Discontinued operations Operating earnings (5,266))304 (5,108))688 Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in 10,586 2,829 14,097 rental properties Impairment of real estate (101)(101)Subtotal (5.367)) 10,890 (2,380)) 14,785 Total Deferred taxes 11,430 7,129 22,893 11,166

Grand Total \$(9,390)\$6,993 \$3,713 \$29,241

Table of Contents

Summary of Segment Operating Results – The following tables present a summary of revenues from real estate operations, operating expenses, interest expense, and equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities by segment. See discussion of these amounts by segment in the narratives following the tables.

see discussion of these unfounts by segment in the		nths Ended		Six Months Ended July 31,				
	2012 2011 Variance				2012	2011	Variance	
	(in thousa	nds)						
Revenues from Real Estate Operations								
Commercial Group	\$182,139	\$178,622	\$3,517		\$361,188	\$374,813	\$(13,625)
Commercial Group Land Sales	49	1,400	(1,351)	40,049	47,652	(7,603)
Residential Group	66,701	56,822	9,879		131,285	109,626	21,659	
Land Development Group	12,484	7,862	4,622		24,640	15,952	8,688	
The Nets	_	_	_		_			
Corporate Activities		_	_		_	_	_	
Total Revenues from Real Estate Operations	\$261,373	\$244,706	\$16,667		\$557,162	\$548,043	\$9,119	
Operating Expenses								
Commercial Group	\$105,446	\$92,625	\$12,821		\$199,384	\$190,114	\$9,270	
Cost of Commercial Group Land Sales	50	634	(584)	3,566	3,155	411	
Residential Group	42,902	39,506	3,396		87,586	76,001	11,585	
Land Development Group	11,271	10,193	1,078		22,948	19,418	3,530	
The Nets	_	_	_		_			
Corporate Activities	13,623	9,798	3,825		26,354	24,425	1,929	
Total Operating Expenses	\$173,292	\$152,756	\$20,536		\$339,838	\$313,113	\$26,725	
Interest Expense								
Commercial Group	\$40,968	\$40,607	\$361		\$79,732	\$85,772	\$(6,040	-
Residential Group	5,040	8,823	(3,783)	9,174	14,820)
Land Development Group	2,475	776	1,699		4,226	1,600	2,626	
The Nets								
Corporate Activities	14,242	12,789	1,453		27,837	26,708	1,129	
Total Interest Expense	\$62,725	\$62,995	\$(270)	\$120,969	\$128,900	\$(7,931)
Equity in Earnings (Loss) of Unconsolidated								
Entities								
Commercial Group	\$6,073	\$3,845	\$2,228		\$12,471	\$6,767	\$5,704	
Gain on disposition of Commercial Group unconsolidated entities	16,107		16,107		16,107		16,107	
Residential Group	80	1,614	(1,534)	4,250	6,079	(1,829)
Gain on disposition of Residential Group	00	1,011	(1,551	,	1,230		•	ĺ
unconsolidated entities	_	_	_		_	12,567	(12,567)
Land Development Group	2,677	308	2,369		2,840	652	2,188	
The Nets	*		(4,890)	*)(11,544)
Corporate Activities			_					,
Total Equity in Earnings (Loss) of	¢16.665	0.20 5	¢ 1 4 2 00		#20 420	¢00.070	¢ (1 O 4 1	,
Unconsolidated Entities	\$16,665	\$2,385	\$14,280		\$20,438	\$22,379	\$(1,941)
~								

Commercial Group

Revenues from real estate operations—Revenues from real estate operations for the Commercial Group, including the group's land sales, increased by \$2,166,000, or 1.2%, for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases:

•

\$5,140,000 related to the phased opening of Westchester's Ridge Hill, a specialty retail center in Yonkers, New York; and

\$1,903,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Two MetroTech Center, an office building in Brooklyn, New York, Johns Hopkins - 855 North Wolfe Street, an office building in East Baltimore, Maryland, and Promenade Bolingbrook, a regional mall in Bolingbrook, Illinois.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$3,939,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest in Atlanta, Georgia.

Table of Contents

Revenues from real estate operations for the Commercial Group, including the group's land sales, decreased by \$21,228,000, or 5.0%, for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following decreases:

\$45,000,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$17,508,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in March 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area;

\$7,914,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method for 8 Spruce Street, an apartment community in Manhattan, New York, in 2011 due to recapitalization transactions. The revenue for 2011 prior to the conversion to equity method of accounting on July 1, 2011 relates to amounts earned on a construction contract with the New York City School Construction Authority for the construction of a school on the lower floors at 8 Spruce Street. This represents a reimbursement of costs that is included in operating expenses;

\$7,853,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest; and

\$2,603,000 related to decreases in commercial outlot land sales primarily at Northfield at Stapleton in Denver, Colorado and White Oak Village in Richmond, Virginia.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases:

\$40,000,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$8,285,000 related to the phased opening of Westchester's Ridge Hill;

\$4,213,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Two MetroTech Center and Johns Hopkins – 855 North Wolfe Street; and

\$2,962,000 related to increased revenues on a lease of 303,000 square feet of space in the Higbee Building in Cleveland, Ohio for a new casino.

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses increased by \$12,237,000, or 13.1%, for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$7,734,000 related to increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared to 2011;

\$3,333,000 primarily related to increased marketing costs related to the Barclays Center arena in Brooklyn, New York; and

\$3,097,000 related to the phased opening of Westchester's Ridge Hill.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$1,502,000 related to change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest.

Operating expenses increased by \$9,681,000, or 5.0%, for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$8,050,000 related to increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared to 2011;

\$7,025,000 related to the phased opening of Westchester's Ridge Hill;

\$5,458,000 primarily related to increased marketing costs related to the Barclays Center arena; and

\$3,516,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio.

These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

\$7,914,000 related to the change from full consolidation of accounting to equity method for 8 Spruce Street in 2011. The operating expenses for 2011 prior to the conversion to equity method of accounting on July 1, 2011 relate to the construction of a school at 8 Spruce Street. These costs are reimbursed by the New York City School Construction Authority which are included in revenues from real estate operations;

Table of Contents

\$5,980,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in March 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area;

\$2,893,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest; and

\$2,378,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio.

Interest expense for the Commercial Group increased by \$361,000, or 0.9%, for the three months ended July 31, 2012 and decreased by \$6,040,000, or 7.0%, for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The decrease for the six months ended July 31, 2012 is primarily attributable to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in March 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area.

Comparable occupancy for the Commercial Group is 91.6% and 91.4% for retail and office, respectively, as of July 31, 2012 compared to 91.2% and 91.1%, respectively, as of July 31, 2011. Retail and office occupancy as of July 31, 2012 and 2011 is based on square feet leased at the end of the fiscal quarter. Comparable occupancy relates to properties opened and operated in both the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011.

As of July 31, 2012, the average base rent per square feet expiring for retail and office leases is \$27.94 and \$31.30, respectively, compared to \$27.54 and \$30.92, respectively, as of July 31, 2011. Square feet of expiring leases and average base rent per square feet are operating statistics that represent 100% of the square footage and base rental income per square foot from expiring leases.

We continuously monitor retail and office leases expiring in the short to mid-term. Management's plan to obtain lease renewals for expiring retail and office leases includes signing of lease extensions, if available, and active marketing for available or soon to be available space to new or existing tenants in the normal course of business.

Retail Centers

The following tables represent those new leases and gross leasable area ("GLA") signed on the same space in which there was a former tenant and existing tenant renewals.

Regional Malls

Quarter	Number of Leases Signed	GLA Signed	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2)	Prior Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2)	Cash Basis % Change over Prior Rent	
3rd Quarter 2011	48	162,170	\$49.53	\$45.43	9.0	%
4th Quarter 2011	59	149,030	\$ 60.95	\$ 55.35	10.1	%
1st Quarter 2012	38	88,993	\$ 58.67	\$53.37	9.9	%
2nd Quarter 2012	28	81,774	\$ 53.36	\$48.96	9.0	%
Total	173	481,967	\$ 55.37	\$ 50.56	9.5	%
Specialty Retail Centers						
1 2						
Quarter	Number of Leases Signed	GLA Signed	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2)	Prior Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2)	Cash Basis % Change over Prior Rent	
	of Leases		Rent Per		Change over	%
Quarter	of Leases Signed	Signed	Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2)	Square Foot (1)(2)	Change over Prior Rent	% %
Quarter 3rd Quarter 2011	of Leases Signed 10	Signed 34,385	Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2) \$62.29	Square Foot (1)(2) \$56.11	Change over Prior Rent 11.0	, -
Quarter 3rd Quarter 2011 4th Quarter 2011	of Leases Signed 10	Signed 34,385 83,671	Rent Per Square Foot (1)(2) \$62.29 \$31.12	Square Foot (1)(2) \$ 56.11 \$ 27.86	Change over Prior Rent 11.0 11.7	%

Table of Contents

Office Buildings

The following table represents all new leases compared to terms of all expired leases in our office portfolio over the past 12 months.

Office Buildings

	Number	Number	GLA	GLA	Contractual	Expiring	Cash Basis	%
Quarter	of Leases	of Leases		Expired	Rent Per	Rent Per	Change over	er
	Signed E	Expired	pired Signed		Square Foot (2)	Square Foot (2)	Prior Rent	
3rd Quarter 2011	33	27	178,838	178,598	\$ 26.20	\$29.22	(10.3)%
4th Quarter 2011	46	33	703,488	683,121	\$ 30.13	\$ 27.86	8.1	%
1st Quarter 2012	38	28	340,382	239,112	\$ 27.40	\$ 28.01	(2.2)%
2nd Quarter 2012	28	20	132,835	96,046	\$ 20.13	\$ 18.66	7.9	%
Total	145	108	1,355,543	1,196,877	\$ 27.95	\$ 27.36	2.2	%
Office Buildings by l	Product in C	ore and Non	-Core Market	·c				

Office Buildings by Product in Core and Non-Core Markets

	Number of Leases Signed	Number of Leases Expired	GLA Signed	GLA Expired	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot	Expiring Rent Per Square Foot (2)	Cash Basis Change ov Prior Rent	er
Products:								
Life Science Office	22	14	278,037	267,384	\$47.64	\$46.00	3.6	%
Other Office	61	47	381,798	277,009	\$27.40	\$27.51	(0.4)%
Total Office in Core Markets	83	61	659,835	544,393	\$35.93	\$36.59	(1.8)%
Office in Non-Core Markets	62	47	695,708	652,484	\$20.37	\$19.66	3.6	%
Total	145	108	1,355,543	1,196,877	\$27.95	\$27.36	2.2	%

⁽¹⁾ Retail contractual rent per square foot includes base rent and fixed additional charges for marketing/promotional charges and common area maintenance.

For all new leases, contractual rent per square foot is the new base rent as of rental commencement. For all (2) expiring leases, contractual rent per square foot is the base rent at the time of expiration, plus any applicable escalations.

Comparable NOI is an operating statistic defined as NOI from properties opened and operated in all periods presented net of noncontrolling interests. Comparable NOI is useful because it measures the performance of the same properties on a period-to-period basis and is used to assess operating performance and resource allocation of the operating properties within our strategic business units. While property dispositions, acquisitions or other factors can impact net earnings in the short term, we believe comparable NOI gives a more consistent view of the overall performance of our operating portfolio from quarter-to-quarter and year-to-year. The percentage change of comparable NOI over the same period in the prior year is as follows:

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months Ended Jul		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Retail	1.3%	1.6%	1.9%	2.2%	
Office	5.4%	3.1%	4.7%	0.2%	

Residential Group

Revenues from real estate operations—Included in revenues from real estate operations is fee income related to the development and construction management related to our military housing projects. Military housing fee income and related operating expenses may vary significantly from period to period based on the timing of development and construction activity at each applicable project. Revenues from real estate operations for the Residential Group increased by \$9,879,000, or 17.4%, during the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the

prior year. The variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$4,756,000 related to third party management fees and other income;

\$1,931,000 related to military housing fee income from the management and development of units in our military housing portfolio;

\$1,797,000 related to increased occupancy at Presidio Landmark, an apartment community in San Francisco,

California, and Forest Trace, a supported-living apartment community in Lauderhill, Florida; and

\$1,184,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$2,347,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street, apartment communities in Brooklyn, New York and Manhattan, New York, respectively, as a result of the recapitalization of these entities in July 2011.

Table of Contents

Revenues from real estate operations for the Residential Group increased by \$21,659,000, or 19.8%, during the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

- \$9,539,000 related to military housing fee income from the management and development of units in our military housing portfolio;
- \$7,365,000 related to third party management fees and other income;
- \$3,585,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Presidio Landmark and Forest Trace; and
- \$1,819,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$4,705,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street.

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses for the Residential Group increased by \$3,396,000, or 8.6%, during the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increase:

\$3,437,000 related to expenditures associated with third party management and consulting fee arrangements. This increase was partially offset by the following decrease:

\$2,220,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street.

Operating expenses for the Residential Group increased by \$11,585,000, or 15.2%, during the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

- \$5,832,000 related to expenditures associated with third party management and consulting fee arrangements;
- \$5,064,000 related to management expenditures associated with military housing fee revenues; and
- \$1,157,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$4,790,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street.

Interest expense for the Residential Group decreased by \$3,783,000, or 42.9%, during the three months ended July 31, 2012 and by \$5,646,000, or 38.1%, during the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The decreases are primarily a result of mark-to-market adjustments on non-designated interest rate swaps. The following table presents the increases (decreases) in revenues and operating expenses for newly-opened properties for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year:

				Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months	s Ended
				July 31, 20	12 vs. 2011	July 31, 20	12 vs. 2011
				Revenues		Revenues	
Newly-Opened Properties	Location	Quarter-Year	Units	from Real	Operating	from Real	Operating
Newly-Opened Froperties	Location	Opened	Omis	Estate	Expenses	Estate	Expenses
				Operations		Operations	
				(in thousan	ids)		
Aster Town Center	Denver,	Q1-2012/Q2-2012	285	\$63	\$55	\$64	\$110
rister fown center	Colorado	Q1 2012/Q2 201	203	ΨΟΟ	Ψυυ	ΨΟΙ	Ψ110
Foundry Lofts	Washington,	O4-2011	170	1,121	339	1,755	1,047
•	D.C.	Q. 2011 170		•		,	•
Total				\$1,184	\$394	\$1,819	\$1,157

Comparable average occupancy for the Residential Group is 94.8% and 94.5% for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Average residential occupancy for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 is calculated by dividing gross potential rent less vacancy by gross potential rent. Gross potential rent ("GPR") is calculated based on

actual rents per lease agreements for occupied apartment units and at market rents for vacant apartment units. Market rental rates are determined using a variety of factors which include availability of specific apartment unit types (one bedroom, two bedroom, etc.), seasonality factors and rents offered by competitive properties for similar apartment types in the same geographic market. Comparable average occupancy relates to properties opened and operated in both the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011.

Table of Contents

The percentage	change of o	comparable NOI	over the same	neriod in the	prior vear is as f	follows:
				0	p	

Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31,											
	2012 2011			2012 2011			,				
Danidantial	10.3%		3.1%					4.3			
Residential				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		0.3%				. 1	i
The following tables present lea	asıng ınformatı		•		ies i			•	-	resented	•
Quarterly Comparison		•	verage Res	idential		_		esidential			
Commence of the contraction		Rental Rat				Occupai	•				
	Leasable		nths Ended			-	-to-	Date July	/		
	Units at	July 31,				31,					
Comparable Apartment Communities (1)	Pro-Rata %(3)	2012	2011	% Chang	ge	2012		2011		% Cha	nge
Core Markets	8,009	\$1,563	\$1,481	5.5	%	95.2	%	94.4	%	0.8	%
Non-Core Markets	9,103	\$869	\$839	3.6	%	94.0	%	94.3	%	(0.3))%
Total Comparable Apartments	17,112	\$1,194	\$1,139	4.8	%	94.7	%	94.4	%	0.3	%
Y . D . C .		Monthly A	verage Res	idential		Average	e Re	esidential			
Year-to-Date Comparison		Rental Rat	_			Occupar					
	Leasable	Six Month	s Ended			•	•		_		
	Units at	July 31,				Year-to-	-Da	te July 3	l,		
Comparable Apartment	D D ~ (2)	•	2011	~ ~		2012		2011		~ ~	
Communities (1)	Pro-Rata % ⁽³⁾	2012	2011	% Chang	ge	2012		2011		% Chai	nge
Core Markets	8,009	\$1,551	\$1,469	5.6	%	95.4	%	94.7	%	0.7	%
Non-Core Markets	9,103	\$865	\$833	3.8	%	93.7	%	94.3	%	(0.6))%
Total Comparable Apartments	17,112	\$1,186	\$1,131	4.9	%	94.8	%	94.5	%	0.3	%
• •		Monthly A	verage Res	idential		Average	e Re	esidential			
Sequential Quarter Comparison	l	Rental Rat	_			Occupan					
	Leasable Units at	Three Mor	nths Ended			Quarter-	•				
Comparable Apartment		July 31	April 30,			July 31,		April 30)		
Communities (1)	Pro-Rata %(3)	2012	2012 ⁽⁴⁾	% Chang	ge	2012		2012 ⁽⁴⁾		% Cha	nge
Core Markets	8,170	\$1,597	\$1,568	1.8	0%	95.2	0%	95.3		(0.1)%
Non-Core Markets	9,425	\$963	\$959	0.4		93.8		93.0		0.8	%
Total Comparable Apartments	*	\$1,257	\$1,242	1.2		94.6		94.4		0.8	%
			•								
Includes apartment commun	_		_	_		_					-

and limited-distribution subsidized senior housing units. These apartment communities include units leased at

- (2) Represents GPR less concessions.
- Leasable units at pro-rata represent our share of total leasable units at the apartment (3) community.
- (4) These amounts may differ from data as reported in previous quarter because the properties that qualify as comparable change from period to period.

Land Development Group

On January 31, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of our Land Development Group as a part of a greater focus on core rental products in core markets. The Land Development Group buys and sells raw land, develops subdivisions and sells lots to homebuilders. The economic downturn, particularly in the housing market, has led to increased volatility in the land projects, making

⁽¹⁾ affordable apartment rates which provide a discount from average market rental rates. For the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, 22.5% of leasable units in core markets and 1.7% of leasable units in non-core markets were deemed affordable housing.

it challenging to fit into our long-term strategic plan. We have active land projects in which we are currently reviewing our divestiture options. The primary regions with active land projects that we are actively seeking to divest include the southwestern United States, Texas, North Carolina, Ohio and Chicago, Illinois. These projects will continue to be reported in the Land Development Group through their disposition.

We will retain our land holdings and continue the development of our Stapleton project in Denver. Our Stapleton project represents one of the nations' largest urban redevelopments and is a true mixed-use project with substantial future entitlements, including apartments, retail and office space as well as single family neighborhoods, where we sell residential lots to builders. We control the future development opportunity at Stapleton through an option agreement that requires us to maintain an ownership position. This requirement together with the continued strong performance at Stapleton will allow us to maximize the potential of this project as a great example of a sustainable urban redevelopment focused on walkable neighborhoods, abundant amenities and open space.

Table of Contents

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, revenues and cost of sales related to land held for divestiture are being reported on a separate financial statement line. As a result, current period results for the Land Development Group represents the activity of our Stapleton project where as prior period results included the activity of our Stapleton project and various other land projects now classified as land held for divestiture. See Note I — Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information related to the activity of our land held for divestiture for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012. Revenues from real estate operations—Land sales and the related gross margins vary from period to period depending on the timing of sales and general market conditions. Revenues from real estate operations for the Land Development Group increased by \$4,622,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$8,280,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower

discussed above.

Revenues from real estate operations for the Land Development Group increased by \$8,688,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$10,807,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower land sales at various land development projects previously reported as Land Development Group revenues as discussed above.

land sales at various land development projects previously reported as Land Development Group revenues as

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses for the Land Development Group increased by \$1,078,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$3,661,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower cost of sales at various land development projects previously included as Land Development Group operating expenses in the comparable period as discussed above.

Operating expenses for the Land Development Group increased by \$3,530,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$5,502,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower cost of sales at various land development projects previously included as Land Development Group operating expenses in the comparable period as discussed above.

Interest expense for the Land Development Group increased by \$1,699,000 during the three months ended July 31, 2012 and \$2,626,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same periods in the prior year. Interest expense varies from year to year depending on the level of interest-bearing debt within the Land Development Group and interest rates.

Net Loss on Land Held for Divestiture Activity

The following table summarizes the net loss on land held for divestiture activities of consolidated entities:

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Six Months Ended July 31,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	(in thousands	s)			
Sales of land held for divestiture	\$34,510	\$—	\$34,510	\$	
Cost of sales of land held for divestiture	(25,172)		(25,172)		
Net gain on sales of land held for divestiture	9,338		9,338		
Impairment of land held for divestiture	(15,796)		(15,796)		
Net loss on land held for divestiture activities	\$(6,458)	\$ —	\$(6,458)	\$ —	

See Note I — Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Net Loss on Land Held for Divestiture Activity of Unconsolidated Entities

The following table summarizes the net loss on investments in unconsolidated entities which are part of the land divestiture strategy:

Three Months Ended July 31, 31.

	2012 (in thousan	2011 ds)	2012	2011
Net loss on sales of land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities	\$(1,481) \$—	\$(1,481) \$—
Impairment of investments in unconsolidated entities	(40,406) —	(40,406) —
Net loss on land held for divestiture activities of unconsolidated entities	\$(41,887) \$—	\$(41,887) \$—

See Note I — Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Table of Contents

The Nets

Our ownership of The Nets is through Nets Sports and Entertainment LLC ("NS&E"). NS&E also owns Brooklyn Arena, LLC ("Arena"), an entity that through its subsidiaries is overseeing the construction of and has a long-term lease in the Barclays Center arena, the future home of The Nets. NS&E consolidates Arena and accounts for its investment in The Nets on the equity method of accounting. As a result of consolidating NS&E, we record the entire net loss of The Nets allocated to NS&E in equity in loss of unconsolidated entities and allocate, based on an analysis of each respective members' claims on the net book equity assuming a liquidation at book value, NS&E's noncontrolling partners' share of its losses, if any, through noncontrolling interests in our Statement of Operations. The amount of equity in loss, net of noncontrolling interests, was \$8,272,000 and \$15,230,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, representing an increase in our allocated losses of \$4,890,000 and \$11,544,000 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The increase in losses allocated to us is due to the waterfall impacts of the funding commitments among our partners as discussed below.

On May 12, 2010, entities controlled by Mikhail Prokhorov ("MP Entities") invested \$223,000,000 and made certain funding commitments ("Funding Commitments") to acquire 80% of The Nets, 45% of Arena and the right to purchase up to 20% of Atlantic Yards Development Company, LLC, which will develop non-arena real estate. In accordance with the Funding Commitments, the MP Entities agreed to fund The Nets operating needs up to \$60,000,000. The MP Entities met the \$60,000,000 funding commitment during the three months ended July 31, 2011. As a result, NS&E is required to fund 100% of the operating needs, as defined, until the Barclays Center arena is complete and open, which is scheduled to be September 28, 2012. Thereafter, members' capital contributions will be made in accordance with the operating agreements. During the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, NS&E funded \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 of The Nets operating requirements.

Corporate Activities

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses increased by \$3,825,000 and \$1,929,000, respectively, for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The increase of \$3,825,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 was attributable to increased payroll and related benefits including stock-based compensation and severance expenses offset by decreased professional fees associated with strategic planning and process improvement initiatives. The increase of \$1,929,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 was attributable to increased payroll and related benefits including stock-based compensation, severance expenses and charitable contributions offset by decreased professional fees associated with strategic planning and process improvement initiatives.

Interest expense increased by \$1,453,000 and \$1,129,000, respectively, for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to same periods in the prior year. The increase was related to the \$350,000,000 of 4.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018 ("2018 Senior Notes") issued in July 2011 and the \$125,000,000 of 2034 Senior Notes issued in July 2012 offset by decreased interest expense as a result of decreased borrowings on the bank revolving credit facility and decreased interest expense on corporate interest rate swaps due to reduction in the strike rate of the active swaps compared to the prior period.

Other Activity

The following items are discussed on a consolidated basis.

Depreciation and Amortization

We recorded depreciation and amortization expense of \$54,231,000 and \$106,860,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, and \$53,434,000 and \$109,081,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2011, respectively, which is an increase of \$797,000, or 1.5%, and a decrease of \$2,221,000, or 2.0%, compared to the same period in the prior years.

Amortization of Mortgage Procurement Costs

For the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, we recorded amortization of mortgage procurement costs of \$3,682,000 and \$6,547,000, respectively. Amortization of mortgage procurement costs increased \$971,000 and \$958,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior years.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

For the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, we recorded \$0 and \$719,000, respectively, as loss on extinguishment of debt. The loss for 2012 relates to the extinguishment of nonrecourse mortgage debt at Atlantic Yards, a mixed-use development project in Brooklyn, New York. For the three and six months ended July 31, 2011, we recorded \$5,471,000 and \$5,767,000, respectively, as loss on extinguishment of debt. The amounts for 2011 primarily include a loss of \$10,800,000 on the exchange of a portion of the 2016 Senior Notes for Class A common stock offset by a gain of \$5,329,000 related to the early extinguishment of Urban Development Action Grant loans on Avenue at Tower City Center.

Table of Contents

Interest and Other Income

Interest and other income was \$13,678,000 and \$24,357,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2012, respectively, compared to \$15,315,000 and \$30,822,000 for the three and six months ended July 31, 2011, respectively. The decrease of \$1,637,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year is primarily due to a decrease of \$1,474,000 related to the income recognition on the sale of state and federal historic preservation and new market tax credits. The decrease of \$6,465,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year is primarily due to a decrease of \$6,631,000 related to the income recognition on the sale of state and federal historic preservation and new market tax credits.

Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties

See Note J — Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Entities

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities was \$16,665,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 compared to \$2,385,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2011, representing an increase of \$14,280,000. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

- -Commercial Group
- \$14,479,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Village at Gulfstream Park; and
- \$1,628,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Chagrin Plaza I & II.
- -Land Development Group
- \$2,970,000 related to deferred revenue recognition at Central Station, a mixed-use land development project in Chicago, Illinois.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

- -The Nets
- \$4,890,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities was \$20,438,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to \$22,379,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2011, representing a decrease of \$1,941,000. This variance is primarily attributable to the following decreases:

- -The Nets
- \$11,544,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets.
- -Residential Group
- \$9,964,000 related to the 2011 gain on disposition of our partnership interest in Metropolitan Lofts; and
- \$2,603,000 related to the 2011 gain on disposition of our partnership interest in Twin Lake Towers.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases:

- -Commercial Group
- \$14,479,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Village at Gulfstream Park; \$2,803,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area; and
- \$1,628,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Chagrin Plaza I & II.
- -Land Development Group
- \$2,970,000 related to deferred revenue recognition at Central Station.

Discontinued Operations

See Note M — Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Table of Contents

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

Multi-family rental properties continue to perform well despite the current weak and volatile economic conditions. However, these economic conditions continue to put downward pressure on occupancies, rent levels and property values of other types of commercial real estate. Access to bank credit and capital have improved modestly since 2010, with the larger banks and permanent lenders indicating an increased interest in originating new loans for real estate projects, particularly as existing loans in their portfolios get paid off. Underwriting standards remain conservative, with lenders favoring high quality existing operating assets in strong markets. Originations of new loans for commercial mortgage backed securities remain well below the levels in 2006 and 2007. While a limited number of banks have begun to originate construction loans for new apartment projects, construction loans for office or retail projects remain extremely difficult to obtain. We believe loans for commercial real estate projects will continue to be constrained for the foreseeable future.

Our principal sources of funds are cash provided by operations including land sales, our bank revolving credit facility, nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable, dispositions of operating properties or development projects through sales or equity joint ventures, proceeds from the issuance of senior notes, proceeds from the issuance of common or preferred equity and other financing arrangements. We have consistently disposed of properties in an effort to recycle capital and reposition our portfolio. Over the last ten years, we have generated cash proceeds from sales and/or disposition of partial interests in rental properties that averaged in excess of \$100,000,000 per year. Given the diversity of our portfolio by market and product type, we believe that the market for property dispositions at some level will continue to be available. The current market should allow us to continue our ongoing strategy to recycle capital and reposition the portfolio through property dispositions. Our principal uses of funds are the financing of our real estate operating and development projects, capital expenditures for our existing portfolio and principal and interest payments on our nonrecourse mortgage debt, notes payable, bank revolving credit facility, and on our senior notes and dividend payments on our Series A preferred stock.

Our primary capital strategy seeks to isolate the operating and financial risk at the property level to maximize returns and reduce risk on and of our equity capital. As such, substantially all of our operating and development properties are separately encumbered with nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable. We do not cross-collateralize our mortgage debt and notes payable outside of a single identifiable project. We operate as a C-corporation and retain substantially all of our internally generated cash flows. This cash flow, together with refinancing and property sale proceeds, has historically provided us with the necessary liquidity to take advantage of investment opportunities. The economic downturn and its impact on the lending and capital markets reduced our ability to finance development and acquisition opportunities and also increased the required rates of return to make new investment opportunities appealing. As a result of these market changes, we have cut back on entering into new development activities. Despite the decrease in development activities, we intend to complete all projects that are under construction. We continue to make progress on certain other pre-development projects primarily located in core markets. The cash that we believe is required to fund our equity in projects under construction and development plus any cash necessary to extend or pay down the remaining 2012 debt maturities is anticipated to exceed our cash from operations. As a result, we intend to extend maturing debt or repay it with net proceeds from property sales, equity joint ventures or future debt or equity financing.

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, we were successful in closing a transaction that addressed certain near term maturities of our debt. On July 3, 2012, we issued \$125,000,000 of additional 2034 Senior Notes in a public offering, net of a 4.84% discount. Proceeds of this offering, net of discounts and underwriters commissions, were \$116,792,000 which was immediately deposited into a cash escrow account. Net proceeds, along with an additional \$8,208,000 of cash on hand were deposited into the cash escrow account and used to redeem \$125,000,000 of our outstanding 2015 Senior Notes on August 20, 2012. The transaction effectively extended the maturity date of \$125,000,000 of recourse debt by 19 years while keeping the annual interest costs relatively flat.

We continue to explore various options to strengthen our balance sheet and enhance our liquidity, but can give no assurance that we can accomplish any of these other options on favorable terms or at all. If we cannot enhance our liquidity, it could adversely impact our growth and result in further curtailment of development activities. As of July 31, 2012, we had \$1,048,808,000 of nonrecourse mortgage financings with scheduled maturities during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013, of which \$28,165,000 represents regularly scheduled amortization payments. Subsequent to July 31, 2012, we have addressed \$314,733,000 of these remaining 2012 maturities, through closed transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions. We are currently in negotiations to refinance and/or extend the remaining \$705,910,000 of nonrecourse debt scheduled to mature during the year ending January 31, 2013. We cannot give assurance as to the ultimate result of these negotiations. As with all nonrecourse mortgages, if we are unable to negotiate an extension or otherwise refinance the mortgage, we could go into default and the lender could commence foreclosure proceedings on the single collateralized asset.

Table of Contents

The nonrecourse mortgage financings with scheduled maturities during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013 discussed above includes a \$497,700,000 nonrecourse construction mortgage which matured in August 2012 and was extended until October 2012, secured by Westchester's Ridge Hill, a mixed-use retail project currently 60% leased and opening in phases located in Yonkers, New York. We are currently negotiating with the existing lending group to further extend the nonrecourse construction mortgage. Leasing at this project has occurred during the recent general economic downturn resulting in a longer initial lease-up period than originally anticipated. Although we continue to successfully execute leases at the project and currently intend to support the project until it achieves stabilization, there can be no assurance that the project will achieve the targeted operating results. As a result, we may not be able to reach an extension of the nonrecourse construction mortgage currently being negotiated on terms acceptable to us and therefore may default on the mortgage. If we default on the mortgage, the lender could commence foreclosure proceedings and we could lose the carrying value of our real estate amounting to \$887,000,000 at July 31, 2012. We have five nonrecourse mortgages amounting to \$85,000,000 that are in default as of July 31, 2012 and are included in 2012 nonrecourse mortgage financings due during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013. One of these nonrecourse mortgages relates to an approximate \$35,000,000 mortgage secured by Terminal Tower, our corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio. As of July 31, 2012, we have signed a binding agreement with the lender to purchase the mortgage for \$25,000,000. During the three months ended October 31, 2012, we intend to close on the purchase under this agreement and expect to recognize a gain on extinguishment of debt for the amount of the discount. During 2011, a lender commenced foreclosure proceedings on one of these nonrecourse mortgages with a balance of \$73,500,000. The nonrecourse mortgage consisted of a promissory note ("A note") that was subject to a subordinated participation ("B note"). Subsequent to July 31, 2012, the B note holder bought out the A note holder's interest and became the sole holder of the entire mortgage. Concurrent with this transaction, the B note holder applied restricted cash, which was being held by the loan servicer, of approximately \$13,200,000 to the outstanding principal balance and we signed a forbearance agreement that includes a further reduction of the outstanding principal balance to \$40,000,000. The new lender has agreed to not continue to prosecute the pending foreclosure proceedings for 2 years as long as we comply with the terms of this forbearance agreement. The agreement, which was executed subsequent to July 31, 2012, results in the property being secured by a \$40,000,000 nonrecourse mortgage. We will continue to report this as past due and with 2012 maturities as it is still technically in default. The remaining three nonrecourse mortgage loans approximating \$10,000,000 are secured by land held for divestiture. We are exploring options including deed-in-lieu to satisfy the mortgage requirements. The land securing these mortgages has a nominal carrying value.

As of July 31, 2012, we had two nonrecourse mortgages greater than five percent of our total nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable. The mortgages, encumbering New York Times, an office building in Manhattan, New York, and Westchester's Ridge Hill, have outstanding balances of \$640,000,000 and \$497,700,000, respectively, at July 31, 2012.

As of July 31, 2012, our share of nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable recorded on our unconsolidated subsidiaries amounted to \$2,186,149,000 of which \$81,358,000 (\$12,136,000 represents scheduled principal payments) was scheduled to mature during the year ending January 31, 2013. Subsequent to July 31, 2012, we have addressed \$5,212,000 of these 2012 maturities through closed nonrecourse mortgage transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions. Negotiations are ongoing on the remaining 2012 maturities, but we cannot give assurance that we will obtain these financings on favorable terms or at all.

As of April 30, 2012, we had a \$99,811,000 nonrecourse mortgage (our proportional share of this mortgage was \$49,906,000) scheduled to mature in September 2012 secured by Village at Gulfstream Park, an unconsolidated specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida that was at significant risk of default. During the three months ended July 31, 2012, we sold our ownership interests in Village at Gulfstream Park and were relieved of any payment obligation on this nonrecourse mortgage.

Table of Contents

Financial Covenants

Our bank revolving credit facility and indenture dated May 19, 2003 ("2003 Indenture") contain certain restrictive financial covenants. A summary of the key financial covenants as defined in each agreement, all of which we are compliant with at July 31, 2012, follows:

	Requirement	As of	
	Per Agreement	July 31, 2012	
	(dollars in thousar	nds)	
Credit Facility Financial Covenants			
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.35x	1.88x	
Cash Flow Coverage Ratio	2.50x	3.38x	
Total Development Ratio	<17%	10.89	%
Minimum Consolidated Shareholders' Equity, as defined	\$2,320,175	\$3,578,597	
2003 Indenture Financial Covenants (1)			
Ratio of Consolidated EBITDA to Interest	>1.30x	1.73x	
Minimum Net Worth, as defined	\$1,114,587	\$4,147,275	

Violation of these financial covenants alone would not automatically cause the notes issued under the 2003

Bank Revolving Credit Facility

The following table summarizes the available credit on the bank revolving credit facility:

	July 31, 2012	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Maximum borrowings	\$450,000	\$450,000
Less outstanding balances:		
Borrowings	_	_
Letters of credit	70,646	69,389
Surety bonds	_	_
Available credit	\$379,354	\$380,611

See Note C—Bank Revolving Credit Facility in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional information.

Senior and Subordinated Debt

The following table summarizes our senior and subordinated debt:

	July 31, 2012 (in thousands)	January 31, 2012
Senior Notes:		
3.625% Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2014, net of discount	\$199,294	\$199,132
7.625% Senior Notes due 2015	178,253	178,253
5.000% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016	50,000	50,000
6.500% Senior Notes due 2017	132,144	132,144
4.250% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018	350,000	350,000
7.375% Senior Notes due 2034, net of discount	218,975	100,000
Total Senior Notes	1,128,666	1,009,529
Subordinated Debt:		
Subordinate Tax Revenue Bonds due 2013	29,000	29,000
Total Senior and Subordinated Debt	\$1,157,666	\$1,038,529

See Note D—Senior and Subordinated Debt in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional information.

⁽¹⁾ Indenture to become due and payable, but would prevent us from incurring or permitting a subsidiary from incurring additional debt, as defined in the 2003 Indenture, unless otherwise permitted by the 2003 Indenture.

Table of Contents

Nonrecourse Debt Financings

We use taxable and tax-exempt nonrecourse debt for our real estate projects. Substantially all of our operating and development properties are separately encumbered with nonrecourse mortgage debt, which in some limited circumstances is supplemented by nonrecourse notes payable (collectively "nonrecourse debt"). For real estate projects financed with tax-exempt debt, we generally utilize variable-rate debt. For construction loans, we generally pursue variable-rate financings with maturities ranging from two to five years. For those real estate projects financed with taxable debt, we generally seek long-term, fixed-rate financing for those operating projects whose loans mature or are projected to open and achieve stabilized operations.

We are actively working to refinance and/or extend the maturities of the nonrecourse debt that is coming due in the next 24 months. During the six months ended July 31, 2012, we completed the following financings:

Purpose of Financing	Amount
	(in thousands)
Refinancings	\$203,450
Construction and development projects (1)	101,380
Loan extensions/additional fundings	102,859
· ·	\$407,689

(1) Represents the full amount available to be drawn on the loans.

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$216,795,000 and \$134,533,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The net increase in cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended July 31, 2012 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2011 of \$82,262,000 is the result of the following (in thousands):

Increase in rents and other revenues received	\$22,183	
Increase in interest and other income received	4,799	
Increase in cash distributions from unconsolidated entities	6,356	
Increase in proceeds from land held for development and sale	12,811	
Decrease in proceeds from Commercial Group land sales	(3,755)
Increase in net proceeds from land held for divestiture	33,479	
Decrease in land development expenditures	10,720	
Increase in operating expenditures	(14,362)
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for operating purposes	874	
Decrease in interest paid	9,157	
Net increase in cash provided by operating activities	\$82,262	

Table of Contents

Investing Activities

Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities was \$(281,737,000) and \$23,790,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following:

31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following.			
	Six Months I 2012	Ended July 31, 2011	
	(in thousands	s)	
Capital expenditures:			
Projects under construction and development:			
Barclays Center, a sports arena complex under construction in Brooklyn, New York	\$(184,266) \$(80,076)
Westchester's Ridge Hill, a regional mall in Yonkers, New York	(63,319) (80,340)
Atlantic Yards, a mixed-use development project in Brooklyn, New York	(54,438) (53,149)
8 Spruce Street, a mixed-use residential project in Manhattan, New York ⁽¹⁾		(47,048)
Other	(92,870) (72,774)
Total projects under construction or development ⁽²⁾	(394,893) (333,387)
Operating properties:			
Commercial Segment	(8,156) (6,912)
Residential Segment	(7,470) (7,389)
Other	(616) (520)
Total operating properties	(16,242) (14,821)
Tenant improvements:	•	, , ,	
Commercial Segment	(30,963) (12,372)
Total capital expenditures	\$(442,098) \$(360,580)
Payment of lease procurement costs ⁽³⁾	(5,886) (12,020)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(19,140) 1,457	
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing		, ,	
purposes:			
Atlantic Yards	\$170,913	\$(6,039)
John Hopkins Parking Garage in East Baltimore, Maryland	13,597	-	,
Westchester's Ridge Hill	8,831	2,374	
Foundry Lofts, an apartment community in Washington, D.C.	3,401	12,549	
Barclays Center	(7,171) 84,164	
8 Spruce Street ⁽¹⁾		49,665	
Other	(1,088) (5,697)
Total decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing purposes	\$188,483	\$137,016	,
Proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties:	Ψ100,103	Ψ137,010	
Quebec Square, a specialty retail center in Denver, Colorado	\$8,642	\$ —	
Disposition of partial interests in 15 retail properties in the New York metropolitan	ψ0,012		
area	_	166,510	
Waterfront Station - East 4th & West 4th Buildings, office buildings in Washington,			
D.C.	_	128,100	
Development project in Washington, D.C.		19,348	
Charleston Marriott, a hotel in Charleston, West Virginia	_	7,480	
Other	254	7,400	
Total proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties	\$8,896	\$321,438	
Change in investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities—(investment in) or	•	φ341,430	
return of investment:	1		
Dispositions:			

Village at Gulfstream Park, a specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida	\$15,000		\$ —	
San Antonio I, II & III, land development projects in San Antonio, Texas	2,153		_	
Metropolitan Lofts, an apartment community in Los Angeles, California	_		12,590	
Residential Projects:				
8 Spruce Street ⁽¹⁾	(10,447)	(62,467)
120 Kingston, an apartment building under construction in Boston, Massachusetts	(2,943)	_	
Pine Ridge Valley, an apartment community in Willoughby Hills, Ohio	(2,203)		
The Grand, primarily refinancing proceeds from an apartment community in North	6,485			
Bethesda, Maryland	0,463			
DKLB BKLN, an apartment building in Brooklyn, New York ⁽¹⁾			(11,894)
The Nets, a National Basketball Association member	(10,000)	(8,300)
Commercial Projects:				
818 Mission Street, contribution for the repayment of debt at an office building in San	n _{(8.775})		
Francisco, California	(6,773	,		
Village at Gulfstream Park			(5,041)
65/80 Landsdowne Street, primarily refinancing proceeds from an office building in			12,059	
Cambridge, Massachusetts	_		12,039	
Other net advances of investment of equity method investments and other advances to	0(1.262)	(468)
affiliates	(1,202	,	(400	,
Subtotal	\$(11,992		\$(63,521)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	\$(281,737)	\$23,790	
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8 Spruce Street and DKLB BKLN changed from the full consolidation method of accounting to equity method during the year ended January 31, 2012. Capital expenditures and changes in restricted cash represent activity prior to the change to equity method of accounting while changes in investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities represent activity subsequent to the change to equity method of accounting.

We capitalized internal costs related to projects under construction and development of \$9,513 and \$11,824, including compensation related costs of \$7,113 and \$9,589, for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Total capitalized internal costs represent approximately 2.15% and 3.28% of total capital expenditures for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

We capitalized internal costs related to leasing activities of \$1,283 and \$1,402, including compensation related costs of \$1,001 and \$1,110, for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Table of Contents

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$88,322,000 and \$60,653,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following:

	Six Months E	nde	ed July 31,	
	2012		2011	
	(in thousands))		
Proceeds from nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	\$461,579		\$176,364	
Principal payments on nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	(329,184)	(205,550)
Borrowings on bank revolving credit facility	75,000		464,575	
Payments on bank revolving credit facility	(75,000)	(601,727)
Proceeds from issuance of Convertible Senior Notes, net of \$10,625 of issuance costs	· 		339,375	
Payment of transaction costs related to exchange of Convertible Senior Notes due			(3,200	`
2016 for Class A common stock			(3,200)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(7,471)	(9,859)
Change in restricted cash and escrowed funds and book overdrafts	(8,376)	(10,714)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,591)	(1,630)
Exercise of stock options	13		177	
Dividends paid to preferred shareholders	(7,700)	(7,700)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	240		2,909	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(19,188)	(82,367)
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$88,322		\$60,653	
I ECAL DDOCEEDINGS				

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to our business, and management and legal counsel believe that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

NEW ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

The following accounting pronouncements were adopted during the six months ended July 31, 2012:

In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing goodwill for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If after performing a qualitative assessment, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair market value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step goodwill impairment test is not necessary. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is then required to perform the first step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance for the presentation of comprehensive income. This guidance provides an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. This guidance results in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and International Financial Reporting Standards. As a result, this guidance changes the wording used to describe many of

the existing requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, but for many requirements the intent is not to change the existing application. Some of the guidance clarifies the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements or may change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The required disclosures upon adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 are included in our consolidated financial statements. In April 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the guidance on accounting for transfers and servicing to improve

the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The guidance specifies when an entity may or may not recognize a sale upon the transfer of financial assets subject to repurchase agreements, based upon whether the entity has maintained effective control over the transferred financial assets. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

The following new accounting pronouncements will be adopted on the respective required effective dates: In July 2012, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on derecognition of in substance real estate. This guidance specifies that when a parent company (reporting entity) ceases to have a controlling financial interest (as described in the accounting guidance on Consolidation) in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate as a result of a default on the subsidiary's nonrecourse debt, the reporting entity should apply the guidance on property, plant and equipment to determine whether it should derecognize the in substance real estate. Generally, a reporting entity would not satisfy the requirements to derecognize the in substance real estate before the legal transfer of the real estate to the lender and the extinguishment of the related nonrecourse indebtedness. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after June 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance in this amendment is consistent with our previous accounting policies and, as a result will not impact our consolidated financial statements or their comparability to previously issued financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance that requires entities to disclose both gross and net information on instruments and transactions eligible for offset on the balance sheets and instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Early adoption is not permitted. We do not expect the adoption of the guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

INFORMATION RELATED TO FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-O, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by us, contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements reflect management's current views with respect to financial results related to future events and are based on assumptions and expectations that may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, financial or otherwise, may differ from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Risk factors discussed in Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012 and other factors that might cause differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to, the impact of current lending and capital market conditions on our liquidity, ability to finance or refinance projects and repay our debt, the impact of the current economic environment on the ownership, development and management of our real estate portfolio, general real estate investment and development risks, vacancies in our properties, the strategic decision to reposition or divest portions of our land business, further downturns in the housing market, competition, illiquidity of real estate investments, bankruptcy or defaults of tenants, anchor store consolidations or closings, international activities, the impact of terrorist acts, risks associated with an investment in a professional sports team, our substantial debt leverage and the ability to obtain and service debt, the impact of restrictions imposed by our credit facility and senior debt, exposure to hedging agreements, the level and volatility of interest rates, the continued availability of tax-exempt government financing, the impact of credit rating downgrades, effects of uninsured or underinsured losses, effects of a downgrade or failure of our insurance carriers, environmental liabilities, conflicts of interest, risks associated with the sale of tax credits, risks associated with developing and managing properties in partnership with others, the ability to maintain effective internal controls, compliance with

governmental regulations, increased legislative and regulatory scrutiny of the financial services industry, volatility in the market price of our publicly traded securities, inflation risks, litigation risks, cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents, as well as other risks listed from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We have no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, other than imposed by law, as a result of future events or new information. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

Table of Contents

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our market risk includes the increased difficulty or inability to obtain construction loans, refinance existing construction loans into long-term fixed-rate nonrecourse financing, refinance existing nonrecourse financing at maturity, obtain renewals or replacement of credit enhancement devices, such as letters of credit, or otherwise obtain funds by selling real estate assets or by raising equity. We also have interest-rate exposure on our current variable-rate debt portfolio. During the construction period, we have historically used variable-rate debt to finance developmental projects. At July 31, 2012, our outstanding variable-rate debt portfolio consisted of \$1,630,012,000 of taxable debt and \$431,401,000 of tax-exempt debt. Upon opening and achieving stabilized operations, we have historically procured long-term fixed-rate financing for our rental properties. With the volatility of the capital markets, we may not be able to procure long-term fixed rate financing and periodically must pursue extending maturities with existing lenders at current market terms. Additionally, we are exposed to interest rate risk upon maturity of our long-term fixed-rate financings.

Interest Rate Exposure

At July 31, 2012, the composition of nonrecourse debt was as follows:

	Operating Properties	Development Projects	Land Projects	Total	Total Weighted Average Rate
	(dollars in tho	usands)			
Fixed Rate	\$3,104,838	\$619,481	\$3,626	\$3,727,945	5.61%
Variable Rate					
Taxable	1,429,123	184,943	15,946	1,630,012	4.69%
Tax-Exempt	421,954	_	9,447	431,401	1.56%
-	\$4,955,915	\$804,424	\$29,019	\$5,789,358	5.05%
Total gross commitment from	lenders	\$1,038,709	\$29,019		

To mitigate short-term variable interest rate risk, we have purchased interest rate hedges for our variable-rate debt as follows:

Taxable (Priced off of LIBOR Index)

	Caps		Swaps	
	Notional	Average Base	Notional	Average Base
Period Covered	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in thousar	nds)		
08/01/12 - 02/01/13	\$242,966	3.36%	\$998,445	3.99%
02/01/13 - 02/01/14	213,826	3.23%	998,139	4.02%
02/01/14 - 02/01/15	12,317	6.50%	652,496	5.44%
02/01/14 - 02/01/15	_	—%	651,810	5.45%
02/01/15 - 09/01/17		— %	640,000	5.50%

Tax-Exempt (Priced off of SIFMA Index)

	Caps	
	Notional	Average Base
Period Covered	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in thousands)	
08/01/12 - 02/01/13	\$174,094	5.83%
02/01/13 - 02/01/14	161,379	5.82%
02/01/14 - 01/02/15	118,655	5.81%

The tax-exempt caps generally were purchased in conjunction with lender hedging requirements that require the borrower to protect against significant fluctuations in interest rates. Except for those requirements, we generally do not hedge tax-exempt debt because, since 1990, the base rate of this type of financing has averaged 2.59% and has

never exceeded 8.00%.

Table of Contents

Forward Swaps

We enter into forward swaps to protect ourselves against fluctuations in the swap rate at terms ranging between five to ten years associated with forecasted fixed rate borrowings. At the time we secure and lock an interest rate on an anticipated financing, we intend to simultaneously terminate the forward swap associated with that financing. At July 31, 2012, we had no forward swaps outstanding.

Sensitivity Analysis to Changes in Interest Rates

Including the effect of the protection provided by the interest rate swaps, caps and long-term contracts in place as of July 31, 2012, a 100 basis point increase in taxable interest rates (including properties accounted for under the equity method, corporate debt and the effect of interest rate floors) would increase the annual pre-tax interest cost for the next 12 months of our variable-rate debt by approximately \$8,802,000 at July 31, 2012. Although tax-exempt rates generally move in an amount that is smaller than corresponding changes in taxable interest rates, a 100 basis point increase in tax-exempt rates (including properties accounted for under the equity method) would increase the annual pre-tax interest cost for the next 12 months of our tax-exempt variable-rate debt by approximately \$6,394,000 at July 31, 2012. This analysis includes a portion of our taxable and tax-exempt variable-rate debt related to construction loans for which the interest expense is capitalized.

From time to time, we and/or certain of our joint ventures (the "Joint Ventures") enter into total rate of return swaps ("TRS") on various tax-exempt fixed-rate borrowings generally held by us and/or within the Joint Ventures. The TRS convert these borrowings from a fixed rate to a variable rate and provide an efficient financing product to lower the cost of capital. In exchange for a fixed rate, the TRS require that we and/or the Joint Ventures pay a variable rate, generally equivalent to the SIFMA rate plus a spread. At July 31, 2012, the SIFMA rate was 0.15%. Additionally, we and/or the Joint Ventures have guaranteed the fair value of the underlying borrowings. Any fluctuation in the value of the TRS would be offset by the fluctuation in the value of the underlying borrowings, resulting in minimal financial impact to us and/or the Joint Ventures. At July 31, 2012, the aggregate notional amount of TRS that are designated as fair value hedging instruments is \$266,660,000. The underlying TRS borrowings are subject to a fair value adjustment. In addition, we have TRS with a notional amount of \$171,160,000 that is not designated as fair value hedging instruments, but is subject to interest rate risk.

We estimate the fair value of our hedging instruments based on interest rate market and bond pricing models. At both July 31 and January 31, 2012, we reported interest rate caps at fair value of approximately \$13,000 in other assets. We also included interest rate swap agreements and TRS with positive fair values of approximately \$20,352,000 and \$11,391,000 at July 31 and January 31, 2012, respectively, in other assets. At July 31 and January 31, 2012, we included interest rate swap agreements and TRS that had a negative fair value of approximately \$174,113,000 and \$174,020,000, respectively, in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities.

We estimate the fair value of our long-term debt instruments by market rates, if available, or by discounting future cash payments at interest rates that approximate the current market. Estimated fair value is based upon market prices of public debt, available industry financing data, current treasury rates and recent financing transactions. Based on these parameters, the table below contains the estimated fair value of our long-term debt at July 31, 2012.

	C	Fair Value
Carrying Value	Fair Value	with 100 bp Decrease
		in Market Rates
(in thousands)		
\$4,885,611	\$5,240,346	\$5,582,566
1,630,012	1,718,937	1,770,282
431,401	424,022	477,331
\$2,061,413	\$2,142,959	\$2,247,613
\$6,947,024	\$7,383,305	\$7,830,179
	(in thousands) \$4,885,611 1,630,012 431,401 \$2,061,413	(in thousands) \$4,885,611 \$5,240,346 1,630,012 1,718,937 431,401 424,022 \$2,061,413 \$2,142,959

Table of Contents

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)
The following tables provide information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates.

July 31, 2012

July 31, 2012															
	Expected N Year Endin		-										_		
Long-Term Debt	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		Period Thereafter		Total Outstanding		Fair Ma Value
	(dollars in	tho	ousands)											٥	7
Fixed:															, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fixed-rate	\$195,538		\$636,157	7	\$294,996	4	\$350,501	i	\$424,954	1	\$1,825,799	n	\$3,727,945	5	\$4,088,
aebt	\$170,000		\$050,157	/	₲ ∠>+,ノノ∪	,	\$330,501		Φ 44+ ,25-	+	\$1,040,177	,	\$3,141,273	,	Φ 4 ,υυυ,
Weighted															7
C	5.62	%	6.44	%	6.03	%	5.56	%	5.74	%	5.23	%	5.61	%	7
interest rate															7
Senior and				(2)	224	(4)						<i>(</i> 5)			0
subordinated			29,000	(3)	199,294	(4)	178,253		50,000		701,119	(5)	1,157,666		1,151,8
debt (1)															,
Weighted		~1	= 00	~		~-		~1	- 00	~1		~		~	•
average		%	7.88	%	3.63	%	7.63	%	5.00	%	5.65	%	5.63	%	7
interest rate															7
Total	105 520		CC5 157		404 200		500 754		474.054		2.526.010		4 005 611		5 240 2
	195,538		665,157		494,290		528,754		474,954		2,526,918		4,885,611		5,240,3
Debt Variable:															7
Variable rate															7
Variable-rate debt	853,270		70,337		30,518		22,979		_		652,908		1,630,012		1,718,9
Weighted															,
-	3.29	0%	5.28	%	3.66	%	3.53	0/0		0/0	6.54	%	4.69	%	. /
interest rate (2)		70	3.20	70	3.00	70	3.33	70	_	70	0.54	70	4.07	70	7
TD .	<u> </u>		90,800		_		_		_		340,601		431,401		424,022
Weighted	_		90,000		_		_		_		340,001		431,701		427,022
average	_	%	2.68	%	_	%	_	%		%	1.27	%	1.56	%	,
interest rate (2))	/0	2.00	10	<u></u> -	/0	<u> </u>	/0	 -	/0	1.4/	/0	1.50	10	7
Bank															1
revolving															1
credit facility	_		_		_		_				_		_		_ ,
(1)															1
Weighted															•
average	_	%		%	_	%	_	%	_	%		%	_	%	,
interest rate															•
Total															ļ
Variable-Rate	853,270		161,137		30,518		22,979				993,509		2,061,413		2,142,9
Debt	•				•		•				-		•		·
Total															
•	\$1,048,808	8	\$826,294	4	\$524,808	3	\$551,733	j	\$474,954	4	\$3,520,427	7	\$6,947,024	4	\$7,383,
Debt															ľ
	3.72	%	5.97	%	4.98	%	6.14	%	5.66	%	5.17	%	5.15	%	

Weighted

average

interest rate

- (1) Represents recourse debt.
- (2) Weighted average interest rate is based on current market rates as of July 31, 2012.
- (3) The mandatory tender date of the custodial receipts, which represent ownership in the bonds, was used for the expected maturity date in lieu of the maturity date on the face of the bonds.
- Contains the principal amount of the puttable equity-linked Senior Notes due 2014 less the unamortized discount of \$706 as of July 31, 2012.
- Contains the principal amount of the 2034 Senior Notes less the unamortized discount of 6,025 as of July 31, 2012.

Table of Contents

Long-Term

Debt

\$1,334,090

4.06

\$816,769

%

% 6.09

\$515,326

%

5.00

\$524,863

6.27

\$470,946

% 5.67

\$3,036,058

% 5.03

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued) January 31, 2012

January 31, 2012 **Expected Maturity Date** Year Ending January 31, Fair Long-Term Period Total 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Market Debt Thereafter Outstanding Value (dollars in thousands) Fixed: Fixed-rate \$294,235 \$602,745 \$291,315 \$346,320 \$420,637 \$1,464,433 \$3,419,685 \$3,737,890 debt Weighted 5.96 average % 6.46 % 6.04 % 5.57 % 5.75 % 5.16 % 5.65 % interest rate Senior and (3) 199,132 subordinated — 29,000 ⁽⁴⁾ 178,253 50,000 582,144 1,038,529 981,746 debt (1) Weighted average % 7.88 % 3.63 % 7.63 % 5.00 % 5.30 % 5.43 % interest rate Total Fixed-Rate 294,235 631,745 490,447 524,573 470,637 2,046,577 4,458,214 4,719,636 Debt Variable: Variable-rate 1,039,618 93,969 24,607 644,435 1,802,629 1,911,665 debt Weighted % 6.59 % 6.52 % 4.76 % average 3.53 % 3.85 % % interest rate⁽²⁾ 272 290 309 430,197 Tax-exempt 237 91,055 345,046 437,209 Weighted average % 2.56 % 1.58 % 1.58 % 1.58 % 1.29 % 1.55 % 1.58 interest rate(2) Bank revolving credit facility Weighted % % average % — % — % — % — % interest rate Total Variable-Rate 1,039,855 290 309 2,341,862 185,024 24,879 989,481 2,239,838 Debt Total

%

\$7,061,498

\$6,698,052

% 5.11

Weighted average interest rate

- (1) Represents recourse debt.
- (2) Weighted average interest rate is based on current market rates as of January 31, 2012.
- The mandatory tender date of the custodial receipts, which represent ownership in the bonds, was used for the expected maturity date in lieu of the maturity date on the face of the bonds.
- (4) Contains the principal amount of the puttable equity-linked Senior Notes due 2014 less the unamortized discount of \$868 as of January 31, 2012.

Table of Contents

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains a set of disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or furnishes under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Securities Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act, was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, which includes the CEO and CFO. Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of July 31, 2012.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended July 31, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

In connection with the rules, the Company continues to review and document its disclosure controls and procedures, including the Company's internal control over financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and ensuring that the Company's systems evolve with the business.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to its business, and management and legal counsel believe that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) and (b) – Not applicable.

(c) – Repurchase of equity securities during the quarter.

	Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities					
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs		
Class A Common Stock			-	-		
May 1 through May 31, 2012		\$	_	_		
June 1 through June 30, 2012	27,867	\$14.65	_	_		
July 1 through July 31, 2012		\$—	_	_		
Total	27,867	\$14.65	_	_		

⁽¹⁾ Class A common stock was repurchased to satisfy the minimum tax withholding requirements relating to restricted stock vesting.

Table of Contents

	. Exhi	bits				
Exhib Numb		Description of Document				
4.1	-	Form of 7.375% Senior Note due 2034, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on July 2, 2012 (File No. 1-4372).				
*31.1	-	Principal Executive Officer's Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
*31.2	-	Principal Financial Officer's Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
**32.	1 -	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
***10)1 -	The following financial information from Forest City Enterprises, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited); (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited); (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited); (iv) Consolidated Statements of Equity (unaudited); (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited), and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).				
*	Filed	herewith.				
**	Furni	shed herewith.				
***	Submitted electronically herewith. In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be part of any registration or other document filed under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.					

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FOREST CITY ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: September 4, 2012 /s/ ROBERT G. O'BRIEN

Name: Robert G. O'Brien

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: September 4, 2012 /s/ CHARLES D. OBERT

Name: Charles D. Obert

Title: Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer