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BEARINGPOINT INC
Form 10-Q
February 14, 2003

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

- [X] Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for quarterly period ended December 31, 2002.
[] Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-31451

BearingPoint, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

22-3680505
(IRS Employer Identification Number)

1676 International Drive, McLean, VA

22102

(Address of principal executive office)

(Zip Code)

(703) 747-3000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO _____

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES X NO _____

The number of shares of common stock of the Registrant outstanding as of January 31, 2003 was 189,545,119.

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BEARINGPOINT, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

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PART I, ITEM 1. - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BEARINGPOINT, INC.

(formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(unaudited)

Three Months Ended
December 31,
2002 2001

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Revenue	\$ 807,911	\$ 593,218
Costs of service:		
Professional compensation	356,728	247,746
Other direct contract expenses	179,035	155,543
Other costs of service	73,431	57,000
	-----	-----
Total	609,194	460,289
	-----	-----
Gross margin	198,717	132,929
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	7,085	1,005
Selling, general and administrative expenses	155,491	113,985
	-----	-----
Operating income	36,141	17,939
Interest expense	3,464	491
Interest income	(711)	(518)
Other (income) expense, net	278	(175)
	-----	-----
Income before taxes	33,110	18,141
Income tax expense	16,721	11,547
	-----	-----
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	16,389	6,594
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--
	-----	-----
Net income (loss)	\$ 16,389	\$ 6,594
	=====	=====
Earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted:		
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--
	-----	-----
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04
	=====	=====
Weighted average shares - basic	189,534,511	156,772,191
	=====	=====
Weighted average shares - diluted	189,620,419	157,472,735
	=====	=====

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	December 31, 2002	June 30, 2002
	----- (unaudited)	-----
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49,307	\$ 203,597
Accounts receivable, net	373,500	246,792
Unbilled revenues, net	206,501	128,883
Prepaid and other current assets	87,342	67,941
	-----	-----
Total current assets	716,650	647,213
Property and equipment, net	103,090	60,487
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	1,061,458	163,315
Other assets	14,818	24,116
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 1,896,016	\$ 895,131
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of notes payable	\$ 39,074	\$ 1,846
Accounts payable	105,274	62,810
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	222,514	130,554
Other current liabilities	158,888	88,085
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	525,750	283,295
Noncurrent portion of notes payable	253,300	--
Other liabilities	49,616	9,966
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	828,666	293,261
Stockholders' Equity :		
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value 10,000,000 shares authorized	--	--
Common Stock, \$.01 par value 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 193,357,369 shares issued on December 31, 2002 and 161,478,409 shares issued on June 30, 2002	1,924	1,605
Additional paid-in capital	1,074,356	689,210
Accumulated deficit	(9,851)	(41,421)
Notes receivable from stockholders	(10,442)	(10,151)
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss)	47,090	(1,646)
Common stock held in treasury, at cost	(35,727)	(35,727)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	1,067,350	601,870
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,896,016	\$ 895,131
	=====	=====

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BEARINGPOINT, INC.
 (formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.)
 CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (in thousands)
 (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2002 -----
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,570
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--
Deferred income taxes and other	(5,662)
Stock awards	8,303
Depreciation and amortization	39,986
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(5,801)
Unbilled revenues	(44,339)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(4,876)
Other assets	3,035
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	(3,714)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,661
Other liabilities	8,211

Net cash provided by operating activities	29,374

Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of property and equipment	(42,789)
Businesses acquired, net of cash acquired	(416,413)
Purchases of other intangible assets	(19,962)
Purchases of equity investments	--

Net cash used in investing activities	(479,164)

Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	12,468
Repurchases of common stock	--
Proceeds from notes payable	946,014
Repayment of notes payable	(663,888)
Repurchase of minority interest in subsidiary	--
Notes receivable from stockholders	--

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	294,594

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	906

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(154,290)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	203,597

Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 49,307
	=====

Supplementary cash flow information:

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Interest paid	\$ 5,648
Taxes paid	\$ 31,850
Supplemental non-cash investing and financing activities:	
Issuance of common stock for business acquisition	\$ 364,437
Acquisition obligations from business acquisition	\$ 5,543

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BEARINGPOINT, INC.
(formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

On October 2, 2002, KPMG Consulting, Inc. changed its name to BearingPoint, Inc. (referred to below as "we", "BearingPoint", the "Company"). Our brand name underscores our global commitment to set a clear direction for our clients. In conjunction with our branding initiative, BearingPoint moved to the New York Stock Exchange and began trading on October 3, 2002, under the new ticker symbol "BE." BearingPoint is a global provider of management consulting and business systems integration services.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements of BearingPoint, Inc. have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. These statements do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles, and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and reflect adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for these interim periods. The results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

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Note 2. Segment Reporting

Effective in the first quarter of fiscal year 2003, upon completion of a series of international acquisitions and other transactions, the Company has six reportable segments in addition to the Corporate/Other category. Performance of the segments is evaluated based on operating income excluding the costs of infrastructure functions (such as information systems, finance and accounting, human resources, legal and marketing). Prior year segment data has been reclassified to reflect the addition of an international segment.

Three Months Ended

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	December 31,			
	2002		2001	
	Revenue	Operating Income	Revenue	Operating Income
Public Services	\$ 261,133	\$ 71,862	\$ 236,621	\$ 76,365
Communications & Content	90,846	27,837	132,201	31,473
Financial Services	54,791	11,766	53,734	4,016
Consumer & Industrial Markets	93,340	19,797	73,973	13,568
High Technology	37,817	6,713	50,122	7,269
International	271,203	59,675	46,514	(2,284)
Corporate/Other (1)	(1,219)	(161,509)	53	(112,468)
Total	\$ 807,911	\$ 36,141	\$ 593,218	\$ 17,939

	Six Months Ended December 31,			
	2002		2001	
	Revenue	Operating Income	Revenue	Operating Income
Public Services	\$ 528,258	\$ 149,817	\$ 455,341	\$ 147,025
Communications & Content	187,041	53,338	265,548	72,762
Financial Services	116,803	26,450	121,439	12,152
Consumer & Industrial Markets	196,051	41,283	158,328	35,736
High Technology	74,842	15,290	112,710	19,765
International	451,924	85,487	88,571	350
Corporate/Other (1)	552	(304,015)	172	(225,073)
Total	\$1,555,471	\$ 67,650	\$1,202,109	\$ 62,717

(1) Corporate/Other operating loss is principally due to infrastructure and shared services costs. Certain costs approximating \$11 million for the three months ended December 31, 2002 were inadvertently included in Corporate/Other in the Performance Report presented by the Company in connection with its earnings release on January 30, 2003. These costs have been appropriately allocated to the segments above to properly compare the three months ended December 31, 2002 and the three months ended December 31, 2001. This allocation of costs has no impact on total operating income for the three months ended December 31, 2002. The Performance Report, which can be viewed in the Investor Relations section of the Company's website at <http://www.bearingpoint.com>, has been revised to reflect the appropriate cost allocations. In addition, in the Company's Form 8-K that reported its January 30, 2003 earnings release, it was stated that the operating income of the Public Services segment declined versus the previous quarter by \$1.3 million to \$76.7 million. As reflected in the above table, after the appropriate cost allocations, the operating income of the Public Services segment declined versus the previous quarter by \$6.1 million to \$71.9 million.

The Company's total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2002 were

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\$1,896,016, compared to \$895,131 as of the year ended June 30, 2002. This change in total assets of \$1,000,885 is primarily due to an increase in goodwill of \$863,071 resulting from the acquisition of KPMG Consulting AG and acquisitions and other transactions involving various global Andersen Business Consulting practices. For changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the six months ended December 31, 2002, see Note 11, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets."

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Note 3. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 16,389	\$ 6,594	\$ 31,570	\$ 2,000
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--	--	(7,000)
Net income (loss)	16,389	6,594	31,570	(5,000)
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax (a)	49,214	129	47,963	--
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments	1,661	--	773	--
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 67,264	\$ 6,723	\$ 80,306	\$ (2,000)

(a) Movement in the foreign currency translation adjustment for the three and six months ended December 31, 2002 is primarily due to acquisitions in Europe during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 combined with the strengthening of the Euro against the U.S. dollar

Note 4. Earnings Per Share of Common Stock

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus the dilutive effect of potential future issues of common stock relating to the Company's stock option program and other potentially dilutive securities. In calculating diluted earnings per share, the dilutive effect of stock options is computed using the average market price for the period.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net income before cumulative effect of				

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change in accounting principle - basic	\$ 16,389	\$ 6,594	\$ 31,5
Convertible debt adjustment	--	--	--
Adjusted income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle - diluted	16,389	6,594	31,5
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--	--
Adjusted income (loss) - diluted	\$ 16,389	\$ 6,594	\$ 31,5
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	189,534,511	156,772,191	180,806,0
Employee stock options	85,908	700,544	92,1
Convertible debt	--	--	--
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	189,620,419	157,472,735	180,898,2
Earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.

Common shares related to outstanding stock options and other potentially dilutive securities that were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share as the effect would have been anti-dilutive were 47,655,359 and 25,497,341 for the three months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and 41,140,522 and 26,360,165 for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

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Note 5. Change in Estimate

During the current quarter, the Company had a change in estimate, which decreased the expected remaining useful life of certain systems applications used as part of its infrastructure operations. This change in estimate is a result of the Company's continued build-out of certain infrastructure functions scheduled to be completed in the last quarter of calendar year 2003, which upon completion will replace these applications. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2002, this change in estimate resulted in a charge to net income of \$1,183 (net of tax) or \$0.01 per share.

Note 6. Business Combinations

During fiscal 2003, the Company continued to expand its operations through the acquisition of KPMG Consulting AG ("KCA"), the German member firm of KPMG International, and acquisitions and other transactions with various global Andersen Business Consulting practices.

KPMG Consulting AG

Effective August 1, 2002, as part of a significant expansion in our international presence, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of KCA pursuant to a share purchase agreement, for approximately \$651,420. The purchase of KCA was paid for through the issuance of 30,471,309 shares of common stock to the sellers at \$11.96 per share, \$273,583 in cash to the sellers, and approximately \$13,400 in acquisition related transaction costs incurred to date. KCA's operations consist primarily of consulting practices in Germany, Switzerland and Austria. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets acquired and liabilities assumed was as follows:

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	Preliminary Allocation of Purchase Price -----
Current assets	\$ 138,479
Goodwill	655,318
Purchased intangibles	22,488
Acquired software	8,018
Other long-lived assets	15,755

Total assets	\$ 840,058
Current liabilities	(133,886)
Long-term liabilities	(54,752)

Net assets	\$ 651,420 =====

Purchased intangibles acquired include backlog of \$21,084 and trade name of \$1,404. Goodwill is expected to be non-deductible for foreign income tax purposes. However, the goodwill is expected to have U.S. income tax basis that may have beneficial impact on future tax credits upon possible repatriation of earnings.

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Pro Forma Results

Effective August 1, 2002, the results of KCA's operations have been included in the consolidated financial results of the Company. The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations of the Company and KCA as if the acquisition had occurred as of the beginning of the periods presented. The pro forma financial information has been prepared using information derived from the Company's and KCA's historical consolidated financial statements. The unaudited pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of the Company's future results of operations or financial position or what the Company's results of operations or financial position would have been had the Company completed the acquisition of KCA at an earlier date. The pro forma adjustments are based on available information and upon assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable.

	Six Months Ende December 31, 2002	2001
	-----	-----
Revenue	\$ 1,596,325	\$ 1,596,325
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	29,691	29,691
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--
Net income (loss)	\$ 29,691	\$ 29,691
Earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted:		
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	--	--

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Net income (loss)	\$ 0.16	\$
Weighted average shares - basic	189,251,924	188
Weighted average shares - diluted	189,344,082	188

The unaudited pro forma financial information above reflects the following adjustments to the historical consolidated financial statements for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001: amortization expense on purchased intangible assets consisting of backlog and tradename in the amount of \$999 (net of tax) and \$5,991 (net of tax), respectively; interest expense associated with the debt financing of the Company's acquisition of KCA of \$377 (net of tax) and \$2,561 (net of tax), respectively; and an increase in the number of weighted average common shares outstanding of 8,445,852 and 30,471,309, respectively, as a result of including shares issued as consideration for the equity portion of the purchase price. The unaudited pro forma financial information for the six months ended December 31, 2001, includes a non-recurring charge of \$20,229 (\$12,783 net of tax), predominately related to a reduction in workforce. For the pro forma effects of this acquisition on the Company's results of operations for the year ended June 30, 2002, and the Company's financial position at June 30, 2002, refer to the Company's Form 8-K/A filed with the SEC on October 17, 2002.

Andersen Business Consulting

On July 1, 2002, the Company finalized its previously announced agreement to hire certain partners and staff formerly associated with Andersen Business Consulting in the United States for \$65,152, including acquisition related transaction costs of \$4,802. The transaction added approximately 1,490 professionals to the Company's U.S. billable workforce. The preliminary allocation of the transaction price resulted in the allocation of \$65,152 to goodwill.

On August 1, 2002, the Company acquired 100% of the shares outstanding of the business consulting unit of Arthur Andersen y Cia in Spain for approximately \$27,070, of which approximately \$5,500 has been recorded as an acquisition obligation to be paid upon completion of certain post-closing requirements. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities resulted in the allocation of \$28,694 to goodwill.

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On August 1, 2002, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of the Andersen Business Consulting unit in Japan for approximately \$19,700. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities resulted in \$14,612 of goodwill and \$632 of purchased intangibles.

Effective September 1, 2002, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of the Andersen Business Consulting unit in France for approximately \$15,650. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities resulted in the allocation of \$29,051 to goodwill and \$1,951 to purchased intangibles.

Additionally, during the first quarter of fiscal 2003, the Company completed the acquisition of all or portions of Andersen Business Consulting units or related assets in Switzerland, Norway, Finland, Sweden, Singapore, South Korea, and Peru, the hire of certain employees formerly associated with

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the Andersen Business Consulting unit in Brazil, the acquisition of the Business Consulting practice of Ernst & Young in Brazil, and the acquisition of the assets of the consulting unit of the KPMG International member firm in Finland for a total of approximately \$17,350. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to acquired assets and liabilities resulted in the allocation of \$20,255 to goodwill and \$1,335 of purchased intangibles.

The pro forma effects on operations of the Andersen Business Consulting transactions were not material.

Restructuring Charges

In December 2002, the Company announced a restructuring of the former KCA business, under which the Company plans to reduce its workforce by approximately 700 employees, in order to balance workforce capacity with market demand for services. The action impacts approximately four percent of the Company's global workforce and is limited to its German, Austrian and Swiss consulting operations. This reduction-in-force and its associated expenses have been accounted for as part of the acquisition of KCA in the amount of \$16,370, none of which was disbursed as of December 31, 2002. The plans for this restructuring, including finalizing the costs of the action with the appropriate regulatory bodies, are expected to be finalized in the quarter ended March 31, 2003, and fully implemented by the end of the fiscal year.

In connection with the acquisition of certain European Andersen Business Consulting practices, the Company is in the process of finalizing plans of restructuring to balance resources with market demand for services, including finalizing the cost of the actions with appropriate regulatory bodies. The Company also plans to exit redundant office facilities and consolidate staff in selected facilities. The Company's preliminary estimate of these acquisition liabilities is approximately \$4,000, none of which was disbursed through December 31, 2002. The plans are expected to be finalized and fully implemented by the end of the fiscal year, subject to regulatory approvals.

For all of the acquisitions noted above, the Company is in the process of finalizing the allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values at the date of acquisition, in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, "Business Combinations." Any adjustment to the allocation of the purchase price for these acquisitions upon finalization of our valuation of these assets acquired and liabilities assumed is not expected to have a significant effect on our balance sheet.

Note 7. Notes Payable

On August 21, 2002, the Company entered into a \$220,000 revolving credit facility for the purpose of funding a portion of the acquisition cost of KCA. On August 22, 2002, in connection with the closing of the KCA acquisition, the Company borrowed \$220,000 under the new facility. This credit facility was scheduled to mature on December 15, 2002 and was retired on November 26, 2002 (see Senior Notes described below).

On November 26, 2002, the Company completed a private placement of \$220,000 in aggregate principal of Senior Notes. The offering consisted of \$29,000 of 5.95% Series A Senior Notes due November 2005, \$46,000 of 6.43% Series B Senior Notes due November 2006 and \$145,000 of 6.71% Series C Senior Notes due November 2007. The Senior Notes restrict the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness and requires the Company to maintain certain levels of fixed charge coverage and net worth, while limiting its leverage ratio to certain levels. The proceeds from the sale of these Senior Notes were used to repay the \$220,000 short-term revolving credit facility described above.

On August 30, 2002, a subsidiary of the Company expanded its yen-denominated line of credit facility to an aggregate principal balance not to exceed 2 billion Yen (approximately \$16,650). Borrowings under the facility accrue interest of TIBOR plus 0.90% and are used to finance working capital for the Company's Japanese operations. There are no covenants under the facility, and it matures on August 30, 2003. At December 31, 2002, there were borrowings outstanding on this line of \$3,367, which accrue interest at 0.95%.

Note 8. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Agreements

The Company has borrowings outstanding under bank credit facilities, which carry variable interest rates (see Note 7). These debt obligations expose the Company to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates. If interest rates increase, interest expense increases. Conversely, if interest rates decrease, interest expense decreases.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2003, the Company replaced its \$220,000 short-term revolving credit facility used to fund recent acquisitions with fixed rate debt. In anticipation of this refinancing, the Company entered into treasury rate locks on \$125,000 of five year debt. The treasury locks are derivative instruments as defined by SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and have been designated as highly effective cash flow hedges. On November 6, 2002 the treasury locks were settled resulting in a gain of \$787, which will be reclassified into interest expense over the term of the debt. The gain on the treasury locks convert fixed rate cash flows from 6.71% to approximately 6.56% on \$125,000 of the new debt.

The accumulated gain related to the treasury locks included in other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2002 was approximately \$773 of which approximately \$157 will be reclassified into interest expense over the next twelve months.

Note 9. Transactions with KPMG LLP

In connection with winding down and terminating services provided to us by KPMG LLP under the transition services agreement, we are potentially liable for the payment of termination costs, as defined in the agreement, incurred by KPMG LLP, including transitioning personnel and contracts from KPMG LLP to our Company. The Company has given notice to KPMG LLP of its intent to terminate certain services during fiscal 2003, for which the amount of termination costs have yet to be determined by KPMG LLP or agreed upon by the parties. Accordingly, the amount of termination costs that the Company will pay to KPMG LLP in the future cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company believes that the amount of termination costs yet to be assessed will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or liquidity. Whether such amounts could have a material effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year cannot be determined at this time.

Effective October 1, 2002, the Company and KPMG LLP entered into an Outsourcing Services Agreement under which KPMG LLP provides certain services relating to office space that were previously provided under the transition services agreement. The services will be provided for three years at a cost that is less than the cost for comparable services under the transition services agreement. Additionally, KPMG LLP has agreed that for all services terminated as of December 31, 2002 under the transition services agreement the Company will not be charged any termination costs in addition to the \$1,000 paid in fiscal 2002, and that there will be no termination costs with respect to the

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office-related services at the end of the three year term of the Outsourcing Services Agreement.

During July 2002, the Company purchased \$30,754 of leasehold improvements from KPMG LLP at their net book value. These assets had been used by the Company under the transition services agreement (for which usage charges had been included in the monthly costs under the agreement) and will continue to be used in our business. Based on information currently available, the Company anticipates paying KPMG LLP an additional \$40,000 to \$60,000 for the sale and transfer of additional capital assets currently used by the Company through the transition services agreement.

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Note 10. Capital Stock and Option Awards

On September 3, 2002, in accordance with the February 1, 2002 tender offer relating to stock options with an exercise price of \$55.50, the Company issued 4,397,775 replacement options at an exercise price of \$11.01, which was 110% of the closing market price on that date.

In connection with the various Andersen Business Consulting transactions, the Company committed to issuing approximately 4,000,000 shares of common stock to former partners of those practices as a retentive measure and for no monetary consideration from such persons. The shares will be issued in equal one-third increments over a three-year period on the anniversary date of the respective transactions so long as the recipient remains employed by the Company. Compensation expense will be recorded ratably over the three-year period beginning in July 2002. Compensation expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2002 was \$4,060 and \$7,440, respectively.

On September 30, 2002, the Company filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3 relating to the resale of 30,471,309 shares of the Company's common stock issued in connection with the closing of the KCA acquisition. The registration statement indicates that the Company will not be selling any of the shares covered by the registration statement and will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares to the extent that any of the shares are sold by the selling shareholders. This registration statement became effective on October 18, 2002.

Note 11. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Effective July 1, 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which established financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and superseded Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 17, "Intangible Assets." Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill and indefinite-lived purchased intangible assets are no longer amortized but are reviewed at least annually for impairment; the Company has elected to perform this review annually as of April 1. Identifiable intangible assets that have finite lives, continue to be amortized over their estimated useful lives.

In connection with adopting this standard as of July 1, 2001, the Company recognized a transitional impairment loss of \$79,960, or \$0.50 per basic and diluted earnings per share, as the cumulative effect of an accounting change. The transitional impairment charge resulted from a change in the criteria for the measurement of the impairment loss from undiscounted cash flows, a method required by SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of," to discounted cash flows as required by SFAS No. 142.

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Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002:

	December 31, 2002	June 30, 2002
	-----	-----
Internal-use software	\$ 103,775	\$ 77,033
Purchased intangibles	41,075	13,225
Marketed software	20,979	16,915
Other	2,628	2,612
Total accumulated amortization	(57,733)	(34,133)
	-----	-----
Other intangible assets, net	110,724	75,652
Goodwill	950,734	87,663
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 1,061,458	\$ 163,315
	=====	=====

Identifiable intangible assets include purchased or internally developed software and finite-lived purchased intangible assets, which primarily consist of market rights, backlog and software license rights. Identifiable intangible assets are amortized principally by the straight-line method over their expected period of benefit, which ranges from one to five years.

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The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2002	Additions	Other (a)	Balance December 31, 2002
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Public Services	\$ 11,935	\$ 12,379	\$ -	\$ 24,314
Communications & Content	8,242	16,288	-	24,530
Financial Services	2,886	6,515	-	9,401
Consumer & Industrial Markets	8,270	24,758	-	33,028
High Technology	1,926	5,212	-	7,138
International	50,608	748,616	49,303	848,527
Corporate/Other	3,796	-	-	3,796
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 87,663	\$813,768	\$ 49,303	\$950,734
	=====	=====	=====	=====

(a) Other changes in goodwill consist primarily of foreign currency translation adjustments.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

On January 15, 2003, the Company announced a worldwide reduction in workforce by approximately 450 to 550 employees, primarily in the North American

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and Asia Pacific regions. The action impacts approximately 3% of the Company's total workforce, and is designed to balance capacity with market demand for services. A pre-tax charge expected to be in the range of \$17,000 to \$23,000 will be recorded in the third quarter for severance and termination benefits.

On January 31, 2003, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a new 2 billion yen-denominated term loan (approximately \$16,650). This term loan is in addition to the 2 billion yen-denominated line of credit described above (see note 7). Borrowings under the term loan accrue interest at six month TIBOR plus 1.4%. Scheduled principal payments are every six months beginning July 31, 2003 through July 31, 2005 in the amount of 334 million yen and a final payment of 330 million yen on January 31, 2006. The term loan is unsecured, does not contain financial covenants, and is not guaranteed by the Company.

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PART I, ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following information should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. See the discussion relating to "Forward-Looking Statements" below.

Accounting policies that management believes are most critical to the Company's financial condition and operating results pertain to revenue recognition and valuation of unbilled revenues (including estimates of costs to complete engagements); collectibility of accounts receivable; valuation of goodwill; and estimates pertaining to discretionary compensation costs and global effective income tax rates. In deriving accounting estimates, management considers available information and exercises reasonable judgment. However, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Company Overview

We are one of the world's largest business consulting, systems integration and managed services firms serving Global 2000 companies, medium-sized businesses, government agencies and other organizations. We provide business and technology strategy, systems design, architecture, applications implementation, network, systems integration and managed services. Our service offerings are designed to help our clients generate revenue, reduce costs and access the information necessary to operate their business on a timely basis.

On October 2, 2002, we rebranded the Company from KPMG Consulting, Inc. to BearingPoint, Inc., underscoring our global commitment to set a clear direction for the information systems design and implementation needs of our clients. In conjunction with our branding initiative, we gained access to markets throughout the world to better serve our clients. In addition, BearingPoint moved to the New York Stock Exchange and began trading on October 3, 2002 under the ticker symbol "BE."

BearingPoint delivers its consulting and systems integration services through five industry groups in which we possess significant industry-specific knowledge. These groups are Public Services, Communications & Content, Financial Services, Consumer and Industrial Markets and High Technology. In addition, as a result of our significant international acquisitions, we have established a new

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International Segment. Our focus on specific industries provides us with the ability to tailor our service offerings to reflect an understanding of the marketplaces in which our clients operate, enabling our clients to achieve their business objectives more quickly and efficiently.

We have existing multinational operations covering North America, Latin America, the Asia Pacific region, and Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA). We utilize this multinational network to provide consistent services to our clients throughout the world. During the first quarter of fiscal 2003, we significantly expanded our European presence with the purchase of KPMG Consulting AG ("KCA"), which included approximately 3,000 employees in Germany, Switzerland and Austria. We furthered our global strategy enabling us to better serve our multinational clients by acquiring all or portions of selected Andersen Business Consulting practices or their assets in Australia, China/Hong Kong, Finland, France, Japan, Norway, Peru, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland, and the KPMG international member firm in Finland, as well as hiring professionals from Andersen Business Consulting in the United States and Brazil. In addition, we strengthened our Latin American business with the acquisition of Ernst & Young's Brazilian consulting practice.

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INDUSTRY REVENUE

We provide services through six reportable segments. The following table provides unaudited financial information for each of those segments.

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Revenue:				
Public Services	\$ 261,133	\$ 236,621	\$ 528,258	\$ 487,000
Communications & Content	90,846	132,201	187,041	200,000
Financial Services	54,791	53,734	116,803	116,000
Consumer & Industrial Markets	93,340	73,973	196,051	187,000
High Technology	37,817	50,122	74,842	116,000
International	271,203	46,514	451,924	116,000
Corporate/Other	(1,219)	53	552	116,000
Total	\$ 807,911	\$ 593,218	\$1,555,471	\$1,200,000
Revenue as a percentage of total:				
Public Services	32%	40%	34%	41%
Communications & Content	11%	22%	12%	17%
Financial Services	7%	9%	7%	10%
Consumer & Industrial Markets	11%	13%	13%	15%
High Technology	5%	8%	5%	10%
International	34%	8%	29%	10%
Corporate/Other	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

n/m = not meaningful

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HISTORICAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OVERVIEW

The Company realized net income for the three months ended December 31, 2002 of \$16.4 million, or \$0.09 per share, compared to net income of \$6.6 million, or \$0.04 per share for the three months ended December 31, 2001. Included in operating results for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, was a \$20.2 million charge (\$12.8 million net of tax) predominantly related to a reduction in workforce. Excluding the effects of this charge, operating net income for the three months ended December 31, 2001 was \$19.4 million. The results for the three months ended December 31, 2002 reflect the positive impact from revenue growth and ongoing cost control initiatives, more than offset by additional expenses associated with the acquisitions and other transactions and rebranding expenses of \$15.0 million (\$8.9 million net of tax).

The Company realized net income for the six months ended December 31, 2002 of \$31.6 million, or \$0.17 per share, compared to a net loss of \$51.1 million, or \$0.32 per share including a transitional impairment charge relating to the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle of \$80.0 million (net of tax) or \$0.50 per share, for the six months ended December 31, 2001. Also, included in the results for the six months ended December 31, 2001 was the \$20.2 million charge (\$12.8 million net of tax) mentioned above. Excluding this charge, net income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for the six months ended December 31, 2001, was \$41.7 million compared to \$31.6 million for the same period in the current year. This decrease is the result of additional expenses associated with the acquisitions and other transactions and rebranding expenses of \$21.8 million (\$12.9 million net of tax) partially offset by revenue growth from acquisitions and other transactions and ongoing cost control initiatives.

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Three Months Ended December 31, 2002 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2001

Revenue. Revenue increased \$214.7 million, or 36.2%, from \$593.2 million in the three months ended December 31, 2001, to \$807.9 million in the three months ended December 31, 2002. The overall increase in revenue is primarily attributable to international acquisitions and other transactions and the hire of Andersen Business Consulting personnel in the United States, offset partially by declines due to lower utilization on billable headcount for the quarter ended December 31, 2002 compared to the same quarter in the previous year. Public Services, the Company's largest business unit, generated strong revenue growth of \$24.5 million, up 10.4%, while the Consumer & Industrial Markets business unit experienced revenue growth of \$19.4 million, or 26.2%, as this business unit received the greatest revenue and resource impact from personnel hired from Andersen Business Consulting in the United States. Growth in Public Services and Consumer and Industrial Markets was offset by declines in Communications & Content (31.3%) and High Technology (24.6%) business units, whose industries have been impacted by the uncertain economic environment.

Our acquisitions and other transactions significantly expanded our international presence and diversified our revenue base. As a result, International revenue increased \$224.7 million from \$46.5 million, or 7.8%, of consolidated gross revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2001, to \$271.2 million, or 33.5%, of consolidated gross revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2002.

The Company expects this period of economic uncertainty may continue to impact revenue growth for at least another quarter with the most significant

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impact being in the Communications & Content business segment. However, this is expected to be more than offset by the addition of revenue from recent acquisitions and other transactions.

Gross Margin. Gross margin as a percentage of gross revenue increased to 24.6% from 22.4% for the three months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in gross margin percentage was primarily due to the Company's continued efforts to limit the use of subcontractors and travel expenses, as well as ongoing cost control initiatives. In dollar terms, gross margin increased by \$65.8 million, or 49.5%, from \$132.9 million for the three months ended December 31, 2001, to \$198.7 million for the three months ended December 31, 2002. The increase in gross margin was due to an increase in revenue of \$214.7 million described above, partially offset by:

- .. A net increase in professional compensation of \$126.7 million, or 55.1%, excluding the \$17.7 million charge recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2001 related to a reduction in workforce. This increase was predominantly due to the addition of approximately 7,000 billable employees through acquisitions and other transactions (including a \$4.1 million noncash charge relating to common stock awards made to our managing directors from Andersen Business Consulting), partially offset by the Company's workforce actions that have occurred over the last 12 months in response to a challenging economy. Overall the Company's average billable headcount has increased 72.3% from approximately 8,300 in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 to 14,300 in the current quarter.

The Company announced on January 15, 2003 that it plans to reduce its current workforce by approximately 450 to 550 employees, or approximately 3% of its total workforce, in order to balance capacity with demand for services. As previously announced, the Company anticipates that the charge relating to this action, which will be recorded in the third quarter of this fiscal year, will be in the range of \$17 million to \$23 million. This charge will be partially offset by savings in professional compensation expense due to the related reduction in staff. Separately, the Company announced on December 10, 2002, a reduction in workforce of approximately 700 personnel in the former KCA practices. The expenses associated with this reduction were previously accounted for as part of the acquisition of KCA, and as a result, the Company does not expect to take a charge to earnings.

- .. A net increase in other direct contract expenses of \$23.5 million, or 15.1%, to \$179.0 million, representing 22.2% of revenue, compared to \$155.5 million, or 26.2% of revenue in the prior year's quarter. The \$23.5 million increase is attributable to higher revenue levels while the improvement as a percentage of revenue is due to the Company's continued efforts to limit the use of subcontractors and travel expenses.
- .. A net increase in other costs of service of \$16.4 million, or 28.8%, to \$73.4 million from \$57.0 million, was primarily due to acquisitions and other transactions, partially offset by lower levels of bad debt expense and tighter controls on discretionary expenses.

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Amortization of Purchased Intangible Assets. Amortization of purchased intangible assets increased \$6.1 million to \$7.1 million for the three months ended December 31, 2002 from \$1.0 million for the three months ended December 31, 2001. This increase in amortization expense primarily relates to \$25.0 million of backlog acquired as part of our recent acquisitions and is being amortized over 12 months.

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Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$155.5 million for the three months ended December 31, 2002. This reflects an increase of \$41.5 million, or 36.4%, from \$114.0 million for the three month period ended December 31, 2001. This increase is principally due to \$15.0 million of re-branding costs and the impact of the various acquisitions and other transactions, partially offset by reduced discretionary spending and current cost control initiatives.

Interest (Income) Expense, Net. Interest (income) expense, net, increased \$2.8 million to \$2.8 million of net interest expense for the three months ended December 31, 2002. This increase in net interest expense is due to an increase in borrowings outstanding of \$283.0 million from \$9.4 million at December 31, 2001 to \$292.4 million at December 31, 2002. The increase in borrowings is primarily due to the Company's short-term revolving credit facility of \$220.0 million, which was retired in November 2002; the Company's private placement of \$220.0 million in senior notes during November 2002; \$35.0 million of borrowings under the receivables purchase facility and \$33.3 million in borrowings under a revolving line of credit. The Company has used the borrowings primarily to finance a portion of the cost of its international acquisitions and other transactions.

Income Tax Expense. For the three month period ended December 31, 2002, the Company earned income before taxes of \$33.1 million and provided income taxes of \$16.7 million resulting in an effective tax rate for the quarter of 50.5%. For the three months ended December 31, 2001, the Company earned income before taxes of \$18.1 million and provided income taxes of \$11.5 million resulting in an effective tax rate for the quarter of 63.7%. The tax rates have been impacted by the non-deductibility of losses associated with certain international operations.

Net Income (Loss). For the three months ended December 31, 2002, the Company realized net income of \$16.4 million, or \$0.09 per share. For the three months ended December 31, 2001, the Company realized net income of \$6.6 million, or \$0.04 per share. This increase is largely the result of increased revenue due to recent acquisitions and other transactions, reduced discretionary spending and cost control initiatives partially offset by higher professional compensation expense due to increased headcount, rebranding costs and an increase in amortization expense related to purchased intangibles. The per share amounts of the net income (loss) were further affected by the issuance of approximately 30.5 million shares in August 2002 in conjunction with the acquisition of KCA.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2002 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2001

Revenue. Revenue increased \$353.4 million, or 29.4%, from \$1,202.1 million in the six months ended December 31, 2001, to \$1,555.5 million in the six months ended December 31, 2002. The overall increase in revenue is primarily attributable to international acquisitions and other transactions and the hire of Andersen Business Consulting personnel in the United States, partially offset by lower utilization rates associated with a portion of the added personnel. Public Services remained strong, generating revenue growth of \$72.9 million, up 16.0%, while the Consumer and Industrial Markets business unit experienced growth of \$37.7 million, or 23.8%. Growth in Public Services and Consumer & Industrial Markets was offset by revenue declines in Communications & Content (\$78.5 million, or 29.6%) and High Technology (\$37.9 million, or 33.6%) business units, whose industries have been impacted by the uncertain economic environment. International revenue increased \$363.4 million from \$88.6 million or 7.4% of consolidated gross revenue in the six months ended December 31, 2001 to \$451.9 million or 29.1% of consolidated gross revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2002. This increase is principally attributable to recent

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international acquisitions and other transactions, which have significantly expanded our international presence and diversified our revenue base.

Gross Margin. Gross margin as a percentage of revenue decreased to 24.0% from 24.7% for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. This decrease is primarily due to the lower utilization rates for the former personnel of Andersen Business Consulting in the United States, immediately following their hire on July 1, 2002, offset by the Company's continued efforts to limit the use of subcontractors and travel expenses, as well as other ongoing cost control initiatives. In dollar terms, gross margin increased by \$75.8 million, or 25.5%, from \$296.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001, to \$372.7 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002. The increase in gross margin was due to an increase in revenue of \$353.4 million, partially offset by:

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- . A net increase in professional compensation of \$226.4 million, or 47.7%, excluding a \$17.7 million charge recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2001 related to a reduction in workforce. This increase is predominantly related to the addition of approximately 7,000 billable employees as a result of acquisitions and other transactions occurring during the first quarter of fiscal 2003, coupled with \$7.5 million relating to common stock awards made to our managing directors from Anderson Business Consulting. These increases are partially offset by the Company's workforce actions that have occurred over the past 12 months in response to a challenging economy.

The Company announced on January 15, 2003 that it plans to reduce its current workforce by approximately 450 to 550 employees, or approximately 3% of its total workforce, in order to balance capacity with demand for services. As previously announced, the Company anticipates that the charge relating to this action, which will be recorded in the third quarter of this fiscal year, will be in the range of \$17 million to \$23 million. This charge will be partially offset by savings in professional compensation expense due to the related reduction in staff. Separately, the Company announced on December 10, 2002, a reduction in workforce of approximately 700 personnel in the former KCA practices. The expenses associated with this reduction were previously accounted for as part of the acquisition of KCA, and as a result, the Company does not expect to take a charge to earnings.

- . A net increase in other direct contract expense of \$42.7 million, or 14.2%, to \$342.4 million, representing 22.0% of gross revenue, compared to \$299.7 million, or 24.9% of gross revenue in the prior year's comparable period. The \$42.7 million increase in other direct contract expense is attributable to higher revenue levels, while the improvement as a percentage of revenue to 22.0% is due to the Company's continued efforts to limit the use of subcontractors and travel related expenses.
- . A net increase in other costs of service of \$26.1 million, or 23.2%, from \$112.6 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001, to \$138.8 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002. This increase is primarily due to acquisitions and other transactions, offset partially by lower levels of bad debt expense and tighter controls on discretionary expenses.

Amortization of Purchased Intangible Assets. Amortization of purchased intangible assets increased \$11.1 million to \$12.1 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002 from \$1.0 million for the six months ended December 31,

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2001. This increase in amortization expense primarily relates to \$25.0 million of backlog acquired as part our recent acquisitions, which is being amortized over 12 months.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$292.9 million and \$233.2 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, representing an increase of \$59.7 million, or 25.6%. This increase is principally due to \$21.8 million of re-branding costs, and the impact of the various acquisitions and other transactions, partially offset by reduced discretionary spending and current cost control initiatives.

Interest (Income) Expense, Net. Interest (income) expense, net, increased \$4.0 million to \$3.8 million of net interest expense from \$0.2 million of net interest income for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. This increase in net interest expense is due to an increase in borrowings outstanding of \$283.0 million from \$9.4 million at December 31, 2001, to \$292.4 million at December 31, 2002. The increase in borrowing is predominantly due to the Company's short-term revolving credit facility of \$220.0 million, which was retired in November 2002; the Company's private placement in November 2002 of \$220.0 million in senior notes payable; \$35.0 million of borrowings under the receivables purchase facility and \$33.3 million in borrowings under a revolving line of credit. The Company has primarily used the borrowings to finance a portion of the acquisition of KCA and acquisitions and other transactions involving various Anderson Business Consulting practices.

Income Tax Expense. For the six month period ended December 31, 2002, the Company earned income before taxes of \$63.8 million and provided income taxes of \$32.2 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 50.5%. For the six months ended December 31, 2001, the Company earned income before taxes of \$62.3 million and provided income taxes of \$33.4 million resulting in an effective tax rate for the quarter of 53.6%. The tax rates have been impacted by the non-deductibility of losses associated with certain international operations.

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Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle. The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 during the first fiscal quarter of the prior year (as of July 1, 2001). This standard eliminated goodwill amortization upon adoption and required an assessment for goodwill impairment upon adoption and at least annually thereafter. As a result of adoption of this standard, the Company no longer amortizes goodwill and during the six months ended December 31, 2001, incurred a non-cash transitional impairment charge of \$80.0 million (net of tax). This transitional impairment charge is a result of the change in accounting principle to measuring impairments on a discounted versus an undiscounted cash flow basis.

Net Income (Loss). For the six months ended December 31, 2002, the Company realized net income of \$31.6 million, or \$0.17 per share. For the six months ended December 31, 2001, the Company realized a net loss of \$51.1 million, or \$0.32 per share, largely due to recording a transitional impairment charge as a result of a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. The per share amounts of the net income (loss) were further affected by the issuance of approximately 30.5 million shares in August 2002 in conjunction with the acquisition of KCA.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At December 31, 2002 the Company had a cash balance of \$49.3 million, which has decreased \$154.3 million from June 30, 2002 predominantly due to funding various acquisitions and other transactions around the globe. The Company has

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funded these transactions and operations through cash generated from operations, borrowings from existing credit facilities of \$71.7 million, the private placement of \$220.0 million in aggregate principal of Senior Notes and the issuance of 30.5 million shares of common stock valued at \$11.96 per share. The Company has borrowing arrangements available including a revolving credit facility with an outstanding balance of \$33.3 million at December 31, 2002 (not to exceed \$250 million), and an accounts receivable financing facility with an outstanding balance of \$35.0 million at December 31, 2002 (not to exceed \$150 million). The \$250 million revolving credit facility expires on May 29, 2005 and no borrowings under this facility are due until that time; however, management may choose to repay these borrowings at any time prior to that date. The accounts receivable purchase agreement permits sales of accounts receivable through May 23, 2003, subject to annual renewal. The accounts receivable purchase agreement is accounted for as a financing transaction; accordingly, it is not an off-balance sheet financing arrangement.

In November 2002, the Company completed a private placement of \$220.0 million in aggregate principal of Senior Notes. The offering consisted of \$29.0 million of 5.95% Series A Senior Notes due November 2005, \$46.0 million of 6.43% Series B Senior Notes due November 2006, and \$145.0 million of 6.71% Series C Senior Notes due November 2007. The Senior Notes include affirmative, negative and financial covenants, including among others, covenants restricting the Company's ability to incur liens and indebtedness and to purchase the Company's securities, and requiring the Company to maintain a minimum level of net worth (\$840.8 million as of December 31, 2002), maintain fixed charge coverage of at least 2.00 to 1.00 (as defined), and maintain a leverage ratio not to exceed 2.50 to 1.00 (as defined). We are in compliance with the financial ratios, covenants and other restrictions imposed by the Senior Notes. The Senior Notes contain customary events of default, including cross defaults to the Company's revolving credit facility and receivables purchase facility. The proceeds from the sale of these Senior Notes were used to completely repay the Company's short-term revolving credit facility of \$220.0 million, which was scheduled to mature on December 15, 2002.

The \$250 million revolving credit facility includes affirmative, negative and financial covenants, including, among others, covenants restricting the Company's ability to incur liens and indebtedness, purchase the Company's securities, and pay dividends and requiring the Company to maintain a minimum level of net worth (\$844.9 million as of December 31, 2002), maintain fixed charge coverage of at least 1.25 to 1.00 (as defined) and maintain a leverage ratio not to exceed 2.50 to 1.00 (as defined). We are in compliance with the financial ratios, covenants and other restrictions imposed by this credit facility. The credit facility contains customary events of default and a default (i) upon the acquisition by a person or group of beneficial ownership of 30% or more of the Company's common stock, or (ii) if within a period of six calendar months, a majority of the officers of the Company's executive committee cease to serve on its executive committee, and their terminations or departures materially affect the Company's business. The receivables purchase agreement contains covenants that are consistent with the Company's \$250 million revolving credit facility and cross defaults to the \$250 million revolving credit facility.

Under the transition services agreement with KPMG LLP (which terminates no later than February 8, 2004 for non-technology services and February 8, 2005 for technology-related services), the Company contracted to receive certain infrastructure support services from KPMG LLP until the Company completes the build-out of its own infrastructure. If the Company terminates services prior to the end of the term for such services, the Company may be obligated to pay KPMG

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LLP termination costs, as defined in the transition services agreement, incurred as a result of KPMG LLP winding down and terminating such services. KPMG LLP and the Company have agreed that during the term of the transition services agreement the parties will work together to minimize any termination costs (including transitioning personnel and contracts from KPMG LLP to our Company), and our Company will wind down its receipt of services from KPMG LLP and develop its own internal infrastructure and support capabilities or seek third party providers of such services. The Company has given notice to KPMG LLP of its intent to terminate certain services in fiscal 2003 for which the amount of termination costs have either not been determined by KPMG LLP or not agreed upon by the parties. In July 2002, the Company paid KPMG LLP \$30.8 million representing KPMG LLP's net book value of leasehold improvements purchased by KPMG LLP and used exclusively by the Company. Based on information currently available, the Company anticipates paying KPMG LLP approximately \$40 million to \$60 million for the sale and transfer of additional capital assets (such as computer equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements) currently used by the Company through the transition services agreement (for which usage charges are included in the monthly costs under the agreement). Until the Company takes ownership of these capital assets, the transition services agreement provides an off-balance sheet financing arrangement. Effective October 1, 2002, the Company and KPMG LLP entered into an Outsourcing Services Agreement under which KPMG LLP provides certain services relating to office space that were previously provided under the transition services agreement. The services will be provided for three years at a cost that is less than the cost for comparable services under the transition services agreement. Additionally, KPMG LLP has agreed that for all services terminated as of December 31, 2002 under the transition services agreement the Company will not be charged any termination costs, in addition to the \$1.0 million paid in fiscal 2002, and that there will be no termination costs with respect to the office-related services at the end of the three year term of the Outsourcing Services Agreement. The amount of termination costs that the Company will pay to KPMG LLP under the transition services agreement with respect to services that are terminated after December 31, 2002, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company believes that the amount of termination costs yet to be assessed will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or liquidity. Whether such amounts could have a material effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year cannot be determined at this time.

Cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended December 31, 2002 was \$29.4 million, principally due to cash operating results of \$74.2 million (which consists of net income adjusted for the changes in deferred income taxes and other, stock awards and depreciation and amortization) partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable and unbilled revenues of \$50.1 million. The increase in accounts receivable and unbilled revenues is primarily due to receivables and unbilled balances from acquired entities and other transactions for which no balance sheet was acquired.

Cash used in investing activities during the six months ended December 31, 2002 was \$479.2 million principally due to \$42.8 million in purchases of property and equipment (including \$30.8 million for the transfer of capital assets from KPMG LLP), \$20.0 million in purchases of other intangible assets primarily consisting of internal use software as part of our continued infrastructure build-out and \$416.4 million paid for acquisitions and other transactions.

Cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2002 was \$294.6 million, principally due to net proceeds from borrowings of \$282.1 million and \$12.5 million from the issuance of common stock primarily relating to the Company's employee stock purchase plan.

While the Company expects this period of economic uncertainty may continue to impact revenue growth for at least another quarter, we continue to actively

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manage client billings and collections and maintain tight controls over discretionary expenses. The Company believes that the cash provided from operations, borrowings available under the various existing credit facilities, and existing cash balances will be sufficient to meet working capital and capital expenditure needs for at least the next 12 months.

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Obligations and Commitments

As of December 31, 2002, the Company had the following obligations and commitments to make future payments under contracts, contractual obligations and commercial commitments:

Contractual Obligations	Total	Payment due by period		
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years
Long-term debt	\$ 253,300	\$ -	\$ 62,300	\$ 46,000
Operating leases	489,064	71,970	129,228	119,975
Outsourcing services agreement	37,500	13,800	23,700	-

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

On July 30, 2002, The FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The statement requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. Examples of costs covered by the statement include lease termination costs and certain employee severance costs that are associated with a restructuring, discontinued operation, plant closing, or other exit or disposal activity. SFAS No. 146 is to be applied prospectively to exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Company does not expect adoption of SFAS No. 146 to have a material impact on its results of operations.

In November 2002 the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") issued a final consensus on Issue 00-21, "Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables" which addresses how to account for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services, and/or rights to use assets. Issue 00-21 is effective prospectively for arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003. Companies may also elect to apply the provisions of Issue 00-21 to existing arrangements and record the income statement impact as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. The Company currently intends to adopt Issue 00-21 prospectively for contracts beginning after June 30, 2003. The Company is currently evaluating Issue 00-21 to determine its impact, if any, on its results of operations and financial position.

On December 15, 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure." The standard amends FASB 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and amends disclosure provisions of that Statement to require prominent disclosure about the effects

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on reported net income of an entity's accounting policy decisions with respect to such compensation. The Company expects to continue to account for stock based compensation in accordance with APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Awards to Employees," and will provide the prominent disclosures required in its annual and future interim financial statements beginning with the quarter ended March 31, 2003.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this report constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements relate to our operations that are based on our current expectations, estimates and projections. Words such as "may," "will," "could," "would," "should," "anticipate," "predict," "potential," "continue," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "believes," "estimates" and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements are only predictions and as such are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions as to future events or our future financial performance that may not prove to be accurate. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in these forward-looking statements. As a result, these statements speak only as of the date they were made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Our actual results may differ from the forward-looking statements for many reasons, including:

- . the business decisions of our clients regarding the use of our services;
- . the timing of projects and their termination;
- . the availability of talented professionals to provide our services;
- . the pace of technology change;
- . the strength of our joint marketing relationships;
- . the actions of our competitors; and
- . unexpected difficulties associated with our recent acquisitions and other transactions and hire of business consultants involving KCA and the former Andersen Business Consulting practices.

In addition, our results and forward-looking statements could be affected by general domestic and international economic and political conditions, including the current slowdown in the economy, uncertainty as to the future direction of the economy and vulnerability of the economy to domestic or international incidents, as well as market conditions in our industry. For a more detailed discussion of certain of these factors, see Exhibit 99.1 to this Form 10-Q. We caution the reader that the factors we have identified above may not be exhaustive. We operate in a continually changing business environment, and new factors that may affect our forward-looking statements emerge from time to time. Management cannot predict such new factors, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of such new factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially

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from those implied by any forward-looking statements.

PART I, ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to a number of market risks in the ordinary course of business. These risks, which include interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk, arise in the normal course of business rather than from trading activities.

Our exposure to changes in interest rates arises primarily because our indebtedness under our bank credit facilities carries variable interest rates. In anticipation of the Company's \$220.0 million private placement of Senior Notes, the Company entered into treasury rate locks on \$125 million of five-year debt. The settlement of the treasury locks in November 2002 resulted in a gain of \$0.8 million, which will convert fixed rate cash flows at 6.71% associated with \$125 million of the Series C Senior Notes to a fixed rate of approximately 6.56%.

Our exposure to changes in foreign currency rates primarily relates to net investment exposure, arising from acquisitions in and working capital advances provided to certain international operations, including risk from the recent acquisitions and other transactions in Europe, Asia Pacific and Latin America.

PART I, ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Within the 90 day period prior to the date of this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer (prior to his departure) and General Counsel, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (prior to his departure) have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are adequately designed to timely notify them of material information relating to the Company required to be disclosed in the Company's SEC filings.

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Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls since the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

PART II, ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are from time to time the subject of lawsuits and other claims and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. We do not expect that any of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

PART II, ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On August 22, 2002, as partial consideration for its acquisition of KCA, the Company issued 30,471,309 shares of its common stock to the former

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stockholders of KCA pursuant to a share purchase agreement among the Company, KPMG DTG, the majority stockholder of KCA, and the minority stockholders of KCA as set forth in the share purchase agreement. The shares were issued in a private placement pursuant to the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

PART II, ITEM 3. NONE

PART II, ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

(a) The annual meeting of stockholders of BearingPoint, Inc. was held on November 11, 2002.

(b) Wolfgang Kemna was nominated and elected a director of the Company. Directors whose term of office continued after the meeting include Randolph C. Blazer, Roderick C. McGeary, Alice M. Rivlin, Douglas C. Allred and Afshin Mohebbi.

(c) Certain matters voted upon at the meeting and the votes cast with respect to such matters are as follows:

Election of Directors

Director	Votes Received	Votes Withheld
Wolfgang Kemna	134,074,604	29,862,348

PART II, ITEM 5. NONE

PART II, ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- a) Exhibits -- Reference is made to the Exhibit Index.
- b) The Company filed four reports on Form 8-K and one report of Form 8-K/A during the period of July 1, 2002 through the date of this report. The Form 8-K that was filed on September 6, 2002 reported the acquisition of KPMG Consulting AG and a related amendment to the Rights Agreement between the Company and EquiServe Trust Company, N.A., as rights agent, dated October 2, 2001. The Form 8-K filed on September 30, 2002 reported that the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer had submitted

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to the SEC statements under oath in accordance with Commission Order No. 4-460 and provided certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. (S) 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The Form 8-K filed on October 4, 2002 reported that the Company had changed its name to BearingPoint, Inc. and would be listing on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "BE." The Form 8-K/A that was filed on October 17, 2002 contained the pro forma financial statements relating to the Company's acquisition of KCA and the historical financial statements of KCA. The Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2002 reported the announcement of the realignment of the BearingPoint GmbH business, including a reduction in workforce of approximately 700 personnel.

Exhibit Index

- 10.1 Form of Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of November 14, 2002, by and among BearingPoint, Inc. (formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.), the

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Guarantors, the Banks, and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent

- 10.2 Master Release [Intercompany Notes], dated November 22, 2002, by and among BearingPoint, Inc. (formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.), the Guarantors, the Banks, and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent
- 10.3 Master Release [Foreign Stock Pledges], dated November 22, 2002, by and among BearingPoint, Inc. (formerly KPMG Consulting, Inc.), the Guarantors, the Banks, and PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent
- 10.4 Amended and Restated 2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan dated November 11, 2002.
- 10.5 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement with non-employee directors of BearingPoint, Inc. pursuant to the Amended and Restated 2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan.
- 99.1 Factors Affecting Future Financial Results.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BearingPoint, Inc.

DATE: February 13, 2003

/s/ Randolph C. Blazer

Randolph C. Blazer,
Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer,
and President
Duly Authorized Officer and Principal
Executive Officer

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CERTIFICATIONS

I, Randolph C. Blazer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BearingPoint, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the period presented in this quarterly report.

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4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarter report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in the quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons fulfilling the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

DATE: February 13, 2003

/s/ Randolph C. Blazer

Randolph C. Blazer,
Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer,
and President

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I, Sharon L. Keefe, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BearingPoint, Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

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3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the period presented in this quarterly report.
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarter report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in the quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons fulfilling the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

DATE: February 13, 2003

/s/ Sharon L. Keefe

Sharon L. Keefe
Corporate Controller