BP PLC Form 6-K October 26, 2004

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the period ended 26 October 2004

BP p.l.c. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F |X| Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2 (b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No |X|

BP p.l.c. Group Results 3rd Quarter 2004

London 26 October 2004

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

RECORD NINE-MONTHS RESULT

Third Second Third Quarter Quarter Nine Months 2004 2003 % 2003 2004 2004 \$ million _____ _____ Replacement cost profit 2,260 3,434 3,456 for the period (a) 11,060 8,216 498 474 481 Acquisition amortization(b) 1,502 1,755 12,562 9,971 26 2,758 3,908 3,937 Pro forma result ______ ______ - per ordinary share (pence) 31.53 27.90 13 7.76 9.93 9.99 12.50 17.85 18.17 - per ordinary share (cents) 57.38 44.92 - per ADS (dollars) 3.44 2.70 0.75 1.07 1.09

o BP's third quarter pro forma result was \$3,937 million, compared with \$2,758 million a year ago, an increase of 43%. For the nine months the result was \$12,562 million compared with \$9,971 million, up 26%. Replacement cost profit for the third quarter and nine months was \$3,456 million and \$11,060 million respectively, compared with \$2,260 million and \$8,216 million a year ago.

- o The third quarter result includes net exceptional and non-operating charges of \$401 million compared with a net charge of \$217 million in the third quarter of 2003.
- o The third quarter trading environment was generally stronger than a year ago, with higher oil and gas realizations and higher refining and chemicals margins.
- o Net cash inflow for the quarter was \$1.7 billion and net cash inflow for the nine months was \$7.0 billion, compared with an outflow of \$2.4 billion and an inflow of \$3.2 billion a year ago. Net cash inflow from operating activities for the quarter and nine months was \$6.9 billion and \$21.5 billion respectively, compared with \$4.9 billion and \$18.2 billion a year ago.
- o The pro forma ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 22% at the end of the quarter.
- o Return on average capital employed for the quarter and nine months respectively, on a pro forma basis, was 19.5% and 20.8%, compared with 15.8% and 19.2% a year ago. The cash return for the quarter was 36% compared with 31% a year ago, and for the nine months was 34% the same as a year ago.
- The quarterly dividend was 7.10 cents per share (\$0.426 per ADS). This compares with 6.50 cents per share a year ago. For the nine months the dividend showed an increase of 8.8%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 3.910 pence per share compared with 3.857 pence a year ago; for the nine months the dividend showed a decrease of 2.2%. During the first nine months, the company repurchased for cancellation 621 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$5.5 billion. The increase in the dividend per share reflects the reduction in the number of shares outstanding due to the share buyback programme which allows the

company's dividend payments to be allocated across a smaller equity base.

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, said:

"This has been another strong performance against the backdrop of strong global demand. We are on track against our targets of controlled investment for growth and using additional free cash flow to fund a significant level of share buybacks. The plans to prepare the Olefins and Derivatives business for disposal are on track."

The pro forma result has been derived from the group's reported UK GAAP accounting information but is not in itself a recognized UK or US GAAP measure. This financial performance information and measures derived therefrom, shown above and elsewhere in the document, are provided in order to enable investors to evaluate better BP's performance against that of its competitors.

- (a) Replacement cost profit for the period includes the net profit or loss on the sale of fixed assets and businesses or termination of operations.
- (b) Acquisition amortization is depreciation and amortization relating to the fixed asset revaluation adjustments and goodwill consequent upon the ARCO and Burmah Castrol acquisitions. The results for the first nine months of 2003 and 2004 include accelerated depreciation of the revaluation adjustment in respect of the impairment of former ARCO assets.

Summary Third Quarter Results

Exploration and Production's record third quarter result was up 30% on a year ago, reflecting higher liquids and gas realizations combined with increased volumes and the changing composition of production primarily resulting from the TNK-BP acquisition.

The Refining and Marketing result increased 89% compared with a year ago, reflecting stronger realized refining margins, supported by strong product demand and the impact of industry-wide refinery maintenance.

The Petrochemicals result decreased by 10% compared with the second quarter. This reflects higher margins and lower fixed costs more than offset by higher non-operating and exceptional charges.

In Gas, Power and Renewables, the result increased compared with a year ago. This reflects improved margins in the NGL and Solar businesses and higher exceptional gains, offset partly by weaker gas marketing and trading margins.

Interest and other finance expense for the quarter was \$235 million compared with \$221 million for the prior quarter. The increase relates primarily to a rise in interest rates.

The pro forma effective tax rate on replacement cost profit was 34.6%.

Capital expenditure was \$3.4 billion for the quarter and there were no significant acquisitions. Disposal proceeds for the quarter were \$0.58 billion.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$18.6 billion. The pro forma ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 22% at the end of the quarter compared with 23% at the end of the second quarter.

During the third quarter, shares to the value of \$1.25 billion were issued to Alfa Group and Access Renova (AAR) as the first instalment of the deferred

consideration for our investment in TNK-BP. The company also repurchased for cancellation 241.5 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$2.25 billion.

The commentaries above and following are based on the pro forma replacement cost results.

TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated.

The financial information for 2003 has been restated to reflect (a) the transfer of natural gas liquids (NGLs) operations from the Exploration and Production segment to Gas, Power and Renewables on 1 January 2004; (b) the adoption by the group of Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 'Retirement Benefits' (FRS 17) with effect from 1 January 2004; and (c) the adoption by the group of Urgent Issues Task Force Abstract No. 38 'Accounting for ESOP Trusts' with effect from 1 January 2004. For further information see Note 1.

Exceptional and Non-Operating Items

	3Q 2004			
<pre>\$ million</pre>	Exceptional Items	Non-Operating Items and UPIS(a)		
Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing	23 (17)	(137) (206)		
Petrochemicals Gas, Power and Renewables	(17) (38) 16	(58)		
Other businesses and corporate	1	(244)		
Taxation	(15) 33	(645) 226(b)		
	18	(419)		

- (a) Charges for environmental and other provisions have been classified as non-operating items and prior periods restated to conform with this treatment.
- (b) Tax on non-operating items and Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS) is calculated using the pro forma effective tax rate on replacement cost profit, excluding exceptional items, of 35%.

Reconciliation of Reported Results to Pro Forma Results

======					==	=====	=====
2003	2004	2004	Amort+	Earnings* \$ million		2004	2003
3Q	2Q	3Q	Acq.	Reported		Nine I	Months
Pro Form	na Resul	lt -	3Q 2	004	Pro	Forma	Result

					Exploration and		
3 , 959	4,558	5,144	261	4,883	Production	14,270	12,958
					Refining and		
687	1,562	1,301	220	1,081	Marketing	3,804	2,613
84	208	188	_	188	Petrochemicals Gas, Power	371	527
127	216	130	_	130	and Renewables	544	484
					Other businesses		
(330)	(164)	(424)	_	(424)	and corporate	541	(649)
					RC profit before		
4,527	6,380	6,339	481	5,858	interest and tax	19,530	15,933
					Interest and Other		
(298)	(221)	(235)	-	(235)	finance expense	(684)	(879)
(1,428)	(2, 199)	(2, 109)	_	(2, 109)	Taxation	(6,130)	(4,954)
(43)	(52)	(58)	_	(58)	MSI	(154)	(129)
2,758	3 , 908	3 , 937	481	3 , 456	RC profit	12,562	9,971
				1,027	Stock holding gains	(losses)	
				4,483	HC profit		

^{*} Replacement cost profit for the period includes the net profit or loss on the sale of fixed assets and businesses or termination of operations.

Operating Results and Per Share Amounts

Third					
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		Ni	ine Months
2003	2004	2004		2004	2003
=======	========		===		
			Replacement cost Profit before		
4,029	5 , 906	5 , 858	interest and tax (\$m)	18,028	14,178
			Results for the period (\$m)		
2,758	3,908	3 , 937	Pro forma result	12,562	9,971
2,260	3,434	3,456	Replacement cost profit	11,060	8,216
2,344	3,896	4,483	Historical cost profit	13,197	8,148
			Shares in issue at		
22,107,715	21,789,115	21,713,966	<pre>period end (thousand)21, - ADS equivalent</pre>	713,966	22,107,715
3,684,619	3,631,519	3,618,994	(thousand) 3, Average number of	618,994	3,684,619

⁺ Acquisition amortization is depreciation and amortization relating to the fixed asset revaluation adjustments and goodwill consequent upon the ARCO and Burmah Castrol acquisitions. The results for the first nine months of 2003 and 2004 include accelerated depreciation of the revaluation adjustment in respect of the impairment of former ARCO assets.

		21,683,963	- ADS equivalent		22,193,403
			Per ordinary share (cents)		
12.50	17.85	18.17	Pro forma result RC profit	57.38	44.92
10.25	15.68	15.96	for the period HC profit	50.52	37.02
10.62	17.80	20.67	for the period	60.28	36.71
			Per ADS (cents)		
75.00	107.10	109.02	Pro forma result RC profit	344.28	269.52
61.50	94.08	95.76	for the period HC profit	303.12	222.12
63.72	106.80	124.02	for the period	361.68	220.26

Exploration and Production

3Q 2003	2Q 2004		<pre>\$ million</pre>	Nine 2004	Months 2003
=====				======	
293	4,302	261	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	13,427 843	1,140
	4 , 558		Pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax	14,270	•
- -	(160) -	(7) -	Results include: Asset write-downs/impairment Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	(290)	(49) -
_	_		rationalization costs Other	- (35)	(/
	(87)	. ,	Unrealized profit in stock (UPIS)	(248)	
196	(247) (114)		Total non-operating items and UPIS Exceptional items		(155) 962
	(361)		Total non-operating items, UPIS and exceptional items	(453) =====	807
	108		Exploration expense Of which:		349
75 	22	34	Exploration expenditure written off	123	168
	2,321 197		Production (Net of Royalties) Crude oil (mb/d) Natural gas liquids (mb/d)	2,320 190	1,798 211

2,054 2,518 2,479	Total liquids (mb/d) (a)	•	2,009 8,617
8,401 8,425 8,275 3,502 3,971 3,906	Natural gas (mmcf/d) Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(b)	•	3,495
		======	
	Average realizations		
27.72 34.47 39.43	Crude oil (\$/bbl)	34.93	28.25
19.39 23.71 28.77	Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)	25.13	18.96
26.79 33.27 38.29	Total liquids (\$/bbl)	33.89	27.24
3.08 3.68 3.66	Natural gas (\$/mcf)	3.71	3.46
22.58 27.66 30.08	Total hydrocarbons (\$/bbl)	28.03	23.88
	Average oil marker prices (\$/bbl)		
28.38 35.32 41.54	Brent	36.31	28.64
30.19 38.28 43.88	West Texas Intermediate	39.18	31.08
28.83 36.99 41.82	Alaska North Slope US West Coast	37.70	29.69
=======================================		======	
	Average natural gas marker prices		
4.97 6.00 5.75	Henry Hub gas price (\$/mmbtu)(c)	5.81	5.65
	UK Gas - National		
15.08 20.70 23.63	Balancing Point (p/therm)	22.98	17.92
		======	

- (a) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (b) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.
- (c) Henry Hub First of the Month Index.

Exploration and Production

The pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$5,144 million, a record result, up 30% from the third quarter of 2003. The primary drivers for the change are the higher realizations in both liquids and gas combined with increased volumes and the changing composition of production primarily resulting from the TNK-BP acquisition. This quarter further benefited from an exceptional gain of \$23 million. The corresponding quarter in 2003 contained exceptional gains of \$196 million.

Included in the results for the quarter was a non-operating charge totalling \$42 million. This charge results from impairments associated with the write-off of the partner operated Temsah platform in Egypt following the blow-out, revisions to impairment estimates made in the prior quarter and a charge taken for Alaskan tankers no longer required.

The third quarter result also included a charge of \$95 million, reflecting an increase in the provision for Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS), which removes the upstream margin from downstream inventories. This compares with a credit of \$15 million in the equivalent quarter of last year.

The nine months result of \$14,270 million is a record, up \$1,312 million on a year ago, reflecting the higher realizations combined with increased volumes and the changing composition of production primarily resulting from the TNK-BP acquisition.

Production for the quarter was up over 11% to 3,906 mboe/d compared with a year ago. This reflects the inclusion of TNK-BP and the continuing ramp-up of production in the New Profit Centres, partly offset by planned maintenance in

the North Sea and Alaska, the operational impact of Hurricane Ivan in the Gulf of Mexico and the blow-out at partner operated Temsah in Egypt.

Projects in the New Profit Centres remain on track. In the quarter Kizomba A started up in Angola, and in Australia, the North West Shelf Train 4 LNG plant was brought on line and first liftings have taken place.

In the third quarter, we had further exploration success with the Pela Lache-1 prospect offshore Sakhalin Island in Russia.

During the quarter, we completed our divestments of various properties in the Gulf of Mexico Shelf and of our interests in Offshore North Sinai in Egypt, resulting in total exceptional gains in the quarter of \$23 million.

Customer Facing Segments Refining and Marketing

3Q 2003	2Q 2004	3Q 2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	Nine 2004	Months 2003
482 205	1,344 218	1,081 220	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	3,145 659	1,998 615
687 ======	1,562 	1,301	Pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax	3,804	2,613
(369) (72) –	- - -	(206)	Results include: Asset write-downs/impairment Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs Other	- (206) - -	(369) (131)
(441) (21)	(18)		Total non-operating items Exceptional items	(206) (175)	
(462)	(18)	(223)	Total non-operating and exceptional items	(381)	
909 1,406 366	1,370 377	882 1,417 296	Rest of World	879 1,350 358	1,391 383
3,086 ====================================	3,022 95.1	•	Total throughput Refining availability	2,990 ====== 95.0	•
270 1,293 1,828 657	318 1,344 1,724 665	333 1,313 1,758 677	Oil sales volumes (mb/d) Refined products UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	315 1,327 1,736 674	

4	,048	4,051	4,081	Total marketing sales	4,052	4,035
2	,647	2,087	2,624	Trading/supply sales	2,542	2,805
6	 ,695	6 , 138	6,705	Total refined product sales	6,594	6,840
	•	•	•	Crude oil	4,672	5 , 175
12	,011	11,477	10,277	Total oil sales	11,266	12,015
===						
				Global Indicator Refining Margin(a)		
				(\$/bbl)		
	2.47	5.29	4.37	NWE	4.15	2.77
	5.61	9.18	6.99	USGC	7.72	5.11
	6.39	9.01	5.01	Midwest	6.25	5.09
	9.04	15.41	11.28	USWC	11.62	7.39
	1.27	2.80	5.48	Singapore	3.92	1.63
	4.59	7.89	6.20	BP Average	6.26	4.13
===						

(a) The Global Indicator Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of six regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate.

Customer Facing Segments Refining and Marketing

The pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$1,301 million. This compares with \$687 million for the same period last year. The nine months result was \$3,804 million, a year-on-year increase of \$1,191 million, or 46%.

The improvement in the result is due primarily to refining margins in the third quarter being significantly higher than in the equivalent quarter a year ago. The margins continued to be supported by strong product demand and the impact of industry-wide planned and unplanned refinery maintenance. The refining result for the quarter was stronger than that suggested by the Global Indicator Margin (GIM) because of upgrading capacity in our refining portfolio and the benefits from supply optimization. Marketing margins decreased relative to the previous quarter and the equivalent quarter a year ago because rises in crude and product prices more than offset the increase in selling prices.

Included in the result for the quarter was a non-operating charge of \$206 million in relation to new, and revisions to existing, environmental and other provisions. The equivalent charge in the third quarter of 2003 was \$369 million. In addition, in the third quarter of 2003 there was a non-operating charge of \$72 million in relation to Veba integration costs. Also included in the result is an exceptional charge of \$17 million. The corresponding quarter in 2003 contained an exceptional charge of \$21 million.

The improvement in the nine months result compared with a year ago was attributable to the stronger refining margins, with overall marketing margins lower due to factors outlined above.

Refining throughputs for the quarter were 3,005 mb/d, some 81 mb/d lower than in the third quarter of 2003, due principally to the disposal of BP's interests in the Singapore Refining Company Private Limited and the closure of refining

operations at the ATAS Refinery in Mersin, south eastern Turkey. The throughputs were similar to those in the previous quarter with the impacts described above being offset by relatively lower turnaround activity. The quarter's refining availability was 94.9%. Marketing sales were 4,081~mb/d, a similar level to both the previous quarter and the equivalent quarter a year ago.

During the quarter BP Japan and Petrolub International announced an agreement to merge their automotive lubricant businesses and create a new company called BP Castrol KK.

The disposal of BP's Retail and LPG Business in the Singapore retail network and related assets was completed on 30 September.

Customer Facing Segments Petrochemicals

3Q 2003	2Q 2004	3Q 2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	Nine 2004	Months 2003
======	:=====			=====	
84	208	188	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	371	527 –
84	208	188	Pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax	371	527 ======
			Results include:		
(20)	_	- (EQ)		_ (E0)	- (20)
(20)	_	(30)	Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	(30)	(20)
_	_	_	rationalization costs	_	5
(36)	_		Other	_	(36)
(56)		(58)	Total non-operating items	(58)	(51)
13			Exceptional items	(186)	22
=======		=====	Total non-operating and	======	======
(43)	6	(96)	exceptional items	(244)	(29)
109	129	139 (b)Chemicals Indicator Margin(a)(\$/te)) 113 ======
			Petrochemicals production (kte)		
	856		UK	2,424	
	2,726		Rest of Europe	8,178	
2,507 1,038	2,514 1,075	2,600 1,097	USA Rest of World	7,657 3,304	
7,040	•	7,149	Total production	21,563	•

⁽a) The Chemicals Indicator Margin (CIM) is a weighted average of externally-based product margins. It is based on market data collected by Nexant in their quarterly market analyses, then weighted based on BP's product portfolio. It does not cover our entire portfolio of products, and consequently is only indicative of the margins achieved by

BP in any particular period.

(b) Provisional. The data for the third quarter is based on two months' actuals and one month of provisional data.

Petrochemicals' pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$188 million, an increase of \$104 million compared with the third quarter last year as higher margins more than offset higher net non-operating and exceptional charges. The result for the nine months was 30% lower than a year ago reflecting higher non-operating costs and exceptional charges. The third quarter result was down from \$208 million in the second quarter, due to higher margins and lower fixed costs being more than offset by revisions to environmental and other provisions of \$58 million and an exceptional charge of \$38 million arising from the sale of our Fabrics and Fibres business.

Production of 7,149 thousand tonnes in the third quarter was 109 thousand tonnes higher than the third quarter last year due primarily to higher asset utilization. Year-to-date production was 773 thousand tonnes higher than a year ago due to new Asian PTA capacity and higher asset utilization. Production in the third quarter was down 22 thousand tonnes compared with the second quarter due to UK maintenance activity, which more than offset increased volumes in other regions.

During the quarter we have progressed with plans to consolidate the Olefins and Derivatives (O&D) business into a stand-alone entity able to operate separately from the BP Group. Shortly after the quarter we reached agreement to sell the Fabrics and Fibres business, for which completion is expected during the fourth quarter.

Customer Facing Segments Gas, Power and Renewables

3Q	2Q	3Q		Nine N	
2003	2004	2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2004	2003
				=======	
			Replacement cost profit		
127	216	130	before interest and tax	544	484
	_		Acquisition amortization	_	_
			Pro forma replacement cost result		
127	216	130	before interest and tax	544	484
=======			D 11	=======	
			Results include:		
_	_	_	Asset write-downs/impairment	_	_
_	_	_	Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	_	_
_	_	_	rationalization costs	_	_
_	_	_	Other	_	_
_	_	_	Total non-operating items	_	_
(2)	_	16	Exceptional items	16	4
			Total non-operating and		
(2)	_	16	exceptional items	16	4
======		=====	Con and a series (man (/ 1))	=======	
=======	_ 	=====	Total non-operating and	=======	4

Gas sales volumes (mmcf/d)

362	2,495 266 12,470	485	UK Rest of Europe USA	398	2,653 418 11,328
•	•	•	Rest of World	•	11,173
25,477	27 , 301	29,213	Total gas sales volumes	29 , 175	25 , 572
			NGL sales volumes (mb/d)		
3	8	9	UK	7	3
-	3	7	Rest of Europe	4	-
346	334	358	USA	384	305
187	166	161	Rest of World	190	195
536	511	535	Total NGL sales volumes	585	503

The pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the third quarter and nine months was \$130 million and \$544 million, respectively, compared with \$127 million and \$484 million a year ago. The increase in the third quarter result reflects improved margins in the NGL and Solar businesses and higher exceptional gains from the disposal of BP's interest in an NGL plant in Canada, offset partly by weaker gas marketing and trading margins. The result for the nine months is higher than a year ago due principally to higher contributions from the NGL and Solar businesses and a higher exceptional gain more than offsetting the weaker margins seen in gas marketing and trading.

During the quarter, the Tangguh LNG project (BP share 37.16%) signed a sale and purchase agreement with K Power of South Korea to supply up to 0.8 million tonnes of LNG per annum for 20 years starting in 2006. BP Shipping announced an order for four new LNG carriers from Hyundai Heavy Industries of South Korea for delivery in 2007 and 2008. Since the end of the third quarter, the Tangguh LNG project has signed a sale and purchase agreement with Sempra Energy LNG to supply up to 3.7 million tonnes of LNG per annum from Indonesia to markets in Mexico and the US for 20 years, beginning in 2008.

Other Businesses and Corporate

3Q 2003	2Q 2004	3Q 2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	Nine N 2004	Months 2003
======				======	
(330)	(164)	(424)	Replacement cost profit (loss) before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	541	(649)
(330)	(164) ======	(424)	Pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax	541 ======	(649) =====
- (112) -	- -	- (225) (19)	Results include: Asset write-downs/impairment Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs	- (225) (19)	- (112) -
- (112)	- 	- (244)	Other Total non-operating items	- (244)	- (112)

(14)	(1)	1	Exceptional items	1,313 (20)
========				=========
			Total non-operating	
(126)	(1)	(243)	and exceptional items	1,069 (132)

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's aluminium asset, interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The third quarter result includes a charge of \$225 million in respect of new, and revisions to existing, environmental and other provisions and a charge of \$19 million in respect of the separation of the Olefins and Derivatives business. In the first quarter, BP sold its interest in PetroChina for \$1.65 billion and its interest in Sinopec for \$0.7 billion. These interests were previously included in other businesses and corporate.

Dividends

3Q	2Q	3Q		Nine Months
2003	2004	2004		2004 2003
6.50	7.10	7.10	Dividends per ordinary share cents	20.95 19.25
3.857	3.860	3.910	pence	11.577 11.843
39.0	42.6	42.6	Dividends per ADS (cents)	125.7 115.5

BP today announced a third quarterly dividend for 2004 of 7.10 cents per ordinary share. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 3.910 pence per share and holders of American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) \$0.426 per ADS share. The dividend is payable on 6 December to shareholders on the register on 12 November. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 6 December. The fourth quarter 2004 results and dividend will be announced on 8 February 2005.

Outlook

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, concluded:

"The world economy's expansion has continued, despite patches of softer growth in the US and Europe. Activity in the US appears to have strengthened in the third quarter although the recovery across the major European economies remains below trend on average and growth in parts of Asia, including China, appears to have moderated. Continued growth is expected across the world economy at around trend rates.

"Oil prices averaged \$41.54 per barrel (Dated Brent) in the third quarter - over \$6 per barrel higher than second quarter prices. Loss of US production following Hurricane Ivan, along with low inventories and limited spare capacity, propelled prices to record nominal highs in October, averaging almost \$50 per barrel to date. Price spreads between light, sweet and heavier, sourer crudes also touched record highs recently. The outlook for the rest of 2004 will depend upon the rate of US production recovery after Hurricane Ivan and the strength of oil

demand growth. Medium term oil price prospects will principally depend on the future strength of supply, demand growth, OPEC politics and perceptions of risks to political stability in certain of those nations. Oil prices are considered to have an approximate support level of \$30 per barrel for at least the medium term, with chances of spiking above this level.

"US natural gas prices averaged \$5.75/mmbtu (Henry Hub first of month index) in the third quarter, despite the oil price surge, down around \$0.25/mmbtu versus the second quarter. Following a cool summer, working gas inventories are at record highs going into the winter heating season. However, the 12-month futures strip (NYMEX Henry Hub) is trading currently at almost \$8/mmbtu, reflecting oil price strength.

"Refining margins in the third quarter slipped from the second quarter's record levels but remained high by historical standards. Strong demand growth, record refinery throughputs and low aggregate OECD product inventories continued to underpin the refining environment. Margins began the fourth quarter strongly amid concerns over winter heating oil supplies in Europe and lost refinery production due to Hurricane Ivan. The premium for light crude over heavy crude has been driven to exceptional levels, favouring upgraded refineries over less complex sites. The refining system should adjust, but this will take time. Marketing margins compressed in the third quarter due to increasing crude prices, product cost volatility and competitive pressure.

"Petrochemical margins held during the third quarter as product prices continued to strengthen, enabling the businesses to offset rapidly rising feedstock and energy costs. Current margins appear sustainable, although energy price volatility and foreign exchange rates are expected to influence future margins. Demand remained robust during the quarter, with sales volumes stable compared with the previous quarter.

"Capital expenditure, excluding acquisitions, for the nine months was \$9.8 billion, and is expected to be slightly above \$14 billion for the year. 2005 capital spending is expected to be around \$14 billion, above our previous forecast primarily due to the weak US dollar and the assumption that recent sector specific inflationary pressure in the market price of capital goods is sustained through 2005. The share buyback programme is continuing, reducing the number of shares outstanding thus increasing our ability to accelerate per share dividend growth."

The foregoing discussion, in particular the statements under "Outlook", contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding BP's asset portfolio and changes in it, capital expenditure, costs, demand, divestments, future performance, growth and other trend projections, impact of foreign exchange rates, maintenance, margins, prices, production, share repurchases and the timing of projects and pending transactions. Forward looking statements by their nature involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ from those expressed in such statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; currency exchange rates; operational problems; general economic conditions including inflationary pressures; political stability and economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in governmental regulations; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology and successful commercial relationships; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and other changes in business conditions; prolonged adverse weather conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and

other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2003 and our 2003 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

BP p.l.c. and Subsidiaries

Summarized Group Results

Third Quarter Q 2003	Second Quarter (Nine 2004	Months 2003
======= \$	million	=====		======================================	===== illion
			Exploration and Production	13,427	•
		1,081	Refining and Marketing	3,145	
84	208		Petrochemicals	371	
			Gas, Power and Renewables	544	
(330)	(164)	(424)	Other businesses and corporate	541	(649)
		5,858 1,027	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Stock holding gains (losses) (Note 5)	18,028	
			Scock notating gains (1033e3) (Note 3)		
			Historical cost profit before		
4,113	6,368	6,885	interest and tax	20,165	14,110
159		156	Interest expense (Note 6)	453	484
139	76	79	Other finance expense (Note 7)	231	
2 01 5	6 1 1 7	6 650	Drafit bafara taration	10 401	
3,013 1 //28	2 199	6,650 2,109	Profit before taxation Taxation (Note 8)	19,481 6,130	
			Taxacion (Noce o)		•
2,387	3,948	4,541	Profit after taxation	13,351	8,277
		58	Minority shareholders' interest	•	129
2,344	3,896	4,483	Profit for the period	13,197	
1 420	1 526	1 520	Distribution to about alders	4 F 4 O	
1,438	1,536	•	Distribution to shareholders	4,549 ======	,
			Earnings per ordinary share - cents		
10.62	17.80	20.67	Basic		36.71
	17.43		Diluted	59.18	36.51
			Replacement Cost Results		
2,344	3,896	4,483	Historical cost profit for the period Stock holding (gains) losses	13,197	8,148
(84)	(462)	(1,027)	<pre>net of minority shareholders' interest</pre>	(2,137)	68
2,260	3,434	3,456	Replacement cost profit for the period	11,060	8,216

Earnings per ordinary share - cents On replacement cost profit

10.25 15.68 15.96 for the period

50.52 37.02

Summarized Group Balance Sheet

	30 September 2004	31 December 2003
	======= \$	million
Fixed assets Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	91,917 18,829	13,642 7 91,911 9 17,458
	123,487	7 123 , 011
Current assets Stocks Debtors Investments Cash at bank and in hand	39 , 703 245	
Conditions amounts falling due within one ween	56,611	47,651
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year Finance debt Other creditors	7,665 48,324	9,456 41,128
Net current assets (liabilities)	622	(2,933)
Total assets less current liabilities	124,109	9 120,078
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	10 70	10.000
Finance debt Other creditors	12,780 4,475	
Provisions for liabilities and charges Deferred taxation Other provisions		14,371 8,815
Net assets excluding pensions and other post-retirement benefit balances Defined benefit pension plan surplus Defined benefit pension plan and other post-retirement benefit plan deficits	82,614 1,292 (7,682	
Net assets	76 , 224	
Minority shareholders' interest - equity	1,283	
BP shareholders' interest	74,941	TO,319

Movement in BP shareholders' interest:	<pre>\$ million</pre>
At 31 December 2003	75 , 938
Prior year adjustment - change in accounting policy (see Note 1)	(5,619)
As restated	70,319
Profit for the period	13,197
Distribution to shareholders	(4,549)
Currency translation differences (net of tax)	(152)
Issue of ordinary share capital for employee share schemes	379
Issue of ordinary share capital for TNK-BP acquisition	1,250
Net purchase of shares by ESOP trusts	(4)
Repurchase of ordinary share capital	(5,499)
At 30 September 2004	74 , 941
	=====

Quarter		Third Quarter	arized Group Cash Flow Statement	2004	Months 2003
	millior			======================================	===== illion
•			Net cash inflow from operating activities (a)	21,510	
39	7	1,061	Dividends from joint ventures	1,246	80
65	97	69	Dividends from associated undertakings	197	297
			Servicing of finance and returns on investments		
41	45	50	Interest received	136	124
(163)	(154)	(152)	Interest paid	(471)	(816)
26	18		Dividends received Dividends paid to	36	74
(4)	(8)		minority shareholders	(25)	(17)
(100)	(99)	(111)	Net cash outflow from servicing of finance and returns on investments	(324)	(635)
			Taxation UK corporation tax Overseas tax	(1,009) (2,978)	
(803)	(1,619)	(1,788)	Tax paid	(3 , 987)	(3,288)
			•		

Capital expenditure and

(3,063)	(2,764)	(3,251)	financial investment Payments for fixed assets	(8,956)	(8,694)
874	352	537	Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	3,728	4,843
			Net cash outflow for		
			capital expenditure and		
(2,189)	(2,412)	(2,714)	financial investment	(5,228)	(3,851)
			Acquisitions and disposals		
(28)	(14)	_	-	(14)	(178)
			Proceeds from the sale		
_	305	37	of businesses Net investment in	342	179
(2,625)	_	23	TNK-BP joint venture	(1,250)	(2,625)
. , ,			Net investment in	, , ,	. , ,
_	(21)	(75)	other joint ventures	(188)	(16)
(2/13)	(1/18)	(171)	Investments in associated undertakings	(752)	(760)
(243)	(140)		undertakings		
			Net cash (outflow) inflow for		
(2 , 896)	122	(186)	acquisitions and disposals	(1,862)	(3,400)
(1,433)	(1,478)	(1,536)	Equity dividends paid	(4,506)	(4,216)
(2.426)	1 525	1 71/	Net cash inflow (outflow)	7.046	2 105
(2,426)	1,535	1,/14	Net cash inilow (outliow)	7,046 =====	•
(1.471)	2.155	1.617	Financing (b)	7.370	3,483
			Management of liquid resources	58	182
			(Decrease) increase in cash	(382)	(480)
(2,426)	1 , 535	1,714		7,046	3,185
======			•	======	=====
			Analysis of Cash Flow		
	Second				
	Quarter 2004				Months 2003
2003		2004			2003
Ş	millior	1		\$ m	illion
			(a) Reconciliation of historical		
			cost profit before interest and tax to net cash inflow		
			from operating activities		
			Historical cost profit before		
4,113	6,368	6 , 885	interest and tax	20,165	14,110
2,485	2,738	2,648	Depreciation and amounts provided	8,200	7,847
			Exploration expenditure		
75	22	34	written off Net operating charge for pensions	123	168
			and other post-retirement		
(525)	(34)	39	benefits, less contributions	(18)	(723)
			Share of profits of joint ventures	10 5	
(433) (72)			and associated undertakings Interest and other income	(2,626) (187)	(944) (220)
(12)	(/4)	(43)	(Profit) loss on sale of fixed	(107)	(220)
(172)	127	15	assets and businesses	(1,088)	(846)
583	50	630	Charge for provisions	747	641
(187)			-	(418)	(512)
(1,048)	(1,412)	(2 , 573)	(Increase) decrease in stocks	(3,738)	(479)

(803)	(1,619) ======	(1,/88) ======	Total tax paid	(3,987)	(3,288) =====
(4)	28	33	exceptional items (b)	131	(207)
(799)	(1,647)	(1,821)	* Components of tax payments Tax paid on operations Tax refunded/(paid) on	(4,118)	(3,081)
4,096	5 , 275	6 , 117	Adjusted operating cash flow (post-tax)	18,511	14 , 859
	6,922 (1,647)	7,938 (1,821)	Adjusted operating cash flow (pre-tax) Tax paid on operations*	22,629 (4,118)	17,940 (3,081)
(100)	(99)	(111)	of finance and returns on investments	(324)	(635)
65	97	69	Dividends received from associated undertakings Net cash outflow from servicing	197	297
39	7	1,061	Dividends received from joint ventures	1,246	80
4,891	6,917	6,919	Net cash inflow from operating activities (a)	21,510	18,198
			Adjusted Operating Cash Flow		
(1,471)	2 , 155	1,617	Net cash outflow (inflow) from financing	7 , 370	3,483
_	2,000	2,250	Repurchase of ordinary share capital	5 , 499	1,999
(31)	(96) 44	(157) 87	Issue of ordinary share capital for employee share schemes Purchase of shares by ESOP trusts	(379) 146	(112) 6
(1,440)	207	(563)	Tague of ordinary chara carital	2,104	1,590
143	314	479	Repayments of short-term borrowing	3,201	4,430
1,774		13		1,283	
(1,433)	(430)	(717)	(b) Financing Long-term borrowing	(1,775)	(2 - 656)
=======	======	=====		======	
4,891	6 , 917	6 , 919	Net cash inflow from operating activities	21,510	18,198
	(1,400) 1,495	(3,395) 3,970	(Increase) decrease in debtors Increase (decrease) in creditors		

⁽a) Includes pre-tax discretionary pension funding of \$83 million in 3Q 2004 (\$55 million post-tax), \$249 million in nine months 2004 (\$171 million post-tax), \$612 million in 3Q 2003 (\$386 million post-tax) and \$947 million in nine months 2003 (\$600 million post-tax).

⁽b) Deemed to be the tax credit/(charge) on exceptional items in the income statement.

Capital Expenditure and Acquisitions

Third	Second	Third	Capital Expenditure and Acquisition	ıS	
Quarter (Nine 2004	Months 2003
		======			
\$	million			\$ m	illion
	211 45 1,027 1,022		By business Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World (a)	555 161 2,994 4,862	597 204 2,957 9,017
8,223	2,305	2,444		8,572	12,775
89 169 322 79	82 173 330 55	100 159 291 59	Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	259 424 879 151	228 337
659	640	609		1,713	1,581
51 16 55 60	22 53 68 38	66 69 72 25 	Petrochemicals UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	108 160 187 124	81 68 161 166
16 6 18	5 3 14	6 2 14	Gas, Power and Renewables UK Rest of Europe USA	12 7 39	48 30 111
45 	60 	43	Rest of World	150 	109
85	82 	65 		208	298
40 - 19 -	13 - 13 -	51 - 11 -	Other businesses and corporate UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	66 - 33 -	79 1 191 1
59	26	62		99	272
9,208	3,234	3,412		 11 , 171	15,402
	333 274 1,452 1,175	1,277 	By geographical area UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World (a)	5 , 287	640 4,306

(a) Nine months 2004 included \$1,354 million investment in TNK's interest in Slavneft within TNK-BP. Third quarter and nine months 2003 included the investment in the TNK-BP joint venture.

			Exchange rates		
			US dollar/sterling average rate		
	1.81		for the period	1.82	
		1.80	US dollar/sterling period-end rat US dollar/euro average rate		
1.13	1.20		for the period	1.23	
1.15	1.21	1.23	US dollar/euro period-end rate	1.23	1.15
				=====	=====
The description of	Carand	The decay	Analysis of Replacement Cost Profit Before Interest and Tax		
	Second			27.	Marchine
	Quarter				Months
	2004			2004	2003
	million				illion
			By business Exploration and Production		
672	835		UK	2,403	2,743
95	206	246	Rest of Europe	615	433
1,352	1,503	1,566	USA	4,563	4,384
1,547	1,758	2,326	Rest of World	5,846	4,258
3,666	4,302	4,883		13,427	11,818
			Defining and Manhating		
(160)	(195)	(152)	Refining and Marketing UK	(526)	(320)
355			Rest of Europe		1,215
92			USA	1,817	
195			Rest of World	598	
			Nobe of Morra		
482	1,344	1,081		3 , 145	1 , 998
			Petrochemicals		
(132)	(62)	(107)	UK	(325)	(260)
93	183	130	Rest of Europe	467	
63	3	30	USA	(76)	199
60	84	135	Rest of World	305	146
84	208	188		371	527
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
15	(2)	(46)	UK	(36)	36
(12)			Rest of Europe	(23)	(26)
78	114	139	USA	332	261
46	107	46	Rest of World	271	213
127	216	130		544	484

			Other businesses and corporate		
(108)	(50)	(147)	UK	(360)	(350)
3	(1)	21	Rest of Europe	14	(7)
(237)	(109)	(268)	USA	(407)	(361)
12	(4)	(30)	Rest of World	1,294	69
(330)	(164)	(424)		541	(649)
4,029	5 , 906	5 , 858		18,028	14,178
=======				=====	======
0.07	F0.6	0.00	By geographical area	1 1 4 6	1 0 4 0
	526		UK		1,849
	829		-	•	2,057
•	2,383	•	USA	•	5,057
1,860	2 , 168 	2,641	Rest of World	8,314	5 , 215
•	5 , 906			18,028	14 , 178
			Included above:		
			Share of profits of joint		
303	734	942	ventures	2,161	521
128	130	165	Share of profits of associated		
			undertakings	436	418
431	864	1,107		2,597	939

Pro Forma Result: Replacement Cost Profit Before Interest and Tax Adjusted for Acquisition Amortization

Quarter Q	Quarter	Third Quarter 2004		2004	Months 2003
\$	====== millior			====== \$ m	===== illion
·			By business	•	
			Exploration and Production		
704	867	775	UK	2,500	2,842
95	206	246	Rest of Europe	615	433
1,592	1,713	1,785	USA	5,206	5,140
1,568	1,772	2,338	Rest of World	5,949	4,543
3 , 959	4 , 558	5,144		14,270	12,958
			Refining and Marketing		
(50)	(72)	(27)	UK	(162)	10
355	444	533	Rest of Europe	1,266	1,215
187	967	631	USA	2,102	859
195	223	164	Rest of World	598	529
687	1 , 562	1,301		3,804	2,613
			Petrochemicals		
(132)	(62)	(107)	UK	(325)	(260)
93	183	130	Rest of Europe	467	442
		30		(76)	199
60	84	135	Rest of World	305	146
84	208	188		371	527

			Gas, Power and Renewables		
15	(2)	(46)	UK	(36)	36
(12)	(3)	(9)	Rest of Europe	(23)	(26)
78	114	139	USA	332	
46	107	46	Rest of World	271	213
127	216	130		544	484
			Other businesses and corporate		
(108)	(50)	(147)	UK	(360)	(350)
3		21	Rest of Europe	14	
	(109)		USA		(361)
12	(4)		Rest of World		69
(330)	(164)	(424)		541	(649)
4 , 527	6 , 380	6 , 339		19,530	15,933
			By geographical area		
429	681	448	UK	1,617	2,278
	829		Rest of Europe	2,339	
1,683	2,688	2,317	USA	7,157	
	2,182	2,653	Rest of World	8,417	
4 , 527	6 , 380			19,530	15,933
======		=====	Analysis of Exceptional Items	======	
	Second				
Quarter Q					Months
	2004			2004	
\$	million			\$ m	illion
			Exploration and Production		
147	(2)	(3)	UK	(6)	724
(31)	_	(1)	Rest of Europe	(1)	(31
(21)	43	13	USA	37	(250
101	(155)	14	Rest of World	90	519
196	(114)	23		120	962
			Refining and Marketing		
14	(58)	(16)	UK	(110)	(22)
(34)	(30)	(25)	Rest of Europe	(42)	(32) (62)
(34)	7	16	USA	18	(29)
2	33	8	Rest of World	(41)	1
(21)	(18)	(17)		(175)	(122)
_	2	1.0	Petrochemicals	6	2
_	3 73	10	UK	6 (2)	3
12	(70)	(56) (3)	Rest of Europe USA	(199)	(1) 16
1	(70)	11	Rest of World	(199)	4
13	 6	(38)		(186)	22
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
_	_	_	UK Rest of Europe	_	_
_	_	_	vest of parobe	_	_

4

USA

(5)

3	_	16	Rest of World	16	_
(2)		16		16	4
			Other businesses and corporate		
7	1	1	UK	1	(3)
_	(1)	1	Rest of Europe	_	(1)
(21)	_	(1)	USA	(1)	(16)
-	(1)		Rest of World	1,313	
(14)	(1)	1		1,313	(20)
			Profit (loss) on sale of fixed ass and businesses or termination	sets	
172	(127)	(15)	of operations	1,088	846
(4)			Taxation credit (charge)		(207)
168	(99)	18	Exceptional items after taxation	1,219	639
======		======		======	
		-	Identified Non-operating Items and U	JPIS	
	Second				
Quarter					Months
	2004			2004	
	million				llion
			Exploration and Production		
_	-	-	UK	_	(65)
_	-	-	Rest of Europe	_	_
15	(247)		USA (a)	(390)	(85)
	_ 	(60)	Rest of World	(183)	(5)
15	(247)	(137)		(573)	(155)
			Refining and Marketing		
_	_	(9)	UK	(9)	_
(72)	_	(20)	Rest of Europe	(20)	(131)
(369)		(159)	USA	(159)	(369)
_	_	(18)	Rest of World	(18)	_
(441)		(206)		(206)	(500)
			Petrochemicals		
(36)	_	(34)	UK	(34)	(36)
-	_	_	Rest of Europe	_	-
(20)	_	(24)	USA	(24)	(15)
_	_	_	Rest of World	_	_
(56)		(58)		(58)	(51)
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
_	_	_	UK	_	_
_	_	_	Rest of Europe	_	_
_	_	_	USA Rest of World	-	_
_	_	_		-	-
			Other businesses and corporate		

_	_	(21)	UK	(21)	_
_	_	_	Rest of Europe	_	_
(112)	-	(223)	USA	(223)	(112)
_	-	-	Rest of World	_	-
(112)	_	(244)		(244)	(112)
(594)	(247)	(645)	Total before taxation	(1,081)	(818)
209	88	226		380	416
			raxacion credic (charge)		
(385)	(159)	(419)	Total after taxation	(701)	(402)
		=====		======	=====

(a) Includes charges for Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS) of \$95 million in 3Q 2004 and \$248 million in the nine months of 2004 and a credit of \$15 million in 3Q 2003 and a charge of \$4 million in the nine months of 2003, which removes the upstream margin from downstream inventories.

Acquisition Amortization by Business

Quarter	Second Quarter 2004	Quarter			Months 2003
	======= \$ millior			======= \$ m:	===== illion
240	210	30 219 12	Exploration and Production UK USA Rest of World	643	99 756 285
293	256			843	1,140
95 205 498	123 95 218 474	95 220 481	Refining and Marketing UK USA Total acquisition amortization	285 659 1,502	330 285 615 1,755
			Production and Realizations		
Quarter 2003	Second Quarter 2004	Quarter 2004			Months 2003
74 558	80 541	495	Production Crude oil (mb/d) (net of royalties) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	315 74 533 1,398	359 81 578 780

1,852	2,321	2,298	Total crude oil production	2,320	1,798
======			Natural gas liquids (mb/d) (net of	===== royalti	====== es)
23	21	13	UK	18	24
5	5	3	Rest of Europe	4	5
141	140	134	USA	138	150
33	31	31	Rest of World	30	32
			Total natural gas		
202	197 =====	181	liquids production	190 =====	211
			Liquids (a) (mb/d) (net of royaltie		
	342		UK	333	
79	85	71	Rest of Europe	78	86
699	681		USA	671	728
941	1,410	1,485	Rest of World	1,428	812
2,054	2,518	2,479	Total liquids production		2 , 009
			Natural gas (b) (mmcf/d) (net of r		
1,267	1,213		UK	1,156	1,489
98	136	110	Rest of Europe	129	
	2,790		USA	2,781	3,194 3,823
	4,286 		Rest of World	4,367	3,823
	8 , 425		Total natural gas production	8,433	8,617
			Average realizations		
			Crude oil (\$/bbl)		
	33.99		UK	34.21	
		39.52	USA		29.19
	32.64		Rest of World		26.69
27.72 ======	34.47 ======	39.43	BP Average	34.93	28.25
			Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)		
	28.30		UK	28.84	
	23.13		USA	24.31	
	22.17		Rest of World	25.81	
19.39	23.71 ======	28.77 ======	BP Average	25.13 ======	18.96
			Liquids (a) (\$/bbl)		
27.34	33.64		UK	33.92	
26.90	33.67		USA	33.96	27.34
25.98	31.90	37.53	Rest of World	33.30	
26.79 =====	33.27 ======	38.29	BP Average	33.89	27.24
	_	_	Natural gas (\$/mcf)		
2.69	3.59		UK	4.03	
4.14	5.11	4.94	USA	4.92	
2.31			Rest of World	2.64	
3.08	3.68	3.66	BP Average	3.71	3.46
	=	==		====	

⁽a) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.(b) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

Reconciliation of Historical Cost Profit (Loss) to Pro Forma Result

<pre>\$ million</pre>	Reported earnings	Acquisition amortization	Pro forma result
20 2004	=======		
Exploration and Production	4,302	256	4,558
Refining and Marketing	1,344	218	1,562
Petrochemicals	208	_	208
Gas, Power and Renewables	216	_	216
Other businesses and corporate	(164)	_ 	(164)
RC profit before interest and tax	5,906	474	6,380
Interest and other finance expense	(221)	_	(221)
Taxation	(2,199)	_	(2,199)
MSI	(52)	_	(52)
RC profit	3,434	474	3,908
Stock holding gains (losses)	462	======	
HC profit	3,896		
no profit	=====		
3Q 2003			
Exploration and Production	3 , 666	293	3 , 959
Refining and Marketing	482	205	687
Petrochemicals	84	_	84
Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	127 (330)	_	127 (330)
other businesses and corporate	(330)		
RC profit before interest and tax	4,029	498	4,527
Interest and other finance expense	(298)	_	(298)
Taxation	(1,428)	_	(1,428)
MSI	(43)	_	(43)
RC profit	2,260	498	2 , 758
Stock holding gains (losses)	84	======	===
HC profit	2,344		
	=====		

Reconciliation of Historical Cost Profit (Loss) to Pro Forma Result

	Reported	Acquisition	Pro forma
<pre>\$ million</pre>	earnings	amortization	result

Nine Months 2004			
Exploration and Production	13,427	843	14,270
Refining and Marketing	3,145	659	3,804
Petrochemicals	371	_	371
Gas, Power and Renewables	544	_	544
Other businesses and corporate	541		541
RC profit before interest and tax	18,028	1,502	19,530
Interest and other finance expense	(684)		(684)
Taxation	(6,130)		(6,130)
MSI	(154)	-	(154)
RC profit	11,060		12,562
Stock holding gains (losses)	2,137	=======	
HC profit	13 , 197		
Nine Months 2003	=====		
Exploration and Production	11,818	1,140	12,958
Refining and Marketing	1,998	615	2,613
Petrochemicals	527	_	527
Gas, Power and Renewables	484	_	484
Other businesses and corporate	(649)	_	(649)
RC profit before interest and tax	14,178	1,755	15,933
Interest and other finance expense	(879)	-	(879)
Taxation	(4 , 954)	_	(4,954)
MSI	(129)	_ 	(129)
RC profit	8,216	1 , 755	9,971
Stock holding gains (losses)	(68)		
HC profit	8,148		
	====		

Return on Average Capital Employed

Third Quarter (2003	Second Quarter 2004	Third Quarter 2004		Nine 2004	Months 2003
======= \$	millior	====== 1		======= \$ mi	llion
			Replacement cost basis		
2,260	3,434	3,456	RC profit for the period (a)	11,060	8,216
82	62	67	Interest (b)	193	259
43	52	58	Minority shareholders' interest	154	129

	3 , 548	•	Adjusted RC profit	11,407	•
86,886 9 11.0%	•	95,289 15.0%	Average capital employed ROACE - replacement cost basis	95,219 16.0%	87,200 13.2%
			Pro forma basis		
		3,581 481	Adjusted RC profit (a) Acquisition amortization	11,407 1,502	1,755
			Adjusted RC profit -		
2,883 ======			pro forma basis	12,909	•
86 886 0	3 928	95 289	Average capital employed	95,219	87 200
			Average capital employed	·	·
14,110 1	.2 , 689 	12,156	acquisition adjustment	12,614	
		00.100	Average capital employed	00.605	F1 000
		19.5%	(pro forma basis) ROACE - Pro forma basis	82,605 20.8%	19.2%
			Historical cost basis		
2,344	3,896	4,483	Profit for the period (a)	13,197	8,148
82	62	67	Interest (b)	193	259
43	52 	58	Minority shareholders' interest	154	129
2,469			Adjusted historical cost profit	13,544	•
86,886			Average capital employed	95,219	
11.4%	17.1%	19.3%	ROACE - historical cost basis	19.0%	13.1%

- (a) 3Q 2004 includes \$18 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(419) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. Nine months 2004 includes \$1,219 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(701) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. 3Q 2003 includes \$168 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(385) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. Nine months 2003 includes \$639 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(402) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS.
- (b) Excludes interest on joint venture and associated undertakings' debt and is on a post-tax basis using a deemed tax rate equal to the US statutory tax rate.

Pre-Tax Cash Returns

Third Quarter Q 2003		Third Quarter 2004		Nine 2004	Months 2003
======= \$	millior	 1		======= \$ m:	===== illion
4,029 (172)	5,906 127	5 , 858	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Exceptional items	18,028 (1,088)	14 , 178 (846)

	6,033 474	5,873 481	Replacement cost operating profit Acquisition amortization		13,332 1,755
	6 , 507		Pro forma replacement cost operating profit Non-operating items Pro forma DD&A, adjusted for non-	•	15,087 814
1,987	2,104	2,160	cash non-operating items	6,408	6,043
6 , 951	8 , 771	9,064	Cash returns numerator	•	21,944
·	·	96,669 17,531	Capital employed Liabilities for current and deferred taxation	·	88 , 106
•	•	114,200 (11,865)	Operating capital employed Acquisition adjustment	114,200 (11,865)	104,255 (13,751)
-	•	102,335	Cash returns denominator	•	90,504
88,626	98 , 573	100,629	Average cash returns denominator	99,405	87 , 169
			Cash return		34%

Net Debt Ratio - Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity

Third Second Third		
Quarter Quarter Quarter		Nine Months
2003 2004 2004		2004 2003
<pre>\$ million</pre>		<pre>\$ million</pre>
19,970 19,858 20,445	Gross debt	20,445 19,970
1,495 1,703 1,821	Cash and current asset investments	1,821 1,495
18,475 18,155 18,624	Net debt	18,624 18,475
60 126 74 124 76 224	To the	76.004.60.106
68,136 74,124 76,224		76,224 68,136
21% 20% 20%	Net debt ratio	20% 21%
13,751 12,447 11,865	Acquisition adjustment	11,865 13,751
	-	
25% 23% 22%	Net debt ratio - pro forma basis	22% 25%
=======================================		=========

Notes

1. Restatement of comparative information

Comparative information for 2003 has been restated to reflect the changes described below.

(a) Transfer of natural gas liquids activities
With effect from 1 January 2004 natural gas liquids (NGLs)

activities have been transferred from the Exploration and Production segment to Gas, Power and Renewables.

- (b) New accounting standard for pensions and other post-retirement benefits With effect from 1 January 2004 BP has adopted Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 'Retirement Benefits' (FRS 17). FRS 17 requires that financial statements reflect at fair value the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligations and any related funding. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits are recognized in the period in which they are earned together with any related finance costs and changes in the value of related assets and liabilities. This contrasts with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 24 'Accounting for Pension Costs', which requires the cost of providing pensions to be recognized on a systematic and rational basis over the period during which the employer benefits from the employee's services. The difference between the amount charged in the income statement and the amount paid as contributions into the pension fund is shown as a prepayment or provision on the balance sheet.
- (c) Accounting for Employee Share Ownership Plans With effect from 1 January 2004 BP has adopted Urgent Issues Task Force Abstract No. 38 'Accounting for ESOP Trusts'. This abstract requires that BP shares held by the group for the purposes of Employee Share Ownership Plans (ESOPs) are deducted from equity on the balance sheet. Such shares were previously classified as fixed asset investments.

Restated Reported

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

	\$ mil	lion
Fixed assets Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	91,911	13,642 91,911 17,554
	123,011	123,107
Current assets Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	•	54,465 50,584
Net current assets (liabilities)	(2,933)	3,881
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors - amounts falling due after	120,078	126,988
more than one year Provisions for liabilities and charges	18 , 959	18,959
Deferred taxation Other provisions	•	15,273 15,693
Net assets excluding pension and other		
post-retirement benefit balances Defined benefit pension plan surplus Defined benefit pension plan and other	77,933 1,021	77 , 063 -
post-retirement benefit plan deficits	(7,510)	-

Net assets	71,444	77,063
Minority shareholders' interest	1,125	1,125
BP shareholders' interest	70,319	75 , 938

Notes

Income statements	Third	Nine Months 2003	Repo Third Quarter 2003	Nine
	======	====== \$ mi	======= llion	=====
Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Petrochemicals Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	482 84 127	1,998 527 484	3,716 434 94 96 (324)	1,853 555 399
Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Stock holding gains (losses)	4,029 84	14 , 178 (68)	4,016 84	14 , 139 (68)
Historical cost profit before interest and tax Interest expense Other finance expense	159	14 , 110 484 395	4,100 213 -	
Profit before taxation Taxation	1,428	4,954	3,887 1,450	5,023
Profit after taxation Minority shareholders' interest	2,387	8,277	2,437 43	8,424
Profit for the period			2,394	
Distribution to shareholders		4,258	1,438	4,258
Earnings per ordinary share - cents Basic Diluted	10.51	36.71 36.51	10.85 10.74	37.37 37.18

Notes

2. Turnover

Third Second Third Quarter Quarter

Nine Months

2003 2004 2004 2003

===========			======	
\$ million	1		\$ r	million
		By business		
7,153 8,213	8,660	Exploration and Production	•	•
38,205 45,467	45 , 359	Refining and Marketing	•	112,574
	•	Petrochemicals	14,727	•
15,948 18,434	20,443	Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses	59 , 852	48,938
138 132	137	and corporate	390	378
65,390 77,051	80,011		232,528	197,457
7 140 7 060	0 106	Less: sales between	04 050	00 750
7,140 7,960	9,126	businesses	24,950	22 , 750
58,250 69,091	70 , 885	Group excluding JVs Share of sales by	207,578	174,707
914 2,063	2 , 967	joint ventures	6 , 908	1,676
59,164 71,154	73,852		214,486	176,383
		By geographical area		
		Group excluding JVs		
12,561 17,355	21,848	UK	56,499	40,854
12,476 13,332	13,876	Rest of Europe	39,249	38,294
29,119 33,541	31,435	USA	96,779	82 , 563
12,766 15,787	16,731	Rest of World	48,335	38,604
66,922 80,015	83 , 890		240,862	200,315
8,672 10,924	13,005	Less: sales between areas	33,284	25,608
58,250 69,091	•			174,707

3. Replacement cost profit

Replacement cost profits reflect the current cost of supplies. The replacement cost profit for the period is arrived at by excluding from the historical cost profit stock holding gains and losses.

Notes

4. Operating profits are after charging:

Third Second Third	
Quarter Quarter	Nine Months
2003 2004 2004	2004 2003
<pre>\$ million</pre>	\$ million

Exploration expense

11 23 60 42	3 6 63 36	4 7 58 66	UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	9 15 218 137	16 32 144 157
136	108	135	Rest of World	379	349
65	46	51	Production taxes (a) UK petroleum revenue tax	223	256
351	378	502	Overseas production taxes	1,279	1,046
416 =====	424	553 =====		1,502 ======	1,302

(a) Production taxes are charged against Exploration and Production's operating profit and are not included in the charge for taxation in Note $8.\,$

5. Stock holding gains (losses)

84	462	1,027		2,137	(68)
(7)	(6)	27	Gas, Power and Renewables	11	(52)
2	40	129	Petrochemicals	290	45
89	428	866	Refining and Marketing	1,823	(64)
-	-	5	Exploration and Production	13	3

Notes

6. Interest expense

Quarter Qu	Second Larter Qu 2004	arter		Nine 2004	Months 2003
======================================	====== nillion	====		======= \$ mi	===== llion
	147 (52)		1 1 1	456 (159)	528 (130)
125 23 11		103 41 12	Joint ventures Associated undertakings	297 121 35	398 53 33
159	145	156		453 ======	484

7. Other finance expense

460 (375)	491	502 (493)	Interest on pension and othe post-retirement benefit plan liabilities Expected return on pension and other post-retirement benefit plan assets	1,493	,
			T		
0.5			Interest net of expected ret		0.5.5
85	_	9	on plan assets	11	255
			Unwinding of discount		
45	50	48	on provisions	146	131
			Unwinding of discount on		
			deferred consideration for		
			acquisition of investment		
9	26	22	in TNK-BP	74	9
139	76	79		231	395
				======	

8. Charge for taxation

1,528	2 , 165	1,672	Current	5 , 543	4,515
(100)	34	437	Deferred	587	439
•	2 , 199	•		6,130	4,954
245	366	601	UK	1,312	1,075
1,183	1 , 833	1,508	Overseas	4,818	3,879
1,428	2 , 199	2,109		6,130	4,954

Notes

9. Analysis of changes in net debt

Third Second T	Third		
Quarter Quarter Qua	arter	Nine	Months
2003 2004	2004	2004	2003
==========	====	======	
<pre>\$ million</pre>		\$ m	illion
	Opening bal	lance	
18,594 19,937 19	,858 Finance dek	ot 22,325	22,008
2,115 2,006 1	L,531 Less: Cash	1,947	1,520

329	328	172	Current asset investments	185	215
16,150	17,603	18,155	Opening net debt	20,193	20,273
1,091 404		1,576 245		20,445 1,576 245	1,091
18,475	18,155	18,624	Closing net debt	18,624	18,475
(2,325)	(552)	(469)	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,569	•
(1,031)	(467)	24	Movement in cash/ bank overdrafts (Decrease) increase in		(480)
76	(153)	73	current asset investments Net cash outflow (inflow) from financing(excluding	58	182
(1,440)	207	(563)	share capital)	2,104	1,590
93	_	_	Debt transferred to TNK-BP Exchange of Exchangeable Bond for Lukoil American	- ls	93
_	_	_	Depositary Shares	_	420
(31)	7	10	Other movements	31	139
(12)	_		Debt acquired	_	(12)
			Movement in net debt before		
			exchange effects		1,932
20	(146)	(13)	Exchange adjustments	(242)	(134)
(2,325)	(552)	(469)	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,569	1,798
		======			

Notes

10. TNK-BP Operational and Financial Information

29 Aug	Second	Third		Nine	29 Aug
30 Sept	Quarter	Quarter		Months	30 Sept
2003	2004	2004		2004	2003
			Production (Net of royalties)		
			(BP share)		
654	814	858	Crude oil (mb/d)	813	654
239	450	505	Natural gas (mmcf/d)	446	239
695	891	945	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(a)	889	695
======				======	
	\$ million	n		\$ r	nillion
			Income statement (BP share)		
			Replacement cost profit		
158	581	807	before interest and tax	1,762	158

(13) (30) (1)	(171	(257)	-	(79) (543) st (26)	- (13) (30) (1)
114	374		Net Income	1,114	114
9	26	22	++ Excludes unwinding of disco on deferred consideration	ount	9
-	-	- 23	Cash Flow Additional investment in TNK-BP joint venture Dividends related to period prior to acquisition	(1,416)	-
		23	Net investment in TNK-BP joint venture	(1,250)	
-	-		Dividends received	1,150	_
Quarter 2003	Second Quarter 2004	Quarter 2004			Months 2003
27.20 27.20 16.08			Average oil marker prices (\$/b Urals (NWE - cif) Urals (Med - cif) Domestic Oil	32.85	26.97 27.04 9.67

Balance Sheet	30 September 2004	31 December 2003
	=======	========
	\$ mil	lion
Fixed assets - investments		
Gross assets	12,018	10,339
Gross liabilities	(3,650)	(3,290)
	8,368	7,049
	======	=======
Deferred consideration		
Due within one year	1,219	1,227
Due after more than one year	1,185	2,352
	2,404	3 , 579
	=======	======

⁽a) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

BP's share of the result of the TNK-BP joint venture has been included within Exploration and Production with effect from 29 August 2003. TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated and includes adjustments to net income in respect of prior periods amounting to a credit of \$25 million in 3Q 2004 and charges of \$36 million in the nine months of 2004.

Notes

11. Statutory accounts

The financial information shown in this publication is unaudited and does not constitute statutory accounts. The 2003 Annual Report and Accounts have been delivered to the UK Registrar of Companies; the report of the auditors on those accounts was unqualified.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BP p.l.c.
(Registrant)

Dated: 26 October 2004 /s/ D. J. PEARL

D. J. PEARL

Deputy Company Secretary