TORRENT ENERGY CORP Form 10QSB August 14, 2006 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-OSB

10KM 10-QSD	
QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(c) For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006	d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(c) For the transition period from to	d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT
Commission file number <u>000-19949</u>	
TORRENT ENERGY (Exact name of small business issu	
Colorado (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	84-1153522 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4100 194<sup>th</sup> Street SW, Suite 110 Lynnwood, Washington 98036

(Address of principal executive offices)

#### 425.774.9780

(Issuer s telephone number)

#### N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the registrant filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes X No o

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

33,099,941 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding as of August, \_\_2006.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes o No X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No X

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#### Part I -- Financial Information

#### Item 1. Financial Statements.

We have prepared the consolidated financial statements included herein without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to such Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations. In our opinion, the accompanying statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of our company as of June 30, 2006, and its results of operations for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and its cash flows for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The results for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year. The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto filed as a part of our annual report on Form 10-KSB.

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)
(An exploration stage enterprise)

**Consolidated Balance Sheets** 

(Expressed in US dollars)

## (UNAUDITED)

		June 30,		March 31,
		2006		2006
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,935,203	\$	2,658,719
Accounts receivable	Ф	21,339	Þ	46,745
Inventory		300,569		375,355
Prepaid expenses		328,226		398,620
Total current assets		8,585,337		3,479,439
Oil and gas properties, unproven (Note 5)		17,646,034		16,377,085
Other assets, net of depreciation of \$5,182 and \$2,533		69,955		70,759
Total assets	\$	26,301,326	\$	19,927,283
LIABILITIES	φ	20,301,320	φ	19,927,263
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	861,771	\$	1,931,985
Accounts payable related parties (Note 4)	Ф	142,498	Þ	87,131
Series C preferred stock dividend payable		142,490		308,442
Series E preferred stock dividend payable		3,699		306,442
Total current liabilities				2,327,558
		1,007,968		2,321,338
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 5 and 13)				
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Share capital				
Convertible Series C preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000 shares				
authorized, 12,500 shares issued and nil shares outstanding (2006 8,375 shares)		-		84
Convertible Series D preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 50,000 shares		-		-
authorized, no shares issued and nil outstanding (2006 nil)				
Convertible Series E preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000 shares				
authorized, 9,000 shares issued and outstanding (2006 nil)		90		-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized,				
33,099,941 shares issued and outstanding (2006 33,099,941)		33,100		27,532
Additional paid-in capital		36,545,957		26,452,458
Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage		(11,285,789)		(8,880,349)
Total stockholders equity (deficit)		25,293,358		17,599,725
zom stochholders equity (deficity)		25,275,556		17,577,125
Total liabilities and stockholders equity (deficit)	\$	26,301,326	\$	19,927,283
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial state.			Ф	17,741,483
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated illiancial state	ments	•		

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)
(An exploration stage enterprise)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity (Deficit)
For the period from October 8, 2001 (inception) to June 30, 2006
(Expressed in US dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)												
	Series I	3	Series (	C	Series I	E			Additional paid-in	Share subscriptions received/	Deficit accumulated during exploration	Total Stockholders
		ed Stock		ed Stock		ed Stock	Common S		capital	(receivable)	stage	equity (deficit)
			Shares			Amount		Amount				
Stock issued for cash at	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	5,425,000	\$ 5,425	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,425
\$0.001 per share in												
October 2001							200,000	200				200
Stock issued for intangible		-	-	-	-	-	200,000	200	-	-	-	200
asset acquisition at \$0.001 per share in October 2001												
Issued 1,440,000 common			_		_		1,440,000	1,440	_	(1,440)	_	_
stock at \$0.001 per share							1,440,000	1,770		(1,440)		
in October 2001												
Stock issued at \$0.50 per	_	_	_	_	_	_	675,000	675	336,825	(337,500)	-	-
share in November 2001												
Stock issued for cash at	-	-	-	-	-	-	390,000	390	194,610	-	-	195,000
\$0.50 per share in January	,											
2002												
Net (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(112,434)	(112,434)
Balance, March 31, 2002	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	8,130,000	\$ 8,130	\$ 531,435	\$(338,940)	\$ (112,434)	\$ 88,191
Stock issued for cash at	-	-	-	-	-	-	130,000	130	39,870	-	_	40,000
\$0.25 to \$0.50 per share in	1											
April 2003												
Recapitalization to effect	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,446,299	1,446	(1,446)	-	-	-
the acquisition of iRV,												
Inc.												
Acquisition of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337,500	-	337,500
MarketEdgeDirect										1 110		4.440
Proceeds of share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,440	-	1,440
subscription Return of stocks in							(540,000)	(540)	(358,042)	_		(358,582)
connection with disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	(340,000)	(340)	(338,042)	-	-	(336,362)
of MarketEdgeDirect												
Proceeds of 96,000 share	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	40,500	_	40,500
subscription at \$0.40 to										10,500		10,500
\$0.50 per share												
241,020 shares allotted for	r -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,306	-	-	33,306
services rendered at \$0.10									•			
to \$0.40 per share												
Net (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(396,277)	(396,277)
Balance, March 31, 2003	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	9,166,299	\$ 9,166	\$ 245,123	\$ 40,500	\$ (508,711)	\$ (213,922)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.) (An exploration stage enterprise)

For the period from October 8, 2001 (inception) to June 30, 2006 (Expressed in US dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)										Share	Deficit accumulated	
	Series	В	Series	С	Series	Е			Additional paid-in	subscriptions received/	during exploration	Total Stockholders
						ed Stock Amount	Common Sto	ock Amount	capital	(receivable)	stage	equity (deficit)
Stocks issued for	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	241,020	\$ 241	\$ (241)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
services												
rendered and recorded in fiscal year 2004 Stocks issued at \$0.40 to \$0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,000	96	40,404	(40,500)	-	-
per share in fiscal year 2003 Stocks issued for conversion of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	510,000	510	50,490	-	-	51,000
at \$0.10 per share in February 2004 Stocks issued for cash at \$0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200,000	1,200	118,800	-	-	120,000
per share in February and March 2004 Stocks issued for exercise of stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	960,000	960	95,040	-	-	96,000
options at \$0.10 per share in February and March 2004												
Issuance of stock options as compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195,740	-	-	195,740
Forgiveness of debt related party	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,527	-	-	110,527
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	- \$ -	-	- \$ -	-	- \$ -	- 12,173,319	- \$ 12,173	- \$ 855,883	- \$ -	(374,606) \$ (883,317)	(374,606) \$ (15,261)
Balance, March 31, 2004	-	φ-	-	φ-	-	<b>.</b>	12,173,319	\$ 12,173	\$ 655,665	φ-	\$ (003,317)	\$ (13,201)
Stocks issued for exercise of stock options	-	-	-	-	-	-	640,000	640	63,360	-	-	64,000
at \$0.10 per share in May, June and July 2004							4.442.006					T07.007
Stocks and warrants issued under a private placement at \$0.35 per	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,442,930	1,443	503,582	-	-	505,025

share in May 2004 Stocks issued for investor relations	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	300	161,700	-	-	162,000
services at \$0.54 per share in June 2004 Stocks issued for acquisition of oil and	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200,000	1,200	454,800	-	-	456,000
gas properties at \$0.38 per share in June 2004 and	l											
January 2005 (Note 5) Stocks and warrants issued under a private placement at \$0.40 per	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	500	199,500	-	-	200,000
share in July 2004 Stocks issued under a private placement	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,500,000	2,500	2,397,500	-	-	2,400,000
at \$1.00 per share in 2005, net of share issu costs of \$100,000 Stocks issued for exercise of warrants at \$0.50 and \$0.55 per share (Note 7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,614,359	1,614	825,565	-	-	827,179

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(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)
(An exploration stage enterprise)

 ${\bf Consolidated~Statements~of~Stockholders~~Equity~(Deficit)}$ 

For the period from October 8, 2001 (inception) to June 30, 2006

(Expressed in US dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

	Series E	3	Series (	C	Series l	E			Additional	Share subscriptions	accumulated during	Total Stockholders
							Common St		paid-in capital	received/ (receivable)	exploration stage	equity (deficit)
Convertible Series B preferred stock issued under a private	2,200	Amount \$ 22	Shares -	Amount \$ -	Shares	Amount \$ -	Shares	Amount \$ -	\$1,934,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,935,000
placement at \$1,000 pe Series B share in August 2004, net of issuance costs (Note 8) Stocks issued for conversion of Series B preferred stock at		(5)	-	-	-	-	614,358	615	(610)	-	-	-
prices ranging from \$0.76 to \$0.89 per share Beneficial conversion		_							315,245	_		315,245
feature on convertible									313,243			313,243
Series B preferred stock (Note 8) Accretion of Series B preferred stock beneficial conversion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(210,163)	(210,163)
feature Series B preferred stock dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(72,672)	(72,672)
Issuance of stock options as compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	701,740	-	-	701,740
Net (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,418,625)	(2,418,625)
<b>Balance,</b> March 31, 2005	1,700	\$ 17	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	20,984,966	\$20,985	\$8,413,243	\$ -	\$ (3,584,777)	\$ 4,849,468
Stocks issued for conversion of Series B preferred stock at prices ranging from \$0.77 to \$1.20 per share	(1,700)	(17)	-	-	-	-	1,795,254	1,795	(1,778)	-	-	-
Accretion of Series B preferred stock beneficial conversion feature	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(105,081)	(105,081)
Common stock issued for cashless exercise of stock options (Note 6)		-	-	-	-	-	89,502	89	(89)	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(99,641)	-	-	(99,641)

Deficit

Cancellation of stock options as compensation (Note 6) Common stock issued - for exercise of warrants ranging from \$0.50 to \$0.55 per share (Note	-	-	-	-	-	328,571	329	168,956	-	-	169,285
7) Common stock issued - at \$2 per share under a private placement in July 2005, net of issuance cost (Note 12)	-	-	-	-	-	1,650,000	1,650	3,273,350	-	-	3,275,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)

(An exploration stage enterprise)

For the period from October 8, 2001 (inception) to June 30, 2006

(Expressed in US dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

		ed Stock		d Stock	Pref Stoo	es E Terred Ek reAmount	Common Sto	ock Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Share subscriptions received/ (receivable)	accumulated during exploration stage	Total Stockholders equity (deficit)
Convertible Series C preferred stock issued under a private placement at \$1,000 per	-	\$ -	12,500	\$ 125	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 11,551,875	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,552,000
Series C share in July 2005, net of issuance costs (Note 9) Beneficial conversion feature on convertible Series C preferred stock	- :	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	845,763	-	-	845,763
(Note 11) Accretion of Series C beneficial conversion feature (Note 9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(845,763)	(845,763)
Series C stock dividend Common stock issued for conversion of Series C preferred stock		-	- (4,125)	- (41)	-	-	2,083,614	2,084	(2,043)	-	(308,442)	(308,442)
ranging from \$1.64 to \$2.27 per share Common stock issued for acquisition of oil and gas properties at \$0.38 per share in	-	-	-	-	-	-	600,000	600	227,400	-	-	228,000
February 2006 (Note 5) Stock based compensation for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,075,422	-	-	2,075,422
Net (loss) for the period <b>Balance</b> , March 31, 2006	-	\$ -	- 8,375	- \$ 84	-	\$ -	27,531,907	\$27,532	\$ 26,452,458	- \$ -	(4,036,286) \$ (8,880,349)	(4,036,286) \$ 17,599,725

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Deficit

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)
(An exploration stage enterprise)

For the period from October 8, 2001 (inception) to June 30, 2006

(Expressed in US dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

										Share subscriptions	accumulated	Total
	Series E		Series C		Series E				Additional	received/	exploration	Stockholders
							Common St	ock	paid-in capital	(receivable)	stage	equity (deficit)
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount				
Deficite at conversion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	710,110	-	-	710,110
feature on convertible Series C preferred												
stock (Note 9)												
Accretion of Series C	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	(710,110)	(710,110)
beneficial conversion												
feature (Note 9)												
Series C stock dividend			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,270)	(35,270)
Common stock issued	_	_	(8,375)	(84)	_	_	5,339,320	5,339	(5,255)	_	_	_
for conversion of			(0,373)	(04)			3,337,320	3,337	(3,233)			
Series C preferred												
stock ranging from												
\$1.64 to \$2.27 per												
share Common stock issued							228,714	229	343,483			343,712
in lieu of cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	220,714	229	343,463	-	-	343,712
dividend on Series C												
preferred stock at a												
price of \$1.50 per												
share (Note 9)					0.000	00			0.214.010			11.552.000
Convertible Series E preferred stock issued	-	-	-	-	9,000	90	-	-	8,314,910	-	-	11,552,000
under a private												
placement at \$1,000												
per Series E share in												
June 2006, net of												
issuance costs (Note 11)												
Series E stock	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,699)	(3,699)
dividend											(-,)	(=,===)
Stock based	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	730,251	-	-	730,251
compensation for the												
period											(1.656.261)	(1.656.261)
Net (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,656,361)	(1,656,361)
Balance, June 30,	-	\$ -	_	\$ -	9,000	\$ 90	33,099,941	\$33,100	\$ 36,545,957	\$ -	\$ (11,285,789)	\$ 25,293,358
2006					,		,,	,	,,-	•	,,,	, ,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Deficit

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)

(An exploration stage enterprise)

## **Consolidated Statements of Operations**

 $(Expressed\ in\ US\ dollars)$ 

## (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)			
	Cumulative		
	October 8, 2001	Three Months	Three Months
	(inception) to	Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005
Expenses			
Consulting (Note 4) \$	1,504,789	\$ 209,404	\$ 142,131
Payroll expense	240,459	148,462	-
Stock based compensation	3,703,153	730,251	866,142
(Note 6)			
Investor relations	1,194,485	167,867	(46,336)
Directors fees	40,000	7,500	7,500
Depreciation	10,954	2,648	-
Insurance	179,898	16,850	9,415
Legal and accounting	748,726	96,622	63,545
Lease rental expense	174,174	85,903	60,013
Office and Miscellaneous	259,521	23,271	23,441
Rent	148,200	25,825	6,100
Shareholder relations	250,362	54,515	58,874
Telephone	62,240	7,355	3,145
Travel	483,363	92,754	59,166
Shrinkage on inventory	25,652	-	-
Purchase investigation costs	103,310	-	-
Interest expense	7,500	-	-
Interest expense on long term debt	16,569	-	-
Operating (loss)	(9,153,355)	(1,669,227)	(1,253,136)
Other income (expense)	170 (00	12.077	12.210
Interest income	170,692	12,866	12,219
Gain on sale of equipment	261	-	-
Gain on settlement of debt	37,045 (70,314)	-	-
Write-off of goodwill  Loss from continued operations	(9,015,671)	(1,656,361)	(1,240,917)
Net income from discontinued	(9,013,071)	(1,030,301)	(1,240,917)
operations	21,082		
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the	21,002	_	_
period	(8,994,589)	(1,656,361)	(1,240,917)
Series B preferred stock dividend	(72,672)	(1,030,301)	(1,240,717)
Series C preferred stock dividend	(343,712)	(35,270)	_
Series E preferred stock dividend	(3,699)	(3,699)	-
Dividend accretion of Series B	(2,0,7)	(5,0//)	
preferred stock beneficial conversion			
feature (Note 8)	(315,244)	-	(105,081)
Dividend accretion of Series C	· - / /		( / /
preferred stock beneficial conversion			
feature (Note 9)	(1,555,873)	(710,110)	-
		,	

Net loss for the period applicable to

rections for the period applicable to				
common stockholders	\$	(11,285,789)	\$ (2,405,440)	\$ (1,345,998)
Basic and diluted (loss) per share			\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.06)
Weighted average number of commo	n			
shares outstanding			31,169,065	22,075,954

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

D/LKY/887763.1

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.)
(An exploration stage enterprise)

## **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Expressed in US dollars)

## (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)			
	Cumulative October		
	8, 2001 (inception) to	Three Months	Three Months
		Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2006		
		June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005
Cash flows provided by			
(used in) operating activities			
Net (loss) for the period \$	(8,994,589) \$	(1,656,361) \$	(1,240,917)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to			
net cash used in operating activities:			
- depreciation	10,954	2,648	-
<ul> <li>stock based compensation</li> </ul>	3,703,153	730,251	866,142
- foreign exchange	1,398	-	-
- write-off of goodwill	70,314	-	-
- debt forgiven	37,045	-	-
-gain on sale of equipment	(261)	-	
- net income from the discontinued operations	(21,082)	-	-
- common shares issued for service rendered	195,306	-	-
- reversal of option expense charged for services	(99,641)	-	(99,641)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:	(21, 220)	25.406	-
Accounts receivable	(21,339)	25,406	(270,022)
Inventory	(300,569)	74,786	(370,833)
Prepaid expenses	(161,473)	70,394	(202,550)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Net cash used in operating activities	(223,740)	(204,211) (957,087)	142,000 (905,799)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(5,804,524)	(937,087)	(903,799)
Oil and gas properties	(15,834,683)	(2,079,585)	(1,081,573)
Loan	(62,684)	(2,079,383)	(1,001,373)
Acquisition of fixed assets	(88,063)	(1,844)	(10,732)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	7,415	(1,044)	(10,732)
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,978,015)	(2,081,429)	(1,092,305)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing	(13,576,613)	(2,001,12))	(1,072,303)
activities			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	7,988,414	_	114,286
Net proceeds from issuance of Series B preferred	1,935,000	-	-
stock	, ,		
Net proceeds from issuance of Series C preferred	11,552,000	-	-
stock	, ,		
Net proceeds from issuance of Series E preferred	8,315,000	8,315,000	-
stock			
Payment of Series B preferred stock dividend	(72,672)	-	-
Proceeds from shareholder loan	80,000	-	80,000
Repayment of shareholder loan	(80,000)	-	(80,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	29,717,742	8,315,000	114,286
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,935,203	5,276,484	

(1,883,818)

Cash and cash equivalents,	-	2,658,719	2,600,986
beginning of period  Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 7,935,203	\$ 7,935,203	\$ 717,168

(formerly Scarab Systems, Inc.) (An exploration stage enterprise)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

(Expressed in US dollars)

## (UNAUDITED)

	Cumulative October 8, 2001 (inception)	Three Months	Three Months
	June 30, 2006	Ended June 30, 2006	Ended June 30, 2005
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Interest expenses paid	\$ 13,013	\$ -	\$ 7,500
Non-cash transactions:			
Common stock issued pursuant to conversion	\$ 55,000	\$ -	\$ -
Of promissory note			
Common stock issued for investor relations services	\$ 162,000	\$ -	\$ -
Reversal of option expense charged for services	\$ (99,641)	\$ -	\$ (99,641)
Forgiveness of accrued consulting fees payable to directors and officers	110,527	\$	\$ -
Common stock issued for oil and gas properties	\$ 684,000	\$ -	\$ 456,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### (formerly SCARAB SYSTEMS INC.)

(An exploration stage enterprise)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

#### (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Incorporation and Continuance of Operations

Torrent Energy Corporation (the Company or Torrent ) is an exploration stage company that, pursuant to shareholder approval on July 13, 2004, changed its name from Scarab Systems, Inc.

Torrent was formed by the merger of Scarab Systems, Inc., a Nevada corporation into iRV, Inc., a Colorado corporation. Scarab Systems, Inc. (Nevada) was a privately owned Nevada corporation incorporated on October 8, 2001. The effective date of the merger transaction between Scarab Systems, Inc. (Nevada) and iRV, Inc. was July 17, 2002. Subsequent to the completion of the reorganization, Scarab Systems, Inc. (Nevada) transferred all its assets and liabilities to iRV, Inc. and ceased operations. The directors and executive officers of iRV, Inc. were subsequently reconstituted. iRV, Inc. changed its name to Scarab Systems, Inc. on March 24, 2003. The corporate charter of Scarab Systems Inc. (Nevada) was revoked in 2002. The Company was initially providing services to the e-commerce industry but ceased all activity in the e-commerce industry by the end of the fiscal year 2003.

On March 28, 2003, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Catalyst Technologies, Inc., a British Columbia corporation (Catalyst ). Catalyst was a Vancouver based, web design and Internet application developer. The acquisition of Catalyst was treated as a non-material business combination in the fiscal year 2003 and the Company abandoned Catalyst during the fiscal year 2004 due to a lack of working capital and disappointing financial results.

In fiscal year 2005, the Company changed its business to focus on the exploration and development of oil and gas properties. On April 30, 2004, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned Oregon subsidiary company named Methane Energy Corp. to acquire oil and gas properties in the State of Oregon. On June 29, 2005, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned Washington subsidiary company named Cascadia Energy Corp. to acquire oil and gas properties in the State of Washington.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The general business strategy of the Company is to explore its newly-acquired oil and gas properties. The Company has incurred operating losses and requires additional funds to meet its obligations and maintain its operations. Management s plan in this regard is to raise equity and/or debt financing as required. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company s ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from this uncertainty.

Une 30, 2006 March 31, 2006

Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage \$ (11,285,789) \$ (8,880,349)

Working capital surplus (deficit) \$ 7,577,369 \$ 1,151,881

The Company has not generated any revenue to date.

Our independent auditors have stated that our consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 were prepared assuming that we would continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is an issue raised as a result of recurring losses from operations and working capital deficiency. Our ability to continue as a going concern is also subject to our ability to obtain necessary funding from outside sources, including obtaining additional funding from the sale of our securities. Our ongoing exploration activities require the expenditure of approximately \$21 million for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007, which funding must be raised from

outside sources. On June 28, 2006, the Company entered into an investment agreement with a private

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

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#### 1. Incorporation and Continuance of Operations (continued)

investment group that has previously provided funding to the Company as more fully described in Note 11.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10- QSB and Article 10 of the Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended March 31, 2007.

The balance sheet at June 30, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements as of March 31, 2006 but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financials statements and footnotes thereto included in the Registrant Company and Subsidiaries annual report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2006.

## 3. Adoption of New Accounting Policy

Effective April 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R Share-based Payments (SFAS No. 123R) using the modified prospective method. The Company has three stock-based compensation plans, which are more fully described in Note 6. Prior to April 1, 2006, the Company accounted for those plans under the recognition and measurement provision of SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation" (as amended by SFAS No. 148 Accounting for Stock-based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure) using a fair value based method to recognize stock-based compensation expense. Accordingly, the adoption of SFAS No. 123R did not have a material effect on the Company s income from operations, cash flows or basic and diluted loss per share, as compared to results that would have resulted from a continuation of the accounting the Company used under SFAS No. 123.

#### 4. Related Party Transactions

a) During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company paid or accrued \$192,430 (2005 - \$164,690) in salaries and consulting fees to officers and directors of the Company. In addition, the Company paid or accrued salaries and consulting fees to officers and directors of the Company \$31,896 (2005 - \$116,030) relating to the Company s oil and gas leases, \$10,400 (2005 nil) for drilling consultation, and \$20,613 (2005 - \$138,894) for geological and geophysical consulting fees, all of which are included in the costs of the oil and gas properties.

As of June 30, 2006, there was \$142,498 (2005 - \$242,936) representing unpaid consulting fees and reimbursable expenses owing to directors and officers.

b) Also see Notes 5 and 13.

(formerly SCARAB SYSTEMS INC.)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

#### 5. Oil and Gas Properties, Unproven

Coos Bay Property. On May 11, 2004, Methane Energy Corp. entered into a Lease Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Agreement) with GeoTrends-Hampton International LLC (GHI) to purchase GHI s undivided working interest in certain oil and gas leases in the Coos Bay Basin of Oregon. As consideration for the acquisition of these oil and gas leases, the Company paid a total of \$300,000 in cash and issued 1,800,000 restricted common shares in three performance based tranches. The shares were valued at \$0.38 per share, which was the fair value at the time that the agreement was negotiated. GHI also maintains an undivided overriding royalty interest of 4% upon production in the Coos Bay project area. The agreement closed on June 22, 2004. On closing, the Company paid \$100,000 of the cash and 600,000 of the common shares. As of March 31, 2006 the Company has paid the \$300,000 in cash and has issued 1,800,000 common shares, thereby fully satisfying the purchase consideration obligation included in the Agreement. Subsequent to the completion of the Agreement, the principals of GHI were appointed as officers and directors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Pursuant to the GHI Agreement, the Company acquired leases of certain properties in the Coos Bay area of Oregon, which are prospective for oil and gas exploration and cover approximately 50,000 acres. On July 1, 2004, the Company completed the negotiations with the State of Oregon on an additional leasing of 10,400 acres of land within the Coos Bay Basin in Oregon. The 10,400 acres of land are subject to annual lease payments of \$1 per acre.

The Company is committed to make annual land lease payments of \$97,952 for the next five years and has a royalty obligation to landowners equal to an average 12.5% on gross sales of methane gas in addition to the 4% overriding royalty discussed above.

Related to its exploration program, Methane Energy Corp. had escrowed \$1,000,000 through an attorney to provide assurance of payment to the company from which it obtained the drilling rig being used to complete the Pilot Exploration Program at Coos Bay. On March 13, 2006 the escrow was reduced by \$749,650 by mutual agreement to satisfy a portion of the amounts then owing. The remaining balance, including interest earned on the escrowed funds, totaled \$274,873 at June 30, 2006. The balance of the deposit remains fully refundable upon payment of all obligations owed to the owner of the drilling rig or, alternatively, may be applied to satisfy all or a portion of sums owed at that time. As of June 30, 2006, amounts owing and attributable to this arrangement totaled \$453,737 and are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Cedar Creek Property. On August 9, 2005, Cascadia Energy Corp., the Company s wholly-owned subsidiary, executed a lease option agreement with Weyerhauser Company to lease 100,000 acres that it may select from an overall 365,000 acreage block in the Cedar Creek area of Washington state. Cascadia Energy Corp. intends to commence an exploratory work program in 2006 for possible hydrocarbon deposits on acreage it may select from the acreage block. Cascadia Energy Corp. also has been granted a two-year first right of refusal on the balance of the Cedar Creek Block that it does not select during its initial selection process. Cash consideration of \$100,000 was paid for the lease option of which the Company paid \$60,000 (See Joint Venture below). In addition, Cascadia Energy Corp. may extend the term of its option for an additional year by committing to a work program of \$285,715, pertaining to the full 100,000 acres with proportional reduction should the Company reduce the number of acres selected for exploration activity during the initial option period. Alternatively, the Company may simply execute a lease agreement on the acreage at a rate of \$1.00 per acre per year. As of June 30, 2006, the Company has no work program commitments but has expended an amount sufficient to extend the term of its option.

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#### (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

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#### 5. Oil and Gas Properties, Unproven (continued)

On November 3, 2005, Cascadia Energy Corp. acquired 14,964 acres from the State of Washington Trust, which acreage lies directly adjacent or contiguous to Cascadia Energy Corp. s 100,000 acre Cedar Creek block. The 14,964 acres were acquired in a lease auction for aggregate annual lease consideration of \$92,860 and have been included in the Cedar Creek project subject to the joint venture agreement discussed below.

Coincident with the Weyerhauser transaction, Cascadia Energy Corp. has also entered into a joint venture agreement ( Joint Venture ) dated August 12, 2005 with St. Helens Energy LLC ( St. Helens ), a 100% owned subsidiary of Comet Ridge Limited, an Australian coal seam gas exploration company which is listed on the Australian Stock Exchange. Pursuant to this agreement, Cascadia Energy Corp. will serve as operator of the Joint Venture with a 60% interest in the Joint Venture; while St. Helens will actively assist in evaluating the area, developing exploratory leads and prospects, and providing 40% of the funding to pursue exploration and development of the prospect. Cascadia Energy Corp. records its investment and related expenses associated with the Cedar Creek project net of St. Helens contribution. During the period commencing with the inception of the Cedar Creek project and ending June 30, 2006, the Joint Venture had expended a total of \$645,700 on the Cedar Creek prospect of which St. Helens s unpaid share as of June 30, 2006 equaled \$21,339 and is included in accounts receivable.

The total costs incurred and excluded from amortization for the Company s oil and gas properties are summarized as follows:

	Property acquisition	Seismic and land	Drilling and gathering	Geological and geophysical	Total
Coos Bay					
Three months ended June	\$ -	\$ 29,262	\$ 1,027,461	\$ 184,701	\$ 1,241,424
30, 2006					
Inception through March	984,000	1,024,243	13,090,703	990,401	16,089,347
31, 2006					
Total	\$ 984,000	\$ 1,053,505	\$ 14,118,164	\$ 1,175,102	\$ 17,330,771
Cedar Creek					
Three months ended June	\$ -	\$ 35,985	\$ -	\$ (8,460)	\$ 27,525
30, 2006					
Inception through March	-	224,588	-	63,150	287,738
31, 2006					
Total	\$ -	\$ 260,573	\$ -	\$ 54,690	\$ 315,263
Total Oil and Gas					
Properties	\$ 984,000	\$ 1.314.078	\$ 14.118.164	\$ 1.229,792	\$ 17,646,034

As of June 30, 2006, all of the Company s oil and gas properties are considered unproven. Based on the status of the Company s exploration activities, management has determined that no impairment has occurred.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

#### (UNAUDITED)

## 6. Stock Options

On February 10, 2004, the Company s Board of Directors adopted the 2004 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (the 2004 Plan ). The aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be granted by the Company under the Plan will not exceed a maximum of 1,800,000 shares during the period of the 2004 Plan. The 2004 Plan shall terminate upon the earlier of February 10, 2014 or the issuance of all shares authorized under the 2004 Plan. The option exercise prices per share are determined by the Board of Directors when the stock option is granted. As of June 30, 2006, there are no shares available to be granted under the 2004 Plan and 200,000 options remain outstanding and exercisable.

On March 17, 2005, the Company adopted the 2005 equity incentive plan (the 2005 Plan ) for executives, employees and outside consultants and advisors. A maximum of 2,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock were initially subject to the 2005 Plan. The 2005 Plan was later amended to increase the number of shares under the plan by 500,000 to a total of 2,500,000 shares. On August 31, 2005, a Form S-8 registration statement was filed to register the 2005 Plan.

On May 10, 2006, the Company adopted the 2006 equity incentive plan (the 2006 Plan ) for executives, employees and outside consultants and advisors. A maximum of 1,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock is subject to the 2006 Plan.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the Company granted 2,300,000 stock options to various directors and consultants of the Company under the 2005 Plan. Each option entitles the holder to acquire one common share at exercise prices ranging from \$1.25 to \$2.00 per share. These options vest 25% immediately and 25% every six months afterward until fully vested 18 months from the date of grant. These options expire five years from the date of grant.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company granted 550,000 to a director and an officer and director under the 2006 Plan. Each option entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$2.97 per share. These options vest 25% immediately and 25% every six months afterward until fully vested 18 months from the date of grant. These option expire five years from the date of grant.

As of June 30, 2006, there are 3,250,000 stock options outstanding. Of this total, 200,000 options were granted pursuant to the 2004 Plan, 2,500,000 stock options were granted pursuant to the 2005 Plan, and 550,000 were granted pursuant to the 2006 Plan. An additional 200,000 options were originally granted outside of any stock option plan but were subsequently included in the August 31, 2005 S-8 filing and incorporated into the 2005 Plan.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company recorded \$730,251 (2005 - \$866,142) of stock based compensation.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

## (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

## (UNAUDITED)

## 6. Stock Options (continued)

A summary of stock option information for the period ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

		Weighted Average Exercise
	Shares	Price
Options outstanding at March 31, 2006	2,700,000	\$ 1.40
Granted	550,000	\$ 2.97
Exercised	-	\$ -
Options outstanding at June 30, 2006	3,250,000	\$ 1.66

Options Outstandin	g			Options Exercis	able
		Weighted Average	Weighted		Weighted
Range of Exercise	Number	Remaining	Average Exercise	Number	Average Exercise
Prices	Outstanding	Contractual Life (yrs.	) Price	Exercisable	Price
\$0.50	200,000	3.10	\$0.50	200,000	\$0.50
\$0.83	200,000	3.28	\$0.83	200,000	\$0.83
\$1.25	1,500,000	3.77	\$1.25	1,125,000	\$1.25
\$2.00	490,000	4.05	\$2.00	295,000	\$2.00
\$2.11	310,000	4.55	\$2.11	77,500	\$2.11
\$2.97	550,000	3.86	\$2.97	137,500	\$2.97
	3,250,000	3.85	\$1.66	2,035,000	\$1.39

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#### (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

#### (UNAUDITED)

#### 6. Stock Options (continued)

The fair value of each option granted has been estimated as of the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 5.02% (2005 3.55% - 3.99%), dividend yield 0% (2005 - 0%), volatility of 115% (2005 132% - 137%), forfeitures of nil (2005 nil) and expected lives of 4 years (2005 -- 4 years).

A summary of weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	Weighted Average	Weighted Average
	Exercise Price	Fair Value
Three months ended June 30, 2006		
Exercise price is equal to market price at grant date:	\$2.97	\$2.97
Three months ended June 30, 2005		
Exercise price is greater than market price at grant date:	\$1.34	\$1.20

As of June 30, 2006, there was \$1,127,021 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the 2004 Plan, the 2005 Plan and the 2006 Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a period of 17 months. A summary of the status of the Company s non-vested shares as of June 30, 2006, and changes during the three months ended June 30, 2006, is presented below:

Weighted-Average	Veighted-Ave	erage
------------------	--------------	-------

**Grant-Date** 

Non-vested Shares	Shares	Fair Value
Non-vested at March 31, 2006	1,300,000	\$1.59
Granted	550,000	\$2.97
Vested	(635,000)	\$1.77
Forfeited	-	-
Non-vested at June 30, 2006	1,215,000	\$2.12

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#### (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

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#### 7. Warrants

In May 2004, the Company issued warrants attached to a private placement to purchase 1,442,930 shares of common stock at \$0.50 per share exercisable until May 19, 2006.

In July 2004, the Company issued warrants attached to a private placement to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock at \$0.55 per share exercisable until July 7, 2006.

A summary of the warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	Exercise Pri	ice		June 30, 2006
Issue Date		Issued	Exercised	<b>Ending Balance</b>
May 20, 2004	\$0.50	1,442,930	1,442,930	-
July 8, 2004	\$0.55	500,000	500,000	-
Total		1,942,930	1,942,930	-

#### 8. Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ( Series B Stock )

On August 27, 2004, the Company closed a private placement in its Series B Stock at \$1,000 per share for \$2,200,000 in gross proceeds (the Private Placement ). The Series B Stock are senior to the common stock with respect to the payment of dividends and other distribution on the capital stock of the Company, including distribution of the assets of the Company upon liquidation. No cash dividends or distributions shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the common stock in any year unless cash dividends or distributions on the Series B Stock for such year are likewise declared and paid or set apart for payment. No declared and unpaid dividends shall bear or accrue interest. Upon any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary before any distribution or payment shall be made to any of the holders of common stock or any series of preferred stock, the holders of Series B Stock shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company, whether such assets are capital, surplus or earnings, an amount equal to \$1,000 per share of the Series B Stock plus all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, for each share of Series B Stock held by them.

The Series B Stock are non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, when and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, and are convertible into common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted (included accrued but unpaid dividends) by the lower of \$1.20 or 80% of the lowest volume weighted average trading price per common share of our Company for 10 trading days. The holder of the Series B Stock may only convert up to \$250,000 of Series B Stock into common shares in any 30 day period. The Company may redeem the Series B Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. In the event that the volume weighted average price of the Company s common stock is equal to or greater than two dollars for twenty consecutive trading days, the Company must redeem in an amount of Series B Stock equal to 20% of the dollar volume of the common stock traded during the previous 20 days.

As a condition of the Private Placement, the Company agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 5,000,000 shares of common stock (the Registration Statement ) in order to receive all of the proceeds of the Private Placement.

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June 30, 2006 and 2005

#### (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

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#### 8. Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (Series B Stock) (continued)

Each share of Series B Stock was to be automatically converted into common stock immediately upon the consummation of the occurrence of a stock acquisition, merger, consolidation, or reorganization of the Company.

The gross proceeds of the Private Placement have been received as follows:

- (i) \$1,100,000 was paid on closing;
- (ii) \$550,000 on the fifth business day following the filing date of the Registration Statement; and
- (iii) \$550,000 on the fifth business day following the effective date of the Registration Statement

Net proceeds received totaled \$1,935,000 after payment of \$220,000 in finders fees (10% of gross proceeds) and \$45,000 in legal fees. The transaction resulted in a beneficial conversion feature calculation in accordance with EITF 98-5 Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios , of \$315,244 which was accreted over nine months commencing October 1, 2004 (the minimum period that the preferred stockholder can convert all of their Series B Stock). The Company recorded accretion of \$210,163 as a dividend for the year ended March 31, 2005. As of March 31, 2005, the Company accrued preferred stock dividends of \$72,672.

During the fiscal years 2005 and 2006, the Company issued the following common shares pursuant to exercise of the Series B Preferred stocks:

Conversion	Shares of	Conversion	Common
Date	Series B Stock	Price	Stock
January 21, 2005	100	\$0.7824	127,812
February 8, 2005	100	0.7625	131,148
February 14, 2005	150	0.8000	187,500
February 28, 2005	100	0.8934	111,932
March 8, 2005	50	0.8934	55,966
April 1, 2005	100	0.8386	119,252
April 6, 2005	5	0.7735	6,464
April 7, 2005	100	0.7735	129,282
April 28, 2005	125	0.7860	159,033
April 29, 2005	125	0.7860	159,033
May 2, 2005	395	0.7860	502,544
May 18, 2005	125	1.0887	114,816
May 25, 2005	125	1.1962	104,498
June 1, 2005	125	1.1962	104,498
June 8, 2005	475	1.2000	395,834
Total	2,200	\$0.9130	2,409,612

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

#### (UNAUDITED)

#### 9. Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (Series C Stock)

On July 19, 2005, the Company also closed a private placement in its Series C Stock at \$1,000 per share for 12,500 shares (the Private Placement ). The Series C Stock is senior to the common stock with respect to the payment of dividends and other distributions on the capital stock of the Company, including distribution of the assets of the Company upon liquidation. No cash dividends or distributions shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the common stock in any year unless cash dividends or distributions on the Series C Stock for such year are likewise declared and paid or set apart for payment. No declared and unpaid dividends shall bear or accrue interest. Upon any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary before any distribution or payment shall be made to any of the holders of common stock or any series of preferred stock, the holders of Series C Stock shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company, whether such assets are capital, surplus or earnings, an amount equal to \$1,000 per share of the Series C Stock plus all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, for each share of Series C Stock held by them.

The Series C Stock are non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, when and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, and are convertible into common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted (included accrued but unpaid dividends) by the lower of \$3.00 or 85% of the volume weighted average trading price per common stock of the Company for 5 trading days. The holder of the Series C Stock may only convert up to a maximum of \$950,000 of Series C Stock into common stock in any 30 day period. The Company may redeem the Series C Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. Each share of Series C Stock will automatically convert into common stock at the conversion price then in effect two years from the date of issuance of each share.

As a condition of the private placement regarding the Series C Stock, the Company agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 12,500,000 shares of common stock (the Registration Statement ) within 60 days of closing and to have the Registration Statement declared effective within 150 days of closing.

Each share of Series C Stock will be automatically converted into common stock immediately upon the consummation of the occurrence of a stock acquisition, merger, consolidation, or reorganization of the Company.

The gross proceeds of this private placement was received as follows:

- (i) \$6,000,000 was received on closing;
- (ii) \$3,500,000 was received on the second business day prior to the filing date of the Registration Statement; and
- (iii) \$3,000,000 was received on the day following effective date of the Registration Statement

Net proceeds received as of March 31, 2006 totaled \$11,552,000 after payment of finders fees and legal costs of \$937,500 and \$10,500 respectively. The transaction resulted in a beneficial conversion feature calculation in accordance with EITF 98-5 Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratios , and EITF 00-27 Application of Issue No. 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments , of \$1,555,873 which was to be accreted over twenty-four (24) months commencing July 15, 2005. As

## TORRENT ENERGY CORPORATION

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(An exploration stage enterprise)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

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## 9. Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (Series C Stock) (continued)

a result of conversion of all remaining Series C Stock to common shares during the three months ended June 30, 2006, accretion of \$710,110 was recorded.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company issued 5,339,320 common shares pursuant to exercise of 8,375 shares of Series C Stock. No Series C Stock remained outstanding as of June 30, 2006.

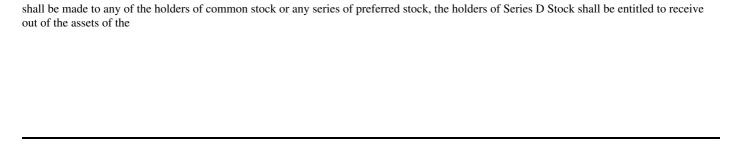
Conversion	Shares of	Conversion	Shares of
Date	Series C Stock	Price	Common Stock
December 6, 2005	375	\$1.6443	228,061
January 23,2006	375	\$1.8464	203,098
January 31, 2006	375	\$1.7447	214,937
February 2, 2006	375	\$1.8664	200,922
February 3, 2006	375	\$1.9684	190,510
February 7, 2006	375	\$2.2064	169,960
February 15, 2006	375	\$2.2599	165,937
February 16, 2006	375	\$2.1978	170,625
February 21, 2006	375	\$2.2747	164,857
March 9, 2006	375	\$2.0182	185,809
March 20, 2006	375	\$1.9852	188,898
April 5, 2006	750	\$1.9243	389,752
April 19, 2006	1,100	\$1.7255	637,496
May 5, 2006	1,750	\$1.5423	1,134,669
May 8, 2006	4,775	\$1.5028	3,177,403
Total	12,500	\$1.6840	7,422,934

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company accrued \$35,270 for dividends on the Series C Stock. On May 10, 2006, the Company reached agreement with the purchaser of the Series C Stock to accept shares of common stock in lieu of cash in payment of the aggregate accrued dividend due of \$343,712. A total of 228,714 shares of our common stock was issued on May 10, 2006 in satisfaction of the accrued dividend obligation.

# 10. Series D Convertible Preferred Stock ( Series D Stock )

In anticipation of entering into an investment agreement under which it was planned to sell 25,000 shares of its Series D Stock, the Company authorized 50,000 shares of preferred stock. The Series D Stock is senior to the common stock with respect to the payment of dividends and other distributions on the capital stock of the Company, including distribution of the assets of the Company upon liquidation. No cash dividends or distributions shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the common stock in any year unless cash dividends or distributions on the Series D Stock for such year are likewise declared and paid or set apart for payment. No declared and unpaid dividends shall bear or accrue interest. Upon any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary before any distribution or payment

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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

## 10. Series D Convertible Preferred Stock (Series D Stock) (continued)

Company, whether such assets are capital, surplus or earnings, an amount equal to \$1,000 per share of the Series D Stock plus all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, for each share of Series D Stock held by them.

The Series D Stock are non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, when and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, and are convertible into common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted (included accrued but unpaid dividends) by the lower of \$3.50 or 90% of the volume weighted average trading price per common stock of the Company for 10 trading days. The holder of the Series D Stock may only convert up to a maximum of \$1,500,000 of Series D Stock into common stock in any 30 day period. The Company may redeem the Series C Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. Each share of Series D Stock will automatically convert into common stock at the conversion price then in effect two years from the date of issuance of each share.

No shares of Series D Stock have been issued.

## 11. Series E Convertible Preferred Stock ( Series E Stock )

On June 28, 2006, the Company entered into an investment agreement under which it will sell 25,000 shares of its Series E Stock at \$1,000 per share. The Series E Stock is senior to the common stock with respect to the payment of dividends and other distributions on the capital stock of the Company, including distribution of the assets of the Company upon liquidation. No cash dividends or distributions shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the common stock in any year unless cash dividends or distributions on the Series E Stock for such year are likewise declared and paid or set apart for payment. No declared and unpaid dividends shall bear or accrue interest. Upon any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary before any distribution or payment shall be made to any of the holders of common stock or any series of preferred stock, the holders of Series E Stock shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company, whether such assets are

capital, surplus or earnings, an amount equal to \$1,000 per share of the Series E Stock plus all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, for each share of Series E Stock held by them.

The Series E Stock are non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, when and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, and are convertible into common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted (included accrued but unpaid dividends) by \$2.50 per share if the Company s common shares are trading at an average price of \$2.50 per share or higher for the five trading days preceding a conversion date. If the Company s common shares are trading at an average price greater than \$1.67 but less than \$2.50 per share the Company, may, at its exclusive option, force conversion at a price of \$1.67 per share or may redeem the Series E Stock for cash at the original investment amount plus a 20% redemption premium.

Beginning on the earlier of the first trading day following December 1, 2006 or the date the Securities and Exchange Commission declares a registration statement registering the prospective sale of the underlying common shares, the Company has a mandatory redemption requirement equal to the pro rata amortization of the remaining outstanding Series E Stock over the period that ends August 2008. If the Company s common shares are trading at an average price less that \$1.67 per share on a mandatory redemption date, the Company will pay cash at the original investment amount per share plus a 20% redemption premium. The holder of the Series E Stock may only convert

#### TORRENT ENERGY CORPORATION

## (formerly SCARAB SYSTEMS INC.)

(An exploration stage enterprise)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

## (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

## (UNAUDITED)

# 11. Series E Convertible Preferred Stock ( Series E Stock ) (continued)

up to a maximum of \$1,250,000 of Series E Stock into common stock in any 30 day period. The Company may redeem the Series E Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. Each share of Series E Stock will be automatically converted into common stock immediately upon the consummation of the occurrence of a stock acquisition, merger, consolidation, or reorganization of the Company.

As a condition of the private placement regarding the Series C Stock, the Company agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 15,000,000 shares of common stock (the Registration Statement ) within 45 days of closing and to have the Registration Statement declared effective within 165 days of closing.

The gross proceeds of this private placement will be received as follows:

- (i) \$9,000,000 was received on closing;
- (ii) \$8,500,000 will be paid on the filing date of the Registration Statement; and
- (iii) \$7,500,000 will be paid within three days following effective date of the Registration Statement

Net proceeds received from the initial closing as of June 30, 2006 totaled \$8,315,000 after payment of finder s and structuring fees of \$685,000.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company accrued \$3,699 for dividends on the Series E Stock.

## 12. Common Stock

On July 19, 2005, the Company received gross proceeds of \$3,300,000 pursuant to a private placement of 1,650,000 shares of common stock at \$2.00 per share. Finders fees paid on this transaction totalled \$25,000.

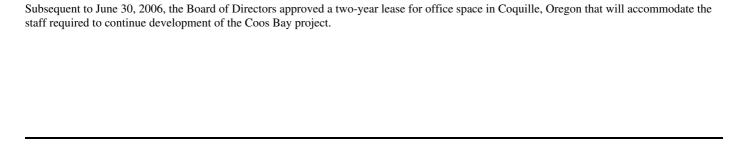
# 13. Commitments

On October 1, 2004, the Company entered into a consulting agreement for public and investor relations with a third party. The agreement was extended for an additional year effective October 1, 2005. The Company is committed to pay \$7,500 per month for the service for the term of one year. Either party may terminate the agreement with thirty days written notice.

On January 1, 2005, the Company entered into a management consulting agreement with MGG Consulting, a company owned by a director of the Company. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company is committed to a rate of \$1,000 per day unless terminated at any time by either party upon written notice. Effective April 1, 2005, the agreement was amended to reduce the compensation rate to \$800 per day. In January 2006, the rate was reinstated to \$1,000 per day.

# 14. Subsequent Events

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## TORRENT ENERGY CORPORATION

# (formerly SCARAB SYSTEMS INC.)

(An exploration stage enterprise)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

## 14. Subsequent Events (continued)

Subsequent to June 30, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with GeoMechanics International, Inc. (GMI) pursuant to which GMI shall provide certain technical services to the Coos Bay project in return for 125,000 shares of the common stock of the Company. These technical services shall include geomechanical evaluation, modeling and advisory services.

# 15. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures for the fiscal year 2005 have been reclassified to conform with the disclosure presentation of fiscal year 2006.

## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations

## FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding our capital needs, business strategy and expectations. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may , will , should , expect , plan , intend , anticipate , believe , estimate , predict , potential or continue , terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially.

In evaluating these statements, you should consider various risk factors in other reports our company files with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2006. These factors may cause our company s actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between its actual results and those reflected in these statements. The information constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

#### Overview

We are an exploration stage company primarily engaged in the exploration of coalbed methane in the Coos Bay region of Oregon and in the Chehalis Basin region of Washington State. Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Methane Energy Corp., we hold leases to approximately 116,000 acres of prospective coalbed methane lands in the Coos Bay region. Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Cascadia Energy Corp., we are evaluating 114,964 acres in Washington State to commence an exploratory program for possible hydrocarbon deposits. We changed our name from Scarab Systems, Inc. to Torrent Energy Corporation on July 13, 2004 to reflect the change in our business operations towards coalbed methane exploration. The change in our business operations occurred as a result of our entering into a lease purchase and sale agreement, through Methane on April 30, 2004. We were previously a web design and internet application developer.

Our restructuring accelerated from January 1, 2004 to March 31, 2004 (final quarter of fiscal 2004) and was finalized from April 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004 (first quarter of fiscal 2005). We decided to investigate and pursue a number of conventional oil and gas opportunities as well as a number of unconventional (coalbed methane) acquisition candidates. Due diligence on a coalbed methane opportunity was completed in April and May of 2004, resulting in the announcement on May 20, 2004 of the purchase of certain Oregon-based oil and gas lease assets from an independent company. Two private placements from April 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004 (first quarter of fiscal 2005) allowed us to complete the lease acquisitions and to commence leasing additional mineral rights under the land surrounding the existing oil and gas leases. We now have a coalbed methane exploration project in Oregon on which to focus.

Additional private placements from July 1, 2004 to September 30, 2004 (second quarter of fiscal 2005) and from January 1, 2005 to March 31, 2005 (fourth quarter of fiscal 2005) allowed us to complete additional lease acquisitions, core hole drilling, marketing and public relations, and pay legal and professional fees related to the Oregon properties. Private placements completed between April 1, 2005 and January 31, 2006 provided sufficient funding to complete a pilot well program on the Oregon prospect from which we plan to obtain production evaluation data and to acquire option rights and lease rights on prospective acreage in the State of Washington. Additional financings will be required to support further leasing activities and related exploratory drilling and testing programs on both our Oregon and Washington prospects.

## Land Acquisition

We currently lease approximately 116,000 acres in the Coos Bay Basin of Oregon and 14,964 acres in the Chehalis

Basin of Washington with up to an additional 115,280 acres in the Chehalis Basin subject to a lease option agreement. Our objective is to achieve a land lease position of approximately 125,000 acres in the Coos Bay Basin and approximately 180,000 acres in the Chehalis Basin by the end of fiscal 2007, although there is no assurance that we can reach these goals.

#### **Exploration Activities**

We are planning to continue an aggressive drilling and exploration program in the Coos Bay Basin. Based on existing raw data, which provided substantial subsurface information, we completed a core drilling program by the end of May 2005 with five core holes drilled at depths ranging from 1,000 to 4,500 feet. Having determined that sufficient gas content levels existed, a pilot well program consisting of seven wells at depths ranging from 3,900 to 5,300 feet was initiated during the year ended March 31, 2006. Preliminary production testing results have been sufficiently promising to justify continuation of the current completion program and to justify an additional drilling program to further delineate the resource potential and economic viability of a development program.

We also plan to accelerate our exploratory activities in the Chehalis Basin area with four stratagraphic wells to be drilled in the latter half of 2006. Retrieval, analysis and testing of core samples obtained from these wells will provide a basis for structuring a plan for a potential resource development program.

We will require additional funds to sustain and expand our oil and gas exploration activities. We anticipate that we will require up to approximately \$21,000,000 to fund our continued operations for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007. Additional capital will be required to effectively support our operations and to otherwise implement our overall business strategy.

Major expenditures expected for the next 12 months include the following:

Well drilling, completion and testing: \$16,000,000
Land and leasing expenditures: 1,200,000
Geological and geophysical expenditures: 1,000,000
Operating expenses: 800,000
General and administrative: 2,000,000
Total: \$21,000,000

The continuation of our business is dependent on obtaining further financing, positive results from exploratory activities, and achieving a profitable level of business. In the event that our properties continue to show promise but we don thave the resources to develop them, we would likely seek partners to assist in that development which would dilute our interest in the property, or we may sell our interest outright. Alternatively, we could seek additional financing which could dilute our existing shareholders interests. Furthermore, if at any stage we determine that it is not expected that our properties can be commercially developed, we may abandon further development work and our interests in the properties.

There are no assurances that we will be able to obtain further funds required for our continued operations. As noted herein, we are pursuing various financing alternatives to meet our immediate and long-term financial requirements. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available when needed or, if available, that it can be obtained on commercially reasonable terms. If we are not able to obtain the additional financing on a timely basis, we will be unable to conduct our operations as planned, and we will not be able to meet our other obligations as they become due. In such event, we will be forced to scale down or perhaps even cease our operations. Further, there can be no assurance that our exploration will result in any commercial findings of oil and gas.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our cash on hand was \$7,935,203 as of June 30, 2006 compared to \$2,658,719 at March 31, 2006. Our working capital surplus was \$7,577,369 as of June 30, 2006 as compared to \$1,151,881 at March 31, 2006.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, we received net proceeds of \$8,315,000 from the issuance of our Series E preferred stock. This compares to net proceeds of \$3,444,285 from the issuance of shares of common stock and net proceeds of \$11,552,000 from the issuance of our preferred stock during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, we expended cash of \$2,079,585 on our Coos Bay and Chehalis Basin projects compared to \$1,081,573 during the comparable period in the prior year. Expenditures on the Coos Bay project for the three months ending June 30, 2006 were \$2,052,060 and included \$29,262 in seismic and lease costs, \$1,829,151 in drilling costs for the pilot well program and \$193,647 for geological and geophysical consulting fees.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, cash expenditures for our Chehalis Basin project totaled \$27,525 and were comprised exclusively of seismic and lease costs. The Chehalis Basin expenditures are net of the 40% participation by our joint venture partner.

## Series B Convertible Preferred Shares

We are authorized to issue up to 5,000 shares of Series B preferred stock, par value \$0.01. On August 27, 2004, we closed a private placement of 2,200 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (Series B Stock) for \$2,200,000 in gross proceeds. Our Series B Stock is non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, and are convertible into shares of common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted by the lower of \$1.20 or 80% of the lowest volume weighted average trading price per share of our common stock for 10 trading days. The holder of the Series B Stock may only convert up to \$250,000 of Series B Stock into shares of common stock in any 30-day period. We may redeem the Series B Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. As a condition of the private placement, we agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 5,000,000 shares of common stock in order to receive all of the proceeds of the private placement.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, 500 Series B convertible preferred shares were converted into 614,358 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$0.83 per share of common stock. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, all of the remaining 1,700 Series B convertible preferred shares were converted into 1,795,253 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$1.06 per share of common stock. Please refer to Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements.

## Series C Convertible Preferred Shares

We are authorized to issue up to 25,000 shares of Series C preferred stock, par value \$0.01. On July 19, 2005, we closed a private placement of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (Series C Stock) at \$1,000 per share for 12,500 shares. Our Series C Stock is non-voting, carries a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, and is convertible into shares of common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted by the lower of \$3.00 or 85% of the lowest volume weighted average trading price per share of our common stock for 5 trading days. As a condition of the private placement, we agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 12,500,000 shares of common stock in order to receive all of the proceeds of the private placement. Please refer to Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements.

During the second fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2005, we completed a \$12,500,000 Series C Stock offering. Under the terms of this financing, we received gross proceeds of \$6,000,000 on closing and an additional \$3,500,000 upon filing a registration statement on Form SB-2 registering the converted shares of common stock for resale. An additional \$3,000,000 in gross proceeds was received upon effectiveness of the registration statement. The registration statement was accepted by the Securities Exchange Commission on January 12, 2006; and on January 13, 2006 our company received \$2,775,000 in proceeds from payment of the final tranche, net of a 7.5% finders fee. These proceeds are being used to fund our Coos Bay program and for general working capital. For more details please review our Form 8-K filing of July 20, 2005 and refer to Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements.

The Series C Stock was converted to 7,651,648 shares of our common stock, 2,083,614 of which were issued in

fiscal 2006 and 5,568,034 of which were issued during the three months ended June 30, 2006. The Series C Stock has now been converted in full.

## Series D Convertible Preferred Shares

We are authorized to issue up to 50,000 shares of Series D preferred stock, par value \$0.01. Our Series D Stock is non-voting, carries a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, and is convertible into shares of common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted by the lower of \$3.50 or 90% of the lowest volume weighted average trading price per share of our common stock for 10 trading days. Please refer to Note 10 to our consolidated financial statements.

No shares of our Series D preferred stock have been issued

## Series E Convertible Preferred Shares

We are authorized to issue up to 25,000 shares of Series E preferred stock, par value \$0.01. On June 28, 2006, we entered into an investment agreement under which it will sell 25,000 shares of its Series E Stock at \$1,000 per share. The Series E Stock are non-voting, carry a cumulative dividend rate of 5% per year, when and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, and are convertible into common stock at any time by dividing the dollar amount being converted (included accrued but unpaid dividends) by \$2.50 per share if the Company s common shares are trading at an average price of \$2.50 per share or higher for the five trading days preceding a conversion date. If the Company s common shares are trading at an average price greater than \$1.67 but less than \$2.50 per share the Company, may, at its exclusive option, force conversion at a price of \$1.67 per share or may redeem the Series E Stock for cash at the original investment amount plus a 20% redemption premium.

Beginning on the earlier of the first trading day following December 1, 2006 or the date the Securities and Exchange Commission declares a registration statement registering the prospective sale of the underlying common shares, the Company has a mandatory redemption requirement equal to the pro rata amortization of the remaining outstanding Series E Stock over the period that ends August 2008. If the Company s common shares are trading at an average price less that \$1.67 per share on a mandatory redemption date, the Company will pay cash at the original investment amount per share plus a 20% redemption premium. The holder of the Series E Stock may only convert up to a maximum of \$1,250,000 of Series E Stock into common stock in any 30 day period. The Company may redeem the Series E Stock by paying 120% of the invested amount together with any unpaid dividends. Each share of Series E Stock will be automatically converted into common stock immediately upon the consummation of the occurrence of a stock acquisition, merger, consolidation, or reorganization of the Company.

As a condition of this private placement, we agreed to file a registration statement registering up to 15,000,000 shares of common stock in order to receive all of the proceeds of the private placement.

During the first fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2006, we closed the initial tranche of the Series E Stock sale. Under the terms of this financing, we received gross proceeds of \$9,000,000 on closing with an additional \$8,500,000 to be issued upon filing a registration statement on Form SB-2 registering the converted shares of common stock for resale. An additional \$7,500,000 in gross proceeds will be received upon effectiveness of the registration statement. The proceeds from the Series E Stock sale are being used to fund development of the Company s Oregon project, exploration of the Company s Washington project and for general working capital purposes. For more details please review our Form 8-K filing of June 30, 2006 and refer to Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements.

## Warrants

We issued no warrants during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, we issued warrants attached to a private placement to purchase 1,442,930 shares of our common stock at a price of \$0.50 per share exercisable until May 19, 2006. We also issued warrants attached to a private placement to purchase 500,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$0.55 per share exercisable until July 7, 2006. A total of 1,614,359 warrants were exercised in fiscal 2005. During the year ended March 31, 2006, 228,571 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to the exercise of share purchase warrants for proceeds of \$114,285. As of June

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30, 2006, all previously issued warrants had been exercised. Please refer to Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements.

## \$2,500,000 Private Placement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into two stock purchase agreements with two accredited investors on February 11, 2005 for the sale of 2,500,000 shares of our common stock for \$2,500,000. The investors provided us with an aggregate of \$2,500,000 on February 15, 2005, pursuant to the stock purchase agreements. The funds from the sale of the shares of common stock were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, and payment of consulting and legal fees.

#### \$3,300,000 Private Placement

In July 2005, we closed a private placement with three institutional investors resulting in gross proceeds of \$3,300,000 by issuing 1,650,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.00 per share. These placement proceeds were used to fund our pilot well program in Coos Bay, Oregon. For more details please review our Form 8-K filing and refer to Note 12 to our consolidated financial statements.

## Additional Financing

We will require additional financing in order to complete our stated plan of operations for the next twelve months. We believe that we will require additional financing to carry out our intended objectives during the next twelve months. There can be no assurance, however, that such financing will be available or, if it is available, that we will be able to structure such financing on terms acceptable to us and that it will be sufficient to fund our cash requirements until we can reach a level of profitable operations and positive cash flows. If we are unable to obtain the financing necessary to support our operations, we may be unable to continue as a going concern. We currently have no firm commitments for any additional capital.

The trading price of our shares of common stock and the downturn in the United States stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our shares of common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. This Interpretation provides guidance for recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions, as defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN No. 48 prescribes a threshold condition that a tax position must meet for any of the benefit of an uncertain tax position to be recognized in the financial statements. Guidance is also provided regarding derecognition, classification and disclosure of uncertain tax positions. FIN No. 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We do not expect that this Interpretation will have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. SFAS No. 154 replaces APB Opinion No. 20 Accounting Changes and SFAS No. 3 Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements. SFAS No. 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. The adoption of SFAS No. 154 will have no impact on our company s consolidated financial statements.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FIN No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations*. Under the provisions of FIN 47, the term conditional asset retirement obligation as used in SFAS No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity while the obligation to perform the asset retirement activity is unconditional. Accordingly, an entity is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated. The fair value of a liability for the conditional asset retirement obligation is required to be recognized when incurred generally upon acquisition, construction, or development and/or through the normal operation of the asset. We have adopted FIN No. 47 as of December 31, 2005. Adoption of this pronouncement did not have a significant effect on our 2005 consolidated financial statements, and we do not expect this pronouncement to have a significant effect on our future reported financial position or earnings.

In September 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force issued Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) No. 04-8, *The Effect of Contingently Convertible Instruments on Diluted Earnings per Share*. EITF No. 04-8 provides new guidance on when the dilutive effect of contingently convertible securities with a market price trigger should be included in diluted earnings per share. The new guidance states that these securities should be included in the diluted earnings per share computation regardless of whether the market price trigger has been met. The guidance in EITF 04-8 is effective for all periods ending after December 15, 2004 and would be applied by retrospectively restating previously reported earnings per share. The adoption of EITF No. 04-8 did not have a material impact on our company s consolidated financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, *Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets, an amendment of APB No. 29, Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions.* SFAS No. 153 requires exchanges of productive assets to be accounted for at fair value, rather than at carryover basis, unless (1) neither the asset received nor the asset surrendered has a fair value that is determinable within reasonable limits, or (2) the transactions lack commercial substance. SFAS 153 is effective for nonmonetary asset exchanges occurring in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of FASB No. 153 will not have a material impact on our company s consolidated financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment. SFAS 123(R) establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. This statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS 123(R) requires that the fair value of such equity instruments be recognized as expense in the historical financial statements as services are performed. Prior to SFAS 123(R), only certain pro-forma disclosures of fair value were required. We adopted SFAS 123(R) effective April 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method. The adoption of FASB No. 123(R) did not have a material impact on our company s consolidated financial statements.

Effective April 1, 2004, we adopted SFAS No. 123 Accounting for Stock Based Compensation as amended by SFAS No. 148 Accounting for Stock-based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure . We recognize stock based compensation expense using a fair value based method. This accounting change was applied retroactively.

Prior to the adoption of this standard, we applied the disclosure provision of SFAS No. 123 for stock options granted to directors, officers and employees. As permitted by SFAS No. 123, we followed the intrinsic value approach of APB No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and the related interpretations. We have three stock option plans that are described more fully in Note 6 to our consolidated financial statements.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

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Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. We have accumulated a deficit of \$11,285,789 from inception to June 30, 2006. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet our obligations and repay our liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with any certainty at this time. We have historically satisfied our working capital needs primarily by issuing equity securities and at June 30, 2006 we had working capital of \$7,577,369, largely as a result of completing a private placement during the three month ended June 30, 2006 that raised net proceeds of

\$8,315,000. Management plans to continue to provide for our capital needs by issuing equity securities. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amount and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

## Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes its best estimate of the ultimate outcome for these items based on the historical trends and other information available when the consolidated financial statements are prepared. Changes in the estimates are recognized in accordance with the accounting rules for the estimate, which is typically in the period when new information becomes available to management. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

#### Income Taxes

We have adopted SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes , which requires us to recognize deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements or tax returns using the liability method. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the temporary differences between the consolidated financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse.

## Stock-based Compensation

Effective April 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R Share-based Payments (SFAS No. 123R) using the modified prospective method. The Company has three stock-based compensation plans, which are more fully described in Note 6. Prior to April 1, 2006, the Company accounted for those plans under the recognition and measurement provision of SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation" (as amended by SFAS No. 148 Accounting for Stock-based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure) using a fair value based method to recognize stock-based compensation expense. Accordingly, the adoption of SFAS No. 123R did not have a material effect on the Company s income from operations, cash flows or basic and diluted loss per share, as compared to results that would have resulted from a continuation of the accounting the Company used under SFAS No. 123.

## Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We have adopted SFAS No. 133 Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities , which requires companies to recognize all derivative contracts as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and to measure them at fair value. If certain conditions are met, a derivative may be specifically designated as a hedge, the objective of which is to match the timing of gain and loss recognition on the hedging derivative with the recognition of (i) the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk or (ii) the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transaction. For a derivative not designated as a hedging instrument, the gain or loss is recognized in income in the period of change. We have not entered into derivative contracts either to hedge existing risks or for speculative purposes, but we plan to use derivative contracts in the future solely for hedging prices on production.

# Long-Lived Assets Impairment

Our long-term assets are reviewed when changes in circumstances require as to whether their carrying value has become impaired, pursuant to guidance established in SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. Management considers assets to be impaired if the carrying value exceeds the future projected cash flows from the related operations, undiscounted and without interest charges. If impairment is deemed to exist, the assets will be written down to fair value, and a loss is recorded as the difference between the carrying value and the fair value. Fair values are determined based on the quoted market values, discounted cash flows or internal and external appraisal, as applicable. Assets to be disposed of are carried at the lower of carrying

value or estimated net realizable value.

## Asset Retirement Obligations

We recognize a liability for future retirement obligations associated with our oil and gas properties. The estimated fair value of the asset retirement obligation is based on the current cost escalated at an inflation rate and discounted at a credit adjusted risk-free rate. This liability is capitalized as part of the cost of the related asset and amortized over its useful life. The liability accretes until we settle the obligation. As of June 30, 2006, we did not have any asset retirement obligations.

## Oil and Gas Properties

We utilize the full cost method to account for our investment in oil and gas properties. Accordingly, all costs associated with acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas reserves, including such costs as leasehold acquisition costs, interest costs relating to unproved properties, geological expenditures and direct internal costs are capitalized into the full cost pool. As of June 30, 2006, we had no properties with proven reserves. When we obtain proven oil and gas reserves, capitalized costs, including estimated future costs to develop the reserves and estimated abandonment costs, net of salvage, will be depleted on the units-of-production method using estimates of proved reserves. Investments in unproved properties and major development projects including capitalized interest, if any, are not amortized until proved reserves associated with the projects can be determined. If the future costs of exploration of unproved properties are determined uneconomical, the amounts of such properties are added to the capitalized cost to be amortized. As of June 30, 2006, all of our oil and gas properties were unproved and were excluded from amortization.

The capitalized costs included in the full cost pool are subject to a ceiling test, which limits such costs to the aggregate of the estimated present value, using an estimated discount rate, of the future net revenues from proved reserves, based on current economic and operating conditions and the estimated value of unproven properties. As at June 30, 2006, none of our unproved oil and gas properties was considered impaired.

## **Results of Operations**

The results of operations include the results of Torrent and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Methane Energy Corp. and Cascadia Energy Corp., for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, Torrent performed all of the administrative operations while the subsidiaries, Methane Energy Corp. and Cascadia Energy Corp., hold the interests in the leases and operate the Coos Bay project and Cedar Creek project, respectively.

## For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

**Operating Expenses.** Operating expenses rose during the most current three month period as compared to the same period last year as a result of increased activities supporting our drilling, completion and testing operations. Significant operating expense increases during the period were attributable to growth in consulting, employee costs, and investor relations expenses with an offset from reduced stock based compensation expense.

Total operating expenses were \$1,669,227 for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared with \$1,253,136 for the same period one year earlier. The significant element of the year-over-year growth in operating expenses was investor relations expense, which increased to \$167,867 in the quarter ending June 30, 2006 compared to an expense recovery of \$(46,366) during the quarter ending June 30, 2005. The credit during prior year quarter was a result of regular investor relations expenses of \$53,305 being netted against a reversal of \$(99,641). This reversal related directly to the cancellation of 200,000 stock options that were originally granted during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Consulting fees increased to \$209,404 during the most recent three month period as compared to \$142,131 for the same period one year earlier. Again, expansion of the Company s operating activities and planning for the upcoming drilling program were the principal reasons for the increase.

Staff expense rose \$148,462 as the Company s employee count expanded to accommodate the increased activity level associated primarily with our Coos Bay project. Stock based compensation expense declined from \$866,142 during the three months ended June 30, 3005 to \$730,251 during the most recent three month period as a result of significantly fewer option grants occurring during the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared with the same period in 2005.

Travel expenses associated with our financing efforts and our drilling activities led to expenses of \$92,754 during the most current three month period, versus \$59,166 during the same period last year. Lease rentals rose to \$85,903 during the current quarter as compared to \$60,013 during the three months ended March 31, 2005 as a result of annual lease payments coming due during the period.

We invested excess cash in term deposits during the three months ended June 30, 2006 resulting in interest revenue of \$12,866. Similar investments during the three months ended June 30, 2005 yielded \$12,219 in interest revenue.

We recorded \$710,110 in dividend accretion of the Series C Stock beneficial conversion feature with an offsetting amount recorded as additional paid-in capital (see Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements). We also accrued \$35,270 and \$3,699, respectively, for dividends on the Series C Stock and the Series E Stock during the three months ended June 30, 2006. We issued 228,714 shares of common stock in payment of the aggregate \$343,712 accrued dividend owed on the Series C Stock (see Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements).

**Net Loss for the Period.** We recorded a net loss of \$(1,656,361) for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared with a net loss of \$(1,240,917) for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

## RISK FACTORS

Much of the information included in this annual report includes or is based upon estimates, projections or other—forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include any projections or estimates made by us and our management in connection with our business operations. These include (i) the potential prospective for natural gas from coal and conventional natural gas production of up to 100,000 acres in the Coos Bay Basin, (ii) the potential pipeline capacity of 10 million cubic feet of gas per day in the port of Coos Bay area, and (iii) greater market for natural gas in Coos County. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions, or other future performance suggested herein. We undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

Such estimates, projections or other forward-looking statements involve various risks and uncertainties as outlined below. We caution readers of this annual report that important factors in some cases have affected and, in the future, could materially affect actual results and cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in any such estimates, projections or other forward-looking statements. In evaluating us, our business and any investment in our business, readers should carefully consider the following factors.

## **Risks Relating to Our Business**

Our independent auditors have expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, which may hinder our ability to obtain future financing.

In their report dated June 28, 2006, our independent auditors stated that our consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 were prepared assuming that we would continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is an issue raised as a result of recurring losses from operations and working capital deficiency. Our ability to continue as a going concern is subject to our ability to obtain necessary funding from outside sources, including obtaining additional funding from the sale of our securities. Our continued net operating losses increase the difficulty in meeting such goals and there can be no assurances that such funding methods will prove successful.

We have a history of losses that may continue, which may negatively impact our ability to achieve our business objectives.

We have accumulated a deficit of \$11,285,789 from inception to June 30, 2006 and incurred net losses applicable to common shareholders of \$2,405,440 for the three months ended June 30, 2006; and \$5,295,572 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. We cannot assure you that we can achieve or sustain profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. Our operations are subject to the risks and competition inherent in the establishment of a business enterprise. There is no assurance that future operations will be profitable. We may not achieve our business objectives and the failure to achieve such goals would have an adverse impact on us.

If we are unable to obtain additional funding our business operations will be harmed and if we do obtain additional financing our then existing shareholders may suffer substantial dilution.

We will require additional funds to sustain and expand our oil and gas exploration activities. We anticipate that we will require up to approximately \$21,000,000 to fund our continued operations for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007. Additional capital will be required to effectively support our operations and to implement our business strategy. There can be no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. The inability to obtain additional capital will restrict our ability to grow and may reduce our ability to continue to conduct business operations. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we will likely be required to curtail our exploration plans and possibly cease our operations. Any additional equity financing may result in substantial dilution to our then existing shareholders.

We have a limited operating history and if we are not successful in continuing to grow our business, then we may have to scale back or even cease our ongoing business operations.

Our company has a limited operating history in the business of oil and gas exploration and must be considered to be an exploration stage company. We have no history of revenues from operations and have no significant tangible assets. We have yet to generate positive earnings and there is no assurance that we will ever operate profitably. Our company has a limited operating history in the business of oil and gas exploration and must be considered an exploration stage company. Our success is significantly dependent on successful lease acquisition, drilling, completion and production programs. Our operations will be subject to all the risks inherent in the establishment of a developing enterprise and the uncertainties arising from the absence of a significant operating history. We may be unable to locate recoverable reserves or operate on a profitable basis. We are in the exploration stage and potential investors should be aware of the difficulties normally encountered by enterprises in the exploration stage. If our business plan is not successful, and we are not able to operate profitably, investors may lose some or all of their investment in our company.

If we are unable to retain the services of Mr. Carlson and other senior executives or if we are unable to successfully recruit qualified managerial and field personnel having experience in oil and gas exploration, we may not be able to continue our operations.

Our success depends to a significant extent upon the continued service of Mr. John Carlson, our president and chief executive officer, and a director. Loss of the services of Mr. Carlson could have a material adverse effect on our growth, revenues, and prospective business. We do not maintain key-man insurance on the life of Mr. Carlson. In addition, in order to successfully implement and manage our business plan, we will be dependent upon, among other things, successfully recruiting qualified managerial and field personnel who have experience in the oil and gas exploration industry. Competition for qualified individuals is intense. There are no assurances that we will be able to find and attract new employees; or to retain existing employees; or to find, attract and retain qualified personnel on acceptable terms.

As our properties are in the exploration and development stage, there is no assurance that we will establish commercially exploitable discoveries on our properties.

Exploration for economic reserves of oil and gas is subject to a number of risk factors. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing oil and/or gas wells. Our properties are in the exploration stage

only and are without proven reserves of oil and gas. We may not establish commercially exploitable discoveries on any of our properties; and we may never have profitable operations.

We are unsure about the likelihood that we will discover and establish a profitable production of gas from coal seams in the Coos Bay or Chehalis Basin regions.

Currently, there is no commercial production of coal in the state of Oregon. Additionally, no coalbed methane gas production exists either in Washington or Oregon. Coalbed methane gas only accounts for a small percentage of all natural gas production in the United States. The closest coalbed methane production to the Coos Bay and Chehalis Basin occurs in the state of Wyoming. As a result, it is unlikely that we will discover any significant amount of coalbed methane in the Coos Bay or Chehalis Basins or be able to establish wells that will produce a profitable amount of coalbed methane gas.

Even if we are able to discover commercially exploitable resources on any of the properties on which we hold an interest, we may never achieve profitability or may not receive an adequate return on invested capital because the potential profitability of oil and gas ventures depends upon factors beyond the control of our company.

The potential profitability of oil and gas properties is dependent upon many factors beyond our control. For instance, world prices and markets for oil and gas are unpredictable, highly volatile, potentially subject to governmental fixing, pegging, controls or any combination of these and other factors, and respond to changes in domestic, international, political, social and economic environments. Additionally, due to worldwide economic uncertainty, the availability and cost of funds for production and other expenses have become increasingly difficult, if not impossible, to project. In addition, adverse weather conditions can also hinder drilling operations. These changes and events may materially affect our future financial performance. These factors cannot be accurately predicted and the combination of these factors may result in our company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital.

Even if we are able to discover and complete a gas well, there can be no assurance the well will become profitable.

We have not yet established a commercially viable coalbed methane gas resource. Even if we are able to do so, a productive well may become uneconomic in the event water or other deleterious substances are encountered which impair or prevent the production of oil and/or gas from the well. In addition, production from any well may be unmarketable if it is impregnated with water or other deleterious substances. In addition, the marketability of oil and gas which may be acquired or discovered will be affected by numerous factors, including the proximity and capacity of oil and gas pipelines and processing equipment, market fluctuations of prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, allowable production and environmental protection, all of which could result in greater expenses than revenue generated by the well.

The oil and gas industry is highly competitive and there is no assurance that we will be successful in acquiring the leases.

The oil and gas industry is intensely competitive. We compete with numerous individuals and companies, including many major oil and gas companies that have substantially greater technical, financial and operational resources. Accordingly, there is a high degree of competition for desirable oil and gas leases, for suitable properties for drilling operations, for necessary drilling equipment, as well as for access to funds. We cannot predict if the necessary funds can be raised or that any projected work will be completed. Our budget anticipates our acquiring additional leases for acreage in both the Coos Bay and Chehalis Basins. This acreage may not become available or, if it is available for leasing, we may not be successful in acquiring clear title to the leases. If we do not acquire the leases, we will not be able to completely fulfill our current business plan. Failure to carry out our business plan may reduce the likelihood of achieving profitable operations and may discourage investors from investing in our company. If these things happen, we may not be able to raise additional funds when we need them and we may have to cease operations.

The marketability of natural resources will be affected by numerous factors beyond our control that may result in us not receiving an adequate return on invested capital to be profitable or viable.

The marketability of natural resources that may be acquired or discovered by us will be affected by numerous factors beyond our control. These factors include market fluctuations in oil and gas pricing and demand, the proximity and capacity of natural resource markets and processing equipment, governmental regulations, land lease tenure, land use, regulation concerning the importing and exporting of oil and gas, and environmental protection regulations. The exact effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of these factors may result in us not receiving an adequate return on invested capital to be profitable or viable.

Oil and gas operations are subject to comprehensive regulations that may cause substantial delays or require capital outlays in excess of those anticipated causing an adverse effect on our company.

Oil and gas operations are subject to federal, state, and local laws relating to the protection of the environment, including laws regulating removal of natural resources from the ground and the discharge of materials into the environment. Oil and gas operations are also subject to federal, state, and local laws and regulations that seek to maintain health and safety standards by regulating the design and use of drilling methods and equipment. Various permits from government bodies are required for drilling operations to be conducted; no assurance can be given that such permits will be granted. Environmental standards imposed by federal, state, or local authorities may be changed, and any such changes may have material adverse effects on our activities. Moreover, compliance with such laws may cause substantial delays or require capital outlays in excess of those anticipated, thus causing an adverse effect on our business operations. Additionally, we may be subject to liabilities for pollution or other environmental damages. We believe that our operations comply, in all material respects, with all applicable environmental and health and safety regulations. To date, we have not been required to spend any material amount on compliance with environmental and health and safety regulations. However, we may be required to do so in the future and this may affect our ability to expand or maintain our operations. Our operating partners maintain insurance coverage customary to the industry; however, we are not fully insured against all possible environmental and health and safety risks.

Oil and gas exploration and production activities are subject to certain environmental regulations that may prevent or delay the commencement or continuation of our operations.

In general, our oil and gas exploration and production activities are subject to certain federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental quality and pollution control. Such laws and regulations increase the costs of these activities and may prevent or delay the commencement or continuation of a given operation. Compliance with these laws and regulations has not had a material effect on our operations or financial condition to date. Specifically, we are subject to legislation regarding emissions into the environment, water discharges and storage and disposition of hazardous wastes. In addition, legislation has been enacted which requires well and facility sites to be abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of state authorities. However, such laws and regulations are frequently changed and we are unable to predict the ultimate cost of compliance. Generally, environmental requirements do not appear to affect us any differently or to any greater or lesser extent than other companies in the industry. We believe that our operations comply, in all material respects, with all applicable environmental regulations. Our operating partners maintain insurance coverage customary to the industry; however, we are not fully insured against all possible environmental risks.

Exploratory drilling involves many risks and we may become liable for pollution or other liabilities that may have an adverse effect on our financial position.

Drilling operations generally involve a high degree of risk. Hazards such as unusual or unexpected geological formations, power outages, labor disruptions, blow-outs, sour gas leakage, fire, inability to obtain suitable or adequate machinery, equipment or labor, and other risks are involved. We may become subject to liability for pollution or hazards against which we cannot adequately insure or against which we may elect not to insure. Incurring any such liability may have a material adverse effect on our financial position and operations.

## Risks Relating to Our Shares of Common Stock:

If we fail to remain current in our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board which would limit the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market.

Companies trading on the OTC Bulletin Board, such as us, must be reporting issuers under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and must be current in their reports under Section 13, in order to maintain price quotation privileges on the OTC Bulletin Board. If we fail to remain current on our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board. As a result, the market liquidity for our securities could be severely adversely affected by limiting the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market.

Our shares of common stock is subject to the penny stock rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the trading market in our securities is limited, which makes transactions in our shares of common stock cumbersome and may reduce the value of an investment in our shares of common stock.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a penny stock, for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require:

that a broker or dealer approve a person s account for transactions in penny stocks; and

the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person s account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must:

obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and

make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks.

The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form:

sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and

that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction.

Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the penny stock rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our shares of common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our shares of common stock.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. sales practice requirements may also limit a stockholder s ability to buy and sell our shares of common stock.

In addition to the penny stock rules described above, the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low

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priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer s financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our shares of common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our shares of common stock and have an adverse effect on the market for its shares.

#### **Item 3. Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by the quarterly report, being December 31, 2005, we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our company s disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our company s management, including our company s president and chief financial officer. Based upon that evaluation, our company s president and chief financial officer concluded that our company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective as at the end of the period covered by this report. There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting.

Disclosure controls and procedures and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to management, including our president and secretary as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

## Part II. Other Information

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We know of no material, existing or pending legal proceedings against our company, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial shareholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

A full description of our sales of equity securities and use of proceeds is contained in Item 2 Management s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations, under the heading Liquidity and Capital Resources .

## Item 3. Default upon Senior Notes

Not applicable.

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Not applicable.

## **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

## Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-B

#### **Exhibit Number and Exhibit Title**

## (3) Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws

- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed on February 11, 2004).
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation, changing the name to Torrent Energy Corporation (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on March 30, 2005).
- 3.3 Articles of Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation, creating Series B convertible preferred stock (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 1, 2004).
- 3.4 Bylaws of our company (incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed on February 11, 2004).
- 3.5 Articles of Amendment dated July 13, 2005 creating Series C convertible preferred stock (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 3.6 Articles of Amendment dated June 16, 2006 creating Series D convertible preferred stock (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2006).
- 3.7 Articles of Amendment dated June 28, 2006 creating Series E convertible preferred stock (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2006).

#### (10) Material Contracts

- 10.1 Lease Purchase and Sale Agreement between our company, Methane Energy Corp. and Geo-Trends-Hampton International, LLC dated May 11, 2004 (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 20, 2004).
- 10.2 Amending Agreement to Lease Purchase and Sale Agreement dated May 19, 2004 (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 23, 2004).
- 10.3 Second Amending Agreement to Lease Purchase and Sale Agreement dated June 11, 2004 (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 23, 2004).
- 10.4 Investment Rights Agreement dated August 27, 2004 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 1, 2004).
- 10.5 Registration Rights Agreement dated August 27, 2004 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 1, 2004).
- 10.6 Consulting Agreement dated January 1, 2005 between our company and MGG Consulting (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on March 30, 2005).
- 10.7 Securities Purchase Agreement dated February 11, 2005 between our company and Placer Creek Investors (Bermuda) L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on March 30, 2005).

- 10.8 Securities Purchase Agreement dated February 11, 2005 between our company and Placer Creek Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on March 30, 2005).
- 10.9 Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 11, 2005 between our company and Placer Creek Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 10.10 Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 11, 2005 between our company and Placer Creek Investors (Bermuda) L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 10.11 Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 11, 2005 between our company and SDS Capital Group SPC, Ltd. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 10.12 Investment Agreement dated July 12, 2005 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 10.13 Investor Registration Rights Agreement dated July 12, 2005 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2005).
- 10.14 Lease Option Agreement dated August 9, 2005 between Torrent s wholly-owned subsidiary, Cascadia Energy Corp. and Weyerhaeuser Company (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 18, 2005).
- 10.15 Joint Venture Agreement dated August 12, 2005 between Torrent s wholly-owned subsidiary, Cascadia Energy Corp. and St. Helens Energy, LLC (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 18, 2005).
- 10.16 Option to Acquire Oil & Gas Lease with Pope Resources LP dated May 9, 2006 (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 19, 2006).
- 10.17 Investment Agreement dated June 28, 2006 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2006).
- 10.18 Registration Rights Agreement dated June 28, 2006 between our company and Cornell Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2006).

# (14) Code of Ethics

14.1 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on September 30, 2005).

## (21) Subsidiaries

Methane Energy Corp., an Oregon company

Cascadia Energy Corp., a Washington company

# (31) Section 302 Certifications

- 31.1 Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- (32) Section 906 Certification
- 32.1 Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
- 32.2 Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following person on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

# TORRENT ENERGY CORPORATION

By: /s/ John D. Carlson

John D. Carlson

President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/Michael D. Fowler

Michael D. Fowler

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: August 14, 2006

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