

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL
Form 10-Q
February 17, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from ___ to ___

Commission File Number 1-14523

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

California
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-2086631
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

16139 Wyandotte Street
Van Nuys, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

91406
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: 818-787-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

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company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
 No

As of February 08, 2014, there were 3,513,055 shares of the issuer’s Common Stock, no par value, outstanding.

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL
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SIGNATURE

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The discussions of Trio-Tech International's (the "Company") business and activities set forth in this Form 10-Q and in other past and future reports and announcements by the Company may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and assumptions regarding future activities and results of operations of the Company. In light of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the Company: market acceptance of Company products and services; changing business conditions or technologies and volatility in the semiconductor industry, which could affect demand for the Company's products and services; the impact of competition; problems with technology; product development schedules; delivery schedules; changes in military or commercial testing specifications which could affect the market for the Company's products and services; difficulties in profitably integrating acquired businesses, if any, into the Company; risks associated with conducting business internationally and especially in Southeast Asia, including currency fluctuations and devaluation, currency restrictions, local laws and restrictions and possible social, political and economic instability; changes in U.S. and global financial and equity markets, including market disruptions and significant interest rate fluctuations; and other economic, financial and regulatory factors beyond the Company's control. Other than statements of historical fact, all statements made in this Quarterly Report are forward-looking, including, but not limited to, statements regarding industry prospects, future results of operations or financial position, and statements of our intent, belief and current expectations about our strategic direction, prospective and future financial results and condition. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of terminology such as "may," "will," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "estimates," "potential," "believes," "can impact," "continue," or the negative thereof or other comparative terminology. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that are inherently difficult to predict, which could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from our expectations, forecasts and assumptions.

Unless otherwise required by law, we undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events, changed circumstances, or the occurrence of unanticipated events. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT NUMBER OF SHARES)

	December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,409	\$ 2,938
Short-term deposits	103	102
Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$477 and \$438	8,232	8,625
Other receivables	405	311
Inventories, less provision for obsolete inventory of \$740 and \$844	1,450	1,106
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	263	205
Total current assets	12,862	13,287
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Deferred tax asset	368	388
Investments	-	-
Investment properties, net	1,703	1,765
Property, plant and equipment, net	12,596	13,541
Loans receivable from property development projects	-	805
Other assets	1,997	1,263
Restricted term deposits	3,344	3,541
Total non-current assets	20,008	21,303
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 32,870	\$ 34,590
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Lines of credit	\$ 2,689	\$ 3,767
Accounts payable	3,332	3,162
Accrued expenses	2,992	3,046
Income taxes payable	267	214
Current portion of bank loans payable	178	448
Current portion of capital leases	79	81
Total current liabilities	9,537	10,718
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Bank loans payable, net of current portion	2,298	2,598
Capital leases, net of current portion	171	200
Deferred tax liabilities	129	202
Other non-current liabilities	38	39
Total non-current liabilities	2,636	3,039
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 12,173	\$ 13,757

COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

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EQUITY

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL'S SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Common stock, no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized; 3,513,055 shares issued and outstanding as at December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014, respectively	\$	10,882	\$	10,882
Paid-in capital		3,070		2,972
Accumulated retained earnings		1,695		1,725
Accumulated other comprehensive gain-translation adjustments		3,170		3,522
Total Trio-Tech International shareholders' equity		18,817		19,101
Non-controlling interest		1,880		1,732
TOTAL EQUITY	\$	20,697	\$	20,833
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	32,870	\$	34,590

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
UNAUDITED (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE)

	Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013	Dec. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013
Revenue				
Products	\$ 7,212	\$ 10,101	\$ 3,780	\$ 4,696
Testing services	9,691	8,645	5,073	4,597
Others	87	90	44	46
	16,990	18,836	8,897	9,339
Cost of Sales				
Cost of products sold	6,276	8,410	3,063	4,064
Cost of testing services rendered	6,405	6,278	3,356	3,253
Others	69	70	35	35
	12,750	14,758	6,454	7,352
Gross Margin	4,240	4,078	2,443	1,987
Operating Expenses:				
General and administrative	3,438	3,672	1,711	1,838
Selling	296	413	165	208
Research and development	94	101	47	49
Impairment loss	70	-	55	-
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	28	11	28	(2)
Total operating expenses	3,926	4,197	2,006	2,093
Income / (Loss) from Operations	314	(119)	437	(106)
Other (Expenses) / Income				
Interest expenses	(122)	(134)	(58)	(66)
Other income / (expenses), net	54	(41)	7	(205)
Total other (expenses) / income	(68)	(175)	(51)	(271)
Income / (loss) from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes	246	(294)	386	(377)
Income Tax (Expenses) / Benefits	(86)	82	(132)	39
Income / (loss) from continuing operations before non-controlling interest, net of tax	160	(212)	254	(338)
Other Operating Activities				
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint venture, net of tax	-	-	-	-

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Discontinued Operations (Note 16)				
Income / (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	20	(72)	(6)	(30)
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	180	(284)	248	(368)
Less: net income / (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	210	98	154	(3)
Net (Loss) / Income Attributable to Trio-Tech International Common Shareholder	\$ (30)	\$ (382)	\$ 94	\$ (365)
Amounts Attributable to Trio-Tech International Common Shareholders:				
(Loss) / income from continuing operations, net of tax	(41)	(342)	97	(348)
Income / (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	11	(40)	(3)	(17)
Net (Loss) / Income Attributable to Trio-Tech International Common Shareholders	\$ (30)	\$ (382)	\$ 94	\$ (365)
Comprehensive Income / (Loss) Attributable to Trio-Tech International Common Shareholders:				
Net income / (loss)	180	(284)	248	(368)
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	(414)	(144)	(574)	39
Comprehensive Loss	(234)	(428)	(326)	(329)
Less: Comprehensive (loss) / income attributable to non-controlling interest	150	(5)	36	(1)
Comprehensive Loss Attributable to Trio-Tech International Common Shareholders	\$ (384)	\$ (423)	\$ (362)	\$ (328)
Basic and Diluted (Loss) / Earnings per Share:				
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to Trio-Tech International	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.10)
Basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operations attributable to Trio-Tech International	\$ -	\$ (0.01)	\$ -	\$ -
Basic and Diluted (Loss) / Earnings per Share from Net (Loss) / Income Attributable to Trio-Tech International	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.10)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic	3,513	3,508	3,513	3,508
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-
Number of shares used to compute earnings per share diluted	3,513	3,508	3,513	3,508

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(IN THOUSANDS)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount \$	Additional Paid-in Capital \$	Accumulated Retained Earnings \$	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income \$	Non- Controlling Interest \$	Total \$
Balance at June 30, 2013	3,322	10,531	2,756	1,668	3,680	1,971	20,606
Stock option expenses	-	-	216	-	-	-	216
Net income	-	-	-	57	-	144	201
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(158)	(70)	(228)
Dividend declared by subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	(313)	(313)
Stock options exercised	191	351	-	-	-	-	351
Balance at June 30, 2014	3,513	10,882	2,972	1,725	3,522	1,732	20,833
Stock option expenses	-	-	89	-	-	-	89
Contribution to capital - payable forgiveness	-	-	9	-	-	-	9
Net (loss) / income	-	-	-	(30)	-	210	180
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(352)	(62)	(414)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2014	3,513	10,882	3,070	1,695	3,170	1,880	20,697

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended December 31, 2013 (Unaudited)
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net income / (loss)	\$ 180	\$(284)
Adjustments to reconcile net income / (loss) to net cash flow provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	1,189	1,198
Bad debt expense, net	56	337
Inventory recovery	(73)	(47)
Warranty (recovery) / expense, net	(9)	3
Accrued interest expense, net of interest income	49	5
Loss on sale of property-continued operations	28	11
Impairment loss	70	-
Contribution to capital - payable forgiveness	9	-
Stock option expenses	89	200
Deferred tax provision	(50)	(23)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition effects		
Accounts receivables	354	(504)
Other receivables	(94)	1,462
Other assets	78	(916)
Inventories	(318)	1,192
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(58)	(87)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	190	(380)
Income tax payable	55	8
Other non-current liabilities	-	26
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,745	2,201
Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(899)	(1,721)
Proceeds from disposal of plant, property and equipment	16	31
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(883)	(1,690)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Repayment on lines of credit	(891)	(445)
Repayment of bank loans and capital leases	(473)	(556)
Proceeds from long-term bank loans	32	68
Proceeds from exercising stock options	-	342
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest	-	(80)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(1,332)	(671)
Effect of Changes in Exchange Rate	(590)	(59)

NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(529)	(219)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,938	2,793
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$2,409	\$2,574

Supplementary Information of Cash Flows

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$ 125	\$ 132
Income taxes	\$ 76	\$ 20

Non-Cash Transactions

Capital lease of property, plant and equipment	\$ 32	\$ 68
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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRIO-TECH INTERNATIONAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE AND NUMBER OF SHARES)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Trio-Tech International (the "Company" or "TTI" hereafter) was incorporated in fiscal 1958 under the laws of the State of California. TTI provides third-party semiconductor testing and burn-in services primarily through its laboratories in Southeast Asia. In addition, TTI operates testing facilities in the United States. The Company also designs, develops, manufactures and markets a broad range of equipment and systems used in the manufacturing and testing of semiconductor devices and electronic components. In fiscal 2015 TTI conducted business in the foregoing four segments: Manufacturing, Testing Services, Distribution and Real Estate. TTI has subsidiaries in the U.S., Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand and China as follows:

	Ownership	Location
Express Test Corporation (Dormant)	100%	V a n N u y s , California
Trio-Tech Reliability Services (Dormant)	100%	V a n N u y s , California
KTS Incorporated, dba Universal Systems (Dormant)	100%	V a n N u y s , California
European Electronic Test Centre (Dormant)	100%	Dublin, Ireland
Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd.	100%	Singapore
Universal (Far East) Pte. Ltd. *	100%	Singapore
Trio-Tech International (Thailand) Co. Ltd. *	100%	B a n g k o k , Thailand
Trio-Tech (Bangkok) Co. Ltd.	100%	B a n g k o k , Thailand
(49% owned by Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd. and 51% owned by Trio-Tech International (Thailand) Co. Ltd.)		
Trio-Tech (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (55% owned by Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd.)	55%	Penang and Selangor, Malaysia
Trio-Tech (Kuala Lumpur) Sdn. Bhd. (100% owned by Trio-Tech Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.)	55%	S e l a n g o r , Malaysia
Prestal Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. (76% owned by Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd.)	76%	S e l a n g o r , Malaysia
Trio-Tech (Suzhou) Co. Ltd. *	100%	Suzhou, China
Trio-Tech (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. * (Dormant)	100%	Shanghai, China
Trio-Tech (Chongqing) Co. Ltd. *	100%	C h o n g q i n g , China
SHI International Pte. Ltd. (Dormant) (55% owned by Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd)	55%	Singapore
PT SHI Indonesia (Dormant)	55%	Batam, Indonesia

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(100% owned by SHI International Pte. Ltd.)

Trio-Tech (Tianjin) Co. Ltd. *	100%	Tianjin, China
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* 100% owned by Trio-Tech International Pte. Ltd.

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The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the six months ended December 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) amended ASU 2014-15 to define management’s responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an organization’s ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures.

Under GAAP, financial statements are prepared under the presumption that the reporting organization will continue to operate as a going concern, except in limited circumstances. The going concern basis of accounting is critical to financial reporting because it establishes the fundamental basis for measuring and classifying assets and liabilities.

Currently, GAAP lacks guidance about management’s responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about the organization’s ability to continue as a going concern or to provide related footnote disclosures.

ASU 2014-15 provides guidance to an organization’s management, with principles and definitions that are intended to reduce diversity in the timing and content of disclosures that are commonly provided by organizations today in the financial statement footnotes.

The amendments in ASU 2014-15 are effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. While early application is permitted for annual or interim reporting periods for which the financial statements have not previously been issued, the Company has not elected to early adopt. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant effect on the Company’s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

FASB has issued converged standards on revenue recognition. Specifically, the Board has issued FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09 (“ASU 2014-09”), Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606.

ASU 2014-09 affects any entity using U.S. GAAP that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards (e.g., insurance contracts or lease contracts). ASU 2014-09 will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, Revenue Recognition—Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts. In addition, the existing requirements for the recognition of a gain or loss on the transfer of nonfinancial assets that are not in a contract with a customer (e.g., assets within the scope of Topic 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment, and intangible assets within the scope of Topic 350, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other) are amended to be consistent with the guidance on recognition and measurement (including the constraint on revenue) in ASU 2014-09.

For a public entity, the amendments in ASU 2014-09 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is not permitted. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2014-08 ("ASU 2014-08"), Presentation of Financial Statements ("Topic 205") and Property, Plant, and Equipment ("Topic 360"): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. The amendments in ASU 2014-08 change the criteria for reporting discontinued operations while enhancing disclosures in this area. It also addresses sources of confusion and inconsistent application related to financial reporting of discontinued operations guidance in U.S. GAAP.

Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations should be presented as discontinued operations. Those strategic shifts should have a major effect on the organization's operations and financial results. Examples include a disposal of a major geographic area, a major line of business, or a major equity method investment.

In addition, the new guidance requires expanded disclosures about discontinued operations that will provide financial statement users with more information about the assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of discontinued operations.

The new guidance also requires disclosure of the pre-tax income attributable to a disposal of a significant part of an organization that does not qualify for discontinued operations reporting. This disclosure will provide users with information about the ongoing trends in a reporting organization's results from continuing operations.

The amendments in the ASU 2014-08 are effective in the first quarter of 2015 for public organizations with calendar year ends. For most nonpublic organizations, it is effective for annual financial statements with fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this update did not have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Other new pronouncements issued but not yet effective until December 31, 2014 are not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

3. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	Dec. 31, 2014	June 30, 2014
	(Unaudited)	
Raw materials	\$ 975	\$ 1,165
Work in progress	861	583
Finished goods	430	184
Less: provision for obsolete inventory	(740)	(844)
Currency translation effect	(76)	18
	\$ 1,450	\$ 1,106

The following table represents the changes in provision for obsolete inventory:

	Dec. 31, 2014	June 30, 2014
	(Unaudited)	
Beginning	\$ 844	\$ 912
Additions charged to expenses	26	-
Usage - disposition	(99)	(76)
Currency translation effect	(31)	8
Ending	\$ 740	\$ 844

4. STOCK OPTIONS

On September 24, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors unanimously adopted the 2007 Employee Stock Option Plan (the "2007 Employee Plan") and the 2007 Directors Equity Incentive Plan (the "2007 Directors Plan") each of which was approved by the shareholders on December 3, 2007. Each of those plans was amended by the Board in 2010 to increase the number of shares covered thereby, which amendments were approved by the shareholders on December 14, 2010. At present, the 2007 Employee Plan provides for awards of up to 600,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock to employees, consultants and advisors. The Board also amended the 2007 Directors Plan in November 2013 to further increase the number of shares covered thereby from 400,000 shares to 500,000 shares, which amendment was approved by the shareholders on December 9, 2013. The 2007 Directors Plan provides for awards of up to 500,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock to the members of the Board of Directors in the form of non-qualified options and restricted stock. These two plans are administered by the Board, which also establishes the terms of the awards.

Assumptions

The fair value for the options granted were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions, assuming no expected dividends:

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2014	Year Ended June 30, 2014
Expected volatility	71.44% to 104.94%	70.01% to 104.94%
Risk-free interest rate	0.30% to 0.78%	0.30% to 0.78%
Expected life (years)	2.50	2.50 to 3.25

The expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock. Due to higher volatility, the observation is made on a daily basis for the six months ended December 31, 2014. The observation period covered is consistent with the expected life of options. The expected life of the options granted to employees has been determined utilizing the "simplified" method as prescribed by ASC Topic 718 Stock Based Compensation, which, among other provisions, allows companies without access to adequate historical data about employee exercise behavior to use a simplified approach for estimating the expected life of a "plain vanilla" option grant. The simplified rule for estimating the expected life of such an option is the average of the time to vesting and the full term of the option. The risk-free rate is consistent with the expected life of the stock options and is based on the United States Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

2007 Employee Stock Option Plan

The Company's 2007 Employee Plan permits the grant of stock options to its employees covering up to an aggregate of 600,000 shares of Common Stock. Under the 2007 Employee Plan, all options must be granted with an exercise price of not less than fair value as of the grant date and the options granted must be exercisable within a maximum of ten years after the date of grant, or such lesser period of time as is set forth in the stock option agreements. The options may be exercisable (a) immediately as of the effective date of the stock option agreement granting the option, or (b) in accordance with a schedule related to the date of the grant of the option, the date of first employment, or such other date as may be set by the Compensation Committee. Generally, options granted under the 2007 Employee Plan are exercisable within five years after the date of grant, and vest over the period as follows: 25% vesting on the grant date and the remaining balance vesting in equal installments on the next three succeeding anniversaries of the grant date. The share-based compensation will be recognized in terms of the grade method on a straight-line basis for each separately vesting portion of the award. Certain option awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in

control (as defined in the 2007 Employee Plan).

The Company did not grant any options pursuant to the 2007 Employee Plan during the six months ended December 31, 2014. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expenses of \$7 in the six months ended December 31, 2014 under the 2007 Employee Plan. The balance of unamortized stock-based compensation of \$20 based on fair value on the grant date related to options granted under the 2007 Employee Plan is to be recognized over a period of two years.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2013, the Company granted stock options covering 15,000 and 35,000 shares of Common Stock respectively, to certain employees pursuant to the 2007 Employee Plan. The exercise price of these stock options equal to the fair value of the Company's Common Stock (as defined under the 2007 Employee Plan in conformity with Regulation 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) the dates of grant, September 17, 2013 and December 9, 2013, respectively. The stock options covering 15,000 shares vested as of the grant date, while the stock options covering 35,000 shares vest over the period as follows: 25% vesting on the grant date and the remaining balance vesting in equal installments on the next three succeeding anniversaries of the grant date. The fair values as of December 31, 2013 of the options to purchase 15,000 and 35,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock were approximately \$22 and \$3, respectively, based on the fair values of \$1.52 and \$2.04 per share, respectively, determined by using the Black Scholes option pricing model.

No stock options were exercised during the three and six month period ended December 31, 2014.

Stock options to purchase 121,500 shares of Common Stock were exercised during the six month period ended December 31, 2013. The total proceeds received were \$230. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expenses of \$25 in the six months ended December 31, 2013 under the 2007 Employee Plan. The balance of unamortized stock-based compensation of \$43 based on fair value on the grant date related to options granted under the 2007 Employee Plan is to be recognized over a period of three years.

As of December 31, 2014, there were vested employee stock options that were exercisable covering a total of 112,500 shares of Common Stock. The weighted-average exercise price was \$4.06 and the weighted average contractual term was 1.78 years. The total fair value of vested and outstanding employee stock options as of December 31, 2014 was \$456.

As of December 31, 2013, there were vested employee stock options covering a total of 125,750 shares of Common Stock. The weighted-average exercise price was \$3.72 and the weighted average remaining contractual term was 2.20 years. The total fair value of vested employee stock options as of December 31, 2013 was \$467.

A summary of option activities under the 2007 Employee Plan during the six month period ended December 31, 2014 is presented as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at July 1, 2014	130,000	\$ 3.93	2.57	\$ 13
Granted	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Forfeited or expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	130,000	\$ 3.93	2.07	\$ -
Exercisable at December 31, 2014	112,500	\$ 4.06	1.78	\$ -

No stock options were exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2014.

A summary of option activities under the 2007 Employee Plan during the six month period ended December 31, 2013 is presented as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at July 1, 2013	263,500	\$ 3.06	1.57	\$ 122
Granted	50,000	3.26	4.87	-
Exercised	(121,500)	(1.90)	-	(181)
Forfeited or expired	(40,000)	(4.72)	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	152,000	\$ 3.61	2.67	\$ 45
Exercisable at December 31, 2013	125,750	\$ 3.72	2.20	\$ 38

The fair value of the 121,500 shares of common stock acquired upon exercise of options was \$181. Cash received from the options exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2013 was approximately \$230.

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested employee stock options during the six months ended December 31, 2014 is presented below:

	Options	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested at July 1, 2014	26,250	\$ 1.69
Granted	-	-
Vested	(8,750)	(1.69)
Forfeited	-	-
Non-vested at December 31, 2014	17,500	\$ 1.69

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested employee stock options during the six months ended December 31, 2013 is presented below:

	Options	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested at July 1, 2013	20,375	\$ 3.29
Granted	50,000	1.65
Vested	(44,125)	(2.33)
Forfeited	-	-
Non-vested at December 31, 2013	26,250	\$ 1.69

2007 Directors Equity Incentive Plan

The 2007 Directors Plan permits the grant of options covering up to an aggregate of 500,000 shares of Common Stock to its non-employee directors in the form of non-qualified options and restricted stock. The exercise price of the non-qualified options is 100% of the fair value of the underlying shares on the grant date. The options have five-year contractual terms and are generally exercisable immediately as of the grant date.

On October 21, 2014, the Company granted options to purchase 50,000 shares of its Common Stock to directors pursuant to the 2007 Directors Plan with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of Common Stock (as defined under the 2007 Directors Plan in conformity with Regulation 409A or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) at the date of grant. The fair value of the options granted to purchase 50,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock was approximately \$82 based on the fair value of \$3.81 per share determined by the Black Scholes option pricing model. As all of the stock options granted under the 2007 Directors Plan vest immediately at the date of grant, there were no unvested stock options granted under the 2007 Directors Plan as of December 31, 2014.

The Company granted options to purchase 60,000 shares and 40,000 shares of its Common Stock to directors pursuant to the 2007 Directors Plan during the first and second quarters of fiscal 2014. The exercise price was equal to the fair market value of Common Stock (as defined under the 2007 Directors Plan in conformity with Regulation 409A or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) at the date of respective grants. The fair value of the options granted to purchase 60,000 shares and 40,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock were approximately \$92 and \$83, respectively, based on the fair value of \$1.52 and \$1.61 per share, respectively, determined by the Black Scholes option pricing model.

No stock options were exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2014.

Stock options to purchase 65,000 shares of its Common Stock were exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2013. The total proceeds received were \$112. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expenses of \$175 in the six months ended December 31, 2014 under the 2007 Directors Plan.

A summary of option activities under the 2007 Directors Plan during the six months ended December 31, 2014 is presented as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at July 1, 2014	315,000	\$ 3.62	2.63	\$ 82
Granted	50,000	3.81	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Forfeited or expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	365,000	\$ 3.64	2.49	\$ 43
Exercisable at December 31, 2014	365,000	\$ 3.64	2.49	43

A summary of option activities under the 2007 Directors Plan during the six months ended December 31, 2013 is presented as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at July 1, 2013	340,000	\$ 3.53	1.96	\$ 80
Granted	100,000	3.41	3.41	-
Exercised	(65,000)	1.72	-	-
Forfeited or expired	(60,000)	(4.81)	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	315,000	\$ 3.62	3.12	\$ 82
Exercisable at December 31, 2013	315,000	\$ 3.62	3.12	\$ 82

5. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company adopted ASC Topic 260, Earnings Per Share. Basic EPS are computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS give effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during a period. In computing diluted EPS, the average price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options and warrants.

Stock options to purchase 495,000 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$2.07 to \$4.35 per share were outstanding as of December 31, 2014 and were excluded in the computation of diluted EPS because they were anti-dilutive.

Stock options to purchase 467,000 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$1.72 to \$9.57 per share were outstanding as of December 31, 2013 and were excluded in the computation of diluted EPS because they were anti-dilutive.

The following table is a reconciliation of the weighted average shares used in the computation of basic and diluted EPS for the years presented herein:

	Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	Dec. 31, 2013 (Unaudited)	Dec. 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	Dec. 31, 2013 (Unaudited)
(Loss) / income attributable to Trio-Tech International common shareholders from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (41)	\$ (342)	\$ 97	\$ (348)
Income / (loss) attributable to Trio-Tech International common shareholders from discontinued operations, net of tax	11	(40)	(3)	(17)
Net (loss) / income attributable to Trio-Tech International common shareholders	\$ (30)	\$ (382)	\$ 94	\$ (365)
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to Trio-Tech International	\$ (0.01)	(0.10)	0.03	(0.10)
Basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operations attributable to Trio-Tech International	-	(0.01)	-	-
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share from net (loss) / income attributable to Trio-Tech International	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.10)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	3,513	3,508	3,513	3,508
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-
Number of shares used to compute earnings per share - diluted	3,513	3,508	3,513	3,508

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Accounts receivable consists of customer obligations due under normal trade terms. Although management generally does not require collateral, letters of credit may be required from the customers in certain circumstances. Management periodically performs credit evaluations of the customers' financial conditions.

Senior management reviews accounts receivable on a monthly basis to determine if any receivables will potentially be uncollectible. Management includes any accounts receivable balances that are determined to be uncollectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. After all attempts to collect a receivable have failed, the receivable is written off against the allowance. Based on the information available to us, management believed the allowance for doubtful accounts as of December 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014 was adequate.

The following table represents the changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts:

	Dec. 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2014
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Beginning	\$438	\$139
Additions charged to expenses	56	303
Recovered / write-off	-	(2)
Currency translation effect	(17)	(2)
Ending	\$477	\$438

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7. WARRANTY ACCRUAL

The Company provides for the estimated costs that may be incurred under its warranty program at the time the sale is recorded. The warranty period for products manufactured by the Company is one year. The Company estimates the warranty costs based on the historical rates of warranty returns. The Company periodically assesses the adequacy of its recorded warranty liability and adjusts the amounts as necessary.

	Dec. 31, 2014 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2014
Beginning	\$ 60	\$ 61
Additions charged to cost and expenses	3	23
Recovered	(5)	(25)
Actual usage	(7)	-
Currency translation effect	(2)	1
Ending	\$ 49	\$ 60

8. INCOME TAX

The Company had no material adjustments to its liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits according to the provisions of ASC Topic 740 Income Tax. The Company had an income tax expense of \$132 and \$86 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, as compared to the income tax benefit of \$39 and \$82, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year.

The Company accrues penalties and interest related to unrecognized tax benefits when necessary as a component of penalties and interest expenses, respectively. The Company had not accrued any penalties or interest expenses relating to unrecognized benefits at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014.

The major tax jurisdictions in which the Company files income tax returns are the United States, Singapore and Malaysia. The statute of limitations, in general, is open for years 2004 to 2014 for tax authorities in those jurisdictions to audit or examine income tax returns. The Company is under annual review by the government of Singapore. However, the Company is not currently under tax examination in any other jurisdiction.

9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The following table presents the Company's investment in properties in China as of December 31, 2014. The exchange rate is based on the exchange rate as of December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

	Investment Date	Investment Amount (RMB)	Investment Amount (U.S. Dollars)
Purchase of rental property – Property I – MaoYe	Jan 04, 2008	5,554	894
Purchase of rental property – Property II – JiangHuai	Jan 06, 2010	3,600	580
Purchase of rental property – Property III - Fu Li	Apr 08, 2010	4,025	648
Currency translation		-	3
Gross investment in rental property		13,179	2,125
Accumulated depreciation on rental property		(3,287)	(530)
Net investment in property – China		9,892	1,595

The following table presents the Company's investment in properties in China as of June 30, 2014.

	Investment Date	Investment Amount (RMB)	Investment Amount (U.S. Dollars)
Purchase of rental property – Property I – MaoYe	Jan 04, 2008	5,554	904
Purchase of rental property – Property II – JiangHuai	Jan 06, 2010	3,600	586
Purchase of rental property – Property III - Fu Li	Apr 08, 2010	4,025	655
Currency translation		-	(23)
Gross investment in rental property		13,179	2,122
Accumulated depreciation on rental property		(2,961)	(476)
Net investment in property – China		10,218	1,646

The following table presents the Company's investment in properties in Malaysia as of December 31, 2014. The exchange rate is based on the exchange rate as of December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore.

		(RM)	(U.S. Dollars)
Purchase of rental property – Penang Property I	Dec 31, 2012	681	196
Gross investment in rental property		681	196
Accumulated depreciation on rental property		(305)	(88)
Net investment in property – Malaysia		376	108

The following table presents the Company's investment in properties in Malaysia as of June 30, 2014.

		(RM)	(U.S. Dollars)
Purchase of rental property – Penang Property I	Dec 31, 2012	681	212
Gross investment in rental property		681	212
Accumulated depreciation on rental property		(300)	(93)
Net investment in property – Malaysia		381	119

Rental Property I - MaoYe

In fiscal 2008, Trio-Tech (Chongqing) Co. Ltd. (“TTCQ”) purchased an office in Chongqing, China from MaoYe Property Ltd. (“MaoYe”), for a total cash purchase price of RMB 5,554, or approximately \$894 based on the exchange rate as of December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. TTCQ rented this property to a third party on July 13, 2008. The term of the rental agreement was five years. The rental agreement was renewed on July 16, 2014 for a further period of five years. The rental agreement provides for a rent increase of 8% every year after July 15, 2015. The renewed agreement expires on July 15, 2018.

Property purchased from MaoYe generated a rental income of \$30 and \$59 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, and \$29 and \$57 for the same periods in the last fiscal year, respectively.

Rental Property II - JiangHuai

In fiscal year 2010, TTCQ purchased eight units of commercial property in Chongqing, China from Chongqing JiangHuai Real Estate Development Co. Ltd. (“JiangHuai”) for a total purchase price of RMB 3,600, or approximately \$580 based on the exchange rate as of December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. TTCQ rented all of these commercial units to a third party until the agreement expired in January 2012. TTCQ then rented three of the eight commercial units to another party during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013 under a rental agreement that expired on March 31, 2014. Currently all the units are vacant and TTCQ has been actively looking for suitable tenants for renting all the commercial units. TTCQ has yet to receive the title deed for these properties. TTCQ is in the legal process to obtain the title deed which is dependent on JiangHuai completing the entire project.

Property purchased from JiangHuai did not generate any rental income during the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, while it generated a rental income of \$4 and \$9, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year.

Rental Properties III – Fu Li

In fiscal 2010, TTCQ entered into a Memorandum Agreement with Chongqing Fu Li Real Estate Development Co. Ltd. (“FuLi”) to purchase two commercial properties totaling 311.99 square meters (“office space”) located in Jiang Bei District Chongqing. Although TTCQ currently rents its office premises from a third party, it intends to use the office space as its office premises. The total purchase price committed and paid was RMB 4,025, or approximately \$648 based on the exchange rate as of December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. The development was completed and the property was handed over during April 2013 and the title deed was received during the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The two commercial properties were leased to third parties under two separate rental agreements, one of which expired in April 2014 and the other of which expired in August 2014. For the unit for which the agreement expired in April 2014, a new tenant was identified and a new agreement has been executed, which expires on April 30, 2017. The new agreement carries an increase in rent of 20% in the first year, as compared to the expired rental agreement. Thereafter the rent increases by approximately 10% for the subsequent years until April 2017. For the unit for which the agreement expired in August 2014, a new tenant was identified and a new agreement has been executed, which expires on August 9, 2016. The new agreement carries an increase in rental of approximately 21% in the first year, as compared to the expired rental agreement. Thereafter the rent increases by approximately 6% for the subsequent years until August 2016.

Property purchased from Fu Li generated a rental income of \$14 and \$28 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, while it generated a rental income of \$12 and \$24, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year.

Penang Property I

In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2013, Trio-Tech Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (“TTM”) determined to sell the factory building in Penang. However, as the government authorities did not approve the transaction, the sale did not take place. Because the market value was increasing during the second quarter of fiscal year 2013, TTM decided to hold the factory building in Penang as an investment rental property. Hence TTM reclassified the factory building as investment property at the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2013, which had a net book value of RM 376, or approximately \$108. The depreciation expenses were approximately \$1 and \$2 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively. There were no such depreciation expenses for the same periods in the last fiscal year, since the asset was classified as “Assets held for sale.”

Summary

Total rental income for all investment properties (Property I, II and III) in China was \$44 and \$87 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, and was \$46 and \$90, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year.

Depreciation expenses for all investment properties in China were \$27 and \$54 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, and were \$26 and \$54, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year.

10. LOAN RECEIVABLE FROM PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

The following table presents TTCQ's loan receivable from property development projects in China as of December 31, 2014. The exchange rate is based on the date published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore as on December 31, 2014.

Short-term loan receivables	Loan Expiry Date	Loan Amount (RMB)	Loan Amount (U.S. Dollars)
JiangHuai (Project - Yu Jin Jiang An)	May 31, 2013	2,000	325
Less: allowance for impairment	Dec 31, 2013	(2,000)	(325)
Net loan receivable from property development projects		-	-

Long-term loan receivables	Loan Expiry Date	Loan Amount (RMB)	Loan Amount (U.S. Dollars)
Jun Zhou Zhi Ye	Oct 31, 2016	5,000	814
Less: transfer – down-payment for purchase of property		(5,000)	(814)
Net loan receivable from property development projects		-	-

The following table presents TTCQ's loan receivable from property development projects in China as of June 30, 2014.

Short-term loan receivables	Loan Expiry Date	Loan Amount (RMB)	Loan Amount (U.S. Dollars)
Investment in JiangHuai (Project - Yu Jin Jiang An)	May 31, 2013	2,000	325
Less: allowance for doubtful receivables	Dec 31, 2013	(2,000)	(325)
Net loan receivable from property development projects		-	-

Long-term loan receivables	Loan Expiry Date	Loan Amount (RMB)	Loan Amount (U.S. Dollars)
Jun Zhou Zhi Ye	Oct 31, 2016	5,000	805
Net loan receivable from property development projects		5,000	805

On November 1, 2010, TTCQ entered into a Memorandum Agreement with JiaSheng Property Development Co. Ltd. (“JiaSheng”) to invest in their property development projects (Project B-48 Phase 2) located in Chongqing City, China. Due to the short-term nature of the investment, the amount was classified as a loan based on ASC Topic 310-10-25 Receivables, amounting to RMB 5,000, or approximately \$814, based on the exchange rate as at December 31, 2014 published by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. The amount was unsecured and repayable at the end of the term. The loan was renewed in November 2011 for a period of one year, which expired on October 31, 2012 and was again renewed in November 2012 and expired in November 2013. On November 1, 2013 the loan was transferred by JiaSheng to and is now payable by Chong Qing Jun Zhou Zhi Ye Co. Ltd. (“Jun Zhou Zhi Ye”), and the transferred agreement expires on October 31, 2016. Hence the loan receivable was reclassified as a long-term receivable. The book value of the loan receivable approximates its fair value. TTCQ recorded other income of RMB 104, or approximately \$16, and RMB 417, or approximately \$68, from Jun Zhou Zhi Ye for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively. The loan receivable was transferred to down-payment for purchase of property that is being developed in the Singapore Themed Resort Project.

On November 1, 2010, TTCQ entered into another Memorandum Agreement with JiangHuai Property Development Co. Ltd. (“JiangHuai”) to invest in their property development projects (Project - Yu Jin Jiang An) located in Chongqing City, China. Due to the short-term nature of the investment, the amount was classified as a loan based on ASC Topic 310-10-25 Receivables, amounting to RMB 2,000, or approximately \$325. The loan was renewed, but expired on May 31, 2014. TTCQ is in the legal process of recovering the outstanding amount of \$325. TTCQ did not generate other income from JiangHuai for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, or for the same periods in the last fiscal year. An impairment of \$325 was provided for during the second quarter of fiscal 2014, based on TTI’s financial policy.

11. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

In fiscal 2013, the Company operated in five segments: the testing service industry (which performs structural and electronic tests of semiconductor devices), the designing and manufacturing of equipment (which equipment tests the structural integrity of integrated circuits and other products), distribution of various products from other manufacturers in Singapore and Southeast Asia, the real estate segment in China and the fabrication services segment in Batam, Indonesia. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company discontinued operations in the fabrication segment. Hence, in fiscal 2014 and 2015, the Company operated in four segments.

The real estate segment recorded other income of \$16 and \$68, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014 as compared to \$51 and \$102, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year. Due to the short-term nature of the investments, the investments were classified as loan receivables based on ASC Topic 310-10-25 Receivables. Thus the investment income was classified under other income, which is not part of the below table.

The revenue allocated to individual countries was based on where the customers were located. The allocation of the cost of equipment, the current year investment in new equipment and depreciation expense have been made on the basis of the primary purpose for which the equipment was acquired.

All inter-segment revenue was from the manufacturing segment to the testing and distribution segments. Total inter-segment revenue was \$97 and \$142 for the three and six months ended December 31, 2014, respectively, as compared to \$48 and \$196, respectively, for the same periods in the last fiscal year. Corporate assets mainly consisted of cash and prepaid expenses. Corporate expenses mainly consisted of stock option expenses, salaries, insurance, professional expenses and directors' fees. Corporate expenses are allocated to the four segments. The following segment information table includes segment operating (loss) / income after including the Corporate expenses allocated to the segments, which gets eliminated in the consolidation.

The following segment information is un-audited for the six months ended December 31:

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Business Segment Information:

	Six months Ended Dec. 31,	Net Revenue	Operating (Loss) Income	Total Assets	Depr. and Amort.	Capital Expenditures
Manufacturing	2014	\$ 6,395	\$ (735)	\$ 13,460	\$ 70	\$ 23
	2013	\$ 8,569	\$ (328)	\$ 10,872	\$ 77	\$ 221
Testing Services	2014	9,691	1,274	14,896	1,065	870
	2013	8,645	391	19,331	1,067	1,500
Distribution	2014	817	-	678	-	6
	2013	1,532	199	418	-	-
Real Estate	2014	87	(91)	3,686	54	-
	2013	90	(45)	3,893	54	-
Fabrication * Services	2014	-	-	33	-	-
	2013	-	-	106	-	-
Corporate & Unallocated	2014	-	(134)	117	-	-
	2013	-	(336)	76	-	-
Total Company	2014	\$ 16,990	\$ 314	\$ 32,870	\$ 1,189	\$ 899
	2013	\$ 18,836	\$ (119)	\$ 34,696	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,721

The following segment information is un-audited for the three months ended December 31:

Business Segment Information:

	Three months Ended Dec. 31,	Net Revenue	Operating (Loss) Income	Total Assets	Depr. and Amort.	Capital Expenditures
Manufacturing	2014	\$ 3,348	\$ (117)			