KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC Form 10-Q
August 07, 2015
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549
FORM 10-Q
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015
OR
" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to .
Commission file number: 001-14057
KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 61-1323993 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

680 South Fourth Street Louisville, KY 40202-2412 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(502) 596-7300

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class of Common Stock Outstanding at July 31, 2015 Common stock, \$0.25 par value 83,876,488 shares

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# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended		Six months e	nded
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues	\$1,833,475	\$1,261,397	\$3,509,442	\$2,534,007
Salaries, wages and benefits	935,687	606,095	1,782,780	1,224,789
Supplies	98,237	71,585	191,508	144,550
Rent	96,402	77,699	188,542	156,229
Other operating expenses	212,117	172,674	409,844	342,204
General and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation				
and amortization expense included below)	334,805	244,746	740,907	476,018
Other income	(569	) (122	) (1,049	(334)
Litigation contingency expense	3,925	4,600	98,925	4,600
Impairment charges	_	_	6,726	_
Depreciation and amortization	38,625	39,172	77,560	78,264
Interest expense	57,170	80,530	119,688	106,329
Investment income	(1,030	(2,449	) (1,771	(2,631)
	1,775,369	1,294,530	3,613,660	2,530,018
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	58,106	(33,133	) (104,218)	3,989
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	24,396	(12,683	) (3,340	1,512
Income (loss) from continuing operations	33,710	(20,450	) (100,878)	2,477
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:				
Loss from operations	(589	(8,768	) (4,013	(16,210 )
Gain (loss) on divestiture of operations	983	(2,018	) 983	(5,024)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	394	(10,786	) (3,030	(21,234)
Net income (loss)	34,104	(31,236	) (103,908)	(18,757)
(Earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:				
Continuing operations	(11,735	(4,828	) (20,582	(9,357)
Discontinued operations	2	253	31	323
	(11,733	(4,575)	) (20,551	(9,034)
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$22,371	\$(35,811	) \$(124,459)	\$(27,791)
Amounts attributable to Kindred stockholders:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$21,975	\$(25,278	) \$(121,460 )	\$(6,880)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	396	(10,533	) (2,999	(20,911)
Net income (loss)	\$22,371	\$(35,811	) \$(124,459)	\$(27,791)
Earnings (loss) per common share:			ĺ	Í
Basic:				

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Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.25	\$(0.47	) \$(1.47	) \$(0.13	)
Discontinued operations:					
Loss from operations	(0.01	) (0.16	) (0.05	) (0.30	)
Gain (loss) on divestiture of operations	0.01	(0.04	) 0.01	(0.09)	)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	(0.20	) (0.04	) (0.39	)
Net income (loss)	\$0.25	\$(0.67	) \$(1.51	) \$(0.52	)
Diluted:					
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.25	\$(0.47	) \$(1.47	) \$(0.13	)
Discontinued operations:					
Loss from operations	(0.01	) (0.16	) (0.05	) (0.30	)
Gain (loss) on divestiture of operations	0.01	(0.04	) 0.01	(0.09)	)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	_	(0.20	) (0.04	) (0.39	)
Net income (loss)	\$0.25	\$(0.67	) \$(1.51	) \$(0.52	)
Shares used in computing earnings (loss) per common share:					
Basic	86,045	53,714	82,828	53,180	
Diluted	86,402	53,714	82,828	53,180	
Cash dividends declared and paid per common share	\$0.12	\$0.12	\$0.24	\$0.24	

See accompanying notes.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three mo	onths		
			Six months	ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income (loss)	\$34,104	\$(31,236)	\$(103,908)	\$(18,757)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Available-for-sale securities (Note 9):				
Change in unrealized investment gains (losses)	(144)	347	137	484
Reclassification of (gains) losses realized in net income (loss)	5	(2,095)	_	(2,103)
Net change	(139)	(1,748)	137	(1,619)
Interest rate swaps (Note 1):				
Change in unrealized gains (losses)	728	(1,966)	(1,264)	(3,046)
Reclassification of ineffectiveness realized in net income (loss)	32	52	29	84
Reclassification of (gains) losses realized in net income (loss), net of				
payments	12	802	(12)	797
Net change	772	(1,112)	(1,247)	(2,165)
Income tax expense (benefit) related to items of other comprehensive				
income (loss)	(237)	1,358	450	1,737
Other comprehensive income (loss)	396	(1,502)	(660)	(2,047)
Comprehensive income (loss)	34,500	(32,738)	(104,568)	(20,804)
Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(11,733)	(4,575)	(20,551)	(9,034)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$22,767	\$(37,313)	\$(125,119)	\$(29,838)

See accompanying notes.  4		

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

ASSETS	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$119,536	\$164,188
Insurance subsidiary investments	104,534	99,951
Accounts receivable less allowance for loss of \$52,441 – June 30, 2015 and \$52,855 –	101,551	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
December 31, 2014	1,253,218	944,219
Inventories	27,120	25,702
Deferred tax assets	92,786	82,391
Income taxes	15,996	8,575
Interest deposit on senior unsecured notes held in escrow	_	23,438
Other	78,172	41,598
	1,691,362	1,390,062
	, ,	, ,
Property and equipment	2,084,349	1,978,153
Accumulated depreciation	(1,134,817)	(1,076,049)
	949,532	902,104
Goodwill	2,643,328	997,597
Intangible assets less accumulated amortization of \$80,759 – June 30, 2015 and \$68,043	_	
December 31, 2014	799,902	400,700
Assets held for sale	2,384	3,475
Insurance subsidiary investments	198,410	166,045
Deferred tax assets	_	11,174
Proceeds from senior unsecured notes held in escrow	_	1,350,000
Acquisition deposit	_	195,000
Other	321,009	236,807
Total assets (a)	\$6,605,927	\$5,652,964
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$183,843	\$175,725
Salaries, wages and other compensation	467,693	358,857
Due to third party payors	44,490	43,957
Professional liability risks	61,550	64,137
Other accrued liabilities	347,230	189,980
Long-term debt due within one year	32,354	24,607
	1,137,160	857,263
Long-term debt	3,222,443	2,852,531

Professional liability risks	267,503	243,614
Deferred tax liabilities	8,422	_
Deferred credits and other liabilities	298,124	213,584
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Equity:		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.25 par value; authorized 175,000 shares; issued 83,693 shares – June		
30, 2015 and 69,977 shares – December 31, 2014	20,923	17,494
Capital in excess of par value	1,747,585	1,586,692
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,211)	(2,551)
Accumulated deficit	(286,357)	(159,768)
	1,478,940	1,441,867
Noncontrolling interests	193,335	44,105
Total equity	1,672,275	1,485,972
Total liabilities (a) and equity	\$6,605,927	\$5,652,964

(a) The Company's consolidated assets as of June 30, 2015 include total assets of variable interest entities of \$367.1 million, which can only be used to settle the obligations of the variable interest entities. The Company's consolidated liabilities as of June 30, 2015 include total liabilities of variable interest entities of \$32.0 million. See note 1 of the notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

See accompanying notes.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months e June 30,	nded
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$34,104	\$(31,236)	\$(103,908)	\$(18,757)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided				
by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	38,849	40,922	77,926	82,226
Amortization of stock-based compensation costs	6,746	6,378	12,570	8,963
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,539	16,832	6,601	19,229
Payment of capitalized lender fees related to debt issuance	_	(19,125)	(28,012	(19,125)
Provision for doubtful accounts	10,511	12,133	18,803	20,893
Deferred income taxes	21,130	17,528	(4,450	21,503
Impairment charges	_	220	6,726	664
(Gain) loss on divestiture of discontinued operations	(983)	2,018	(983	5,024
Other	4,975	70	6,972	2,114
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(7,733)	(41,066)	(39,389	(112,895)
Inventories and other assets	(17,608)	(3,769)	35,414	(9,987)
Accounts payable	(12,900)	(5,425)	(12,435	(18,877)
Income taxes	1,923	(40,476)	(3,845	(11,063)
Due to third party payors	(3,554)	(12,354)	(18,973	(14,367)
Other accrued liabilities	21,380	7,387	7,760	(21,262)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	100,379	(49,963)	(39,223	(65,717)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Routine capital expenditures	(24,500)	(24,485)	(45,269	(46,162)
Development capital expenditures	(518)	(372)	(6,306	(1,123)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(2,684)	(1,383)	(661,755	
Acquisition deposit	_	_	195,000	_
Sale of assets	2,229	8,927	3,177	13,961
Proceeds from senior unsecured notes offering held in escrow	_	_	1,350,000	_
Interest in escrow for senior unsecured notes	_	_	23,438	_
Purchase of insurance subsidiary investments	(16,911)	(13,179)		(23,293)
Sale of insurance subsidiary investments	12,764	17,758	34,793	26,520
Net change in insurance subsidiary cash and cash equivalents	(5,205)	(4,957)	(5,763	(11,556)
Change in other investments	175	70	199	710
Other	(798)	17	(793	) (534)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(35,448)	(17,604)		(65,575)
Cash flows from financing activities:		, , ,		, , ,
Proceeds from borrowings under revolving credit	347,700	648,315	1,155,150	1,157,015
Repayment of borrowings under revolving credit	(360,100)	(943,715)		(1,369,515)
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Proceeds from issuance of term loan, net of discount	_	997,500	199,000	997,500
Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured notes	_	500,000	_	500,000
Repayment of Gentiva debt	_	_	(1,177,363)	) –
Repayment of senior unsecured notes	-	(550,000)	_	(550,000)
Repayment of term loan	(6,005)	(781,594)	(6,005	(783,563)
Repayment of other long-term debt	(459	(67)	(900	) (157)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(445	(2,378)	(2,983	(2,648)
Equity offering, net of offering costs	-	203,977	_	203,977
Issuance of common stock in connection with employee benefit				
plans	139	883	205	4,687
Payment of costs associated with issuance of common stock and				
tangible equity units	_	_	(915	) –
Payment of dividend for mandatory redeemable preferred stock	(2,654	) –	(5,432	) –
Dividends paid	(10,027)	(6,572)	(20,002	(13,086)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(10,119	(2,662)	(21,138	(5,595)
Other	50	248	1,212	2,121
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(41,920	63,935	(849,321	140,736
Change in cash and cash equivalents	23,011	(3,632)	(44,652	9,444
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	96,525	49,048	164,188	35,972
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$119,536	\$45,416	\$119,536	\$45,416
Supplemental information:				
Interest payments	\$31,640	\$68,065	\$66,450	\$79,666
Income tax payments (refunds)	909	4,329	1,139	(21,565)
Issuance of common stock in Gentiva Merger (see Note 2)	2,353	_	177,441	_
See accompanying notes.				

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **Business**

Kindred Healthcare, Inc. is a healthcare services company that through its subsidiaries operates transitional care ("TC") hospitals, a home health, hospice and community care business, inpatient rehabilitation hospitals ("IRFs"), a contract rehabilitation services business, nursing centers and assisted living facilities across the United States (collectively, the "Company" or "Kindred"). At June 30, 2015, the Company's hospital division operated 96 TC hospitals (certified as long-term acute care ("LTAC") hospitals under the Medicare program) in 22 states. The Company's Kindred at Home division (formerly known as the care management division) primarily provided home health, hospice and community care services from 656 sites of service in 41 states. The Company's rehabilitation division (now known as Kindred Rehabilitation Services) provided rehabilitation services primarily in hospitals and long-term care settings and operated 16 IRFs. The Company's nursing center division operated 90 nursing centers and seven assisted living facilities in 18 states.

## Gentiva Merger

On October 9, 2014, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Gentiva Merger Agreement") with Gentiva Health Services, Inc. ("Gentiva"), providing for the Company's acquisition of Gentiva (the "Gentiva Merger"). On February 2, 2015, the Company consummated the Gentiva Merger, with Gentiva continuing as the surviving company and the Company's wholly owned subsidiary.

## Discontinued operations

The Company has completed several transactions related to the divestiture or planned divestiture of unprofitable hospitals and nursing centers to improve its future operating results. For accounting purposes, the operating results of these businesses and the gains, losses or impairments associated with these transactions were classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for all periods presented in accordance with the authoritative guidance in effect through December 31, 2014. Effective January 1, 2015, the authoritative guidance modified the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. A disposal is now required to be reported in discontinued operations only if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results.

Assets held for sale at June 30, 2015 have been measured at the lower of carrying value or estimated fair value less costs of disposal and have been classified as held for sale in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. See Note 4 for a summary of discontinued operations.

## Recently issued accounting requirements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued authoritative guidance on accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. The new provisions will help entities determine whether a cloud computing arrangement contains a software license that should be accounted for as internal-use software and capitalized or as a service contract. For public companies, the new standard is effective for annual periods, including

interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted and transition may be elected retrospectively or prospectively. The Company is still assessing this guidance.

In April 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the balance sheet presentation requirements for debt issuance costs. To simplify presentation of debt issuance costs, the amendments require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. This guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. The new guidance should be applied on a retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In February 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the evaluation of certain legal entities for consolidation. Specifically, the guidance (i) modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities ("VIEs") or voting interest entities, (ii) eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership, (iii) affects the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships and (iv) provides a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interest in legal entities in certain investment funds. The guidance is effective for all interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The guidance is not expected to have an impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Recently issued accounting requirements (Continued)

In January 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which eliminated from United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") the concept of extraordinary items. The FASB issued this update as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards, also referred to as the Simplification Initiative. The guidance is effective for all interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The guidance is not expected to have an impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the requirements for recognizing revenue when entities enter into contracts with customers. Under the new provisions, an entity will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects in exchange for the goods or services. It also requires more detailed disclosures to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. In July 2015, the FASB finalized a one year deferral of the new revenue standard with an updated effective date for annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017. Entities are not permitted to adopt the standard earlier than the original effective date, which was on or after December 15, 2016. The Company is still assessing this guidance.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

## Equity

The following table sets forth the changes in equity attributable to noncontrolling interests and equity attributable to Kindred stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

	Amounts attributable to		
	Kindred	Noncontrolling	Total
For the six months ended June 30, 2015:	stockholders	interests	equity
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 1,441,867	\$ 44,105	\$1,485,972
Comprehensive income (loss):	ψ 1, 111,007	Ψ 44,105	ψ1,403,772
Net income (loss)	(124,459)	20,551	(103,908)
Other comprehensive loss	(660 )	_	(660 )
	(125,119)	20,551	(104,568)
Issuance of common stock in connection with employee benefit plans	205	_	205
Shares tendered by employees for statutory tax withholdings upon			
issuance of common stock	(7,357)	_	(7,357)
Income tax provision in connection with the issuance of common stock			
under employee benefit plans	(665)	_	(665)
Stock-based compensation amortization	12,570	_	12,570
Dividends paid	(20,002)	_	(20,002)
Acquired noncontrolling interests	_	149,817	149,817
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	(21,138)	(21,138)
Issuance of common stock in Gentiva Merger	177,441	_	177,441
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,478,940	\$ 193,335	\$1,672,275
For the six months ended June 30, 2014:			
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 1,082,657	\$ 38,559	\$1,121,216
Comprehensive income (loss):			
Net income (loss)	(27,791)	9,034	(18,757)
Other comprehensive loss	(2,047)	_	(2,047)
	(29,838)	9,034	(20,804)
Issuance of common stock in connection with employee benefit plans	4,687	_	4,687
Shares tendered by employees for statutory tax withholdings upon			
issuance of common stock	(5,790)	_	(5,790)
Income tax benefit in connection with the issuance of common stock			
under employee benefit plans	1,311	_	1,311
Stock-based compensation amortization	8,963	_	8,963

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Equity offering, net of offering costs	203,977	_	203,977
Dividends paid	(13,086	) –	(13,086)
Contribution made by noncontrolling interests	_	833	833
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	(5,595	) (5,595)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 1,252,881	\$ 42,831	\$1,295,712

Property and equipment

Beginning January 1, 2015, the Company changed the estimated useful life of certain technology and medical equipment based upon a detailed review of actual utilization. The change in estimate extended the expected useful life by two to three years depending on the equipment category and has been accounted for prospectively. The impact from this change in accounting estimate was an increase to income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes of approximately \$4 million (\$2 million net of income taxes) in the second quarter of 2015 and approximately \$8 million (\$5 million net of income taxes) for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

#### Derivative financial instruments

In December 2011, the Company entered into two interest rate swap agreements to hedge its floating interest rate on an aggregate of \$225 million of debt outstanding under its senior secured term loan facility (the "Prior Term Loan Facility") entered into in June 2011. The interest rate swaps had an effective date of January 9, 2012, and will expire on January 11, 2016. The Company is required to make payments based upon a fixed interest rate of 1.8925% calculated on the notional amount of \$225 million. In exchange, the Company will receive interest on \$225 million at a variable interest rate that is based upon the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), subject to a minimum rate of 1.5%. The Company determined these interest rate swaps continue to qualify for cash flow hedge accounting treatment at June 30, 2015. However, an amendment to the Prior Term Loan Facility completed in May 2013 reduced the LIBOR floor from 1.5% to 1.0%, therefore some partial ineffectiveness will result through the expiration of the interest rate swap agreements.

In March 2014, the Company entered into an additional interest rate swap agreement to hedge its floating interest rate on an aggregate of \$400 million of debt outstanding under the Term Loan Facility (as defined in Note 10). On April 8, 2014, the Company completed a novation of a portion of its \$400 million swap agreement to two new counterparties, each in the amount of \$125 million. The original swap contract was not amended, terminated or otherwise modified. The interest rate swap had an effective date of April 9, 2014 and will expire on April 9, 2018 and continues to apply to the Term Loan Facility. The Company is required to make payments based upon a fixed interest rate of 1.867% calculated on the notional amount of \$400 million. In exchange, the Company will receive interest on \$400 million at a variable interest rate that is based upon the three-month LIBOR, subject to a minimum rate of 1.0%. The Company determined this interest rate swap continues to qualify for cash flow hedge accounting treatment at June 30, 2015.

The Company records the effective portion of the gain or loss on these derivative financial instruments in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a component of stockholders' equity and records the ineffective portion of the gain or loss on these derivative financial instruments as interest expense. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the ineffectiveness related to the interest rate swaps was immaterial.

The aggregate fair value of the interest rate swaps recorded in other accrued liabilities was \$4.9 million and \$3.7 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. See Note 13.

#### Variable interest entities

The Company follows the provisions of the authoritative guidance for determining whether an entity is a VIE. In order to determine if the Company is a primary beneficiary of a VIE for financial reporting purposes, it must consider whether it has the power to direct activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the performance of the VIE and whether the Company has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive returns that would be significant to the VIE. The Company consolidates a VIE when it is the primary beneficiary.

In January 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Centerre Healthcare Corporation ("Centerre"), which operated 11 IRFs. Each entity operating one of the IRFs is subject to a partnership and a management services

agreement with the Company. Under GAAP, the Company determined that all of the entities acquired qualify as VIEs and that the Company is the primary beneficiary in all but one arrangement. The Company holds an equity interest and acts as manager in each of the entities. Through the management services agreement, the Company is delegated necessary responsibilities to provide management services, administrative services and direction of the day-to-day operations. Based on the Company's assessment of the most significant activities of the IRFs, the manager has the ability to direct the majority of those activities in ten of the entities.

The analysis upon which the consolidation determination rests is complex, involves uncertainties, and requires significant judgment on various matters, some of which could be subject to different interpretations.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Variable interest entities (Continued)

The carrying amounts and classifications of the assets and liabilities of the consolidated VIEs as of June 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$31,972
Accounts receivable, net	31,303
Inventories	1,459
Other	3,938
	68,672
Property and equipment, net	13,989
Goodwill	261,278
Intangible assets, net	23,093
Other	49
Total assets	\$367,081
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$17,111
Salaries, wages and other compensation	2,512
Other accrued liabilities	3,738
Long-term debt due within one year	2,851
	26,212
Long-term debt	1,798
Deferred credits and other liabilities	3,972
Total liabilities	\$31,982

## Other information

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q of Regulation S-X and do not include all of the disclosures normally required by GAAP or those normally required in annual reports on Form 10-K. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on Form 10-K. The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2014 was derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Company's customary accounting practices. Management believes that financial information included herein reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of interim results and, except as otherwise disclosed, all such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and include amounts based upon the estimates and judgments of management. Actual amounts may differ from those estimates.

## Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 2 – GENTIVA MERGER

On October 9, 2014, the Company entered into the Gentiva Merger Agreement, providing for the Company's acquisition of Gentiva. On February 2, 2015, the Company consummated the Gentiva Merger, with Gentiva continuing as the surviving company and the Company's wholly owned subsidiary.

At the effective time of the Gentiva Merger, each share of common stock, par value \$0.10 per share, of Gentiva ("Gentiva Common Stock") issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Gentiva Merger (other than shares held by Kindred, Gentiva and any wholly owned subsidiaries (which were cancelled) and shares owned by stockholders who properly exercised and perfected a demand for appraisal rights under Delaware law), including each deferred share unit, were converted into the right to receive (i) \$14.50 in cash (the "Cash Consideration"), without interest, and (ii) 0.257 of a validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable share of Kindred common stock, par value \$0.25 per share (the "Stock Consideration"). Kindred issued 9.7 million shares of common stock as the Stock Consideration. The purchase price totaled \$722.3 million and was comprised of \$544.8 million of Cash Consideration and \$177.5 million of Stock Consideration. The Company also assumed \$1.2 billion of long-term debt, which was paid off upon consummation of the Gentiva Merger.

The Company used the net proceeds from the Financing Transactions (as defined in Note 10), to fund the Cash Consideration for the Gentiva Merger, repay Gentiva's existing debt and pay related transaction fees and expenses.

Operating results in the second quarter of 2015 included transaction and integration costs totaling \$2.0 million, retention and severance costs totaling \$2.4 million and a lease termination charge of \$0.2 million related to the Gentiva Merger. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included transaction and integration costs totaling \$34.1 million, retention and severance costs totaling \$56.9 million, a lease termination charge of \$0.8 million and financing costs totaling \$23.4 million related to the Gentiva Merger. Operating results in both the second quarter of 2014 and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 included transaction costs totaling \$2.1 million related to the Gentiva Merger. Transaction, integration, retention and severance costs were recorded as general and administrative expenses, the lease termination charge was recorded as rent expense and financing costs were recorded as general and administrative expenses (\$6.0 million) and as interest expense (\$17.4 million).

As of December 31, 2014, Gentiva provided home health services, hospice services and community care services serving patients through approximately 491 locations in 40 states.

## Purchase price allocation

The Gentiva Merger purchase price of \$722.3 million was allocated on a preliminary basis to the estimated fair value of the tangible and intangible assets, and goodwill. During the second quarter of 2015, Kindred received approximately \$10 million in cash related to a settlement of an escrow account from a prior Gentiva acquisition, which resulted in an increase to other current assets.

The following is the preliminary Gentiva Merger purchase price allocation (in thousands):

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Cash and cash equivalents	\$64,695
Accounts receivable	258,438
Deferred tax assets	28,483
Other current assets	64,195
Property and equipment	46,860
Identifiable intangible assets:	
Certificates of need (indefinite life)	255,660
Medicare certifications (indefinite life)	103,080
Trade names (indefinite life)	22,200
Trade name	15,600
Non-compete agreements	1,820
Leasehold interests	1,439
Total identifiable intangible assets	399,799
Other assets	133,240
Current portion of long-term debt	(53,075)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(289,002)
Long-term debt, less current portion	(1,124,288)
Deferred tax liabilities	(47,748)
Other liabilities	(130,739)
Noncontrolling interests	(3,992)
Total identifiable net assets	(653,134)
Goodwill	1,375,400
Net assets	\$722,266

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 2 – GENTIVA MERGER (Continued)

Purchase price allocation (Continued)

The preliminary fair value allocation was measured primarily using a discounted cash flows methodology, which is considered a Level 3 input (as described in Note 13).

The value of gross contractual accounts receivable before determining uncollectable amounts totaled \$272.3 million. Accounts estimated to be uncollectable totaled \$13.9 million.

The weighted average life of the definite lived intangible assets consisting primarily of a trade name is three years.

The aggregate goodwill arising from the Gentiva Merger is based upon the expected future cash flows of the Gentiva operations, which reflect both growth expectations and cost savings from combining the operations of the Company and Gentiva. Goodwill is not amortized and is not deductible for income tax purposes. Goodwill was preliminarily assigned to the Company's home health reporting unit (\$603.8 million), hospice reporting unit (\$606.8 million) and community care reporting unit (\$164.8 million).

The unaudited pro forma net effect of the Gentiva Merger assuming the acquisition occurred as of January 1, 2014 is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three month	is ended	Six months	ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues	\$1,833,475	\$1,759,437	\$3,671,141	\$3,519,552
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Kindred	1 25,011	14,369	(9,768	(46,054)
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	25,407	3,836	(12,767	) (66,965 )
Earnings (loss) per common share:				
Basic:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	0.29	0.16	(0.11	) (0.54)
Net income (loss)	0.29	0.04	(0.15	) (0.78)
Diluted:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	0.29	0.16	(0.11	) (0.54)
Net income (loss)	0.29	0.04	(0.15	) (0.78 )

The unaudited pro forma financial data has been derived by combining the historical financial results of the Company and the operations acquired in the Gentiva Merger for the periods presented. The unaudited pro forma financial data includes transaction, integration, retention and severance costs, a lease termination charge and financing costs totaling \$132.2 million incurred by both the Company and Gentiva in connection with the Gentiva Merger. These costs have been eliminated from the results of operations for 2015 and have been reflected as expenses incurred as of January 1, 2014 for purposes of the pro forma financial presentation. Revenues and earnings before interest, income taxes, transaction, integration, retention and severance costs associated with Gentiva aggregated \$520.1 million and \$64.7 million, respectively, in the second quarter of 2015 and \$855.0 million and \$101.2 million, respectively, since the date of the Gentiva Merger.

## NOTE 3 – OTHER ACQUISITIONS

The following is a summary of the Company's other acquisition activities. The operating results of the acquired businesses have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company from the respective acquisition dates. The purchase price of acquired businesses and acquired leased facilities resulted from negotiations with each of the sellers that were based upon both the historical and expected future cash flows of the respective businesses and real estate values. Each of these acquisitions was financed through operating cash flows and borrowings under the Company's ABL Facility (as defined in Note 10). Unaudited pro forma financial data related to the acquired businesses have not been presented because the acquisitions are not material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

During the second quarter of 2015, the Company acquired a home-based primary care practice for \$8.0 million and another home-based primary care practice was acquired during the six months ended June 30, 2015 for \$4.1 million.

On January 1, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Centerre for a purchase price of approximately \$195 million in cash (the "Centerre Acquisition"). During the second quarter of 2015, the Company paid approximately \$4 million in cash for a working capital settlement. Centerre operated 11 IRFs with 614 beds through partnerships.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company acquired the real estate of two previously leased nursing centers for \$22.3 million. Annual rent associated with the nursing centers aggregated \$2.0 million. The fair value of the assets acquired was measured using discounted cash flow methodologies which are considered Level 3 inputs (as described in Note 13).

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 4 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In accordance with the authoritative guidance for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, the divestitures or planned divestiture of unprofitable businesses discussed in Note 1 has been accounted for as discontinued operations. Accordingly, the results of operations of these businesses for all periods presented and the gains, losses or impairments associated with these transactions have been classified as discontinued operations, net of income taxes, in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations based upon the authoritative guidance which was in effect through December 31, 2014. Effective January 1, 2015, the authoritative guidance modified the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. A disposal is now required to be reported in discontinued operations only if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results. At June 30, 2015, the Company held for sale seven nursing centers reported as discontinued operations.

On December 27, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with Ventas, Inc. ("Ventas") to transition the operations under the leases for nine non-strategic nursing centers (the "2014 Expiring Facilities"). Each lease will terminate when the operation of such nursing center is transferred to a new operator, which is expected to occur during 2015. The current lease term for eight of these nursing centers is scheduled to expire on April 30, 2018. The current lease term for the ninth of these nursing centers is scheduled to expire on April 30, 2020. The Company will continue to operate these facilities until operations are transferred. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company transferred the operations of two of the 2014 Expiring Facilities, resulting in a gain on divestiture of \$1.6 million (\$1.0 million net of income taxes). For accounting purposes, the 2014 Expiring Facilities qualified as assets held for sale and the Company reflected the operations for all historical periods. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company incurred a \$40 million termination fee in exchange for the early termination of the leases, which was paid to Ventas in January 2015.

During the second quarter of 2014, the Company reclassified as discontinued for all periods presented the operations of three TC hospitals and two nursing centers that were either closed or divested through a planned sale of such facility or the expiration of a lease. The Company recorded a loss on divestiture of \$2.9 million (\$1.7 million net of income taxes) for the three months ended June 30, 2014 related to these divestitures.

The Company allowed the lease to expire on a TC hospital during the six months ended June 30, 2014 resulting in a loss on divestiture primarily related to a write-off of an indefinite-lived intangible asset of \$3.4 million (\$2.1 million net of income taxes) for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company reflected the operating results of this TC hospital as discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for all historical periods.

A summary of discontinued operations follows (in thousands):

	Three mo	nths ended	Six mont	hs ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues	\$12,282	\$96,499	\$23,999	\$253,178	
Salaries, wages and benefits	5,979	40,724	12,571	104,382	

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Supplies	700		5,185	1,400	)	13,258
Rent	2,003		14,708	4,657	7	33,844
Other operating expenses	2,616		18,517	5,007	'	49,067
General and administrative expenses	1,734		30,316	6,619	)	75,181
Other expense	_		_	_		_
Impairment charges	_		220	_		664
Depreciation	224		1,750	366		3,962
Interest expense	1		5	1		15
Investment (income) expense	(3	)	(469)	(5	)	(468)
	13,254	1	110,956	30,61	6	279,905
Loss from operations before income taxes	(972	)	(14,457)	(6,61	7)	(26,727)
Income tax benefit	(383	)	(5,689)	(2,60	4)	(10,517)
Loss from operations	(589	)	(8,768)	(4,01	3)	(16,210)
Gain (loss) on divestiture of operations	983		(2,018)	983		(5,024)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	394		(10,786)	(3,03	0)	(21,234)
Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	2		253	31		323
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$396		\$(10,533)	\$(2,99	9)	\$(20,911)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 4 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

The following table sets forth certain discontinued operating data by business segment (in thousands):

	Three m June 30,		nded	Six months ended June 30,		
	2015		2014	2015	2014	
Revenues:						
Hospital division	\$	1,081	\$10,272	\$1,589	\$25,694	
Nursing center division	11,201		86,227	22,410	227,484	
	\$12,282		\$96,499	\$23,999	\$253,178	
Operating income (loss)						
Hospital division	\$500		\$(592)	\$422	\$289	
Nursing center division	753		2,129	(2,020)	10,337	
	\$1,253		\$1,537	\$(1,598)	\$10,626	
Rent:						
Hospital division	\$474		\$1,432	\$1,037	\$3,120	
Nursing center division	1,529		13,276	3,620	30,724	
	\$2,003		\$14,708	\$4,657	\$33,844	
Depreciation:						
Hospital division	\$-		\$465	\$-	\$983	
Nursing center division	224		1,285	366	2,979	
	\$224		\$1,750	\$366	\$3,962	

A summary of the net assets held for sale follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Long-term assets:		
Property and equipment, net	\$1,713	\$ 3,306
Other	671	169
	2,384	3,475
Current liabilities (included in other accrued liabilities)	_	_
	\$2,384	\$ 3.475

Revenues are recorded based upon estimated amounts due from patients and third party payors for healthcare services provided, including anticipated settlements under reimbursement agreements with Medicare, Medicaid, Medicare Advantage, Medicaid Managed and other third party payors. Revenues under third party agreements are subject to examination and retroactive adjustment. Provisions for estimated third party adjustments are provided in the period the related services are rendered. Differences between the amounts accrued and subsequent settlements are recorded in the periods the interim or final settlements are determined.

A summary of revenues by payor type follows (in thousands):

	Three month	s ended	Six months ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Medicare	\$937,384	\$524,935	\$1,757,975	\$1,066,498		
Medicaid	212,809	150,488	400,223	302,061		
Medicare Advantage	139,875	94,672	273,294	193,053		
Medicaid Managed	50,764	28,366	94,401	52,014		
Other	555,404	515,136	1,109,217	1,024,630		
	1,896,236	1,313,597	3,635,110	2,638,256		
Eliminations	(62,761)	(52,200)	(125,668)	(104,249)		
	\$1,833,475	\$1,261,397	\$3,509,442	\$2,534,007		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 6 – EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Earnings (loss) per common share are based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the respective periods. Because the Company is reporting a loss from continuing operations attributable to the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the diluted calculation of earnings per common share excludes the dilutive impact of stock options and tangible equity units. The Company follows the provisions of the authoritative guidance for determining whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities, which requires that unvested restricted stock that entitles the holder to receive nonforfeitable dividends before vesting be included as a participating security in the basic and diluted earnings per common share calculation pursuant to the two-class method.

A computation of earnings (loss) per common share follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

				Six months ended June 30,				
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
Earnings (loss):								
Amounts attributable to								
Kindred stockholders:								
Income (loss) from								
continuing operations:								
As reported in Statement of						\$(121,460)	\$(6,880)	\$(6,880)
Operations	\$21,975	\$21,975	\$(25,278)	\$(25,278)				
Allocation to participating								
unvested restricted								
stockholders	(385	(383)	-	-	_	_	-	_
Available to common					(121,460)	(121,460)		
stockholders	\$21,590	\$21,592	\$(25,278)	\$(25,278)	\$	\$	\$(6,880)	\$(6,880)
Discontinued operations,								
net of income taxes:								
Loss from operations:								
As reported in Statement of	<b>?</b> ·				(3,982)	(3,982)		
Operations	\$(587	\$(587)	\$(8,515)	\$(8,515)	\$	\$	\$(15,887)	\$(15,887)
Allocation to participating								
unvested restricted								
stockholders	10	10	-	-	_	_	_	_
Available to common					(3,982)	(3,982)		
stockholders	\$(577	\$(577)	\$(8,515)	\$(8,515)	\$	\$	\$(15,887)	\$(15,887)

Gain (loss) on divestiture of operations:								
As reported in Statement of								
Operations	\$983	\$983	\$(2,018	) \$(2,018)	\$983	\$983	\$(5,024)	\$(5,024)
Allocation to participating unvested restricted								
stockholders	(17	) (17	) –	_	_	_	_	_
Available to common	(1)	) (1)	,					
stockholders	\$966	\$966	\$(2.018	) \$(2,018)	\$983	\$983	\$(5,024)	\$(5,024)
Income (loss) from	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ(=,010	)	4,00	φνου	φ(ε,σ=. )	Ψ(ε,σ=: )
discontinued operations:								
As reported in Statement of					(2,999	) (2,999	)	
Operations	\$396	\$396	\$(10.533	) \$(10,533)	* *	\$	\$(20,911)	\$(20,911)
Allocation to participating	,	,	1 ( - )	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	'	·	, ( - )-	1 ( - )- )
unvested								
restricted stockholders	(7	) (7	) –	_	_	_	_	_
Available to common					(2,999	) (2,999	)	
stockholders	\$389	\$389	\$(10,533	) \$(10,533)		\$	\$(20,911)	\$(20,911)
Net income (loss):			. ( )	, . ( , , , ,	•	·		, , ,
As reported in Statement of					(124,45)	9) (124,459	9)	
Operations	\$22,371	\$22,371	\$(35,811	) \$(35,811)		\$		\$(27,791)
Allocation to participating unvested restricted			·					
. 11 11	(202	\ (200	`					
etoekholdere								
stockholders	(392	) (390	) –	_	- (104.45)	_ ^	_	_
Available to common	·	,	) –	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(124,45)			- * (27.701)
Available to common stockholders	\$21,979	,	) – l \$(35,811	- ) \$(35,811)		9) (124,459		<b>\$</b> (27,791)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the	·	,	\$(35,811)	) \$(35,811)				\$(27,791)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation:	·	,	\$(35,811	) \$(35,811)				<b>\$</b> (27,791)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares	·	,	\$(35,811	- ) \$(35,811)				<b>\$</b> (27,791)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation:	·	,	\$(35,811	-) \$(35,811)				<b>\$</b> (27,791)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	\$21,979	9 \$21,981	·		\$	\$	\$(27,791)	
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation	·	9 \$21,981	·	53,714				53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045	·	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options	\$21,979	9 \$21,981	·		\$	\$	\$(27,791)	
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67	·	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045	·	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67	·	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67	·	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –	\$21,979	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290	5 53,714	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828 — — —	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common	\$21,979 86,045	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67	5 53,714	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share:	\$21,979 86,045	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290	5 53,714	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828 — — —	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from	\$21,979 86,045	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290 86,402	5 53,714	53,714	82,828	\$2,828 - - 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$21,979 86,045	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290	5 53,714	53,714	\$	\$ 82,828 — — —	\$(27,791)	53,180
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations Discontinued operations:	\$21,979 86,045	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290 86,402 \$0.25	5 53,714	53,714 - - 53,714	\$ 82,828 \$(1.47	\$2,828 - - 82,828	\$(27,791) 53,180	53,180 - - 53,180 \$(0.13)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations Discontinued operations: Loss from operations	\$21,979 86,045 \$0.25 (0.01	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290 86,402 \$0.25	5 53,714	53,714	82,828	\$2,828 - - 82,828	\$(27,791)	53,180 - - 53,180 \$(0.13)
Available to common stockholders Shares used in the computation: Weighted average shares outstanding – basic  computation Dilutive effect of employee stock options Dilutive effect of tangible equity units Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding –  diluted computation Earnings (loss) per common share: Income (loss) from continuing operations Discontinued operations:	\$21,979 86,045 \$0.25 (0.01	9 \$21,981 5 86,045 67 290 86,402 \$0.25	5 53,714	53,714 - - 53,714	\$ 82,828 \$(1.47	\$2,828 - - 82,828	\$(27,791) 53,180	53,180 - - 53,180 \$(0.13)

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Income (loss) from discontinued operations	_	_	(0.20	) (0.20	) (0.04	) (0.04	) (0.39	) (0.39	)
Net income (loss)	\$0.25	\$0.25	\$(0.67	) \$(0.67	) \$(1.51	) \$(1.51	) \$(0.52	) \$(0.52	)
Number of antidilutive stock options and tangible equity units excluded from shares used in the diluted earnings (loss) per common share computation	1	816		314		2,573		337	
16									

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 7 - BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA

The Company is organized into four operating divisions: the hospital division, the Kindred at Home division (formerly the care management division), the rehabilitation division (now known as Kindred Rehabilitation Services) and the nursing center division. Based upon the authoritative guidance for business segments, the operating divisions represent six reportable operating segments, including (1) hospitals, (2) home health services, (3) hospice services, (4) hospital rehabilitation services (now known as Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services), (5) skilled nursing rehabilitation services (now known as RehabCare) and (6) nursing centers. These reportable operating segments are consistent with information used by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Operating Officer to assess performance and allocate resources. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Prior period segment information has been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation, including the transfer of five IRFs from the hospital division to the Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services business segment as of January 1, 2015. As a result, \$51.0 million of goodwill was reallocated from the hospital division to the Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services business segment based upon the relative fair value of the five IRFs.

For segment purposes, the Company defines segment operating income as earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and rent. Segment operating income reported for each of the Company's operating segments excludes litigation contingency expense, impairment charges, transaction costs and the allocation of corporate overhead.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 7 – BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA (Continued)

The following table sets forth certain data by business segment (in thousands):

	Three months ended			
			Six months	ended
	June 30, 2015	2014	June 30, 2015	2014
Revenues:	2013	2014	2013	2014
Hospital division	\$627,206	\$612,517	\$1,267,689	\$1,239,762
Kindred at Home:	,	. ,	. , ,	. , ,
Home health	427,820	75,502	728,687	150,293
Hospice	178,005	12,484	297,062	25,397
	605,825	87,986	1,025,749	175,690
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:				
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	152,544	94,963	304,108	188,140
RehabCare	236,791	253,694	489,386	507,637
	389,335	348,657	793,494	695,777
Nursing center division	273,870	264,437	548,178	527,027
	1,896,236	1,313,597	3,635,110	2,638,256
Eliminations:				
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	(23,201	) (22,855	) (47,203	(46,088)
RehabCare	(38,262	) (28,485	(76,051)	(56,639)
Nursing centers	(1,298	) (860	) (2,414	(1,522)
	(62,761	) (52,200	(125,668)	(104,249)
	\$1,833,475	\$1,261,397	\$3,509,442	\$2,534,007
Income (loss) from continuing operations:				
Operating income (loss):				
Hospital division	\$130,967	\$131,990	\$265,078	\$271,495
Kindred at Home:				
Home health	72,329	5,048	118,025	7,893
Hospice	26,238	2,017	42,717	3,869
	98,567	7,065	160,742	11,762
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:				
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	44,531	25,572	89,095	51,282
RehabCare	14,681	19,687	30,389	37,703
	59,212	45,259	119,484	88,985
Nursing center division	39,877	35,409	76,840	72,981
Support center	( )	) (48,808	(136,774)	
Litigation contingency expense	(3,925	) (4,600	) (98,925	(4,600)
Impairment charges	-	-	(6,726	_

Transaction costs	(5,216	)	(4,496	)	(99,918	)	(5,179	)
Operating income	249,273		161,819		279,801		342,180	
Rent	(96,402	)	(77,699	)	(188,542	)	(156,229	)
Depreciation and amortization	(38,625	)	(39,172	)	(77,560	)	(78,264	)
Interest, net	(56,140	)	(78,081	)	(117,917	)	(103,698	)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	58,106		(33,133	)	(104,218	)	3,989	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	24,396		(12,683	)	(3,340	)	1,512	
	\$33,710		\$(20,450	)	\$(100,878	) :	\$2,477	
18								

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 7 – BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA (Continued)

	Three model ended June 30,	onths	Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Rent:					
Hospital division	\$51,404	\$50,820	\$102,858	\$102,174	
Kindred at Home:					
Home health	9,547	1,942	16,040	3,972	
Hospice	4,726	235	7,865	461	
	14,273	2,177	23,905	4,433	
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:					
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	7,509	1,728	14,882	3,560	
RehabCare	1,010	1,067	2,009	2,156	
	8,519	2,795	16,891	5,716	
Nursing center division	21,383	21,346	42,881	42,780	
Support center	823	561	2,007	1,126	
	\$96,402	\$77,699	\$188,542	\$156,229	
Depreciation and amortization:					
Hospital division	\$13,531	\$16,482	\$28,007	\$32,939	
Kindred at Home:					
Home health	4,273	1,976	7,866	3,942	
Hospice	1,482	163	2,938	322	
	5,755	2,139	10,804	4,264	
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:					
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	3,314	3,014	6,732	6,106	
RehabCare	1,924	2,885	3,835	5,580	
	5,238	5,899	10,567	11,686	
Nursing center division	6,962	7,416	14,456	14,713	
Support center	7,139	7,236	13,726	14,662	
	\$38,625	\$39,172	\$77,560	\$78,264	

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 7 – BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA (Continued)

	Three moded June 30,		Six month June 30,		
Control and the second discount of the second	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Capital expenditures, excluding acquisitions (including					
discontinued operations):					
Hospital division: Routine	¢ 6 000	¢0.225	¢ 1 4 000	¢16 627	
	\$6,080	\$8,225	\$14,890	\$16,627	
Development	-	51	14.000	562	
T' 1 1 4 T	6,080	8,276	14,890	17,189	
Kindred at Home:					
Home health:	0.50	1.50	1 111	420	
Routine	859	158	1,111	438	
Development	-	-	-	-	
••	859	158	1,111	438	
Hospice:		4.0	400	20	
Routine	445	10	482	38	
Development	_	_	_	_	
	445	10	482	38	
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:					
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services:					
Routine	28	44	275	100	
Development	40	_	61	_	
	68	44	336	100	
RehabCare:					
Routine	246	593	716	1,442	
Development	_	_	_	_	
	246	593	716	1,442	
Nursing center division:					
Routine	4,342	5,163	9,408	10,218	
Development	478	321	6,245	561	
·	4,820	5,484	15,653	10,779	
Support center:	,	ĺ	,	,	
Routine:					
Information systems	12,022	10,061	17,570	16,967	
Other	478	231	817	332	
	12,500	10,292	18,387	17,299	
Totals:	12,000	10,22	10,007	1.,2//	
Routine	24,500	24,485	45,269	46,162	
Development	518	372	6,306	1,123	
20 to to pine in	\$25,018	\$24,857	\$51,575	\$47,285	
	Ψ25,010	Ψ4-7,037	$\psi_{J}_{1,J}_{1,J}$	ΨΤ1,403	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 7 – BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA (Continued)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets at end of period:		
Hospital division	\$1,716,616	\$ 1,751,695
Kindred at Home:		
Home health	1,426,826	203,154
Hospice	910,233	32,733
-	2,337,059	235,887
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:		
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	806,422	366,153
RehabCare	357,326	360,860
	1,163,748	727,013
Nursing center division	504,513	513,603
Support center	883,991	2,424,766
	\$6,605,927	\$ 5,652,964
Goodwill:		
Hospital division	\$628,519	\$ 679,480
Kindred at Home:		
Home health	895,216	117,589
Hospice	633,736	26,910
	1,528,952	144,499
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:		
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	485,857	173,618
RehabCare	_	_
	485,857	173,618
	\$2,643,328	\$ 997,597

#### NOTE 8 – INSURANCE RISKS

The Company insures a substantial portion of its professional liability risks and workers compensation risks through its wholly owned limited purpose insurance subsidiaries. Provisions for loss for these risks are based upon management's best available information including actuarially determined estimates. Effective with the Gentiva Merger, the Company cancelled all policies issued by the Gentiva wholly owned limited purpose insurance subsidiary and insures all post-merger risks through its insurance subsidiary.

The allowance for professional liability risks includes an estimate of the expected cost to settle reported claims and an amount, based upon past experiences, for losses incurred but not reported. These risks are necessarily based upon estimates and, while management believes that the provision for loss is adequate, the ultimate liability may be in excess of, or less than, the amounts recorded. To the extent that expected ultimate claims costs vary from historical provisions for loss, future earnings will be charged or credited.

The provision for loss for insurance risks, including the cost of coverage maintained with unaffiliated commercial insurance carriers, follows (in thousands):

	Three mor June 30, 2015	nths ended	Six month June 30, 2015	s ended
	2013	2014	2013	2014
Professional liability:				
Continuing operations	\$14,465	\$15,595	\$31,289	\$29,172
Discontinued operations	(741)	3,387	(667)	9,006
Workers compensation:				
Continuing operations	\$14,266	\$9,197	\$28,856	\$17,455
Discontinued operations	(415)	596	(6)	1,445

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 8 – INSURANCE RISKS (Continued)

A summary of the assets and liabilities related to insurance risks included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 20 Profession			December Profession	,	
	liability	compensation	Total	liability	compensation	Total
Assets:						
Current:						
Insurance subsidiary investments	\$58,354	\$ 46,180	\$104,534	\$63,183	\$ 36,768	\$99,951
Reinsurance recoverables	2,762	_	2,762	7,376	_	7,376
Other	_	100	100	_	100	100
	61,116	46,280	107,396	70,559	36,868	107,427
Non-current:						
Insurance subsidiary investments	94,562	103,848	198,410	84,210	81,835	166,045
Reinsurance and other recoverables	91,497	88,169	179,666	81,722	73,714	155,436
Deposits	4,080	4,345	8,425	3,879	1,428	5,307
Other	_	38	38	_	38	38
	190,139	196,400	386,539	169,811	157,015	326,826
	\$251,255	\$ 242,680	\$493,935	\$240,370	\$ 193,883	\$434,253
Liabilities:						
Allowance for insurance risks:						
Current	\$61,550	\$ 50,811	\$112,361	\$64,137	\$ 39,802	\$103,939
Non-current	267,503	215,192	482,695	243,614	149,457	393,071
	\$329,053	\$ 266,003	\$595,056	\$307,751	\$ 189,259	\$497,010

Provisions for loss for professional liability risks retained by the Company's limited purpose insurance subsidiary have been discounted based upon actuarial estimates of claim payment patterns using a discount rate of 1% to 5% depending upon the policy year. The discount rate was 1% for the 2015 and 2014 policy years. The discount rates are based upon the risk free interest rate for the respective year. Amounts equal to the discounted loss provision are funded annually. The Company does not fund the portion of professional liability risks related to estimated claims that have been incurred but not reported. Accordingly, these liabilities are not discounted. If the Company did not discount any of the allowances for professional liability risks, these balances would have approximated \$331.5 million at June 30, 2015 and \$310.3 million at December 31, 2014.

Provisions for loss for workers compensation risks retained by the Company's limited purpose insurance subsidiary are not discounted and amounts equal to the loss provision are funded annually.

The Company maintains investments, consisting principally of cash and cash equivalents, debt securities, equities and certificates of deposit for the payment of claims and expenses related to professional liability and workers compensation risks. These investments have been categorized as available-for-sale and are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 9 – INSURANCE SUBSIDIARY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The cost for equities, amortized cost for debt securities and estimated fair value of the Company's insurance subsidiary investments follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2	015				December	31, 2014		
		Unrealiz	ed Unrealiz	zec	d Fair		Unrealiz	zed Unrealize	edFair
	Cost	gains	losses		value	Cost	gains	losses	value
Cash and cash									
equivalents (a)	\$179,527	\$ -	\$ -		\$179,527	\$150,556	\$ -	\$ -	\$150,556
Debt securities:									
Corporate bonds	45,719	29	(49	)	45,699	49,077	19	(60	) 49,036
Debt securities issued by	у								
U.S. government									
agencies	25,985	51	(6	)	26,030	25,313	19	(19	) 25,313
U.S. Treasury notes	28,994	28	(1	)	29,021	25,813	3	(7	) 25,809
	100,698	108	(56	)	100,750	100,203	41	(86	) 100,158
Equities by industry:									
Consumer	2,771	287	(37	)	3,021	1,539	107	(13	) 1,633
Financial services	2,146	115	(66	)	2,195	975	56	(6	) 1,025
Technology	1,968	107	(100	)	1,975	989	41	(34	) 996
Healthcare	1,514	162	(24	)	1,652	962	60	(8	) 1,014
Industrials	938	32	(14	)	956	649	14	(22	) 641
Other	4,768	5	(459	)	4,314	3,145	40	(265	) 2,920
	14,105	708	(700	)	14,113	8,259	318	(348	) 8,229
Certificates of deposit	8,550	4	_		8,554	7,051	2	_	7,053
	\$302,880	\$ 820	\$ (756	)	\$302,944	\$266,069	\$ 361	\$ (434	\$265,996

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes \$31.1 million and \$15.6 million of money market funds at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Since the Company's insurance subsidiary investments are restricted for a limited purpose, they are classified in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet based upon the expected current and long-term cash requirements of the Company's limited purpose insurance subsidiaries.

The Company's investment policy governing insurance subsidiary investments precludes the investment portfolio managers from selling any security at a loss without prior authorization from the Company. The investment managers also limit the exposure to any one issue, issuer or type of investment. The Company intends, and has the ability, to hold insurance subsidiary investments for a long duration without the necessity of selling securities to fund the underwriting needs of its insurance subsidiary. This ability to hold securities allows sufficient time for recovery of temporary declines in the market value of equity securities and the par value of debt securities as of their stated maturity date.

The Company considered the severity and duration of its unrealized losses at June 30, 2015 and 2014 for various investments held in its insurance subsidiary investment portfolio and determined that these unrealized losses were temporary and did not record any impairment losses related to these investments.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

#### Capitalization

A summary of long-term debt follows (in thousands):

		December
	June 30,	31,
	2015	2014
Term Loan Facility, net of unamortized original issue discount ("OID") of \$6.8 million at		
June 30, 2015 and \$6.4 million at December 31, 2014	\$1,182,203	\$988,645
8.00% Notes due 2020	750,000	750,000
8.75% Notes due 2023	600,000	600,000
6.375% Notes due 2022	500,000	500,000
ABL Facility	185,000	_
Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock (See Note 11)	29,341	34,773
Capital lease obligations	990	_
Other	7,263	3,720
Total debt, average life of 6 years (weighted average rate 6.3% for 2015 and 6.7% for 2014)	3,254,797	2,877,138
Amounts due within one year	(32,354)	(24,607)
Long-term debt	\$3,222,443	\$2,852,531

#### 2015 Term Loan Amendment

On March 10, 2015, the Company entered into an incremental amendment agreement, which provided for an incremental term loan in an aggregate principal amount of \$200 million under its Term Loan Facility (as defined below). The Company used the net proceeds of the incremental term loan to repay outstanding borrowings under its \$900 million ABL Facility (as defined below). The incremental term loan was issued with 50 basis points of OID and has the same terms as, and is fungible with, the outstanding \$995 million of term loans under the Company's Term Loan Facility.

Gentiva Merger – Financing Transactions

The following transactions (collectively, the "Financing Transactions") occurred in connection with the Gentiva Merger:

- the Company issued \$1.35 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes;
- the Company issued approximately 15 million shares of its common stock through two common stock offerings (see Note 11) and issued 9.7 million shares of its common stock through the Stock Consideration (see Note 2);
- the Company issued 172,500 tangible equity units (the "Units") (see Note 11); and

• the Company amended its credit facilities.

#### **Notes Offering**

On December 18, 2014, Kindred Escrow Corp. II (the "Escrow Issuer"), one of the Company's subsidiaries, completed a private placement of \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 8.00% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "Notes due 2020") and \$600 million aggregate principal amount of 8.75% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "Notes due 2023") (the Notes due 2020 and the Notes due 2023 are collectively referred to as the "Notes"). The Notes due 2020 were issued pursuant to the indenture, dated as of December 18, 2014 (the "2020 Indenture"), between the Escrow Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee. The Notes due 2023 were issued pursuant to the indenture, dated as of December 18, 2014 (the "2023 Indenture" and, together with the 2020 Indenture, the "Indentures"), between the Escrow Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

Prior to the consummation of the Gentiva Merger, the Notes were senior secured obligations of the Escrow Issuer. Upon consummation of the Gentiva Merger, the Escrow Issuer was merged with and into the Company, as a result of which the Notes were assumed by the Company and fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by substantially all of the Company's domestic 100% owned subsidiaries, including substantially all of the Company's and Gentiva's domestic 100% owned subsidiaries (the "Guarantors"), ranking pari passu with all of the Company's respective existing and future senior unsubordinated indebtedness.

The Indentures contain certain restrictive covenants that limit the Company and its restricted subsidiaries' ability to, among other things, incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness; pay dividends, make distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock; effect dividends, loans or asset transfers from its subsidiaries; sell or otherwise dispose of assets; and enter into transactions with affiliates. These covenants are subject to a number of limitations and exceptions. The Indentures also contain customary events of default.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Notes Offering (Continued)

Under the terms of the Indentures, the Company may pay dividends pursuant to specified exceptions or, if its consolidated coverage ratio (as defined therein) is at least 2.0 to 1.0, it may also pay dividends in an amount equal to 50% of its consolidated net income (as defined therein) and 100% of the net cash proceeds from the issuance of capital stock, in each case since January 1, 2014. The making of certain other restricted payments or investments by the Company or its restricted subsidiaries would reduce the amount available for the payment of dividends pursuant to the foregoing exception.

Registration Rights Agreements – Notes due 2020 and Notes due 2023

On December 18, 2014, the Escrow Issuer entered into a registration rights agreement related to each of the Notes (the "Registration Rights Agreements"), each with Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as representative of the initial purchasers of the Notes. After the consummation of the Gentiva Merger, the Company and each of the Guarantors executed a joinder agreement to become parties to the Registration Rights Agreements.

Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreements, the Company and the Guarantors will (among other obligations) use commercially reasonable efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement relating to an offer to exchange each of the Notes due 2020 and the Notes due 2023 for registered notes with substantially identical terms and consummate such offer within 365 days after the issuance of the Notes. A "Registration Default" will occur if, among other things, the Company and the Guarantors fail to comply with this requirement. If a Registration Default occurs with respect to the Notes due 2020 or the Notes due 2023, the annual interest rate of the Notes due 2020 or the Notes due 2023, as applicable, will be increased by 0.25% per annum and will increase by 0.25% per annum at the end of each subsequent 90-day period, but in no event will such increase exceed 1.00% per annum.

### **Escrow Agreements**

On December 18, 2014, the Company and the Escrow Issuer entered into an escrow agreement related to each of the Notes (the "Escrow Agreements"), each with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee under the Indentures, and as escrow agent. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreements, the Escrow Issuer deposited the gross proceeds of \$1.35 billion from the sale of the Notes into the separate escrow accounts (the "Escrow Accounts") and the Company deposited an additional amount sufficient (together with the gross proceeds deposited by the Escrow Issuer) to fund the redemption of the Notes and to pay all regularly scheduled interest on the Notes to, but not including, the special mandatory redemption date into the respective Escrow Accounts. The amount of interest deposited on December 18, 2014 totaled \$23.4 million. The amounts in the Escrow Accounts were released upon consummation of the Gentiva Merger. The release of the escrowed funds was conditioned on the consummation of the Gentiva Merger, the merger of the Escrow Issuer with and into the Company, as a result of which the Company assumed the Escrow Issuer's obligations under the Notes, and other conditions set forth in the Escrow Agreements.

Credit Facilities Amendments

On November 25, 2014, the Company entered into a fourth amendment and restatement agreement (the "Term Loan Amendment Agreement") among the Company, the consenting lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The Term Loan Amendment Agreement amended and restated the Term Loan Credit Agreement dated as of June 1, 2011, as amended by that certain Incremental Amendment No. 1 to the Term Loan Credit Agreement dated as of October 4, 2012 and as further amended and restated by that certain Amendment and Restatement Agreement dated as of May 30, 2013, that certain Second Amendment and Restatement Agreement dated as of April 9, 2014, among the Company, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent (the "Term Loan Facility").

The Term Loan Amendment Agreement amended and restated the Term Loan Facility to, among other items, (i) modify certain provisions related to the issuance of Notes into the Escrow Accounts, (ii) increase the applicable interest rate margins for LIBOR borrowings from 3.00% to 3.25% and for base rate borrowings from 2.00% to 2.25%, (iii) temporarily increase the maximum total leverage ratio permitted under the financial maintenance covenants, (iv) include soft-call protection at a prepayment premium of 1.00% for twelve months starting from November 25, 2014 and (v) modify certain provisions related to the incurrence of debt and the making of acquisitions, investments and restricted payments. The Term Loan Amendment Agreement did not modify the maturity date of the loans made thereunder.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Credit Facilities Amendments (Continued)

On October 31, 2014, the Company entered into a third amendment and restatement agreement (the "ABL Amendment Agreement") among the Company, the consenting lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The ABL Amendment Agreement amended and restated the ABL Credit Agreement dated as of June 1, 2011, as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 to the ABL Credit Agreement dated as of October 4, 2012 and as further amended and restated by that certain Amendment and Restatement Agreement dated as of August 21, 2013 and that certain Second Amendment and Restatement Agreement dated as of April 9, 2014 (the "ABL Facility"), among the Company, the lenders from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent.

The ABL Amendment Agreement, among other items, modified certain provisions related to the issuance of Notes into the Escrow Accounts. Upon the consummation of the Gentiva Merger and the satisfaction of certain other conditions, the ABL Amendment Agreement further amended and restated the ABL Facility to, among other items, modify certain provisions related to the incurrence of debt and the making of acquisitions, investments and restricted payments. The ABL Amendment Agreement did not modify the maturity date of the revolving commitments thereunder or the applicable interest rate margins applicable to any borrowings thereunder.

In addition, on December 12, 2014, the Company entered into an incremental joinder agreement (the "Incremental ABL Joinder") among the Company, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent, the incremental lenders party thereto and the other credit parties party thereto. Upon the consummation of the Gentiva Merger and the satisfaction of certain other conditions, the Incremental ABL Joinder provided for additional revolving commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$150 million under the ABL Facility.

All obligations under the ABL Facility and the Term Loan Facility are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, subject to certain customary release provisions, by substantially all of the Company's existing and future direct and indirect domestic 100% owned subsidiaries, as well as certain non-100% owned domestic subsidiaries as the Company may determine from time to time in its sole discretion. The Notes due 2022 (as defined below), the Notes due 2020 and the Notes due 2023 are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, subject to certain customary release provisions, by substantially all of the Company's domestic 100% owned subsidiaries.

Amendment to Notes due 2022

On April 9, 2014, the Company completed a private placement of \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 (the "Notes due 2022"). The Notes due 2022 were issued pursuant to the indenture dated April 9, 2014 (the "2022 Indenture") among the Company, the guarantors party thereto (the "2022 Guarantors") and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee.

On January 30, 2015, following the receipt of sufficient consents to approve the proposed amendments (the "Amendments"), the Company, the 2022 Guarantors and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, entered into the first supplemental indenture (the "2022 Notes Supplemental Indenture") to the 2022 Indenture. The 2022 Notes

Supplemental Indenture conforms certain covenants, definitions and other terms in the 2022 Indenture to the covenants, definitions and terms contained in the Indentures governing the Notes. The Amendments became operative following the consummation of the Gentiva Merger.

#### April 2014 Debt Refinancing

On April 9, 2014, the Company completed the refinancing of substantially all of its then existing debt and incurred the following costs in the second quarter of 2014:

- ·Unamortized deferred financing costs related to the Company's prior ABL facility totaling \$0.6 million (\$0.4 million net of income taxes) were written-off and recorded as interest expense.
- ·Unamortized deferred financing costs and original issue discount related to the Company's Prior Term Loan Facility totaling \$5.0 million (\$3.1 million net of income taxes) were written-off and recorded as interest expense.
- ·Unamortized deferred financing costs totaling \$10.7 million (\$6.6 million net of income taxes), the applicable premium totaling \$36.4 million (\$22.5 million net of income taxes) and interest expense for the period from April 9, 2014 to May 9, 2014 totaling \$3.9 million (\$2.4 million net of income taxes), all related to the Company's prior \$550 million, 8.25% senior notes due 2019, were written-off and recorded as interest expense.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL STOCK

Gentiva Merger

In connection with the Gentiva Merger, Kindred issued 9.7 million shares of common stock as part of the Stock Consideration (see Note 2).

**Common Stock Offerings** 

On November 25, 2014, in an offering registered with the SEC, the Company completed the sale of 5,000,000 shares of its common stock for cash and granted the underwriters a 30-day over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of common stock. On December 1, 2014, the underwriters exercised their over-allotment option to purchase 395,759 additional shares of common stock, which the Company closed on December 3, 2014. The Company refers to this offering and sale of its common stock herein as the "November Common Stock Offering." The net proceeds of the November Common Stock Offering, after deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses, were \$101.0 million.

On June 25, 2014, in an offering registered with the SEC, the Company completed the sale of 9,000,000 shares of its common stock for cash and granted the underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to an additional 1,350,000 shares of common stock, of which 723,468 shares were purchased on July 14, 2014. The Company refers to this offering and the sale of its common stock herein as the "June Common Stock Offering." The net proceeds of the June Common Stock Offering, after deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses, were \$220.4 million.

#### **Units Offering**

On November 25, 2014, in an offering registered with the SEC, the Company completed the sale of 150,000 Units for cash and granted the underwriters a 13-day over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional 22,500 Units. On December 1, 2014, the underwriters exercised in full their over-allotment option to purchase 22,500 additional Units, which the Company closed on December 3, 2014. Each Unit is composed of a prepaid stock purchase contract (a "Purchase Contract") and one share of 7.25% Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series A (the "Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock"), having a final preferred stock installment payment date of December 1, 2017 and an initial liquidation preference of \$201.58 per share of Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock. The net proceeds from the offering of the Units, after deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses, were \$166.3 million. The Purchase Contracts were recorded as capital in excess of par value, net of issue costs, and the Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock has been recorded as long-term debt.

As of June 30, 2015, holders of 80,621 Purchase Contracts elected early settlement. As a result, holders thereof received 43.0918 shares of common stock per Purchase Contract, resulting in approximately 3.5 million shares of common stock being issued by the Company.

Dividends and Other Payments

During the first half of 2015, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.12 per common share on June 10, 2015 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 20, 2015 and also paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.12 per common share on April 1, 2015 to shareholders.

During the first half of 2014, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.12 per common share on June 11, 2014 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 21, 2014 and also paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.12 per common share on March 27, 2014 to shareholders.

The Company made an installment payment on the Company's Units on June 1, 2015 to holders of record on May 15, 2015, which consisted of a quarterly installment payment of \$18.75 per Unit. The Company also made an installment payment on the Company's Units on March 2, 2015, which consisted of a quarterly installment payment of \$18.75 per Unit, plus a one-time incremental payment of \$1.25 per Unit for the period between November 25, 2014 and December 1, 2014, for a total payment of \$20.00 per Unit. To the extent that any Unit has been separated into its constituent Purchase Contract and its constituent share of Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock, the installment payment is payable only on the constituent share of Mandatory Redeemable Preferred Stock.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES**

Management continually evaluates contingencies based upon the best available information. In addition, allowances for losses are provided currently for disputed items that have continuing significance, such as certain third party reimbursements and deductions that continue to be claimed in current cost reports and tax returns.

Management believes that allowances for losses have been provided to the extent necessary and that its assessment of contingencies is reasonable.

Principal contingencies are described below.

Revenues – Certain third party payments are subject to examination by agencies administering the various reimbursement programs. The Company is contesting certain issues raised in audits of prior year cost reports and the denial of payment by third parties to the Company's customers.

Professional liability risks – The Company has provided for losses for professional liability risks based upon management's best available information including actuarially determined estimates. Ultimate claims costs may differ from the provisions for loss. See Note 8.

Income taxes – The Company is subject to various federal and state income tax audits in the ordinary course of business. Such audits could result in increased tax payments, interest and penalties.

Legal and regulatory proceedings – The Company is a party to various legal actions and regulatory and other governmental and internal audits and investigations in the ordinary course of business (including investigations resulting from the Company's obligation to self-report suspected violations of law by the Company). The Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of pending litigation and regulatory and other governmental and internal audits and investigations. The U.S. Department of Justice (the "DOJ"), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") or other federal and state enforcement and regulatory agencies may conduct additional investigations related to the Company's businesses in the future. These matters could potentially subject the Company to sanctions, damages, recoupments, fines and other penalties (some of which may not be covered by insurance), which may, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity. See Note 15.

Other indemnifications – In the ordinary course of business, the Company enters into contracts containing standard indemnification provisions and indemnifications specific to a transaction, such as a disposal of an operating facility. These indemnifications may cover claims related to employment-related matters, governmental regulations, environmental issues and tax matters, as well as patient, third party payor, supplier and contractual relationships. Obligations under these indemnities generally are initiated by a breach of the terms of a contract or by a third party claim or event.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 13 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company follows the provisions of the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, which addresses how companies should measure fair value when they are required to use a fair value measure for recognition or disclosure purposes under GAAP.

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The guidance related to fair value measures establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The guidance describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 assets and liabilities include debt and equity securities and derivative contracts that are traded in an active exchange market, as well as certain U.S. Treasury, other U.S. Government and agency asset backed debt securities that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## NOTE 13 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis and any associated losses are summarized below (in thousands):

	Fair value i	neasuremer	Assets/liabilities	Total	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	at fair value	losses
June 30, 2015:					
Recurring:					
Assets:					
Available-for-sale debt securities:					
Corporate bonds	\$-	\$45,699	\$-	\$ 45,699	\$-
Debt securities issued by U.S. government agencies	_	26,030	_	26,030	_
U.S. Treasury notes	29,021	_	_	29,021	_
	29,021	71,729	_	100,750	_
Available-for-sale equity securities	14,113	-	_	14,113	_
Money market funds	33,100	_	_	33,100	_
Certificates of deposit	_	8,554	_	8,554	_
Total available-for-sale investments	76,234	80,283	_	156,517	_
Deposits held in money market funds	16,950	3,884	_	20,834	_
	\$93,184	\$84,167	\$-	\$ 177,351	\$-
Liabilities:					
Contingent consideration liability	\$-	\$-	\$(6,594)	\$ (6,594	\$-
Interest rate swaps	_	(4,937)	_	(4,937	_
	\$-	\$(4,937)	\$(6,594)	\$ (11,531	\$-
Non-recurring:					
Assets:					
Intangible assets – trade name	\$-	\$-	\$1,405	\$ 1,405	\$(6,726)
Liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
December 31, 2014:					
Recurring:					
Assets:					
Available-for-sale debt securities:					
Corporate bonds	\$-	\$49,036	\$-	\$ 49,036	\$-
Debt securities issued by U.S. government agencies	_	25,313	_	25,313	_
U.S. Treasury notes	25,809	-	_	25,809	_
	25,809	74,349	_	100,158	_
Available-for-sale equity securities	8,229	_	_	8,229	_
Money market funds	17,787	_	_	17,787	_
Certificates of deposit	_	7,053	-	7,053	_
Total available-for-sale investments	51,825	81,402	_	133,227	_

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Deposits held in money market funds	105,140	3,883	_	109,023	_
•	\$156,965	\$85,285	\$-	\$ 242,250	\$-
Liabilities:					
Interest rate swaps	\$-	\$(3,673)	\$-	\$ (3,673	) \$-
Non-recurring:					
Assets:					
Property and equipment	\$-	\$-	\$19	\$ 19	\$(673)
Liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
30					

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 13 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

#### Recurring measurements

The Company's available-for-sale investments held by its limited purpose insurance subsidiary consist of debt securities, equities, money market funds and certificates of deposit. These available-for-sale investments and the insurance subsidiary's cash and cash equivalents of \$148.4 million as of June 30, 2015 and \$135.0 million as of December 31, 2014, classified as insurance subsidiary investments, are maintained for the payment of claims and expenses related to professional liability and workers compensation risks.

The Company also has available-for-sale investments totaling \$2.0 million as of June 30, 2015 and \$2.2 million as of December 31, 2014 related to a deferred compensation plan that is maintained for certain of the Company's current and former employees.

The fair value of actively traded debt and equity securities and money market funds is based upon quoted market prices and is generally classified as Level 1. The fair value of inactively traded debt securities and certificates of deposit is based upon either quoted market prices of similar securities or observable inputs such as interest rates using either a market or income valuation approach and is generally classified as Level 2. The Company's investment advisors obtain and review pricing for each security. The Company is responsible for the determination of fair value and as such the Company reviews the pricing information from its advisors in determining reasonable estimates of fair value. Based upon the Company's internal review procedures, there were no adjustments to the prices during the three months or six months ended June 30, 2015 or June 30, 2014.

The Company's deposits held in money market funds consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents held for the Company's insurance programs and for general corporate purposes.

The Company acquired a contingent consideration liability in the Gentiva Merger from a prior acquisition by Gentiva with an initial estimated fair value of \$8.3 million. The fair value is determined using a discounted cash flow approach utilizing Level 2 and Level 3 inputs which includes observable market discount rates, fixed payment schedules, and assumptions based on achieving certain predefined performance criteria. As of June 30, 2015, the fair value of the Level 3 contingent consideration liability was \$6.6 million. The change in fair value in the second quarter of 2015 consists of \$1.8 million in fixed payments and \$0.1 million in accrued interest included in interest expense in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations. A one percent change in the discount rate used to calculate the accretion of the present value of the contingent consideration liability would have an impact on the fair value of approximately \$0.1 million.

The fair value of the derivative liability associated with the interest rate swaps is estimated using industry-standard valuation models, which are Level 2 measurements. Such models project future cash flows and discount the future amounts to a present value using market-based observable inputs, including interest rate curves.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments. The carrying value is equal to fair value for financial instruments that are based upon quoted market prices or current market rates. The Company's long-term debt is based upon Level 2 inputs.

	June 30, 201	5	December 3	1, 2014
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
(In thousands)	value	value	value	value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$119,536	\$119,536	\$164,188	\$164,188
Insurance subsidiary investments	302,944	302,944	265,996	265,996
Note receivable	25,000	25,000	_	_
Long-term debt, including amounts due within one year				
(excluding capital lease obligations totaling \$1.0 million at				
June 30, 2015)	3,253,807	3,366,704	2,877,138	2,930,815
Non-recurring measurements				

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded an asset impairment charge of \$6.7 million related to previously acquired home health and hospice trade names after the decision in the first quarter of 2015 to rebrand to the Kindred at Home trade name. These charges reflect the amount by which the carrying value exceeded its estimated fair value. The fair value of the trade names was measured using Level 3 unobservable inputs, primarily economic obsolescence.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 14 - CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying condensed consolidating financial information has been prepared and presented pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X, Rule 3-10, "Financial Statements of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered." The Company's \$550 million aggregate principal amount of 8.25% Senior Notes due 2019, which were redeemed during 2014, were fully and unconditionally guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's domestic 100% owned subsidiaries. The Company's Notes due 2022 and Notes due 2023 are all fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the same subsidiaries. The Company's Notes due 2020 and the Notes due 2023, which were issued during 2014, were senior unsecured obligations of the Escrow Issuer, which, prior to the Gentiva Merger, was a non-guarantor subsidiary of the Company. In conjunction with the Gentiva Merger, the Escrow Issuer was merged with and into the Company with the Company assuming the Notes due 2020 and Notes due 2023. See Note 10. The equity method has been used with respect to the parent company's investment in subsidiaries.

The following unaudited condensed consolidating financial data present the financial position of the parent company/issuer, the guarantor subsidiaries and the non-guarantor subsidiaries as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the respective results of operations and cash flows for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Three months ended June 30, 2015						
				Consolidatir	ng		
	Parent			and			
	company/	Guarantor	Non-guaranto	r eliminating			
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	adjustments	Consolidated		
Revenues	\$-	\$1,615,664	\$ 243,893	\$ (26,082	) \$1,833,475		
Salaries, wages and benefits	-	876,994	58,693	_	935,687		
Supplies	-	85,711	12,526	_	98,237		
Rent	_	77,736	18,666	_	96,402		
Other operating expenses	_	184,998	27,119	-	212,117		
General and administrative expenses	-	262,124	98,763	(26,082	) 334,805		
Other (income) expense	_	214	(783	) –	(569)		
Litigation contingency expense	_	3,925	_	_	3,925		
Depreciation and amortization	_	36,216	2,409	_	38,625		
Management fees	_	(4,262)	4,262	_	_		
Intercompany interest (income) expense from							
affiliates	(52,529)	40,919	11,610	_	_		
Interest expense	57,097	13	60	_	57,170		
Investment income	_	(798)	(232	) –	(1,030 )		
Equity in net income of consolidating affiliates	(25,142)	_	_	25,142	_		
	(20,574)	1,563,790	233,093	(940	) 1,775,369		

Income from continuing operations before						
income taxes	20,574	51,874	10,800	(25,142	) 58,106	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(1,797)	26,059	134	_	24,396	
Income from continuing operations	22,371	25,815	10,666	(25,142	) 33,710	
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:						
Loss from operations	_	(418	) (171	) –	(589	)
Gain on divestiture of operations	_	983	_	_	983	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	_	565	(171	) –	394	
Net income	22,371	26,380	10,495	(25,142	) 34,104	
(Earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling						
interests:						
Continuing operations	_	_	(11,735	) –	(11,735	)
Discontinued operations	_	_	2	_	2	
	_	_	(11,733	) –	(11,733	)
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$22,371	\$26,380	\$ (1,238	) \$ (25,142	) \$22,371	
Comprehensive income	\$22,767	\$26,380	\$ 10,405	\$ (25,052	) \$34,500	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to						
Kindred	\$22,767	\$26,380	\$ (1,328	) \$ (25,052	) \$22,767	
32						

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Continued)

	Three months ended June 30, 2014								
	_					Consolidatir	ıg		
	Parent	<b>C</b>		Τ ,		and			
		Guarantor		Non-guaranto		•		G 11.1 . 1	
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries		ubsidiaries		adjustments		Consolidated	
Revenues	\$-	\$1,119,049	\$	5 168,158		\$ (25,810	)	\$1,261,397	
Salaries, wages and benefits	_	573,111		32,984		_		606,095	
Supplies	_	63,550		8,035		_		71,585	
Rent	_	65,684		12,015		_		77,699	
Other operating expenses	_	177,650		20,834		(25,810	)	172,674	
General and administrative expenses	_	166,602		78,144		_		244,746	
Other (income) expense	_	164		(286	)	_		(122)	)
Litigation contingency expense	_	4,600		_		_		4,600	
Depreciation and amortization	_	37,088		2,084		_		39,172	
Management fees	_	(3,437	)	3,437		_		_	
Intercompany interest (income) expense from									
affiliates	(28,572)	19,398		9,174		_		_	
Interest expense	80,479	6		45		_		80,530	
Investment income	_	(236	)		)	_		(2,449)	)
Equity in net loss of consolidating affiliates	4,330	_	,	_	,	(4,330	)	_	
Equally in not rose of Consoliuming minimus	56,237	1,104,180		164,253		(30,140	ĺ	1,294,530	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before		1,101,100		101,200		(20,110	,	1,271,550	
income taxes	(56,237)	14,869		3,905		4,330		(33,133)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(20,426)	6,920		823		_		(12,683)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(35,811)	7,949		3,082		4,330		(20,450)	
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:	(33,011)	7,272		3,002		4,550		(20,430	ì
Loss from operations		(6,341	)	(2,427	)	_		(8,768)	
Loss on divestiture of operations	<del>-</del>	` '	) )	` '	) )	_		(2,018)	ĺ
Loss from discontinued operations	_		,	•	,	_			
-	(25.011)		)	` '	)			(10,786 ) (31,236 )	
Net income (loss)	(35,811)	1,265		(1,020	)	4,330		(31,236)	1
(Earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling									
interests:				(4.000	`			(4.020	
Continuing operations	_	_		( .,e=e	)	_		(4,828 )	1
Discontinued operations	_	_		253		_		253	
	_	_		( - ,	)	_		(4,575)	)
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$(35,811)				-	\$ 4,330		\$ (35,811)	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(37,313)	\$1,265	\$	5 (2,184	) :	\$ 5,494		\$ (32,738)	)

Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to

Kindred \$(37,313) \$1,265 \$(6,759) \$5,494 \$(37,313)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Continued)

	Six months	ended June 3	30, 2015		
				Consolidati	ng
	Parent			and	
	company/	Guarantor	•	or eliminating	
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	adjustments	
Revenues	\$-	\$3,072,350	\$ 487,803	\$ (50,711	) \$3,509,442
Salaries, wages and benefits	_	1,664,444	118,336	_	1,782,780
Supplies	_	166,155	25,353	_	191,508
Rent	_	151,165	37,377	_	188,542
Other operating expenses	_	356,646	53,198	_	409,844
General and administrative expenses	_	593,852	197,766	(50,711	) 740,907
Other (income) expense	_	320	(1,369	) –	(1,049)
Litigation contingency expense	_	98,925	_	_	98,925
Impairment charges	_	6,726	_	_	6,726
Depreciation and amortization	_	72,651	4,909	_	77,560
Management fees	_	(9,596	9,596	_	_
Intercompany interest (income) expense from					
affiliates	(103,041)	80,404	22,637	_	_
Interest expense	116,184	3,344	160	_	119,688
Investment income	_	(1,348	) (423	) –	(1,771)
Equity in net loss of consolidating affiliates	116,487	_	_	(116,487	) –
	129,630	3,183,688	467,540	(167,198	) 3,613,660
Income (loss) from continuing operations				, ,	,
before income taxes	(129,630)	(111,338	20,263	116,487	(104,218)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(5,171)		286	_	(3,340)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(124,459)	(112,883	) 19,977	116,487	(100,878)
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:			,	·	
Loss from operations	_	(3,104	) (909	) –	(4,013)
Gain on divestiture of operations	_	983	_	_	983
Loss from discontinued operations	_	(2,121	) (909	) –	(3,030)
Net income (loss)	(124,459)	(115,004		116,487	(103,908)
(Earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling	, , ,	,	,	,	, , ,
interests:					
Continuing operations	_	_	(20,582	) –	(20,582)
Discontinued operations	_	_	31		31
r	_	_	(20,551	) –	(20,551)
Loss attributable to Kindred	\$(124,459)	\$(115,004)		) \$ 116,487	\$(124,459)

Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(125,119) \$(115,004)	\$ 19,157	\$ 116,398	\$(104,568)
Comprehensive loss attributable to Kindred	\$(125,119) \$(115,004)	\$ (1,394)	) \$ 116,398	\$(125,119)
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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Continued)

	Six months ended June 30, 2014							
			Consolidating					
	Parent			and				
	company/	Guarantor	Non-guaranto	•				
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	adjustments				
Revenues	\$-	\$2,249,636	\$ 335,991	\$ (51,620	) \$2,534,007			
Salaries, wages and benefits	_	1,159,429	65,360	_	1,224,789			
Supplies	_	128,522	16,028	_	144,550			
Rent	_	132,139	24,090	_	156,229			
Other operating expenses	_	352,082	41,742	(51,620	) 342,204			
General and administrative expenses	_	319,891	156,127	_	476,018			
Other (income) expense	-	322	(656	) –	(334)			
Litigation contingency expense	_	4,600	_	_	4,600			
Depreciation and amortization	_	73,962	4,302	_	78,264			
Management fees	_	(7,246	7,246	_	_			
Intercompany interest (income) expense from								
affiliates	(56,699)	38,387	18,312	_	_			
Interest expense	106,227	11	91	_	106,329			
Investment income	_	(305	(2,326	) –	(2,631)			
Equity in net income of consolidating affiliates	(2,245)	_	_	2,245	_			
	47,283	2,201,794	330,316	(49,375	) 2,530,018			
Income (loss) from continuing operations								
before income taxes	(47,283)	47,842	5,675	(2,245	) 3,989			
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(19,492)	20,078	926	_	1,512			
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(27,791)	27,764	4,749	(2,245	) 2,477			
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:								
Loss from operations	_	(13,117	(3,093	) –	(16,210)			
Loss on divestiture of operations	_	(3,349	(1,675	) –	(5,024)			
Loss from discontinued operations	_	(16,466	(4,768	) –	(21,234)			
Net income (loss)	(27,791)	11,298	(19	) (2,245	) (18,757)			
(Earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling			· ·					
interests:								
Continuing operations	_	_	(9,357	) –	(9,357)			
Discontinued operations	_	_	323	_	323			
•	_	_	(9,034	) –	(9,034)			
Income (loss) attributable to Kindred	\$(27,791)	\$11,298		) \$ (2,245	) \$(27,791 )			
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(29,838)		\$ (1,099	) \$ (1,165	) \$(20,804)			

Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to

Kindred \$(29,838) \$11,298 \$(10,133) \$(1,165) \$(29,838)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

	As of June 3	0, 2015		Consolidatina	
	Parent			Consolidating and	
	company/	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	eliminating	
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS	188001	Subsidiaries	subsidiaries	aujustinents	Consolidated
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$53,234	\$ 66,302	\$-	\$119,536
Insurance subsidiary investments	Ψ _	ψ <i>55</i> ,2 <i>5</i> +	104,534	Ψ _	104,534
Accounts receivable, net	_	1,111,878	141,340	_	1,253,218
Inventories	_	22,940	4,180	_	27,120
Deferred tax assets	_	92,786	-	_	92,786
Income taxes	_	15,034	962	_	15,996
Other	_	50,590	27,582	_	78,172
Suici	_	1,346,462	344,900	_	1,691,362
Property and equipment, net	_	893,245	56,287	_	949,532
Goodwill	_	2,082,769	560,559	_	2,643,328
Intangible assets, net	_	751,219	48,683	_	799,902
Assets held for sale	_	2,384	_	_	2,384
Insurance subsidiary investments	_	_	198,410	_	198,410
Intercompany	4,855,801	_	_	(4,855,801	·
Deferred tax assets	_	_	7,064	(7,064	) —
Other	68,637	147,323	105,049	_	321,009
	\$4,924,438	\$5,223,402	\$ 1,320,952	\$ (4,862,865	\$6,605,927
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$-	\$116,672	\$ 67,171	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 183,843
Salaries, wages and other compensation	_	408,259	59,434	_	467,693
Due to third party payors	_	44,490	_	_	44,490
Professional liability risks	_	3,680	57,870	_	61,550
Other accrued liabilities	84,500	241,143	21,587	_	347,230
Long-term debt due within one year	25,899	_	6,455	_	32,354
	110,399	814,244	212,517	_	1,137,160
Long-term debt	3,220,645	_	1,798	_	3,222,443
Intercompany/deficiency in earnings of					
consolidated subsidiaries	114,454	4,270,823	584,978	(4,970,255)	) —
Professional liability risks	_	61,644	205,859	_	267,503

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_	15,486	_		(7,064	)	8,422
_	165,897	132,227		_		298,124
1,478,940	(104,692)	(9,762	)	114,454		1,478,940
_	_	193,335		_		193,335
1,478,940	(104,692)	183,573		114,454		1,672,275
\$4,924,438	\$5,223,402	\$ 1,320,952		\$ (4,862,865	)	\$6,605,927
	- 1,478,940	- 165,897 1,478,940 (104,692 )  1,478,940 (104,692 )	-     165,897     132,227       1,478,940     (104,692 )     (9,762 )       -     -     193,335 )       1,478,940     (104,692 )     183,573 )	- 165,897 132,227 1,478,940 (104,692 ) (9,762 ) - 193,335 1,478,940 (104,692 ) 183,573	-     165,897     132,227     -       1,478,940     (104,692 )     (9,762 )     ) 114,454       -     -     193,335 -       1,478,940     (104,692 )     183,573 114,454	- 165,897 132,227 -  1,478,940 (104,692 ) (9,762 ) 114,454 193,335 - 1,478,940 (104,692 ) 183,573 114,454

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet (Continued)

	As of Decen	nber 31, 2014		Consolidating	
	Parent			and	
	company/	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	eliminating	
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries	adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS	155461	Substatuties	Substatutes	adjustificitis	Consonduce
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$129,408	\$ 34,780	\$-	\$ 164,188
Insurance subsidiary investments	_	_	99,951	_	99,951
Accounts receivable, net	_	852,007	92,212	_	944,219
Inventories	_	22,908	2,794	_	25,702
Deferred tax assets	_	82,391	_	_	82,391
Income taxes	_	7,621	954	_	8,575
Interest deposit on senior unsecured note	es				
held in escrow	_	_	23,438	_	23,438
Other	_	37,639	3,959	_	41,598
	_	1,131,974	258,088	_	1,390,062
Property and equipment, net	_	859,414	42,690	_	902,104
Goodwill	_	704,790	292,807	_	997,597
Intangible assets, net	_	377,710	22,990	_	400,700
Assets held for sale	_	3,475	_	_	3,475
Insurance subsidiary investments	_	_	166,045	_	166,045
Investment in subsidiaries	1,943	_	_	(1,943)	_
Intercompany	2,937,529	_	_	(2,937,529)	_
Deferred tax assets	_	4,062	7,112	_	11,174
Proceeds from senior unsecured notes					
held in escrow	_	_	1,350,000	_	1,350,000
Acquisition deposit	_	195,000	_	_	195,000
Other	46,130	104,463	86,214	_	236,807
	\$2,985,602	\$3,380,888	\$ 2,225,946	\$(2,939,472)	\$5,652,964
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$-	\$126,173	\$ 49,552	\$-	\$175,725
Salaries, wages and other compensation	_	311,271	47,586	_	358,857
Due to third party payors	_	43,957	_	_	43,957
Professional liability risks	_	3,323	60,814	_	64,137
Other accrued liabilities	20,317	157,169	12,494	_	189,980

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Long-term debt due within one year	20,887	_	3,720	-		24,607
	41,204	641,893	174,166	_		857,263
Long-term debt	1,502,531	_	1,350,000	_		2,852,531
Intercompany	_	2,539,697	397,832	(2,937,52	29)	_
Professional liability risks	_	55,634	187,980	_		243,614
Deferred credits and other liabilities	_	133,353	80,231	_		213,584
Commitments and contingencies						
Equity:						
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	1,441,867	10,311	(8,368	) (1,943	)	1,441,867
Noncontrolling interests	_	_	44,105	_		44,105
	1,441,867	10,311	35,737	(1,943	)	1,485,972
	\$2,985,602	\$3,380,888	\$ 2,225,946	\$(2,939,47	2 ) 5	\$ 5,652,964
37						

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

	Three months ended June 30, 2015						
	_		Consolidating				
	Parent	~	and				
	company/	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	•			
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiaries	subsidiaries		Consolidated		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$22,171	\$ 50,124	\$ 28,084	\$ -	\$ 100,379		
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Routine capital expenditures	_	(23,005)	(1,495)	_	(24,500)		
Development capital expenditures	_	(518)	_	_	(518)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	1,313	(3,997)	_	(2,684)		
Sale of assets	_	2,229	_	_	2,229		
Purchase of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_	(16,911 )	_	(16,911 )		
Sale of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_	12,764	_	12,764		
Net change in insurance subsidiary cash and							
cash equivalents	_	_	(5,205)	_	(5,205)		
Change in other investments	_	175	_	_	175		
Other	_	(798)	_	_	(798)		
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(20,604)	(14,844)	_	(35,448)		
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Proceeds from borrowings under revolving							
credit	347,700	_	_	_	347,700		
Repayment of borrowings under revolving							
credit	(360,100)	_	_	_	(360,100)		
Repayment of term loan	(6,005)		_	_	(6,005)		
Repayment of other long-term debt		_	(459)	_	(459)		
Payment of deferred financing costs	(445)	_	_	_	(445)		
Issuance of common stock in connection with					,		
employee benefit plans	139	_	_	_	139		
Payment of dividend for Mandatory							
Redeemable Preferred Stock	(2,654)	_	_	_	(2,654)		
Dividends paid	(10,027)	_	_	_	(10,027)		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(10,0 <b>2</b> )	_	(10,119 )	_	(10,119)		
Other	_	50	_	_	50		
Net change in intercompany accounts	9,221	(20,896)	11,675	_	_		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing	- <del>,</del> -	(==,0/0 )	,-,-				
activities	(22,171)	(20,846)	1,097	_	(41,920 )		
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(==,-,-)	(==,0.0)	-, -, -,		( )		

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
period	_	44,560	51,965	_	96,525
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 38	\$-	\$ 53,234	\$ 66,302	\$ _	\$ 119,536

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

	Three months ended June 30, 2014							
	ъ.					Consolidatir	ng	
	Parent	~				and		
	company/	Guarantor		Non-guarant				
(In thousands)	issuer			subsidiaries		adjustments		ed
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(37,649)	\$ (14,137	)	\$ 1,823		\$ -	\$ (49,963	)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Routine capital expenditures	_	(23,609	)	(876	)	_	(24,485	)
Development capital expenditures	_	(372	)	_		_	(372	)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	(1,233	)	(150	)	_	(1,383	)
Sale of assets	_	8,927		_		_	8,927	
Purchase of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_		(13,179	)	_	(13,179	)
Sale of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_		17,758		_	17,758	
Net change in insurance subsidiary cash and cash								
equivalents	_	_		(4,957	)	_	(4,957	)
Change in other investments	_	70		_		_	70	
Other	_	17		_		_	17	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(16,200	)	(1,404	)	_	(17,604	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from borrowings under revolving credit	648,315	_		_		_	648,315	
Repayment of borrowings under revolving credit	(943,715)	_		_		_	(943,715	)
Proceeds from issuance of term loan, net of								
discount	997,500	_		_		_	997,500	
Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured notes	500,000	_		_		_	500,000	
Repayment of senior unsecured notes	(550,000)	_		_		_	(550,000	)
Repayment of term loan	(781,594)			_		_	(781,594	)
Repayment of other long-term debt	_	(8	)	(59	)	_	(67	)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(2,378)	_		_		_	(2,378	)
Equity offering, net of offering costs	203,977	_		_		_	203,977	
Issuance of common stock in connection with	,						,	
employee benefit plans	883	_		_		_	883	
Dividends paid	(6,572)	_		_		_	(6,572	)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_		(2,662	)	_	(2,662	)
Other	_	248		_	,	_	248	,
Net change in intercompany accounts	(28,767)			3,747		_	_	
Net cash provided by financing activities	37,649	25,260		1,026		_	63,935	
Change in cash and cash equivalents	_	(5,077	)	1,445		_	(3,632	)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,077	,	1,110			(3,032	,

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	30,978	18,070	_	49,048
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$-	\$ 25,901	\$ 19,515	\$ _	\$ 45,416
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KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

### NOTE 14 - CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Six months ended June 30, 2015

						Consolidating and			
	company/	Guarantor		Non-guaranto	r	eliminating			
	issuer	subsidiaries		subsidiaries		•	Consolidated		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating									
activities	\$28,478	\$(107,464	) :	\$ 39,763		\$ -	\$(39,223)		
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Routine capital expenditures	_	(42,370	)	(2,899	)	_	(45,269)		
Development capital expenditures	_	(6,306	)	_		_	(6,306)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	(500,298	)	(161,457	)	_	(661,755)		
Acquisition deposit	_	195,000		_		_	195,000		
Sale of assets	_	3,177		_		_	3,177		
Proceeds from senior unsecured notes									
offering held in escrow	_	_		1,350,000		_	1,350,000		
Interest in escrow for senior unsecured									
notes	_	_		23,438		_	23,438		
Purchase of insurance subsidiary									
investments	_	_		(42,829	)	_	(42,829)		
Sale of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_		34,793		_	34,793		
Net change in insurance subsidiary cash									
and cash equivalents	_	_		(5,763	)	_	(5,763)		
Change in other investments	_	199		_		_	199		
Other	_	(793	)	_		_	(793)		
Net cash provided by (used in)									
investing activities	_	(351,391	)	1,195,283		_	843,892		
Cash flows from financing activities:		·							
Proceeds from borrowings under									
revolving credit	1,155,150	_		_		_	1,155,150		
Repayment of borrowings under revolving									
credit	(970,150)	_		_		_	(970,150)		
Proceeds from issuance of term loan, net	,								
of discount	199,000	_		_		_	199,000		
Proceeds from issuance of senior									
unsecured notes due 2020 and 2023	1,350,000	_		(1,350,000	)	_	_		
Repayment of Gentiva debt		(1,177,363	)			_	(1,177,363)		
Repayment of term loan	(6,005)	_		_		_	(6,005)		
* *	, ,						, , , , , ,		

Repayment of other long-term debt	_		_		(900	)	_	(900	)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(2,983	)	_		_		_	(2,983	)
Issuance of common stock in connection									
with employee benefit plans	205		_		_		_	205	
Payment of costs associated with issuance									
of common stock and tangible equity units	(915	)	_		_		_	(915	)
Payment of dividend for Mandatory									
Redeemable Preferred Stock	(5,432	)	_		_		_	(5,432	)
Dividends paid	(20,002	)	_		_		_	(20,002	)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_		_		(21,138	)	_	(21,138	)
Other	_		1,212		_		_	1,212	
Net change in intercompany accounts	(1,727,34	6)	1,558,832		168,514		_	_	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing									
activities	(28,478	)	382,681		(1,203,524	)	_	(849,321	)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	_		(76,174	)	31,522		_	(44,652	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of									
period	_		129,408		34,780		_	164,188	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period?	\$-		\$53,234		\$66,302		\$ _	\$119,536	
40									

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 14 – CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

	Six months ended June 30, 2014							
	Donout					Consolidatin	ıg	
	Parent	C		NI.		and		
	company/	Guarantor		Non-guarant		•	G 11.1	
(In thousands)	issuer	subsidiario	es	subsidiaries		adjustments	Consolidated	1
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	<b>*</b> (27.77)	<b></b>		<b></b>		<b>.</b>	A ( C = = 4 =	
activities	\$(25,756)	\$ (41,827	)	\$ 1,866		\$ -	\$(65,717	)
Cash flows from investing activities:				( <b>5</b> 00 <b>5</b>				
Routine capital expenditures	_	(44,075	)	(2,087	)	_	(46,162	)
Development capital expenditures	_	(1,123	)	_		_	(1,123	)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	(23,948	)	(150	)	_	(24,098	)
Sale of assets	_	13,961		_		_	13,961	
Purchase of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_		(23,293	)	_	(23,293	)
Sale of insurance subsidiary investments	_	_		26,520		_	26,520	
Net change in insurance subsidiary cash and								
cash equivalents	_	_		(11,556	)	_	(11,556	)
Change in other investments	_	710		_		_	710	
Other	_	(534	)	_		_	(534	)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(55,009	)	(10,566	)	_	(65,575	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from borrowings under revolving								
credit	1,157,015	_		_		_	1,157,015	
Repayment of borrowings under revolving								
credit	(1,369,515)	_		_		_	(1,369,515	)
Proceeds from issuance of term loan, net of								
discount	997,500	_		_		_	997,500	
Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured	,						,	
notes	500,000	_		_		_	500,000	
Repayment of senior unsecured notes	(550,000)	_		_		_	(550,000	)
Repayment of term loan	(783,563)	_		_		_	(783,563	)
Repayment of other long-term debt	-	(35	)	(122	)	_	(157	)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(2,648)	_		_		_	(2,648	)
Equity offering, net of offering costs	203,977	_		_		_	203,977	,
Issuance of common stock in connection with	203,577						203,777	
employee benefit plans	4,687	_		_		_	4,687	
Dividends paid	(13,086)	_		_		_	(13,086	)
	-	_		(5 595	)	_		)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_		(5,595	)	-	(5,595	)

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Other	_	2,121	_	_	2,121
Net change in intercompany accounts	(118,611	) 97,116	21,495	_	_
Net cash provided by financing activities	25,756	99,202	15,778	_	140,736
Change in cash and cash equivalents	_	2,366	7,078	_	9,444
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
period	_	23,535	12,437	_	35,972
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$-	\$ 25,901	\$ 19,515	\$ _	\$45,416

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 15 – LEGAL AND REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS

The Company provides services in a highly regulated industry and is subject to various legal actions and regulatory and other governmental and internal audits and investigations in the ordinary course of business (including investigations resulting from the Company's obligation to self-report suspected violations of law by the Company). These matters could (1) require the Company to pay substantial damages, fines, penalties or amounts in judgments or settlements, which individually or in the aggregate could exceed amounts, if any, that may be recovered under the Company's insurance policies where coverage applies and is available; (2) cause the Company to incur substantial expenses; (3) require significant time and attention from the Company's management; (4) subject the Company to sanctions including possible exclusions from the Medicare and Medicaid programs; and (5) cause the Company to close or sell one or more facilities or otherwise modify the way the Company conducts business. The ultimate resolution of these matters, whether as a result of litigation or settlement, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In accordance with authoritative accounting guidance related to loss contingencies, the Company records an accrued liability for litigation and regulatory matters that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Additional losses in excess of amounts accrued may be reasonably possible. The Company reviews loss contingencies that are reasonably possible and determines whether an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, individually or in aggregate, can be disclosed in the Company's consolidated financial statements. These estimates are based upon currently available information for those legal and regulatory proceedings in which the Company is involved, taking into account the Company's best estimate of losses for those matters for which such estimate can be made. The Company's estimates involve significant judgment and a variety of assumptions, given that (1) these legal and regulatory proceedings may be in early stages; (2) discovery may not be completed; (3) damages sought in these legal and regulatory proceedings can be unsubstantiated or indeterminate; (4) the matters often involve legal uncertainties or evolving areas of law; (5) there are often significant facts in dispute; and/or (6) there is a wide range of possible outcomes. Accordingly, the Company's estimated loss or range of loss may change from time to time, and actual losses may be more or less than the current estimate. At this time, except as otherwise specifically noted, no estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, individually or in the aggregate, in excess of the amounts accrued, if any, can be made regarding the matters described below.

Set forth below are descriptions of the Company's significant legal proceedings.

Medicare and Medicaid payment reviews, audits and investigations—as a result of the Company's participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the Company faces and is currently subject to various governmental and internal reviews, audits and investigations to verify the Company's compliance with these programs and applicable laws and regulations. The Company is routinely subject to audits under various government programs, such as the CMS Recovery Audit Contractor program, in which third party firms engaged by CMS conduct extensive reviews of claims data and medical and other records to identify potential improper payments to healthcare providers under the Medicare program. In addition, the Company, like other healthcare providers, is subject to ongoing investigations by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General, the DOJ and state attorneys general into the billing of services provided to Medicare and Medicaid patients, including whether such services were properly documented and billed, whether services provided were medically necessary and general compliance with conditions of participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Private pay sources such as third party insurance and

managed care entities also often reserve the right to conduct audits. The Company's costs to respond to and defend any such reviews, audits and investigations are significant and are likely to increase in the current enforcement environment. These audits and investigations may require the Company to refund or retroactively adjust amounts that have been paid under the relevant government program or by other payors. Further, an adverse review, audit or investigation also could result in other adverse consequences, particularly if the underlying conduct is found to be pervasive or systemic. These consequences include (1) state or federal agencies imposing fines, penalties and other sanctions on the Company; (2) loss of the Company's right to participate in the Medicare or Medicaid programs or one or more third party payor networks; (3) indemnity claims asserted by customers and others for which the Company provides services; and (4) damage to the Company's reputation in various markets, which could adversely affect the Company's ability to attract patients, residents and employees.

The Company has responded to extensive document subpoenas and requests for employee interviews from the U.S. Attorney's Office in Boston, Massachusetts concerning the operations of RehabCare Group, Inc. ("RehabCare"), a therapy services company acquired by the Company on June 1, 2011. The DOJ asserts, among other things, that rehabilitation therapy services provided to patients in skilled nursing centers were not delivered or billed in accordance with Medicare requirements (including possible violations of the federal False Claims Act), and that there may have been questionable financial arrangements between RehabCare and a vendor and certain skilled nursing facility customers (including possible violations of the federal Anti-Kickback Statute). The Company has been cooperating fully with the DOJ investigation. The Company is

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 15 – LEGAL AND REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS (Continued)

engaged in active discussions with the DOJ in an effort to find a mutually acceptable resolution to this investigation. Based on the progress of those settlement discussions, the Company accrued an estimated loss contingency reserve of \$95 million in the first quarter of 2015. In the event the Company is able to reach a mutually agreeable settlement with the DOJ, the Company estimates that the financial component of such a settlement could range from \$95 million to \$125 million. The Company has accrued the estimated loss contingency at the minimum of the estimated range, in accordance with GAAP, as no amount within that range is a better estimate than any other amount. No tax benefit related to the loss contingency reserve has been recorded as it is not possible to determine tax deductibility. In the event a settlement cannot be reached, the amount of possible loss in excess of the Company's accrual cannot be estimated at this time and such loss could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity. The discussions are ongoing, and until they are concluded, there can be no certainty about the timing or likelihood of a definitive resolution, the scope of any potential restrictions that may be agreed upon in connection with a settlement or the cost of a final settlement.

Whistleblower lawsuits—the Company is also subject to qui tam or "whistleblower" lawsuits under the federal False Claims Act and comparable state laws for allegedly submitting fraudulent bills for services to the Medicare and Medicaid programs. These lawsuits can result in monetary damages, fines, attorneys' fees and the award of bounties to private qui tam plaintiffs who successfully bring these lawsuits and to the respective government programs. The Company also could be subject to civil penalties (including the loss of the Company's licenses to operate one or more facilities or healthcare activities), criminal penalties (for violations of certain laws and regulations), and exclusion of one or more facilities or healthcare activities from participation in the Medicare, Medicaid and other federal and state healthcare programs. The lawsuits are in various stages of adjudication or investigation and involve a wide variety of claims and potential outcomes.

Employment-related lawsuits—the Company's operations are subject to a variety of federal and state employment-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the U.S. Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), Equal Employment Opportunity laws and enforcement policies of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Office of Civil Rights and state attorneys general, federal and state wage and hour laws and a variety of laws enacted by federal and state governments that govern these and other employment-related matters. Accordingly, the Company is currently subject to employee-related claims, class action and other lawsuits and proceedings in connection with the Company's operations, including but not limited to those related to alleged wrongful discharge, illegal discrimination and violations of equal employment and federal and state wage and hour laws. Because labor represents such a large portion of the Company's operating costs, non-compliance with these evolving federal and state laws and regulations could subject the Company to significant back pay awards, fines and additional lawsuits and proceedings. These claims, lawsuits and proceedings are in various stages of adjudication or investigation and involve a wide variety of claims and potential outcomes.

Four wage and hour class action lawsuits were previously pending against the Company in federal district court for the Central District of California. Each case pertained to alleged errors made by the Company with respect to regular pay and overtime pay calculations, waiting times, meal period waivers and wage statements under California law. The Company tentatively settled these lawsuits in June 2014, subject to finalizing settlement details. Preliminary court approval was obtained in September 2014, and final court approval of the class action settlement was entered on April

2, 2015 in connection with the Company's payment of \$16.6 million. The Company had previously recorded a \$16.6 million loss provision related to these lawsuits.

As a result of the decertification of a wage and hour class action lawsuit (Rindfleisch v. Gentiva), single-plaintiff lawsuits with identical claims have been filed against the Company. Including Rindfleisch, which has four plaintiffs, there are 411 lawsuits pending in federal district court for the Northern District of Georgia and assigned to various judges. These lawsuits pertain to a compensation plan that paid Gentiva's home health employees on both a per visit and an hourly basis, thereby allegedly voiding their FLSA exempt status and entitling them to overtime pay. The plaintiffs in these lawsuits are seeking attorneys' fees and costs, back wages and liquidated damages going back three years from the filings of the complaints under the FLSA. No estimate of the possible loss or range of loss resulting from these lawsuits can be made at this time. The Company disputes the allegations made in these lawsuits and will defend any related claims vigorously.

Minimum staffing lawsuits—various states in which the Company operates hospitals and nursing centers have established minimum staffing requirements or may establish minimum staffing requirements in the future. While the Company seeks to comply with all applicable staffing requirements, the regulations in this area are complex and the Company may experience compliance issues from time to time. Failure to comply with such minimum staffing requirements may result in one or more facilities failing to meet the conditions of participation under relevant federal and state healthcare programs and the imposition of significant fines, damages or other sanctions.

KINDRED HEALTHCARE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### NOTE 15 – LEGAL AND REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS (Continued)

Shareholder actions—the Company is also subject to lawsuits and other shareholder actions brought from time to time, including actions brought by Gentiva shareholders.

A consolidated shareholder class action lawsuit is currently pending against a former officer and director of Gentiva in federal district court for the Eastern District of New York. The lawsuit asserts claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as well as Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and alleges, among other items, that Gentiva's public disclosures misrepresented and failed to disclose that Gentiva improperly increased the number of in-home therapy visits to patients for the purposes of triggering higher reimbursement rates under Medicare, which caused an artificial inflation in the price of Gentiva Common Stock between July 31, 2008 and October 4, 2011. The court dismissed Gentiva from the lawsuit in December 2013. On December 10, 2014, the former officer and director of Gentiva reached an agreement in principle to settle the lawsuit for \$6.5 million, to be funded in its entirety by insurance. The settlement remains subject to the completion of definitive settlement documentation, notice to the putative class and approval by the court.

The Company previously received notice that two Gentiva shareholders, holding a total of 505,750 shares of Gentiva Common Stock, had exercised their appraisal rights to seek Delaware judicial review of the consideration paid for their shares as part of the Gentiva Merger. The Company entered into separate settlement agreements with each shareholder in the second quarter of 2015 pursuant to which the Company has been released of all related claims.

Ordinary course matters—in addition to the matters described above, the Company is subject to investigations, claims and lawsuits in the ordinary course of business, including investigations resulting from the Company's obligation to self-report suspected violations of law by the Company and professional liability claims. In many of these claims, plaintiffs' attorneys are seeking significant fines and compensatory and punitive damages, along with attorneys' fees. The Company maintains professional and general liability insurance in amounts and coverage that management believes are sufficient for the Company's operations. However, the Company's insurance may not cover all claims against the Company or the full extent of the Company's liability.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

#### **Cautionary Statement**

This Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the Company's expected future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, dividends, financing plans, business strategy, budgets, capital expenditures, competitive positions, growth opportunities, plans and objectives of management, and statements containing the words such as "anticipate," "approximate," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "project," "could," "would," "should," "will," "intend," "may," "potential," "upside," and other similar e Statements in this report concerning the Company's business outlook or future economic performance, anticipated profitability, revenues, expenses, dividends or other financial items, and product or services line growth, together with other statements that are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements that are estimates reflecting the best judgment of the Company based upon currently available information.

Such forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, and stockholders and other potential investors must recognize that actual results may differ materially from the Company's expectations as a result of a variety of factors, including, without limitation, those discussed below. Such forward-looking statements are based upon management's current expectations and include known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which the Company is unable to predict or control, that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or plans to differ materially from any future results, performance or plans expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors discussed below and detailed from time to time in the Company's filings with the SEC.

In addition to the factors set forth above, other factors that may affect the Company's plans, results or stock price include, without limitation:

the impact of healthcare reform, which will initiate significant changes to the United States healthcare system, including potential material changes to the delivery of healthcare services and the reimbursement paid for such services by the government or other third party payors, including reforms resulting from the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Healthcare Education and Reconciliation Act (collectively, the "ACA") or future deficit reduction measures adopted at the federal or state level. Healthcare reform is affecting each of the Company's businesses in some manner. Potential future efforts in the U.S. Congress to repeal, amend, modify or retract funding for various aspects of the ACA create additional uncertainty about the ultimate impact of the ACA on the Company and the healthcare industry. Due to the substantial regulatory changes that will need to be implemented by CMS and others, and the numerous processes required to implement these reforms, the Company cannot predict which healthcare initiatives will be implemented at the federal or state level, the timing of any such reforms, or the effect such reforms or any other future legislation or regulation will have on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity,

risks and uncertainties related to the Gentiva Merger, including, but not limited to, uncertainties as to whether the Gentiva Merger will have the accretive effect on the Company's earnings or cash flows that it expects, the inability to obtain, or delays in obtaining, cost savings and synergies from the Gentiva Merger, costs and difficulties related to the integration of Gentiva's businesses and operations with the Company's businesses and operations, unexpected costs, liabilities, charges or expenses resulting from the Gentiva Merger, adverse effects on the Company's stock price resulting from the Gentiva Merger, the inability to retain key personnel, and potential adverse reactions, changes to business relationships or competitive responses resulting from the Gentiva Merger,

the Company's ability to meet the substantial debt service requirements incurred to finance the Gentiva Merger,

the Company's ability to adjust to the new patient criteria for LTAC hospitals under the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013 (the "SGR Reform Act"), which will reduce the population of patients eligible for the Company's hospital services and change the basis upon which the Company is paid,

the Company's ability to comply with the terms of Gentiva's Corporate Integrity Agreement, which the Company became subject to as a result of the Gentiva Merger,

the impact of the final rules issued by CMS on August 1, 2012 (the "2012 CMS Rules"), which among other things, reduced Medicare reimbursement to the Company's TC hospitals in 2013 and beyond by imposing a budget neutrality adjustment and modifying the short-stay outlier rules,

the impact of the final rules issued by CMS on July 29, 2011, which among other things, significantly reduced Medicare reimbursement to the Company's nursing centers and changed payments for the provision of group therapy services effective October 1, 2011,

the impact of the Budget Control Act of 2011 (as amended by the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (the "Taxpayer Relief Act")) which instituted an automatic 2% reduction on each claim submitted to Medicare beginning April 1, 2013,

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

#### **Cautionary Statement (Continued)**

the costs of defending and insuring against alleged professional liability and other claims and investigations (including those related to pending investigations and whistleblower and wage and hour class action lawsuits against the Company) and the Company's ability to predict the estimated costs and reserves related to such claims and investigations, including the impact of differences in actuarial assumptions and estimates compared to eventual outcomes.

the impact of the Taxpayer Relief Act which, among other things, reduces Medicare payments by an additional 25% for subsequent procedures when multiple therapy services are provided on the same day,

changes in the reimbursement rates or the methods or timing of payment from third party payors, including commercial payors and the Medicare and Medicaid programs, changes arising from and related to the Medicare prospective payment system for LTAC hospitals, including potential changes in the Medicare payment rules, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, and changes in Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement for the Company's TC hospitals, nursing centers, IRFs and home health and hospice operations, and the expiration of the Medicare Part B therapy cap exception process,

the effects of additional legislative changes and government regulations, interpretation of regulations and changes in the nature and enforcement of regulations governing the healthcare industry,

the ability of the Company's hospitals and nursing centers to adjust to medical necessity reviews,

the impact of the Company's significant level of indebtedness on its funding costs, operating flexibility and ability to fund ongoing operations, development capital expenditures or other strategic acquisitions with additional borrowings, the Company's ability to successfully redeploy capital in pursuit of its business strategy and pursue the Company's development activities, including through acquisitions, and successfully integrate new operations, including the realization of anticipated revenues, economies of scale, cost savings and productivity gains associated with such operations, as and when planned, including the potential impact of unanticipated issues, expenses and liabilities associated with those activities,

the failure of the Company's facilities to meet applicable licensure and certification requirements,

the further consolidation and cost containment efforts of managed care organizations and other third party payors, the Company's ability to comply with its rental and debt agreements, including payment of amounts owed thereunder and compliance with the covenants contained therein, including under the Company's master lease agreements with Ventas.

the condition of the financial markets, including volatility and weakness in the equity, capital and credit markets, which could limit the availability and terms of debt and equity financing sources to fund the requirements of the Company's businesses, or which could negatively impact the Company's investment portfolio,

the Company's ability to control costs, particularly labor and employee benefit costs,

the Company's ability to successfully reduce (by divestiture of operations or otherwise) its exposure to professional liability and other claims,

the Company's obligations under various laws to self-report suspected violations of law by the Company to various government agencies, including any associated obligation to refund overpayments to government payors, fines and other sanctions,

the Company's ability to pay a dividend as, when and if declared by the Board of Directors, in compliance with applicable laws and the Company's debt and other contractual arrangements,

national, regional and industry-specific economic, financial, business and political conditions, including their effect on the availability and cost of labor, credit, materials and other services,

increased operating costs due to shortages in qualified nurses, therapists and other healthcare personnel, the Company's ability to attract and retain key executives and other healthcare personnel,

the Company's ability to successfully dispose of unprofitable facilities, events or circumstances which could result in the impairment of an asset or other charges, changes in GAAP or practices, and changes in tax accounting or tax laws (or authoritative interpretations relating to any of these matters), and

the Company's ability to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

#### Cautionary Statement (Continued)

Many of these factors are beyond the Company's control. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements made by the Company are not guarantees of future performance. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any such factors or to announce publicly the results of any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements to reflect future events or developments.

#### General

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, should be read in conjunction with the following discussion and analysis.

The Company is a healthcare services company that through its subsidiaries operates TC hospitals, a home health, hospice and community care business, IRFs, a contract rehabilitation services business, nursing centers and assisted living facilities across the United States. At June 30, 2015, the Company's hospital division operated 96 TC hospitals (7,124 licensed beds) in 22 states. The Company's Kindred at Home division (formerly known as the care management division) primarily provided home health, hospice and community care services from 656 sites of service in 41 states. The Company's rehabilitation division (now known as Kindred Rehabilitation Services) provided rehabilitation services primarily in hospitals and long-term care settings and operated 16 IRFs (829 licensed beds). The Company's nursing center division operated 90 nursing centers (11,535 licensed beds) and seven assisted living facilities (375 licensed beds) in 18 states.

#### Gentiva Merger

On October 9, 2014, the Company entered into the Gentiva Merger Agreement, providing for the Company's acquisition of Gentiva. On February 2, 2015, the Company consummated the Gentiva Merger, with Gentiva continuing as the surviving company and the Company's wholly owned subsidiary.

At the effective time of the Gentiva Merger, each share of Gentiva Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Gentiva Merger (other than shares held by Kindred, Gentiva and any wholly owned subsidiaries (which were cancelled) and shares owned by stockholders who properly exercised and perfected a demand for appraisal rights under Delaware law), including each deferred share unit, were converted into the right to receive (i) the Cash Consideration, without interest, and (ii) the Stock Consideration.

Operating results in the second quarter of 2015 included transaction and integration costs totaling \$2 million, retention and severance costs totaling \$2 million and a lease termination charge of \$0.2 million related to the Gentiva Merger. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included transaction and integration costs totaling \$34 million, retention and severance costs totaling \$57 million, a lease termination charge of \$1 million and financing costs totaling \$23 million related to the Gentiva Merger. Operating results in both the second quarter of 2014 and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 included transaction costs totaling \$2 million related to the Gentiva Merger. See note 2 of the notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Discontinued operations

The Company has completed several strategic divestitures or planned divestitures to improve its future operating results. For accounting purposes, the operating results of these businesses and the gains, losses or impairments associated with these transactions were classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for all periods presented in accordance with the authoritative guidance in effect through December 31, 2014. Effective January 1, 2015, the authoritative guidance modified the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. A disposal is now required to be reported in discontinued operations only if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on the Company's operations and financial results.

Assets held for sale at June 30, 2015 have been measured at the lower of carrying value or estimated fair value less costs of disposal and have been classified as held for sale in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

On December 27, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with Ventas to transition the operations under the leases for the 2014 Expiring Facilities. Each lease will terminate when the operation of such nursing center is transferred to a new operator, which is expected to occur during 2015. The current lease term for eight of these nursing centers is scheduled to expire on April 30, 2018. The current lease term for the ninth of these nursing centers is scheduled to expire on April 30, 2020. The Company will continue to operate these facilities until operations are transferred. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company transferred the operations of two of the 2014 Expiring Facilities, resulting in a gain on divestiture of \$2 million (\$1 million net of income taxes). For accounting purposes, the 2014 Expiring Facilities qualified as assets held for sale and the Company reflected the operating results as discontinued

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

General (Continued)

Discontinued operations (Continued)

operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for all historical periods. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company incurred a \$40 million termination fee in exchange for the early termination of the leases, which was paid to Ventas in January 2015.

During the second quarter of 2014, the Company reclassified as discontinued for all periods presented the operations of three TC hospitals and two nursing centers that were either closed or divested through a planned sale of such facility or the expiration of a lease. The Company recorded a loss on divestiture of \$3 million (\$2 million net of income taxes) for the three months ended June 30, 2014 related to these divestitures.

The Company allowed the lease to expire on a TC hospital during the six months ended June 30, 2014 resulting in a loss on divestiture primarily related to a write-off of an indefinite-lived intangible asset of \$3 million (\$2 million net of income taxes) for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The Company reflected the operating results of this TC hospital as discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for all historical periods.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts and related disclosures of commitments and contingencies. The Company relies on historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies, among others, affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

#### Revenue recognition

The Company has agreements with third party payors that provide for payments to each of its operating divisions. These payment arrangements may be based upon prospective rates, reimbursable costs, established charges, discounted charges or per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is recorded at the estimated net realizable amounts from Medicare, Medicaid, Medicare Advantage, Medicaid Managed, other third party payors and individual patients for services rendered. Retroactive adjustments that are likely to result from future examinations by third party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted as necessary in future periods based upon new information or final settlements.

#### Collectibility of accounts receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, other government programs, managed care health plans, commercial insurance companies, skilled nursing and hospital customers, individual patients and other customers. Estimated provisions for doubtful accounts are recorded to the extent it is probable that a portion or all of a particular account will not be collected.

In evaluating the collectibility of accounts receivable, the Company considers a number of factors, including the age of the accounts, changes in collection patterns, the composition of patient accounts by payor type, the status of ongoing disputes with third party payors and general industry conditions. Actual collections of accounts receivable in subsequent periods may require changes in the estimated provision for loss. Changes in these estimates are charged or credited to the results of operations in the period of the change.

The provision for doubtful accounts totaled \$12 million and \$8 million in the second quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$21 million and \$15 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### Allowances for insurance risks

The Company insures a substantial portion of its professional liability risks and workers compensation risks through its limited purpose insurance subsidiaries. Provisions for loss for these risks are based upon management's best available information including actuarially determined estimates. Effective with the Gentiva Merger, the Company cancelled all policies issued by the Gentiva limited purpose insurance subsidiary and insures all post-merger risks through its insurance subsidiary.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Critical Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowances for insurance risks (Continued)

The allowance for professional liability risks includes an estimate of the expected cost to settle reported claims and an amount, based upon past experiences, for losses incurred but not reported. These risks are necessarily based upon estimates and, while management believes that the provision for loss is adequate, the ultimate liability may be in excess of, or less than, the amounts recorded. To the extent that expected ultimate claims costs vary from historical provisions for loss, future earnings will be charged or credited.

Provisions for loss for professional liability risks retained by the Company's limited purpose insurance subsidiary have been discounted based upon actuarial estimates of claim payment patterns using a discount rate of 1% to 5% depending upon the policy year. The discount rate was 1% for the 2015 and 2014 policy years. The discount rates are based upon the risk free interest rate for the respective year. Amounts equal to the discounted loss provision are funded annually. The Company does not fund the portion of professional liability risks related to estimated claims that have been incurred but not reported. Accordingly, these liabilities are not discounted. The allowance for professional liability risks aggregated \$329 million at June 30, 2015 and \$308 million at December 31, 2014. If the Company did not discount any of the allowances for professional liability risks, these balances would have approximated \$332 million at June 30, 2015 and \$310 million at December 31, 2014.

Changes in the number of professional liability claims and the cost to settle these claims significantly impact the allowance for professional liability risks. A relatively small variance between the Company's estimated and actual number of claims or average cost per claim could have a material impact, either favorable or unfavorable, on the adequacy of the allowance for professional liability risks. For example, a 1% variance in the allowance for professional liability risks at June 30, 2015 would impact the Company's operating income by approximately \$3 million.

The provision for professional liability risks (continuing operations), including the cost of coverage maintained with unaffiliated commercial insurance carriers, aggregated \$14 million and \$15 million in the second quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$31 million and \$29 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Provisions for loss for workers compensation risks retained by the Company's limited purpose insurance subsidiary are not discounted and amounts equal to the loss provision are funded annually. The allowance for workers compensation risks aggregated \$266 million at June 30, 2015 and \$189 million at December 31, 2014. The provision for workers compensation risks (continuing operations), including the cost of coverage maintained with unaffiliated commercial insurance carriers, aggregated \$14 million and \$9 million in the second quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$29 million and \$17 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Workers compensation cost increased in both the second quarter of 2015 and for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same periods in 2014 primarily as a result of the Gentiva Merger.

### Accounting for income taxes

The provision for income taxes is based upon the Company's estimate of annual taxable income or loss for each respective accounting period. The Company recognizes an asset or liability for the deferred tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial

statements. These temporary differences will result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years when the reported amounts of the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled. The Company also recognizes as deferred tax assets the future tax benefits from net operating losses and capital loss carryforwards. A valuation allowance is provided for these deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the net deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company's effective income tax rate was 42.0% and 38.3% in the second quarter of 2015 and 2014, respectively, and 3.2% and 37.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate in the second quarter of 2015 was primarily attributable to an increase in the annualized pretax income estimate for 2015 and the related impact to adjust the income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily attributable to transaction costs that are not deductible for income tax purposes and having no tax benefit recorded for a \$95 million litigation contingency loss reserve for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as it is not possible to determine the tax deductibility of the contingency. See note 15 of the notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company is reporting income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$58 million and an income tax provision of \$25 million in the second quarter of 2015 as compared to a loss from continuing operations before income taxes of \$104 million and an income tax benefit of \$3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$4 million and an income tax provision of \$2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Critical Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

There are significant uncertainties with respect to capital loss carryforwards that could affect materially the realization of certain deferred tax assets. Accordingly, the Company has recognized deferred tax assets to the extent it is more likely than not they will be realized and a valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets to the extent that it is uncertain that the deferred tax asset will be realized. The Company recognized net deferred tax assets totaling \$84 million and \$94 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The Company is subject to various federal and state income tax audits in the ordinary course of business. Such audits could result in increased tax payments, interest and penalties. While the Company believes its tax positions are appropriate, there can be no assurance that the various authorities engaged in the examination of its income tax returns will not challenge the Company's positions.

Valuation of long-lived assets, goodwill and intangible assets

The Company reviews the carrying value of certain long-lived assets and finite lived intangible assets with respect to any events or circumstances that indicate an impairment or an adjustment to the amortization period is necessary. If circumstances suggest that the recorded amounts cannot be recovered based upon estimated future undiscounted cash flows, the carrying values of such assets are reduced to fair value.

In assessing the carrying values of long-lived assets, the Company estimates future cash flows at the lowest level for which there are independent, identifiable cash flows. For this purpose, these cash flows are aggregated based upon the contractual agreements underlying the operation of the facility or group of facilities. Generally, an individual facility is considered the lowest level for which there are independent, identifiable cash flows. However, to the extent that groups of facilities are leased under a master lease agreement in which the operations of a facility and compliance with the lease terms are interdependent upon other facilities in the agreement (including the Company's ability to renew the lease or divest a particular property), the Company defines the group of facilities under a master lease agreement as the lowest level for which there are independent, identifiable cash flows. Accordingly, the estimated cash flows of all facilities within a master lease agreement are aggregated for purposes of evaluating the carrying values of long-lived assets.

In accordance with the authoritative guidance for goodwill and other intangible assets, the Company is required to perform an impairment test for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets at least annually or more frequently if adverse events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. The Company performs its annual goodwill impairment test at the end of each fiscal year for each of its reporting units. A reporting unit is either an operating segment or one level below the operating segment, referred to as a component. When the components within the Company's operating segments have similar economic characteristics, the Company aggregates the components of its operating segments into one reporting unit. Accordingly, the Company has determined that its reporting units are hospitals, home health, hospice, community care, hospital rehabilitation services, inpatient rehabilitation hospitals, skilled nursing rehabilitation services (now known as RehabCare) and nursing centers. The hospital rehabilitation services operating segment (now known as Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services). The community care reporting unit is included in the home health business segment of the Kindred at Home division. The carrying value of goodwill for

each of the Company's reporting units at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Hospitals	\$628,519	\$ 679,480
Kindred at Home:		
Home health	730,443	117,589
Hospice	633,736	26,910
Community care	164,773	_
	1,528,952	144,499
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:		
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Service contracts	173,618	173,618
Inpatient rehabilitation hospitals	312,239	_
RehabCare	_	_
	485,857	173,618
Nursing centers	_	_
	\$2,643,328	\$ 997,597

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Critical Accounting Policies (Continued)

Valuation of long-lived assets, goodwill and intangible assets (Continued)

The goodwill impairment test involves a two-step process. The first step is a comparison of each reporting unit's fair value to its carrying value. If the carrying value of the reporting unit is greater than its fair value, there is an indication that impairment may exist and the second step must be performed to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. Based upon the results of the step one impairment test for goodwill for hospitals, hospital rehabilitation services, home health and hospice reporting units for the year ended December 31, 2014, no goodwill impairment charges were recorded in connection with the Company's annual impairment test.

Since quoted market prices for the Company's reporting units are not available, the Company applies judgment in determining the fair value of these reporting units for purposes of performing the goodwill impairment test. The Company relies on widely accepted valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow and market multiple analyses approaches, which capture both the future income potential of the reporting unit and the market behaviors and actions of market participants in the industry that includes the reporting unit. These types of analyses require the Company to make assumptions and estimates regarding future cash flows, industry-specific economic factors and the profitability of future business strategies. The discounted cash flow approach uses a projection of estimated operating results and cash flows that are discounted using a weighted average cost of capital. Under the discounted cash flow approach, the projection uses management's best estimates of economic and market conditions over the projected period for each reporting unit including growth rates in the number of admissions, patient days, reimbursement rates, operating costs, rent expense and capital expenditures. Other significant estimates and assumptions include terminal value growth rates, changes in working capital requirements and weighted average cost of capital. The market multiple analysis estimates fair value by applying cash flow multiples to the reporting unit's operating results. The multiples are derived from comparable publicly traded companies with similar operating and investment characteristics to the reporting units.

The Company has determined that during the six months ended June 30, 2015, there were no events or changes in circumstances since December 31, 2014, other than as described below, requiring an interim impairment test. Although the Company has determined that there were no goodwill or other indefinite-lived intangible asset impairments as of June 30, 2015, adverse changes in the operating environment and related key assumptions used to determine the fair value of the Company's reporting units and indefinite-lived intangible assets or declines in the value of the Company's common stock may result in future impairment charges for a portion or all of these assets. Specifically, if the rate of growth of government and commercial revenues earned by the Company's reporting units were to be less than projected or if healthcare reforms were to negatively impact the Company's business, an impairment charge of a portion or all of these assets may be required.

An impairment charge could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position and results of operations, but would not be expected to have an impact on the Company's cash flows or liquidity.

The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of trade names, Medicare certifications and certificates of need. The fair values of the Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets are derived from current market data including comparable sales or royalty rates, and projections at a facility, location level or reporting unit which include management's best estimates of economic and market conditions over the projected period. Significant assumptions include growth rates in the number of admissions, patient days, reimbursement rates, operating costs, rent expense,

capital expenditures, terminal value growth rates, changes in working capital requirements, weighted average cost of capital and opportunity costs.

The annual impairment tests for certain of the Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets are performed as of May 1, July 1, September 1, October 1 and November 30 while all others are performed as of December 31. No impairment charges were recorded in connection with the annual impairment tests performed at May 1, 2015 or at each of the dates in 2014. The impairment test at May 1, 2015 for the RehabCare trade name indicated that the excess fair value was only 12% higher than the carrying value. A change in one of the significant assumptions such as revenue growth or royalty rate could have a material effect on the fair value of the trade name.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded an asset impairment charge of \$7 million related to previously acquired home health and hospice trade names after the decision in the first quarter of 2015 to rebrand to the Kindred at Home trade name. These charges reflect the amount by which the carrying value exceeded its estimated fair value. The fair value of the trade names was measured using Level 3 unobservable inputs, primarily economic obsolescence.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

#### Recently Issued Accounting Requirements

In April 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. The new provisions will help entities determine whether a cloud computing arrangement contains a software license that should be accounted for as internal-use software and capitalized or as a service contract. For public companies, the new standard is effective for annual periods, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted and transition may be elected retrospectively or prospectively. The Company is still assessing this guidance.

In April 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the balance sheet presentation requirements for debt issuance costs. To simplify presentation of debt issuance costs, the amendments require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. This guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. The new guidance should be applied on a retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In February 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the evaluation of certain legal entities for consolidation. Specifically, the guidance (i) modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are VIEs or voting interest entities, (ii) eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership, (iii) affects the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships and (iv) provides a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interest in legal entities in certain investment funds. The guidance is effective for all interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The guidance is not expected to have an impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In January 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which eliminated from GAAP the concept of extraordinary items. The FASB issued this update as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards, also referred to as the Simplification Initiative. The guidance is effective for all interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. The guidance is not expected to have an impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which changes the requirements for recognizing revenue when entities enter into contracts with customers. Under the new provisions, an entity will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects in exchange for the goods or services. It also requires more detailed disclosures to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. In July 2015, the FASB finalized a one year deferral of the new revenue standard with an updated effective date for annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017. Entities are not permitted to adopt the standard earlier than the original effective date, which was on or after December 15, 2016. The Company is still assessing this guidance.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

# RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

# Results of Operations – Continuing Operations

A summary of the Company's operating data follows (unaudited):

	Three montl	hs ended	Six months ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
(In thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Revenues:						
Hospital division	\$627,206	\$612,517	\$1,267,689	\$1,239,762		
Kindred at Home:						
Home health	427,820	75,502	728,687	150,293		
Hospice	178,005	12,484	297,062	25,397		
	605,825	87,986	1,025,749	175,690		
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:						
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	152,544	94,963	304,108	188,140		
RehabCare	236,791	253,694	489,386	507,637		
	389,335	348,657	793,494	695,777		
Nursing center division	273,870	264,437	548,178	527,027		
	1,896,236	1,313,597	3,635,110	2,638,256		
Eliminations:						
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	(23,201	) (22,855	) (47,203	(46,088)		
RehabCare	(38,262	) (28,485	) (76,051	(56,639)		
Nursing centers	(1,298	(860	) (2,414	(1,522)		
	(62,761	) (52,200	(125,668)	(104,249)		
	\$1,833,475	\$1,261,397	\$3,509,442	\$2,534,007		
Income (loss) from continuing operations:						
Operating income (loss):						
Hospital division	\$130,967	\$131,990	\$265,078	\$271,495		
Kindred at Home:						
Home health	72,329	5,048	118,025	7,893		
Hospice	26,238	2,017	42,717	3,869		
	98,567	7,065	160,742	11,762		
Kindred Rehabilitation Services:						
Kindred Hospital Rehabilitation Services	44,531	25,572	89,095	51,282		
RehabCare	14,681	19,687	30,389	37,703		
	59,212	45,259	119,484	88,985		
Nursing center division	39,877	35,409	76,840	72,981		
Support center	(70,209	) (48,808	) (136,774)	(93,264)		
Litigation contingency expense	(3,925	) (4,600	) (98,925	(4,600)		
Impairment charges	_	_	(6,726	_		
Transaction costs	(5,216	) (4,496	) (99,918	(5,179)		
Operating income	249,273	161,819	279,801	342,180		
Rent	(96,402	) (77,699	) (188,542)	(156,229)		
Depreciation and amortization	(38,625	) (39,172	) (77,560	(78,264)		

Interest, net	(56,140	) (78,081	) (117,917	) (103,698)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	58,106	(33,133	) (104,218	) 3,989
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	24,396	(12,683	) (3,340	) 1,512
	\$33,710	\$(20,450	) \$(100,878	) \$2,477
53				

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Results of Operations – Continuing Operations (Continued)

Operating data:

Three months Six months ended ended June 30, June 30, 2015 2014 2015 2014

Hospital division: