

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP
Form 10-Q/A
August 13, 2002

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A-1

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2002

Commission File Number 000-24737

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	76-0470458 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
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510 Bering Drive Suite 500 Houston, Texas (Address of principal executive offices)	77057-1457 (Zip Code)
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(713) 570-3000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding at May 1, 2002: 220,388,579

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP.

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(In thousands of dollars, except share amounts)

	December 31, 2001 -----
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 804,602
Receivables:	
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$24,785 and \$21,878 at December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002, respectively.....	188,496
Other.....	2,364
Short-term investments.....	72,963
Inventories.....	102,771
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	44,865

Total current assets.....	1,216,061
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$566,837 and \$635,607 at December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002, respectively.....	4,844,912
Investments.....	128,500
Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization of \$152,451 at December 31, 2001.....	1,036,914
Deferred financing costs and other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$32,859 and \$35,594 at December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002, respectively.....	149,071

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\$7,375,458
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable.....	\$	104,149
Accrued interest.....		60,081
Accrued compensation and related benefits.....		13,553
Deferred rental revenues and other accrued liabilities.....		204,584
Long-term debt, current maturities.....		29,086

Total current liabilities.....		411,453
Long-term debt.....		3,394,011
Other liabilities.....		157,549

Total liabilities.....		3,963,013

Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interests.....		168,936
Redeemable preferred stock.....		878,861
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 690,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued:		
December 31, 2001--218,804,363 and March 31, 2002--220,386,829.....		2,188
Additional paid-in capital.....		3,301,023
Accumulated other comprehensive loss.....		(43,246)
Accumulated deficit.....		(895,317)

Total stockholders' equity.....		2,364,648

		\$7,375,458
		=====

See condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
	-----	-----
Net revenues:		
Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	\$134,042	\$ 160,264
Network services and other.....	78,911	60,353
	-----	-----
	212,953	220,617
	-----	-----
Operating expenses:		

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Costs of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization):		
Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	57,739	62,066
Network services and other.....	55,456	43,725
General and administrative.....	25,895	21,788
Corporate development.....	3,453	2,239
Restructuring charges.....	--	5,852
Asset write-down charges.....	--	31,941
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	1,395	1,314
Depreciation and amortization.....	74,091	71,715
	-----	-----
	218,029	240,640
Operating income (loss).....	(5,076)	(20,023)
Other income (expense):		
Interest and other income (expense).....	3,092	(6,090)
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs.....	(66,655)	(76,319)
	-----	-----
Loss before income taxes and minority interests.....	(68,639)	(102,432)
Provision for income taxes.....	(60)	(4,659)
Minority interests.....	644	3,698
	-----	-----
Net loss.....	(68,055)	(103,393)
Dividends on preferred stock.....	(19,505)	(20,105)
	-----	-----
Net loss after deduction of dividends on preferred stock.....	\$ (87,560)	\$ (123,498)
	=====	=====
Net loss.....	\$ (68,055)	\$ (103,393)
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments.....	(27,593)	(2,206)
Derivative instruments:		
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedging instruments.....	(3,341)	1,540
Amounts reclassified into results of operations.....	(222)	1,419
	-----	-----
Comprehensive loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(99,211)	(102,640)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for derivative financial		
instruments.....	178	--
	-----	-----
Comprehensive loss.....	\$ (99,033)	\$ (102,640)
	=====	=====
Loss per common share--basic and diluted.....	\$ (0.41)	\$ (0.56)
	=====	=====
Common shares outstanding--basic and diluted (in thousands).....	211,195	219,420
	=====	=====

See condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In thousands of dollars)

Three Months En
March 31,

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	2001	2000
	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss.....	\$ (68,055)	\$ (103,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization.....	74,091	71,000
Asset write-down charges.....	--	31,000
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts on long-term debt.....	22,161	24,000
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	1,395	1,000
Minority interests.....	(644)	(3,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding the effects of acquisitions:		
Increase in deferred rental revenues and other liabilities.....	107,159	28,000
Decrease in accrued interest.....	(30,020)	(18,000)
Decrease in accounts payable.....	(15,945)	(9,000)
Increase in receivables.....	(29,170)	(3,000)
Increase in inventories, prepaid expenses and other assets.....	(16,083)	(3,000)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by operating activities.....	44,889	16,000
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Maturities of investments.....	111,000	116,000
Purchases of investments.....	(73,500)	(79,000)
Capital expenditures.....	(251,860)	(72,000)
Investments in affiliates and other.....	(10,568)	(2,000)
	-----	-----
Net cash used for investing activities.....	(224,928)	(38,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock.....	350,830	350,000
Net borrowings under revolving credit agreements.....	95,548	95,000
Incurrence of financing costs.....	(2,672)	(2,000)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities.....	443,706	443,000
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash.....	(559)	(2,000)
	-----	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	263,108	(24,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	453,833	804,000
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$ 716,941	\$ 780,000
	=====	=====
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest paid.....	\$ 74,443	\$ 68,000
Income taxes paid.....	60	60,000

See condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. General

The information contained in the following notes to the consolidated financial statements is condensed from that which would appear in the annual consolidated financial statements; accordingly, the consolidated financial

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statements included herein should be reviewed in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, and related notes thereto, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Form 10-K") filed by Crown Castle International Corp. with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All references to the "Company" include Crown Castle International Corp. and its subsidiary companies unless otherwise indicated or the context indicates otherwise.

The consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, they include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at March 31, 2002 and the consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002. Accounting measurements at interim dates inherently involve greater reliance on estimates than at year end. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period's financial statements to be consistent with the presentation in the current period.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Derivative Instruments

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("SFAS 133"). SFAS 133 requires that derivative instruments be recognized as either assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet based on their fair values. Changes in the fair values of such derivative instruments are recorded either in results of operations or in other comprehensive income (loss), depending on the intended use of the derivative instrument. The initial application of SFAS 133 is reported as the effect of a change in accounting principle. The adoption of SFAS 133 resulted in a net transition adjustment gain of approximately \$178,000 in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), the recognition of approximately \$363,000 of derivative instrument assets and the recognition of approximately \$185,000 of derivative instrument liabilities. The amounts for this transition adjustment are based on current fair value measurements at the date of adoption of SFAS 133. The Company expects that the adoption of SFAS 133 will increase the volatility of other comprehensive income (loss) as reported in its future financial statements.

The derivative instruments recognized upon the Company's adoption of SFAS 133 consist of interest rate swap agreements. Such agreements are used to manage interest rate risk on a portion of the Company's floating rate indebtedness, and are designated as cash flow hedging instruments in accordance with SFAS 133. The interest rate swap agreements have notional amounts aggregating \$150,000,000 and effectively convert the interest payments on an equal amount of debt from a floating rate to a fixed rate. As such, the Company is protected from future increases in market interest rates on that portion of its indebtedness. To the extent that the interest rate swap agreements are effective in hedging the Company's interest rate risk, the changes in their fair values are recorded as other comprehensive income (loss). Amounts recorded as other comprehensive income (loss) are reclassified into results of operations in the same periods that the hedged interest costs are recorded in interest expense. The Company estimates that such reclassified amounts will be approximately \$5,300,000 for the year ending December 31, 2002. To the extent that any portions of the interest rate swap agreements are deemed ineffective, the related changes in fair values are recognized in results of operations. As of March 31, 2002, the accumulated other comprehensive loss in consolidated stockholders' equity includes \$5,033,000 in losses related to derivative instruments.

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Business Combinations, Goodwill and Long-Lived Assets

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations ("SFAS 141"), and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ("SFAS 142"). SFAS 141 prohibits the use of the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations, and requires that the purchase method be used for all business combinations after June 30, 2001. SFAS 141 also changes the manner in which acquired intangible assets are identified and recognized apart from goodwill. Further, SFAS 141 requires additional disclosures regarding the reasons for business combinations, the allocation of the purchase price to recognized assets and liabilities and the recognition of goodwill and other intangible assets. The Company has used the purchase method of accounting since its inception, so the adoption of SFAS 141 will not change its method of accounting for business combinations. The Company has adopted the other recognition and disclosure requirements of SFAS 141 as of July 1, 2001 for any future business combinations. The transition provisions of SFAS 141 require that the carrying amounts for goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in prior purchase method business combinations be reviewed and reclassified in accordance with the new recognition rules; such reclassifications are to be made in conjunction with the adoption of SFAS 142. The application of these transition provisions of SFAS 141 as of January 1, 2002 resulted in a reclassification of other intangible assets with finite useful lives (the value of site rental contracts from the acquisition of Crown Communication) to deferred financing costs and other assets on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The gross carrying amount, accumulated amortization and net book value of such reclassified intangible assets were \$26,000,000, \$11,483,000 and \$14,517,000, respectively. The net book value of these intangible assets will be amortized using a revised life of 10 years, resulting in amortization expense of \$1,452,000 for each of the years ending December 31, 2002 through 2006. The Company has no other intangible assets from prior business combinations.

SFAS 142 changes the accounting and disclosure requirements for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. The most significant provision of SFAS 142 is that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives will no longer be amortized, but rather will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. This annual impairment test will involve (1) a step to identify potential impairment at a reporting unit level based on fair values, and (2) a step to measure the amount of the impairment, if any. Intangible assets with finite useful lives will continue to be amortized over such lives, and tested for impairment in accordance with the Company's existing policies. SFAS 142 requires disclosures about goodwill and other intangible assets in the periods subsequent to their acquisition, including (1) changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, in total and by operating segment, (2) the carrying amounts of intangible assets subject to amortization and those which are not subject to amortization, (3) information about impairment losses recognized, and (4) the estimated amount of intangible asset amortization expense for the next five

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years. The provisions of SFAS 142 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. In addition, the nonamortization provisions of SFAS 142 were to be immediately applied for goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in business combinations subsequent to June 30, 2001. The Company has adopted the requirements of SFAS 142 as of January 1, 2002. SFAS 142 requires that transitional impairment tests be performed at its adoption, and provides that resulting impairment losses for goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives be reported as the effect of a change in accounting principle. The Company has not yet completed its transitional impairment tests but, based on preliminary results of those tests, does not currently believe that an impairment loss for goodwill and other intangible assets will be recorded upon the adoption of SFAS 142. The Company expects that its depreciation and amortization expense will decrease by approximately \$60,617,000 per year as a result of the adoption of SFAS 142. If amortization of goodwill had not been recorded, and if amortization of other intangible assets had been recorded using the revised life, the Company's net loss and loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2001 would have been as follows (in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts):

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Net loss, as reported.....	\$ (68,055)
Add back: amortization of goodwill.....	15,091
Adjust: amortization of other intangible assets.....	287

Net loss, as adjusted.....	(52,677)
Dividends on preferred stock.....	(19,505)

Net loss applicable to common stock for basic and diluted computations, as adjusted	\$ (72,182)
	=====
Per common share--basic and diluted:	
Net loss, as reported.....	\$ (0.41)
Amortization of goodwill.....	0.07
Adjustment for amortization of other intangible assets.....	--

Net loss, as adjusted.....	\$ (0.34)
	=====

A summary of goodwill by operating segment is as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002

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	CCUSA	CCUK	Crown Atlantic	Consolidated Total
(In thousands of dollars)				
Balance at beginning of period.	\$164,023	\$817,514	\$55,377	\$1,036,914
Effect of exchange rate changes	--	(1,416)	--	(1,416)
Balance at end of period.....	\$164,023	\$816,098	\$55,377	\$1,035,498

In October 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets ("SFAS 144"). SFAS 144 supersedes Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of ("SFAS 121"), but retains many of its fundamental provisions. SFAS 144 also clarifies certain measurement and classification issues from SFAS 121. In addition, SFAS 144 supersedes the accounting and reporting provisions for the disposal of a business segment as found in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, Reporting the Results of Operations--Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions ("APB 30"). However, SFAS 144 retains the requirement in APB 30 to separately report discontinued operations, and broadens the scope of such requirement to include more types of disposal transactions. The scope of SFAS 144 excludes goodwill and other intangible assets that are not to be amortized, as the accounting for such items is prescribed by SFAS 142. The provisions of SFAS 144 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, and are to be applied prospectively. The adoption of the requirements of SFAS 144 as of January 1, 2002 had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

3. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	December 31, 2001	March 31, 2002
(In thousands of dollars)		
2000 Credit Facility.....	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000
CCUK Credit Facility.....	172,050	168,767
Crown Atlantic Credit Facility.....	300,000	300,000
9% Guaranteed Bonds due 2007.....	177,401	173,970
10 5/8% Senior Discount Notes due 2007, net of discount...	229,321	235,333
10 3/8% Senior Discount Notes due 2011, net of discount...	393,320	403,391
9% Senior Notes due 2011.....	180,000	180,000
11 1/4% Senior Discount Notes due 2011, net of discount...	196,005	201,468

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9 1/2% Senior Notes due 2011.....	125,000	125,000
10 3/4% Senior Notes due 2011.....	500,000	500,000
9 3/8% Senior Notes due 2011.....	450,000	450,000
	-----	-----
	3,423,097	3,437,929
Less: current maturities.....	(29,086)	(342,737)
	-----	-----
	\$3,394,011	\$3,095,192
	=====	=====

CCUK Credit Facility

In April 2002, ITVdigital ("ITV") announced plans to liquidate its assets, and it is anticipated that the liquidation will commence in the near future (see Note 9). The termination of the ITV transmission contract is a Termination Event (a defined event of default) under the CCUK Credit Facility. The Company has entered into discussions with the banks in order to obtain an amendment to the CCUK Credit Facility such that the Termination Event would be cured. Based on these preliminary discussions, the Company does not currently believe that it will be required to prepay the outstanding borrowings under the CCUK Credit Facility as a result of this event of default. However, there can be no assurance that such an amendment can be obtained. As a result, the Company has reclassified all the outstanding borrowings under the CCUK Credit Facility as current liabilities on its consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2002.

If the Company is unable to obtain an amendment to the CCUK Credit Facility as discussed above, the uncured Termination Event would result in an event of default under the trust deed governing the 9% Guaranteed Bonds due 2007 (the "CCUK Bonds"). As a result, the Company has also reclassified the principal amount of the CCUK Bonds as a current liability on its consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2002.

Reporting Requirements Under the Indentures Governing the Company's Debt Securities (the "Indentures") and the Certificate of Designations Governing the Company's 12 3/4% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock (the "Certificate")

The following information (as such capitalized terms are defined in the Indentures and the Certificate) is presented solely as a requirement of the Indentures and the Certificate; such information is not intended as an alternative measure of financial position, operating results or cash flow from operations (as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles). Furthermore, the Company's measure of the following information may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Summarized financial information for (1) the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and (2) the Company's Unrestricted Subsidiaries is as follows:

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March 31, 2002

	Company and Restricted Subsidiaries	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Consolidation Eliminations	Consolidated Total
	(In thousands of dollars)			
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 188,450	\$ 591,568	\$ --	\$ 780,018
Other current assets.....	279,253	143,319	--	422,572
Property and equipment, net.....	3,339,096	1,472,592	--	4,811,688
Investments.....	91,500	--	--	91,500
Investments in Unrestricted Subsidiaries	2,077,745	--	(2,077,745)	--
Goodwill.....	164,023	871,475	--	1,035,498
Other assets, net.....	128,292	12,910	--	141,202
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$6,268,359	\$3,091,864	\$ (2,077,745)	\$7,282,478
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Current liabilities.....	\$ 201,283	\$ 517,163	\$ --	\$ 718,446
Long-term debt, less current maturities.	2,795,192	300,000	--	3,095,192
Other liabilities.....	36,703	123,008	--	159,711
Minority interests.....	92,878	73,948	--	166,826
Redeemable preferred stock.....	888,596	--	--	888,596
Stockholders' equity.....	2,253,707	2,077,745	(2,077,745)	2,253,707
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$6,268,359	\$3,091,864	\$ (2,077,745)	\$7,282,478
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002

	Company and Restricted Subsidiaries	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Consol Tot
	(In thousands of dollars)		
Net revenues.....	\$122,248	\$ 98,369	\$ 220,617
Costs of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	56,567	49,224	105,791
General and administrative.....	18,284	3,504	21,788
Corporate development.....	2,239	--	2,239
Restructuring charges.....	2,126	3,726	5,852
Asset write-down charges.....	23,721	8,220	31,941
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	872	442	1,314
Depreciation and amortization.....	47,784	23,931	71,715
	-----	-----	-----
Operating income (loss).....	(29,345)	9,322	(20,023)
Interest and other income (expense).....	(599)	(5,491)	(6,090)
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs...	(64,117)	(12,202)	(76,319)
Provision for income taxes.....	(88)	(4,571)	(4,659)
Minority interests.....	1,523	2,175	3,698
	-----	-----	-----
Net loss.....	\$ (92,626)	\$ (10,767)	\$ (103,393)

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Tower Cash Flow and Adjusted Consolidated Cash Flow for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries is as follows under (1) the indenture governing the 10 5/8% Discount Notes and the Certificate (the "1997 and 1998 Securities") and (2) the indentures governing the 10 3/8% Discount Notes, the 9% Senior Notes, the 11 1/4%

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Discount Notes, the 9 1/2% Senior Notes, the 10 3/4% Senior Notes and the 9 3/8% Senior Notes (the "1999, 2000 and 2001 Securities"):

	1997 and 1998 Securities -----	1999, 2000 and 2001 Securities -----
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Tower Cash Flow, for the three months ended March 31, 2002.....	\$ 50,150	\$ 50,150
Consolidated Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002.....	\$ 173,100	\$ 182,430
Less: Tower Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002.....	(170,240)	(170,240)
Plus: four times Tower Cash Flow, for the three months ended March 31, 2002	200,600	200,600
Adjusted Consolidated Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002	\$ 203,460	\$ 212,790

4. Redeemable Preferred Stock

Redeemable preferred stock (\$.01 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized) consists of the following:

	December 31, 2001 -----
	(In thousands)
12 3/4% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock; shares issued:	
December 31, 2001--291,444 and March 31, 2002--300,734 (stated at mandatory redemption and aggregate liquidation value).....	\$292,992
8 1/4% Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock; shares issued:	
200,000 (stated net of unamortized value of warrants; mandatory redemption and aggregate liquidation value of \$200,000).....	195,793
6.25% Convertible Preferred Stock; shares issued:	
8,050,000 (stated net of unamortized issue costs; mandatory redemption and	

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aggregate liquidation value of \$402,500).....	390,076

	\$878,861
	=====

5. Per Share Information

Per share information is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period for the basic computation and, if dilutive, the weighted-average number of potential common shares resulting from the assumed conversion of outstanding stock options, warrants and convertible preferred stock for the diluted computation.

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted per share computations is as follows:

	Three Month March 31, 2001

	2001

	(In thousand except per amount)
Net loss.....	\$(68,055)
Dividends on preferred stock.....	(19,505)

Net loss applicable to common stock for basic and diluted computations.....	\$(87,560)
	=====
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period for basic and diluted computations (in thousands).....	211,195
	=====
Loss per common share--basic and diluted.....	\$ (0.41)
	=====

The calculations of common shares outstanding for the diluted computations exclude the following potential common shares as of March 31, 2002: (1) options to purchase 23,775,862 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$-0- to \$39.75 per share, (2) warrants to purchase 639,990 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share, (3) warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$26.875 per share, (4)

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shares of the Company's 8 1/4% Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock which are convertible into 7,441,860 shares of common stock and (5) shares of the Company's 6.25% Convertible Preferred Stock which are convertible into 10,915,254 shares of common stock. The inclusion of such potential common shares in the diluted per share computations would be antidilutive since the Company incurred net losses for all periods presented.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in various claims, lawsuits and proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. While there are uncertainties inherent in the ultimate outcome of such matters and it is impossible to presently determine the ultimate costs that may be incurred, management believes the resolution of such uncertainties and the incurrence of such costs should not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

7. Operating Segments

The measurement of profit or loss currently used to evaluate the results of operations for the Company and its operating segments is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted ("Adjusted EBITDA"). The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization, non-cash general and administrative compensation charges, asset write-down charges and restructuring charges. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended as an alternative measure of operating results or cash flow from operations (as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles), and the Company's measure of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. There are no significant revenues resulting from transactions between the Company's operating segments.

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

The financial results for the Company's operating segments are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2002					
	CCUSA	CCAL	CCUK	Crown Atlantic	Corporate Office and Other	Conso To
	(In thousands of dollars)					
Net revenues:						
Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	\$ 79,253	\$ 5,013	\$ 53,455	\$ 22,543	\$ --	\$ 1
Network services and other.....	37,349	633	15,945	6,426	--	

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	116,602	5,646	69,400	28,969	--	2
Costs of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)....	53,932	2,635	36,856	12,368	--	1
General and administrative.....	13,229	1,261	1,727	1,737	3,834	
Corporate development.....	--	--	--	--	2,239	
Adjusted EBITDA.....	49,441	1,750	30,817	14,864	(6,073)	
Restructuring charges.....	--	--	3,726	--	2,126	
Asset write-down charges.....	23,721	--	431	7,789	--	
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	532	--	442	--	340	
Depreciation and amortization.....	44,244	3,186	13,473	10,269	543	
Operating income (loss).....	(19,056)	(1,436)	12,745	(3,194)	(9,082)	(
Interest and other income (expense).....	(743)	162	(5,569)	(19)	79	
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs.....	(9,295)	(826)	(7,552)	(4,650)	(53,996)	(
Provision for income taxes.....	--	(88)	(4,571)	--	--	
Minority interests.....	819	704	--	2,175	--	
Net loss.....	\$ (28,275)	\$ (1,484)	\$ (4,947)	\$ (5,688)	\$ (62,999)	\$ (1
Capital expenditures.....	\$ 41,631	\$ 2,956	\$ 17,668	\$ 10,397	\$ 329	\$
Total assets (at period end).....	\$3,510,721	\$267,963	\$1,816,235	\$894,789	\$792,770	\$7,2

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

	CCUSA	CCAL	CCUK	Crown Atlantic	Corporate Office and Other	Consolidated Total
--	-------	------	------	----------------	----------------------------	--------------------

(In thousands of dollars)

Net revenues:

Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	\$ 62,176	\$ 2,990	\$ 49,368	\$19,508	\$ --	\$134,042
---	-----------	----------	-----------	----------	-------	-----------

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Network services and other.....	60,605	--	9,776	8,530	--	78,911
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	122,781	2,990	59,144	28,038	--	212,953
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Costs of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)....	66,101	1,095	32,029	13,970	--	113,195
General and administrative.....	16,322	1,491	1,703	2,645	3,734	25,895
Corporate development.....	--	--	48	--	3,405	3,453
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted EBITDA.....	40,358	404	25,364	11,423	(7,139)	70,410
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	531	--	523	--	341	1,395
Depreciation and amortization.....	39,627	1,696	22,219	10,131	418	74,091
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income (loss).....	200	(1,292)	2,622	1,292	(7,898)	(5,076)
Interest and other income (expense).	874	(144)	931	15	1,416	3,092
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs.....	(13,467)	(43)	(7,035)	(5,015)	(41,095)	(66,655)
Provision for income taxes.....	--	--	(27)	(33)	--	(60)
Minority interests.....	(198)	923	--	(81)	--	644
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net loss.....	\$ (12,591)	\$ (556)	\$ (3,509)	\$ (3,822)	\$ (47,577)	\$ (68,055)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Capital expenditures.....	\$113,863	\$ 486	\$110,829	\$26,101	\$ 581	\$251,860
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

8. Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-Down Charges

For the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company recorded cash charges of \$3,726,000 in connection with a restructuring of its CCUK business announced in March 2002. Such charges relate to staff redundancies and the disposition of certain service lines. The Company expects that the total charges reflected in its 2002 results of operations for this CCUK restructuring will be between approximately \$7,000,000 and \$13,000,000. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company also recorded cash charges of \$2,126,000 related to additional employee severance payments at its corporate office in connection with the July 2001 restructuring. At December 31, 2001 and March 31, 2002, other accrued liabilities includes \$6,591,000 and \$7,222,000, respectively, related to restructuring charges. A summary of the restructuring charges by operating segment is as follows:

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2002					
	CCUSA	CCUK	Crown Atlantic	Corporate Office and Other	Total
(In thousands of dollars)					
Amounts accrued at beginning of period:					
Employee severance.....	\$1,126	\$ 357	\$ 230	\$ 3,568	\$ 5,281
Costs of office closures and other..	1,075	--	235	--	1,310
	2,201	357	465	3,568	6,591
Amounts charged to expense:					
Employee severance.....	--	3,395	--	2,126	5,521
Costs of office closures and other..	--	331	--	--	331
Total restructuring charges.....	--	3,726	--	2,126	5,852
Amounts paid:					
Employee severance.....	(290)	(371)	(113)	(4,306)	(5,080)
Costs of office closures and other..	(129)	--	(12)	--	(141)
	(419)	(371)	(125)	(4,306)	(5,221)
Amounts accrued at end of period:					
Employee severance.....	836	3,381	117	1,388	5,722
Costs of office closures and other..	946	331	223	--	1,500
	\$1,782	\$3,712	\$ 340	\$ 1,388	\$ 7,222

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company abandoned a portion of its construction in process related to certain open projects and recorded related asset write-down charges of \$23,721,000 for CCUSA and \$7,789,000 for Crown Atlantic. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company also recorded asset write-down charges of \$431,000 for CCUK related to certain inventories and property and equipment.

9. Subsequent Events

Since 1999, CCUK has provided digital transmission services to ITVdigital ("ITV"). On March 27, 2002, a U.K. court approved an application by ITV to be placed into administration (a proceeding, similar to a Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceeding in the United States, designed to protect the applicant from the claims of its creditors while it reorganizes its business). In April 2002, after unsuccessful efforts by the administrator to sell the ITV business as a going concern, ITV announced plans to liquidate its assets. It is anticipated that the liquidation will commence in the near future. With the ITV liquidation and suspension of service, further on-going collections under the ITV transmission contract are not expected. CCUK had gross revenues of approximately \$27,600,000 annually under the ITV transmission contract. If current efforts to re-market the CCUK network prove

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CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

unsuccessful, CCUK expects Adjusted EBITDA to be impacted negatively by approximately \$16,000,000 in 2002 and approximately \$23,000,000 annually thereafter assuming no significant mitigation of costs. ITV represented approximately 10% of the 2001 gross revenues of CCUK and approximately 3% of the 2001 consolidated gross revenues of the Company. The termination of the ITV transmission contract is a Termination Event under the CCUK Credit Facility (see Note 3).

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion is intended to assist in understanding our consolidated financial condition as of March 31, 2002 and our consolidated results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002. The statements in this discussion regarding the industry outlook, our expectations regarding the future performance of our businesses and the other nonhistorical statements in this discussion are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to the uncertainties relating to decisions on capital expenditures to be made in the future by wireless carriers and broadcasters, the success or failure of our efforts to implement our business strategy and the following:

- . Our substantial level of indebtedness could adversely affect our ability to react to changes in our business and limit our ability to use debt to fund future capital needs.
- . If we are unable to service our indebtedness, our indebtedness may be accelerated.
- . Our business depends on the demand for wireless communications, which may be lower or slower than anticipated.
- . The continuation of the current economic and telecommunications industry slowdown could materially and adversely affect our business and the business of our customers.
- . We may be unable to manage our significant growth.
- . The loss, consolidation or financial instability of any of our limited number of customers could materially decrease revenues.
- . Restrictive covenants on our debt instruments may limit our ability to take actions that may be in our best interests.
- . We operate in an increasingly competitive industry and many of our competitors have significantly more resources than we do.
- . Technology changes may significantly reduce the demand for towers.
- . 2.5G/3G and other technologies may not deploy or be adopted by customers

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as rapidly or in the manner projected.

- . Carrier consolidation or reduced carrier expansion may significantly reduce the demand for towers and wireless communication sites.
- . Network sharing and other agreements among our customers may act as alternatives to leasing sites from us.
- . We may not be able to construct or acquire new towers at the pace and in the locations that we desire.
- . Demand for our network services business is very volatile which causes our network services operating results to vary significantly for any particular period.
- . We anticipate significant capital expenditures and may need additional financing which may not be available.
- . We generally lease or sublease the land under our towers and may not be able to maintain these leases.
- . Extensive regulations, which could change at any time, govern our business and industry, and we could fail to comply with these regulations.
- . We could suffer from future claims if radio frequency emissions from equipment on our towers are demonstrated to cause negative health effects.
- . Our international operations expose us to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.
- . We are heavily dependent on our senior management.

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- . Disputes with customers and suppliers have recently increased.
- . Economic viability or acceptance of digital terrestrial broadcasting.

Should one or more of these risks materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expected. More information about potential factors which could affect the Company's financial results is included in the Risk Factors sections of the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the response to Part I, Item 1 of this report and the consolidated financial statements of the Company, including the related notes, and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Form 10-K. Any capitalized terms used but not defined in this Item have the same meaning given to them in the Form 10-K.

Results of Operations

During 2001 we completed the transactions with BellSouth and BellSouth DCS. Results of operations of these acquired towers are included in our consolidated financial statements for the periods subsequent to the respective dates of acquisition. As such, our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001 are not comparable to the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

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The following information is derived from our historical Consolidated Statements of Operations for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2001		Three Months Ended March 31, 2002	
	Amount	Percent of Net Revenues	Amount	Percent of Net Revenues
(In thousands of dollars)				
Net revenues:				
Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	\$134,042	62.9%	\$ 160,264	72.2%
Network services and other.....	78,911	37.1	60,353	27.8
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total net revenues.....	212,953	100.0	220,617	100.0
Operating expenses:				
Costs of operations:				
Site rental and broadcast transmission.....	57,739	43.1	62,066	38.8
Network services and other.....	55,456	70.3	43,725	72.2
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total costs of operations.....	113,195	53.2	105,791	47.7
General and administrative.....	25,895	12.2	21,788	9.9
Corporate development.....	3,453	1.6	2,239	1.0
Restructuring charges.....	--	--	5,852	2.7
Asset write-down charges.....	--	--	31,941	14.5
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	1,395	0.6	1,314	0.6
Depreciation and amortization.....	74,091	34.8	71,715	32.5
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income (loss).....	(5,076)	(2.4)	(20,023)	(9.1)
Other income (expense):				
Interest and other income (expense).....	3,092	1.5	(6,090)	(2.7)
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs.....	(66,655)	(31.3)	(76,319)	(34.5)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Loss before income taxes and minority interests.....	(68,639)	(32.2)	(102,432)	(46.3)
Provision for income taxes.....	(60)	(0.1)	(4,659)	(2.1)
Minority interests.....	644	0.3	3,698	1.7
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net loss.....	\$ (68,055)	(32.0)%	\$ (103,393)	(46.8)%
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001

Consolidated revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$220.6 million, an increase of \$7.7 million from the three months ended March 31, 2001. This increase was primarily attributable to:

- (1) a \$26.2 million, or 19.6%, increase in site rental and broadcast transmission revenues, of which \$4.1 million was attributable to CCUK, \$3.0 million was attributable to Crown Atlantic, \$2.0 million was attributable to CCAL and \$17.1 million was attributable to CCUSA,

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- (2) a \$6.2 million increase in network services and other revenues from CCUK, partially offset by
- (3) a \$23.3 million decrease in network services and other revenues from CCUSA, and
- (4) a \$2.1 million decrease in network services and other revenues from Crown Atlantic.

The following is a summary of tenant leasing activity on our tower sites:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2002
New tenants added on existing, newly constructed and acquired tower sites, net:		
CCUSA.....	931	762
Crown Atlantic.....	185	139
CCUK.....	626	399
CCAL.....	139	96
	1,881	1,396
=====		
Average monthly lease rate per new tenant added on existing tower sites:		
CCUSA and Crown Atlantic.....	\$1,476	\$1,479
CCUK.....	496	1,070
CCAL.....	629	558

The increases in site rental and broadcast transmission revenues reflect the new tenant additions on our tower sites. The increases or decreases in network services and other revenues reflect fluctuations in demand for antenna installation from our tenants along with fluctuations in third party service work.

Costs of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$105.8 million, a decrease of \$7.4 million from the three months ended March 31, 2001. This decrease was primarily attributable to:

- (1) a \$13.1 million decrease in network services costs related to CCUSA and
- (2) a \$2.2 million decrease in network services costs from Crown Atlantic, partially offset by
- (3) a \$4.3 million increase in site rental and broadcast transmission costs, of which \$1.7 million was attributable to CCUK, \$0.6 million was attributable to Crown Atlantic, \$1.1 million was attributable to CCAL and \$0.9 million was attributable to CCUSA, and
- (4) a \$3.2 million increase in network services costs from CCUK.

Costs of operations for site rental and broadcast transmission as a percentage of site rental and broadcast transmission revenues decreased to 38.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 from 43.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2001, because of higher margins attributable to incremental revenues from

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the CCUSA, Crown Atlantic and CCAL operations. Costs of operations for network services and other as a percentage of network services and other revenues increased to 72.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 from 70.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2001 because of lower margins from the CCUSA operations, partially offset by higher margins from the CCUK and Crown Atlantic operations.

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General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$21.8 million, a decrease of \$4.1 million from the three months ended March 31, 2001. This decrease was primarily attributable to:

- (1) a \$3.1 million decrease in expenses related to the CCUSA operations,
- (2) a \$0.9 million decrease in expenses at Crown Atlantic, and
- (3) a \$0.2 million decrease in expenses at CCAL, partially offset by
- (4) a \$0.1 million increase in expenses at our corporate office.

The decreases in general and administrative expenses resulted primarily from lower staffing levels after the restructuring of our business announced in July 2001. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased to 9.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 from 12.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2001 because of lower overhead costs as a percentage of revenues for CCUSA, CCAL, CCUK and Crown Atlantic.

Corporate development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$2.2 million, compared to \$3.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. This decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in expenses at our corporate office.

For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we recorded cash charges of \$3.7 million in connection with a restructuring of our CCUK business announced in March 2002. Such charges relate to staff redundancies and the disposition of certain service lines. We expect that the total charges reflected in our 2002 results of operations for this CCUK restructuring will be between approximately \$7.0 million and \$13.0 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we also recorded cash charges of \$2.1 million related to additional employee severance payments at our corporate office in connection with the July 2001 restructuring. See "--Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-Down Charges".

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, we abandoned a portion of our construction in process related to certain open projects and recorded related asset write-down charges of \$23.7 million for CCUSA and \$7.8 million for Crown Atlantic. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we also recorded asset write-down charges of \$0.4 million for CCUK related to certain inventories and property and equipment. See "--Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-Down Charges".

For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we recorded non-cash general and administrative compensation charges of \$1.3 million related to the issuance of stock and stock options to certain employees and executives, compared to \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2002 was \$71.7 million, a decrease of \$2.4 million from the three months ended March 31, 2001. This decrease was primarily attributable to:

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- (1) a \$15.7 million decrease in goodwill amortization resulting from the adoption of a new accounting standard for goodwill and other intangible assets, of which \$3.1 million was attributable to CCUSA, \$11.8 million was attributable to CCUK and \$0.8 million was attributable to Crown Atlantic (see "--Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards"), partially offset by
- (2) a \$3.1 million increase in depreciation related to property and equipment from CCUK,
- (3) a \$7.7 million increase in depreciation related to property and equipment from CCUSA,
- (4) a \$1.5 million increase in depreciation related to property and equipment from CCAL, and
- (5) a \$0.9 million increase in depreciation related to property and equipment from Crown Atlantic.

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Interest and other income (expense) for the three months ended March 31, 2002 resulted primarily from:

- (1) a charge of approximately \$7.0 million for the write-down of an investment in an unconsolidated affiliate,
- (2) our share of losses incurred by unconsolidated affiliates and
- (3) costs incurred in connection with unsuccessful network acquisitions, partially offset by
- (4) the investment of the net proceeds from our recent offerings.

Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs for the three months ended March 31, 2002 was \$76.3 million, an increase of \$9.7 million, or 14.5%, from the three months ended March 31, 2001. This increase was primarily attributable to interest on indebtedness at CCUSA, CCUK and Crown Atlantic, and interest on the 9 3/8% senior notes.

The provision for income taxes of \$4.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 consists primarily of a non-cash deferred tax liability recognized by CCUK. CCUK's deferred tax liability resulted from differences between book and tax basis for its property and equipment.

Minority interests represent the minority partner's 43.1% interest in Crown Atlantic's operations, the minority partner's 17.8% interest in the operations of the GTE joint venture and the minority shareholder's 22.4% interest in the CCAL operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our business strategy contemplates substantial capital expenditures in connection with the expansion of our tower portfolios by pursuing build-to-suit opportunities in the markets in which we currently operate.

Since its inception, CCIC has generally funded its activities, other than acquisitions and investments, through excess proceeds from contributions of equity capital and cash provided by operations. CCIC has financed acquisitions and investments with the proceeds from equity contributions, borrowings under

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our senior credit facilities and issuances of debt securities. Since its inception, CCUK has generally funded its activities, other than the acquisition of the BBC home service transmission business, through cash provided by operations and borrowings under CCUK's credit facility. CCUK financed the acquisition of the BBC home service transmission business with the proceeds from equity contributions and the issuance of the CCUK bonds.

For the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, our net cash provided by operating activities was \$44.9 million and \$16.0 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, our net cash provided by financing activities was \$443.7 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

Capital expenditures were \$73.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, of which \$0.3 million were for CCIC, \$41.6 million were for CCUSA, \$10.4 million were for Crown Atlantic, \$17.7 million were for CCUK and \$3.0 million were for CCAL. We anticipate that we will build, through the end of 2002, approximately 250 to 350 towers in the United States at a cost of approximately \$81 million and approximately 450 to 550 towers in the United Kingdom at a cost of approximately \$50 million. In addition, we are obligated to pay a site access fee to British Telecom in the amount of (Pounds)100.0 million (\$142.5 million). In April 2002, we reached agreement with British Telecom to defer until March 2003 payment of (Pounds)50.0 million (\$71.3 million) of the (Pounds)100.0 million originally due March 2002. We also expect to spend approximately \$125 million in the United States for tower improvements, including enhancements to the structural capacity of our domestic towers in order to support the anticipated leasing.

We expect that the execution of our new tower build, or build-to-suit, program will have a material impact on our liquidity. We expect that once integrated, these new towers will have a positive impact on liquidity, but will require some period of time to offset the initial adverse impact on liquidity. In addition, we believe that as new towers become operational and we begin to add tenants, they should result in a long-term increase in liquidity.

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To fund the execution of our business strategy, including the construction of new towers, we expect to use the net proceeds of our recent offerings and cash provided by operations. We do not currently expect to utilize further borrowings available under our U.S. and U.K. credit facilities in any significant amounts. We will have additional cash needs to fund our operations in the future. We may also have additional cash needs in the future if additional tower acquisitions or build-to-suit opportunities arise. If we do not otherwise have cash available, or borrowings under our credit facilities have otherwise been utilized, when our cash need arises, we would be forced to seek additional debt or equity financing or to forego the opportunity. In the event we determine to seek additional debt or equity financing, there can be no assurance that any such financing will be available, on commercially acceptable terms or at all, or permitted by the terms of our existing indebtedness.

As of March 31, 2002, we had consolidated cash and cash equivalents of \$780.0 million (including \$20.5 million at CCUSA, \$183.1 million at CCUK, \$30.5 million at Crown Atlantic, \$13.3 million at CCAL, \$377.9 million in an unrestricted investment subsidiary and \$154.6 million at CCIC and a restricted investment subsidiary), consolidated liquid investments (consisting of marketable securities) of \$164.0 million, consolidated long-term debt of \$3,437.9 million, consolidated redeemable preferred stock of \$888.6 million and consolidated stockholders' equity of \$2,253.7 million.

As of May 1, 2002, Crown Atlantic had unused borrowing availability under

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its amended credit facility of approximately \$45.0 million. As of May 1, 2002, our restricted U.S. and Australian subsidiaries had approximately \$500.0 million of unused borrowing availability under the 2000 credit facility. Our various credit facilities require our subsidiaries to maintain certain financial covenants and place restrictions on the ability of our subsidiaries to, among other things, incur debt and liens, pay dividends, make capital expenditures, undertake transactions with affiliates and make investments. These facilities also limit the ability of the borrowing subsidiaries to pay dividends to CCIC.

The primary factors that determine our subsidiaries' ability to comply with their debt covenants are (1) their current financial performance (based on earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or "EBITDA"), (2) their levels of indebtedness and (3) their debt service requirements. Since we do not currently expect that our subsidiaries will need to utilize significant additional borrowings under their credit facilities, the primary risk of a debt covenant violation would result from a deterioration of a subsidiary's EBITDA performance. In addition, certain of the credit facilities will require that EBITDA increase in future years as covenant calculations become more restrictive. Should a covenant violation occur in the future as a result of a shortfall in EBITDA performance (or for any other reason), we might be required to make principal payments earlier than currently scheduled and may not have access to additional borrowings under these facilities as long as the covenant violation continues. Any such early principal payments would have to be made from our existing cash balances.

In April 2002, ITVdigital ("ITV") announced plans to liquidate its assets, and it is anticipated that the liquidation will commence in the near future (see "Item 5. Other Information"). The termination of the ITV transmission contract is a Termination Event (a defined event of default) under the CCUK credit facility. We have entered into discussions with the banks in order to obtain an amendment to the CCUK credit facility such that the Termination Event would be cured. Based on these preliminary discussions, we do not currently believe that we will be required to prepay the outstanding borrowings under the CCUK credit facility as a result of this event of default. However, there can be no assurance that such an amendment can be obtained. As a result, we have reclassified all the outstanding borrowings under the CCUK credit facility as current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2002. If we are unable to obtain an amendment to the CCUK credit facility as discussed above, the uncured Termination Event would result in an event of default under the trust deed governing the CCUK bonds. As a result, we have also reclassified the principal amount of the CCUK bonds as a current liability on our consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2002.

If we are unable to refinance our subsidiary debt or renegotiate the terms of such debt, we may not be able to meet our debt service requirements, including interest payments on the notes, in the future. Our 9% senior notes, our 9 1/2% senior notes, our 10 3/4% senior notes and our 9 3/8% senior notes require annual cash interest

payments of approximately \$16.2 million, \$11.9 million, \$53.8 million and \$42.2 million, respectively. Prior to November 15, 2002, May 15, 2004 and August 1, 2004, the interest expense on our 10 5/8% discount notes, our 10 3/8% discount notes and our 11 1/4% discount notes, respectively, will be comprised solely of the amortization of original issue discount. Thereafter, the 10 5/8% discount notes, the 10 3/8% discount notes and the 11 1/4% discount notes will require annual cash interest payments of approximately \$26.7 million, \$51.9 million and \$29.3 million, respectively. Prior to December 15, 2003, we do not expect to

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pay cash dividends on our 12 3/4% exchangeable preferred stock or, if issued, cash interest on the exchange debentures. Thereafter, assuming all dividends or interest have been paid-in-kind, our exchangeable preferred stock or, if issued, the exchange debentures will require annual cash dividend or interest payments of approximately \$47.8 million. Annual cash interest payments on the CCUK bonds are (Pounds)11.25 million (\$16.0 million). In addition, our various credit facilities will require periodic interest payments on amounts borrowed thereunder, which amounts could be substantial.

As a holding company, CCIC will require distributions or dividends from its subsidiaries, or will be forced to use capital raised in debt and equity offerings, to fund its debt obligations, including interest payments on the cash-pay notes and eventually the 10 5/8% discount notes, the 10 3/8% discount notes and the 11 1/4% discount notes. The terms of the indebtedness of our subsidiaries significantly limit their ability to distribute cash to CCIC. As a result, we will be required to apply a portion of the net proceeds from the recent debt offerings to fund interest payments on the cash-pay notes. If we do not retain sufficient funds from the offerings or any future financing, we may not be able to make our interest payments on the cash-pay notes.

Our joint venture agreements with Bell Atlantic Mobile and GTE (both now part of Verizon Communications) provide that, upon dissolution of either venture, Verizon Communications will receive (1) the shares of our common stock contributed to the venture and (2) a payment equal to a percentage of the fair market value (at the dissolution date) of the venture's other net assets. As of March 31, 2002, such percentages would be approximately 24.1% for the Bell Atlantic Mobile venture and 11.0% for the GTE venture. The 24.1% payment for the Bell Atlantic Mobile venture could be paid either in cash or shares of our common stock, at our election. The 11.0% payment for the GTE venture could only be paid in cash. A dissolution of either venture may be triggered (1) by Verizon Communications at any time following the third anniversary of the formation of the applicable venture and (2) by us at any time following the fourth anniversary of such venture's formation (subject to certain penalties if prior to the seventh anniversary). Our joint venture with Bell Atlantic Mobile was formed on March 31, 1999, and our joint venture with GTE was formed on January 31, 2000.

Our ability to make scheduled payments of principal of, or to pay interest on, our debt obligations, and our ability to refinance any such debt obligations, will depend on our future performance, which, to a certain extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control. In addition, our ability to refinance any indebtedness in the future would depend in part on our maintaining adequate credit ratings from the commercial rating agencies. Such credit ratings are dependent on all the liquidity and performance factors discussed above, as well as general expectations that the rating agencies have regarding the outlook for our business and our industry. We anticipate that we may need to refinance a substantial portion of our indebtedness on or prior to its scheduled maturity. There can be no assurance that we will be able to effect any required refinancings of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

Restructuring Charges and Asset Write-Down Charges

For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we recorded cash charges of \$3.7 million in connection with a restructuring of our CCUK business announced in March 2002. Such charges relate to staff redundancies and the disposition of certain service lines. We expect that the total charges reflected in our 2002 results of operations for this CCUK restructuring will be between approximately \$7.0 million and \$13.0 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we also recorded cash charges of \$2.1 million related to additional employee severance payments at our corporate office in connection with the July 2001

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restructuring.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, we abandoned a portion of our construction in process related to certain open projects and recorded related asset write-down charges of \$23.7 million for CCUSA and \$7.8 million for Crown Atlantic. For the three months ended March 31, 2002, we also recorded asset write-down charges of \$0.4 million for CCUK related to certain inventories and property and equipment.

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Reporting Requirements Under the Indentures Governing the Company's Debt Securities (the "Indentures") and the Certificate of Designations Governing the Company's 12 3/4% Senior Exchangeable Preferred Stock the "Certificate")

The following information (as such capitalized terms are defined in the Indentures and the Certificate) is presented solely as a requirement of the Indentures and the Certificate; such information is not intended as an alternative measure of financial position, operating results or cash flow from operations (as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles). Furthermore, our measure of the following information may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Summarized financial information for (1) CCIC and our Restricted Subsidiaries and (2) our Unrestricted Subsidiaries is as follows:

	March 31, 2002			
Company and Restricted Subsidiaries	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Consolidation Eliminations	Consolidated Total	
(In thousands of dollars)				
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 188,450	\$ 591,568	\$ --	\$ 780,018
Other current assets.....	279,253	143,319	--	422,572
Property and equipment, net.....	3,339,096	1,472,592	--	4,811,688
Investments.....	91,500	--	--	91,500
Investments in Unrestricted Subsidiaries	2,077,745	--	(2,077,745)	--
Goodwill.....	164,023	871,475	--	1,035,498
Other assets, net.....	128,292	12,910	--	141,202
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$6,268,359	\$3,091,864	\$ (2,077,745)	\$7,282,478
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Current liabilities.....	\$ 201,283	\$ 517,163	\$ --	\$ 718,446
Long-term debt, less current maturities.	2,795,192	300,000	--	3,095,192
Other liabilities.....	36,703	123,008	--	159,711
Minority interests.....	92,878	73,948	--	166,826
Redeemable preferred stock.....	888,596	--	--	888,596
Stockholders' equity.....	2,253,707	2,077,745	(2,077,745)	2,253,707
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$6,268,359	\$3,091,864	\$ (2,077,745)	\$7,282,478
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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	Three Months Ended March 31, 2002		
	Company and Restricted Subsidiaries	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Consolidated Total
	(In thousands of dollars)		
Net revenues.....	\$122,248	\$ 98,369	\$ 220,617
Costs of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	56,567	49,224	105,791
General and administrative.....	18,284	3,504	21,788
Corporate development.....	2,239	--	2,239
Restructuring charges.....	2,126	3,726	5,852
Asset write-down charges.....	23,721	8,220	31,941
Non-cash general and administrative compensation charges.....	872	442	1,314
Depreciation and amortization.....	47,784	23,931	71,715
Operating income (loss).....	(29,345)	9,322	(20,023)
Interest and other income (expense).....	(599)	(5,491)	(6,090)
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs...	(64,117)	(12,202)	(76,319)
Provision for income taxes.....	(88)	(4,571)	(4,659)
Minority interests.....	1,523	2,175	3,698
Net loss.....	\$(92,626)	\$(10,767)	\$(103,393)

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Tower Cash Flow and Adjusted Consolidated Cash Flow for CCIC and our Restricted Subsidiaries is as follows under (1) the indenture governing the 10 5/8% Discount Notes and the Certificate (the "1997 and 1998 Securities") and (2) the indentures governing the 10 3/8% Discount Notes, the 9% Senior Notes, the 11 1/4% Discount Notes, the 9 1/2% Senior Notes, the 10 3/4% Senior Notes and the 9 3/8% Senior Notes (the "1999, 2000 and 2001 Securities"):

	1997 and 1998 Securities	1999, 2000 and 2001 Securities
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Tower Cash Flow, for the three months ended March 31, 2002.....	\$ 50,150	\$ 50,150
Consolidated Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002.....	\$ 173,100	\$ 182,430
Less: Tower Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002.....	(170,240)	(170,240)
Plus: four times Tower Cash Flow, for the three months ended March 31, 2002	200,600	200,600
Adjusted Consolidated Cash Flow, for the twelve months ended March 31, 2002	\$ 203,460	\$ 212,790

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations ("SFAS 141"), and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ("SFAS 142"). SFAS 141 prohibits the use of the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations, and requires that the purchase method be used for all business combinations after June 30, 2001. SFAS 141 also changes the manner in which acquired intangible assets are identified and recognized apart from goodwill. Further, SFAS 141 requires additional disclosures regarding the reasons for business combinations, the allocation of the purchase price to recognized assets and liabilities and the recognition of goodwill and other intangible assets. We have used the purchase method of accounting since our inception, so the adoption of SFAS 141 will not change our method of accounting for business combinations. We have adopted the other recognition and disclosure requirements of SFAS 141 as of July 1, 2001 for any future business combinations. The transition provisions of SFAS 141 require that the carrying amounts for goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in prior purchase method business combinations be reviewed and reclassified in accordance with the new recognition rules; such reclassifications are to be made in conjunction with the adoption of SFAS 142. The application of these transition provisions of SFAS 141 as of January 1, 2002 resulted in a reclassification of other intangible assets with finite useful lives (the value of site rental contracts from the acquisition of Crown Communication) to deferred financing costs and other assets on our consolidated balance sheet. The gross carrying amount, accumulated amortization and net book value of such reclassified intangible assets were approximately \$26.0 million, \$11.5 million and \$14.5 million, respectively. The net book value of these intangible assets will be amortized using a revised life of 10 years, resulting in amortization expense of approximately \$1.5 million for each of the years ending December 31, 2002 through 2006. We have no other intangible assets from prior business combinations.

SFAS 142 changes the accounting and disclosure requirements for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. The most significant provision of SFAS 142 is that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives will no longer be amortized, but rather will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. This annual impairment test will involve (1) a step to identify potential impairment at a reporting unit level based on fair values, and (2) a step to measure the amount of the impairment, if any. Intangible assets with finite useful lives will continue to be amortized over such lives, and tested for impairment in accordance with the Company's existing policies. SFAS 142 requires disclosures about goodwill and other intangible assets in the periods subsequent to their acquisition, including (1) changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, in total and by operating segment, (2) the carrying amounts of intangible assets subject to amortization and those which are not subject to amortization, (3) information about impairment losses recognized, and (4) the estimated amount of

intangible asset amortization expense for the next five years. The provisions of SFAS 142 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001.

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In addition, the nonamortization provisions of SFAS 142 were to be immediately applied for goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in business combinations subsequent to June 30, 2001. The Company has adopted the requirements of SFAS 142 as of January 1, 2002. SFAS 142 requires that transitional impairment tests be performed at its adoption, and provides that resulting impairment losses for goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives be reported as the effect of a change in accounting principle. The Company has not yet completed its transitional impairment tests but, based on preliminary results of those tests, does not currently believe that an impairment loss for goodwill and other intangible assets will be recorded upon the adoption of SFAS 142. The Company expects that its depreciation and amortization expense will decrease by approximately \$60.6 million per year as a result of the adoption of SFAS 142. If amortization of goodwill had not been recorded, and if amortization of other intangible assets had been recorded using the revised life, our net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2001 would have been approximately \$52.7 million, or \$0.34 per share.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CROWN CASTLE INTERNATIONAL CORP.

Date: August 12, 2002

/S/ W. BENJAMIN MORELAND
By: _____
W. Benjamin Moreland
Senior Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 12, 2002

/S/ WESLEY D. CUNNINGHAM
By: _____
Wesley D. Cunningham
Senior Vice President, Chief
Accounting Officer
and Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Certification Pursuant to

18 U.S.C. Section 1350

As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Crown Castle International Corp., a Delaware Corporation (the "Company"), for the period ending March 31, 2002 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of such officer's knowledge:

1) the Report complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of March 31, 2002 (the last date of the period covered by the Report).

/s/ JOHN P. KELLY

John P. Kelly

President and Chief Executive Officer

August 12, 2002

/s/ W. BENJAMIN MORELAND

W. Benjamin Moreland

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial

Officer and Treasurer

August 12, 2002