HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Form 10-Q May 03, 2019

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

Commission File Number: 001-14625 (Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.)

0-25087 (Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.)

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.) 53-008595

Delaware (Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.) 52-2095412

(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

6903 Rockledge Drive, Suite 1500 20817

Bethesda, Maryland (Zip Code)

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(240) 744-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Trading Name of Each Exchange on Which

Symbol Registered

Host Hotels & Resorts, Common Stock, \$.01 par

Inc. value HST New York Stock Exchange

Host Hotels & Resorts,

L.P. None None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. Yes No Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. Yes No Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial

accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. Yes No Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. Yes No

As of May 1, 2019 there were 740,893,637 shares of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.'s common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. Unless stated otherwise or the context requires otherwise, references to "Host Inc." mean Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., a Maryland corporation, and references to "Host L.P." mean Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and its consolidated subsidiaries, in cases where it is important to distinguish between Host Inc. and Host L.P. We use the terms "we" or "our" or "the company" to refer to Host Inc. and Host L.P. together, unless the context indicates otherwise.

Host Inc. operates as a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Host Inc. owns properties and conducts operations through Host L.P., of which Host Inc. is the sole general partner and of which it holds approximately 99% of the partnership interests ("OP units"). The remaining OP units are owned by various unaffiliated limited partners. As the sole general partner of Host L.P., Host Inc. has the exclusive and complete responsibility for Host L.P.'s day-to-day management and control. Management operates Host Inc. and Host L.P. as one enterprise. The management of Host Inc. consists of the same persons who direct the management of Host L.P. As general partner with control of Host L.P., Host Inc. consolidates Host L.P. for financial reporting purposes, and Host Inc. does not have significant assets other than its investment in Host L.P. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of Host Inc. and Host L.P. are substantially the same on their respective condensed consolidated financial statements and the disclosures of Host Inc. and Host L.P. also are substantially similar. For these reasons, we believe that the combination into a single report of the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q of Host Inc. and Host L.P. results in benefits to management and investors.

The substantive difference between Host Inc.'s and Host L.P.'s filings is the fact that Host Inc. is a REIT with public stock, while Host L.P. is a partnership with no publicly traded equity. In the condensed consolidated financial statements, this difference primarily is reflected in the equity (or partners' capital for Host L.P.) section of the consolidated balance sheets and in the consolidated statements of equity (or partners' capital for Host L.P.). Apart from the different equity treatment, the condensed consolidated financial statements of Host Inc. and Host L.P. nearly are identical.

This combined Form 10-Q for Host Inc. and Host L.P. includes, for each entity, separate interim financial statements (but combined footnotes), separate reports on disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting and separate CEO/CFO certifications. In addition, with respect to any other financial and non-financial disclosure items required by Form 10-Q, any material differences between Host Inc. and Host L.P. are discussed separately herein. For a more detailed discussion of the substantive differences between Host Inc. and Host L.P. and why we believe the combined filing results in benefits to investors, see the discussion in the combined Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 under the heading "Explanatory Note."

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HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. AND HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018

(in millions, except share and per share amounts)

ASSETS	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Property and equipment, net	\$ 10,296	\$ 9,760
Right-of-use assets	616	
Assets held for sale	31	281
Due from managers	145	71
Advances to and investments in affiliates	54	48
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	191	213
Other	162	175
Cash and cash equivalents	1,082	1,542
Total assets	\$ 12,577	\$ 12,090
LIABILITIES, NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND EQUITY		
Debt		
Senior notes	\$ 2,783	\$ 2,782
Credit facility, including term loans of \$998	1,051	1,049
Other debt	28	6
Total debt	3,862	3,837
Lease liabilities	625	_
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	240	293
Other	183	266
Total liabilities	4,910	4,396
Redeemable non-controlling interests - Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.	147	128
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01, 1,050 million shares authorized, 740.9 million shares and		
740.4 million shares issued and outstanding, respectively	7	7
Additional paid-in capital	8,138	8,156
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	` ') (59)
Deficit) (610)
Total equity of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders	7,513	7,494
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests—other consolidated partnerships	7	72
Total equity	7,520	7,566
Total liabilities, non-controlling interests and equity	\$ 12,577	\$ 12,090
See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended March 31, 2019 2018	
REVENUES		
Rooms	\$857	\$844
Food and beverage	433	413
Other	100	89
Total revenues	1,390	1,346
EXPENSES		
Rooms	217	224
Food and beverage	285	278
Other departmental and support expenses	327	315
Management fees	54	54
Other property-level expenses	92	98
Depreciation and amortization	170	178
Corporate and other expenses	29	28
Total operating costs and expenses	1,174	1,175
OPERATING PROFIT	216	171
Interest income	8	3
Interest expense	(43) (44)
Gain on sale of assets	5	120
Equity in earnings of affiliates	5	10
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	191	260
Provision for income taxes	(2) (4)
NET INCOME	189	256
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(3) (3)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.	\$186	\$253
Basic earnings per common share	\$.25	\$.34
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.25	\$.34

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions)

	Quarte	er
	ended	
	March	31,
	2019	2018
NET INCOME	\$189	\$256
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX:		
Foreign currency translation and other comprehensive income of unconsolidated affiliates	—	6
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		(1)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX		5
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	189	261
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(3)	(3)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.	\$186	\$258
See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Quarte March 2019	31		
Net income	\$189		\$256	
Adjustments to reconcile to cash provided by operations:	\$109		\$ <i>23</i> 0	
Depreciation and amortization	170		178	
Amortization of finance costs, discounts and premiums, net	2		2	
Stock compensation expense	4		3	
Gain on sale of assets)	(120)
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(5)	(120))
Change in due from managers			(63	<i>)</i>
Distributions from investments in affiliates	(70)	4)
Changes in other assets	17		7	
Changes in other liabilities	(89)	(9)
Net cash provided by operating activities	207)	248)
rect cash provided by operating activities	207		240	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sales of assets, net	276		181	
Advances to and investments in affiliates	(1)	(3)
Acquisitions	(593)	(1,01	9)
Capital expenditures:				
Renewals and replacements	(58)	(86)
Return on investment	(52)	(29)
Property insurance proceeds	_		1	
Net cash used in investing activities	(428)	(955)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Draws on credit facility			310	
Dividends on common stock	(186)	(185)
Distributions and payments to non-controlling interests	` - ~)	(2)
Other financing activities	(5)	(4)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(261)	119	,
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash held	(201	,	(1)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	(482)	(589	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING	(102	,	(30)	,
OF PERIOD	1,756	5	1,109)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$1,274		\$520	
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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited)

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information (in millions):

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the balance sheet to the amount shown in the statements of cash flows:

	March	March
	31,	31,
	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,082	\$ 323
Restricted cash (included in other assets)	1	1
Cash included in furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	191	196
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statements of cash flows	\$1,274	\$ 520

The following table presents cash paid during the quarter for the following:

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 2018

Total interest paid \$39 \$38

Income taxes paid \$66 \$1

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018

(in millions)

ASSETS	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Property and equipment, net	\$ 10,296	\$ 9,760
Right-of-use assets	616	
Assets held for sale	31	281
Due from managers	145	71
Advances to and investments in affiliates	54	48
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	191	213
Other	162	175
Cash and cash equivalents	1,082	1,542
Total assets	\$ 12,577	\$ 12,090
Debt Senior notes Credit facility, including term loans of \$998 Other Total debt Lease liabilities	\$ 2,783 1,051 28 3,862 625	\$ 2,782 1,049 6 3,837
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	240	293
Other	183	266
Total liabilities	4,910	4,396
Limited partnership interests of third parties	147	128
Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. capital:		
General partner	1	1
Limited partner	7,571	7,552
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(59	(59)
Total Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. capital	7,513	7,494
Non-controlling interests—consolidated partnerships	7	72
Total capital	7,520	7,566
Total liabilities, limited partnership interest of third parties and capital	\$ 12,577	\$ 12,090

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions, except per unit amounts)

REVENUES		
REVERTEES		
Rooms	\$857	\$844
Food and beverage	433	413
Other	100	89
Total revenues	1,390	1,346
EXPENSES		
Rooms	217	224
Food and beverage	285	278
Other departmental and support expenses	327	315
Management fees	54	54
Other property-level expenses	92	98
Depreciation and amortization	170	178
Corporate and other expenses	29	28
Total operating costs and expenses	1,174	1,175
OPERATING PROFIT	216	171
Interest income	8	3
Interest expense	(43) (44)
Gain on sale of assets	5	120
Equity in earnings of affiliates	5	10
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	191	260
Provision for income taxes	(2) (4)
NET INCOME	189	256
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1) —
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P.	\$188	\$256
Basic earnings per common unit	\$.26	\$.35
Diluted earnings per common unit	\$.26	\$.35

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions)

	Quarte	er
	ended	
	March	31,
	2019	2018
NET INCOME	\$189	\$256
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX:		
Foreign currency translation and other comprehensive income of unconsolidated affiliates	—	6
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	_	(1)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX	—	5
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	189	261
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1)	_
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P.	\$188	\$261
e notes to condensed consolidated financial statements		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited, in millions)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Quarte March 2019	31		
Net income	\$189		\$256	
Adjustments to reconcile to cash provided by operations:	Ф109		\$ <i>23</i> 0	
Depreciation and amortization	170		178	
Amortization of finance costs, discounts and premiums, net	2		2	
Stock compensation expense	4		3	
Gain on sale of assets	(5)	(120)
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(5)	(120))
Change in due from managers	(76)	(63)
Distributions from investments in affiliates	(70	,	4	,
Changes in other assets	<u> </u>		7	
Changes in other liabilities	(89)	(9)
Net cash provided by operating activities	207)	248)
rect cash provided by operating activities	207		240	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sales of assets, net	276		181	
Advances to and investments in affiliates	(1)	(3)
Acquisitions	(593)	(1,01	9)
Capital expenditures:				
Renewals and replacements	(58)	(86)
Return on investment	(52)	(29)
Property insurance proceeds	_		1	
Net cash used in investing activities	(428)	(955)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Draws on credit facility			310	
Distributions on common OP units	(188)	(187)
Distributions and payments to non-controlling interests	(68)	(107	,
Other financing activities	(5)	(4)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(261)	119	,
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash held	(201)	(1)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	(482)	(589	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING	(402	,	(30)	,
OF PERIOD	1,756	5	1,109)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$1,274		\$520	
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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

(unaudited)

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information (in millions):

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the balance sheet to the amount shown in the statements of cash flows:

	March	March
	31,	31,
	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,082	\$ 323
Restricted cash (included in other assets)	1	1
Cash included in furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	191	196
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statements of cash flows	\$1,274	\$ 520

The following table presents cash paid during the quarter for the following:

Quarter ended March 31, 2019 2018

Total interest paid \$39 \$38

Income taxes paid \$66 \$1

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Organization Description of Business

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. operates as a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust ("REIT"), with its operations conducted solely through Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. and its subsidiaries. Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, operates through an umbrella partnership structure, with Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., a Maryland corporation, as its sole general partner. In the notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, we use the terms "we" or "our" to refer to Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. and Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. together, unless the context indicates otherwise. We also use the term "Host Inc." specifically to refer to Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. in cases where it is important to distinguish between Host Inc. and Host L.P. As of March 31, 2019, Host Inc. holds approximately 99% of Host L.P.'s OP units.

Consolidated Portfolio

As of March 31, 2019, our consolidated portfolio, primarily consisting of luxury and upper upscale hotels, is located in the following countries:

]	Hotels
United States	88
Brazil	3
Canada	2
Total	93

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

We have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. We believe the disclosures made herein are adequate to prevent the information presented from being misleading. However, the financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly our financial position as of March 31, 2019, and the results of our operations and cash flows for the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of full year performance because of the impact of seasonal variations.

Three of our partnerships are considered variable interest entities (VIEs) as the general partner maintains control over the decisions that most significantly impact the partnerships. These VIEs include the operating partnership, Host L.P., which is consolidated by Host Inc., of which Host Inc. is the sole general partner and holds approximately 99% of its partnership interests; the consolidated partnership that owns the Houston Airport Marriott at George Bush Intercontinental; and the unconsolidated partnership that owns the Philadelphia Marriott Downtown. Host Inc.'s sole significant asset is its investment in Host L.P. and, consequently, substantially all of Host Inc.'s assets and liabilities consists of the assets and liabilities of Host L.P. All of Host Inc.'s debt is an obligation of Host L.P. and may be settled only with assets of Host L.P.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

New Accounting Standards

Leases. On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standard Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended, which affects aspects of accounting for lease agreements. Under the new standard, all leases in which we are the lessee, including operating leases, are recognized as lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet. However, the adoption did not materially affect our statements of operations or statements of cash flows. For lease agreements in which we are the lessor, we have analyzed the impact of the standard and determined that there was no material impact to the recognition, measurement, or presentation of these revenues. Rooms revenues, which constitute the majority of our revenues, are considered short term leases. Additionally, we earn revenues from retail and office leases at our properties, which is included in other revenue. We adopted the standard using the effective date transition method with a cumulative-effect adjustment in the period of adoption. The standard provided several optional practical expedients for use in transition. We elected to use what the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has deemed the "package of practical expedients," which allowed us not to reassess our previous conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and the accounting treatment for initial direct costs, and we elected not to reassess previous conclusions about land easements. Consequently, financial information will not be updated and disclosures required under the new standard will not be provided for dates and periods prior to January 1, 2019. Upon adoption, we recognized a right of use ("ROU") asset and a related lease liability of \$619 million and \$628 million, respectively, with the prior year's straight-line rent liability of \$9 million reducing the ROU asset.

3. Earnings Per Common Share (Unit)

Basic earnings per common share (unit) is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders (unitholders) by the weighted average number of shares of Host Inc. common stock or Host L.P. common units outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share (unit) is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders (unitholders), as adjusted for potentially dilutive securities, by the weighted average number of shares of Host Inc. common stock or Host L.P. common units outstanding plus other potentially dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans or the common OP units distributed to Host Inc. to support such shares granted, and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partner interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for any securities that are anti-dilutive. We have 7.6 million common OP units, which are convertible into 7.7 million common shares, that are not included in Host Inc.'s calculation of earnings per share as their effect is not dilutive. The calculation of Host Inc. basic and diluted earnings per common share is shown below (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Quarter ended
	March 31,
	2019 2018
Net income	\$189 \$256
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(3) (3)

Net income attributable to Host Inc.	\$186	\$253
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	740.6	739.2
Assuming distribution of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans, less shares assumed purchased at market	0.2	0.4
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	740.8	739.6
Basic earnings per common share	\$.25	\$.34
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.25	\$.34
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HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The calculation of Host L.P. basic and diluted earnings per unit is shown below (in millions, except per unit amounts):

	Quarter March 3 2019	
Net income	\$189	\$256
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(1)) —
Net income attributable to Host L.P.	\$188	\$256
Basic weighted average units outstanding	732.5	731.9
Assuming distribution of common units to support shares granted under the comprehensive stock		
plans, less shares assumed purchased at market	0.2	0.3
Diluted weighted average units outstanding	732.7	732.2
Basic earnings per common unit	\$.26	\$.35
Diluted earnings per common unit	\$.26	\$.35

4. Revenue

Substantially all of our operating results represent revenues and expenses generated by property-level operations. Payments are due from customers when services are provided to them. Due to the short-term nature of our contracts and the almost concurrent receipt of payment, we have no material unearned revenue at quarter end. We collect sales, use, occupancy and similar taxes at our hotels, which we present on a net basis (excluded from revenues) on our statements of operations.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Disaggregation of Revenues. While we do not consider the following division by location to consist of reportable segments, we have disaggregated hotel revenues by market location. Our revenues also are presented by country in Note 12 – Geographic Information.

By Location. The following table presents hotel revenues for each of the geographic locations in our consolidated hotel portfolio (in millions):

	Quarter	ended
	March 3	31,
Location	2019	2018
San Francisco/San Jose	\$135	\$107
San Diego	129	133
Florida Gulf Coast	121	98
Phoenix	109	97
Maui/Oahu	104	81
New York	103	161
Washington, D.C. (Central Business District)	75	73
Orlando	70	70
Boston	54	54
Atlanta	46	42
Los Angeles	45	47
Miami	42	19
Northern Virginia	36	36
Houston	31	32
San Antonio	31	30
Orange County	30	29
New Orleans	30	28
Jacksonville	28	23
Chicago	27	30
Seattle	24	25
Denver	19	18
Philadelphia	18	19
Other	64	68
Domestic	1,371	1,320
International	19	26
Total	\$1,390	\$1,346

5. Leases

Taxable REIT Subsidiaries Leases

We lease substantially all of our hotels to a wholly owned subsidiary that qualifies as a taxable REIT subsidiary due to the federal income tax prohibition on a REIT's ability to derive revenue directly from the operations of a hotel.

Ground Leases

As of March 31, 2019, all or a portion of 25 of our hotels are subject to ground leases, generally with multiple renewal options, all of which are accounted for as operating leases. Payments for ground leases account for approximately 80% of our 2019 minimum lease payments and 99% of our total future minimum lease payments. For lease agreements with scheduled rent increases, we recognize the fixed portion of the lease expense ratably over the term of the lease. As the exercise of the renewal options were determined to be reasonably certain, the payments associated with the renewals have been included in the measurement of the lease liability and ROU asset. Contingent rentals based on a percentage of sales in excess of stipulated amounts are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and ROU asset but will be recognized as variable lease expense when they are incurred. However, certain of these leases contain provisions that increase the minimum lease payments based on an average of the variable lease payments made over the previous years, for which we will reevaluate the lease liability and ROU asset, as these payments now represent an increase in the

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

minimum payments for the remainder of the lease term. Certain of these leases also contain provisions that increase the minimum lease payments based on an index such as the Consumer Price Index. Subsequent to the initial adoption of the new standard, such amounts are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and ROU asset but will be recognized as variable lease expense when they are incurred. The discount rate used to calculate the lease liability and ROU asset is based on our incremental borrowing rate ("IBR"), as the rate implicit in each lease is not readily determinable. To calculate our IBR, we obtained a forward curve using LIBOR swap rates, with terms ranging from one to fifty years, as well as corresponding bond spreads based on the terms of the leases and our credit risk. The resulting discount rates for our ground leases range from 4.3% to 5.7%.

Office Leases and Other

We have office leases for our headquarters office in Bethesda, which expires in 2022, as well as two satellite offices in Miami and San Diego, which expire in 2022 and 2021, respectively, with no renewal options. Our leasing activity also includes leases entered into by our hotels for various types of equipment that historically have been accounted for either as operating or capital leases, depending upon the characteristics of the particular lease arrangement. As we have elected to use the package of practical expedients, all existing capital leases now are classified as finance leases, which total \$1 million at March 31, 2019.

As disclosed in Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, we adopted ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended, using the effective date transition method. As a result, disclosures required under the new standard will not be provided for dates or periods prior to January 1, 2019. For the comparative periods, we will provide disclosures required by ASC 840, Leases.

The following table presents lease cost and other information for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (in millions):

	Quarte ended	r
	March	
	31,	
	2019	
Lease cost		
Operating lease cost	\$ 12	
Variable lease cost	9	
Total lease cost	\$ 21	
Other information		
Operating cash flows used for operating leases	\$ 12	
	45	
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	years	
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases 15	5.4	%

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The following table presents a reconciliation of the total amount of lease payments, on an undiscounted basis, to the lease liability in the statement of financial position for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (in millions):

Quarter ended March 31, 2019

	2019		
		Office	
		Leases	
	Ground	and	
	Leases	Other	Total
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	5.4 %	6 4.0	% 5.4 %
April 1, 2019 - December 31, 2019	\$28	\$ 6	\$34
2020	37	7	44
2021	37	6	43
2022	37	3	40
2023	37		37
Thereafter	1,513		1,513
Total undiscounted cash flows	\$1,689	\$ 22	\$1,711
Present values			
Long-term lease liabilities	\$604	\$ 21	\$625
Total lease liabilities	\$604	\$ 21	\$625
Difference between undiscounted cash flows and discounted cash flows	\$1,085	\$ 1	\$1,086

The following table presents the future minimum annual rental commitments, excluding renewal periods, as of December 31, 2018, for which we are the lessee, required under non-cancelable operating leases in accordance with ASC 840, under which we report prior to January 1, 2019 (in millions):

	As of
	December
	31, 2018
2019	\$ 46
2020	44
2021	43
2022	40
2023	37
Thereafter	1,309
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 1,519

6. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following (in millions):

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	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Land and land improvements	\$2,127	\$ 1,960
Buildings and leasehold improvements	14,076	13,586
Furniture and equipment	2,418	2,411
Construction in progress	193	220
	18,814	18,177
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,518)	(8,417)
	\$10,296	\$ 9,760

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HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

7.Debt

Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2019, we had \$944 million of available capacity under the revolver portion of our credit facility.

8. Equity of Host Inc. and Capital of Host L.P.

Equity of Host Inc.

Equity of Host Inc. is allocated between controlling and non-controlling interests as follows (in millions):

	Equity of						
		No	on-redeemable	,	Red	deemabl	e,
	Host	no	n-controlling	Total	nor	n-contro	lling
	Inc.	int	erests	equity	inte	erests	
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$7,494	\$	72	\$7,566	\$	128	
Net income	186		1	187		2	
Issuance of common stock for comprehensive							
stock plans, net	(2))	_	(2)			
Dividends declared on common stock	(148))	_	(148)		—	
Distributions to non-controlling interests	_		(67) (67)		(2)
Changes in ownership and other	(17))	1	(16)		19	
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$7,513	\$	7	\$7,520	\$	147	

Equity			
of			
	Non-redeemable,		Redeemable,
Host	non-controlling	Total	non-controlling
Inc.	interests	equity	interests

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\$6,973 \$	29	\$7,002 \$	167	
253	_	253	3	
(1)		(1)		
(148)		(148)		
_			(2)
12	_	12	(12)
5	_	5	_	
5		5		
\$7,099 \$	29	\$7,128 \$	156	
	253 (1) (148) — 12 5 5	253 — (1) — (148) — — — — 12 — 5 — 5 —	253 — 253 (1) — (1) (148) — (148) — — — 12 — 12 5 — 5 5 — 5	253 — 253 3 (1) — (148) — (148) — (148) — — — (2 12 — 12 (12 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 —

As of March 31, 2019, Host Inc. is the owner of approximately 99% of Host L.P.'s common OP units. The remaining common OP units are held by third party limited partners. Each common OP unit may be redeemed for cash or, at the election of Host Inc., Host Inc. common stock, based on the conversion ratio of 1.021494 shares of Host Inc. common stock for each common OP unit.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

In exchange for any shares issued by Host Inc., Host L.P. will issue common OP units to Host Inc. based on the applicable conversion ratio. Additionally, funds used by Host Inc. to pay dividends on its common stock are provided by distributions from Host L.P.

Capital of Host L.P. is allocated between controlling and non-controlling interests as follows (in millions):

	Capital				Limited
	of				partnership
	Host	Nor	n-controlling	Total	interests of
	L.P.	inte	rests	capital	third parties
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$7,494	\$	72	\$7,566	\$ 128
Net income	186		1	187	2
Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for					
comprehensive stock plans, net	(2)		_	(2)	<u> </u>
Distributions declared on common OP units	(148)		_	(148)	(2)
Distributions to non-controlling interests			(67)	(67)	<u> </u>
Changes in ownership and other	(17)		1	(16)	19
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$7,513	\$	7	\$7,520	\$ 147
	Capital				Limited
	of Host L.P.	inte	n-controlling rests	capital	partnership interests of third parties
Balance, December 31, 2017	of Host L.P. \$6,973		U	capital \$7,002	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167
Net income	of Host L.P.	inte	rests	capital	partnership interests of third parties
	of Host L.P. \$6,973	inte	rests	capital \$7,002	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167
Net income	of Host L.P. \$6,973	inte \$	rests	capital \$7,002	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167
Net income Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for	of Host L.P. \$6,973 253	inte \$	rests	capital \$7,002 253	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167 3
Net income Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for comprehensive stock plans, net	of Host L.P. \$6,973 253 (1) (148) 12	inte \$	rests	capital \$7,002 253 (1) (148) 12	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167 3
Net income Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for comprehensive stock plans, net Distributions declared on common OP units	of Host L.P. \$6,973 253 (1) (148) 12 5	inte \$	rests	capital \$7,002 253 (1) (148)	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167 3
Net income Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for comprehensive stock plans, net Distributions declared on common OP units Changes in ownership and other	of Host L.P. \$6,973 253 (1) (148) 12 5 5	inte \$	rests 29 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	capital \$7,002 253 (1) (148) 12	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167 3
Net income Issuance of common OP units to Host Inc. for comprehensive stock plans, net Distributions declared on common OP units Changes in ownership and other Other comprehensive income	of Host L.P. \$6,973 253 (1) (148) 12 5	inte \$	rests	capital \$7,002 253 (1) (148) 12 5	partnership interests of third parties \$ 167 3

On February 19, 2019, Host Inc.'s Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.20 per share on its common stock. The dividend was paid on April 15, 2019 to stockholders of record as of March 29, 2019. Accordingly, Host L.P. made a distribution of \$0.2042988 per unit on its common OP units based on the current conversion ratio.

9. Dispositions

During the first quarter, we sold The Westin New York Grand Central for \$302 million, including approximately \$20 million of FF&E funds, and recorded a gain on sale of \$3 million. Subsequent to quarter end, we sold The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa for \$27 million. The hotel is classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2019.

10. Acquisitions

On February 14, 2019, we acquired the fee simple interest in the 429-room 1 Hotel South Beach for a total purchase price of \$610 million. Consideration included the issuance of \$23 million of preferred OP units that are included in debt, as they are redeemable at the option of the holder, and \$3 million of common OP units which are non-cash investing and financing activities.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

11. Fair Value Measurements

We did not elect the fair value measurement option for any of our other financial liabilities. The fair values of our secured debt and our credit facility are determined based on expected future payments discounted at risk-adjusted rates. Our senior notes are valued based on quoted market prices. The fair values of financial instruments not included in this table are estimated to be equal to their carrying amounts.

The fair value of certain financial liabilities is shown below (in millions):

	March 3 Carrying	31, 2019 g	December 31, 2018 Carrying Amount Fair Value		
	Amount	Fair Value			
Financial liabilities					
Senior notes (Level 1)	\$2,783	\$ 2,868	\$2,782	\$ 2,808	
Credit facility (Level 2)	1,051	1,056	1,049	1,055	

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12. Geographic Information

We consider each of our hotels to be an operating segment, none of which meets the threshold for a reportable segment. We also allocate resources and assess operating performance based on individual hotels. All of our other real estate investment activities (primarily office buildings) are immaterial and, with our operating segments, meet the aggregation criteria. Accordingly, we report one reportable segment: hotel ownership. Our consolidated foreign operations consist of hotels in two countries as of March 31, 2019. There were no intersegment sales during the periods presented.

The following table presents total revenues and property and equipment, net, for each of the geographical areas in which we operate (in millions):

		Property and			
	Total Revenues		Equipment, net		
	Quarter ended		March		
	March 31,		31,	December 31,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
United States	\$1,371	\$1,320	\$10,189	\$ 9,651	
Brazil	6	5	47	49	

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Canada	13	14	60	60	
Mexico		7	_		
Total	\$1,390	\$1,346	\$10,296	\$ 9,760	

13. Non-controlling Interests

Host Inc.'s treatment of the non-controlling interests of Host L.P.: Host Inc. adjusts the non-controlling interests of Host L.P. each period so that the amount presented equals the greater of their carrying value based on accumulated historical cost or their redemption value. The historical cost is based on the proportional relationship between the historical cost of equity held by our common stockholders relative to that of the unitholders of Host L.P. The redemption value is based on the amount of cash or Host Inc. common stock, at our option, that would be paid to the non-controlling interests of Host L.P. if it were terminated. Therefore, the redemption value of the common OP units is equivalent to the number of shares that would be issued upon conversion of the common OP units held by third parties valued at the market price of Host Inc. common stock at the balance sheet date. One common OP unit may be exchanged for 1.021494 shares of Host Inc. common stock. Redeemable non-controlling interests of Host L.P. are classified in the mezzanine section of our balance sheets as they do not meet the requirements for equity classification because the redemption feature requires the delivery of registered shares.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P., AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The table below details the historical cost and redemption values for the non-controlling interests:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Common OP units outstanding (millions)	7.6	7.5
Market price per Host Inc. common share	\$18.90	\$ 16.67
Shares issuable upon conversion of one common OP unit	1.021494	1.021494
Redemption value (millions)	\$147	\$ 128
Historical cost (millions)	80	78
Book value (millions) (1)	147	128

⁽¹⁾ The book value recorded is equal to the greater of redemption value or historical cost.

Other Consolidated Partnerships. We consolidate two majority-owned partnerships that have third-party, non-controlling ownership interests. The third-party partnership interests are included in non-redeemable non-controlling interests — other consolidated partnerships on the balance sheets and totaled \$7 million and \$72 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

14. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business regarding the operation of our hotels and company matters. To the extent not covered by insurance, these legal proceedings generally fall into the following broad categories: disputes involving hotel-level contracts, employment litigation, compliance with laws such as the Americans with Disabilities Act, tax disputes and other general matters. Under our management agreements, our operators have broad latitude to resolve individual hotel-level claims for amounts generally less than \$150,000. However, for matters exceeding such threshold, our operators may not settle claims without our consent.

Based on our analysis of legal proceedings with which we currently are involved or of which we are aware and our experience in resolving similar claims in the past, we have recorded minimal accruals as of March 31, 2019 related to such claims. We have estimated that, in the aggregate, our losses related to these proceedings would not be material. We are not aware of any matters with a reasonably possible unfavorable outcome for which disclosure of a loss contingency is required. No assurances can be given as to the outcome of any pending legal proceedings.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated
financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. Host Inc. operates as a self-managed and
self-administered REIT. Host Inc. is the sole general partner of Host L.P. and holds approximately 99% of its
partnership interests. Host L.P. is a limited partnership operating through an umbrella partnership structure. The
remaining common OP units are owned by various unaffiliated limited partners.

Forward-Looking Statements

In this report on Form 10-Q, we make forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "expect," "may," "intend," "predict," "project," "plan," "will," "estimate" and other similar phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

the effect on lodging demand of (i) changes in national and local economic and business conditions, including concerns about the duration and strength of U.S. economic growth, global economic prospects, consumer confidence and the value of the U.S. dollar, and (ii) factors that may shape public perception of travel to a particular location such as natural disasters, weather, pandemics, changes in the international political climate, and the occurrence or potential occurrence of terrorist attacks, all of which will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services;

the impact of geopolitical developments outside the United States, such as the pace of economic growth in Europe, the effects of the United Kingdom's referendum to withdraw from the European Union, escalating trade tensions between the United States and its trading partners such as China, or conflicts in the Middle East, all of which could affect the relative volatility of global credit markets generally, global travel and lodging demand within the United States:

•risks that U.S. immigration policies and travel ban will suppress international travel to the United States generally; •volatility in global financial and credit markets, and the impact of budget deficits and potential U.S. governmental action to address such deficits through reductions in spending and similar austerity measures, which could materially adversely affect U.S. and global economic conditions, business activity, credit availability, borrowing costs, and lodging demand;

operating risks associated with the hotel business, including the effect of labor stoppages or strikes, increasing operating or labor costs or changes in workplace rules that affect labor costs;

the effect of rating agency downgrades of our debt securities on the cost and availability of new debt financings;

• the reduction in our operating flexibility and the limitation on our ability to pay dividends and make distributions resulting from restrictive covenants in our debt agreements, which limit the amount of distributions from Host L.P. to Host Inc., and other risks associated with the amount of our indebtedness or related to restrictive covenants in our debt agreements, including the risk that a default could occur;

our ability to maintain our properties in a first-class manner, including meeting capital expenditures requirements, and the effect of renovations, including temporary closures, on our hotel occupancy and financial results; the ability of our hotels to compete effectively against other lodging businesses in the highly competitive markets in which we operate in terms of access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; our ability to acquire or develop additional properties and the risk that potential acquisitions or developments may not perform in accordance with our expectations;

relationships with property managers and joint venture partners and our ability to realize the expected benefits of our joint ventures and other strategic relationships;

risks associated with a single manager, Marriott International, managing a significant portion of our properties; changes in the desirability of the geographic regions of the hotels in our portfolio or in the travel patterns of hotel customers;

the ability of third-party internet and other travel intermediaries to attract and retain customers;

our ability to recover fully under our existing insurance policies for terrorist acts and our ability to maintain adequate or full replacement cost "all-risk" property insurance policies on our properties on commercially reasonable terms; the effect of a data breach or significant disruption of hotel operator information technology networks as a result of cyber attacks;

the effects of tax legislative action and other changes in laws and regulations, or the interpretation thereof, including the need for compliance with new environmental and safety requirements;

- the ability of Host Inc. and each of the REITs acquired, established or to be established by Host Inc. to continue to satisfy complex rules in order to qualify as REITs for federal income tax purposes and Host Inc.'s and Host L.P.'s ability and the ability of our subsidiaries, and similar entities to be acquired or established by us, to operate effectively within the limitations imposed by these rules; and
- risks associated with our ability to execute our dividend policy, including factors such as investment activity, operating results and the economic outlook, any or all of which may influence the decision of our board of directors as to whether to pay future dividends at levels previously disclosed or to use available cash to pay special dividends. We undertake no obligation to publicly update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Achievement of future results is subject to risks, uncertainties and potentially inaccurate assumptions, including those risk factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and in other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that we will attain these expectations or that any deviations will not be material.

Operating Results and Outlook

Operating Results

The following table reflects certain line items from our statements of operations and significant operating statistics (in millions, except per share and hotel statistics):

Historical Income Statement Data:

	Quarter ended			
	March 31,			
	2019	2018	Change	9
Total revenues	\$1,390	\$1,346	3.3	%
Net income	189	256	(26.2)%
Operating profit	216	171	26.3	%
Operating profit margin under GAAP	15.5 %	12.7 %	280	bps
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1)	\$406	\$370	9.7	%
Diluted earnings per common share	0.25	0.34	(26.5)%
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share (1)	0.48	0.43	11.6	%

Comparable Hotel Data:

-	2019 Comparable Hotels (2)			
	Quarter ended			
	March 31	,		
	2019	2018	Change	e
Comparable hotel revenues (1)	\$1,184	\$1,182	0.2	%

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Comparable hotel EBITDA (1)	333	326	1.9	%
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (1)	28.1 %	27.6 %	50	bps
Change in comparable hotel RevPAR - Constant US\$	(1.0)%			
Change in comparable hotel RevPAR - Nominal US\$	(1.1)%			
Change in comparable domestic RevPAR	(1.2)%			
Change in comparable international RevPAR - Constant US\$	11.4 %			

⁽¹⁾ EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share and comparable hotel operating results (including comparable hotel revenues and comparable hotel EBITDA and margins) are non-GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles) financial measures within the meaning of the rules of 22

the SEC. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for more information on these measures, including why we believe that these supplemental measures are useful, reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, and the limitations on the use of these supplemental measures.

(2) Comparable hotel operating statistics for 2019 and 2018 are based on 87 hotels as of March 31, 2019.

N/M=Not meaningful.

Revenue

Total revenues improved \$44 million, or 3.3%, for the first quarter, driven by the acquisition of four hotels since March 2018. Comparable revenues increased \$2 million, or 0.2%, for the first quarter. For the quarter, comparable revenue per available room ("RevPAR") on a constant US\$ basis declined 1.0% as a result of a decrease in occupancy of 180 basis points, partially offset by a 1.3% increase in average room rate. For the first quarter, comparable food and beverage revenues remained flat, as banquet and audio/visual sales offset a decline in outlet revenue. Comparable other revenues grew by \$10 million, or 14%, for the first quarter, due to a combination of higher attrition and cancellation fees and resort and destination fees. The acquisition of four hotels since March 2018, partially offset by the sale of five hotels in 2018 and 2019, resulted in an increase in total revenues of \$38 million, or 2.8%, for the first quarter (see "Statement of Operations Results and Trends").

The strongest markets for the quarter were Atlanta and Jacksonville, which had RevPAR increases of 15.8% and 14.2%, respectively. The improvements primarily were the result of the Super Bowl held in Atlanta in February and strong group business in both markets. Our Phoenix and San Francisco/San Jose properties also outperformed the portfolio, with RevPAR increases of 7.5% and 6.1%, respectively. Phoenix benefited from a strong performance at The Phoenician following its recent repositioning, while San Francisco/San Jose's growth was due to a strong increase in average room rates, caused by an increase in citywide events after the completion of the Moscone Convention Center expansion. These strong performances were offset by RevPAR declines at our New York and Chicago properties of 13.2% and 11.5%, respectively. New York was affected by the start of renovations at two hotels, while Chicago suffered from weaker transient and group demand. Our San Diego properties also underperformed the portfolio, with a RevPAR decrease of 4.1%, due to a decline in group room nights caused by the government shutdown and fewer citywide events. Washington D. C. (Central Business District, "CBD") experienced RevPAR growth of 1.2%, despite the government shutdown, due to an increase in transient room nights.

On a constant US\$ basis, RevPAR at our comparable international properties improved 11.4% for the first quarter, primarily due to strong transient and group occupancy growth at our Brazil properties.

Operating profit

Operating profit margin (calculated based on GAAP operating profit as a percentage of GAAP revenues) increased 280 basis points, to 15.5%, for the first quarter. Operating profit margin for the quarter benefited from the addition of higher margin hotels acquired in 2019 and 2018. The operating profit margin also is affected by several other items, including dispositions, depreciation and corporate expenses. Our comparable hotel EBITDA margin, which excludes these items, increased 50 basis points, to 28.1%, for the first quarter of 2019. The comparable margin improvement was driven by an increase in average room rates, improvements in food and beverage profits due to an increase in productivity, an increase in ancillary revenues, benefits from the Marriott merger with Starwood Hotels, and the receipt of operating profit guarantees provided by Marriott, related to the Marriott transformational capital program.

Net income, Adjusted EBITDAre and Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share

Net income declined \$67 million for the quarter, primarily as a result of the decrease in gain on sale of assets, partially offset by the improvement in operating profit. These changes led to a decrease in diluted earnings per share of \$0.09, or 26.5%, for the quarter. Adjusted EBITDAre, which excludes gain on sale of assets and impairment expense, increased \$36 million for the quarter due to the improvements in operating profit discussed above. Adjusted FFO per diluted share increased \$0.05, or 11.6%, for the quarter, primarily reflecting improved operations.

The trends and transactions described for Host Inc. affected similarly the operating results for Host L.P., as the only significant difference between the Host Inc. and the Host L.P. statements of operations relates to the treatment of income attributable to the unaffiliated limited partners of Host L.P.

Outlook

While economic activity remains strong in 2019, downside risks remain. Consensus estimates anticipate real GDP growth of 2.4%, implying growth above the long-term trend, albeit at a slight deceleration from 2018 growth of 2.9%. Similarly, business investment is anticipated to continue increasing above the long-term trend rate, with some deceleration from last year. These economic

indicators, coupled with strong consumer confidence and a robust labor market, have the potential to buoy the corporate and leisure transient travel segments. Additionally, while we have seen some deceleration, the growth in corporate profits remains a positive indicator of economic health. However, slower economic growth abroad could limit increase in equity prices, confidence and pricing power. Specifically, political and trade uncertainty, such as U.S./China trade disputes and Great Britain's exit from the European Union and the stronger U.S. dollar could impact lodging demand.

At the same time, industry supply growth in 2019 is expected to be above the long-term average, but below historical peak levels. Some of our markets, such as New York and Houston, continue to experience above-average supply growth, which has made it more challenging for our operators to grow average rates. Therefore, while we have noted positive economic indicators for overall lodging demand, supply growth and economic uncertainty are expected to constrain overall RevPAR growth for our portfolio.

Based on these trends, we estimate that comparable RevPAR growth for the full year 2019 will be between 0.0% and 2.0% on a constant US\$ basis. While the government shutdown impacted our first quarter results, based on solid macroeconomic indicators and booking activity, we expect business travel to improve as the year progresses and for second half of 2019 results to be stronger than the first half. Disruption due to the Marriott International transformational capital program discussed below is anticipated to reduce comparable hotel RevPAR by approximately 45 basis points in 2019 (in addition to disruptions at our non-comparable hotels). However, the estimated effect to earnings caused by this disruption is offset by Marriott's operating profit guarantees, of which we expect to receive \$23 million in 2019. Despite the outlook discussed above, there can be no assurances that any increases in hotel revenues or earnings at our properties will continue for any number of reasons, including, but not limited to, slower than anticipated growth in the U.S. economy, changes in travel patterns, increased market volatility, escalating trade tensions and international economic and political instability.

Strategic Initiatives

Acquisitions. During the quarter, we acquired the 429-room 1 Hotel South Beach for \$610 million. The resort is the centerpiece of a mixed-use complex that features an additional 155 luxury condominium units whose owners may participate in a rental program with our hotel. The resort features over 600 linear feet of direct beach access, 160,000 square feet of meeting space, eight food and beverage outlets, a spa, a gym, four elevated pools with ocean views, and 23,000 square feet of luxury retail space.

Dispositions. During the quarter, we sold The Westin New York Grand Central hotel for \$302 million, including approximately \$20 million of FF&E replacement funds that will be retained by us. Subsequent to quarter end, we sold The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa for \$27 million. The hotel is classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2019.

Capital Projects. For full year 2019, we expect total capital expenditures of \$550 million to \$625 million. This total amount consists of return on investment ("ROI") projects of approximately \$315 million to \$350 million and renewal and replacement expenditures of \$235 million to \$275 million. ROI projects include approximately \$225 million on ten hotels related to the Marriott transformational capital program discussed below.

During the first quarter of 2019, we spent approximately \$52 million on ROI capital projects and \$58 million on renewal and replacement projects. Significant projects completed during the quarter included a remodeled lobby at The Whitley, Atlanta Buckhead, the renovation of 22,000 square feet of ballroom and meeting space at the Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa, and the renovation of the 24,000 square foot lobby at the JW Marriott Washington, DC.

In collaboration with Marriott International, we initiated a transformational capital program in 2018 on 17 properties that is expected to occur over a four-year period. We believe these investments will make these assets more competitive in their respective markets and will enhance long-term performance through increases in RevPAR and market yield index. To accelerate this process, we agreed to invest amounts in excess of the FF&E reserves required under our management agreements, or approximately an average of \$175 million per year, which amounts are included in the forecast range of 2019 capital expenditures reflected above. In exchange, Marriott has provided additional priority returns on the agreed upon investments and operating profit guarantees of up to \$84 million over the four years to offset expected business disruption. Of the 17 properties included in the program, we have started or expect to start on ten in 2019 and four of the properties are expected to be completed in 2019: the San Francisco Marriott Marquis, New York Marriott Downtown, Coronado Island Marriott and the Santa Clara Marriott.

Results of Operations

The following table reflects certain line items from our statements of operations (in millions, except percentages):

	Quarter ended March 31,			
	2019	2018	Change	e
Total revenues	\$1,390	\$1,346	3.3	%
Operating costs and expenses:				
Property-level costs (1)	1,145	1,147	(0.2))
Corporate and other expenses	29	28	3.6	
Operating profit	216	171	26.3	
Interest expense	43	44	(2.3)
Gain on sale of assets	5	120	(95.8)
Provision for income taxes	2	4	(50.0)
Host Inc.:				
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	3	3	_	
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	186	253	(26.5)
Host L.P.:				
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	1	_	N/M	
Net income attributable to Host L.P.	188	256	(26.6)

Amount represents total operating costs and expenses from our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, less corporate and other expenses.
 N/M=Not meaningful.

Statement of Operations Results and Trends

For the first quarter of 2019, the results of hotels acquired or sold during the comparable periods impacted our year-over-year comparisons. Comparisons of our operations were affected by the acquisition of the 1 Hotel South Beach in February 2019 and a full quarter of results for the three Hyatt hotels acquired in March 2018. These acquisitions were offset by the sale of the Westin New York Grand Central during the first quarter 2019 as well as the disposition of four hotels in 2018. Due to the seasonality of the properties sold, particularly in New York, their first quarter results reflected an overall net loss. The table below presents the net increase/reduction in revenues and earnings due to the results of hotels acquired or sold during the comparable periods, collectively the "Property Transactions" (in millions):

Revenues:		d ch 31,	Change
Acquisitions	\$92	\$2	\$ 90
Dispositions	1	53	(52)
Total revenues	\$93	\$55	\$ 38

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Net income (loss) (excluding gain on sale, net of tax):

i (et meome (1088) (exercicing gam on saie, net or tax).			
Acquisitions	\$25	\$1 \$ 24	ļ
Dispositions	3	(10) 13	3
Net income (loss) (excluding gain on sale, net of tax):	\$28	\$(9) \$ 37	7
25			

Hotel Sales Overview

The following table presents total revenues in accordance with GAAP and includes both comparable and non-comparable hotels (in millions, except percentages):

	Quarter March 3			
	2019	2018	Chang	e
Revenues:				
Rooms	\$857	\$844	1.5	%
Food and beverage	433	413	4.8	
Other	100	89	12.4	
Total revenues	\$1,390	\$1,346	3.3	

Rooms. Total rooms revenues increased \$13 million, or 1.5%, for the quarter. Rooms revenues at our comparable hotels decreased \$8 million, or 1.1%, for the quarter, due to a decrease in occupancy, disruption from renovations at certain hotels and the effect of the government shutdown. The net effect of our Property Transactions was an increase in rooms revenues of \$22 million, or 2.6%, for the quarter.

Food and beverage. Total food and beverage ("F&B") revenues increased \$20 million, or 4.8%, for the quarter. Comparable F&B revenues remained relatively flat, as an increase in banquet and audio-visual revenues was offset by a decline in restaurant and outlet revenues. The net effect of our Property Transactions increased F&B revenues by \$17 million, or 4.1%, for the quarter.

Other revenues. Total other revenues increased \$11 million, or 12.4%, for the quarter. At our comparable hotels, other revenues increased \$10 million, or 14.0%, for the quarter, primarily due to an increase in amenity fees and cancelation fees. Other revenues earned by hotels we recently acquired offset the loss of lease revenue due to the disposition of the New York Marriott Marquis retail space.

Property-level Operating Expenses

The following table presents property-level operating expenses in accordance with GAAP and includes both comparable and non-comparable hotels (in millions, except percentages):

	Quarter ended March 31,			
	2019	2018	Chang	e
Expenses:				
Rooms	\$217	\$224	(3.1)%
Food and beverage	285	278	2.5	
Other departmental and				
support expenses	327	315	3.8	
Management fees	54	54		
Other property-level	92	98	(6.1)

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expenses Depreciation and				
amortization Total property-level	170	178	(4.5)
operating expenses	\$1,145	\$1,147	(0.2)

Our operating costs and expenses, which have both fixed and variable components, are affected by changes in occupancy, inflation, and revenues (which affect management fees), though the effect on specific costs and expenses will differ. Our wages and benefits expenses account for approximately 57% of the operating expenses at our hotels (excluding depreciation). For the first quarter of 2019, wages and benefit expenses increased slightly more than 1% at our comparable hotels due to an overall increase in general wage rates and benefits, in addition to increases due to changes in state, city or local legislation and collective bargaining agreements. Other property-level expenses consist of property taxes, the amounts and structure of which are highly dependent on local jurisdiction taxing authorities, and property and general liability insurance, all of which do not necessarily increase or decrease based on similar changes in revenues at our hotels.

Rooms. Rooms expenses declined \$7 million, or 3.1%, for the first quarter. Our comparable hotels rooms expenses declined \$5 million, or 2.4%, for the quarter, reflecting the decrease in occupancy and lower travel agent commissions. The net effect of our Property Transactions decreased rooms expenses by \$2 million, or 0.9%, for the quarter. The increase in total rooms revenues compared to the decline in rooms expenses was a result of the increased profitability of our recently acquired hotels as well as the seasonality of our disposed hotels discussed above.

Food and beverage. F&B expenses increased \$7 million, or 2.5%, for the quarter. For our comparable hotels, F&B expenses declined slightly for the quarter, reflecting improved food cost as a percentage of revenues and increased productivity. The net effect of our Property Transactions increased F&B expenses by \$7 million, or 2.6%, for the quarter.

Other departmental and support expenses. Other departmental and support expenses increased \$12 million, or 3.8%, for the first quarter. On a comparable hotel basis, other departmental and support expenses increased \$5 million, or 1.8%, for the quarter, primarily due to wage growth. The net effect of our Property Transactions increased other departmental and support expenses by \$8 million, or 2.5%, for the quarter.

Management fees. Base management fees, which generally are calculated as a percentage of total revenues, were flat in the first quarter on both a full portfolio and comparable hotel basis. Incentive management fees, which generally are based on the amount of operating profit at each property after we receive a priority return on our investment, increased \$2 million, or 11.1%, for the quarter. On a comparable hotel basis, incentive management fees increased \$1 million, or 5.7%, for the quarter, reflecting improved operations at certain hotels.

Other property-level expenses. These expenses generally do not vary significantly based on occupancy and include expenses such as property taxes and insurance. Other property level expenses decreased \$6 million, or 6.1%, for the quarter. Other property-level expenses at our comparable hotels decreased \$5 million, or 6.1%, for the quarter, primarily due to the receipt of operating profit guarantees from Marriott under the transformational capital program, in addition to benefits from synergies of the Marriott merger with Starwood Hotels. The net effect of our Property Transactions increased other property-level expenses by \$3 million, or 3.1%, for the quarter.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$8 million, or 4.5%, for the quarter, as a result of the impairment expense recorded in the first quarter of 2018.

Other Income and Expense

Corporate and other expenses. The following table details our corporate and other expenses for the quarter (in millions):

	Quar	ter
	ende	d
	Marc	h 31,
	2019	2018
General and administrative costs	\$25	\$ 25
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	4	3
Total	\$29	\$ 28

Interest expense. Interest expense was relatively flat for the quarter. The following table details our interest expense for the quarter (in millions):

	Quarter	
	ended	
	Marc	h 31,
	2019	2018
Cash interest expense ⁽¹⁾	\$41	\$ 42
Non-cash interest expense	2	2
Total interest expense	\$43	\$ 44

⁽¹⁾ Including the change in accrued interest, total cash interest paid was \$39 million and \$38 million for first quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Gain on sale of assets. During the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, we recognized gain on sale of assets of \$5 million and \$120 million, respectively, each related to the sale of one hotel for the period.

Provision for income taxes. We lease substantially all our properties to consolidated subsidiaries designated as taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS") for federal income tax purposes. The difference between hotel-level operating cash flow and the aggregate rent

paid to Host L.P. by the TRS represents its taxable income or loss, with regard to which we record an income tax provision or benefit. For the quarter, the income tax provision decreased by \$2 million due to a decline in net income for our equity investments.

Comparable Hotel RevPAR Overview

We discuss operating results for our hotels on a comparable basis. Comparable hotels are those properties that we have consolidated for the entirety of the reporting periods being compared. Comparable hotels do not include the results of hotels acquired or sold, that incurred significant property damage or business interruption, or have undergone large scale capital projects during these periods. As of March 31, 2019, 87 of our 93 owned hotels are classified as comparable hotels. See "Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics" for a complete description of our comparable hotels. We also discuss our comparable RevPAR results by geographic location and mix of business (i.e. transient, group, or contract).

Comparable Hotel Sales by Location

The following tables set forth performance information for our comparable hotels by geographic location for the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively:

Comparable Hotels by Location in Constant US\$

		of March	0 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2			0					
	31, 2019		Quarter ended March 31, 2019 Quarter ended March 31, 2018				•				
				Average			Average	:	Percent		
	No.										
	of	No. of	Average	Occupanc	У	Average	Occupar	ncy	Change	in	
Location	Prot	oe Rtoes ms	Room Ra	ıt P ercentag	e RevPAR	Room Ra	t P ercenta	ige RevPAR	RevPA	R	
Maui/Oahu	3	1,682	\$399.24	•	% \$356.00	\$396.73	91.4	% \$362.47	(1.8)%	
Jacksonville	1	446	367.78	78.6	289.04	355.15	71.3	253.14	14.2) 10	
Phoenix	5	2,163	339.86	84.1	285.90	317.94	83.7	266.02	7.5		
Florida Gulf Coast	3	940	328.81	85.0	279.47	323.19	84.6	273.36	2.2		
Los Angeles	4	1,726	223.86	86.5	193.59	230.25	89.2	205.41	(5.8)	
San Francisco/San											
Jose	5	2,353	252.45	76.0	191.79	225.49	80.2	180.76	6.1		
Miami	2	843	210.99	86.9	183.31	207.22	88.5	183.36			
San Diego	4	4,341	235.04	77.4	181.93	231.83	81.9	189.78	(4.1)	
Washington, D.C.											
(CBD)	5	3,238	247.89	73.3	181.79	250.33	71.8	179.63	1.2		
Atlanta	5	1,936	224.73	77.9	175.00	192.08	78.7	151.15	15.8		
New Orleans	1	1,333	209.79	81.6	171.18	197.38	82.7	163.21	4.9		
New York	3	4,259	236.38	72.0	170.27	252.47	77.7	196.18	(13.2)	
Orlando	1	2,004	208.20	79.0	164.41	210.77	81.6	172.05	(4.4)	
San Antonio	2	1,513	196.01	77.4	151.75	198.26	75.7	150.18	1.0		
Orange County	4	1,432	193.05	78.2	150.88	192.00	76.3	146.53	3.0		

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Seattle	2	1,315	194.12	77.4	150.15	201.47	75.1	151.30	(0.8)
Philadelphia	2	810	190.16	78.1	148.48	192.13	83.5	160.48	(7.5)
Houston	4	1,716	182.60	75.8	138.36	178.84	76.5	136.75	1.2	
Northern Virginia	5	1,919	189.73	69.6	132.13	186.56	71.7	133.83	(1.3)
Boston	4	3,185	185.32	68.3	126.54	183.76	70.7	129.97	(2.6)
Denver	3	1,340	161.82	64.7	104.75	152.93	67.5	103.26	1.4	
Chicago	6	2,393	141.59	62.4	88.30	148.46	67.2	99.80	(11.5)
Other	8	3,596	174.04	70.4	122.54	176.71	72.2	127.59	(4.0)
Domestic	82	46,483	227.85	75.5	172.07	224.59	77.5	174.11	(1.2)
		·							Ì	
International	5	1,499	143.88	67.6	97.32	141.14	61.9	87.35	11.4	
All Locations -										
Constant US\$	87	47,982	225.49	75.3	169.74	222.50	77.0	171.40	(1.0)
Comparable Hotels in	n Nomi	nal US\$								
	As c	of March								
	31, 2	2019	Quarter e	nded March	31, 2019	Quarter e	nded Mar	rch 31, 2018		
				Average			Average		Percent	
	No.									
	of	No. of	Average	Occupancy	,	Average	Occupan	ісу	Change	in
			_				-			
	Prop	e Rtoes ms	Room Ra	tercentage	RevPAR	Room Ra	t P ercenta	ge RevPAR	RevPA	R
International	5	1,499	\$143.88	67.6	6 \$97.32	\$153.01	61.9	% \$94.70	2.8	%
Domestic	82	46,483	227.85	75.5	172.07	224.59	77.5	174.11	(1.2)
All Locations	87	47,982	225.49	75.3	169.74	222.79	77.0	171.63	(1.1)
28										

Hotels Sales by Business Mix

The majority of our customers fall into three broad categories: transient, group, and contract business. The information below is derived from business mix data for 85 of our hotels for which business mix data is available from our managers. For additional detail on our business mix, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10 K.

For the quarter, transient and group revenues declined 0.6% and 1.5%, respectively, as both categories experienced a decrease in demand that was partially offset by an increase in rates. Transient demand was down 1.6% for the quarter while rates were up 1%. The decline was driven by a decrease in business travel due to a combination of renovation displacement, a shift in the spring break season and weakness related to the government shutdown. Group demand was down 3.9% for the quarter with rates up 2.5%, with the overall decline primarily due to a decrease in citywide events in some of our largest markets. Contract revenue was up 7.4% for the quarter due to an increase in demand of 1.5% and increase in room rates of 5.8%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity and Capital Resources of Host Inc. and Host L.P. The liquidity and capital resources of Host Inc. and Host L.P. are derived primarily from the activities of Host L.P., which generates the capital required by our business from hotel operations, the incurrence of debt, the issuance of OP units or the sale of properties. Host Inc. is a REIT and its only significant asset is the ownership of partnership interests of Host L.P.; therefore, its financing and investing activities are conducted through Host L.P., except for the issuance of its common and preferred stock. Proceeds from stock issuances by Host Inc. are contributed to Host L.P. in exchange for OP units. Additionally, funds used by Host Inc. to pay dividends or to repurchase its stock are provided by Host L.P. Therefore, while we have noted those areas in which it is important to distinguish between Host Inc. and Host L.P., we have not included a separate discussion of liquidity and capital resources as the discussion below applies to both Host Inc. and Host L.P.

Overview. We look to maintain a capital structure and liquidity profile with an appropriate balance of cash, debt, and equity in order to provide financial flexibility given the inherent volatility of the lodging industry. This strategy has resulted in a lower overall cost of capital, allowing us to complete opportunistic investments and acquisitions and positions us to manage potential declines in operations throughout the lodging cycle. Over the past several years, we have decreased our leverage as measured by our net debt-to-EBITDA ratio and reduced our debt service obligations, leading to an increase in our fixed charge coverage ratio.

We intend to use available cash predominantly for acquisitions or other investments in our portfolio. If we are unable to find appropriate investment opportunities, we will consider other uses, such as a return of capital through dividends or common stock repurchases, the amounts of which will be determined by our operations and other market factors. Significant factors we review to determine the amount and timing of common stock repurchases include our current stock price compared to our determination of the underlying value of our assets, appropriate leverage levels, current and forecast operating results, the completion of hotel sales and cash-on-hand.

We have structured our debt profile to maintain a balanced maturity schedule and to minimize the number of assets that are encumbered by mortgage debt. Currently, none of our consolidated hotels are encumbered by mortgage debt. We have access to multiple types of financing, as substantially all of our debt consists of senior notes and borrowings under our credit facility, none of which are collateralized by specific hotels. We believe that we have sufficient liquidity and access to capital markets in order to take advantage of opportunities to make acquisitions to enhance our portfolio, withstand declines in operating cash flow, pay near-term debt maturities, and fund our capital expenditures

programs. We may continue to access capital markets if favorable conditions exist in order to enhance our liquidity and to fund cash needs.

Cash Requirements. We use cash for acquisitions, capital expenditures, debt payments, operating costs, and corporate and other expenses, as well as for dividends and distributions to stockholders and OP unitholders and stock and OP unit repurchases. As a REIT, Host Inc. is required to distribute to its stockholders at least 90% of its taxable income, excluding net capital gain, on an annual basis. On April 15, 2019, we paid a dividend of \$0.20 per share on Host Inc.'s common stock, which totaled approximately \$148 million. We have no significant debt maturities until 2020.

Capital Resources. As of March 31, 2019, we had \$1,082 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$191 million in our FF&E escrow reserve and \$944 million of available capacity remaining under the revolver portion of our credit facility. We depend primarily on external sources of capital to finance growth, including acquisitions. As a result, the liquidity and debt capacity provided by our credit facility and the ability to issue senior unsecured debt are key components of our capital structure. Our financial flexibility (including our ability to incur debt, make distributions and make investments) is contingent on our ability to maintain compliance with

the financial covenants of such indebtedness, which include, among other things, the allowable amounts of leverage, interest coverage and fixed charges.

If, at any time, we determine that market conditions are favorable, after considering our liquidity requirements, we may cause Host L.P. to issue senior notes or debentures exchangeable for shares of Host Inc. common stock, Given the total amount of our debt and our maturity schedule, we will continue to redeem or refinance senior notes from time to time, taking advantage of favorable market conditions. In February 2019, Host Inc.'s Board of Directors authorized repurchases of up to \$250 million of senior notes other than in accordance with their respective terms, of which the entire amount remains available under this authority. We may purchase senior notes for cash through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, a tender offer or, in some cases, through the early redemption of such securities pursuant to their terms. Repurchases of debt will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. Any refinancing or retirement before the maturity date will affect earnings and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as a result of the payment of any applicable call premiums and the accelerated expensing of previously deferred financing costs. In addition, while we intend to use any available cash predominantly for acquisitions or other investments in our hotel portfolio, to the extent that we do not identify appropriate investments, we may elect in the future to use available cash for other purposes, including share repurchases, subject to market conditions. Accordingly, considering our priorities in managing our capital structure and liquidity profile and given prevailing conditions and relative pricing in the capital markets, we may, at any time, subject to applicable securities laws, be considering, or be in discussions with respect to, the repurchase or issuance of exchangeable debentures and/or senior notes or the repurchase or sale of common stock. Any such transactions may, subject to applicable securities laws, occur simultaneously.

In order to have the flexibility to engage in repurchases and/or sales of common stock, depending upon prevailing market conditions, the following programs currently are in place. First, through a distribution agreement entered into in May 2018, we may issue and sell, from time to time, shares of common stock having a combined aggregate offering price of up to \$500 million. The sales will be made in "at the market" offerings under SEC rules, including sales made directly on the NYSE. No shares were sold in the first quarter of 2019. Additionally, in February 2017, Host Inc.'s Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$500 million of Host Inc. common stock. The common stock may be purchased from time to time depending upon market conditions, and may be purchased in the open market or through private transactions or by other means, including through trading plans designed to comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The program does not obligate us to repurchase any specific number or any specific dollar amount of shares and may be suspended at any time at our discretion. We have not repurchased any shares under this program.

Sources and Uses of Cash. Our sources of cash generally include cash from operations, proceeds from debt and equity issuances, and proceeds from asset sales. Uses of cash include acquisitions, capital expenditures, operating costs, debt repayments, and repurchases of and distributions to equity holders.

Cash Provided by Operations. Net cash provided by operations decreased \$41 million to \$207 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018 due primarily to the payment of 2018 federal and state corporate income taxes in the first quarter of 2019.

Cash Used in Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities was \$428 million during the first quarter of 2019 compared to \$955 million for the first quarter of 2018. Cash used in investing activities during the first quarter of 2019 consisted of the acquisition of the 1 Hotel South Beach, while the first quarter of 2018 included the acquisition of a portfolio of three Hyatt hotels. We also spent approximately \$110 million on capital expenditures for the first quarter of 2019 compared to \$115 million in the first quarter of 2018. Cash provided by investing activities consisted of proceeds from the disposition of one hotel in the first quarter in each of 2019 and 2018.

The following tables summarize significant acquisitions and dispositions that have been completed as of May 1, 2019 (in millions):

Transaction	Date Description of Transaction	Investment
Acquisition	ns	
February	2019 1 Hotel South Beach ⁽¹⁾	\$ (610)
	Total acquisitions	\$ (610)

⁽¹⁾ Investment includes the issuance of \$26 million of preferred and common OP units.

		N	et	
Transaction	Date Description of Transaction	Pr	oceeds(1)	Sales Price
Disposition	S			
April	2019 The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa	\$	27	\$ 27
January	2019 The Westin New York Grand Central		276	302
	Total dispositions	\$	303	

⁽¹⁾ Proceeds are net of transfer taxes, other sales costs and FF&E replacement funds deposited directly to the property or hotel manager by the purchaser.

Cash Used in Financing Activities. In the first quarter of 2019, net cash used in financing activities was \$261 million compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$119 million in the first quarter of 2018. Cash used in financing activities in the first quarters of 2019 and 2018 primarily consisted of dividend payments and distributions. Cash provided by financing activities in the first quarter of 2018 included draws on the credit facility.

The following table summarizes significant equity transactions that have been completed through May 1, 2019 (in millions):

Transaction Date Equity of Host Inc.	Description of Transaction	Transaction Amount	n
January - April	2019 Dividend payments (1)(2)	\$ (334)
•	Cash payments on equity transactions	\$ (334)

⁽¹⁾ In connection with the dividend payments, Host L.P. made distributions of \$337 million to its common OP unit holders.

As of March 31, 2019, our total debt was \$3.9 billion, with a weighted average interest rate of 4.3% and a weighted average maturity of 3.9 years. Additionally, 73% of our debt has a fixed rate of interest and none of our hotels are encumbered by mortgage debt.

Financial Covenants

⁽²⁾ Includes the fourth quarter 2018 dividend that was paid in January 2019. Debt

Credit Facility Covenants. Our credit facility contains certain important financial covenants concerning allowable leverage, unsecured interest coverage, and required fixed charge coverage. Total debt used in the calculation of our leverage ratio is based on a "net debt" concept, under which cash and cash equivalents in excess of \$100 million are deducted from our total debt balance for purposes of measuring compliance. To the extent that no amounts are outstanding under the credit facility, breaching these covenants is not an event of default thereunder.

We are in compliance with all of our financial covenants under the credit facility. The following table summarizes the results of the financial tests required by the credit facility as of March 31, 2019:

Covenant Requirement

	Actual Ratio	for all years
Leverage ratio	1.9	Maximum ratio of 7.25x
Fixed charge coverage ratio	6.3	Minimum ratio of 1.25x
Unsecured interest coverage ratio (1)	9.9	Minimum ratio of 1.75x

(1) If, at any time, our leverage ratio exceeds 7.0x, our minimum unsecured interest coverage ratio will be reduced to 1.5x.

Senior Notes Indenture Covenants

Covenants for Senior Notes Issued After We Attained an Investment Grade Rating

We are in compliance with all of the financial covenants applicable to our Series D, Series E, Series F and Series G senior notes. The following table summarizes the results of the financial tests required by the senior notes indentures for our Series D, Series E, Series F and Series G senior notes and our actual credit ratios as of March 31, 2019:

	Actual Ratio	Covenant Requirement
		Minimum ratio of
Unencumbered assets tests	535	% 150%
Total indebtedness to total assets	19	% Maximum ratio of 65%
Secured indebtedness to total assets	0	% Maximum ratio of 40%
EBITDA-to-interest coverage ratio	9.5	x Minimum ratio of 1.5x

Covenants for Senior Notes Issued Before We Attained an Investment Grade Rating

The terms of our senior notes that were issued before we attained an investment grade rating contained provisions providing that many of the restrictive covenants in the senior notes indenture would not apply should Host L.P. attain an investment grade rating. Accordingly, because our senior notes currently are rated investment grade by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's, the covenants in our senior notes indenture (for all series prior to the Series D senior notes) that previously limited our ability to incur indebtedness or pay dividends no longer are applicable. Even if we were to lose the investment grade rating, however, we would be in compliance with all of our financial covenants under the senior notes indenture. The following table summarizes the actual credit ratios for our existing senior notes (other than the Series D, Series E, Series F and Series G senior notes) as of March 31, 2019 and the covenant requirements contained in the senior notes indenture that would be applicable at such times as our existing senior notes no longer are rated investment grade by either Moody's or Standard & Poor's:

	Actual Ratio*		Covenant Requirement		
			Minimum ratio of		
Unencumbered assets tests	535	%	125%		
Total indebtedness to total assets	19	%	Maximum ratio of 65%		
Secured indebtedness to total assets	0	%	Maximum ratio of 45%		
EBITDA-to-interest coverage ratio	9.5	X	Minimum ratio of 2.0x		

^{*}Because of differences in the calculation methodology between our Series D, Series E, Series F and Series G senior notes and our other senior notes with respect to covenant ratios, our actual ratios for the two sets of senior notes differ slightly.

For additional detail on our credit facility and senior notes, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Dividend Policy

Host Inc. is required to distribute at least 90% of its annual taxable income, excluding net capital gain, to its stockholders in order to maintain its qualification as a REIT. Funds used by Host Inc. to pay dividends on its common stock are provided by distributions from Host L.P. As of March 31, 2019, Host Inc. is the owner of approximately 99% of the Host L.P. common OP units. The remaining common OP units are owned by unaffiliated limited partners. Each Host L.P. OP unit may be redeemed for cash or, at the election of Host Inc., Host Inc. common stock based on the conversion ratio. The conversion ratio is 1.021494 shares of Host Inc. common stock for each Host L.P. OP unit.

Investors should consider the non-controlling interest in the Host L.P. common OP units when analyzing dividend payments by Host Inc. to its stockholders, as these common OP unitholders share, on a pro rata basis, in cash distributed by Host L.P. to all of its common OP unitholders. For example, if Host Inc. paid a \$1 per share dividend on its common stock, it would be based on the payment of a \$1.021494 per common OP unit distribution by Host L.P. to Host Inc., as well as to the other Host L.P. common OP unitholders.

Host Inc.'s policy on common dividends generally is to distribute, over time, 100% of its taxable income, which primarily is dependent on Host Inc.'s results of operations, as well as tax gains and losses on property sales. Host Inc. paid a regular quarterly cash

dividend of \$0.20 per share on its common stock on April 15, 2019 to stockholders of record on March 29, 2019. The \$0.20 per share dividend represents Host Inc.'s intended regular quarterly cash dividend for the next several quarters, subject to Board approval. While Host Inc. intends to use available cash predominantly for acquisitions or other investments in its portfolio, to the extent that we do not identify appropriate investments, we may decide in the future, subject to market conditions, to use available cash for other purposes, such as common stock repurchases or increased dividends, the amount of which dividends could be in excess of taxable income. Any special dividend will be subject to Board approval.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of our financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. While we do not believe that the reported amounts would be materially different, application of these policies involves the exercise of judgment and the use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates on experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. All of our significant accounting policies, including certain critical accounting policies, are disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. For a detailed discussion of the new accounting standards, see "Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in this quarterly report.

Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we present certain operating statistics (i.e., RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this report on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance.

Because these statistics and operating results relate only to our hotel properties, they exclude results for our non-hotel properties and other real estate investments. We define our comparable hotels as properties:

- (i) that are owned or leased by us and the operations of which are included in our consolidated results for the entirety of the reporting periods being compared; and
- (ii) that have not sustained substantial property damage or business interruption, or undergone large-scale capital projects (as defined further below) during the reporting periods being compared.

The hotel business is capital-intensive and renovations are a regular part of the business. Generally, hotels under renovation remain comparable hotels. A large-scale capital project that would cause a hotel to be excluded from our comparable hotel set is an extensive renovation of several core aspects of the hotel, such as rooms, meeting space, lobby, bars, restaurants, and other public spaces. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are taken into consideration in determining if the renovation would cause a hotel to be removed from the comparable hotel set, including unusual or exceptional circumstances such as: a reduction or increase in room count, rebranding, a significant alteration of the business operations, or the closing of the hotel during the renovation.

We do not include an acquired hotel in our comparable hotel set until the operating results for that hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year. For example, we acquired the 1 Hotel South Beach in February of 2019. The hotel will not be included in our comparable hotel set until January 1, 2021. Hotels that we sell are excluded from the comparable hotel set once the transaction has closed. Similarly, hotels are excluded from our comparable hotel set from the date that they sustain substantial property damage or business interruption or commence a large-scale capital project. In each case, these hotels are returned to the comparable hotel set when the operations of

the hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year after completion of the repair of the property damage or cessation of the business interruption, or the completion of large-scale capital projects, as applicable.

Of the 93 hotels that we owned on March 31, 2019, 87 have been classified as comparable hotels. The operating results of the following hotels that we owned as of March 31, 2019 are excluded from comparable hotel results for these periods:

Andaz Maui at Wailea Resort (acquired in March 2018);

- Grand Hyatt San Francisco (acquired in March 2018);
- Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa (acquired in March 2018);
- 4 Hotel South Beach (acquired in February 2019);

The Ritz-Carlton, Naples, removed in the second quarter of 2018 (business interruption due to extensive renovations, including restoration of the façade that required closure of the hotel for over two months, coordinated with renovation and expansion of restaurant areas and renovation to the spa and ballrooms); and

San Francisco Marriott Marquis, removed in the third quarter of 2018 (business interruption due to renovations of guestrooms, ballrooms, meeting space, and extensive renovations of the main lobby).

The operating results of 5 hotels disposed of in 2019 and 2018 are not included in comparable hotel results for the periods presented herein.

CONSTANT US\$ AND NOMINAL US\$

Operating results denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the prevailing exchange rates on the date of the transaction, or monthly based on the weighted average exchange rate for the period. For comparative purposes, we also present the RevPAR results for the prior year assuming the results of our foreign operations were translated using the same exchange rates that were effective for the comparable periods in the current year, thereby eliminating the effect of currency fluctuation for the year-over-year comparisons. We believe that this presentation is useful to investors as it provides clarity with respect to the growth in RevPAR in the local currency of the hotel consistent with the manner in which we would evaluate our domestic portfolio. However, the estimated effect of changes in foreign currency has been reflected in the actual and forecast results of net income, EBITDA, earnings per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share. Nominal US\$ results include the effect of currency fluctuations, consistent with our financial statement presentation.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. These measures include the following:

Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA"), Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for real estate ("EBITDAre") and Adjusted EBITDAre, as a measure of performance for Host Inc. and Host L.P.,

Funds From Operations ("FFO") and FFO per diluted share, both calculated in accordance with National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") guidelines and with certain adjustments from those guidelines, as a measure of performance for Host Inc., and

Comparable hotel operating results, as a measure of performance for Host Inc. and Host L.P.

The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

Set forth below for each such non-GAAP financial measure is a reconciliation of the measure with the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP that we consider most directly comparable thereto. We also have included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 further explanations of the adjustments being made, a statement disclosing the reasons why we believe the presentation of each of the non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations, the additional purposes for which we use the non-GAAP financial measures and limitations on their use.

EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

EBITDA

EBITDA is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of our capital structure (primarily interest expense) and our asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners who are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and dispositions and, like FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for compensation programs.

EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of our results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to what is used in calculating certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre:

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the company's current operating performance. The last such adjustment was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.

The following table provides a reconciliation of EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre to net income, the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP that we consider the most directly comparable:

Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre for Host Inc. and Host L.P.

(in millions)

Quarter ended

March 31, 2019 2018 \$189 \$256

Net income

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Interest expense	43	44
Depreciation and amortization	170	170
Income taxes	2	4
EBITDA	404	474
Gain on dispositions (1)	(2)	(119)
Non-cash impairment expense	_	8
Equity investment adjustments:		
Equity in earnings of Euro JV (2)	_	(2)
Equity in earnings of affiliates other than Euro JV	(5)	(8)
Pro rata EBITDAre of Euro JV (2)	_	7
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments other than Euro JV	9	10
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	\$406	\$370

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the sale of one hotel in each of 2019 and 2018.

(2) Represents our share of earnings and pro rata EBITDAre from the European Joint Venture ("Euro JV"). Our approximate one-third non-controlling interest was sold on December 21, 2018. FFO Measures

We present NAREIT FFO and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as non-GAAP measures of our performance in addition to our earnings per share (calculated in accordance with GAAP). We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share as our NAREIT FFO (defined as set forth below) for a given operating period, as adjusted for the effect of dilutive securities, divided by the number of fully diluted shares outstanding during such period in accordance with NAREIT guidelines. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT's definition of FFO included in NAREIT's Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. The adoption did not result in a change in the way we calculate NAREIT FFO. NAREIT defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments and adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates. Adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated to reflect our pro rata share of the FFO of those entities on the same basis.

We also present Adjusted FFO per diluted share when evaluating our performance because management believes that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. Management historically has made the adjustments detailed below in evaluating our performance, in our annual budget process, and for our compensation programs. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted FFO per diluted share, when combined with both the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share and FFO per diluted share as defined by NAREIT, provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's complete understanding of our operating performance. We adjust NAREIT FFO per diluted share for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO per diluted share:

- Gains and Losses on the Extinguishment of Debt We exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of the write-off of deferred financing costs from the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired and incremental interest expense incurred during the refinancing period. We also exclude the gains on debt repurchases and the original issuance costs associated with the retirement of preferred stock. We believe that these items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust NAREIT FFO for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of our current operating performance. For example, in 2017, as a result of the reduction of corporate income tax rates from 35% to 21% caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, we remeasured our domestic deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2017 and recorded a one-time adjustment to reduce the deferred tax assets and increase the provision for income taxes by approximately \$11 million. We do not consider this adjustment to be reflective of our ongoing operating performance and therefore excluded this item from Adjusted FFO.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the differences between our non-GAAP financial measures, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO (separately and on a per diluted share basis), and net income, the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP that we consider most directly comparable:

Host Inc. Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to

NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share

(in millions, except per share amount)

	Quarte March 2019	31,		
Net income	\$189	\$	\$256	
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(3)	(3)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	186		253	
Adjustments:				
Gain on dispositions (1)	(2)	(119)
Depreciation and amortization	169		169	
Non-cash impairment expense	—		8	
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(5)	(10)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments	9		16	
Consolidated partnership adjustments:				
FFO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships	1			
FFO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P.	(2)	(1)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	\$356	\$	316	
For calculation on a per share basis ⁽²⁾ :				
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	740.8	3	739.6	5
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.25	\$	5.34	
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$.48	\$	5.43	

Comparable Hotel Operating Results

We present certain operating results of our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a comparable hotel, or "same store," basis as supplemental information for investors. For an explanation of which properties we consider to be "comparable hotels," see "Comparable Hotel

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the corresponding footnote on the Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre for Host Inc. and Host L.P.

⁽²⁾ Earnings per diluted share and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share are adjusted for the effects of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred OP units held by non-controlling partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partner interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for securities if they are anti-dilutive.

Operating Statistics" above.

The following tables present certain operating results and statistics for our comparable hotels for the periods presented herein and a reconciliation of the differences between comparable hotel EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, and net income, the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP that we consider most directly comparable. Similar reconciliations of the differences between (i) comparable hotel revenues and (ii) our revenues as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP (each of which is used in the applicable margin calculation), and between (iii) comparable hotel expenses and (iv) operating costs and expenses as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, are also included in the reconciliation:

Comparable Hotel Results for Host Inc. and Host L.P.

(in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quarter ended			
	March	31,		
	2019		2018	
Number of hotels	87		87	
Number of rooms	47,98	2	47,98	2
Change in comparable hotel RevPAR -				
Constant US\$	(1.0)%	_	
Nominal US\$	(1.1)%		
Operating profit margin (1)	15.5	%	12.7	%
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (1)	28.1	%	27.6	%
Food and beverage profit margin (1)	34.2	%	32.7	%
Comparable hotel food and beverage profit margin (1)	34.3	%	34.2	%
Net income	\$189		\$256	
Depreciation and amortization	170		178	
Interest expense	43		44	
Provision for income taxes	2		4	
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense	11		(105)
Non-comparable hotel results, net (2)	(82)	(51)
Comparable hotel EBITDA	\$333		\$326	

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	Depreciation					Depreciation				
	Non-comparable N					Non-co	Non-compadable			
		hotel	corporate	Comparab	ole	hotel	corporate	Comparable		
	GAAP	results,	level	Hotel	GAAP	results,	level	Hotel		
	Results	net (2)	items	Results	Results	net (2)	items	Results		
Revenues										
Room	\$857	\$(124)	\$ —	\$ 733	\$844	\$(103)	\$ —	\$ 741		
Food and beverage	433	(61)	_	372	413	(41)	_	372		
Other	100	(21)	_	79	89	(20)		69		
Total revenues	1,390	(206)	_	1,184	1,346	(164)	_	1,182		
Expenses										
Room	217	(29)	_	188	224	(31)	_	193		
Food and beverage	285	(41)	_	244	278	(33)	_	245		
Other	473	(54)	_	419	467	(49)	_	418		
Depreciation and amortization	170		(170) —	178	_	(178) —		
Corporate and other expenses	29		(29) —	28	_	(28) —		
Total expenses	1,174	(124)	(199) 851	1,175	(113)	(206) 856		
Operating Profit - Comparable										
Hotel EBITDA	\$216	\$(82)	\$ 199	\$ 333	\$171	\$(51)	\$ 206	\$ 326		

⁽¹⁾ Profit margins are calculated by dividing the applicable operating profit by the related revenue amount. GAAP profit margins are calculated using amounts presented in the consolidated statements of operations. Comparable hotel margins are calculated using amounts presented in the above tables.

⁽²⁾ Non-comparable hotel results, net includes the following items: (i) the results of operations of our non-comparable hotels and sold hotels, which operations are included in our consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations, and (ii) the results of our office spaces and other non-hotel income.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk All information in this section applies to Host Inc. and Host L.P.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, 73% of our outstanding debt bore interest at fixed rates. To manage interest rate risk applicable to our debt, we may enter into interest rate swaps or caps. The interest rate derivatives into which we enter are strictly to hedge interest rate risk, and are not for trading purposes. The percentages above reflect the effect of any derivatives into which we have entered to manage interest rate risk. No interest rate hedging transactions were entered into during the first quarter of 2019. See Item 7A of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10–K.

Exchange Rate Sensitivity

As we have operations outside of the United States (specifically, the ownership of hotels in Brazil and Canada and a minority investment in a joint venture in India), currency exchange risks arise in the normal course of our business. To manage the currency exchange risk, we may enter into forward or option contracts or hedge our investment through the issuance of foreign currency denominated debt. We have one foreign currency forward sale contract with a notional amount of CAD25 million (\$19 million). No forward purchase contracts were entered into during the first quarter of 2019.

The foreign currency exchange agreement into which we have entered is strictly to hedge foreign currency risk and not for trading purposes. In addition to the forward sale contract, we have designated \$10 million of the foreign currency draws on our credit facility as hedges of net investments in foreign operations. As a result, currency translation adjustments in the designated credit facility draws are recorded to other comprehensive income (loss), which adjustments offset a portion of the translation adjustment related to our international investments.

See Item 7A of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures Controls and Procedures (Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.)

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes to Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Controls and Procedures (Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.)

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including Host Inc.'s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, Host Inc.'s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes to Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities (Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.)

On February 22, 2017, Host Inc. announced a program to repurchase up to \$500 million of common stock. The common stock may be purchased from time to time depending upon market conditions, and repurchases may be made in the open market or through private transactions or by other means, including principal transactions with various financial institutions, like accelerated share repurchases, forwards, options and similar transactions, and through one or more trading plans designed to comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The program does not obligate us to repurchase any specific number of shares or any specific dollar amount and may be suspended at any time at our discretion. No repurchases were made in the first quarter of 2019.

					Approximate Dollar Value
					of
			Total		
			Number	of	Common
			Common	ı	Shares that
			Shares		May Yet Be
	Total	Average	Purchase	ed	Purchased
	Number of	Price	as Part o	f	Under the
	Host Inc.	Paid	Publicly		Plans or
	Common	per	Announc	ed	Programs
	Shares	Common	n Plans or		
Period	Purchased	Share	Program	S	(in millions)
January 1, 2019 – January 31, 2019	_	\$	_	_	\$ 500
February 1, 2019 – February 28, 2019	_		_	—	500
March 1, 2019 – March 31, 2019	_		_	_	500
Total	_	\$			\$ 500

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities (Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.)

7,523

February 28, 2019

			Total Number	r AppP oximate Dollar Valu
			Units Purchas	se d falJPrint that May Yet Be
			of Publicly A	nrRumbaded Under the
	Total Numb	per of Average Price	Plans	Plans
Period	OP Units P	urchaseid per Unit	or Programs	or Programs (in millions)
January 1, 2019 – Janu	ıary	1.021494 shares of Host Hotels &	<u> </u>	
31, 2019	24,925	* Resorts, Inc. common stock		
February 1, 2019 –		1.021494 shares of Host Hotels &		

* Resorts, Inc. common stock

March 1, 2019 – March		1.021494 shares of Host Hotels &	_	
31, 2019	379	* Resorts, Inc. common stock		
Total	32,827			

^{*}Reflects common OP units redeemed by holders in exchange for shares of Host Inc's common stock.

Item 6. Exhibits

In reviewing the agreements included as exhibits to this report, please remember they are included to provide you with information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about the company, its subsidiaries or other parties to the agreements. The agreements contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and:

- should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;
- have been qualified by disclosures that were made to other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;
- may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to you or other investors; and
- were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or date as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.

Accordingly, these representation and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as the date they were made or at any other time.

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed as part of this report and such Exhibit Index is incorporated herein by reference.

Exhibit No.	Description
31	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.
31.3*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.
31.4*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.
32	Section 1350 Certifications
32.1†*	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.
32.2†*	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.
101	XBRL

101.INS	XBRL Instance Document. Submitted electronically with this report.	
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. Submitted electronically with this report.	
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document. Submitted electronically with this report.	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. Submitted electronically with this report.	
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document. Submitted electronically with this report.	
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document. Submitted electronically with this report. Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following documents formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Quarter ended		
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March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.; (vi) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.; (vii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.; (viii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Quarter ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.; and (ix) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements that have been detail tagged.

*Filed herewith.

This certificate is being furnished solely to accompany the report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

May 3, 2019 /S/ BRIAN G. MACNAMARA

Brian G. Macnamara

Senior Vice President,

Corporate Controller

(Principal Accounting Officer and duly authorized officer)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, L.P.

By: HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC., its general partner

May 3, 2019 /S/ BRIAN G. MACNAMARA

Brian G. Macnamara

Senior Vice President,

Corporate Controller of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.,

general partner of Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.

(Principal Accounting Officer and duly authorized officer)