OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP Form 10-Q November 09, 2016

United States Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 0-20914

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio 31-1359191 (State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

420 Third AvenueGallipolis, Ohio45631(Address of principal executive offices)(ZIP Code)

(740) 446-2631 (Issuer's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of common shares of the registrant outstanding as of November 9, 2016 was 4,665,765.

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP.

Index

PART I.

	Page Number
FINANCIAL INFORMATION	

Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	4
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	6
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	27
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	39
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	40
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	40
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	40
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	40

Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	40
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	41
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	41
Item 5.	Other Information	41
Item 6.	Exhibits	41
Signatures	8	42
Exhibit In	dex	43

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

ASSETS	September 30, 2016 UNAUDITED	December 31, 2015
ASSETS Cash and noninterest-bearing deposits with banks Interest-bearing deposits with banks Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,864 48,021 61,885	\$9,475 36,055 45,530
Certificates of deposit in financial institutions	1,670	1,715
Securities available for sale	104,860	91,651
Securities held to maturity (estimated fair value: 2016 - \$20,737; 2015 - \$20,790)	19,651	19,903
Restricted investments in bank stocks	6,939	6,576
Total loans	721,587	585,752
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(7,537	(6,648)
Net loans	714,050	579,104
Premises and equipment, net	12,484	10,404
Other real estate owned	2,616	2,358
Accrued interest receivable	2,247	1,819
Goodwill	7,052	1,267
Bank owned life insurance and annuity assets	29,199	28,352
Other assets	7,577	7,606
Total assets	\$ 970,230	\$796,285
LIABILITIES Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Total deposits	\$ 215,933 589,850 805,783	\$176,499 484,247 660,746
Other borrowed funds	35,665	23,946
Subordinated debentures	8,500	8,500
Accrued liabilities	14,494	12,623
Total liabilities	864,442	705,815
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (See Note 6) SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Common stock (\$1.00 stated value per share, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 2016 - 5,325,504 shares issued; 2015 - 4,777,414 shares issued)	 5,326	 4,777
Additional paid-in capital	46,788	35,318
Retained earnings	68,073	65,782

Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,313	305
Treasury stock, at cost (659,739 shares)	(15,712) (15,712)
Total shareholders' equity	105,788	90,470
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 970,230	\$796,285

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended September 30, 2016 2015		Nine months ended September 30, 2016 2015	
Interest and dividend income:				
Loans, including fees	\$9,085	\$8,323	\$26,147	\$25,372
Securities				
Taxable	486	463	1,465	1,365
Tax exempt	111	130	337	403
Dividends	75	73	222	219
Other Interest	67	27	336	150
	9,824	9,016	28,507	27,509
Interest expense:				
Deposits	597	569	1,605	1,659
Other borrowed funds	190	119	462	360
Subordinated debentures	52	43	149	126
	839	731	2,216	2,145
Net interest income	8,985	8,285	26,291	25,364
Provision for loan losses	1,708	(11)	-	710
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	7,277	8,296	23,963	24,654
Noninterest income:				
Service charges on deposit accounts	575	415	1,414	1,161
Trust fees	58	52	174	167
Income from bank owned life insurance and annuity assets	175	172	575	486
Mortgage banking income	44	77	162	191
Electronic refund check / deposit fees	13	12	2,037	2,362
Debit / credit card interchange income	653	604	1,864	1,769
Gain (loss) on other real estate owned	(8)			60
Gain on sale of securities		28		163
Other	183	224	563	631
	1,693	1,584	6,789	6,990
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	5,032	4,556	14,130	13,382
Occupancy	466	404	1,300	1,194
Furniture and equipment	285	192	671	564
Professional fees	342	347	1,020	1,056
Marketing expense	249	232	744	701
FDIC insurance	81	144	378	442
Data processing	380	323	1,069	1,053
Software	368	304	962	813
Foreclosed assets	61	74	247	171
Merger related expenses	416		777	
Other	1,148	1,151	3,272	3,332
	8,828	7,727	24,570	22,708

Income before income taxes Provision for income taxes	142 (216)	,	6,182 1,286	8,936 2,260
NET INCOME	\$358	\$1,642	\$4,896	\$6,676
Earnings per share	\$.08	\$.40	\$1.15	\$1.62

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements 4

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net Income	\$358	\$1,642	\$4,896	\$6,676
Other comprehensive income:				
Change in unrealized gain on available for sale securities	91	472	1,528	(44)
Reclassification adjustment for realized (gains)		(28)		(163)
	91	444	1,528	(207)
Related tax (expense) benefit	(31)	(151)	(520)	71
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	60	293	1,008	(136)
Total comprehensive income	\$418	\$1,935	\$5,904	\$6,540

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements 5

5

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three months			
	ended	• •	Nine months ended	
	September		September	-
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Balance at beginning of period	\$94,796	\$88,885	\$90,470	\$86,216
Net income	358	1,642	4,896	6,676
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	60	293	1,008	(136)
Acquisition – Milton Bancorp, Inc., 523,518 shares	11,444		11,444	
Common stock issued to ESOP, 24,572 shares			575	
Cash dividends	(870)	(865)	(2,605)	(2,801)
Balance at end of period	\$105,788	\$89,955	\$105,788	\$89,955
Cash dividends per share	\$.19	\$.21	\$.61	\$.68

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements 6

OHIO VALLEY BANC CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands)

	Nine mont September 2016	
Net cash provided by operating activities:	\$9,761	\$8,585
Investing activities: Net cash acquired from Milton Bancorp, Inc., acquisition Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Purchases of securities available for sale Proceeds from maturities of securities held to maturity Purchases of securities held to maturity Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Proceeds from maturities of certificates of deposit in financial institutions Purchases of certificates of deposit in financial institutions Purchases of certificates of deposit in financial institutions Proceeds from restricted investments in bank stocks Net change in loans Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned Purchases of premises and equipment	1,686 13,818 (17,691) 1,218 (3,193) 490 (445) 1 (24,186) 593 (633)	1,967 (626) 10,550 (735) 6,933 487 (1,418)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Financing activities:	(28,342)	3,612
Change in deposits Cash dividends Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings Change in other long-term borrowings Change in other short-term borrowings Net cash provided by financing activities	25,822 (2,605) 8,202 (1,450) 5,000 (33) 34,936	(2,801) 400 (1,343)
Change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	16,355 45,530 \$61,885	33,183 30,977 \$64,160
Supplemental disclosure:		
Cash paid for interest Cash paid for income taxes Transfers from loans to other real estate owned Other real estate owned sales financed by The Ohio Valley Bank Company Issuance of common stock for Milton Bancorp, Inc., acquisition	\$2,112 1,675 851 316 11,444	\$2,047 2,450 525

See Note 2 for non-cash transactions related to business combination

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements 7

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION: The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ohio Valley Banc Corp. ("Ohio Valley") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, The Ohio Valley Bank Company (the "Bank"), Loan Central, Inc. ("Loan Central"), a consumer finance company, Ohio Valley Financial Services Agency, LLC ("Ohio Valley Financial Services"), an insurance agency, and OVBC Captive, Inc. ("the Captive"), a limited purpose property and casualty insurance company. Ohio Valley and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Company". All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These interim financial statements are prepared by the Company without audit and reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at September 30, 2016, and its results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be anticipated for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("US GAAP") that might otherwise be necessary in the circumstances. The Annual Report of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2015 contains consolidated financial statements and related notes which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements. On August 5, 2016, the Company completed the merger of Milton Bancorp, Inc. ("Milton Bancorp") into Ohio Valley ("the Merger"). Immediately following the Merger, Milton Bancorp's wholly-owned subsidiary, The Milton Banking Company ("Milton Bank"), was merged with and into the Bank. Further information regarding the merger can be

found within Note 2 – Business Combinations of this Form 10-Q.

The consolidated financial statements for 2015 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for 2016. These reclassifications had no effect on the net results of operations or shareholders' equity.

<u>USE OF ESTIMATES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>: The accounting and reporting policies followed by the Company conform to US GAAP established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and actual results could differ.

INDUSTRY SEGMENT INFORMATION: Internal financial information is primarily reported and aggregated in two lines of business, banking and consumer finance.

EARNINGS PER SHARE: Earnings per share are computed based on net income divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average common shares outstanding were 4,466,601 and 4,246,311 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The weighted average common shares outstanding were 4,117,675 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. Ohio Valley had no dilutive effect and no potential common shares issuable under stock options or other agreements for any period presented.

<u>NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:</u> In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)". The ASU creates a new topic, Topic 606, to provide guidance on revenue recognition for entities that enter into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enter into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Additional disclosures are required to provide quantitative and qualitative information regarding the nature, amount, timing, and

uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted on January 1, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". The update provides updated accounting and reporting requirements for both public and non-public entities. The most significant provisions that will impact the Company are: 1) equity securities available for sale will be measured at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognized in the income statement; 2) eliminate the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments at amortized cost on the balance sheet; 3) utilization of the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; and 4) require separate presentation of both financial assets and liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or accompanying notes to the financial statements. The update will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, using a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the year of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued an update (ASU 2016-02, Leases) which will require lessees to record most leases on their balance sheet and recognize leasing expenses in the income statement. Operating leases, except for short-term leases that are subject to an accounting policy election, will be recorded on the balance sheet for lessees by establishing a lease liability and corresponding right-of-use asset. The guidance in this ASU will become effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses". ASU 2016-13 requires entities to report "expected" credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit rather than the current "incurred loss" model. These expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date are to be based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. This ASU will also require enhanced disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an entity's portfolio. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative requirements that provide additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements. This ASU is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted, for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact this update will have on the Company's financial statements and results of operations.

In August 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows" (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which amends the guidance in ASC 230 on the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows. The primary purpose of the ASU is to reduce the diversity in practice that has resulted from the lack of consistent principles on this topic. The ASU's amendments add or clarify guidance on eight cash flow issues:

· Debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs.

 \cdot Settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments or other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing.

- · Contingent consideration payments made after a business combination.
- · Proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims.

· Proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, including bank-owned life insurance policies.

- \cdot Distributions received from equity method investees.
- \cdot Beneficial interests in securitization transactions.
- · Separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle.

For public business entities, the guidance in the ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. Entities must apply the guidance retrospectively to all periods presented but may apply it prospectively from the earliest date practicable if retrospective application would be impracticable. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

As of the close of business on August 5, 2016, Ohio Valley completed its merger with Milton Bancorp pursuant to the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of January 7, 2016, by and between Ohio Valley and Milton Bancorp (the "Merger Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, Milton Bancorp was merged with and into Ohio Valley. Immediately following the Merger, Milton Bank was merged with and into the Bank. As a result of the Merger and in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement, each Milton Bancorp share was converted into the right to receive either 1,636 Ohio Valley common shares, no par value, or cash in the amount of \$37,219, subject to certain allocation procedures set forth in the Merger Agreement pursuant to which 80% of the 400 outstanding Milton Bancorp common shares were converted into the right to receive common shares and

the remaining 20% of the outstanding Milton Bancorp common shares were converted into the right to receive cash. Each of the 1,237 Milton Bancorp preferred shares issued and outstanding were converted into the right to receive a cash payment in the amount of \$3,600 per preferred share. The consideration paid for Milton Bancorp totaled \$18,875, of which \$11,444 was the market value of the Company's common shares and \$7,431 was cash. Ohio Valley financed part of the cash portion of the purchase price through \$5,000 in borrowed funds. Milton Bank's results of operations were included in the Company's results beginning August 6, 2016. Through September 30, 2016, merger-related costs of \$777 associated with the acquisition have been expensed, and the remaining merger-related costs will be expensed in future periods as incurred. Since the majority of merger costs have been incurred at September 30, 2016, the Company expects the remaining merger-related expenses to be immaterial. The fair value of the common shares issued as part of the consideration paid for Milton Bancorp was determined in the basis of the closing price of the Company's common shares on the acquisition date. After the Merger, the Company's assets totaled approximately \$950 million and branches increased to 19 locations.

Goodwill of \$5,785 arising from the acquisition consisted largely of synergies from combining the operations of the companies. The following table summarizes the consideration paid for Milton Bancorp and the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized at the acquisition date:

Consideration:	
Cash	\$7,431
Equity Instruments	11,444
Fair value of total consideration transferred	\$18,875
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets ac	equired and liabilities assumed
Cash and cash equivalents	
Securities	
Restricted investments in bank stock	
Loans	
Premises and equipment	
Other real estate owned	
Bank owned life insurance	
Other assets	
Total assets acquired	
Deposits	
Other liabilities	
Total liabilities assumed	
Total identifiable net assets	

Goodwill			

\$18,875

5,785

119,215 (9

119,206

13,090

)

\$9,117 5,868 364 113,298 2,216 641 272 520 132,296

The fair value of net assets acquired reflect only the fair value adjustments to securities. We are continuing to evaluate the fair value adjustments associated with loans, premises and equipment, and time deposits, as well as the valuation of intangible assets related to core deposits. As such, the amounts presented in the table above are considered to be preliminary and are subject to change. The remaining purchase accounting adjustments are expected to be posted in the fourth quarter of 2016. Currently, management does not believe that purchase credit impaired loans acquired in the acquisition to be material.

10

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The following is a description of the Company's valuation methodologies used to measure and disclose the fair values of its financial assets and liabilities on a recurring or nonrecurring basis:

Securities: The fair values for securities are determined by quoted market prices, if available (Level 1). For securities where quoted prices are not available, fair values are calculated based on market prices of similar securities (Level 2). For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators (Level 3). During times when trading is more liquid, broker quotes are used (if available) to validate the model. Rating agency and industry research reports as well as defaults and deferrals on individual securities are reviewed and incorporated into the calculations.

Impaired Loans: At the time a loan is considered impaired, it is valued at the lower of cost or fair value. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally receive specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses. For collateral dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

Other Real Estate Owned: Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Appraisals for both collateral-dependent impaired loans and other real estate owned are performed by certified general appraisers (for commercial properties) or certified residential appraisers (for residential properties) whose qualifications and licenses have been reviewed and verified by the Company. Once received, a member of management reviews the assumptions and approaches utilized in the appraisal as well as the overall resulting fair value in comparison with management's own assumptions of fair value based on factors that include recent market

data or industry-wide statistics. On an as-needed basis, the Company reviews the fair value of collateral, taking into consideration current market data, as well as all selling costs that typically approximate 10%. 11

Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2016 Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Significant Identi@ther Significant				
	Identi Q1 her	Significant			
	AssetsObservable	Unobservable			
	(LeveInputs	Inputs			
	1) (Level 2)	(Level 3)			
Assets:					
U.S. Government sponsored entity securities	\$ 10,636				
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	94,224				
Assets:	Fair Value Measur December 31, 201: Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Significant Identi@ther AssetsObservable (LeveInputs 1) (Level 2)				
	\$ 8,965				
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential					
Agency mongage-backed securities, residential	02,000				

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during 2016 or 2015.

Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Nonrecurring Basis Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis are summarized below:

> Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2016, Using Quote**8**ignificant Significant PricesOther Unobservable in Observable Inputs Activdnputs (Level 3) Marke(tkevel 2) for Identical Assets

	(Leve 1)	el		
Assets:				
Impaired loans:				
Commercial real estate:				
Owner-occupied			\$	3,843
Nonowner-occupied				2,147
Commercial and industrial				298
Other real estate owned:				
Commercial real estate:				
Construction				1,147
	Fair V	Value Measure	eme	ents at
	Dece	mber 31, 2015	5, U	Jsing
	Quote			
	Price	8		
	in			
	Activ	-		
	Mark			
		Significant		
		i Cat her		gnificant
		SObservable	-	nobservable
		Inputs		puts
A	1)	(Level 2)	(L	level 3)
Assets:				
Impaired loans: Commercial real estate:				
Nonowner-occupied			¢	2,473
Commercial and industrial			φ	3,779
				5,117
Other real estate owned:				
Commercial real estate:				
Construction				1,147

At September 30, 2016, the recorded investment of impaired loans measured for impairment using the fair value of collateral-dependent loans totaled \$9,169, with a corresponding valuation allowance of \$2,881, resulting in an increase of \$819 in provision expense during the three months ended September 30, 2016, and an increase of \$2,477 during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, with no additional charge-offs recognized. This is compared to an increase of \$107 in provision expense during the three months ended September 30, 2015, and an increase of \$94 in provision expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, with \$1,782 in additional charge-offs recognized. At December 31, 2015, the recorded investment of impaired loans measured for impairment using the fair value of collateral for collateral-dependent loans totaled \$7,811, with a corresponding valuation allowance of \$1,559, resulting in an increase of \$741 in provision expense during the year ended December 31, 2015, with \$1,422 in additional charge-offs recognized.

12

Other real estate owned that was measured at fair value less costs to sell at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 had a net carrying amount of \$1,147, which is made up of the outstanding balance of \$2,217, net of a valuation allowance of \$1,070 at December 31, 2015. There were no corresponding write downs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

The following table presents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

September 30, 2016 Impaired loans: Commercial real estate:	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range	(Weighted Average)
				0% to	
Owner-occupied	\$ 3,843	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	45%	15.99%
				0% to	
		Cost approach	Adjustment to comparables	29.5%	14.76%
				0% to	
Nonowner-occupied	2,147	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	12.5%	6.9%
				0.9%	
				to	
Commercial and industrial	298	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	9.7%	5.2%
Other real estate owned: Commercial real estate: Construction	1,147	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	0% to 35%	15.2%
	Fair	Valuation	Unobservable		Waishtad
December 31, 2015 Impaired loans: Commercial real estate:	Value	Technique(s)	Input(s)	Range	(Weighted Average)
Commercial real estate.				0% to	
Nonowner-occupied	\$ 2 473	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	12.5%	5.7%
Tonowner occupied	<i>ψ2</i> ,175	Sules approach	rajustitient to comparables	0.9%	5.170
Commercial and industrial	3,779	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	to 30%	14.3%
Other real estate owned:					

Commercial real estate:

				0% to	
Construction	1,147	Sales approach	Adjustment to comparables	35%	15.2%

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2016 Using:

	Carrying				
	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$61,885	\$61,885	\$	\$	\$61,885
Certificates of deposit in financial institutions	1,670		1,670		1,670
Securities available for sale	104,860		104,860		104,860
Securities held to maturity	19,651		10,356	10,381	20,737
Restricted investments in bank stocks	6,939	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Loans, net	714,050			722,276	722,276
Accrued interest receivable	2,247		361	1,886	2,247
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	805,783	215,933	590,489		806,422
Other borrowed funds	35,665		35,990		35,990
Subordinated debentures	8,500		5,801		5,801
Accrued interest payable	517	2	515		517

		Fair Value Measurements at December 2015 Using:					
	Carrying						
	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$45,530	\$45,530	\$	\$	\$45,530		
Certificates of deposit in financial institutions	1,715		1,715		1,715		
Securities available for sale	91,651		91,651		91,651		
Securities held to maturity	19,903		9,814	10,976	20,790		
Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock	6,576	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Loans, net	579,104			582,427	582,427		
Accrued interest receivable	1,819		224	1,595	1,819		
Financial liabilities:							
Deposits	660,746	176,499	484,636		661,135		
Other borrowed funds	23,946		23,672		23,672		
Subordinated debentures	8,500		5,368		5,368		
Accrued interest payable	449	4	445		449		

The methods and assumptions, not previously presented, used to estimate fair values are described as follows:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

<u>Certificates of Deposit in Financial Institutions</u>: The carrying amounts of certificates of deposit in financial institutions approximate fair values and are classified as Level 2.

<u>Securities Held to Maturity:</u> The fair values for securities held to maturity are determined in the same manner as securities held for sale and discussed earlier in this note. Level 3 securities consist of nonrated municipal bonds and tax credit ("QZAB") bonds.

<u>Restricted Investments in Bank Stocks</u>: It is not practical to determine the fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Reserve Bank and United Bankers Bank stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability.

Loans: Fair values of loans are estimated as follows: The fair value of fixed rate loans is estimated by discounting future cash flows using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality resulting in a Level 3 classification. For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values resulting in a Level 3 classification. Impaired loans are valued at the lower of cost or fair value as described previously. The methods utilized to estimate the fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.

<u>Deposit Liabilities</u>: The fair values disclosed for noninterest-bearing deposits are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount) resulting in a Level 1 classification. The carrying amounts of variable rate, fixed-term money market accounts and certificates of deposit approximate their fair values at the reporting date resulting in a Level 2 classification. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flows calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits resulting in a Level 2 classification.

<u>Other Borrowed Funds</u>: The carrying values of the Company's short-term borrowings, generally maturing within ninety days, approximate their fair values resulting in a Level 2 classification. The fair values of the Company's

long-term borrowings are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.

<u>Subordinated Debentures</u>: The fair values of the Company's Subordinated Debentures are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements resulting in a Level 2 classification.

14

<u>Accrued Interest Receivable and Payable</u>: The carrying amount of accrued interest approximates fair value, resulting in a classification that is consistent with the earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities with which it is associated.

<u>Off-balance Sheet Instruments</u>: Fair values for off-balance sheet, credit-related financial instruments are based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties' credit standing. The fair value of commitments is not material.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

NOTE 4 – SECURITIES

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of securities available for sale and securities held to maturity at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and the corresponding amounts of gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and gross unrecognized gains and losses:

		Gross	Gross	Estimated
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
Securities Available for Sale	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
<u>September 30, 2016</u>				
U.S. Government sponsored entity securities	\$10,627	\$9	\$	\$10,636
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	92,243	1,986	(5) 94,224
Total securities	\$102,870	\$ 1,995	\$ (5) \$104,860
<u>December 31, 2015</u>				
U.S. Government sponsored entity securities	\$9,011	\$	\$ (46) \$8,965
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	82,178	981	(473) 82,686
Total securities	\$91,189	\$ 981	\$ (519) \$91,651

	Amortized	-	ross nrecognized	Gro Un	oss recognized	Estimated Fair
Securities Held to Maturity	Cost		ains	_	sses	Value
<u>September 30, 2016</u>						
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$ 19,646	\$	1,090	\$	(4) \$20,732
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	5					5
Total securities	\$ 19,651	\$	1,090	\$	(4) \$20,737
December 21, 2015						
December 31, 2015	¢ 10.000			¢	/ -	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$ 19,898	\$	892	\$	(5) \$20,785
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	5					5
Total securities	\$ 19,903	\$	892	\$	(5) \$20,790

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at September 30, 2016, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain issuers may have the right to call or prepay the debt obligations prior to their contractual maturities. Securities not due at a single maturity are

shown separately.

	Available	for Sale	Held to M	Aaturity
		Estimated		Estimated
	Amortized Fair AmortizedFair			
Debt Securities:	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$4,002	\$4,003	\$395	\$ 398
Due in over one to five years	6,625	6,633	7,160	7,540
Due in over five to ten years			9,800	10,471
Due after ten years			2,291	2,323
Agency mortgage-backed securities, residential	92,243	94,224	5	5
Total debt securities	\$102,870	\$104,860	\$19,651	\$ 20,737

The following table summarizes securities with unrealized losses at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, aggregated by major security type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position:

September 30, 2016	Less Than 12 Months Fair Unrealized	12 Months or More Fair Unrealized	Total Fair	Unrealized
	Value Loss	Value Loss	Value	Loss
Securities Available for Sal Agency mortgage-backed		Value 1035	value	L 035
securities, residential	\$1,067 \$ (5)	\$ \$	\$1,067	\$ (5)
Total available for sale	\$1,067 \$ (5) \$1,067 \$ (5)	\$ \$	\$1,067	
			. ,	
	Months M		otal	
		ir Unrealized Fa		ealized
	Value Loss Va	alue Loss Va	alue Loss	3
Securities Held to Maturity Obligations of states and				
political subdivisions	\$587 \$ (4) \$- \$587 \$ (4) \$-	\$ \$5	587 \$	(4)
Total held to maturity	\$587 \$ (4) \$-	\$ \$5	587 \$	(4)
December 31, 2015	Less Than 12 Months Fair Unrealized	12 Months or Mo I Fair Unrealiz	ore Tota zed Fair	-
	Value Loss	Value Loss	Valu	ie Loss
Securities Available for Sal U.S. Government sponsored				
entity securities	\$7,964 \$ (46) \$	\$7,9	64 \$ (46)
Agency mortgage-backed				
securities, residential	42,112 (407) 3,645 (66) 45,	,757 (473)
Total available for sale	\$50,076 \$ (453			,721 \$ (519)
			, , ,	
	Less Than 12			
	Months	12 Months or Mor	e Total	
		Fair Unrecogniz		Unrecognized
	Value Loss	Value Loss		e Loss
Securities Held to Maturity Obligations of states and				
political subdivisions	\$995 \$ (5)	\$ \$	\$995	\$ (5)
Total held to maturity		ψψ	$\psi / J J$	Ψ (J)

There were no sales of investment securities during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company had proceeds of \$10,550 pertaining to securities sales on available for sale securities with gross gains recognized of \$28 and \$163 for both periods. Unrealized losses on the Company's debt securities have not been recognized into income because the issuers' securities are of high credit quality as of September 30, 2016, and management does not intend to sell and it is likely that management will not be required to sell the securities prior to their anticipated recovery. Management does not believe any individual unrealized loss at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 represents an other-than-temporary impairment.

NOTE 5 - LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Loans are comprised of the following:	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Residential real estate	\$273,335	\$223,875
Commercial real estate:		
Owner-occupied	82,204	73,458
Nonowner-occupied	98,923	72,002
Construction	34,494	23,852
Commercial and industrial	97,192	81,936
Consumer:		
Automobile	58,359	44,566
Home equity	20,159	20,841
Other	56,921	45,222
	721,587	585,752
Less: Allowance for loan losses	7,537	6,648
Loans, net	\$714,050	\$579,104
16		

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

						C	ommercia	al			
	Resider	ntial	С	ommercia	al	an	ıd				
<u>September 30, 2016</u>	Real Es	state	R	eal Estate	e	In	dustrial	C	Consume	r	Total
Allowance for loan losses:											
Beginning balance	\$ 906		\$	3,464		\$	1,416	\$	1,148		\$6,934
Provision for loan losses	228			802			149		529		1,708
Loans charged off	(151))	(11)		(587)	(704)	(1,453)
Recoveries	30			19			1		298		348
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,013	3	\$	4,274		\$	979	\$	1,271		\$7,537

	Residentia	al C	Commercia	-	Commercial and		
September 30, 2015	Real Estat	e F	eal Estate	Ι	ndustrial	Consumer	Total
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$ 1,230	\$	2,795	9	5 2,287	\$ 1,132	\$7,444
Provision for loan losses	(166)	(214)	205	164	(11)
Loans charged-off	(40)	(596)		(309) (945)
Recoveries	219		15		11	169	414
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,243	\$	2,000	9	5 2,503	\$ 1,156	\$6,902

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

<u>September 30, 2016</u>	1001001000	Commercial Real Estate	Commercial and Industrial	Consumer Total
Allowance for loan losses:				
Beginning balance	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,959	\$ 2,589	\$ 1,013 \$ 6,648
Provision for loan losses	10	2,264	(1,035) 1,089 2,328
Loans charged off	(322)	(63)	(587) (1,540) (2,512)
Recoveries	238	114	12	709 1,073
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,013	\$ 4,274	\$ 979	\$ 1,271 \$7,537

September 30, 2015		Commercial Real Estate	Commercia and Industrial	ll Consumer Total
Allowance for loan losses:				
Beginning balance	\$ 1,426	\$ 4,195	\$ 1,602	\$ 1,111 \$ 8,334
Provision for loan losses	(256) (272)	697	541 710
Loans charged-off	(263) (1,970)	(24) (1,016) (3,273)
Recoveries	336	47	228	520 1,131
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,243	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,503	\$ 1,156 \$ 6,902

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment of loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	Residential	Commercial	Commercial		
<u>September 30, 2016</u>	Real Estate	Real Estate		Consumer	Total

			and Industrial		
Allowance for loan losses:					
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:	¢	• • •	• • • • •		\$ 2 0 5 2
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	\$ 2,705	\$ 245	\$2	\$2,952
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,013	1,569	734	1,269	4,585
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,013	\$ 4,274	\$ 979	\$1,271	\$7,537
Loans:					
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$724	\$ 13,391	\$ 9,099	\$216	\$23,430
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	272,611	202,230	88,093	135,223	698,157
Total ending loans balance	\$273,335	\$ 215,621	\$ 97,192	\$135,439	\$721,587

			Commercial		
	Residential	Commercial	and		
December 31, 2015	Real Estate	Real Estate	Industrial	Consumer	Total
Allowance for loan losses:					
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:					
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	\$ 311	\$ 1,850	\$3	\$2,164
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,087	1,648	739	1,010	4,484
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,959	\$ 2,589	\$1,013	\$6,648
Loans:					
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 1,001	\$ 7,318	\$ 8,691	\$218	\$17,228
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	222,874	161,994	73,245	110,411	568,524
Total ending loans balance	\$ 223,875	\$ 169,312	\$ 81,936	\$110,629	\$585,752

The following tables present information related to loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

September 30, 2016 With an allowance recorded:	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated
Commercial real estate:			
Owner-occupied	\$ 5,918	\$ 5,918	\$ 2,603
Nonowner-occupied	387	387	102
Commercial and industrial	391	391	245
Consumer:			
Home equity	216	216	2
With no related allowance recorded:			
Residential real estate	724	724	
Commercial real estate:			
Owner-occupied	3,291	2,744	
Nonowner-occupied	5,614	3,798	
Construction	641	544	
Commercial and industrial	8,708	8,708	
Total	\$ 25,890	\$ 23,430	\$ 2,952
	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Allowance for Loan Losses
December 31, 2015	Balance	Investment	Allocated
With an allowance recorded:	Dalance	mvestment	mocated
Commercial real estate:			
Owner-occupied	\$204	\$ 204	\$ 204
Nonowner-occupied	\$204 396	\$ 204 396	\$ 20 4 107
Commercial and industrial	4,355	4,355	1,850
	4,555	4,555	1,000

Nonowner-occupied	396	396	107
Commercial and industrial	4,355	4,355	1,850
Consumer:			
Home equity	218	218	3
With no related allowance recorded:			
Residential real estate	1,001	1,001	

Commercial real estate:			
Owner-occupied	3,812	3,265	
Nonowner-occupied	5,178	2,773	
Construction	680	680	
Commercial and industrial	4,336	4,336	
Total	\$20,180	\$ 17,228	\$ 2,164

The following tables present information related to loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	-				Nine months ended September 30 2016			nber 30,		
	Average Impaired Loans	In		In	ash Basis terest ecognized	Average Impaired Loans	In		In	ash Basis terest ecognized
With an allowance recorded:										
Commercial real estate:										
Owner-occupied	\$5,427	\$	94	\$	94	\$2,815	\$	241	\$	241
Nonowner-occupied	389		5		5	392		15		15
Commercial and industrial	391					391				
Consumer:										
Home equity	217		1		1	218		5		5
With no related allowance recorded:										
Residential real estate	725		4		4	728		20		20
Commercial real estate:										
Owner-occupied	2,797		37		37	2,879		120		120
Nonowner-occupied	3,680		33		33	3,557		75		75
Construction	363		11		11	521		108		108
Commercial and industrial	8,575		103		103	8,234		290		290
Total	\$22,564	\$	288	\$	288	\$19,735	\$	874	\$	874
	Three months ended September 30, 2015				Nine months ended September 30, 2015					
		01111	is chied be	pte	inder 50,		itiis	s chucu Sep	nen	1001 50,
	2015			-		2015		-		
	2015 Average	In	terest	Ca	ish Basis	2015 Average	In	terest	Ca	ash Basis
	2015 Average Impaired	In In	terest come	Ca In	ish Basis terest	2015 Average Impaired	In In	terest come	Ca Int	ash Basis terest
With an allowance recorded:	2015 Average	In In	terest	Ca In	ish Basis	2015 Average	In In	terest	Ca Int	ash Basis
With an allowance recorded:	2015 Average Impaired Loans	In In Re	terest come cognized	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized	2015 Average Impaired Loans	In In Re	terest come	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized
Residential real estate	2015 Average Impaired	In In	terest come	Ca In	ish Basis terest	2015 Average Impaired	In In	terest come	Ca Int	ash Basis terest
Residential real estate Commercial real estate:	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895	In In Re	terest come ecognized	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895	In In Re	terest come ecognized	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 5	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer:	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 5 52	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 5 52	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 5	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded:	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest cognized 11 5 52 2	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 5 52	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 5 52	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate Commercial real estate:	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218 1,005	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2 11	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest cognized 11 5 52 2 11	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219 761	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6 36	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6 36
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218 1,005 2,873	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219 761 2,617	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218 1,005 2,873 2,910	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2 11	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74 12	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219 761 2,617 3,605	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218 1,005 2,873 2,910 680	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74 12 	Ca In Re	 ash Basis terest cognized 11 52 2 11 74 12 	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219 761 2,617 3,605 510	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37 	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Commercial and industrial Consumer: Home equity With no related allowance recorded: Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 401 3,589 218 1,005 2,873 2,910	In In Re	terest come cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74	Ca In Re	ash Basis terest cognized 11 5 52 2 11 74 12	2015 Average Impaired Loans \$895 204 404 3,343 219 761 2,617 3,605	In In Re	terest come ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37	Ca Int Re	ash Basis terest ecognized 11 70 117 6 36 135 37

The recorded investment of a loan is its carrying value excluding accrued interest and deferred loan fees.

Nonaccrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing include both smaller balance homogenous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified as impaired loans.

The Company transfers loans to other real estate owned, at fair value less cost to sell, in the period the Company obtains physical possession of the property (through legal title or through a deed in lieu). As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, other real estate owned secured by residential real estate totaled \$986 and \$1,131, respectively. In addition, nonaccrual residential mortgage loans that are in the process of foreclosure had a recorded investment of \$1,042 and \$988 as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. 19

The following table presents the recorded investment of nonaccrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing by class of loans as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

<u>September 30, 2016</u>	Pa 90 Ai St		Nonaccrual
Residential real estate	\$	152	\$ 3,387
Commercial real estate:	Ψ	152	φ 5,507
Owner-occupied		207	1,575
Nonowner-occupied			2,711
Construction			544
Commercial and industrial			661
Consumer:			
Automobile		53	16
Home equity			35
Other		31	98
Total	\$	443	\$ 9,027
December 31, 2015	Pa 90 Ai St	ill	Nonaccrual
December 31, 2015	Pa 90 Ai St	ist Due Days nd	Nonaccrual
December 31, 2015 Residential real estate Commercial real estate:	Pa 90 Ai St	st Due Days nd ill	Nonaccrual \$ 2,048
Residential real estate	Pa 90 An St Ao	est Due Days nd ill ccruing	
Residential real estate Commercial real estate:	Pa 90 An St Ao	est Due Days nd ill ccruing 20	\$ 2,048
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction	Pa 90 An St Ao	est Due Days nd ill ccruing 20	\$ 2,048 404
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction Commercial and industrial	Pa 90 An St Ao	est Due Days nd ill ccruing 20	\$ 2,048 404 2,737
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction Commercial and industrial Consumer:	Pa 90 An St Ao	20 20 	\$ 2,048 404 2,737 769 1,152
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction Commercial and industrial Consumer: Automobile	Pa 90 An St Ao	1 Days nd ill ccruing 20 18	\$ 2,048 404 2,737 769 1,152 27
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction Commercial and industrial Consumer: Automobile Home equity	Pa 90 An St Ao	11 20 111 20 112 113 114	\$ 2,048 404 2,737 769 1,152 27 96
Residential real estate Commercial real estate: Owner-occupied Nonowner-occupied Construction Commercial and industrial Consumer: Automobile	Pa 90 An St Ao	1 Days nd ill ccruing 20 18	\$ 2,048 404 2,737 769 1,152 27

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment of past due loans by class of loans as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

			90			
			Days			
	30-59	60-89	Or			
	Days	Days	More	Total	Loans	
	Past	Past	Past	Past	Not	
September 30, 2016	Due	Due	Due	Due	Past Due	Total

Residential real estate	\$4,355	\$1,677	\$2,164	\$8,196	\$265,139	\$273,335
Commercial real estate:						
Owner-occupied	162	338	1,508	2,008	80,196	82,204
Nonowner-occupied	226	316	2,235	2,777	96,146	98,923
Construction	414		182	596	33,898	34,494
Commercial and industrial	370	230	602	1,202	95,990	97,192
Consumer:						
Automobile	1,030	228	63	1,321	57,038	58,359
Home equity	174			174	19,985	20,159
Other	1,120	199	56	1,375	55,546	56,921
Total	\$7,851	\$2,988	\$6,810	\$17,649	\$703,938	\$721,587

<u>December 31, 2015</u>	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days Or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
Residential real estate	\$2,564	\$1,484	\$1,708	\$5,756	\$218,119	\$223,875
Commercial real estate:						
Owner-occupied	141	33	371	545	72,913	73,458
Nonowner-occupied	35	334	2,737	3,106	68,896	72,002
Construction		2	769	771	23,081	23,852
Commercial and industrial	31	88	1,077	1,196	80,740	81,936
Consumer:						
Automobile	727	197	36	960	43,606	44,566
Home equity	75		76	151	20,690	20,841
Other	420	104	4	528	44,694	45,222
Total	\$3,993	\$2,242	\$6,778	\$13,013	\$572,739	\$585,752

Troubled Debt Restructurings:

A troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") occurs when the Company has agreed to a loan modification in the form of a concession for a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulty. All TDR's are considered to be impaired. The modification of the terms of such loans included one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date at a stated rate of interest lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; a reduction in the contractual principal and interest payments of the loan; or short-term interest-only payment terms.

The Company has allocated reserves for a portion of its TDR's to reflect the fair values of the underlying collateral or the present value of the concessionary terms granted to the customer.

The following table presents the types of TDR loan modifications by class of loans as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	TDR's Performing to Modified	TDR's Not Performing to Modified	Total
<u>September 30, 2016</u>	Terms	Terms	TDR's
Residential real estate			
Interest only payments	\$ 724	\$	\$724
Commercial real estate:			
Owner-occupied			
Interest only payments	316		316
Rate reduction		232	232
Reduction of principal and interest payments	586		586
Maturity extension at lower stated rate than market rate	1,610		1,610
Credit extension at lower stated rate than market rate Nonowner-occupied	204		204
Interest only payments	600	2,374	2,974

Rate reduction	387	 387
Credit extension at lower stated rate than market rate	574	