LAKELAND INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q September 14, 2010

Yes x No "

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

(Mark one) X OUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2010 OR "TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ Commission File Number: 0-15535 LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware. 13-3115216 (State of incorporation) (IRS Employer Identification Number) 701 Koehler Avenue, Suite 7, Ronkonkoma, New York 11779 (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) (631) 981-9700 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes" No x Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes" No x Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12-b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one.):

required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer o

Non accelerated filer "(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12-b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes. No x

As of July 31, 2010, the aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was \$38,911,451 based on the closing price of the common stock as reported on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System National Market System.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes" No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Outstanding at September 13, 2010

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share

5,441,215 shares

### LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## FORM 10-Q

The following information of the Registrant and its subsidiaries is submitted herewith:

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#### LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I - Item 1.

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**Financial Statements:** 

Introduction

#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This 10-Q may contain certain forward-looking statements. When used in this 10-Q or in any other presentation, statements which are not historical in nature, including the words "anticipate," "estimate," "should," "expect," "believe," "int "project" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. They also include statements containing a projection of sales, earnings or losses, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial terms.

The forward-looking statements in this 10-Q are based upon our management's beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future operations and economic performance, taking into account the information currently available to us. These statements are not statements of fact. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, some of which are not currently known to us that may cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to be materially different from the expectations of future results, performance or financial condition we express or imply in any forward-looking statements. Some of the important factors that could cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to differ materially from expectations are:

- Our ability to obtain fabrics and components from suppliers and manufacturers at competitive prices or prices that vary from quarter to quarter;
  - Risks associated with our international manufacturing and start-up sales operations;
    - Potential fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
    - Our ability to respond to rapid technological change;
      - Our ability to identify and complete acquisitions or future expansion;
        - Our ability to manage our growth;
  - Our ability to recruit and retain skilled employees, including our senior management;
    - Our ability to accurately estimate customer demand;
    - Competition from other companies, including some with greater resources;
      - Risks associated with sales to foreign buyers;
  - Restrictions on our financial and operating flexibility as a result of covenants in our credit facilities;
    - Our ability to obtain additional funding to expand or operate our business as planned;
    - The impact of a decline in federal funding for preparations for terrorist incidents;
      - The impact of potential product liability claims;
      - Liabilities under environmental laws and regulations;
        - Fluctuations in the price of our common stock;
        - Variations in our quarterly results of operations;
- •The cost of compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and rules and regulations relating to corporate governance and public disclosure;
- The significant influence of our directors and executive officer on our company and on matters subject to a vote of our stockholders:
  - The limited liquidity of our common stock;
- •The other factors referenced in this 10-Q, including, without limitation, in the sections entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and "Business."

We believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Furthermore, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this 10-Q, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this Form 10-Q might not occur. We qualify any and all of our forward-looking statements entirely by these cautionary factors.

## LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

July 31, 2010 January 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

	(Unaudited)		
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,607,517	\$	5,093,380
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$158,200at July 31,	,		
2010 and \$200,200 at January 31, 2010	16,318,767		15,809,010
Inventories, net of reserves of \$808,000 at July 31, 2010 and \$868,000 at January			
31, 2010	33,559,980		38,575,890
Deferred income taxes	1,473,387		1,261,250
Prepaid income and VAT tax	3,361,534		1,731,628
Other current assets	1,507,271		2,355,506
Total current assets	62,828,456		64,826,664
Property and equipment, net	13,572,050		13,742,454
Intangibles and other assets, net	7,893,850		5,622,120
Goodwill	6,089,720		5,829,143
Total assets	\$ 90,384,076	\$	90,020,381
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 6,664,501	\$	3,882,730
Accrued compensation and benefits	1,546,134		1,288,796
Other accrued expenses	644,133		1,138,303
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	2,961,596		9,517,567
Other short-term borrowing	589,312		_
Current maturity of long-term debt	97,442		93,601
Total current liabilities	12,503,118		15,920,997
Construction loan payable, net of current maturity	1,599,679		1,583,419
VAT taxes payable long term	3,308,964		
Other liabilities	98,345		92,176
Total liabilities	17,510,106		17,596,592
Commitments and Contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par; authorized 1,500,000 shares (none issued)	-	_	_
Common stock \$.01 par; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding			
5,566,537 and 5,564,732 shares at July 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010,			
respectively	55,665		55,647
Less treasury stock, at cost, 125,322 shares at July 31, 2010 and January 31, 2010	(1,353,247)		(1,353,247)
Additional paid-in capital	50,098,557		49,622,632
Retained earnings	24,447,550		25,221,050
Other comprehensive loss	(374,555)		(1,122,293)
Total stockholders' equity	72,873,970		72,423,789
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 90,384,076	\$	90,020,381

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED					SIX MONTHS ENDED			
	July 31,					July 31,			
	2010 2009					2010		2009	
Net sales	\$ 2	24,551,397	\$ 2	23,048,759	\$4	19,914,115	\$ 4	47,024,654	
Cost of goods sold	1	6,279,703		16,811,889	3	35,238,541	2	34,777,346	
Gross profit		8,271,694		6,236,870	1	4,675,574		12,247,308	
Operating expenses		7,431,288		6,023,378	1	3,544,798		11,355,311	
Operating profit		840,406		213,492		1,130,776		891,997	
VAT tax charge Brazil		_	_	_	- (	(1,583,247)			
Interest and other income, net		22,229		14,138		35,003		54,252	
Interest expense		92,244		226,770		178,273		420,249	
Income (loss) before income taxes		770,391		860		(595,741)		526,000	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		197,959		(7,007)		177,759		420,814	
Net income (loss)	\$	572,432	\$	7,867	\$	(773,500)	\$	105,186	
Net income (loss) per common share:									
Basic	\$	0.11	\$	0.00	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.02	
Diluted	\$	0.10	\$	0.00	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.02	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:									
Basic		5,440,411		5,415,391		5,439,921		5,410,938	
Diluted		5,533,196		5,436,309		5,526,626		5,452,560	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Six months ended July 31, 2010

	Commor Shares	n Stock Amount	Treasu Shares	ry Stock Amount	Pa	litional aid-in apital	Retained Earnings	Con	cumulated Other aprehensive ome (Loss)		Total
Balance January 31,	5 5 C A 722	¢ 55 (47	(105, 222)	Φ (1.252.24)	7) ¢ 40	(22 (22	Φ 25 221 050	<b>.</b>	1 100 202	ф <b>7</b>	2 422 700
2010 Net loss	5,564,732	\$ 33,647	(125,322)	\$ (1,353,24	7) \$49,	622,632	\$ 25,221,050 - (773,500		1,122,293)	\$ /	(773,500)
Other	_	_		_	<u>—</u>	_	- (773,300	')	_	_	(773,300)
Comprehensive											
Income	_			_	_	_	_		747,738		747,738
									717,750		717,750
Stock-Based											
Compensation:	-			_	_						
Restricted Stock	_			_		487,777			_	_	487,777
Shares issued from											
Restricted Stock											
Plan	1,805	18	_	_	—	(18)		—	_	_	_
Return of shares in											
lieu of payroll tax											
withholding	_			_		(11,834)			_	_	(11,834)
Balance July 31,											
2010	5,566,537	\$ 55,665	(125,322)	\$ (1,353,24	7) \$50,	098,557	\$ 24,447,550	\$	(374,555)	\$ 7	2,873,970
Total											
Comprehensive											
Income:										Φ	(772 500)
Net loss										\$	(773,500)
Foreign Exchange Translation											
Adjustments:											
Qualytextil, SA,											
Brazil								\$	828,810		
Canada Real Estate								Ψ	2,556		
UK									(108,510)		
China									4,972		
Canada operating									19,910		747,738
Total											
Comprehensive											
loss										\$	(25,762)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

### LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	SIX MONTH July	31,
	2010	2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (773,500)	\$ 105,186
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	487,777	138,649
Provision for doubtful accounts	(41,970)	(73,333)
Provision for inventory obsolescence	(59,998)	198,486
Depreciation and amortization	1,008,059	820,735
Deferred income tax	(212,137)	698,689
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(467,787)	(1,297,434)
Decrease in inventories	5,075,908	7,686,688
Increase in other assets	(3,938,216)	(2,401,822)
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,624,370	3,027,601
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,702,506	8,903,445
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(490,042)	(681,405)
Net cash used in investing activities	(490,041)	(681,405)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Purchases of stock under stock repurchase program	_	- (97,787)
Director options granted at fair market value	_	47,068
Proceeds from exercise of director stock options	_	- 23,562
Net payments under loan agreements	(6,007,291)	(6,456,271)
Increase in VAT taxes payable long term	3,308,964	_
Net cash used by financing activities	(2,698,327)	(6,483,428)
Net increase in cash	1,514,137	1,738,612
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,093,380	2,755,441
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 6,607,517	\$ 4,494,053

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## LAKELAND INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### 1. Business

Lakeland Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, organized in April 1982, manufactures and sells a comprehensive line of safety garments and accessories for the industrial protective clothing and homeland security markets. The principal market for our products is the United States. No customer accounted for more than 10% of net sales during the six-month periods ended July 31, 2010 and 2009.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by us, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal and recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial information required therein. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. While we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading, it is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended January 31, 2010.

The results of operations for the six-month period ended July 31, 2010 is not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

#### 3. Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

#### 4. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

July 31, 2010 January 31, 2010

Raw materials	\$ 16,611,292 \$	18,727,993
Work-in-process	3,369,557	2,444,693
Finished goods	13,579,131	17,403,204
	\$ 33,559,980 \$	38,575,890

Inventories include freight-in, materials, labor and overhead costs and are stated at the lower of cost (on a first-in, first-out basis) or market.

#### 5. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding without consideration of common stock equivalents. Diluted earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of common and common stock equivalents. The diluted earnings per share calculation takes into account the shares that may be issued upon exercise of stock options, reduced by the shares that may be repurchased with the funds received from the exercise, based on the average price during the period.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share at July 31, 2010 and 2009.

	Three Mon July		Ended	Six Months Ended July 31,				
	2010	2009		2010	2009			
Numerator								
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 572,432	\$	7,867	\$	(773,500)	\$	105,186	
Denominator								
Denominator for basic earnings per								
share (Weighted-average shares								
which reflect 125,322 weighted								
average common shares in the								
treasury as a result of the stock								
repurchase program for the quarter								
ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, and								
125,322 and 121,159 for the six								
months ended July 31, 2010 and								
2009, respectively)	5,440,411		5,415,391		5,439,921		5,410,938	
Effect of dilutive securities from								
restricted stock plan and from dilutive								
effect of stock options	92,785		20,918		86,705		36,482	
Denominator for diluted earnings per								
share (adjusted weighted average								
shares)	5,533,196		5,436,309		5,526,626		5,452,560	
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.11	\$		\$	(0.14)	\$	0.02	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.10	\$	0.00	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.02	

#### 6. Revolving Credit Facility

At July 31, 2010, the balance outstanding under our one-year revolving credit facility amounted to \$3.0 million. In January 2010, the Company entered into a new one-year \$23.5 million revolving credit facility with TD Bank, N.A. The credit facility contains financial covenants, including, but not limited to, fixed charge ratio, funded debt to EBIDTA ratio, inventory and accounts receivable collateral coverage ratio, with respect to which the Company was in compliance at July 31, 2010, except for minimum EBITDA which the bank has waived. The weighted average interest rate for the six-month period ended July 31, 2010 was 1.95%.

#### 7. Major Supplier

We purchased 9% of our raw materials from one supplier during the six-month period ended July 31, 2010. In the past, we purchased approximately 75% of our raw material from this suppler. We carried higher inventory levels throughout FY10 and limited our material purchases in Q1 of FY11. We expect this relationship to continue for the foreseeable future. If required, similar raw materials could be purchased from other sources; however, our competitive position in the marketplace could be adversely affected.

#### 8. Employee Stock Compensation

The Company's Director's Plan permits the grant of share options and shares to its Directors for up to 60,000 shares of common stock as stock compensation. All stock options under this Plan are granted at the fair market value of the common stock at the grant date. This date is fixed only once a year upon a Board Member's re-election to the Board at the Annual Shareholders' meeting which is the third Wednesday in June pursuant to the Director's Plan and our Company By-Laws. Directors' stock options vest ratably over a six-month period and generally expire six years from the grant date.

The following table represents our stock options granted, exercised and forfeited during the first six months of fiscal 2011.

	Wei	Aggregate		
	Number Exe	Intrinsic		
Stock Options	of Shares	Share	Contractual Term	Value
Outstanding at January 31, 2010	24,300 \$	12.11	2.34 years	\$ 11,200
Outstanding at July 31, 2010	24,300 \$	12.11	2.22 years	\$ 17,030
Exercisable at July 31, 2010	24,300 \$	12.11	2.22 years	\$ 17,030

#### Restricted Stock Plan and Performance Equity Plan

On June 21, 2006, the shareholders of the Company approved a restricted stock plan (the "2006 Equity Incentive Plan"). A total of 253,000 shares of restricted stock were authorized under this plan. On June 17, 2009, the shareholders of the Company authorized 253,000 shares under the restricted stock plan (the "2009 Equity Incentive Plan"). Under the restricted stock plan, eligible employees and directors are awarded performance-based restricted shares of the Company common stock. The amount recorded as expense for the performance-based grants of restricted stock are based upon an estimate made at the end of each reporting period as to the most probable outcome of this plan at the end of the three-year performance period (e.g., baseline, maximum or zero). In addition to the grants with vesting based solely on performance, certain awards pursuant to the plan have a time-based vesting requirement, under which awards vest from two to three years after grant issuance, subject to continuous employment and certain other conditions. Restricted stock has no voting rights until fully vested and issued, and the underlying shares are not considered to be issued and outstanding until vested.

Under the 2009 Equity Incentive Plan, the Company has granted up to a maximum of 213,061 restricted stock awards as of July 31, 2010. All of these restricted stock awards are non vested at July 31, 2010 (152,849 shares at "baseline") and have a weighted average grant date fair value of \$8.00. Under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, there are also outstanding as of July 31, 2010 unvested grants of 1,866 shares under the stock purchase match program and 19,223 shares under the bonus in stock program. The Company recognizes expense related to performance-based awards over the requisite service period using the straight-line attribution method based on the outcome that is probable.

As of July 31, 2010, unrecognized stock based compensation expense related to restricted stock awards totaled \$1,257,841, consisting of \$9,987 remaining under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and \$1,247,854 under the 2009 Equity Incentive Plan, before income taxes, based on the maximum performance award level, less what has been charged to expense on a cumulative basis through July 31, 2010, which has been set at baseline. The cost of these non vested awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of three years. The board has estimated its current performance level to be at the baseline level, and expenses have been recorded accordingly. The performance based awards are not considered stock equivalents for EPS purposes.

#### **Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company recognized total stock based compensation costs of \$487,777 and \$138,649 for the six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, of which \$30,523 and \$113,966 results from the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and \$457,254 and \$0 result from the 2009 Equity Incentive Plan for the six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$0 and \$24,683, respectively, from the Director Option Plan. These amounts are reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses. The total income tax benefit recognized for stock based compensation arrangements was \$175,600 and \$49,913 for the six months ended July 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Effective July 31, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors elected to change the expected performance level to baseline for the Company's 2009 Equity Incentive Plan. This resulted in a cumulative charge of \$457,000 (\$292,000 net of taxes) or \$0.05 per share.

#### 9. Manufacturing Segment Data

Domestic and international sales are as follows in millions of dollars:

	Three Months Ended							Six Months Ended							
		July 31,						July 31,							
		2010			2009			2010				2009			
Domestic	\$	13.9	56.5%	\$	14.4		62.5%	\$	29.3		58.7%	\$	31.6		67.2%
International		10.7	43.5%		8.6		37.5%		20.6		41.3%		15.4		32.8%
Total	\$	24.6	100.0%	\$	23.0		100.0%	\$	49.9		100.0%	\$	47.0		100.0%

We manage our operations by evaluating each of our geographic locations. Our North American operations include our facilities in Decatur, Alabama (primarily the distribution to customers of the bulk of our products and the manufacture of our chemical, glove and disposable products), Celaya, Mexico (primarily disposable, glove and chemical suit production) and St. Joseph, Missouri and Sinking Springs, Pennsylvania (primarily woven products production). We also maintain manufacturing facilities in China (primarily disposable and chemical suit production) and a glove manufacturing facility in New Delhi, India. We have a manufacturing facility in Salvador, Bahia, Brazil. Our China facilities and our Decatur, Alabama facility produce the majority of the Company's products. The accounting policies of these operating entities are the same as those described in Note 1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2010. We evaluate the performance of these entities based on operating profit which is defined as income before income taxes, interest expense and other income and expenses. We have sales forces in Canada, Europe, Chile and China which sell and distribute products shipped from the United States, Mexico or China and a sales force in Brazil. The table below represents information about reported manufacturing segments for the six-month periods noted therein:

	Three Months 31 (in millions	,	Six Mont July (in millions			
	2010		2010		2009	
Net Sales:						
North America and other foreign	\$ 18.4	\$	18.5 \$	38.9	\$	39.2
Brazil	2.9		3.2	5.9		5.8
China	8.6		4.8	15.0		9.4
India	0.4		0.2	0.9		0.3
Less intersegment sales	(5.7)		(3.7)	(10.8)		(7.7)
Consolidated sales	\$ 24.6	\$	23.0 \$	49.9	\$	47.0
Operating Profit:						
North America and other foreign	\$ .37	\$	(.15) \$	.01	\$	.04
Brazil	(.20)		(.16)	(.15)		(.07)
China	1.2		.70	1.9		1.47
India	(.17)		(.25)	(.37)		(1.49)
Less inter-segment profit	(.36)		.07	(.29)		.94
Consolidated operating profit	\$ 0.84	\$	.21 \$	1.1	\$	.89
Identifiable Assets (at Balance Sheet date):						
North America and other foreign	_		-\$	46.9	\$	66.5
Brazil	_		_	21.3		18.5
China	_		_	17.4		14.0
India	_		_	4.8		0.7
Consolidated assets	_		<b>_</b> \$	90.4	\$	99.7

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Depreciation and Amortization Expense	<b>:</b> :				
North America and other foreign	\$	.22	\$ .21 \$	.44	\$ .41
Brazil		.09	.03	.17	.05
China		.09	.08	.17	.16
India		.11	.10	.22	.20
Consolidated depreciation expense	\$	.51	\$ .42 \$	1.0	\$ .82

#### 10. Income Tax Audit / Change in Accounting Estimate

The Company adheres to the guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") dealing with accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. This guidance prescribes recognition thresholds that must be met before a tax position is recognized in the financial statements and provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Under guidance, an entity may only recognize or continue to recognize tax positions that meet a "more likely than not" threshold.

There was no activity in our unrecognized tax benefits, and the uncertain income tax liability at July 31, 2010 was \$0.

The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax issues as components of income tax expense.

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax, as well as income tax in multiple U.S. state and local jurisdictions and a number of foreign jurisdictions. The Company's federal income tax returns for the fiscal years ended January 31, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2007 have been audited by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

An audit of the fiscal year ended January 2007 has been completed by the IRS. The Company has received a final "No Change Letter" from the IRS for FY07.

Our three major foreign tax jurisdictions are China, Canada and Brazil. According to China tax regulatory framework, there is no statute of limitation on fraud or any criminal activities to deceive tax authorities. However, the general practice is going back five years, and general practice for records maintenance is 15 years. Our China subsidiaries were audited during the tax year 2007 for the tax years 2006, 2005 and 2004. Those audits are associated with ordinary course of business. China tax authorities did not perform tax audits associated with ordinary course of business during tax years 2008 and 2009 or during the current year as of current filing date. China tax authorities performed a fraud audit, but the scope was limited to the fraud activities found in late FY09. This audit covered tax years from 2003 through 2008. We have reached a settlement with the Chinese Government in January 2009. China tax authorities have performed limited reviews on all China subsidiaries as of tax years 2008 and 2009, with no significant issues noted. As a result, we can reasonably conclude that we do not anticipate any foreseeable future liabilities.

Lakeland Protective Wear, Inc., our Canadian subsidiary, follows Canada tax regulatory framework recording its tax expense and tax deferred assets or liabilities. The Company has never been audited by the Canada tax authority. As of this statement filing date, we believe the Company's tax situation is reasonably stated, and we do not anticipate future tax liability.

Qualytextil, S.A. has never been audited under Brazilian Federal tax authorities but, by law in Brazil, they are allowed to audit the five most recent years. We do not anticipate significant tax liability upon any future income tax audits in Brazil.

Effective in the year ended January 31, 2010, management changed its estimates for the deferred tax asset to be realized upon the final restructuring of its Indian operations. Accordingly, management has recorded an allowance of \$407,102 against the ultimate realization of the remaining \$407,102 included in Deferred Income Taxes on the accompanying balance sheet, to yield a net value of zero for this item.

#### 11. Related Party Transactions

In July 2005, as part of the acquisition of Mifflin Valley, Inc. (merged into Lakeland Industries, Inc. on September 1, 2006) the Company entered into a five-year lease with Michael Gallen (an employee) to lease an 18,520 sq. ft. manufacturing facility in Shillington, Pennsylvania for \$55,560 annually or a per square foot rental of \$3.00 with an annual increase of 3.5%. This amount was obtained prior to the acquisition from an independent appraisal of the fair market rental value per square foot. This lease expired July 31, 2010 and has not been renewed. The Company's operations have been moved to a nearby space. In addition, the Company, commencing January 1, 2006, is renting 12,000 sq. ft. of warehouse space in a second location in Pennsylvania from this employee, on a month-by-month basis, for the monthly amount of \$3,350 or \$3.35 per square foot annually. Mifflin Valley, Inc. utilizes the services of Gallen Insurance (an affiliate of Michael and Donna Gallen) to provide certain insurance in Pennsylvania.

On March 1, 1999, the Company entered into a one-year (renewable for four additional one-year terms) lease agreement with Harvey Pride, Jr., a former officer of the Company, for a 2,400 sq. ft. customer service office for \$18,000 annually located next to the existing Decatur, Alabama facility mentioned above. This lease was renewed on April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2011 with a 5% yearly increase in rental rate.

The Company believes that all rents paid to Harvey Pride, Jr. by the Company are comparable to what would be charged by an unrelated party, as six different rent fairness appraisals were performed in 1999, 2002 and 2004. In June 2010, the Company purchased this facility from Mr. Pride for \$250,000, based on an independent appraisal.

#### 12. Derivative Instruments and Foreign Currency Exposure

The Company has foreign currency exposure, principally through sales in Canada, Brazil, China and the UK, and production in Mexico and China. Management has commenced a hedging program to partially offset this risk by purchasing forward contracts to sell the Canadian Dollar, Chilean Peso and the Euro. Such contracts are largely timed to expire with the last day of the fiscal quarter, with a new contract purchased on the first day of the following quarter, to match the operating cycle of the Company. Management has decided not to hedge its long position in the Chinese Yuan or the Brazilian Real.

The Company accounts for its foreign exchange derivative instruments under guidance issued by the FASB addressing accounting for derivative instruments and hedging activities. This guidance requires recognition of all derivatives as either assets or liabilities at fair value and may result in additional volatility in both current period earnings and other comprehensive income as a result of recording recognized and unrecognized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of derivative instruments.

#### 13. VAT Tax Issue in Brazil

#### Asserted Claims

From early in 2004 to April 2009, Lakeland Brasil, S.A. ("Qualytextil", "QT") imported its raw materials through the port of Recife (in the state of Pernambuco, neighboring the state of Bahia where the QT plant is located). QT paid an import broker in Recife the proper taxes and then trucked the goods to Salvador, Bahia, Brazil. QT obtained a legal opinion at the time and relied on this in good faith.

In October 2009, QT received an audit notice from Bahia claiming the taxes paid to Recife/Pernambuco should have been paid to Bahia in the amount of R\$4.8 million and assessed fines and interest of an additional R\$5.9 million for a total of R\$10.7 million (approximately US\$2.6 million, \$3.2 million and \$5.8 million, respectively)

Previously, our attorney had advised us that it was likely we would prevail; however, there has been a recent adverse ruling in the Supreme Court.

"Bahia has announced an amnesty for this tax whereby if the taxes claimed are paid by the end of the month of May 2010, the interest and penalties will be forgiven. According to fiscal regulation of Brazil, this amnesty payment will be partially recouped as credits against future taxes due. Since the amounts were paid as tax on import of goods, Bahia will allow this amnesty payment to be recouped as credits against future taxes due."

Of these claims, our attorney informs us that R\$1.0 million (US\$0.5 million) will be successfully defended based on lapse of statute of limitations and R\$0.3 million (US\$0.2 million) based on state auditor misunderstanding. A small amount of R\$0.2 million (US\$0.1 million) will be paid by amnesty defended by another attorney. This amount is already included in the total amnesty program (R\$3.5 million) (US\$1.9 million).

The total taxes paid into the amnesty program on May 31st was R\$3.5 million.

#### Amounts from Preacquisition Period; Escrow

The asserted tax claims of R\$4.8 million (R\$10.7 million with penalty and interest) all relate to imports during the period 2004-2006, prior to the QT acquisition by the Company in May 2008. At the closing, there were several escrow funds established to protect Lakeland from contingencies such as discussed herein. The available escrow funds have a current balance totaling R\$2.8 million (US\$1.5 million). One seller has released his escrow with a balance of R\$1.0 million (US\$0.55 million). Lakeland will file a claim against the remaining funds in escrow at the appropriate time.

#### Future Accounting for Funds

Following payment into the amnesty program, the taxes will be partially recouped via credits against future taxes due. There is expected to be the following costs:

(R\$ millions) (US\$ m	illions	)
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1)	Loss of "desenvolve"(a)	\$ 1.5 \$	0.8
2)	Interest costs	0.4	0.2
3)	Legal fees	0.5	0.3
	TOTAL	\$ 2.4 \$	1.3

These costs will be assessed against the credits and should serve to recoup these costs or lost incentives back to QT Lakeland from the escrow but are considered opportunity costs or future costs and have not been charged to expense currently.

#### Additional Exposure Unasserted Claims

There is additional exposure for the periods: 2007-2009 in the amount of R\$6.0 million (US\$3.3 million). Of this amount, R\$3.9 million (US\$2.1 million) relates to the 2007/2008 period.

Notice of audit for the 2007/2008 period has just been received by QT. The Company intends to wait for audit results and then defend and wait for the next amnesty period. Company counsel advises the Company that in his opinion the next amnesty will come before the end of the judicial process. There has been a long history in Bahia of the state declaring such amnesty periods every two to three years going back 25 years. The litigation process begins as an administrative proceeding, two instances, and after a period of time must be switched to a formal court judicial proceeding. At the commencement of the formal court proceedings, the Company will have to remit a "judicial deposit" covering the exposure from 2007/2008 in taxes of approximately R\$3.9 million (US\$2.1 million) plus assessed fines and interest bringing the judicial deposit needed to approximately R\$7.3 million (US\$4.1 million). Estimated time period to Judicial Court deposit is 1.5-2 years. This does not necessarily have to be all cash. The Court will accept a pledge of the real estate (approximately R\$3 million) (US\$1.6 million), and management believes it will be able to obtain a bank guaranty from Brazilian banks for up to R\$5 million (US\$2.7 million) for a relatively nominal fee of approximately 3% to 4% per year. Notice for audit for 2009 has not been received, and the Company intends to follow the same process related to that year.

(a) "Desenvolve" is an incentive remaining from Brazil's hyperinflationary days about 10 years ago. It is based on the net ICMS (VAT) tax payable. (QT pays ICMS to suppliers on raw materials, bills and collects ICMS from customers, takes credit for ICMS paid to suppliers and remits the difference. The net amount payable is payable 30% immediately and 70% for up to five years. The "desenvolve" is an incentive to pay the 70% quickly, like a cash discount. If the full amount is paid immediately, there is an 80% discount of the 70% (or 56% of the total).

#### At the next amnesty period:

- If before judicial process-still administration proceeding the Company would pay just the taxes with no penalty or interest. This would then be recouped via credits against future taxes on future imports. As before, the Company would lose desenvolve and interest.
- If after judicial process commences-the amount of the judicial deposit previously remitted would be reclassified to the taxes at issue, and the excess submitted to cover fines and interest would be refunded to QT. As above, the taxes would be recouped via credits against future taxes on future imports but losing desenvolve and interest.
- The desenvolve is scheduled to expire on February 2013 and will be partially phased out starting February 2011. Based on the anticipated timing of the next amnesty, there may be little amounts of lost desenvolve since it would largely expire on its own terms in any case.

#### **Cash Commitments**

As a result of the process described above, the Company expects to make or has made the following payments:

Date	Description	R\$ Amount	US\$ Amount
May 31, 2010	Payment into amnesty program	\$3.5 million(1)	\$1.9 million
November 2011	Judicial deposit	7.3 million(2)	4.1 million
November 2012	Convert Judicial deposit into amnesty program	6.0 million(3)	3.3 million
November 2012	Refund from excess judicial deposit	\$(1.3) million	\$(0.8) million

- (1)Projected to be repaid in full via credits against future imports, by March 2011.
- (2) Judicial deposit does not have to be all cash. Management believes Brazilian banks will provide several million Reals as a guaranty for the fee of 3%-4% per year.
- (3)Projected to be repaid in full via credits against future imports, by September 2014.

#### Statement of Operations Treatment

There is a R\$2.9 million (US\$1.6 million) charge to expense as a result of this issue, determined as follows:

	Mill	Millions		
	R\$		J	JS\$
Total to be paid not available for credit:				
Asserted claims	\$	1.4	\$	0.8
Unasserted claims		2.5		1.3
		3.9		2.1
Escrow funds released		(1.0)		(0.5)
Charge to expense		2.9		1.6
Escrow funds available:				
Total escrow funds		2.8		1.6
Escrow released in May		(1.0)		(0.5)
Remaining funds in escrow		1.8		1.1

There is an additional exposure for 2007-2009 in the amount of approximately \$3.3 million. Lakeland intends to apply for amnesty and make any necessary payments upon the forthcoming amnesty periods imposed by the local Brazilian authorities. Of this \$3.3 million exposure, \$1.9 million is eligible for future credit. The \$1.4 million balance is subject to indemnification from the Seller, and the Company intends to pursue this claim.

#### Possible Recourse Actions

The Company's counsel is reviewing potential actions against sellers under indemnification proceedings, including possible claims on post acquisition exposure resulting from misrepresentations.

The Company is also evaluating potential action for recourse against other parties involved in the original transactions.

When the Company receives the remaining funds from escrow, this will be recorded as a gain at such time. Any further indemnifications from the sellers and potential other parties will also be recorded as a gain at such time as received.

The Company also plans to assert indemnification rights under its Share Purchase Agreement with the sellers and has other legal avenues for recoupment of these monies against both the Sellers and negligent third parties. Such recoupment, if successful, will be reported as profits over future periods when and if collected.

#### **Balance Sheet Treatment**

In accordance with GAAP, the Company has reflected the above items on its balance sheet as follows:

		(R\$ millions)		<b>US</b> \$ millions	
Current assets	Prepaid taxes	\$	2.1	\$	1.1
Noncurrent assets	Deferred taxes		3.5		1.9
Long term liabilities	Taxes payable	\$	6.0	\$	3.3

#### 14. License Agreement with DuPont

Effective May 17, 2010, a trademark License Agreement was signed which will change the commercial relationship between E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company ("DuPont") and Lakeland with regard to the sale of Tyvek® and Tychem®.

Historically, pursuant to a Trademark License Agreement with DuPont, Lakeland utilized DuPont trademark logos to market DuPont Tyvek® and Tychem® fabrics made into garments by Lakeland. Lakeland bought its Tyvek® and Tychem® fabrics from DuPont directly and processed these fabrics into protective garments. Pursuant to new contracts with DuPont, Lakeland will no longer buy fabrics from DuPont to make garments but has agreed to buy instead finished garments directly from DuPont and market and sell DuPont garments as a wholesale distributor.

Nonetheless, in certain instances where Lakeland makes customized garments not made by DuPont, DuPont will continue to sell Tyvek® and Tychem® fabrics to Lakeland. These new agreements are transition agreements until Lakeland sells the remainder of its Tyvek® and Tychem® raw material and finished goods inventories, estimated to be by this fiscal year end. Thereafter, DuPont and Lakeland intend to sign a multi-year agreement which would be similar to the above arrangement with potential modifications between the parties based upon experience during this interim period.

#### 15. Stock-out Conditions and Backlog

The Company has been working to reduce or eliminate its inventory of Tyvek® and Tychem® in anticipation of the above-referenced License Agreement. Throughout the quarter ended July 31, 2010 and subsequent thereto, the Company has experienced significant "stock-out" conditions until newly ordered finished goods arrive from DuPont. As

a result, the Company's backlog for domestic disposables is \$7.2 million as of July 31, 2010.

16. Brazil Management and Share Purchase Agreement

On May 19, 2010, the president and V.P. of Operations (the "two terminated sellers") of Qualytextil, S.A. ("QT"), Lakeland's Brazil subsidiary, were terminated for cause as a result of numerous docume