MORGAN STANLEY Form FWP October 17, 2018

Free Writing Prospectus No. 1,111

Registration Statement Nos. 333-221595; 333-221595-01

Dated October 17, 2018

Filed Pursuant to Rule 433

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC Buffer GEARS

Linked to the Least Performing Underlying between the Russell 2000[®] Index and the S&P 500[®] Index due October 21, 2025

Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Morgan Stanley

Principal at Risk Securities

Investment Description

These Buffer GEARS (the "Securities") are unsecured and unsubordinated debt securities issued by Morgan Stanley Finance LLC ("MSFL") and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Morgan Stanley with returns linked to the performance of the Least Performing Underlying between the Russell 2000® Index (the "RTY Index") and the S&P 500[®] Index (the "SPX Index," and together with the RTY Index, the "Underlyings"). If the Underlying Return of each of the RTY Index and the SPX Index (each, an "Underlying") is greater than zero, MSFL will pay the Principal Amount at maturity plus a return equal to the product of (i) the Principal Amount multiplied by (ii) the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying multiplied by (iii) the Upside Gearing of 1.59. If the Underlying Return of either Underlying is less than or equal to zero, MSFL will either pay the full Principal Amount at maturity, or, if the Final Level of either Underlying is less than its respective Downside Threshold, MSFL will pay less than the full Principal Amount at maturity, resulting in a loss of principal to investors of 1% for every 1% decline of the Least Performing Underlying beyond the Buffer of 25%. Because the Payment at Maturity of the Securities is based on the Least Performing Underlying between the RTY Index and the SPX Index, the fact that the Securities are linked to two Underlyings does not provide any asset diversification benefits and instead means that a decline beyond the relevant Downside Threshold of either the RTY Index or the SPX Index will result in a loss on your investment, even if the other Underlying appreciates or does not decline as much. These long-dated Securities are for investors who seek an equity index-based return and who are willing to risk a loss on their principal, risk exposure to the least performing of two Underlyings and forgo current income in exchange for the Upside Gearing feature and the 25% Buffer feature, which applies only if the Final Level of each Underlying is not less than its respective Downside Threshold, each as applicable at maturity. Investing in the Securities involves significant risks. You will not receive interest or dividend payments during the term of the Securities. You may lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount. The Downside Threshold is observed relative to the Final Level of each Underlying only on the Final Valuation Date, and the downside exposure to the Least Performing Underlying is buffered only if you hold the Securities to maturity. Accordingly, you may receive significantly less than the Principal Amount if you are able to sell the Securities prior to maturity even if the Least Performing Underlying has not declined by more than the 25% Buffer.

All payments are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment. These Securities are not secured obligations and you will not have any security interest in, or otherwise have any access to, any underlying reference asset or assets.

Features

- q Enhanced Growth Potential: If the Underlying Return of each Underlying is greater than zero, the Upside Gearing feature will provide leveraged exposure to the positive performance of the Least Performing Underlying, and MSFL will pay the Principal Amount at maturity plus pay a return equal to the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying multiplied by the Upside Gearing. If the Underlying Return of either Underlying is less than zero, investors may be exposed to the negative Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying at maturity.
- q **Buffered Downside Market Exposure:** If the Underlying Return of either Underlying is equal to or less than zero and the Final Level of each Underlying is not less than its respective Downside Threshold, MSFL will pay the Principal Amount at maturity. However, if the Final Level of either Underlying is less than its respective Downside Threshold, MSFL will pay less than the full Principal Amount, resulting in a loss of principal to investors that is proportionate to the decline of the Least Performing Underlying in excess of the Buffer of 25%. Accordingly, you could lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount. The Downside Threshold is observed relative to the Final Level of each Underlying only on the Final Valuation Date, and the downside exposure is buffered only if you hold the Securities to maturity. Accordingly, you may receive significantly less than the Principal Amount if you sell the Securities prior to maturity even if the Least Performing Underlying has not declined by more than the 25% Buffer. Any payment on the Securities, including any repayment of principal, is subject to our creditworthiness.

Key Dates*

Strike Date	October 16, 2018
Trade Date	October 17, 2018
Settlement Date	October 22, 2018
Final Valuation Date**	October 16, 2025
Maturity Date**	October 21, 2025

^{*}Expected.

**Subject to postponement in the event of a Market Disruption Event or for non-Index Business Days. See "Postponement of Final Valuation Date and Maturity Date" under "Additional Terms of the Securities."

NOTICE TO INVESTORS: THE SECURITIES ARE SIGNIFICANTLY RISKIER THAN CONVENTIONAL DEBT INSTRUMENTS. THE SECURITIES DO NOT GUARANTEE THE REPAYMENT OF THE FULL PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AT MATURITY, AND THE SECURITIES HAVE DOWNSIDE MARKET RISK SIMILAR TO THE UNDERLYING, SUBJECT TO THE BUFFER AT MATURITY. THIS MARKET RISK IS IN ADDITION TO THE CREDIT RISK INHERENT IN PURCHASING OUR DEBT OBLIGATIONS. YOU SHOULD NOT PURCHASE THE SECURITIES IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND OR ARE NOT COMFORTABLE WITH THE SIGNIFICANT RISKS INVOLVED IN INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES WILL NOT BE LISTED ON ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE.

YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS DESCRIBED UNDER "KEY RISKS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 5 BEFORE PURCHASING ANY SECURITIES. EVENTS RELATING TO ANY OF THOSE RISKS, OR OTHER RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OF, AND THE RETURN ON, YOUR SECURITIES. YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 75% OF YOUR

INITIAL INVESTMENT.

Security Offering

We are offering Buffer GEARS linked to the Least Performing Underlying between the Russell 2000[®] Index and the S&P 500[®] Index. The Securities are not subject to a predetermined maximum gain and, accordingly, any return at maturity will be determined by the performance of the Least Performing Underlying. The Securities are offered at a minimum investment of 100 Securities at the Price to Public listed below.

Underlying	Initial Level	Downside Threshold	Upside Gearing	BufferCUSIP	ISIN
Russell 2000® Index	1,596.837	1,197.628, which is approximately 75% of the Initial Level	1.59	25% 61768T54	US61768T5487
S&P 500® Index	x 2,809.92	2,107.44, which is 75% of the Initial Level		01700134	o

See "Additional Information about Morgan Stanley, MSFL and the Securities" on page 2. The Securities will have the terms set forth in the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and index supplement and this free writing prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these Securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this free writing prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The Securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.

	Approximately	y \$9.502 per Security, or w	within \$0.20 of that
Estimated value on the Trade Date	de Date estimate. See "Additional Information about Morgan		
	Stanley, MSFL and the Securities" on page 2.		
	Price to Public Underwriting Discount ⁽¹⁾ Proceeds to Us ⁽²⁾		
Per Security	\$10.00	\$0.35	\$9.65
Total	\$	\$	\$

UBS Financial Services Inc., acting as dealer, will receive from Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, the agent, a fixed (1)sales commission of \$0.35 for each Security it sells. For more information, please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution; Conflicts of Interest" on page 26 of this free writing prospectus.

The agent for this offering, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, is our affiliate and a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution; Conflicts of Interest" on page 26 of this free writing prospectus.

Morgan Stanley UBS Financial Services Inc.

Additional Information about Morgan Stanley, MSFL and the Securities

Morgan Stanley and MSFL have filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, as supplemented by a prospectus supplement and an index supplement) with the SEC for the offering to which this communication relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement, the prospectus supplement, the index supplement and any other documents relating to this offering that Morgan Stanley and MSFL have filed with the SEC for more complete information about Morgan Stanley, MSFL and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at.www.sec.gov. Alternatively, Morgan Stanley, MSFL, any underwriter or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, the prospectus supplement and the index supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 1-(800)-584-6837.

You may access the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus on the SEC website at.www.sec.gov as follows:

t Prospectus supplement dated November 16, 2017:

https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/000095010317011241/dp82788 424b2-seriesa.htm

t Index supplement dated November 16, 2017:

https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/000095010317011283/dp82797 424b2-indexsupp.htm

Prospectus dated November 16, 2017:

https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/000095010317011237/dp82798 424b2-base.htm

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References to "MSFL" refer only to MSFL, references to "Morgan Stanley" refer only to Morgan Stanley and references to "we," "our" and "us" refer to MSFL and Morgan Stanley collectively. In this document, the "Securities" refers to the Buffer GEARS that are offered hereby. Also, references to the accompanying "prospectus", "prospectus supplement" and "index supplement" mean the prospectus filed by MSFL and Morgan Stanley dated November 16, 2017, the prospectus supplement filed by MSFL and Morgan Stanley dated November 16, 2017, respectively.

You should rely only on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this free writing prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these Securities in any state where the offer is not

permitted. You should not assume that the information in this free writing prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this document.

If the terms discussed in this free writing prospectus differ from those discussed in the prospectus supplement, index supplement or prospectus, the terms contained in this free writing prospectus will control.

The Issue Price of each Security is \$10. This price includes costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Securities, which are borne by you, and, consequently, the estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date will be less than \$10. We estimate that the value of each Security on the Trade Date will be approximately \$9.502, or within \$0.20 of that estimate. Our estimate of the value of the Securities as determined on the Trade Date will be set forth in the final pricing supplement.

What goes into the estimated value on the Trade Date?

In valuing the Securities on the Trade Date, we take into account that the Securities comprise both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the Underlyings. The estimated value of the Securities is determined using our own pricing and valuation models, market inputs and assumptions relating to the Underlyings, instruments based on the Underlyings, volatility and other factors including current and expected interest rates, as well as an interest rate related to our secondary market credit spread, which is the implied interest rate at which our conventional fixed rate debt trades in the secondary market.

What determines the economic terms of the Securities?

In determining the economic terms of the Securities, including the Upside Gearing, the Downside Thresholds and the Buffer, we use an internal funding rate, which is likely to be lower than our secondary market credit spreads and therefore advantageous to us. If the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging costs borne by you were lower or if the internal funding rate were higher, one or more of the economic terms of the Securities would be more favorable to you.

What is the relationship between the estimated value on the Trade Date and the secondary market price of the Securities?

The price at which MS & Co. purchases the Securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the Underlyings, may vary from, and be lower than, the estimated value on the Trade Date,

because the secondary market price takes into account our secondary market credit spread as well as the bid-offer spread that MS & Co. would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type and other factors. However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 12 months following the Settlement Date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the Securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the Underlyings, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value. We expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

MS & Co. currently intends, but is not obligated, to make a market in the Securities, and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time.

Investor Suitability

The Securities may be suitable for you if:

The Securities may not be suitable for you if:

- You fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of up to 75% of your Principal Amount.
- " You do not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of up to 75% of your Principal Amount.
- You can tolerate the loss of up to 75% of your Principal Amount and you are willing to make an investment that has similar downside market risk as the Least Performing Underlying, subject to the Buffer at maturity.
- " You cannot tolerate the loss of up to 75% of your Principal Amount, and you are not willing to make an investment that has similar downside market risk as the Least Performing Underlying, subject to the Buffer at maturity.
- " You understand and accept the risks associated with the Underlyings.
- "You require an investment designed to provide a full return of principal at maturity.
- You understand that the linkage to two Underlyings does not provide any portfolio diversification benefits and instead means "You do not understand and accept the risks that a decline beyond the relevant Downside Threshold of either associated with the Underlyings. Underlying will result in a loss on your investment, even if the other Underlying appreciates.
- "You are willing to hold the Securities to maturity, as set forthrelevant Downside Threshold of either Underlying on the cover of this free writing prospectus, and accept that there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities.
- " You are not comfortable with an investment linked to two Underlyings such that a decline beyond the will result in a loss on your investment, even if the other Underlying appreciates.
- You believe the Underlyings will appreciate over the term of "You are unable or unwilling to hold the Securities the Securities.
 - to maturity, as set forth on the cover of this free writing prospectus, or you seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.
- " You can tolerate fluctuations of the price of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the levels of the Underlyings.
- You believe that the levels of the Underlyings will decline during the term of the Securities and that the Final Level of either Underlying is likely to close below its respective Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date.

- "You do not seek current income from your investment and are willing to forgo dividends paid on the stocks included in the Underlyings.
- " You are willing to assume our credit risk, and understand that if we default on our obligations you may not receive any amounts due to you including any repayment of principal.
- " You prefer the lower risk, and, therefore, accept the potentially lower returns, of conventional debt securities with comparable maturities issued by us or another issuer with a similar credit rating.
- "You cannot tolerate fluctuations in the value of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the levels of the Underlyings.
- " You seek current income from your investment or prefer to receive the dividends paid on the stocks included in the Underlyings.
- " You are not willing or are unable to assume the credit risk associated with us for any payment on the Securities, including any repayment of principal.

The investor suitability considerations identified above are not exhaustive. Whether or not the Securities are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances, and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the Securities in light of your particular circumstances. You should also review "Key Risks" on page 5 of this free writing prospectus and "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7 of the accompanying prospectus for risks related to an investment in the Securities. For additional information about the Underlyings, see the information set forth under "The Russell 2000 Index" on page 16 and "The S&P 500 Index" on page 18.

Indicative Terms

Issuer Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Guarantor Morgan Stanley

Issue Price (per

Security) \$10.00 per Security

Principal Amount \$10.00 per Security
Term \$Approximately 7 years

Underlyings Russell 2000® Index and the S&P 500® Index

With respect to the RTY Index, 1,197.628, which is approximately 75% of the Initial Level of

such Underlying

Downside Threshold

With respect to the SPX Index, 2,107.44, which is 75% of the Initial Level of such Underlying

Buffer 25% Upside Gearing 1.59

If the Underlying Return of each Underlying is greater than zero, MSFL will pay you an

amount calculated as follows:

 $$10 + [$10 \times (Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying \times Upside Gearing)]$

If the Underlying Return of either Underlying is less than or equal to zero and the Final Level of each Underlying is greater than or equal to its respective Downside Threshold, MSFL will pay you a cash payment of:

Payment at Maturity

(per Security) \$10 per Security

If the Final Level of either Underlying is less than its respective Downside Threshold,

MSFL will pay you an amount calculated as follows:

\$10 + [\$10 × (Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying + Buffer)]

In this case, you could lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount in an amount

proportionate to the decline of the Least Performing Underlying in excess of the Buffer.

Underlying Return Final Level – Initial Level

Initial Level

Least Performing

Underlying The Underlying with the lesser Underlying Return.

With respect to the RTY Index, 1,596.837

Initial Level

With respect to the SPX Index, 2,809.92

Final Level With respect to each Underlying, the Closing Level of such Underlying on the Final Valuation

Date.

Final Valuation Date October 16, 2025, subject to postponement in the event of a Market Disruption Event or for

non-Index Business Days.

CUSIP / ISIN 61768T548 / US61768T5487 Calculation Agent Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Investment Timeline

Strike The Closing Level of each Underlying (the respective Initial Level) was observed and the Downside

Date Thresholds were determined.

The Final Level and Underlying Return of each Underlying are determined on the Final Valuation Date.

If the Underlying Return of each Underlying is greater than zero, MSFL will pay you a cash payment per Security equal to:

Maturity Date \$10 + [\$10 × (Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying × Upside Gearing)]

If the Underlying Return of either Underlying is less than or equal to zero and the Final Level of each Underlying is greater than or equal to its respective Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date, MSFL will pay you a cash payment of \$10 per \$10 Security.

If the Final Level of either Underlying is less than its respective Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date, MSFL will pay you a cash payment at maturity equal to:

 $10 + [10 \times (Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying + Buffer)]$

You could lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount.

INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES INVOLVES SIGNIFICANT RISKS. YOU MAY LOSE UP TO 75% OF YOUR PRINCIPAL AMOUNT. ANY PAYMENT ON THE SECURITIES IS SUBJECT TO OUR CREDITWORTHINESS. IF WE WERE TO DEFAULT ON OUR PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS, YOU MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY AMOUNTS OWED TO YOU UNDER THE SECURITIES AND YOU COULD LOSE YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

Key Risks

An investment in the Securities involves significant risks. Some of the risks that apply to the Securities are summarized here, but we urge you to also read the "Risk Factors" section of the accompanying prospectus. You should also consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the Securities.

Your investment in the Securities may result in a loss of up to 75% of your Principal Amount – The terms of the Securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that we will not pay interest or guarantee the payment of the full Principal Amount at maturity. MSFL will repay the full \$10 Principal Amount per Security only if the percentage "decline of neither Underlying is greater than 25%, and will make such payment only at maturity. If the percentage decline of either Underlying exceeds 25%, the payout at maturity will be an amount that is less than the \$10 Principal Amount of each Security by an amount proportionate to the percentage decline of the Least Performing Underlying in excess of the 25% Buffer. Accordingly, you could lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount in the Securities.

You are exposed to the price risk of both Underlyings – Your return on the Securities it not linked to a basket consisting of both Underlyings. Rather, it will be based upon the independent performance of each Underlying. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket of underlying assets, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all the components of the basket, you will be exposed to the risks related to both Underlyings. Poor performance by either Underlying over the term of the Securities will negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by any positive performance by the other Underlying. If either Underlying declines to below its respective Downside Threshold as of the Final Valuation Date, you will be exposed to the negative performance of the Least Performing Underlying at maturity, even if the other Underlying has appreciated or has not declined as 'much, and you will lose up to 75% of your investment. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the price risk of both Underlyings. Additionally, movements in the values of the Underlyings may be correlated or uncorrelated at different times during the term of the Securities, and such correlation (or lack thereof) could have an adverse effect on your return on the Securities. For example, the likelihood that one of the Underlyings will close below its its Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date will increase when the movements in the values of the Underlyings are uncorrelated. This results in a greater potential for a loss of principal at maturity. If the performance of the Underlyings is not correlated or is negatively correlated, the risk of incurring a loss of principal at maturity is greater. In addition, correlation generally decreases for each additional Underlying to which the Securities are linked, resulting in a greater potential for a loss of principal at maturity.

Because the Securities are linked to the performance of the least performing between the RTY Index and the SPX Index, you are exposed to greater risk of sustaining a loss on your investment than if the Securities were linked to just the RTY Index or just the SPX Index — The risk that you will suffer a loss on your investment is greater if you invest in the Securities as opposed to substantially similar securities that are linked to just the performance of one Underlying. With two Underlyings, it is more likely that either Underlying will decline to below its Downside Threshold as of the Final Valuation Date than if the Securities were linked to only one Underlying. Therefore it is more likely that you will suffer a loss on your investment.

[&]quot;You may incur a loss on your investment if you sell your Securities prior to maturity – The 25% Buffer applies only at maturity. You should be willing to hold your Securities to maturity. If you are able to sell your Securities in

the secondary market prior to maturity, you may have to sell them at a loss relative to your initial investment even if the Least Performing Underlying has not declined by more than the Buffer.

The Upside Gearing applies only if you hold the Securities to maturity – You should be willing to hold your Securities to maturity. If you are able to sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market, the price you "receive will likely not reflect the full economic value of the Upside Gearing or the Securities themselves, and the return you realize may be less than the Least Performing Underlying's return even if such return is positive. You can receive the full benefit of the Upside Gearing from MSFL only if you hold your Securities to maturity.

The Securities are subject to our credit risk, and any actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings or our credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the Securities – You are dependent on our ability to pay all amounts due on the Securities at maturity and therefore you are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our "obligations under the Securities, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some or all of your investment. As a result, the market value of the Securities prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market's view of our creditworthiness. Any actual or anticipated decline in our credit ratings or increase in our credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the Securities.

As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations and will have no independent assets – As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of its securities and will have no independent assets available for distributions to holders of MSFL securities if they make claims in respect of such securities in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders will be limited to those available under the related guarantee by Morgan Stanley and that guarantee will rank pari passu with all other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Morgan Stanley. Holders will have recourse only to a single claim against Morgan Stanley and its assets under the guarantee. Holders of securities issued by MSFL should accordingly assume that in any such proceedings they would not have any priority over and should be treated pari passu with the claims of other unsecured, unsubordinated creditors of Morgan Stanley, including holders of Morgan Stanley-issued securities.

...The Securities do not pay interest – MSFL will not pay any interest with respect to the Securities over the term of the Securities.

The market price of the Securities may be influenced by many unpredictable factors – Several factors, many of "which are beyond our control, will influence the value of the Securities in the secondary market and the price at which MS & Co. may be willing to purchase or sell the Securities in the secondary market (if at all), including:

othe values of the Underlyings at any time,

othe volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes in value) of the Underlyings,

odividend rates on the securities included in the Underlyings,

ointerest and yield rates in the market,

geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the Underlyings or stock markets generally and which may affect the Final Levels,

othe time remaining until the Securities mature, and

oany actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads.

Some or all of these factors will influence the terms of the Securities at the time of issuance and the price that you will receive if you are able to sell your Securities prior to maturity, as the Securities are comprised of both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the Underlyings, and these are the types of factors that also generally affect the values of debt securities and derivatives linked to the Underlyings. Generally, the longer the time remaining to maturity, the more the market price of the Securities will be affected by the other factors described above. For example, you may have to sell your Securities at a substantial discount from the principal amount of \$10 per Security if the value of either Underlying at the time of sale is at, below or moderately above its respective Initial Level, and especially if it is near or below its respective Downside Threshold, or if market interest rates rise. The value of each of the Underlyings may be, and each has recently been, volatile, and we can give you no assurance that the volatility will lessen. See "Historical Information" below. You cannot predict the future performance of the Underlyings based on their historical performance. If the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is less than -25%, you will receive at maturity an amount that is less (and that could be significantly less) than the \$10 Principal Amount of each Security by an amount proportionate to the Least Performing Underlying's decline in excess of 25%. There can be no assurance that there will be any positive Underlying Return or that the percentage decline of the Least Performing Underlying will not be more than 25%. As a result, there can be no assurance that you will receive at maturity an amount in excess of 25% of the Principal Amount of the Securities.

The Securities are linked to the Russell 2000® Index and are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies – The Russell 200® Index consists of stocks issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and, therefore, the Russell 2000® Index may be more volatile than indices that consist of stocks issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of small-capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded. In addition, small capitalization companies are typically less well-established and less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Such companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products.

The probability that the Final Level of either Underlying will be less than its respective Downside Threshold will depend on the volatility of such Underlying – "Volatility" refers to the frequency and magnitude of changes in the levels of the Underlyings. Higher expected volatility with respect to the Underlyings as of the Trade Date generally indicates a greater chance as of that date that the Final Level of one or both of the Underlyings will be less than the respective Downside Thresholds, which would result in a loss of some or a significant portion of your investment at maturity. However, the volatility of the Underlyings can change significantly over the term of the Securities. The level of either Underlying could fall sharply, resulting in a significant loss of principal. You should be willing to accept the downside market risk of both Underlyings and the potential loss of some or a significant portion of your investment at maturity.

The amount payable on the Securities is not linked to the levels of the Underlyings at any time other than the Final Valuation Date – The Final Level of each Underlying will be based on the Closing Level of such Underlying on the Final Valuation Date, subject to postponement for non-Index Business Days and certain Market Disruption Events. Even if both Underlyings appreciate prior to the Final Valuation Date but the level of either Underlying "drops by the Final Valuation Date, the Payment at Maturity may be significantly less than it would have been had the Payment at Maturity been linked to the levels of the Underlyings prior to such drop. Although the actual levels of the Underlyings on the stated Maturity Date or at other times during the term of the Securities may be higher than their respective Final Levels, the Payment at Maturity will be based solely on the Closing Levels of the Underlyings on the Final Valuation Date as compared to their Initial Levels.

Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing in the Underlyings or the stocks composing the Underlyings – Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing in either Underlying or the stocks that constitute either Underlying. Investors in the Securities will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to the stocks that constitute either Underlying. Additionally, the Underlyings are not "total"

return" indices, which, in addition to reflecting the market prices of the stocks that constitute the Underlyings, would also reflect dividends paid on such stocks. The return on the Securities will not include such a total return feature.

The rate we are willing to pay for securities of this type, maturity and issuance size is likely to be lower than the rate implied by our secondary market credit spreads and advantageous to us. Both the lower rate and the inclusion of costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Securities in the Issue Price reduce the economic terms of the Securities, cause the estimated value of the Securities to be less than the Issue Price and will adversely affect secondary market prices — Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the prices, if any, at which dealers, including MS & Co., may be willing to purchase the Securities in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the Issue Price, because secondary market prices will exclude the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging-related costs that are included in the Issue Price and borne by you and because the secondary market prices will reflect our secondary market credit spreads and the bid-offer spread that any dealer would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type as well as other factors.

The inclusion of the costs of issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Securities in the Issue Price and the lower rate we are willing to pay as issuer make the economic terms of the Securities less favorable to you than they otherwise would be.

However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the Securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 12 months following the Settlement Date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the Securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the Underlyings, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value, and we expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

The estimated value of the Securities is determined by reference to our pricing and valuation models, which may differ from those of other dealers and is not a maximum or minimum secondary market price – These pricing and valuation models are proprietary and rely in part on subjective views of certain market inputs and certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, because there is no market-standard way to value these types of securities, our models may yield a higher estimated value of the Securities than those generated by others, including other dealers in the market, if they attempted to value the Securities. In addition, the estimated value on the Trade Date does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which dealers, including MS & Co., would be willing to purchase your Securities in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your Securities at any time after the date of this free writing prospectus will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions. See also "The market price of the Securities may be influenced by many unpredictable factors" above.

"Adjustments to the Underlyings could adversely affect the value of the Securities – The Underlying publisher of either Underlying is responsible for calculating and maintaining such Underlying. The Underlying publisher of either Underlying may add, delete or substitute the stocks constituting such Underlying or make other methodological changes required by certain corporate events relating to the stocks constituting such Underlying, such as stock

dividends, stock splits, spin-offs, rights offerings and extraordinary dividends, that could change the value of such Underlying. The Underlying publisher of either Underlying may discontinue or suspend calculation or publication of such Underlying at any time. In these circumstances, the Calculation Agent will have the sole discretion to substitute a Successor Underlying that is comparable to the discontinued Underlying, and is permitted to consider indices that are calculated and published by the Calculation Agent or any of its affiliates. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of either Underlying and, consequently, the value of the Securities.

The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited – The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities. MS & Co. currently intends, but is not obligated, to make a market in the Securities and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time. When it does make a market, it will generally do so for transactions of routine secondary market size at prices based on its estimate of the current value of the Securities, taking into account its bid/offer spread, our credit spreads, market volatility, the notional size of the proposed sale, the cost of unwinding any related hedging positions, the time remaining to maturity and the likelihood that it will be able to resell the Securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Securities easily. Since other broker-dealers may not participate significantly in the secondary market for the Securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your Securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were to cease making a market in the Securities, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the Securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your Securities to maturity.

Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially adversely affect the value of the Securities – One or more of our affiliates and/or third-party dealers have carried out, and will continue to carry out, hedging activities related to the Securities, including trading in the constituent stocks of the Underlyings, in futures or options contracts on the Underlyings or the constituent stocks of the Underlyings, as well as in other instruments related to the Underlyings. As a result, these entities may be unwinding or adjusting hedge positions during the term of the Securities, and the hedging strategy may involve greater and more frequent dynamic adjustments to the hedge as the Final Valuation Date approaches. MS & Co. and some of our other affiliates also trade the constituent stocks of the Underlyings, in futures or options contracts on the constituent stocks of the Underlyings, as well as in other instruments related to the Underlyings, on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the Strike

Date could have increased the Initial Level of either Underlying, and, therefore, could have increased the level at or above which such Underlying must close on the Final Valuation Date so that investors do not suffer a loss on their initial investment in the Securities (depending also on the performance of the other Underlying). Additionally, such hedging or trading activities during the term of the Securities, including on the Final Valuation Date, could adversely affect the Closing Level of either Underlying on the Final Valuation Date, and, accordingly, the amount of cash payable at maturity (depending also on the performance of the other Underlying).

Potential conflict of interest – As Calculation Agent, MS & Co. has determined the Initial Levels and the Downside Thresholds, will determine the Final Levels and whether any Market Disruption Event has occurred and will calculate the amount payable at maturity. Moreover, certain determinations made by MS & Co., in its capacity as Calculation Agent, may require it to exercise discretion and make subjective judgments, such as with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of Market Disruption Events and the selection of a Successor Underlying or calculation of the Final Level in the event of a discontinuance of an Underlying or a Market Disruption Event. These potentially subjective determinations may adversely affect the payout to you at maturity. For further information regarding these types of determinations, see "Additional Terms of the Securities—Postponement of Final Valuation Date and Maturity Date," "—Discontinuance of the Underlying; Alteration of Method of Calculation" and "—Calculation Agent and Calculations" below. In addition, MS & Co. has determined the estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date.

Potentially inconsistent research, opinions or recommendations by Morgan Stanley, UBS or our or their respective affiliates – Morgan Stanley, UBS and our or their respective affiliates may publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the Securities, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Securities. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by Morgan Stanley, UBS or our or their respective affiliates may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should make their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the Securities and the Underlyings to which the Securities are linked.

Uncertain Tax Treatment – Please note that the discussions in this free writing prospectus concerning the U.S. "federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities supersede the discussions contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Subject to the discussion under "What Are the Tax Consequences of the Securities" in this free writing prospectus, although there is uncertainty regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities due to the lack of governing authority, in the opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP ("our counsel"), under current law, and based on current market conditions, each Security should be treated as a single financial contract that is an "open transaction" for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") were successful in asserting an alternative treatment for the Securities, the timing and character of income on the Securities might differ significantly from the tax treatment described herein. For example, under one possible treatment, the IRS could seek to recharacterize the Securities as debt instruments. In that event, U.S. Holders (as defined below) would be required to accrue into income original issue discount on the Securities every year at a "comparable yield" determined at the time of issuance and recognize all income and gain in

respect of the Securities as ordinary income. The risk that financial instruments providing for buffers, triggers or similar downside protection features, such as the Securities, would be recharacterized as debt is greater than the risk of recharacterization for comparable financial instruments that do not have such features. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the tax treatment of the Securities, and the IRS or a court may not agree with the tax treatment described in this free writing prospectus.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; whether short-term instruments should be subject to any such accrual regime; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments and the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) should be subject to withholding tax; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" rule, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose an interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should read carefully the discussion under "What Are the Tax Consequences of the Securities" in this free writing prospectus and consult their tax advisers regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the Securities as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Scenario Analysis and Examples at Maturity

These examples are based on hypothetical terms. The actual terms are set forth on the cover of this document.

The below scenario analysis and examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are hypothetical. They do not purport to be representative of every possible scenario concerning increases or decreases in the levels of the Underlyings relative to their respective Initial Levels. We cannot predict the Final Level of either Underlying on the Final Valuation Date. You should not take the scenario analysis and these examples as an indication or assurance of the expected performance of the Underlyings. The numbers appearing in the examples below have been rounded for ease of analysis. The following scenario analysis and examples illustrate the payment at maturity for a \$10.00 security on a hypothetical offering of the Securities, and assume a hypothetical Initial Level for the Least Performing Underlying of 100 and a hypothetical Downside Threshold of 75 and reflect the 25% Buffer, based on the following terms*:

Investment term: Approximately 7 years

Upside Gearing: 1.59

* The hypothetical Initial Value for the Least Performing Underlying of 100 has been chosen for illustrative purposes only and does not represent a likely actual Initial Level for either Underlying. The actual Initial Levels and Downside Thresholds for the Underlyings are listed on the cover hereof and were determined on the Strike Date.

Example 1— Both Underlyings appreciate over the term of the Securities, and the level of the Least Performing Underlying *increases* from an Initial Level of 100 to a Final Level of 110. The Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is greater than zero and expressed as a formula:

Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying = (110 - 100) / 100 = 10.00%

Payment at Maturity = $$10 + [$10 \times (10.00\% \times 1.59)] = 11.59

Because the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is equal to 10.00%, the Payment at Maturity is equal to \$11.59 per \$10.00 Principal Amount of Securities, resulting in a total return on the Securities of 15.90%.

Example 2— The Final Level of the Least Performing Underlying is equal to the Initial Level of 100. The
Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is zero and expressed as a formula:

Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying = (100 - 100) / 100 = 0.00%

Payment at Maturity = \$10.00

Because the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is zero, the Payment at Maturity per Security is equal to the original \$10.00 Principal Amount per Security, resulting in a zero percent return on the Securities, even though the other Underlying has appreciated.

Example 3— The level of the Least Performing Underlying *decreases* from an Initial Level of 100 to a Final Level of 90. The Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is negative and expressed as a formula:

Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying = (90 - 100) / 100 = -10.00%

Payment at Maturity = \$10.00

Because the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is less than zero, but the Final Level of the Least Performing Underlying is greater than or equal to its Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date, MSFL will pay you a Payment at Maturity equal to \$10.00 per \$10.00 Principal Amount of Securities, resulting in a zero percent return on the Securities, even if the other Underlying has appreciated.

Example 4— The level of the Least Performing Underlying *decreases* from an Initial Level of 100 to a Final Level of 40. The Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is negative and expressed as a formula:

Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying = (40 - 100) / 100 = -60.00%

Because the Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying is less than zero and the Final Level of the Least Performing Underlying is below its Downside Threshold on the Final Valuation Date, for each \$10.00 Principal Amount of Securities, MSFL will pay you an amount equal to the Principal Amount reduced by 1% for every 1% by

which the percentage decline of the Least Performing Underlying exceeds the 25% Buffer, and the Payment at Maturity is calculated as follows:

 $10.00 + [10.00 \times (Underlying Return of the Least Performing Underlying + Buffer)]$

 $= $10.00 + [$10.00 \times (-60\% + 25\%)]$

 $= $10.00 + [$10.00 \times -35\%]$

= \$10.00 - \$3.50

= \$6.50

If the percentage decline of either Underlying exceeds 25%, the payout at maturity will be an amount that is less than the \$10 Principal Amount of each Security by an amount proportionate to the percentage decline of the Least Performing Underlying in excess of the 25% Buffer. Accordingly, you could lose up to 75% of your Principal Amount in the Securities.

Scenario Analysis – Hypothetical Payment at Maturity for each \$10.00 Principal Amount of Securities.

Performance of the Least Performing Underlying*		Performance of the Securities		
Final Level of the Least	Underlying Return of the Least	Upside	Payment at	Return on Securities
Performing Underlying	Performing Underlying	Gearing	Maturity	Purchased at \$10.00 ⁽¹⁾
200.00	100.00%	1.59	\$25.90	159.00%
190.00	90.00%	1.59	\$24.31	143.10%
180.00	8			