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DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC
Form 10-K405
December 28, 2001

=====
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark one)

(X) ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: September 30, 2001

OR

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ____ to ____.

Commission file number: 0-17972

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

41-1532464

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

11001 Bren Road East
Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(952) 912-3444

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
Common stock, \$.01 par value
(Title of each class)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No
--- ---

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

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The aggregate market value of voting stock held by nonaffiliates of the Registrant, based on a closing price of \$5.95 per share as reported on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System-National Market System on December 10, 2001 was \$90,934,231.

Shares of common stock outstanding as of December 10, 2001: 15,374,947

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DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following table shows, except as otherwise noted, the location of information required in this Form 10-K, in the Registrant's Annual Report to Stockholders for the year ended September 30, 2001 and Proxy Statement for the Registrant's Annual Meeting of Stockholders scheduled for January 23, 2002, a definitive copy of which will be filed on or about December 28, 2001. All such information set forth below under the heading "Page/Reference" is incorporated herein by reference, or included in this Form 10-K on the pages indicated.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Digi International Inc. (Digi or the Company) was formed in 1985 as a Minnesota corporation and reorganized as a Delaware corporation in 1989 in conjunction with its initial public offering. Digi is a worldwide provider of Connectware, wired and wireless, hardware and software connectivity solutions that businesses use to create, customize and control retail operations, industrial automation and other applications. Connectware network enables the essential devices that

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build business.

The Company operates exclusively in a single business segment and sells its products through a global network of distributors, systems integrators, value-added resellers (VARs) and original equipment manufacturers (OEMs). The Company also sells direct to select accounts and the government.

The common stock of Digi International Inc. is traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol DGII. The Company has its worldwide headquarters in Minnetonka, Minnesota, with regional and sales offices throughout the U.S. and worldwide, including Germany, France, the Netherlands, Denmark, the United Kingdom, Hong Kong and China.

PRODUCTS

Digi is a worldwide leader in connecting peripherals to networks. From multi-port serial control to Universal Serial Bus (USB) connectivity to remote access to Local Area Network (LAN) infrastructure, Digi's products enable a virtually unlimited number of devices or users to be connected locally or remotely to LANs, multi-user systems and the Internet. The Company's products are compatible with all PC platforms, including Compaq, IBM, Hewlett-Packard and Sun Microsystems, as well as popular operating systems, such as Microsoft Windows NT/95/2000, Novell NetWare, Linux and UNIX.

The Company has sales offices located throughout North America, Europe and Asia. Digi products are available through 180 distributors in more than 65 countries. More than 650 VARs participate in the DigiVAR Program, introduced in July 1993.

The application markets where these products are most prominently used are point-of-sales systems (POS), industrial automation, medical, hospitality, and building automation. In addition, the Company has expanded into new applications such as console management and wireless products to complement its existing portfolio.

The Company's primary product lines are its multi-port serial adapters, device servers, terminal servers, USB, and LAN connectivity products.

MULTI-PORT SERIAL ADAPTERS

The Company is a leader in this product category and offers one of the most comprehensive multi-port serial adapter family of products. The Company's products support a wide range of operating systems, port-density, bus type, expansion options, and applications.

As Ethernet connections extend beyond current applications, the internal multi-port serial adapter products are expected to gradually transition to network-attached terminal server devices. The Company

ITEM 1. BUSINESS (CONTINUED)

MULTI-PORT SERIAL ADAPTERS (CONTINUED)

has strengthened its product offering to continue to successfully meet customer

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needs and believes that multi-port serial adapters will continue to be an important product category.

TERMINAL SERVER / DEVICE SERVER

The Company's terminal server and device server families offer flexible and easy solutions for providing access to serial devices over Ethernet networks. As Ethernet-based serial connections extend beyond their current applications and into new market uses such as building automation, process control and console port management on servers, routers, switches, and other network equipment, the Company believes that terminal servers and device servers will continue to be a major growth area.

UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS

The Company expanded its product lines with its acquisition of Inside Out Networks, Inc. (Inside Out Networks) in October 2000. The acquisition creates the most comprehensive and complete USB product line in the industry, expanding on the USB technology acquired in the July 1998 acquisition of Central Data Corporation (CDC), and brings an extensive list of satisfied corporate customers such as Agilent, Gateway, Hewlett-Packard, IBM, Lucent Technologies, Microsoft, NCR Corporation, Sun Microsystems and others into the Company's customer base. The Company also benefits from Inside Out Networks' pioneering EPIC software, which provides seamless transition between legacy software/systems and next-generation USB-attached devices, supporting feature-rich hardware and software flow control signaling. This provides ease of use and integration while protecting technology investments.

LAN CONNECTIVITY

The Company entered the LAN market with its acquisition of MiLAN Technology Corporation (MiLAN) in November 1993. The Company's LAN business, MiLAN Technology, provides a complete portfolio of multilayer networking products, including wireless access points and clients, managed and unmanaged switches, media converters, print servers and fault tolerant transceivers. These products are designed to increase the reliability, security and management of multi-tenant, campus and local area networks. The Company was recently awarded a multi-million dollar contract to provide fiber-optic LAN connectivity for a major school district in California.

DISTRIBUTION AND PARTNERSHIPS

Significant U.S. distributors include: Ingram Micro, Tech Data Corporation, Gates/Arrow Distributing, Merisel, Avnet/Hallmark, Seneca Data and Express Systems & Peripherals.

Significant Canadian distributors include: Gates/Arrow Electronics, EMJ Data Systems, Ingram Micro Canada and Tech Data Canada.

Significant European distributors include: Miel, Arecta, Westbase Technology, Sphinx Computer, Connect Service Riedlbauer, Mitrol, Euroline and Data Solutions.

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DISTRIBUTION AND PARTNERSHIPS (CONTINUED)

Significant Latin American and Asia Pacific distributors include: Tech Pacific, Sumisho Datacom, Lantech and Ingram Dicom.

Digi maintains strategic alliances with other industry leaders to develop and market technology solutions. These include most major communications software vendors, operating system suppliers, and computer hardware manufacturers. Key partners include: Citrix Systems, Compaq, Hewlett-Packard, IBM, Intel, Lotus, Micron, Motorola, Novell, Red Hat, Santa Cruz Operation, Sun Microsystems and Tobit.

CUSTOMERS

The Company's customer base includes many of the world's largest companies. Long-time customer IBM made the Company's adapter boards the first integrated communications offering for the iSeries (previously named AS400) in 2000, in addition to the products currently being sold into the pSeries (previously named RS6000). The Company has OEM relationships with leading vendors, allowing them to ship the Company's board and network products as component parts of their overall networking solutions. These vendors include NCR, Sun Microsystems, Hewlett Packard, Compaq and Groupe Bull, among others. Many of the world's leading telecommunications companies and Internet service providers also rely on the Company's products, including Lucent, Nortel, AT&T, Sprint, Verizon and Seimens.

During the year ended September 30, 2001, two customers comprised more than 10% of net sales each: Tech Data at 13.9% and Ingram Micro at 11.3%. During the year ended September 30, 2000, two customers comprised more than 10% of net sales each: Tech Data at 13.4% and Ingram Micro at 10.0%. During the year ended September 30, 1999, two customers comprised more than 10% of net sales each: Tech Data at 15.4% and Ingram Micro at 13.4%.

COMPETITIVE CONDITIONS

The computer industry is characterized by rapid technological advances and evolving industry standards. The market can be significantly affected by new product introductions and marketing activities of industry participants. The Company competes for customers on the basis of product performance in relation to compatibility, support, quality and reliability, product development capabilities, price and availability.

The Company believes that it is a global market leader in multi-port serial adapters. As this market continues to mature, the Company will focus on key applications, customers, and markets to manage applications as they transition to other technologies such as Ethernet, USB, and wireless connectivity products. The Company also believes it is a leader in connecting peripheral devices to Ethernet LANs with its terminal server and device server product lines. With respect to the LAN business, the Company believes it commands less than a 5% market share.

Some of the Company's competitors and potential competitors may have greater financial, technological, manufacturing, marketing and personnel resources than the Company. Present and future competitors may be able to identify new markets and develop products more quickly which are superior to those

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ITEM 1. BUSINESS (CONTINUED)

COMPETITIVE CONDITIONS (CONTINUED)

developed by the Company. They may also adapt new technologies faster, devote greater resources to research and development, promote products more aggressively and price products more competitively than the Company. There are no assurances that competition will not intensify or that the Company will be able to compete effectively in the markets in which the Company competes.

OPERATIONS

The Company's manufacturing operations procure all parts and certain services involved in production and subcontracts most of its product manufacturing to outside firms that specialize in such services. The Company believes that this approach is beneficial because the Company can reduce its fixed costs, maintain production flexibility and maximize its profit margins.

The Company's products are manufactured to its designs with standard and semi-custom components. Most of these components are available from multiple vendors. The Company has several single-sourced supplier relationships, either because alternative sources are not available or because the relationship is advantageous to the Company. If these suppliers are unable to provide a timely and reliable supply of components, the Company could experience manufacturing delays adversely affecting its results of operations.

During fiscal years 2001, 2000 and 1999, the Company's research and development expenditures were \$18.3, \$20.2 and \$21.8 million, respectively.

Due to rapidly changing technology in the computer industry, the Company believes that its success depends primarily upon the engineering, marketing, manufacturing and support skills of its personnel, rather than upon patent protection. Although the Company may seek patents where appropriate and has certain patent applications pending for proprietary technology, the Company's proprietary technology or products are generally not patented. The Company relies primarily on the copyright, trademark and trade secret laws to protect its proprietary rights in its products. The Company has established common law and registered trademark rights on a family of marks for a number of its products.

As of September 30, 2001, the Company had backlog orders which management believed to be firm in the amount of \$1.4 million. All of these orders are expected to be filled in the current fiscal year. Backlog as of September 30, 2000 and September 30, 1999 was \$4.4 million and \$5.0 million, respectively.

The Company had 425 employees at September 30, 2001.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's headquarters and research facilities are located in a 130,000 square foot office building in Minnetonka, Minnesota which the Company acquired in August 1995 and has occupied since March 1996. The Company's primary manufacturing facility is located in a 58,000 square foot building in Eden Prairie, Minnesota, which the Company purchased in May 1993 and has occupied since August 1993. Additional office and research facilities include a 63,000 square foot facility in Dortmund, Germany, a 46,170 square foot facility in Sunnyvale, California, the lease for which expires in April 2002, and a 5,000 square foot facility in Champaign, Illinois, the lease for which expires in January

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

2002. Subsequent to the Company's fiscal year end, the lease was extended to expire in February 2005. In connection with the acquisition of Inside Out Networks in October 2000, the Company acquired an additional 10,465 square foot facility in Austin, Texas and a 3,655 square foot facility in Torrance, California. The leases on these facilities expire in October 2005 and September 2003, respectively.

Management believes that the Company's facilities are suitable and adequate for current office, research and warehouse requirements, and that its manufacturing facilities provide sufficient production capacity to meet the Company's currently anticipated needs.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Between January 3, 1997 and March 7, 1997, the Company and certain of its previous officers were named as defendants in putative securities class action lawsuits filed in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota by 21 lead plaintiffs on behalf of an alleged class of purchasers of the Company's common stock during the period January 25, 1996 through December 23, 1996. The putative class actions were thereafter consolidated (Master File No. 97-5 DWF/RLE). The Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint ("Consolidated Amended Complaint") alleges that the Company and certain of its previous officers violated the federal securities laws by, among other things, misrepresenting and/or omitting material information concerning the Company's operations and financial results.

On February 25, 1997, the Company and certain of its previous officers also were named as defendants in a securities lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota by the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (Civil File No. 97-440, Master File No. 97-5 DWF/RLE) (the "Louisiana Amended Complaint"). The Louisiana Amended Complaint alleges that the Company and certain of its previous officers violated the federal securities laws and state common law by, among other things, misrepresenting and/or omitting material information concerning the Company's operations and financial results.

In a decision issued on May 22, 1998, the District Court dismissed without leave to replead all claims asserted in both cases, including all claims asserted against defendant Gary L. Deaner, except for certain federal securities law claims based upon alleged misrepresentations and/or omissions relating to the accounting treatment applied to the Company's AetherWorks investment. The District Court also limited the claims asserted in the Louisiana Amended Complaint to the 11,000 shares of the Company's stock held subsequent to November 14, 1996, for which the Louisiana Amended Complaint claims damages of \$184,276 and seeks an award of attorneys' fees, disbursements and costs. The Consolidated Amended Complaint seeks compensatory damages of approximately \$43.1 million, plus interest, against all defendants, jointly and severally, and an award of attorneys' fees, experts' fees and costs.

On August 17, 2000, the District Court granted defendants' motions for summary judgment and dismissed with prejudice the Consolidated Amended Complaint and the Louisiana Amended Complaint.

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Although the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions had previously moved for class certification, the District Court dismissed the actions before ruling on that motion. Both the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System and the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions filed appeals from the decisions of the District Court.

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ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS (CONTINUED)

On July 5, 2001, the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit affirmed the decisions of the District Court and ordered that judgment be entered in favor of defendants on the claims alleged in the Consolidated Amended Complaint and the Louisiana Amended Complaint. On September 28, 2001, the Court of Appeals denied a petition for rehearing en banc filed by the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions.

Management does not expect that the outcome of the action will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to the vote of security holders during the quarter ended September 30, 2001.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER'S MATTERS

STOCK LISTING

The Company's Common Stock trades on the Nasdaq National Market tier of the Nasdaq Stock Market (TM) under the symbol "DGII." On December 10, 2001, the number of holders of the Company's Common Stock was approximately 15,374,947, consisting of 250 record holders and approximately 6,200 stockholders whose stock is held by a bank, broker or other nominee.

High and low sale prices for each quarter during the years ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, as reported on the Nasdaq Stock Market, were as follows:

STOCK PRICES

2001	first	second	third	fourth
High	\$9.25	\$8.13	\$10.40	\$9.50
Low	\$5.53	\$5.41	\$ 4.50	\$4.70
2000	first	second	third	fourth
High	\$17.75	\$15.13	\$ 9.63	\$ 9.06
Low	\$10.06	\$ 8.19	\$ 4.63	\$ 6.00

DIVIDEND POLICY

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The Company has never paid cash dividends on its Common Stock. The Board of Directors presently intends to retain all earnings for use in the Company's business and does not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

The Company does not have a Dividend Reinvestment Plan or a Direct Stock Purchase Plan.

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ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

(IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS AND NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES)

For the fiscal years ended September 30	2001	2000	1999	1998
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net sales	\$ 130,405	\$ 132,525	\$ 193,506	\$ 188,000
Acquired in-process research and development	--	--	--	1,000
Restructuring	1,121	1,382	607	--
AetherWorks Corporation net operating loss	--	--	--	--
AetherWorks Corporation gain (write-off)	--	--	--	--
AetherWorks Corporation note recovery	--	8,000	--	--
Impairment loss	--	(26,146)	--	--
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	119	(16,825)	3,192	--
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(1,902)	--	--	--
Net (loss) income	(1,783)	(16,825)	3,192	--
Net (loss) income per common share - basic:				
Continuing operations	--	(1.12)	0.22	--
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(0.12)	--	--	--
Net (loss) income per common share - assuming dilution:				
Continuing operations	--	(1.12)	0.22	--
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(0.12)	--	--	--
Working capital	74,233	78,085	59,946	30,000
Total assets	139,453	142,922	176,330	190,000
Long-term debt	5,499	7,081	9,206	10,000

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Stockholders' equity	112,917	113,459	127,164	12
Book value per share	7.39	7.45	8.52	
Number of employees	425	525	583	

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This Annual Report contains certain statements that are "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "target," "may," "will," "plan," "project," "should," "continue," or the negative thereof or other expressions, which are predictions of or indicate future events and trends and which do not relate to historical matters, identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are based on information available to management as of the time of such statements and relate to, among other things, expectations of the business environment in which the Company operates, projections of future performance, perceived opportunities in the market and statements regarding the Company's mission and vision. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The future operating results and performance trends of the Company may be affected by a number of factors, including, without limitation, the following: (i) the highly competitive market in which the Company operates; (ii) the Company's ability to respond to rapidly developing changes in its marketplace; (iii) delays in the Company's product development efforts; (iv) the useful life of products once developed; (v) the Company's ability to integrate its recent acquisitions and proposed acquisition of NetSilicon, Inc. (NetSilicon) and to develop marketable products from the acquired in-process research and development; (vi) the Company's reliance on distributors; (vii) declining prices of networking products; (viii) uncertainty in consumer acceptance of the Company's products; and (ix) changes in the Company's level of revenue or profitability. These and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions identified from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including without limitation, its quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and its registration statements, could cause the Company's actual future results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of the factors set forth in the Company's various filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and of changes in general economic conditions, changes in interest rates and/or exchange rates and changes in the assumptions used in making such forward-looking statements.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following table sets forth selected information from the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations, expressed as a percentage of net sales.

	Year ended September 30,		
	2001	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100
Cost of sales	50.8	47.4	49
	-----	-----	-----
Gross margin	49.2	52.6	50
Operating expenses:			
Sales and marketing	23.5	26.0	22
Research and development	14.1	15.2	11
General and administrative	12.4	14.6	12
Impairment loss	--	19.7	
Restructuring	0.9	1.1	0
	-----	-----	-----
Total operating expenses	50.9	76.6	46
Operating (loss) income	(1.7)	(24.0)	4
Other income (expense), net	1.8	2.0	(0)
AetherWorks Corporation note recovery	--	6.0	
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change	0.1	(16.0)	4
Income tax provision (benefit)	--	(3.3)	2
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	0.1	(12.7)	1
	-----	-----	-----
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes	(1.5)	--	
	-----	-----	-----
Net (loss) income	(1.4)%	(12.7)%	1
	-----	-----	-----

NET SALES

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements (SAB 101). SAB 101 summarizes the SEC's views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues.

The Company generally recognizes revenue at the date that products are shipped to distributors or original equipment manufacturers. Upon adoption of SAB 101 in

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the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company changed its revenue recognition policy with regard to certain product sales. Essentially, the new policy recognizes that the risks and rewards of ownership in certain transactions do not substantively transfer to customers upon shipment of the products. These new policies are consistent with the guidance contained in SAB 101. The effect of this change in revenue recognition policy, as of October 1, 2000, has been reported as the cumulative effect of an accounting change in the first quarter of fiscal 2001 of \$1.9 million, net of taxes, which includes revenue of approximately \$6.3 million, less cost of sales and certain direct selling expenses. (See Note 18 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.)

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

NET SALES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the estimated consolidated results of operations of the Company on an unaudited pro forma basis if SAB 101 guidance had been effective in fiscal 2000. Information to estimate the fiscal 1999 impact of the accounting change was not available as a result of a change in the Company's financial reporting system in fiscal 1999.

	2000

Net sales	\$135,411,197
Net loss	\$(15,828,728)
Net loss per share	\$ (1.05)

The \$2.1 million or 1.6% decrease in net sales from 2000 to 2001 and the \$61.0 million or 31.5% decrease in net sales from 1999 to 2000 occurred within the Company's principal product groups as follows:

	Percent of Annual Net Sales		
	2001	2000	1999
	----	----	----
Growth	26.4%	19.7%	16.3%
Mature	56.3%	70.2%	73.4%
LAN	17.4%	10.1%	10.3%

In addition to the factors discussed below, the Company's net sales in 2001 were lower than initially anticipated and lower than fiscal 2000 net sales, partially due to an industry-wide decline in demand associated with the economic downturn. Net sales of the Company's products addressing growth markets, which consists of terminal server, USB and device server products, generated revenues of \$34.4

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million for the 2001 fiscal year, an increase of \$8.3 million, or 31.7%, relative to the net sales recognized during the year ago period for these products. The increase in net sales is a result of the Company's repositioning of its product lines into growth markets and acquired expertise in USB and device server connectivity solutions. Net sales of the products addressing mature markets, which consists of asynchronous, synchronous and RAS products, were \$73.4 million, a decrease of \$19.6 million, or 21.1%. The continued erosion of the asynchronous product market, offset partially by market share gain, accounts for \$10.5 million of the decline. The phase out of the ISDN product line resulted in a \$5.0 million decrease compared to the year ago period, and the Company's digital remote access server (RAS) products sales decreased by \$4.1 million. Net sales of the Company's physical layer LAN products were \$22.6 million and increased by \$9.2 million, or 68.9%, relative to fiscal year 2000, primarily as a result of many new product introductions, as well as increases in the volume of media conversion products the Company delivered to the education market.

Net sales decreased by \$61.0 million from 1999 to 2000 largely due to a decline in revenues of \$49.1 million, or 34.5%, from products addressing mature markets. The decrease is related to the erosion of the asynchronous product market and the demand downturn associated with the post Year 2000 period.

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

NET SALES (CONTINUED)

The decline in asynchronous products accounts for \$38.8 million of the decrease in sales in fiscal 2000 as compared to 1999. In addition, in the second quarter of fiscal 2000, the Company eliminated the VoIP product line, and the ISDN product line experienced a slowdown in sales, resulting in reduced revenues of \$15.9 million relative to the net sales recognized during fiscal 1999 for these products. Net sales of the Company's digital RAS and synchronous products contributed an additional \$5.6 million of revenues during fiscal 2000 as compared to the prior year. Net sales of the products addressing growth markets declined by \$5.4 million, or 17.2%, in fiscal 2000 compared to 1999, due to a lack of new product introductions and the effect of the post Year 2000 period. Net sales of the Company's physical layer products declined by \$6.5 million, or 32.6%, in 2000 relative to 1999.

Net sales to OEMs in 2001 decreased 29.7% relative to 2000, and as a percentage of total net sales, decreased 8.4% from 29.3% in 2000 to 20.9% in 2001. Net sales to OEMs for 1999 were 24.9% of total net sales.

Net sales into the distribution channel declined 5.5% from 2000 and as a percentage of total net sales, declined 2.5% to 60.9% as compared to 63.4% in 2000. International distribution net sales decreased by 1.0% over fiscal 2000. Domestic distribution net sales declined by 8.6% due to overall market conditions discussed previously. Net sales to the distribution market for 1999 represented 69.3% of total net sales.

During fiscal years 2001, 2000 and 1999, the Company's net sales to customers outside the United States, primarily in Europe, were approximately \$43.0 million, \$46.1 million, and \$67.4 million, respectively, comprising approximately 33.0%, 34.8%, and 34.8% of total net sales, respectively.

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As a result of repositioning its product lines into growth markets during fiscal year 2001, the Company expects to continue to enhance its Connectware positioning into these growth markets in the future.

GROSS MARGIN

Gross margin in 2001 was 49.2%, compared to 52.6% in 2000, primarily due to the \$3.0 million write down of inventories associated with a discontinued RAS product line and the overall impact of sales volume declines in fiscal 2001.

Gross margin in 2000 improved to 52.6%, compared to 50.7% in 1999, primarily due to fewer pricing and volume discount incentives offered to channel partners in fiscal 2000 and an increase in sales of higher margin DSP RAS products.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses in 2001, excluding restructuring and asset impairment charges, decreased \$8.7 million or 11.7% as compared to operating expenses for 2000. Operating expenses in 2001, excluding restructuring and asset impairment charges, were 50.0% of net sales compared to 55.8% of net sales in 2000. All operating expense categories, including sales and marketing, research and development, and

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

general and administrative, were less in 2001 than in 2000 in terms of both total dollars and as a percentage of net sales. The savings were a result of several factors, including controls placed on discretionary spending throughout the fiscal year, the closure of foreign locations during fiscal 2001, and savings realized as a result of prior year restructuring decisions.

Sales and marketing expenses declined by \$3.7 million primarily as a result of cost control initiatives which the Company implemented early in 2001. The Company took actions to hold most discretionary expenses below the prior year levels in response to the lower sales volumes in 2001. The Company generated savings of \$3.8 million primarily by reducing spending for compensation and employee related costs \$0.8 million, advertising spending \$0.5 million, discretionary marketing expenses \$1.7 million and other expenses \$0.8 million. The technical support function was eliminated in Europe and moved to the corporate location in Minnetonka as a result of the European restructuring which took place in 2000, creating a savings of \$0.6 million in technical support costs in 2001. In fiscal 2001, the Company also closed its Australia and Singapore foreign sales offices resulting in sales and marketing savings of \$0.4 million compared to 2000. Incremental sales and marketing expenses related to the operations of Inside Out Networks and INXTECH, which were acquired in 2001, totaled \$1.2 million.

Research and development expenses decreased by \$1.8 million relative to 2000, largely due to compensation and other employee-related cost savings of \$1.1

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million associated with a reduction in the engineering staff. As a result of the 2000 restructuring in Europe, research and development costs decreased by \$2.0 million, partially offset by incremental research and development costs of \$1.3 million related to the operations of Inside Out Networks and INXTECH during 2001.

General and administrative expenses in 2001 decreased by \$3.1 million relative to 2000, of which \$2.1 million resulted from a decrease in amortization associated with the write-off of the VoIP and ISDN identifiable intangibles and goodwill of \$3.8 million, partially offset by \$1.7 million in amortization associated with the Inside Out Networks and INXTECH acquisitions. An additional \$1.6 million in savings were realized due to a reduction in employees and the cost containment measures implemented throughout the Company. The Company realized another \$0.2 million of cost reductions as a result of the 2000 restructuring of European operations. The Company incurred \$0.8 million of incremental general and administrative costs related to the operations of Inside Out Networks and INXTECH.

Operating expenses in 2000, excluding restructuring, reorganization and asset impairment charges, decreased \$15.4 million or 17.2% as compared to operating expenses for 1999. Sales and marketing expenses declined by \$9.4 million as a result of lower salaries of \$3.6 million related to 1999 restructuring activities, lower advertising costs and commissions of \$1.1 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, resulting from lower sales volumes in 2000, and lower travel expenses of \$0.6 million in response to cost control measures implemented primarily due to the lower sales volumes experienced in 2000. Marketing expenses were lower than in 1999 by \$3.4 million due to fewer new product introductions and less trade show activity. Research and development expenses in 2000 decreased by \$1.7 million relative to 1999, largely due to the discontinuance of the NetBlazer technology and the elimination of the related VoIP product line in Germany. General and administrative expenses in 2000 decreased by \$4.3 million relative to 1999, of which \$2.7 million resulted from the decrease in amortization associated with the write-off of the VoIP identifiable intangibles and goodwill, and prior year restructuring activities which created cost reductions in 2000 of approximately \$0.6 million. An

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

additional \$1.0 million in savings were realized due to cost controls implemented across the entire Company.

The \$1.4 million of restructuring charges recorded in fiscal 2001 were the result of a board-approved workforce reduction of approximately 13% or 61 employees. The restructuring charge consists entirely of severance and termination costs for the 61 positions affected by the restructuring.

Restructuring activities were completed at the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company anticipates annual cost savings of approximately \$4.0 million from these restructurings. (See Note 4 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.)

The \$1.5 million of restructuring charges recorded in fiscal 2000 were

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associated with the board-approved plan to restructure the European organization located in Dortmund, Germany and Bagshot, England, by transitioning all product development, technical support and manufacturing functions to the Company's corporate headquarters located in Minnetonka, Minnesota. The restructuring charge consists principally of severance and termination costs for the 75 positions affected by the restructuring. Restructuring activities were completed by the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2001. The Company realized cost savings of approximately \$3.6 million in fiscal year 2001 from these restructurings. (See Note 4 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.)

The \$1.2 million of net restructuring charges recorded in fiscal 1999 were associated with the board-approved plan to reorganize the sales and marketing functions in Germany, England and the United States, by consolidating worldwide sales and marketing resources into strategic locations. The charges consisted principally of existing commitments for rent on facilities vacated by the Company and termination payments associated with the elimination of 42 positions. These activities were completed in December 1999. The Company realized cost savings of approximately \$0.4 million in fiscal year 2001 from these restructurings. (See Note 4 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.)

IMPAIRMENT LOSS

In the second quarter of fiscal 2000, the Company recorded an \$18.1 million charge reflecting the write-down of the carrying value of all of the intangible assets associated with the NetBlazer technology and some of the goodwill acquired in the Company's July 1998 purchase of ITK. The write-down resulted from the Company's March 2000 decision to discontinue development of the NetBlazer technology when the key technical members of the NetBlazer technology team elected to leave the Company and the Company concluded that it would not be able to successfully develop a competitive product from the technology. Accordingly, the Company determined that future undiscounted cash flows from the acquired ITK assets would be substantially reduced, and therefore, the carrying value of the acquired ITK assets would be impaired. (See Note 3 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.)

In September 2000, the Company recorded a charge of \$5.8 million reflecting a write-down of the remaining carrying value of identifiable intangible assets and goodwill associated with the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) technology and some of the other long-lived assets acquired in the Company's July 1998 purchase of ITK. The write-down resulted from the Company's September 2000

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT LOSS (CONTINUED)

decision to discontinue all business activities in the ISDN market. The Company determined that it did not have the capability to invest at the levels necessary to achieve significant market share in the ISDN market and, therefore, has discontinued development activities associated with the ISDN product lines. Accordingly, the Company determined that future undiscounted cash flows from the remaining acquired

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ITK intangible assets would be reduced and, therefore, the carrying value of the remaining acquired ITK intangible assets would be impaired.

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Other income of \$2.4 million in 2001 consisted primarily of interest income on short-term investments of \$2.7 million and \$0.3 million of miscellaneous other income, partially offset by \$0.6 million of interest expense on the Company's borrowings. Other income of \$2.7 million in 2000 consisted primarily of interest income on short-term investments of \$2.7 million and \$0.7 million of miscellaneous other income. These items were partially offset by \$0.8 million of interest expense on the Company's borrowings. Other expense of \$0.3 million in 1999 consisted primarily of \$1.0 million of interest expense on lines of credit and long-term debt partially offset by \$0.8 million of interest income on short-term investments.

AETHERWORKS CORPORATION NOTE RECOVERY

In March 2000, the Company received a payment of \$8.0 million on a non-convertible note receivable from AetherWorks Corporation, at which time an \$8.0 million gain was recognized. The note had been recorded as having no carrying value in 1998 due to significant uncertainty as to its collectibility. The note was subsequently paid in connection with the acquisition of AetherWorks Corporation by Nx Networks, Inc.

INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded a \$0.1 million tax provision for 2001, before cumulative effect of accounting change. A tax benefit of \$4.3 million and a tax provision of \$4.8 million were recorded for fiscal years 2000 and 1999, respectively. The tax provision for 2001 is recorded at a rate slightly greater than the U.S. statutory rate primarily due to non-deductible amortization of goodwill acquired in the purchase of CDC, Inside Out Networks and INXTECH, partially offset by the exclusion of non-taxable foreign source income. The tax benefit in 2000 is recorded at a rate less than the U.S. statutory rate primarily due to non-deductible charges and amortization, partially offset by the non-taxable gain recognized upon recovery of the AetherWorks Corporation note. For fiscal 1999, the Company recorded taxes at a rate in excess of the U.S. statutory rate primarily due to the amortization of goodwill acquired in the purchase of ITK and CDC, which was not deductible for income tax reporting purposes.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On October 30, 2001, the Company announced that they have entered into a definitive merger agreement whereby Digi will acquire NetSilicon, a provider of Ethernet microprocessing solutions for intelligent networked devices. The

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transaction is subject to approval by shareholders of both companies. (See Note 17 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.)

INFLATION

The Company believes inflation has not had a material effect on its operations or its financial condition.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has financed its operations principally with funds generated from operations, and, in prior years, with proceeds from earlier public offerings.

The Company's working capital decreased from \$78.1 million at September 30, 2000, to \$74.2 million at September 30, 2001, as compared to an increase of \$18.2 million, from \$59.9 million to \$78.1 million, at September 30, 2000 versus September 30, 1999, respectively. The Company maintains a line of credit with a banking institution in Germany providing for borrowings of up to \$5.0 million, depending upon levels of eligible accounts receivable and inventories. As of September 30, 2001, \$0.9 million had been borrowed under these line of credit agreements.

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$10.5 million during fiscal 2001 as compared to \$27.4 million during fiscal 2000. The decrease in net cash provided by operations during fiscal 2001 was primarily due to a net increase of \$1.3 million in operating assets and liabilities compared to a net decrease of \$6.1 million in operating assets and liabilities during fiscal 2000. The increase in net operating assets and liabilities generated in fiscal 2001 is primarily the result of a slowdown in accounts receivable collections in the last half of fiscal 2001. Net cash provided by operations was also lower in fiscal 2001 compared to fiscal 2000 since the Company received an \$8.0 million cash payment for the AetherWorks note in fiscal 2000. The decrease in net cash provided by operations during fiscal 2000 compared to fiscal 1999 was primarily due to less favorable operating results.

Investing activities in 2001 consisted of net investments of \$5.7 million in marketable securities and purchases of \$1.6 million of equipment, capital improvements and other intangible assets. The Company also used \$10.1 million of cash for the acquisitions of Inside Out Networks and INXTECH (see Note 2 of the Company's consolidated financial statements.) In 2000 investing activities included net investments of \$6.4 million in marketable securities and purchases of \$2.5 million of equipment and other intangible assets. Investing activities in 1999 consisted of net investments of \$13.6 million in marketable securities and purchases of \$4.8 million of equipment, and expansion of the Company's enterprise-wide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software system.

Financing activities consisted of payments on line of credit and debt obligations totaling \$2.9 million, \$1.4 million and \$5.9 million for 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. These payments were partially offset by \$1.3 million, \$1.5 million and \$3.0 million in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, received

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

from the exercise of employee stock options and employee stock purchase plan transactions. In 1999, the Company also spent \$0.8 million to repurchase shares of its common stock.

The Company's management believes that current financial resources, cash generated from operations and the Company's potential capacity for debt and/or equity financing will be sufficient to fund current and future business operations.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Effective January 1, 1999, eleven countries of the European Union converted to a common currency called the "Euro." This action caused some of the Company's European transactions to be negotiated, invoiced, and paid in "Euros." The conversion will most likely add currency exchange costs and risks, although such costs and risks are not quantifiable at this time.

During 2001, the Company had approximately \$43.0 million of net sales related to foreign customers, of which \$33.6 million were denominated in U.S. dollars, \$9.3 million were in Deutschemark-denominated sales, and \$0.1 million were in Euro-denominated sales. During 2001, the average monthly exchange rate for the U.S. dollar to the Deutschemark increased by approximately 4.7% from .4455 to .4666.

During 2000, the Company had approximately \$46.1 million of net sales related to foreign customers, of which \$41.0 million were denominated in U.S. dollars, \$5.0 million were in Deutschemark-denominated sales, and \$0.1 million were in Euro-denominated sales. During 2000, the average monthly exchange rate for the U.S. dollar to the Deutschemark dropped by approximately 17.0% from .5370 to .4455.

In future periods, a significant portion of sales will be made in Deutschemarks until full integration of the "Euro" is achieved. The Company has not implemented a hedging strategy to reduce the risk of foreign currency translation exposures.

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" (FAS 141), and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (FAS 142). The most significant changes made by FAS No. 141 are: 1) requiring that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001, and 2) establishing specific criteria for the recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill. FAS No. 142 primarily addresses the accounting for acquired goodwill and intangible assets (i.e., the post-acquisition accounting). The provisions of FAS No. 142 will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2003. The most significant changes made by FAS No. 142 are: 1) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will no longer be amortized, and 2) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will be tested for impairment at least annually. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001, will be subject immediately to the nonamortization and amortization provisions of this statement. These standards only permit prospective application of the new accounting; accordingly, adoption of these standards will not affect previously reported financial information of the Company.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS (CONTINUED)

Although the Company has not completed its assessment of the impact of the adoption of FAS 142, management believes that the principal effect will be the Company ceasing the amortization of goodwill and assembled workforce. Goodwill and assembled workforce amortization was approximately \$2,427,000 for the year ended September 30, 2001.

In July 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" (FAS 143), which addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. FAS 143 requires an entity to recognize the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. Upon initial recognition of a liability for an asset retirement obligation, an entity shall capitalize an asset retirement cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset by the same amount as the liability. FAS 143 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. Although the Company has not completed its analysis of FAS 143, it does not expect the impact of adoption to be significant.

In August 2001, the FASB issued FAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" (FAS 144). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. FAS 144 retains and expands upon the fundamental provisions of existing guidance related to the recognition and measurement of the impairment of long-lived assets to be held and used and the measurement of long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale. Generally, the provisions of FAS 144 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Earlier application is encouraged. Although the Company has not completed its analysis of FAS 144, it does not expect the impact of adoption to be significant.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company does not have material exposure to market risk from market sensitive financial instruments other than the currency risk associated with certain transactions being denominated in Deutschemarks.

The Company has some exposure to credit risk related to its accounts receivable portfolio. Exposure to credit risk is controlled through continuous monitoring procedures, credit limits and collaboration with sales management on customer contacts to facilitate payment.

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the fiscal years ended September 30	2001	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----
Net sales	\$ 130,404,745	\$ 132,524,630	\$ 193,400,000
Cost of sales	66,192,549	62,871,689	95,400,000
	-----	-----	-----
Gross margin	64,212,196	69,652,941	98,000,000
Operating expenses:			
Sales and marketing	30,715,581	34,423,150	43,000,000
Research and development	18,334,929	20,174,918	21,000,000
General and administrative	16,252,453	19,357,867	23,000,000
Impairment loss	--	26,146,300	--
Restructuring	1,121,121	1,381,642	--
	-----	-----	-----
Total operating expenses	66,424,084	101,483,877	89,000,000
Operating (loss) income	(2,211,888)	(31,830,936)	8,000,000
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense	(616,964)	(775,678)	(1,000,000)
Interest income	2,668,957	2,733,912	--
Other income (expense)	344,263	709,582	--
	-----	-----	-----
Total other income (expense)	2,396,256	2,667,816	--
AetherWorks Corporation note recovery	--	8,000,000	--
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change	184,368	(21,163,120)	7,000,000
Income tax provision (benefit)	65,819	(4,338,440)	4,000,000
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	118,549	(16,824,680)	3,000,000
Cumulative effect of accounting change (net of income tax benefit of \$1,055,928)	(1,901,853)	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,783,304)	\$ (16,824,680)	\$ 3,000,000
	=====	=====	=====
Net (loss) income per common share, basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ --	\$ (1.12)	\$ --
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(0.12)	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ (0.12)	\$ (1.12)	\$ --
	=====	=====	=====
Net (loss) income per common share, assuming dilution:			
Continuing operations	\$ --	\$ (1.12)	\$ --
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(0.12)	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ (0.12)	\$ (1.12)	\$ --
	=====	=====	=====

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Weighted average common shares, basic	=====	=====	=====
	15,235,258	15,061,774	14
Weighted average common shares, assuming dilution	=====	=====	=====
	15,287,935	15,061,774	14
	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA (CONTINUED)

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

At September 30,

		2001

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,347,2
Marketable securities		25,804,9
Accounts receivable, net		16,161,1
Inventories, net		16,791,8
Other		4,602,6

Total current assets		93,707,8
Property, equipment and improvements, net		22,677,1
Goodwill, net		10,521,1
Identifiable intangible assets, net		11,017,2
Other		1,529,1

Total assets	\$	139,452,5
		=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Borrowings under line of credit agreements	\$	938,4
Current portion of long-term debt		1,584,1
Accounts payable		6,012,2
Income taxes payable		
Accrued expenses:		
Advertising		856,9
Compensation		3,317,9
Other		5,395,2
Restructuring reserves		1,369,7

Total current liabilities		19,474,7

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Long-term debt	5,499,2
Net deferred income taxes	1,561,1

Total liabilities	26,535,1

Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity:	
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value: 2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 60,000,000 shares authorized; 16,425,606 and 16,322,949 shares issued and outstanding	164,2
Additional paid-in capital	71,458,7
Retained earnings	59,626,5
Accumulated other comprehensive income	7,9

	131,257,5
Unearned stock compensation	
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,095,881 and 1,196,463 shares	(18,340,0

Total stockholders' equity	112,917,4

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 139,452,5
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA (CONTINUED)

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2001	-----
Operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,783,304)	\$ (
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Impairment loss	--	
Restructuring	1,121,121	
Depreciation of property and equipment	3,905,455	
Amortization of intangibles	5,992,614	
(Gain) loss on sale of fixed assets	(18,172)	
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	1,149,286	
Provision for inventory obsolescence	3,836,989	
Deferred income taxes	(2,198,879)	

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Stock compensation	76,849	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	2,047,277	
Inventories	82,498	
Income taxes payable	(1,296,674)	
Other assets	235,966	
Accounts payable	(823,078)	
Accrued expenses	(1,855,153)	

Total adjustments	12,256,099	

Net cash provided by operating activities	10,472,795	

Investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment and certain other intangible assets	(1,625,576)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	--	
Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity marketable securities	84,807,237	
Purchase of held-to-maturity marketable securities	(90,462,052)	
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(10,086,848)	

Net cash used in investing activities	(17,367,239)	

Financing activities:		
Payments on long-term debt	(630,596)	
Payments on line of credit	(2,277,000)	
Purchase of treasury stock	--	
Stock option transactions	776,412	
Employee stock purchase plan transactions	515,283	

Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(1,615,901)	

Effect of exchange rates changes on cash and cash equivalents	71,662	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(8,438,683)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	38,785,936	

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 30,347,253	\$
	=====	=====
Supplemental Cash Flows Information:		
Interest paid	\$ 717,154	\$
Income taxes paid	\$ 2,609,798	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

	Common Stock		Treasury Stock	
	Shares	Par Value	Shares	V
Balances, September 30, 1998	15,790,975	\$ 157,910	1,247,094	\$ (21
Purchase of treasury stock, at cost			105,000	
Employee stock purchase issuances			(80,482)	1
Stock compensation				
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding	402,022	4,020		
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options				
Forfeiture of stock options				
Foreign currency translation adjustment				
Net income				
Balances, September 30, 1999	16,192,997	161,930	1,271,612	(21
Employee stock purchase issuances			(75,149)	1
Stock compensation				
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding	129,952	1,299		
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options				
Forfeiture of stock options				
Foreign currency translation adjustment				
Net loss				
Balances, September 30, 2000	16,322,949	163,229	1,196,463	(20
Employee stock purchase issuances			(100,582)	1
Stock compensation				
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding	102,657	1,027		
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options				
Forfeiture of stock options				
Foreign currency translation adjustment				
Net loss				
Balances, September 30, 2001	16,425,606	\$ 164,256	1,095,881	\$ (18

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Continued Next Page

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA (CONTINUED)

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(CONTINUED)

For the years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

	Retained Earnings	Unearned Stock Compensation	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
	-----	-----	-----
Balances, September 30, 1998	\$ 75,042,808	\$ (1,700,635)	\$ (815,809)
Purchase of treasury stock, at cost			
Employee stock purchase issuances			
Stock compensation		582,981	
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding			
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options			
Forfeiture of stock options		777,968	
Foreign currency translation adjustment			(211,724)
Net income	3,191,733		
	-----	-----	-----
Balances, September 30, 1999	78,234,541	(339,686)	(1,027,533)
Employee stock purchase issuances			
Stock compensation		164,909	
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding			
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options			
Forfeiture of stock options		85,159	
Foreign currency translation adjustment			1,194,283
Net loss	(16,824,680)		
	-----	-----	-----
Balances, September 30, 2000	61,409,861	(89,618)	166,750
Employee stock purchase issuances			
Stock compensation		76,849	
Issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options, net of withholding			
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options			
Forfeiture of stock options		12,769	
Foreign currency translation adjustment			(158,781)
Net loss	(1,783,304)		

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Balances, September 30, 2001	\$ 59,626,557	\$ --	\$ 7,969
	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

Digi International is a worldwide provider of Connectware, wired and wireless, hardware and software connectivity solutions that businesses use to create, customize and control retail operations, industrial automation and other applications. Connectware network enables the essential devices that build business.

Digi's products are marketed through a global network of distributors, systems integrators, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), and value-added resellers (VARs).

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

CASH EQUIVALENTS AND MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Those having original maturities in excess of three months are classified as marketable securities. Marketable securities consist of high-grade commercial paper and corporate bonds that have maturities of less than one year. Marketable securities classified as held to maturity are carried at amortized cost. Gross unrealized holding gains and losses were \$39,223 and \$3,426, respectively, as of September 30, 2001, and were \$0 and \$70,833, respectively, as of September 30, 2000.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

In December 1999, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements (SAB 101). SAB 101 summarizes the SEC's views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues.

The Company recognizes revenue at the date that products are shipped to

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distributors or original equipment manufacturers. Sales to authorized domestic distributors and original equipment manufacturers are made with certain rights of return and price protection provisions. Estimated reserves for future returns and pricing adjustments are established by the Company based on historical experience and current business factors and are charged against revenues in the same period as the corresponding sales are recorded. Estimated warranty costs are accrued based on historical experience and current business factors, and are recorded in the same period as the corresponding sales.

The Company offers rebates to authorized domestic and international distributors and authorized resellers. The rebates are incurred based on the level of sales to the respective distributors and resellers, and are charged to operations as a reduction in revenue in the same period as the corresponding sales.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

The Company generally recognizes revenue at the date that products are shipped to distributors or original equipment manufacturers. Upon adoption of SAB 101 in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company changed its revenue recognition policy with regard to certain product sales. Essentially, the new policy recognizes that the risks and rewards of ownership in certain transactions do not substantively transfer to customers upon shipment of the products. These new policies are consistent with the guidance contained in SAB 101. The effect of this change in revenue recognition policy, as of October 1, 2000, has been reported as the cumulative effect of an accounting change in the first quarter of fiscal 2001 of \$1.9 million, net of taxes, which includes revenue of approximately \$6.3 million, less cost of sales and certain related expenses such as direct selling expenses.

The Company recognizes license revenue upon meeting each of the following criteria: execution of a license agreement or contract; delivery of software; the license fee is fixed or determinable; collectibility of the proceeds is assessed as being probable; and vendor specific objective evidence exists to allocate the total fee to undelivered elements of the arrangement. Vendor-specific objective evidence is based on the price charged when an element is sold separately.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or fair market value, with cost determined on the first-in, first-out method. Fair market value for raw materials is based on replacement cost and for other inventory classifications based on net realizable value. Appropriate consideration is given to deterioration, obsolescence and other factors in evaluating net realizable value. During the year ended September 30, 2001, the Company discontinued the Datafire RAS product line, in connection with its strategy of focusing resources on growth areas such as the terminal server and device server markets. The Company recorded a \$2.7 million charge to adjust the Datafire RAS inventory to net realizable value. The charge was included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of operations for the fiscal year ended September 30,

2001.

PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND IMPROVEMENTS

Property, equipment and improvements are carried at cost. Depreciation is provided by charges to operations using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Furniture and fixtures and other equipment are depreciated over a period of three to five years. Building improvements and buildings are depreciated over ten and thirty-nine years, respectively. Periodic reviews for impairment of the carrying value of property, equipment and improvements are made based on undiscounted expected future cash flows.

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred, while major renewals and betterments are capitalized. The assets and related accumulated depreciation accounts are adjusted for asset retirements and disposals with the resulting gain or loss included in operations.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Purchased proven technology, license agreements, covenants not to compete and other intangible assets are recorded at fair value when acquired in a business acquisition, or at cost when purchased directly. Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over estimated useful life periods ranging from five to fifteen years. Purchased in-process research and development costs (IPR&D) are expensed upon consummation of the purchase. All other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of four to seven years.

The carrying amount of intangible assets is periodically, at least quarterly, reviewed to assess the remaining useful lives and the recoverability based on undiscounted expected future cash flows.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs are expensed when incurred. Software development costs are expensed as incurred. Such costs are required to be expensed until the point that technological feasibility and proven marketability of the product are established. Costs otherwise capitalized after such point also are expensed because they are insignificant.

INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax

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rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Income tax expense is the tax payable for the period and the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Tax credits are accounted for under the flow-through method, which recognizes the benefit in the year in which the credit is utilized.

(LOSS) INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net (loss) income per share is calculated based on the weighted average of common shares outstanding during the period. Net (loss) income per share, assuming dilution, is computed by dividing net (loss) income by the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding. The Company's only common equivalent shares are those that result from dilutive common stock options.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(LOSS) INCOME PER COMMON SHARE (CONTINUED)

The following table is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in the (loss) income per share calculations:

	(Loss) Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount
	-----	-----	-----
For the year ended September 30, 2001			
BASIC LOSS PER SHARE			
Loss available to common stockholders	\$ (1,783,304)	15,235,258	\$ (0.117)
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES			
Common equivalent shares		52,677	
	-----	-----	-----
DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE			
Loss available to common stockholders	\$ (1,783,304)	15,287,935	\$ (0.116)
For the year ended September 30, 2000			
BASIC LOSS PER SHARE			
Loss available to common stockholders	\$ (16,824,680)	15,061,774	\$ (1.116)
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES			
Common equivalent shares			
	-----	-----	-----

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DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE				
Loss available to common stockholders	\$	(16,824,680)	15,061,774	\$ (1.1)
For the year ended September 30, 1999				
BASIC INCOME PER SHARE				
Income available to common stockholders	\$	3,191,733	14,696,057	\$ 0.2
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES				
Common equivalent shares			135,185	
		-----	-----	-----
DILUTED INCOME PER SHARE				
Income available to common stockholders	\$	3,191,733	14,831,242	\$ 0.2

Common equivalent shares of 160,853 at September 30, 2000 were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect is antidilutive.

Options to purchase 1,705,964, 1,230,224 and 811,753 shares at September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of common shares and therefore their effect would be antidilutive.

Pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share", income before cumulative effect of accounting change has been used in determining diluted earnings per share for the year ended September 30, 2001.

As discussed in Note 17, the Company has proposed to acquire NetSilicon in exchange for cash and common stock.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Financial position and results of operations of the Company's international subsidiaries are measured using local currencies as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of these operations are translated at the exchange rates in effect at each fiscal year-end. Statements of operations accounts are translated at the average rates of exchange prevailing during the year. Translation adjustments arising from the use of differing exchange rates from period to period are included in the cumulative translation account in stockholders' equity. The Company has not implemented a hedging strategy to reduce the risk of foreign currency translation exposures.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and

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disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

For the Company, comprehensive income (loss) includes net income (loss) and foreign currency translation adjustments. Foreign currency translation adjustments are charged or credited to the accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) account in stockholders' equity.

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" (FAS 141), and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (FAS 142). The most significant changes made by FAS No. 141 are: 1) requiring that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001, and 2) establishing specific criteria for the recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill. FAS No. 142 primarily addresses the accounting for acquired goodwill and intangible assets (i.e., the post-acquisition accounting). The provisions of FAS No. 142 will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2003. The most significant changes made by FAS No. 142 are: 1) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will no longer be amortized, and 2) goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will be tested for impairment at least annually. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001, will be subject immediately to the nonamortization and amortization provisions of this statement. These standards only permit prospective application of the new accounting; accordingly, adoption of these standards will not affect previously reported financial information of the Company. Although the Company has not completed its assessment of the impact of the adoption of FAS 142, management believes that the principal effect will be the Company ceasing the amortization of goodwill and assembled workforce. Goodwill and assembled workforce amortization was approximately \$2,427,000 for the year ended September 30, 2001.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS (CONTINUED)

In July 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" (FAS 143), which addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. FAS 143 requires an entity to recognize the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. Upon initial recognition of a liability for an asset retirement obligation, an entity shall capitalize an asset retirement cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset by the same amount as the liability. FAS 143 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. Although the Company has not completed its analysis of FAS 143, it

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does not expect the impact of adoption to be significant.

In August 2001, the FASB issued FAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" (FAS 144). This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. FAS 144 retains and expands upon the fundamental provisions of existing guidance related to the recognition and measurement of the impairment of long-lived assets to be held and used and the measurement of long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale. Generally, the provisions of FAS 144 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Earlier application is encouraged. Although the Company has not completed its analysis of FAS 144, it does not expect the impact of adoption to be significant.

2. ACQUISITIONS

In October 2000, the Company acquired Inside Out Networks, a developer of data connections products based in Austin, Texas. The transaction was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The purchase consideration, including related transaction costs, consists of \$7,684,176 in cash. The Company paid \$1,398,577 in November 2001 and may be required to pay up to \$7,101,423 of additional cash consideration for the purchase subject to Inside Out Networks achieving specific revenue and operating income targets during the three years following the acquisition.

The table below sets forth the purchase price allocation.

Cash	\$ 7,494,844
Direct acquisition costs	56,000
Guaranteed employee retention payments	133,332

Total purchase price	\$ 7,684,176

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. ACQUISITIONS (CONTINUED)

Estimated fair value of tangible assets acquired	1,261,598
Identifiable intangible assets	6,422,578
Goodwill	2,504,806
Deferred tax liabilities related to identifiable intangibles	(2,504,806)

	\$ 7,684,176

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The identifiable intangible assets of \$6,422,578 included in the purchase price allocation set forth above are comprised of proven technology with an estimated fair value of \$5,692,578 and an assembled workforce with an estimated fair value of \$730,000, which have estimated useful lives of six years and five years, respectively. The remaining unallocated purchase price represents goodwill, which is being amortized over six years.

In June 2001, the Company acquired INXTECH, the parent company of Decision Europe, a French designer and manufacturer of data communications systems sold under the Xcell Technology brand. The transaction was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The purchase consideration, including related transaction costs, consists of \$2,424,095 in cash. The Company may be required to pay up to \$2,500,000 of additional cash consideration for the purchase subject to Decision Europe achieving certain future product development milestones and retention of certain key employees during the three years following the acquisition.

The table below sets forth the purchase price allocation.

Cash	\$ 2,372,965
Direct acquisition costs	51,130

Total purchase price	\$ 2,424,095
Estimated fair value of tangible assets acquired	577,439
Identifiable intangible asset	1,846,656
Goodwill	743,077
Deferred tax liabilities related to identifiable intangibles	(743,077)

	\$ 2,424,095

The identifiable intangible asset of \$1,930,492 included in the purchase price allocation set forth above is proven technology, which has an estimated useful life of four and one-half years. The remaining unallocated purchase price represents goodwill, which is being amortized over four and one-half years.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. ACQUISITIONS (CONTINUED)

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated results of operations have been prepared as if the acquisitions of Inside Out Networks and INXTECH had occurred as of the beginning of fiscal 2000:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
Net sales	\$131,821,522	\$137,701,141
Net loss	\$ (1,995,047)	\$(16,794,902)
Net loss per share	\$ (0.13)	\$ (1.12)

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The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated results of operations are not necessarily indicative of results that would have occurred had the acquisitions occurred as of the beginning of fiscal 2000, nor are they necessarily indicative of the results that will be obtained in the future.

3. IMPAIRMENT LOSS

In March 2000, the Company recorded a charge of \$18,068,249 reflecting the write-down of the carrying value of all of the intangible assets associated with the NetBlazer technology and some of the goodwill acquired in the Company's July 1998 purchase of ITK. The write-down resulted from the Company's March 2000 decision to discontinue development of the NetBlazer technology when the key technical members of the NetBlazer technology team elected to leave the Company and the Company concluded that it would not be able to successfully develop a competitive product from the technology. Accordingly, the Company determined that future undiscounted cash flows from the acquired ITK assets would be substantially reduced and, therefore, the carrying value of the acquired ITK assets would be impaired.

The Company utilized a discounted cash flows valuation method as described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Board No. 121 "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of" (FASB 121), to measure the March 2000 adjustment to the carrying value of the acquired ITK intangible assets.

In September 2000, the Company recorded a charge of \$8,078,051 reflecting a write-down of the remaining carrying value of identifiable intangible assets and goodwill associated with the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) technology and some of the other long-lived assets acquired in the Company's July 1998 purchase of ITK. The write-down resulted from the Company's September 2000 decision to discontinue all business activities in the ISDN market. The Company determined that it did not have the capability to invest at the levels necessary to achieve significant market share in the ISDN market and, therefore, discontinued development activities associated with the ISDN product lines. Accordingly, the Company determined that future undiscounted cash flows from the remaining acquired ITK intangible assets would be reduced and, therefore, the carrying value of the remaining acquired ITK intangible assets would be impaired. As a result of discontinuing business activities in the ISDN market, as well as the decision to restructure the European operations to a sales and marketing organization, the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. IMPAIRMENT LOSS (CONTINUED)

Company determined that its Dortmund, Germany facility (the Dortmund Facility), including certain furniture and fixtures, would no longer be needed to support operations. During September 2000, the Company began efforts to sell the Dortmund Facility. As a result of placing the Dortmund Facility on the commercial real estate market, the Company determined that the Dortmund Facility's fair market value was less than its carrying value. An independent appraisal of the Dortmund Facility was completed. Based on the results of this appraisal, the Company wrote-down the carrying value of the Dortmund Facility to its estimated fair market value as of September 30, 2000. The carrying value of

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certain furniture and fixtures at the Dortmund Facility were written down to estimated fair value, given the actions taken by the Company as described above. The estimated fair value of the Dortmund Facility, including the furniture and fixtures, is \$4.9 million and is classified as part of property, equipment and improvements on the Company's balance sheet at September 30, 2001.

The Company utilized a discounted cash flows valuation method as described in FASB 121 to measure the September 2000 adjustment to the carrying value of the remaining acquired ITK intangible assets. The Company utilized an independent appraisal to measure the September 2000 adjustment to the carrying value of the acquired Dortmund Facility. The September 2000 adjustment to carrying value of the acquired ITK furniture and fixtures was based on the Company's estimate of selling prices for the furniture and fixtures.

The write-down of the carrying value of the long-lived assets, as described in the previous paragraphs, consists of the following:

Asset Description -----	Identifiable Intangible Assets and Goodwill Associated with the NetBlazer Technology -----	Identifiable Intangible Assets and Goodwill Associated with the ISDN Technology -----	Other Long Lived Assets -----	T Imp -----
Current technology	\$10,491,837	\$ 2,241,167		\$12,
Assembled workforce	252,646	670,484		
Goodwill	7,323,766	2,852,737		10,
Building - Dortmund facility			\$ 1,955,366	1,
Furniture and fixtures			358,297	
Totals	----- \$18,068,249 =====	----- \$ 5,764,388 =====	----- \$ 2,313,663 =====	----- \$26, =====

The Company recognized \$5,327,981 of tax benefits as a result of the elimination of the deferred tax liabilities associated with the identifiable intangible assets of ITK's NetBlazer and ISDN technologies, which were written off as described above.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. RESTRUCTURING

In September 2001, the Company implemented a restructuring plan that resulted in a workforce reduction of 50 employees in Minnetonka, Minnesota and 11 employees in Sunnyvale, California. A charge of \$1,351,870 was recorded for severance and outplacement costs. Payment of all costs related to the September 2001 restructuring is expected to be completed in the second quarter of fiscal 2002.

In September 2000, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan related to its European operations headquartered in Dortmund, Germany, which provided for the transition of all product development, technical support and manufacturing functions to the Company's corporate headquarters located in Minnetonka, Minnesota. The plan also included the closure of the Company's office in Bagshot, England. The charge of \$1,531,992 consisted of \$1,252,531 for

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severance and termination costs related to the elimination of 73 positions in Dortmund, Germany and two positions in Bagshot, England; \$134,227 related to the closure of the Bagshot office for lease cancellation; \$100,684 of cancellation fees related to automobile leases, and maintenance contracts, and office equipment leases, and \$44,550 for severance-related legal expenses. As of March 31, 2001, the Company had paid \$1,079,321 of severance and termination costs relating to the elimination of 69 positions. Change in estimate adjustments related to the severance component of the restructuring accrual totaling \$173,210 were recorded in the quarter ended March 31, 2001 because the Company made a decision to retain six employees who had previously been notified that their employment would be terminated. In fiscal 2001, the Company paid \$134,227 related to the closure of the Bagshot office for lease cancellation and paid \$69,766 of cancellation fees related to automobile leases, maintenance contracts, and office equipment leases. Changes in estimate for severance-related legal expenses of \$44,550 and cancellation fees of \$12,989 were recorded as a reduction of the restructuring accrual with a corresponding increase to operating income during the year ended September 30, 2001.

In March 1999, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan related to the reorganization of sales and marketing functions in Germany, England and the United States, by consolidating worldwide sales and marketing resources into strategic locations. The original related charge of \$1,452,909 (\$581,164 net of tax benefits) consisted of \$151,038 of existing commitments for rent on facilities vacated by the Company in Hamburg, Nurnberg, and Frankfurt, Germany and \$1,301,871 of termination payments associated with the elimination of 44 positions in Dortmund, Germany; Bagshot, England; Sunnyvale, California; and Minnetonka, Minnesota.

As of December 31, 1999, the Company had paid \$906,299 of termination costs relating to the elimination of 33 positions. Restructuring activities were completed as of December 1999. During the second quarter of fiscal 2000, the final severance and termination expenses were paid, and the Company adjusted the remaining restructuring accrual to zero. In fiscal 2000, severance and termination costs of \$146,767 and rent commitment payments of \$7,312 were charged to the restructuring accrual. Changes in estimate for severance and termination costs of \$124,937 and rent commitments of \$13,160 were recorded as a reduction of the restructuring accrual with a corresponding increase to operating income during the year ended September 30, 2000.

In July 1998, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan related to the consolidation of its offices in Germany and England. The restructuring plan related to the closure of existing leased facilities rendered redundant by the acquisition of ITK. The original charge of \$1,020,000 (\$647,000 net of tax benefits), consisted of \$61,483 of noncancellable rent commitments the Company expected to incur following closure of the Cologne, Germany facility; \$100,110 of contractual

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. RESTRUCTURING (CONTINUED)

payment obligations for office furniture and other equipment the Company expected to incur following the closure of the Cologne, Germany facility; \$202,039 related to the write-off of leasehold improvements in connection with the closure of the Cologne, Germany facility; and \$656,368 of termination payments associated with the elimination of six positions in Cologne, Germany and Bagshot, England.

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The Company closed the Cologne facility in December 1998. As of December 31, 1999, the Company had paid \$301,044 of termination costs relating to the elimination of two positions. Restructuring activities were completed as of June 1999. In the third quarter of fiscal 2000, the Company adjusted the remaining restructuring accrual to zero, as all obligations had been satisfied. In fiscal year 2000, rent commitment payments of \$12,636 and payments of \$27,646 for write-off of leasehold improvements were charged to the restructuring accrual. Changes in estimate for rent commitments of \$2,573 and write-off of leasehold improvements of \$9,680 were recorded as a reduction of the restructuring accrual with a corresponding increase to operating income during the year ended September 30, 2000.

In connection with the Company's acquisition of ITK, the Company formulated a plan of reorganization and, accordingly, recognized a \$3,484,000 restructuring liability which the Company included as a component of total liabilities assumed in the acquisition. Components of the original estimated liability included \$1,844,000 of termination payments associated with 10 employees the Company expected to eliminate at the Chelmsford, Massachusetts ITK location and 20 employees the Company expected to eliminate at the Dortmund, Germany location and \$1,640,000 of noncancellable rent obligations for facilities the Company expected to incur following closure of facilities in Chelmsford, Massachusetts and Bristol and Newbury, England.

The Company vacated the Chelmsford, Bristol, and Newbury facilities in March 1999, October 1998 and May 1999, respectively. Restructuring activities were completed as of June 1999. During the second quarter of fiscal 2000, the final severance, termination and facility closure costs were paid. In fiscal 2000, severance and termination costs of \$5,217 and facility closure costs of \$1,928 were charged against the restructuring accrual. Changes in estimate relating to severance and termination costs of \$17,652 and facilities closures of \$33,469 were recorded as a reduction in the restructuring accrual with corresponding offsets to goodwill during the year ended September 30, 2000.

In connection with the Company's acquisition of CDC, the Company formulated a plan of reorganization and, accordingly, recognized a \$750,000 restructuring liability which the Company included as a component of total liabilities assumed in the acquisition. Components of this estimated liability included \$675,000 of termination payments, associated with 22 employees the Company expected to eliminate when it closed the Champaign, Illinois facility in January 1999 and \$75,000 related to facility closure costs the Company expected to incur following closure and sale of the Champaign, Illinois facility. Restructuring activities were completed as of June 1999. During the second quarter of fiscal 2000, the Company paid the final severance costs of \$7,128 associated with this restructuring and the accrual was adjusted to zero. Total payments against the restructuring accrual in fiscal year 2000 included severance and termination costs of \$88,661. An additional expense of \$3,340 was also recorded related to a change in estimate in the original restructuring accrual. Adjustments to the restructuring accrual were reflected as changes to the restructuring accrual with corresponding offsets to goodwill.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. RESTRUCTURING (CONTINUED)

The Company's restructuring activities are summarized as follows:

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DESCRIPTION -----	BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 -----	PROVISION -----	PAYME -----
September 2001 Restructuring Plan:			
- Severance and termination costs		\$ 1,351,870	
Subtotal		1,351,870	
September 2000 European Restructuring Plan:			
- Severance and termination costs	\$ 1,252,531		\$(1,07
- Office lease cancellation fees	134,227		(13
- Other lease cancellation fees and contractual payments	100,684		(6
- Legal costs	44,550		
Subtotal	1,531,992	--	(1,28
Totals	\$ 1,531,992	\$ 1,351,870	\$(1,28

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION AND MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company views its operations and manages its business as one segment - a provider of connectivity solutions that businesses use to create, customize and control retail operations, industrial automation and other applications. Factors used to identify the Company's single operating segment include the organizational structure of the Company and the financial information used by executive management in making decisions about how to allocate resources and assess performance. The following table sets forth the various components of net sales by product line as a percentage of total net sales:

	Percent of Annual Net Sales		
	2001 -----	2000 -----	1999 -----
Growth	26.3%	19.7%	16.3%
Mature	56.3%	70.2%	73.4%
LAN	17.4%	10.1%	10.3%

The operations of the Company are primarily conducted in the United States, the Company's country of domicile. The data in the tables below are determined by reference to the location of the Company's operations in the United States and Europe for the years ended September 30:

Revenue derived by operational location:

	Year Ended September 30,		
	2001 -----	2000 -----	1999 -----

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United States	\$111,832,491	\$114,066,232	\$166,557,811
Europe	18,572,254	18,458,398	26,948,248
	-----	-----	-----
	\$130,404,745	\$132,524,630	\$193,506,059
	=====	=====	=====

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION AND MAJOR CUSTOMERS (CONTINUED)

Net long-lived assets by location:

	Year Ended September 30,		
	2001	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----
United States	\$36,698,844	\$35,232,754	\$40,921,789
Foreign	7,516,701	5,573,374	37,125,699
	-----	-----	-----
Total net long-lived assets	\$44,215,545	\$40,806,128	\$78,047,488
	=====	=====	=====

The Company's foreign export sales, primarily to Europe, comprised 33.0%, 34.8%, and 34.8% of net sales for the years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

During fiscal 2001, one customer accounted for 13.9% of net sales and 7.6% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 2001, while another accounted for 11.3% of net sales and 21.9% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 2001.

During fiscal 2000, one customer accounted for 13.4% of net sales and 14.7% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 2000, while another accounted for 10.0% of net sales and 25.4% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 2000.

During fiscal 1999, one customer accounted for 15.4% of net sales and 8.7% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 1999, while another accounted for 13.4% of net sales and 22.5% of the trade accounts receivable as of September 30, 1999.

6. INVESTMENT IN AETHERWORKS CORPORATION

In May 1998, the Company exchanged its previously purchased \$13,796,525 of convertible notes from AetherWorks Corporation, a development stage company engaged in the development of wireless and dial-up remote access technology, for a non-interest bearing \$8,000,000 non-convertible note. As a part of the exchange, the Company relinquished its rights to any future technology or claims on any of AetherWorks' intellectual properties. In exchange, the Company was released from all of its guarantees of certain lease obligations of AetherWorks.

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Due to the significant uncertainty as to its collectibility, the \$8,000,000 note was recorded by the Company as having no carrying value.

In March 2000, the Company received a payment of \$8,000,000 from AetherWorks, representing payment on the aforementioned non-convertible note. The note was paid as a result of AetherWorks Corporation being acquired by Nx Networks. As a result of this payment, the Company recorded \$8,000,000 of other income during the year ended September 30, 2000.

The Company leased to AetherWorks \$1,325,000 of computer equipment under a three-year direct financing lease, expiring in August 2000. The lease contained an option for AetherWorks to acquire the equipment for \$132,598 upon termination of the lease, and with 30 days' prior written notice. AetherWorks did not exercise its option to acquire the equipment, and the equipment was returned to the Company in September 2000.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. SELECTED BALANCE SHEET DATA

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
Accounts receivable, net:		
Trade accounts receivable	\$17,621,225	\$19,990,463
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	1,460,082	1,815,237
	-----	-----
	\$16,161,143	\$18,175,226
	=====	=====
 Inventories, net:		
Raw materials	\$11,480,340	\$14,152,861
Work in process	664,055	1,092,654
Finished goods	4,647,456	4,454,495
	-----	-----
	\$16,791,851	\$19,700,010
	=====	=====
 Property, equipment and improvements, net:		
Land	\$ 2,219,683	\$ 2,202,241
Buildings	17,948,937	17,641,451
Improvements	1,566,183	1,254,023
Equipment	20,549,526	22,218,933
Purchased software	9,537,120	9,504,099
Furniture and fixtures	1,537,239	1,505,238
	-----	-----
	53,358,688	54,325,985
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	30,681,533	29,917,601
	-----	-----
	\$22,677,155	\$24,408,384
	=====	=====
 Goodwill, net:		
Goodwill	\$18,837,074	\$16,216,257

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Less accumulated amortization	8,315,917	6,101,767
	-----	-----
	\$10,521,157	\$10,114,490
	=====	=====
Identifiable intangible assets, net:		
Purchased technology	\$17,023,070	\$ 9,400,000
License agreements	40,000	2,915,600
Assembled workforce	1,130,000	400,000
Other	689,464	698,369
	-----	-----
	18,882,534	13,413,969
Less accumulated amortization	7,865,301	7,130,715
	-----	-----
	\$11,017,233	\$ 6,283,254
	=====	=====

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

8. BORROWINGS UNDER LINE OF CREDIT AGREEMENT

The Company maintains a line credit with Deutsche Bank that provides for borrowings of up to \$5,000,000 depending upon levels of eligible accounts receivable and inventories. As of September 30, 2001 and 2000, the Company had borrowed \$938,400 and \$3,147,900 under this credit line at interest rates of 7.98% and 7.25% at September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The Company is required to maintain, until March 31, 2002, \$5,000,000 deposited in a financial institution as collateral for the balance outstanding at September 30, 2001. This collateral is included in marketable securities at September 30, 2001.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following at September 30,

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
5.25% fixed rate long-term collateralized note	\$1,326,178	\$1,353,068
5.20% fixed rate long-term collateralized note	956,340	944,370
6.25% fixed rate long-term collateralized note	3,111,744	3,194,044
6.00% fixed rate long-term uncollateralized notes	1,689,120	1,618,920
5.00% to 10.60% subsidized long-term notes	--	301,299
	-----	-----
	7,083,382	7,411,701
Less current portion	1,584,156	330,305
	-----	-----
	\$5,499,226	\$7,081,396
	=====	=====

Maturities of long term debt are as follows as of September 30, 2001:

FISCAL

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YEAR	AMOUNT
-----	-----
2002	\$ 1,584,156
2003	833,437
2004	364,237
2005	364,237
2006	364,237
Thereafter	3,573,078

Total	\$ 7,083,382
	=====

The 5.25% fixed rate long-term note is due on March 30, 2017, and is payable in semi-annual principal installments beginning September 2000. The 5.20% fixed rate long-term note is due on December 30, 2017, and is payable in semi-annual principal installments beginning June 2001. The 6.25% fixed rate long-term note is due on September 30, 2016, and is payable in semi-annual principal installments beginning March 2000. Interest on the notes is payable on a quarterly basis. These notes are collateralized by land, buildings and equipment with a carrying value of \$4,945,447 on September 30, 2001. The 6.0% fixed rate long-term uncollateralized notes are due on November 5, 2001 (\$1,219,920)

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

and on September 15, 2003 (\$469,200). Interest is payable annually on the 2001 note, and payable on a quarterly basis for the 2003 notes.

All of the long-term debt was incurred in connection with the construction of the Dortmund Facility acquired in the ITK purchase. (See Note 3). The Company intends to prepay all long-term debt if the Dortmund Facility is sold.

10. INCOME TAXES

The components of the provision (benefit) for income taxes before cumulative effect of accounting change for the years ended September 30 is as follows:

	2001	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----
Currently payable:			
Federal	\$ 1,859,018	\$ 667,992	\$ 6,201,277
State	405,680	228,288	705,378
Deferred	(2,198,879)	(5,234,720)	(2,119,056)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 65,819	\$ (4,338,440)	\$ 4,787,599
	=====	=====	=====

The net deferred tax asset at September 30 consists of the following:

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	2001 -----	2000 -----
Uncollectible accounts and other reserves	\$ 1,687,335	\$ 2,016,254
Inventories	1,659,604	168,128
Compensation costs	498,420	589,685
Net operating loss carryforwards	2,738,658	2,582,194
Intangible assets	(4,143,334)	(2,113,800)
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 2,440,683 =====	\$ 3,242,461 =====

The net deferred tax asset consists of the following at September 30:

	2001 -----	2000 -----
Current deferred tax asset	\$ 3,845,359	\$ 2,774,067
Net non-current deferred tax asset	--	468,394
Net non-current deferred tax liability	(1,404,676)	--
	-----	-----
	\$ 2,440,683 =====	\$ 3,242,461 =====

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax liabilities of \$5,327,981 were eliminated as a result of the write-off of the identifiable intangible assets of ITK during fiscal year 2000. (See Note 3.)

As of September 30, 2001 and 2000, the Company had federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$8.0 million and \$7.6 million, respectively, which expire at various dates through 2011.

The reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate with the Company's effective income tax rate before cumulative effect of accounting change for the years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 is as follows:

	2001 -----	2000 -----	1999 -----
Statutory income tax rate	34.0%	(34.0)%	35.0%
Increase (reduction) resulting from:			
State taxes, net of federal benefits	145.2	(0.7)	5.7
Utilization of low income housing credits	(162.7)	(1.9)	(5.0)
AetherWorks Corporation recovery		(12.9)	

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Impairment loss, net of deferred taxes	13.1		
Non-deductible intangible amortization	322.9	3.8	15.3
Foreign operations	(211.1)	6.8	2.9
Other	(92.6)	5.3	6.1
	-----	-----	-----
	35.7%	(20.5)%	60.0%
	=====	=====	=====

11. STOCK OPTIONS AND EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

The Company's stock option plan (the Stock Option Plan) provides for the issuance of nonstatutory stock options (NSOs) and incentive stock options (ISOs) to key employees and nonemployee board members holding less than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. The Company's Non-Officer Stock Option Plan (the Non-Officer Plan and, together with the Stock Option Plan, the Plans), provides for the issuance of NSOs to key employees who are not officers or directors of the Company. The Company's 2000 Omnibus Stock Plan (the Omnibus Plan) provides for the issuance of stock-based incentives, including ISOs and NSOs, to employees and others who provide services to the Company, including consultants, advisers and directors. Options granted under the plans will expire if unexercised after ten years from the date of grant. Options granted under the plans generally vest over a four year service period.

The exercise price for ISOs and non-employee directors options granted under the Stock Option Plan or the Omnibus Plan is set at the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The exercise price for nonstatutory options granted under the Plans is set by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The authority to grant options under the Plans and set other terms and conditions rests with the Compensation Committee. The Stock Option Plan terminates in 2006 and the Omnibus Plan terminates in 2010. The Non-Officer Plan does not have a designated termination date.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11. STOCK OPTIONS AND EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The Plans have provisions allowing employees to elect to pay their withholding obligation through share reduction. No employees elected to pay income tax withholding obligations through share reduction during fiscal 2001, 2000 or 1999. Income tax withholding is limited to the employer's minimum statutory withholding rate.

During the year ended September 30, 1998 the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of incentive stock options for the purchase of 486,631 shares and the issuance of nonstatutory stock options for the purchase of 543,461 shares, at prices below the market value of the stock on the grant dates.

The difference between the option price and market value at the date of grant for the above option arrangements has been recorded as additional paid-in capital with an offsetting debit within stockholders' equity to unearned stock compensation. The compensation expense related to these option grants was amortized to operations over the contractual vesting period in which employees performed services and amounted to \$76,849 in 2001, \$164,909 in 2000, and \$582,981 in 1999.

Stock options and common shares reserved for grant under the Plans are as

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follows:

	Available For Grant	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Price Per Share
	-----	-----	-----
Balances, September 30, 1998	869,937	2,731,267	\$12.75
Granted	(1,019,100)	1,019,100	9.32
Exercised		(402,022)	5.95
Cancelled	1,244,635	(1,244,635)	14.26
	-----	-----	
Balances, September 30, 1999	1,095,472	2,103,710	\$11.50
Additional shares approved for grant	500,000		
Granted	(1,158,450)	1,158,450	9.42
Exercised		(129,952)	7.44
Cancelled	525,995	(529,498)	10.16
	-----	-----	
Balances, September 30, 2000	963,017	2,602,710	\$11.05
Additional shares approved for grant	2,250,000		
Granted	(1,607,214)	1,607,214	5.96
Exercised		(102,657)	7.57
Cancelled	298,796	(298,796)	10.80
	-----	-----	
Balances, September 30, 2001	1,904,599	3,808,471	\$ 9.02
	=====	=====	
Exercisable at September 30, 1999		893,374	\$12.84
Exercisable at September 30, 2000		1,066,579	\$12.82
Exercisable at September 30, 2001		1,893,484	\$10.36

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11. STOCK OPTIONS AND EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Commencing April 1996, the Company has sponsored an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Purchase Plan) that covers all domestic employees with at least 90 days of service. The Purchase Plan allows eligible participants the right to purchase common stock on a quarterly basis at the lower of 85% of the market price at the beginning or end of each three-month offering period. Employee contributions to the Purchase Plan were \$560,562, \$580,855 and \$586,324 in the fiscal years ended 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Pursuant to the Purchase Plan, 100,582, 75,149 and 80,482 shares were issued to employees during the fiscal years ended 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. As of September 30, 2001, 128,152 shares are available for future issuances under the Purchase Plan.

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

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In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" (SFAS 123), the Company has chosen to continue to account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Accordingly, compensation costs for stock options granted to employees are measured as the excess, if any, of the fair value of the Company's stock at the date of the grant over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. Such compensation costs, if any, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the option vesting schedule.

Had the Company used the fair-value-based method of accounting for its stock options granted in 2001, 2000 and 1999, and charged operations over the option vesting periods based on the fair value of options on the date of grant, net (loss) income and net (loss) income per common share would have been changed to the following pro forma amounts:

	2001 -----	2000 -----
Net (loss) income:		
As reported	\$ (1,783,304)	\$ (16,824,680)
Pro forma	\$ (4,668,100)	\$ (20,981,166)
Net (loss) income per share - basic:		
As reported	\$ (0.12)	\$ (1.12)
Pro forma	\$ (0.31)	\$ (1.39)
Net (loss) income per share - assuming dilution:		
As reported	\$ (0.12)	\$ (1.12)
Pro forma	\$ (0.31)	\$ (1.39)

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

The weighted average fair value of options granted in fiscal years 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$3.45, \$5.38 and \$5.24, respectively. The weighted average fair value was determined based upon the fair value of each option on the grant date, utilizing the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the following assumptions:

Assumptions:	2001 -----	2000 -----	1999 -----
Risk free interest rate	3.50%	5.88%	5.75%
Expected option holding period	4 years	4 years	4 years
Expected volatility	75%	50%	50%
Expected dividend yield	0	0	0

At September 30, 2001, the weighted average exercise price and remaining life of the stock options are as follows:

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Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable	
Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options Exercisable	
\$2.36	7,556	6.0	\$ 2.36	6,629	
\$5.20	1,006,294	10.0	\$ 5.20	523,794	
\$5.75 - \$8.00	1,529,963	8.0	\$ 7.11	598,059	
\$8.25 - \$14.00	868,085	7.3	\$ 11.41	393,393	
\$14.31 - \$20.50	134,948	4.9	\$ 15.97	132,902	
\$20.75 - \$29.25	261,625	4.8	\$ 23.61	238,707	
\$2.36 - \$29.25	3,808,471	8.1	\$ 9.02	1,893,484	

13. SHARE RIGHTS PLAN

The Company has adopted a share rights plan. Under the plan, the Company distributed as a dividend one right for each share of the Company's common stock outstanding on June 30, 1998. Each right entitles its holder to buy one one-hundredth of a share of a new series of junior participating preferred stock at an exercise price of \$115, subject to adjustment. The rights are exercisable only if certain ownership considerations are met. The Company will be entitled to redeem the rights prior to the rights becoming exercisable.

14. COMMITMENTS

The Company has entered into various operating lease agreements for office space and equipment, the last of which expires in fiscal 2013. These leases generally require the Company to pay a pro-rata share

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

14. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

of the lessor's operating expenses. Below is a schedule of future minimum commitments under noncancellable operating leases:

FISCAL YEAR	AMOUNT
2002	\$ 892,000
2003	462,000
2004	335,000
2005	243,000

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2006	45,000
Thereafter	83,000
Total	\$ 2,060,000

Total rental expense for all operating leases, including a pro-rata share of lessor operating expenses, for the years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999 was \$1,525,000, \$1,967,000 and \$1,838,000, respectively.

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Company has a savings and profit sharing plan pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code), whereby eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their pre-tax earnings, not to exceed amounts allowed under the Code. In addition, the Company may make contributions to the plan at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The Company provided matching contributions of \$579,000, \$508,000 and \$325,000 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

16. CONTINGENCIES

Between January 3, 1997 and March 7, 1997, the Company and certain of its previous officers were named as defendants in putative securities class action lawsuits filed in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota by 21 lead plaintiffs on behalf of an alleged class of purchasers of the Company's common stock during the period January 25, 1996 through December 23, 1996. The putative class actions were thereafter consolidated (Master File No. 97-5 DWF/RLE). The Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint ("Consolidated Amended Complaint") alleged that the Company and certain of its previous officers violated the federal securities laws by, among other things, misrepresenting and/or omitting material information concerning the Company's operations and financial results.

On February 25, 1997, the Company and certain of its previous officers also were named as defendants in a securities lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota by the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (Civil File No. 97-440, Master File No. 97-5 DWF/RLE) (the "Louisiana Amended Complaint"). The Louisiana Amended Complaint alleged that the Company

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16. CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

and certain of its previous officers violated the federal securities laws and state common law by, among other things, misrepresenting and/or omitting material information concerning the Company's operations and financial results.

In a decision issued on May 22, 1998, the District Court dismissed without leave to replead all claims asserted in both cases, including all claims asserted against defendant Gary L. Deaner, except for certain federal securities law claims based upon alleged misrepresentations and/or omissions relating to the accounting treatment applied to the Company's AetherWorks investment. The District Court also limited the claims asserted in the Louisiana Amended Complaint to the 11,000 shares of the Company's stock held subsequent to

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November 14, 1996, for which the Louisiana Amended Complaint claims damages of \$184,276 and seeks an award of attorneys' fees, disbursements and costs. The Consolidated Amended Complaint sought compensatory damages of approximately \$43.1 million, plus interest, against all defendants, jointly and severally, and an award of attorneys' fees, experts' fees and costs.

On August 17, 2000, the District Court granted defendants' motions for summary judgment and dismissed with prejudice the Consolidated Amended Complaint and the Louisiana Amended Complaint. Although the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions had previously moved for class certification, the District Court dismissed the actions before ruling on that motion. Both the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System and the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions filed appeals from the decisions of the District Court.

On July 5, 2001, the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit affirmed the decisions of the District Court and ordered that judgment be entered in favor of defendants on the claims alleged in the Consolidated Amended Complaint and the Louisiana Amended Complaint. On September 28, 2001, the Court of Appeals denied a petition for rehearing en banc filed by the 21 lead plaintiffs in the consolidated putative class actions.

Management does not expect that the outcome of the action will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On October 30, 2001, the Company announced a definitive merger agreement whereby the Company will acquire NetSilicon for cash and common stock with a value of approximately \$56,000,000. NetSilicon is a provider of Ethernet microprocessing solutions for intelligent networked devices. The Boards of Directors of both companies have approved the transaction, which, subject to shareholder approval, is expected to close during the second quarter of the Company's 2002 fiscal year.

Under the terms of the definitive merger agreement, each share of NetSilicon stock will be converted into the right to receive either (1) cash, (2) the Company's common stock, or (3) a combination of cash and the Company's common stock. The exchange ratio is fixed at .6500 shares of the Company's common stock for each share of NetSilicon common stock. The maximum cash to be paid by the Company is \$15,000,000. If the elections would cause Digi to pay more than \$15,000,000 in cash in the merger, all requests will be prorated among the electing stockholders with the balance paid in stock.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT (CONTINUED)

The transaction is subject to approval by shareholders of both companies. Holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting shares of NetSilicon must vote in favor of the acquisition and a majority of the outstanding shares present at the Company's shareholder meeting must vote in favor of issuing shares of the Company's common stock in the merger.

The transaction will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting as required for combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. Accordingly, the

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purchase price will be allocated to the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

18. CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company adopted Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements (SAB 101). The Company recorded a cumulative effect charge of \$1,901,853, net of an income tax benefit of \$1,055,928, related to this accounting change. Upon adoption of SAB 101, the Company changed its revenue recognition policy with regard to certain product sales. The Company's previous policy stated that revenue is recognized upon shipment of products to customers. Essentially, the new policy recognizes that the risks and rewards of ownership in certain transactions do not substantively transfer to customers upon shipment of the products. These new policies are consistent with the guidance contained in SAB 101. The effect of this change in revenue recognition policy, as of October 1, 2000, has been reported as the cumulative effect of an accounting change in the first quarter of fiscal 2001. Previously reported fiscal 2001 quarters have been restated to reflect the change. The effect of the change in revenue recognition policy resulted in an increase in revenues of \$6.3 million. This change did not have a significant effect on 2001 net income.

The following table presents the estimated consolidated results of operations of the Company on an unaudited pro forma basis if SAB 101 guidance had been effective in fiscal 2000. Information to estimate the fiscal 1999 impact of the accounting change was not available as a result of a change in the Company's financial reporting system in fiscal 1999.

	2000
Net sales	\$ 135,411,197
Net loss	\$ (15,828,728)
Net loss per share	\$ (1.05)

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SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Description	Balance at beginning of period	Charged to costs and expenses	Charged to Other Accounts
September 30, 2001			
Valuation account - doubtful accounts	\$ 1,815	\$ 1,149	
September 30, 2000			
Valuation account - doubtful accounts	\$ 1,761	\$ 1,150	
September 30, 1999			
Valuation account - doubtful accounts	\$ 1,560	\$ 179	
September 30, 2001			
Valuation account, inventory obsolescence	\$ 4,074	\$ 3,837	
September 30, 2000			

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Valuation account, inventory obsolescence September 30, 1999	\$ 4,539	\$ 1,633
Valuation account, inventory obsolescence	\$ 3,107	\$ 6,218

- (1) Uncollectible accounts charged against allowance net of recoveries.
- (2) Scrapped inventory charged against allowance.

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REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

The Company's management is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and consistency of the financial information presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The consolidated financial statements contained herein were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and were based on informed judgments and management's best estimates as required. Financial information elsewhere in this annual report is consistent with that contained in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly executed in accordance with management's authorization, and accounting records may be relied upon for the preparation of financial statements and other financial information. The system is monitored by direct management review. Limitations exist in any system of internal control, based upon the recognition that the cost of the system should not exceed the benefits derived.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent certified public accountants. Their audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. As part of their audits of the Company's consolidated financial statements, these independent accountants considered the Company's internal controls to the extent they deemed necessary to determine the nature, timing and extent of their audit tests.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is composed entirely of non-employee directors and is responsible for monitoring and overseeing the quality of the Company's accounting and reporting policies, internal controls and other matters deemed appropriate. The independent certified public accountants have free access to the Audit Committee without management present.

/s/ Joseph T. Dunsmore

Joseph T. Dunsmore
Chairman, President and
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Subramanian Krishnan

Subramanian Krishnan
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

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December 28, 2001

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the index appearing under Item 14(a)(1) on page 57 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Digi International Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company) at September 30, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the index appearing under Item 14(a)(2) on page 57 presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 18, in 2001 the Company adopted the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 relating to revenue recognition.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
 Minneapolis, Minnesota
 November 27, 2001

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QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

In thousands except per share amounts

	Dec. 31	Quarter ended Mar. 31	June 30
	-----	-----	-----
2001			
Net sales	\$ 34,958	\$ 32,065	\$ 31,000
Gross margin	18,434	16,692	16,100
Restructuring	(182)	(48)	
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative			

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effect of accounting change	2,981	581	7
Cumulative effect of accounting change (net of income tax benefit of \$1,056)	(1,902)	--	
Net income (loss)	(411)	320	3
Net income (loss) per share, before cumulative effect of accounting change - basic	0.10	0.02	0.
- assuming dilution	0.10	0.02	0.
Net income (loss) per share, cumulative effect of accounting change - basic	(0.13)	--	
- assuming dilution	(0.13)	--	
Net income (loss) per share - basic	(0.03)	0.02	0.
Net income (loss) per share - assuming dilution	(0.03)	0.02	0.
2000			
Net sales	\$ 40,140	\$ 25,800	\$ 32,3
Gross margin	22,175	12,273	17,1
Impairment loss		18,068	
Restructuring		(138)	(
Net income (loss)	1,018	(13,282)	2,5
Net income (loss) per share - basic	0.07	(0.88)	0.
Net income (loss) per share - assuming dilution	0.07	(0.88)	0.
1999			
Net sales	\$ 51,395	\$ 42,631	\$ 51,1
Gross margin	26,491	18,478	27,1
Restructuring		1,453	(6
Net income (loss)	475	(2,251)	2,2
Net income (loss) per share - basic	0.03	(0.15)	0.
Net income (loss) per share - assuming dilution	0.03	(0.15)	0.

The summation of quarterly net income per share may not equate to the year-end calculation as quarterly calculations are performed on a discrete basis.

Previously reported fiscal 2001 quarterly information included above has been restated to reflect the change in revenue recognition policy as described in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. The following table summarizes previously reported fiscal 2001 quarters.

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QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

2001	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30
	-----	-----	-----
Net sales	\$ 34,443	\$ 33,038	\$ 30,155
Gross margin	18,161	17,198	15,681
Restructuring	(182)	(48)	--
Net income	1,364	555	139
Net income per share - basic	0.09	0.04	0.01
Net income per share - assuming dilution	0.09	0.04	0.01

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

As of the date of filing this Form 10-K, the following individuals were executive officers of the Registrant:

Name	Age	Position
----	---	-----
Joseph T. Dunsmore	43	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
Douglas J. Glader	58	Executive Vice President and General Manager of MiLAN Technology
Subramanian Krishnan	47	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Bruce Berger	41	Senior Vice President and General Manager of European Operations

Mr. Dunsmore joined the Company on October 24, 1999, as President and Chief Executive Officer and as a member of the Board of Directors. Prior to joining Digi, Mr. Dunsmore had been Vice President of Access for Lucent Microelectronics, a telecommunications company now known as Agere Systems Inc., since July 1999. From October 1998 to June 1999, he acted as an independent consultant to various high technology companies. From February 1998 to October 1998, Mr. Dunsmore was Chief Executive Officer of NetFax, Inc., a telecommunications company. From October 1995 to February 1998, he held executive management positions at US Robotics and then at 3COM after 3COM acquired US Robotics in June 1997. Prior to that, Mr. Dunsmore held various marketing management positions at AT&T Paradyne Corporation since May 1983.

Mr. Glader was named Executive Vice President and General Manager of MiLAN Technology on May 8, 2000, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer on April 19, 1999, Senior Vice President, Manufacturing Operations on April 23, 1997 and Vice President of Operations in February 1995. Before that, he was Director of Manufacturing and Operations for MiLAN Technology Corporation, which the Company acquired in November 1993. He began his career with Memorex Corporation and also worked for Measurex Corporation, Altus Corporation and Direct Incorporated. He founded and was Vice President of Operations for Greyhawk Systems, Inc., a manufacturer of electronic imaging hardware and software.

Mr. Krishnan was named Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer on February 1, 1999, prior to which he served as the Company's Vice President of Finance since January 11, 1999. Prior to joining the Company, he served as a principal with LAWCO Financial, an investment banking firm in Minneapolis, MN from January 1997 to January 1999. Prior to LAWCO, he served for 13 years with the Valspar Corporation as the Director of Corporate Financial

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Planning and Reporting and Taxes and was primarily responsible for mergers, acquisitions and joint ventures.

Mr. Berger was named Vice President and Managing Director of European Operations in May 2000. Prior to joining the Company he served as Vice President and General Manager, Business Development at TeCom Incorporated where he was responsible for development of TeCom's original business plan,

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PART III

ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT (CONTINUED)

development and implementation of the strategic plan and management of aspects of the business. Prior to TeCom his tenure included 11 years with AT&T Paradyne Corporation in a variety of product management positions, international sales and marketing and business development experience. At AT&T Paradyne, Mr. Berger was responsible for international sales channel development in Europe, Canada, Latin America, the Far East and Australia.

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PART IV

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules of the Company

1. Consolidated Statements of Operations for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2001 and 2000

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Schedule of Valuation and Qualifying Accounts
3. Report of Independent Accountants

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

There were no reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended September 30, 2001.

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ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(CONTINUED)

(c) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
3(a)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (1)
3(b)	Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (as amended through December 1, 2001)
4(a)	Form of Rights Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1998 between Digi International Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association (formerly known as Norwest Bank Minnesota, National Association), as Rights Agent (2)
4(b)	Amendment dated January 26, 1999, to Share Rights Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1998 between Digi International Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association (formerly known as Norwest Bank Minnesota, National Association), as Rights Agent (3)
10(a)	Stock Option Plan of the Company (4)
10(b)	Form of indemnification agreement with directors and officers of the Company (5)
10(c)	Employment Arrangement between the Company and Douglas Glader *(6)
10(c)(i)	Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Douglas Glader, dated as of December 13, 2000* (7)
10(d)	Agreement between the Company and Subramanian Krishnan dated March 26, 1999*(8)
10(d)(i)	Amendment to Agreement between the Company and Subramanian Krishnan dated February 5, 2001* (9)
10(e)	Employment Agreement between the Company and Joseph T. Dunsmore dated October 24, 1999*(10)
10(f)	Agreement between the Company and Bruce Berger dated March 29, 2000* (11)
10(f)(i)	Agreement between the Company and Bruce Berger dated December 14, 2001*
10(g)	Employee Stock Purchase Plan of the Company (12)
10(h)	2000 Omnibus Stock Plan of the Company (13)
10(i)	Agreement and Plan of Merger among the Company, Dove Sub Inc. and NetSilicon, Inc. dated as of

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October 30, 2001 (14)

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this Form 10-K.

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ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(CONTINUED)

(c) Exhibits (continued)

Exhibit Number	Description
21	Subsidiaries of the Company
23	Consent of Independent Accountants
24	Powers of Attorney

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ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(CONTINUED)

- (1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1993 (File no. 0-17972).
- (2) Incorporated by reference of Exhibit 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated June 24, 1998 (File no. 0-17972).
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated February 5, 1999 (File no. 0-17972).
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the corresponding exhibit number to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1998 (File no. 0-17972).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(b) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File no. 33-30725).
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(q) to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1995 (File no. 0-17972).
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(d)(i) to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2000 (File no. 0-17972).
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(k) to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1999 (File no. 0-17972).
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(e)(i) to the Company's Form

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10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2000 (File no. 0-17972).

- (10) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(j) to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1999 (File no. 0-17972).
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(g) to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2000 (File no. 0-17972).
- (12) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Company's Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on January 31, 1996 (File no. 0-17972).
- (13) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Company's Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on January 24, 2000 (File no. 0-17972).
- (14) Incorporated by reference to Annex A to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File no. 333-74118).

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DIGI INTERNATIONAL INC.

December 28, 2001

By: /s/ Joseph T. Dunsmore

Joseph T. Dunsmore
President, Chief Executive Officer, and
Chairman

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

December 28, 2001

/s/ Joseph T. Dunsmore

Joseph T. Dunsmore
President, Chief Executive Officer, and
Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

December 28, 2001

/s/ Subramanian Krishnan

Subramanian Krishnan
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer and Treasurer (Principal
Financial and Accounting Officer)

JOSEPH T. DUNSMORE
KENNETH E. MILLARD
MYKOLA MOROZ
MICHAEL SEEDMAN

A majority of the Board of Directors*

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DAVID STANLEY
BRADLEY J. WILLIAMS

*Subramanian Krishnan, by signing his name hereto, does hereby sign this document on behalf of each of the above named directors of the Registrant pursuant to Powers of Attorney duly executed by such persons.

December 28, 2001

/s/ Subramanian Krishnan

Subramanian Krishnan
Attorney-in-fact

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit -----	Description -----	
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	Joseph T. Dunsmore, dated October 24, 1999	Re
10(f)	Agreement between the Registrant and Bruce Berger dated March 29, 2000	In Re
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