## ROSS STORES INC

Form 10-Q
September 05, 2012

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)
X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 28, 2012
or
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission file number: $\underline{0-14678}$

## Ross Stores, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

## Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

4440 Rosewood Drive, Pleasanton, California
(Address of principal executive offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code
Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $X$ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ( $\$ 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes $X$ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer X Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No $X$

The number of shares of Common Stock, with $\$ .01$ par value, outstanding on August 16, 2012 was 223,927,978.

1

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings



## Weighted average shares outstanding (000)

| Basic | 220,065 | 227,305 | 220,585 | 228,417 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diluted | 223,605 | 231,176 | 224,289 | 232,407 |


| Dividends |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash dividends declared per share | \$ | 0.14 | \$ | 0.11 | \$ | 0.14 | \$ | 0.11 |
| Stores open at end of period |  | 1,174 |  | 1,091 |  | 1,174 |  | 1,091 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011
(Unaudited)

## Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation. The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the records of Ross Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company ) without audit and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting of only normal, recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, the results of operations and comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, and cash flows for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of January 28, 2012, presented herein, has been derived from the Company s audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year then ended.

Accounting policies followed by the Company are described in Note A to the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2012. Certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted for purposes of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, including notes thereto, contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2012.

The results of operations and comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011 presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

Stock dividend. On December 15, 2011 the Company issued a two-for-one stock split in the form of a 100 percent stock dividend. All share and per share amounts have been adjusted for the two-for-one stock split effective December 15, 2011.

Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments. The Company has restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments to serve as collateral for certain of the Company s insurance obligations. These restricted funds are invested in bank deposits, money market mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and corporate securities and cannot be withdrawn from the Company s account without the prior written consent of the secured parties. As of July 28, 2012, the Company had total restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments of $\$ 71.7$ million of which $\$ 20.1$ million and $\$ 51.6$ million were included in prepaid expenses and other and other long-term assets, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of July 30, 2011, the Company had total restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments of $\$ 73.5$ million of which $\$ 19.8$ million and $\$ 53.7$ million were included in prepaid expenses and other and other long-term assets, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. The classification between current and long-term is based on the timing of expected payments of the secured insurance obligations.

Estimated fair value of financial instruments. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, short- and long-term investments, restricted cash and cash equivalents, restricted investments, accounts receivable, other long-term assets, accounts payable, and other long-term liabilities approximates their estimated fair value. Cash and cash equivalents were $\$ 721.0$ million, $\$ 649.8$ million, and $\$ 512.7$ million at July 28, 2012, January 28, 2012, and July 30, 2011, respectively, and include bank deposits and money market funds for which the fair value was determined using quoted prices for identical assets in active markets, which are considered to be Level 1 inputs under the fair value measurements and disclosures guidance.

Sales Mix. The Company s sales mix is shown below for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011:

|  | Three Months |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ended |  |$\quad$| Six Months Ended |
| :---: |
| July 28, |

Dividends. Dividends included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows reflect dividends paid during the periods shown. Dividends per share reported on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings reflect dividends declared during the periods shown. In January and May 2012, the Company s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of $\$ .14$ per common share that was paid in March and June 2012, respectively. In January, May, August, and November 2011, the Company s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of $\$ .11$ per common share that was paid in March, June, September, and December 2011, respectively.

In August 2012, the Company s Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of $\$ .14$ per common share, payable on September 28, 2012.

Revenue recognition. The Company recognizes revenue at the point of sale and maintains an allowance for estimated future returns. Sales of gift cards are deferred until they are redeemed for the purchase of Company merchandise. The Company s gift cards do not have expiration dates. Based upon historical redemption rates, a small percentage of gift cards will never be redeemed, which represents breakage. The Company recognizes income from gift card breakage as a reduction of operating expenses when redemption by a customer is considered to be remote. Income recognized from breakage was not significant for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011. Sales tax collected is not recognized as revenue and is included in accrued expenses and other until paid.

Provision for litigation costs and other legal proceedings. Like many California retailers, the Company has been named in class action lawsuits alleging violation of wage and hour and other employment laws. Class action litigation remains pending as of July 28, 2012.

The Company is also party to various other legal and regulatory proceedings arising in the normal course of business. Actions filed against the Company include commercial, product and product safety, customer, intellectual property, and labor and employment-related claims, including lawsuits in which private plaintiffs or governmental agencies allege that the Company violated state or federal laws. Actions against the Company are in various procedural stages. Many of these proceedings raise factual and legal issues and are subject to uncertainties.

In the opinion of management, the resolution of pending class action litigation and other currently pending legal proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

## Note B: Investments and Restricted Investments

The amortized cost and fair value of the Company s available-for-sale securities as of July 28, 2012 were:

| (\$000) | Amortized |  | Unrealized gains |  | Unrealized losses |  | Fair value |  |  | Short-term |  | Long-term |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities | \$ | 5,104 | \$ | 490 |  | \$ (45) |  |  | 5,549 |  | \$ 1,424 |  | 4,125 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 425 |  | 22 |  | - |  |  | 447 |  | 32 |  | 415 |
| Total investments |  | 5,529 |  | 512 |  | (45) |  |  | 5,996 |  | 1,456 |  | 4,540 |
| Restricted Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities |  | 1,358 |  | 67 |  | - |  |  | 1,425 |  | 255 |  | 1,170 |
| U.S. government and agency securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3,759 |  | 468 |  | - |  |  | 4,227 |  | - |  | 4,227 |
| Total restricted investments |  | 5,117 |  | 535 |  | - |  |  | 5,652 |  | 255 |  | 5,397 |
| Total | \$ | 10,646 | \$ | 1,047 | \$ | (45) | \$ |  | 11,648 | \$ | 1,711 | \$ | 9,937 |

The amortized cost and fair value of the Company s available-for-sale securities as of January 28, 2012 were:

| (\$000) | Amortized cost |  | Unrealized gains |  | Unrealized losses |  | Fair value |  | Short-term |  |  | Long-term |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities | \$ | 5,080 | \$ | \$ 501 |  | \$ (78) |  | 5,503 |  | \$ | 401 | \$ | 5,102 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 728 |  | 29 |  |  |  | 757 |  |  | 257 |  | 500 |
| Total investments |  | 5,808 |  | 530 |  | (78) |  | 6,260 |  |  | 658 |  | 5,602 |
| Restricted Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities | 1,357 |  | 94 |  | - |  | 1,451 |  |  | - |  | 1,451 |  |
| U.S. government and agency securities |  |  | 431 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3,769 |  |  |  | 4,200 |  |  | - |  | 4,200 |
| Total restricted investments |  | 5,126 | 525 |  |  |  | - |  | 5,651 |  | - |  |  |  | 5,651 |
| Total | \$ | 10,934 | \$ | 1,055 | \$ | (78) | \$ | 11,911 | \$ |  | 8 | \$ | 11,253 |

The amortized cost and fair value of the Company s available-for-sale securities as of July 30, 2011 were:

| AmortizedUnrealized Unrealized |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$000) | cost | gains | losses | Fair value |  | Short-term |  | Long-term |  |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities | \$ 5,818 | \$ | \$ (52) | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,298 \\ 904 \end{array}$ |  | \$ 622 | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,676 \\ 567 \end{array}$ |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 858 |  | - |  |  |  | 337 |  |  |
| Total investments | 6,676 | 578 | (52) |  | 7,202 |  | 959 |  | 6,243 |
| Restricted Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate securities | 1,355 | 117 | - |  | 1,472 | - |  | 1,472 |  |
| U.S. government and agency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| securities |  | 4,782 | 237 | - |  | 5,019 |  | 1,004 |  | 4,015 |
| Total restricted investments | 6,137 | 354 | - |  | 6,491 |  | 1,004 |  | 5,487 |
| Total | \$ 12,813 | \$ 932 | \$ (52) | \$ | 13,693 |  | \$ 1,963 | \$ | 11,730 |

Accounting standards pertaining to fair value measurements establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. This fair value hierarchy also requires the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Corporate, U.S. government and agency, and mortgage-backed securities are classified within Level 1 or Level 2 because these securities are valued using quoted market prices or alternative pricing sources and models utilizing market observable inputs.

Investments and restricted investments measured at fair value at July 28, 2012 are summarized below:


Investments and restricted investments measured at fair value at January 28, 2012 are summarized below:


Investments and restricted investments measured at fair value at July 30, 2011 are summarized below:


The future maturities of investment and restricted investment securities at July 28, 2012 were:

|  | Investment |  | Restricted nvestmen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimated |  | Estimated |
| (\$000) | Cost basis | fair value | Cost basis | fair value |
| Maturing in one year or less | \$ 1,416 | \$ 1,456 | \$ 249 | \$ 255 |
| Maturing after one year through five years | 3,013 | 3,188 | 1,253 | 1,318 |
| Maturing after five years through ten years | 1,100 | 1,352 | 3,615 | 4,079 |
|  | \$ 5,529 | \$ 5,996 | \$ 5,117 | \$ 5,652 |

The underlying assets in the Company s non-qualified deferred compensation program totaling $\$ 74.2$ million and $\$ 69.0$ million as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively (included in other long-term assets and in other long-term liabilities) primarily consist of participant-directed money market, stable value, stock, and bond funds. The fair value measurement for funds with quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1) totaled $\$ 63.5$ million and $\$ 59.3$ million as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively. The fair value measurement for funds without quoted market prices in active markets (Level 2 ) totaled $\$ 10.7$ million and $\$ 9.7$ million as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively. Fair market value for these Level 2 funds is considered to be the sum of participant funds invested under a group annuity contract plus accrued interest.

## Note C: Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation. For the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense as follows:


Total stock-based compensation recognized in the Company s Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011 is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  | Six Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statements of Earnings Classification (\$000) | July 28, 2012 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { uly } 30, \\ 2011 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July 28, } \\ 2012 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } 30, \\ 2011 \end{array}$ |
| Cost of goods sold | \$ 5,984 | \$ | 3,628 | \$ | 10,975 |  | 8,156 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 6,670 |  | 5,758 |  | 13,266 |  | 11,124 |
| Total | \$ 12,654 | \$ | 9,386 | \$ | 24,241 |  | 19,280 |

Restricted stock. The Company grants restricted shares to directors, officers, and key employees. The market value of restricted shares at the date of grant is amortized to expense ratably over the vesting period of generally three to five years.

During the six month period ended July 28, 2012, shares purchased by the Company for tax withholding totaled approximately 430,000 shares and are considered treasury shares which are available for reissuance. As of July 28, 2012, shares subject to repurchase related to unvested restricted stock totaled 4.8 million shares.
$\left.\begin{array}{lrr} & \begin{array}{r}\text { Weighted } \\ \text { average }\end{array} \\ \text { grant date }\end{array}\right)$

The unamortized compensation expense for all plans at July 28,2012 was $\$ 84.3$ million which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average remaining period of 2.1 years. The unamortized compensation expense for all plans at July 30, 2011 was $\$ 80.3$ million which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average remaining period of 2.3 years.

Performance shares. The Company has a performance share award program for senior executives. A performance share award represents a right to receive shares of restricted stock or restricted stock units on a specified settlement date based on the Company s attainment of a profitability-based performance goal during the performance period, which is the Company sfiscal year. If attained, the restricted stock or units then issued vest over a service period, generally two to three years from the date the performance award was granted. Shares related to restricted stock units earned are deferred for release generally one year from the date earned.

Employee stock purchase plan. Under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ( ESPP ), eligible employees participating in the quarterly offering period can choose to have up to the lesser of $10 \%$ or $\$ 21,250$ of their annual base earnings withheld to purchase the Company s common stock. The purchase price of the stock is $85 \%$ of the closing market price on the date of purchase. In addition, purchases occur on a quarterly basis (on the last trading day of each calendar quarter). The Company recognizes expense for ESPP purchase rights equal to the value of the $15 \%$ discount given on the purchase date.

Stock option activity. The following table summarizes stock option activity for the six month period ended July 28, 2012 :

| (000, except per share data) | Number of shares | Weighted average exercise price | Weighted average remaining <br> contractual term | Aggregate <br> intrinsic value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding at January 28, 2012 | 2,418 | \$ 13.24 |  |  |
| Granted | - | - |  |  |
| Exercised | (536) | 11.82 |  |  |
| Forfeited | - | - |  |  |
| Outstanding at July 28, 2012, all vested | 1,882 | \$ 13.64 | 2.55 | \$ 100,930 |

No stock options were granted during the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011.

The following table summarizes information about the weighted average remaining contractual life (in years) and the weighted average exercise prices for stock options both outstanding and exercisable as of July 28, 2012 (number of shares in thousands):


## Note D: Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings Per Share ( EPS ) is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net earnings by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS reflects the total potential dilution that could occur from outstanding equity plan awards, including unexercised stock options, and unvested shares of both performance and non-performance based awards of restricted stock and restricted stock units.

For the three and six month periods ended July $28,2012,2,800$ and 2,100 weighted average shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because their effect would have been anti-dilutive in the period presented. For the three and six month periods ended July 30, 2011, 800 and 82,000 weighted average shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because their effect would have been anti-dilutive in the period presented.

The following is a reconciliation of the number of shares (denominator) used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:


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## Note E: Debt

The Company has two series of unsecured senior notes with various institutional investors for $\$ 150$ million. The Series A notes totaling $\$ 85$ million are due in December 2018 and bear interest at a rate of $6.38 \%$. The Series B notes totaling $\$ 65$ million are due in December 2021 and bear interest at a rate of $6.53 \%$. The fair value of these notes as of July 28, 2012 of approximately $\$ 175$ million is estimated by obtaining comparable market quotes which are considered to be Level 1 inputs under the fair value measurements and disclosures guidance. The senior notes are subject to prepayment penalties for early payment of principal.

In June 2012, the Company amended its existing $\$ 600$ million unsecured revolving credit facility. The amended credit facility expires in June 2017 and contains a $\$ 300$ million sublimit for issuance of standby letters of credit. Interest on this facility is based on LIBOR plus an applicable margin (currently 112.5 basis points) and is payable upon maturity but not less than quarterly. The Company had no borrowings outstanding or letters of credit issued under this facility as of July 28, 2012. As of July 28, 2012, the Company s $\$ 600$ million credit facility remains in place and available.

Borrowings under the credit facility and the senior notes are subject to certain covenants, including interest coverage and other financial ratios. In addition, the interest rates under the revolving credit facility may vary depending on actual interest coverage ratios achieved. As of July 28, 2012, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

## Note F: Taxes on Earnings

As of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, the reserves for unrecognized tax benefits (net of federal tax benefits) were $\$ 55.2$ million and $\$ 46.6$ million inclusive of $\$ 11.4$ million and $\$ 13.3$ million of related interest, respectively. The Company accounts for interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a part of its provision for taxes on earnings. If recognized, $\$ 38.0$ million would impact the Company s effective tax rate. The difference between the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits and the amounts that would impact the effective tax rate relates to amounts attributable to deferred income tax assets and liabilities. These amounts are net of federal and state income taxes.

During the next twelve months, it is reasonably possible that the statute of limitations may lapse pertaining to positions taken by the Company in prior year tax returns. If this occurs, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits may decrease, reducing the provision for taxes on earnings by up to $\$ 1.1$ million.

The Company is generally open to audit by the Internal Revenue Service under the statute of limitations for fiscal years 2008 through 2011. The Company s state income tax returns are generally open to audit under the various statutes of limitations for fiscal years 2007 through 2011. Certain state tax returns are currently under audit by state tax authorities. The Company does not expect the results of these audits to have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Ross Stores, Inc.
Pleasanton, California

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets of Ross Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company ) as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, and the related condensed consolidated statements of earnings and comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, and of cash flows for the six-month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Ross Stores, Inc. and subsidiaries as of January 28, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, stockholders equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated March 27, 2012, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of January 28, 2012, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.
/s/Deloitte \& Touche LLP

San Francisco, California
September 5, 2012

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## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This section and other parts of this Form 10-Q contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in Part II, Item 1A (Risk Factors) below. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2011. All information is based on our fiscal calendar.

## Overview

Ross Stores, Inc. operates two brands of off-price retail apparel and home fashion stores -- Ross Dress for Less® ( Ross ) and dd s DISCOUNTS®. Ross is the largest off-price apparel and home fashion chain in the United States with 1,072 locations in 33 states, the District of Columbia, and Guam as of July 28, 2012. Ross offers first-quality, in-season, name brand and designer apparel, accessories, footwear, and home fashions for the entire family at everyday savings of $20 \%$ to $60 \%$ off department and specialty store regular prices. We also operate 102 dd s DISCOUNTS stores in eight states that feature a more moderately-priced assortment of first-quality, in-season, name brand apparel, accessories, footwear, and home fashions for the entire family at everyday savings of $20 \%$ to $70 \%$ off moderate department and discount store regular prices as of July 28, 2012.

## Results of Operations

The following table summarizes the financial results for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011:

|  | Three Months Ended |  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 28, 2012 | July 30, 2011 | July 28, 2012 | July 30, 2011 |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |
| Sales (millions) | \$ 2,341 | \$ 2,089 | \$ 4,698 | \$ 4,164 |
| Sales growth | 12.0\% | 9.3\% | 12.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Comparable store sales growth | 7\% | 5\% | 8\% | 4\% |
| Costs and expenses (as a percent of sales) |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 72.1\% | 72.9\% | 71.7\% | 72.2\% |
| Selling, general and administrative | 15.1\% | 15.4\% | 14.7\% | 15.1\% |
| Interest expense, net | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Earnings before taxes (as a percent of sales) | 12.7\% | 11.6\% | 13.5\% | 12.6\% |
| Net earnings (as a percent of sales) | 7.8\% | 7.1\% | 8.3\% | 7.7\% |

Stores. Our expansion strategy is to open additional stores based on market penetration, local demographic characteristics, competition, expected store profitability, and the ability to leverage overhead expenses. We continually evaluate opportunistic real estate acquisitions and opportunities for potential new store locations. We also evaluate our current store locations and determine store closures based on similar criteria.

## Store Count

Beginning of the period
Opened in the period
Closed in the period
End of the period


Sales. Sales for the three month period ended July 28, 2012 increased $\$ 251.4$ million, or $12 \%$, compared to the three month period ended July 30, 2011, due to the opening of 83 net new stores between July 30, 2011 and July 28, 2012 and a $7 \%$ increase in comparable store sales (defined as stores that have been open for more than 14 complete months) on top of a $5 \%$ gain in the prior year.

Sales for the six month period ended July 28, 2012 increased $\$ 533.7$ million, or $13 \%$, compared to the six month period ended July 30, 2011, due to the opening of 83 net new stores between July 30, 2011 and July 28, 2012 and an increase in comparable store sales of $8 \%$ on top of a $4 \%$ gain in the prior year.

Our sales mix for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011 is shown below:

|  | Three Months Ended |  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 28, 2012 | July 30, 2011 | July 28, 2012 | July 30, <br> 2011 |
| Ladies | 31\% | 31\% | 31\% | 31\% |
| Home accents and bed and bath | 22\% | 24\% | 23\% | 24\% |
| Shoes | 13\% | 13\% | 14\% | 13\% |
| Men's | 13\% | 13\% | 12\% | 12\% |
| Accessories, lingerie, fine jewelry, and fragrances | 13\% | 12\% | 12\% | 12\% |
| Children's | 8\% | 7\% | 8\% | 8\% |
| Total | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |

We intend to address the competitive climate for off-price apparel and home goods by pursuing and refining our existing strategies and by continuing to strengthen our organization, diversify our merchandise mix, and more fully develop our organization and systems to improve regional and local merchandise offerings. Although our strategies and store expansion program contributed to sales gains for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012, we cannot be sure that they will result in a continuation of sales growth or in an increase in net earnings.

Cost of goods sold. Cost of goods sold for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 increased $\$ 165.3$ million and $\$ 363.3$ million compared to the same period in the prior year mainly due to increased sales from the opening of 83 net new stores between July 30, 2011 and July 28, 2012 and a 7\% and 8\% increase in comparable store sales, respectively.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales for the three month period ended July 28, 2012 decreased approximately 80 basis points from the same period in the prior year. This improvement was driven primarily by a 65 basis point improvement in merchandise gross margin, which included a 10 basis point benefit from a lower inventory shortage accrual. In addition, distribution and occupancy costs were reduced by approximately 50 and 25 basis points, respectively. These favorable trends were partially offset by a 55 basis point increase in buying costs and a five basis point increase in freight.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales for the six month period ended July 28, 2012 decreased approximately 45 basis points from the same period in the prior year. This improvement was driven primarily by a 50 basis point increase in merchandise gross margin, which included a 10 basis point benefit from a lower inventory shortage accrual. In addition, occupancy expense leveraged by approximately 20 basis points, and distribution costs declined by about 15 basis points compared to the prior year period. These favorable trends were partially offset by increases in buying and freight costs of 30 and 10 basis points, respectively.

We cannot be sure that the gross profit margins realized for the three and six month periods ended July 28,2012 will continue in the future.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. For the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012, selling, general and administrative expenses increased $\$ 31.2$ million and $\$ 59.9$ million compared to the same period in the prior year, mainly due to increased store operating costs reflecting the opening of 83 net new stores between July 30, 2011 and July 28, 2012.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales for the three and six month periods ended July 28, 2012 decreased by approximately 30 and 45 basis points, respectively, over the same periods in the prior year primarily due to leverage on store operating costs from the strong gains in comparable store sales.

Interest expense, net. Net interest expense as a percentage of sales remained flat for the three and six month periods ended July 28,2012 compared to the same period in the prior year.

Taxes on earnings. Our effective tax rate for the three month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011 was approximately $39 \%$, and our effective tax rate for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011 was approximately $38 \%$ and $39 \%$, respectively, and represents the applicable combined federal and state statutory rates reduced by the federal benefit of state taxes deductible on federal returns. The effective rate is impacted by changes in law, location of new stores, level of earnings, and the resolution of tax positions with various taxing authorities. We anticipate that our effective tax rate for fiscal 2012 will be approximately $38 \%$.

Earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share for the three month period ended July 28, 2012 was $\$ 0.81$ compared to $\$ 0.64$ in the prior year period. The $27 \%$ increase in diluted earnings per share is attributable to a $23 \%$ increase in net earnings and a $3 \%$ reduction in weighted average diluted shares outstanding, largely due to the repurchase of common stock under our stock repurchase program. Diluted earnings per share for the six month period ended July 28, 2012 was $\$ 1.74$ compared to $\$ 1.38$ in the prior year period. The $26 \%$ increase in diluted earnings per share is attributable to a $22 \%$ increase in net earnings and a $3 \%$ reduction in weighted average diluted shares outstanding largely due to the stock buyback program.

All share and per share amounts have been adjusted for the two-for-one stock split effective December 15, 2011.

## Financial Condition

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of funds for our business activities are cash flows from operations and short-term trade credit. Our primary ongoing cash requirements are for merchandise inventory purchases, payroll, rent, taxes, capital expenditures in connection with new and existing stores, and investments in distribution centers and information systems. We also use cash to repurchase stock under our stock repurchase program and to pay dividends.

|  | Six Months Ended |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (\$000) | July 28,2012 | July 30, 2011 |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 4 , 1 6 3}$ | $\$ 161,665$ |
| Cash flows used in investing activities | $\mathbf{( 1 5 6 , 7 9 5 )}$ | $(\mathbf{2 0 9 , 0 1 7 )}$ |
| Cash flows used in financing activities | $\mathbf{( 2 7 6 , 1 5 7 )}$ | $(273,856)$ |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | $\mathbf{7 1 , 2 1 1}$ | $\$(321,208)$ |

## Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 504.2$ million and $\$ 161.7$ million for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30 , 2011, respectively. The primary sources of cash provided by operating activities for the six month periods ended July 28 , 2012 and July 30, 2011 were net earnings excluding non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization. Our primary source of operating cash flow is the sale of our merchandise inventory. We regularly review the age and condition of our merchandise and are able to maintain current merchandise inventory in our stores through replenishment processes and liquidation of slower-moving merchandise through clearance markdowns.

The increase in cash flow from operating activities for the six month period ended July 28, 2012, compared to the prior year was primarily due to higher accounts payable leverage. The change in total merchandise inventory, net of the related change in accounts payable, resulted in a source of cash of approximately $\$ 67$ million for the six months ended July 28, 2012 compared to a use of cash of approximately $\$ 135$ million for the six months ended July 30, 2011. Accounts payable leverage (defined as accounts payable divided by merchandise inventory) increased to $73 \%$ as of July 28, 2012 from $67 \%$ as of January 28, 2012 as a result of the timing of packaway receipts versus the prior year.

We expect to continue to take advantage of packaway inventory opportunities to deliver bargains to our customers. As a regular part of our business, packaway inventory levels will vary over time based on availability of compelling opportunities in the marketplace. Packaway merchandise is purchased with the intent that it will be stored in our warehouses until a later date. The timing of the release of packaway inventory to our stores is principally driven by the product mix and seasonality of the merchandise, and its relation to the Company s store merchandise assortment plans. As such, the aging of packaway varies by merchandise category and seasonality of purchase, but typically packaway remains in storage less than six months.

Changes in packaway inventory levels impact our operating cash flow. As of July 28, 2012, packaway inventory had decreased to $48 \%$ of total inventory from $49 \%$ at the end of fiscal 2011. At the end of the second quarter for fiscal 2011, packaway inventory was $49 \%$ of inventory compared to $47 \%$ at the end of fiscal 2010.

## Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was $\$ 156.8$ million and $\$ 209.0$ million for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30,2011 , respectively. The decrease in cash used for investing activities for the six month period ended July 28, 2012, compared to the six month period ended July 30, 2011 was primarily due to a transfer of funds in the second quarter of 2011 into restricted accounts to serve as collateral for our insurance obligations, partially offset by higher capital expenditures during the six month period ended July 28, 2012.

Our capital expenditures were approximately $\$ 152.1$ million and $\$ 145.7$ million, for the six month periods ended July 28 , 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively. Our capital expenditures include costs for fixtures and leasehold improvements to open new stores, costs to implement information technology systems, build or expand distribution centers, and various other expenditures related to our stores, buying, and corporate offices. We opened 51 and 41 new stores on a gross basis during the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively. Our buying offices, our corporate headquarters, one distribution center, one trailer parking lot, three warehouse facilities, and all but three of our store locations are leased and, except for certain leasehold improvements and equipment, do not represent capital investments.

We are forecasting between $\$ 465$ million to $\$ 475$ million of capital expenditures in fiscal year 2012 to fund fixtures and leasehold improvements to open both new Ross and dd s DISCOUNTS stores, for the relocation or upgrade of existing stores, for investments in store and merchandising systems, buildings and equipment, to build distribution centers and implement material handling equipment and related systems, and for various buying and corporate office expenditures. We expect to fund these expenditures with available cash and cash flows from operations.

We had purchases of investments of $\$ 0.4$ million for the six month period ended July 28, 2012. We had no purchases of investments for the six month period ended July 30, 2011. We had proceeds from investments of $\$ 0.7$ million and $\$ 10.2$ million for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively.

## Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was $\$ 276.2$ million and $\$ 273.9$ million for the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011. For the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, our liquidity and capital requirements were provided by available cash and cash flows from operations.

We repurchased 3.7 million and 6.2 million shares of common stock for aggregate purchase prices of approximately $\$ 223.7$ million and $\$ 230.2$ million during the six month periods ended July 28, 2012, and July 30, 2011, respectively. In January 2011, our Board of Directors approved a two-year \$900 million stock repurchase program for fiscal 2011 and 2012.

For the six month periods ended July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, we paid dividends of $\$ 63.3$ million and $\$ 51.6$ million, respectively.

Short-term trade credit represents a significant source of financing for merchandise inventory. Trade credit arises from customary payment terms and trade practices with our vendors. We regularly review the adequacy of credit available to us from all sources and expect to be able to maintain adequate trade, bank, and other credit lines to meet our capital and liquidity requirements, including lease payment obligations in 2012.

In June 2012, we amended our existing $\$ 600$ million unsecured revolving credit facility. The amended credit facility expires in June 2017 and contains a $\$ 300$ million sublimit for issuance of standby letters of credit. Interest on this facility is based on LIBOR plus an applicable margin (currently 112.5 basis points) and is payable upon maturity but not less than quarterly. We had no borrowings outstanding on this facility as of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively. As of July 28, 2012, our $\$ 600$ million credit facility remains in place and available.

We estimate that existing cash balances, cash flows from operations, bank credit lines, and trade credit are adequate to meet our operating cash needs and to fund our planned capital investments, common stock repurchases, and quarterly dividend payments for at least the next twelve months.

## Contractual Obligations

The table below presents our significant contractual obligations as of July 28, 2012:

| (\$000) |  | Less than one year |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1-3 \\ \text { years } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3-5 \\ \text { years } \end{array}$ | After 5 years |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior notes | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ 150,000 | \$ | 150,000 |
| Interest payment obligations | 9,668 |  | 19,335 |  | 19,335 |  | 26,026 | 74,364 |  |
| Operating leases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rent obligations |  | 376,656 |  | 726,116 |  | 505,557 | 468,862 |  | 2,077,191 |
| Synthetic leases |  | 4,525 |  | 54 |  | - |  |  | 4,579 |
| Other synthetic lease obligations |  | 56,504 |  | 520 |  | - | - |  | 57,024 |
| Purchase obligations |  | 1,687,711 |  | 27,184 |  | 123 | - |  | 1,715,018 |
| Total contractual obligations |  | 2,135,064 |  | 773,209 |  | 525,015 | \$ 644,888 |  | 4,078,176 |

${ }^{1}$ We have a $\$ 55.2$ million liability for unrecognized tax benefits that is included in other long-term liabilities on our interim condensed consolidated balance sheet. This liability is excluded from the schedule above as the timing of payments cannot be reasonably estimated.

Senior notes. We have two series of unsecured senior notes with various institutional investors for $\$ 150$ million. The Series $A$ notes totaling $\$ 85$ million are due in December 2018 and bear interest at a rate of $6.38 \%$. The Series B notes totaling $\$ 65$ million are due in December 2021 and bear interest at a rate of $6.53 \%$. Interest on these notes is included in Interest payment obligations in the table above. These notes are subject to prepayment penalties for early payment of principal.

Borrowings under these notes are subject to certain operating and financial covenants, including interest coverage and other financial ratios. As of July 28, 2012, we were in compliance with these covenants.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Operating leases. We lease our buying offices, corporate headquarters, one distribution center, one trailer parking lot, three warehouse facilities, and all but three of our store locations. Except for certain leasehold improvements and equipment, these leased locations do not represent long-term capital investments.

We have lease arrangements for certain equipment in our stores for our point-of-sale ( POS ) hardware and software systems. These leases are accounted for as operating leases for financial reporting purposes. The initial terms of these leases are either two or three years, and we typically have options to renew the leases for two to three one-year periods. Alternatively, we may purchase or return the equipment at the end of the initial or each renewal term. We have guaranteed the value of the equipment of $\$ 1.0$ million at the end of the respective initial lease terms, which is included in Other synthetic lease obligations in the table above.

We lease a 1.3 million square foot distribution center in Perris, California. The land and building for this distribution center are financed by the lessor under a $\$ 70$ million, ten-year synthetic lease that expires in July 2013. Rent expense on this center is payable monthly at a fixed annual rate of $5.8 \%$ on the lease balance of $\$ 70$ million. At the end of the lease term, we have the option to either refinance the $\$ 70$ million synthetic lease facility, purchase the distribution center at the amount of the then-outstanding lease obligation, or arrange a sale of the distribution center to a third party. If the distribution center is sold to a third party for less than $\$ 70$ million, we have agreed under a residual value guarantee to pay the lessor any shortfall amount up to $\$ 56$ million. The synthetic lease agreement includes a prepayment penalty for early payoff of the lease. Our contractual obligation of $\$ 56$ million is included in Other synthetic lease obligations in the above table.

We have also recognized a liability and corresponding asset for the inception date estimated fair values of the distribution center and POS synthetic lease residual value guarantees. As of July 28, 2012, we have approximately $\$ 0.9$ million of residual value guarantee asset and liability. These residual value guarantees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the original terms of the leases. The current portion of the related asset and liability is recorded in prepaid expenses and accrued expenses, respectively, and the long-term portion of the related assets and liabilities is recorded in other long-term assets and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

We lease three warehouses. Two of the warehouses are in Carlisle, Pennsylvania with leases expiring in 2013 and 2014. The third warehouse is in Fort Mill, South Carolina, with a lease expiring in 2016. The leases for all three of these warehouses contain renewal provisions. We also own a 423,000 square foot warehouse in Fort Mill, South Carolina and a 449,000 square foot warehouse in Riverside, California. All five of these warehouses are used to store our packaway inventory. We also lease a 10-acre parcel that has been developed for trailer parking adjacent to our Perris, California distribution center expiring in 2017.

We lease approximately 192,000 square feet of office space for our corporate headquarters in Pleasanton, California, under several facility leases. The terms for these leases expire between 2014 and 2015 and contain renewal provisions.

We lease approximately 265,000 and 26,000 square feet of office space for our New York City and Los Angeles buying offices, respectively. The lease terms for these facilities expire in 2021 and 2014, respectively, and contain renewal provisions.

Purchase obligations. As of July 28, 2012 we had purchase obligations of approximately $\$ 1,715.0$ million. These purchase obligations primarily consist of merchandise inventory purchase orders, commitments related to store fixtures and supplies, and information technology service and maintenance contracts. Merchandise inventory purchase orders of $\$ 1,508.9$ million represent purchase obligations of less than one year as of July 28, 2012.

## Commercial Credit Facilities

The table below presents our significant available commercial credit facilities at July 28, 2012:

| Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$000) | Less than 1 year | 1-3 years | 3-5 years | After 5 years | Total amount committed |
| Revolving credit facility | \$ | \$ | \$ 600,000 | \$ | \$ 600,000 |
| Total commercial commitments | \$ | \$ | \$ 600,000 | \$ | \$ 600,000 |

For additional information relating to this credit facility, refer to Note E of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Revolving credit facility. In June 2012, we amended our existing $\$ 600$ million unsecured revolving credit facility. The amended credit facility expires in June 2017 and contains a $\$ 300$ million sublimit for issuance of standby letters of credit. Interest on this facility is based on LIBOR plus an applicable margin (currently 112.5 basis points) and is payable upon maturity but not less than quarterly. Our borrowing ability under this credit facility is subject to our maintaining certain financial ratios. As of July 28, 2012 we had no borrowings outstanding or letters of credits issued under this facility and were in compliance with the covenants.

The synthetic lease facilities described above, as well as our revolving credit facility and senior notes, have covenant restrictions requiring us to maintain certain interest coverage and other financial ratios. In addition, the interest rates under the revolving credit facility may vary depending on actual interest coverage ratios achieved. As of July 28, 2012 we were in compliance with these covenants.

Standby letters of credit and collateral trust. We use standby letters of credit outside of our revolving credit facility in addition to a funded trust to collateralize our insurance obligations. As of July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, we had $\$ 36.8$ million and $\$ 52.5$ million, respectively, in standby letters of credit outstanding which are collateralized by restricted cash and cash equivalents and $\$ 34.9$ million and $\$ 21.0$ million, respectively, in a collateral trust consisting of restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments.

Trade letters of credit. We had $\$ 53.7$ million and $\$ 49.6$ million in trade letters of credit outstanding at July 28, 2012 and July 30, 2011, respectively.

Dividends. In August 2012, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of $\$ .14$ per common share, payable on September 28, 2012.

## Critical Accounting Policies

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based on our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts. These estimates and assumptions are evaluated on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and on various other factors that management believes to be reasonable. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates. During the second quarter of fiscal 2012, there have been no significant changes to the policies discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2012.

Effects of inflation or deflation. We do not consider the effects of inflation or deflation to be material to our financial position and results of operations.

## Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain a number of forward-looking statements regarding, without limitation, planned store growth, new markets, expected sales, projected earnings levels, capital expenditures, and other matters. These forward-looking statements reflect our then current beliefs, projections, and estimates with respect to future events and our projected financial performance, operations, and competitive position. The words plan, expect, target, anticipate, estimate, believe, forecast, projected, guidance, and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements.

Future economic and industry trends that could potentially impact revenue, profitability, and growth remain difficult to predict. As a result, our forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those forward-looking statements and our previous expectations and projections. Refer to Part II, Item 1A in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a more complete discussion of risk factors for Ross and dd s DISCOUNTS. The factors underlying our forecasts are dynamic and subject to change. As a result, any forecasts or forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are given and do not necessarily reflect our outlook at any other point in time. We disclaim any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements.

Other risk factors are detailed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including, without limitation, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2011.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risks, which primarily include changes in interest rates. We do not engage in financial transactions for trading or speculative purposes.

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We occasionally use forward contracts to hedge against fluctuations in foreign currency prices. We had no outstanding forward contracts as of July 28, 2012.

Interest that is payable on our revolving credit facility is based on variable interest rates and is, therefore, affected by changes in market interest rates. As of July 28, 2012, we had no borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility. In addition, lease payments under certain of our synthetic lease agreements are determined based on variable interest rates and are, therefore, affected by changes in market interest rates.

In addition, we have two outstanding series of unsecured notes held by institutional investors: Series A for $\$ 85$ million accrues interest at $6.38 \%$ and Series B for $\$ 65$ million accrues interest at $6.53 \%$. The amount outstanding under these notes as of July 28, 2012 was $\$ 150$ million.

Interest is receivable on our short- and long-term investments. Changes in interest rates may impact interest income recognized in the future, or the fair value of our investment portfolio.

A hypothetical 100 basis point increase or decrease in prevailing market interest rates would not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or the fair values of our short- and long-term investments as of and for the three month period ended July 28, 2012. We do not consider the potential losses in future earnings and cash flows from reasonably possible, near-term changes in interest rates to be material.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

## Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at that reasonable assurance level as of the end of the period covered by this report.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system will be met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events.

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## Quarterly Evaluation of Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also conducted an evaluation of our internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any change occurred during the second fiscal quarter of 2012 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, our management concluded that there was no such change during the 2012 second fiscal quarter.

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The matters under the caption Provision for litigation costs and other legal proceedings in Note A of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are incorporated herein by reference.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for our second fiscal quarter of 2012, and information we provide in our press releases, telephonic reports, and other investor communications, including those on our corporate website, may contain forward-looking statements with respect to anticipated future events and our projected financial performance, operations, and competitive position that are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those forward-looking statements and our prior expectations and projections. Refer to Management s Discussion and Analysis for a more complete identification and discussion of Forward-Looking Statements.

Our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and the performance of our common stock may be adversely affected by a number of risk factors. Risks and uncertainties that apply to both Ross and dd s DISCOUNTS include, without limitation, the following:

## We are subject to the economic and industry risks that affect large retailers operating in the United States.

Our business is exposed to the risks of a large, multi-store retailer, which must continually and efficiently obtain and distribute a supply of fresh merchandise throughout a large and growing network of stores. These risk factors include:

- An increase in the level of competitive pressures in the apparel or home-related merchandise industry.
- Changes in the level of consumer spending on or preferences for apparel or home-related merchandise.
- The impact from the macro-economic environment and financial and credit markets including but not limited to interest rates, recession, inflation, deflation, energy costs, tax rates and policy, unemployment trends, and fluctuating commodity costs.
- Changes in geopolitical and geoeconomic conditions.
- Unseasonable weather trends that could affect consumer demand for seasonal apparel and apparel-related products.
- A change in the availability, quantity, or quality of attractive brand name merchandise at desirable discounts that could impact our ability to purchase product and continue to offer customers a wide assortment of merchandise at competitive prices.
- Potential disruptions in the supply chain that could impact our ability to deliver product to our stores in a timely and cost-effective manner.
- A change in the availability, quality, or cost of new store real estate locations.
- A downturn in the economy or a natural disaster in California or in another region where we have a concentration of stores or a distribution center. Our corporate headquarters, Los Angeles buying office, two distribution centers, one warehouse, and $26 \%$ of our stores are located in California.

We are subject to operating risks as we attempt to execute on our merchandising and growth strategies.
The continued success of our business depends, in part, upon our ability to increase sales at our existing store locations, to open new stores, and to operate stores on a profitable basis. Our existing strategies and store expansion programs may not result in a continuation of our anticipated revenue or profit growth. In executing our off-price retail strategies and working to improve efficiencies, expand our store network, and reduce our costs, we face a number of operational risks, including:

- Our ability to attract and retain personnel with the retail talent necessary to execute our strategies.
- Our ability to effectively operate our various supply chain, core merchandising, and other information systems.
- Our ability to improve our merchandising capabilities through implementation of new processes and systems enhancements.
- Our ability to improve new store sales and profitability, especially in newer regions and markets.
- Our ability to achieve and maintain targeted levels of productivity and efficiency in our distribution centers.
- Our ability to lease or acquire acceptable new store sites with favorable demographics and long-term financial returns.
- Our ability to identify and to successfully enter new geographic markets.
- Our ability to achieve planned gross margins, by effectively managing inventories, markdowns, and inventory shortage.
- Our ability to effectively manage all operating costs of the business, the largest of which are payroll and benefit costs for store and distribution center employees.


## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Information regarding shares of common stock we repurchased during the second quarter of fiscal 2012 is as follows:
$\left.\begin{array}{ll|rr|r|} & \begin{array}{rl}\text { Total number of } \\ \text { shares } \\ \text { (or units) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{r}\text { Maximum number } \\ \text { (or approximate } \\ \text { dollar value) of }\end{array} \\ \text { shares (or units) }\end{array}\right)$
${ }^{1}$ We purchased 23,676 of these shares during the quarter ended July 28, 2012 from employees for tax withholding purposes related to vesting of restricted stock grants. All remaining shares were repurchased under our publicly announced stock repurchase program.

2In January 2011 our Board of Directors approved a two-year $\$ 900$ million stock repurchase program for fiscal 2011 and 2012.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Incorporated herein by reference to the list of exhibits contained in the Index to Exhibits within this Report.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## ROSS STORES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: September 5, 2012
$B y$ :
/s/J. Call
John G. Call
Group Senior Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number Exhibit

| 3.1 | Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation dated May 21, 2004 and Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation dated |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | une 5, 2002 and Corrected First Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the |
|  | Form 10-Q filed by Ross Stores for its quarter ended July 31, 2004. |

3.2 Amended and Restated By-laws, as last amended November 16, 2011, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Form 10-Q filed by Ross Stores, Inc. for its quarter ended October 29, 2011.
3.3 Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation dated July 18, 2011 incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Form 10-Q filed by Ross Stores, Inc. for its quarter ended July 30, 2011.
10.1 Amendment No. 1 to Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 27, 2012.

Letter re: Unaudited Interim Financial Information from Deloitte \& Touche LLP dated September 5, 2012.
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 302(a).
31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 302(a).
32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
101.INS XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

