

BANK BRADESCO
Form 6-K
March 09, 2018

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

**REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the month of March, 2018
Commission File Number 1-15250**

BANCO BRADESCO S.A.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

BANK BRADESCO

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

**Cidade de Deus, s/n, Vila Yara
06029-900 - Osasco - SP
Federative Republic of Brazil
(Address of principal executive office)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby
furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of
1934.

Yes No

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

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IFRS – International Financial Reporting Standards – 2017

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report

Responsibilities of management and those in charge with governance for the consolidated financial statements

To

Shareholders and the Board of Directors of

Banco Bradesco S.A.

Osasco – SP

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Banco Bradesco S.A. (“Bradesco”), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2017 and the respective consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in shareholders’ equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, including significant accounting policies and other clarifying information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Banco Bradesco S.A as of December 31, 2017, and of its consolidated performance and its cash flows, for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards, are further described in the “Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Bradesco and its subsidiaries in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements included in the Accountant’s Professional Ethics Code and the professional standards issued by the Brazilian Federal Accounting Council and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and, we do not express a separate opinion on these matters.

- **Impairment of loans and advances**

As mentioned in notes 2f, 3.1, 4 and 25, Bradesco periodically reviews its portfolio of loans and advances, evaluating the estimated impairment loss, which totals the amount of R\$ 27,055,566 thousand as of December 31, 2017. The determination of the impairment of loans and advances was documented in internal policies and requires, by its nature, the use of judgments and assumptions by the Bradesco, which include analysis of both external factors such as general economic conditions, and internal factors such as the debtor’s payment history and collateral considerations. Bradesco divides its impairment analysis between individualized analyzes, for clients with exposures considered “individually significant” and collective analyzes, for the other clients. In addition, as from 2018, IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments enter into force, which changes the criteria for the classification and measurement of impairment of loans and advances and, in this context, Bradesco has structured a new process to meet the new requirements established in this standard. According to IAS 8, Accounting Policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors, Bradesco made qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to the most significant impacts of the new standard based on the balances as of December 31, 2017.

Due to the relevance of loans and advances and the level of uncertainty for the determination of related impairment, as well as the level of judgment involved in the determination and disclosure of the impacts of the application of IFRS 9, we consider this as a significant matter for the audit.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

How our audit addressed this matter

We evaluated the design, implementation and operational effectiveness of internal controls related to the approval and registration of loans and advances, the evaluation of the methodologies, indexes and assumptions used by Bradesco in the calculation of collective impairment and assessments of impairment for loans and advances Analyzed individually. Based on a sample, we evaluated the impairment of loans and advances considered individually, we inspect the documentation and assumptions that support Bradesco's decision on the recoverable value of the operations, including the sufficiency analysis of the guarantees. We have also tested the adequacy of the models, assumptions and data used by Bradesco to measure impairment losses on loan portfolios and on a collective valuation basis, including the assumptions and data used to determine the losses incurred but not identified. We also analyzed whether the disclosures made in the financial statements, described in notes 2f, 3.1, 4 and 25, are in accordance with the applicable rules.

We also carry out, on a sample basis, tests on the main internal controls related to the processes implemented by Bradesco to prepare the information contained in the financial statements related to changes in the criteria for classification and measurement of impairment of loans and advances and, based on sampling, we evaluated the reasonableness of the expected and disclosed impacts on this matter.

Based on the evidence obtained through the procedures described above, we consider adequate the level of provisioning and disclosures in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, for the year ended December 31, 2017.

§ Fair value of financial instruments

As disclosed in the Notes 2f, 3.4, 20a, 20b, 20c and 21, derivative financial instruments amount to R\$ 13,866,885 thousand (assets) and R\$ (14,274,999) thousand (liabilities), available-for-sale securities amount to R\$ 159,412,722 thousand and trading securities amount to R\$ 227,843,156 thousand. These instruments, measured at fair value, are relevant to the consolidated financial statements of Bradesco. For

the financial instruments that are actively traded and those that market prices and parameters are available, there is a higher objectivity level in the determination of fair values (Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy). However, when the market prices or parameters are not observable (Levels 2 and 3 in the fair value hierarchy), the determination of the fair values is subject to a higher uncertainty level, to the extent Bradesco makes significant judgments to estimate such amounts. Therefore, we consider the fair value measurement of these financial instruments as a significant matter in our audit.

How our audit addressed this matter

As part of our procedures, we evaluated the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of the internal controls adopted by Bradesco to the fair value measurement of financial instruments (Levels 2 and 3 in the fair value hierarchy). For a sample of financial instruments for which fair value measurement parameters are not observable, classified in levels 2 and 3, with the technical support of our professionals with knowledge of financial instruments, we evaluated the models developed by Bradesco for determining fair values and the reasonableness of data, the parameters and information included in the pricing models used, and we recalculate the amount of operations. Our procedures also included the evaluation of the disclosures made by Bradesco in the consolidated financial statements in Notes 2f, 3.4, 20a, 20b, 20c and 21.

Based on the evidence obtained from the procedures described above, we consider the fair value measurement of financial instruments and disclosures to be adequate in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

- **Provisions and contingent liabilities - tax, civil and labor**

As described in Notes 2m and 37, Bradesco is defendant in lawsuits of tax, civil and labor nature, related to the normal course of its activities, which total provision recognized in the consolidated financial statements amounts to R\$ 7,589,368 thousand, R\$ 5,346,563 thousand, and R\$ 5,554,796 thousand, respectively. Some laws and regulations in Brazil have high complexity levels, and, therefore, the measurement, recognition and disclosure of Provisions and Contingent Liabilities, related to lawsuits, and/or, in certain cases, adherence to laws and regulations, require Bradesco's professional judgment. Due to the relevance, complexity and judgment involved in the evaluation, measurement, definition of recognition and disclosures

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

related to Provisions and Contingent Liabilities, we consider this as a significant matter in our audit.

How our audit addressed this matter

Our audit procedures included the evaluation of the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the internal controls related to the identification, evaluation, measurement and disclosure of Provisions and Contingent Liabilities, as well as those related to the compliance with laws and regulations. Additionally, on a test basis, we evaluated the sufficiency of the recognized provisions and disclosed contingency amounts, by evaluating the criteria and assumptions adopted in the measurement methodology, also considering the assessment of the internal and external legal advisors of Bradesco, as well as historical data and information. This work included the involvement of our legal experts in the evaluation of the likelihood of unfavorable outcome and of the documentation and information related to the main tax, civil and labor matters involving Bradesco. We also evaluated whether the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with the applicable accounting practices and provide information on the nature, exposure and amounts of provisions or disclosures related to the main tax, civil and labor matters in which Bradesco is involved.

Based on the evidence obtained from the procedures described above, we consider the level of provisioning and disclosures to be adequate in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

§ Impairment of assets

The consolidated financial statements include deferred tax assets in the amount of R\$ 48,487,659 thousand (Note 17c) and intangible assets, which include goodwill on the acquisition of investments in the amount of R\$ 4,945,313 thousand and other intangible assets in the amount of R\$ 11,233,994 (note 29a) the realization of which depends on future profitability based on business plans and budgets prepared by Bradesco and which are supported by several economic and business assumptions, among others. Since they require the exercise of judgment, such estimates are prepared and reviewed internally according to Bradesco's governance framework. As described in Notes 2k and 4, considering the frequent changes that occur in the economic or regulatory environment of the markets where it operates, Bradesco continuously

evaluate the assumptions and estimates of taxable profit, profitability of the cash generating units (CGU) to which goodwill and intangible assets are allocated, growth rates, discount rates, and cash flow projections. In view of the relevance of the future profitability estimates made and the impact that changes in the assumptions of such estimates would have on the consolidated financial statements, we consider this area relevant to our audit.

How our audit addressed this matter

On a sampling basis, we tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant internal controls related to the preparation and review of the business plan, budget, technical studies and analyses of the recoverable value of the assets prepared by Bradesco. Additionally, we evaluated, with the technical support of our corporate finance specialists, the reasonableness and consistency of the data and assumptions used for preparing such documents, such as growth rates, discount rates, cash flow projections and taxable income estimates to which the deferred tax assets refer. We also performed an analysis of the reasonableness of the mathematical calculations included in such documents. Our procedures also included the evaluation of the disclosures made by Bradesco in the consolidated financial statements.

Based on the evidence obtained from the procedures described above, we consider the measurement of the recoverable amounts of assets and related disclosures to be adequate in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

§ Technical Provisions – Insurance and Pension Plans

As mentioned in Notes 20 and 35, Bradesco has liabilities related to insurance and pension plans contracts denominated Technical Provisions, in the amount of R\$ 239,089,590 thousand. In view of the uncertainties and subjectivity inherent in insurance and pension plans contracts, the liability adequacy test and the process of determination and measurement of technical reserves involve a high judgment level. Bradesco continuously evaluate methodologies and assumptions, which include, among others, expectations of loss ratio, mortality, longevity, persistency, and interest rates. In view of the involved relevance and uncertainty, and the impact that any change in assumptions would have on the amount of Technical Provisions, we consider this matter relevant to our audit.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

How our audit addressed this matter

On sampling basis, we tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the significant internal controls related to the Technical Provisions. With the technical support of our actuarial specialists, we made the evaluation of the methodologies used for measuring technical reserves and the liability adequacy test. We also evaluated the consistency of data and reasonableness of assumptions, such as loss ratio, interest rates, longevity, mortality, and persistency. Additionally, we performed the recalculation of technical provisions considering the methodology, assumptions and data. Our audit procedures also included the evaluation of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements Note n° 35.

Based on evidence obtained from the procedures described above, we consider the level of provisioning and disclosures to be adequate in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

§ Application controls and information technology general controls

Bradesco has a technology structure for conducting its businesses, as well as continuous investment plans aimed at the improvement and maintenance of access management and changes in the relevant systems and applications, development of new programs, and automated controls and/or controls with automated components in relevant processes. In order to maintain its operations, Bradesco provides its employees with access to systems and applications, taking into account the duties performed by them and within its organizational structure. The controls to authorize, monitor, restrict, and/or revoke the respective accesses to this environment are important to ensure that the accesses and information updates are appropriately performed and by the appropriate professionals, to mitigate the potential risk of fraud or error arising from inappropriate access or change in a system or information, and to guarantee the integrity of the financial information and accounting records. In view of the high investment level and heavy dependence of Bradesco on its technology systems, the high daily volume of processed transactions, as well as the importance of access controls and the management of changes in its systems and applications, we consider that this area is relevant to our audit.

How our audit addressed this matter

The design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of access controls, such as authorization of new users, timely revocation of terminated users, and periodic monitoring of active users were tested during our audit with the assistance of our information technology specialists, whenever we plan to rely on specific information extracted from a certain system considered relevant for the purpose of preparing the financial statements. In areas where our judgment is highly dependent on information technology, our tests included assessing password policies, security settings, and control over developments and changes in systems and applications. In addition, when we identify key internal controls for the financial reporting process and other relevant fully automated processes or with some component dependent on systems and applications, we tested, with the assistance of our information technology specialists, the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of these controls.

The evidence from the control tests described above allowed us to consider information from certain systems to plan the nature, time and extension of our substantive tests in the context of the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Responsibilities of management and those in charge with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Bradesco's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless management either intends to liquidate Bradesco and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or there has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are those responsible for overseeing Bradesco's financial reporting

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment, and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for the one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission or misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bradesco and its subsidiaries internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Bradesco's ability to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidences obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Bradesco and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provided those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determined those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters, or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefit of such communication.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements in compliance with International Financial Recording Standards (IFRS)

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Osasco, March 08, 2018

KPMG Auditores Independentes

CRC 2SP028567/O-1 F SP

Original report in Portuguese signed by

Rodrigo de Mattos Lia

Accountant CRC 1SP252418/O-3

IFRS – International Financial Reporting Standards – 2017

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Audit Committee's Report

Bradesco Conglomerate Audit Committee's Report on Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

In addition to the Audit Committee's Report related to the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position of Banco Bradesco S.A. for the year ended December 31, 2017, issued on January 31, 2018, we analyzed the Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

As mentioned in that report, the Audit Committee's Report analysis has taken into consideration the work carried out by Independent Auditors and the Internal, as the diagnostics about the Internal Control System maintained by the various Dependencies and Bradesco Conglomerate Companies, positions of the three Lines of Management Defense - Manager, Compliance, Corporate Internal Control and Internal Audit.

Management has the responsibility of defining and implementing accounting and management information systems that produce the Consolidated Financial Statements of Bradesco and its subsidiaries, in compliance with Brazilian and international accounting standards.

Management, as manager of the first Line of Defense, also responds for processes, policies and procedures for internal controls that ensure the safeguarding of assets, timely recognition of liabilities and risk management for Bradesco Organization transactions.

The responsibility of Independent Auditors auditing the Financial Statements and for issuing an Auditing Report on their compliance with applicable accounting principles.

Responds to Internal Auditors is to assess the quality of Bradesco Organization's internal control systems, the compliance with the established strategies and the regularity of policies and procedures determined by Management, including those used to prepare Accounting and Financial Reports.

The Audit Committee is responsible for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of the Internal and Independent Auditors' work, and the effectiveness and adequacy of the Internal Control Systems, and also for analyzing Financial Statements in order to issue, when applicable, pertinent recommendations.

Based on the review mentioned above, the Audit Committee recommends that the Board of Directors approve the audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Cidade de Deus, Osasco, SP, March 07, 2018.

MILTON MATSUMOTO

(Coordinator)

PAULO ROBERTO SIMÕES DA CUNHA

(Financial Expert)

WILSON ANTONIO SALMERON GUTIERREZ

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Audit Committee's Report

_____ IFRS – International Financial Reporting Standards – 2017

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Income

	Note	R\$ thousand		
		Years ended December 31		
		2017	2016	2015
Interest and similar income		126,232,328	147,700,375	127,048,252
Interest and similar expenses		(75,589,415)	(91,037,386)	(71,412,210)
Net interest income	6	50,642,913	56,662,989	55,636,042
Fee and commission income		22,748,828	20,341,087	17,856,873
Fee and commission expenses		-	(36)	(36,203)
Net fee and commission income	7	22,748,828	20,341,051	17,820,670
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments classified as held for trading	8	9,623,108	16,402,770	(8,252,055)
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments classified as available for sale	9	570,358	(1,341,400)	(671,810)
Losses on investments held-to-maturity	22	(54,520)	-	-
Net gains/(losses) on foreign currency transactions	10	1,422,957	150,757	(3,523,095)
Net income from insurance and pension plans	11	6,239,990	4,155,763	5,497,505
Other operating income		17,801,893	19,367,890	(6,949,455)
Impairment of loans and advances	12	(16,860,835)	(15,350,278)	(14,721,152)
Personnel expenses	13	(20,723,265)	(17,003,783)	(14,058,047)
Other administrative expenses	14	(16,882,461)	(16,149,563)	(13,721,970)
Depreciation and amortization	15	(4,568,568)	(3,658,413)	(2,942,003)
Other operating income/(expenses)	16	(10,133,357)	(14,004,162)	(12,988,553)
Other operating expense		(69,168,486)	(66,166,199)	(58,431,725)
Income before income taxes and share of profit of associates and joint ventures		22,025,148	30,205,731	8,075,532
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	27	1,718,411	1,699,725	1,528,051
Income before income taxes		23,743,559	31,905,456	9,603,583
Income tax and social contribution	17	(6,428,956)	(13,912,730)	8,634,322
Net income for the year		17,314,603	17,992,726	18,237,905
Attributable to shareholders:				
Controlling shareholders		17,089,364	17,894,249	18,132,906
Non-controlling interest		225,239	98,477	104,999
Basic and diluted income per share based on the weighted average number of shares attributable to shareholders (expressed in R\$ per share):				
– Earnings per common share	18	2.67	2.80	2.84

– Earnings per preferred share	18	2.94	3.08	3.12
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The Notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	R\$ thousand		
	Years ended December 31		
	2017	2016	2015
Net income for the year	17,314,603	17,992,726	18,237,905
Items that are or may be reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income			
Financial assets available for sale			
Unrealized gains/(losses) on financial assets available for sale	2,931,550	7,757,475	(4,754,469)
Realized gains/(losses) on financial assets available for sale	487,017	(1,459,372)	(923,433)
Tax effect	(1,231,202)	(2,587,076)	2,273,982
Exchange differences on translations of foreign operations			
Foreign exchange on translations of foreign operations	23,010	(194,566)	118,485
Tax effect	5,992	87,555	(57,788)
Total adjustments not included in the net income	2,216,367	3,604,016	(3,343,223)
Total comprehensive income for the year	19,530,970	21,596,742	14,894,682
Attributable to shareholders:			
Controlling shareholders	19,305,731	21,498,265	14,789,683
Non-controlling interest	225,239	98,477	104,999

The Notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

		R\$ thousand	
	Note	On December 31	
		2017	2016
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	19	81,742,951	72,554,651
Financial assets held for trading	20a	241,710,041	213,139,846
Financial assets available for sale	21	159,412,722	113,118,554
Investments held to maturity	22	39,006,118	43,002,028
Financial assets pledged as collateral	23	183,975,173	155,286,577
Loans and advances to banks, net of impairment	24	32,247,724	94,838,136
Loans and advances to customers, net of impairment	25	346,758,099	367,303,034
Non-current assets held for sale	26	1,520,973	1,578,966
Investments in associates and joint ventures	27	8,257,384	7,002,778
Premises and equipment	28	8,432,475	8,397,116
Intangible assets and goodwill, net of accumulated amortization	29	16,179,307	15,797,526
Taxes to be offset	17g	10,524,575	7,723,211
Deferred income tax assets	17c	43,731,911	45,116,863
Other assets	30	50,853,987	47,170,370
Total assets		1,224,353,440	1,192,029,656
Liabilities			
Deposits from banks	31	285,957,468	301,662,682
Deposits from customers	32	262,008,445	232,747,929
Financial liabilities held for trading	20b	14,274,999	13,435,678
Funds from issuance of securities	33	135,174,090	151,101,938
Subordinated debt	34	50,179,401	52,611,064
Technical provisions for insurance and pension plans	35	239,089,590	215,840,000
Other reserves	37	18,490,727	18,292,409
Current income tax liabilities		2,416,345	2,130,286
Deferred income tax assets	17c	1,251,847	1,762,948
Other liabilities	38	97,816,824	96,965,515
Total liabilities		1,106,659,736	1,086,550,449
Shareholders' equity			
Capital	39	59,100,000	51,100,000
Treasury shares		(440,514)	(440,514)
Capital reserves		35,973	35,973
Profit reserves		49,481,227	50,027,816
Additional paid-in capital		70,496	70,496

Other comprehensive income	1,817,659	(398,708)
Retained earnings	7,338,990	4,907,381
Equity attributable to controlling shareholders	117,403,831	105,302,444
Non-controlling interest	289,873	176,763
Total equity	117,693,704	105,479,207
Total liabilities	1,224,353,440	1,192,029,656

The Notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

	Capital	Treasury shares	Capital reserves	Profit reserves		Additional paid-in capital	Other comprehensive income (1)	Retained earnings	at c sh
				Legal	Statutory				
Balance on December 31, 2014	38,100,000	(298,015)	35,973	5,193,467	38,571,882	70,496	(659,501)	1,153,439	
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,132,906	
Financial assets available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,403,920)	-	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,697	-	
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Increase of non-controlling shareholders' interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(133,033)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital increase of with reserves (2)	5,000,000	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	-	-	-	
Transfers to reserves	-	-	-	859,482	10,295,189	-	-	(11,154,671)	
Interest on equity and dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,034,964)	
Balance on December 31, 2015	43,100,000	(431,048)	35,973	6,052,949	43,867,071	70,496	(4,002,724)	2,096,710	
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,894,249	
Financial assets available for	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,711,027	-	

sale									
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(107,011)	-	-
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase of non-controlling shareholders' interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(9,466)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital increase of with reserves (3)	8,000,000	-	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	-	-	-
Transfers to reserves	-	-	-	754,179	7,353,617	-	-	(8,107,796)	-
Interest on equity and dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,975,782)	-
Balance on December 31, 2016	51,100,000	(440,514)	35,9736,807,128	43,220,688	70,496	(398,708)	4,907,381		

The Notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

IFRS – International Financial Reporting Standards – 2017

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (continued)

	Capital	Treasury shares	Capital reserves	Profit reserves		Additional paid-in capital	Other comprehensive income (1)	Retained earnings	att co sha
				Legal	Statutory				
Balance on December 31, 2016	51,100,000	(440,514)	35,973	6,807,128	43,220,688	70,496	(398,708)	4,907,381	10
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,089,364	-
Financial assets available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,187,365	-	-
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,002	-	-
Comprehensive income									
Increase of non-controlling shareholders' interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital increase with reserves (4)	8,000,000	-	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	-	-	-
Transfers to reserves	-	-	-	732,888	6,720,523	-	-	(7,453,411)	-
Interest on shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,204,344)	(
Balance on December 31, 2017	59,100,000	(440,514)	35,973	7,540,016	41,941,211	70,496	1,817,659	7,338,990	10

(1) In 2017, consists, basically of unrealized net gains/losses of marketable securities, classified as available for sale (Notes 21 and 23), whose accumulated effect net of taxes amounts to R\$ (1,070,252) thousand (December 2016 – R\$ 154,958 thousand);

(2) At Special Shareholders' Meeting held on March 10, 2015, the shareholders deliberated the increase of Capital stock by R\$ 5,000,000 thousand, from R\$ 38,100,000 thousand to R\$ 43,100,000 thousand,

through capitalization of part of the balance of the caption "Profit reserves - Statutory Reserve", in conformity with Article 169 of Law No. 6.404/76, with bonus of 20% in shares, with issuance of 841,454,808 new registered shares, without par value, of which 420,727,426 are common and 420,727,382 are preferred shares. These shares are granted to the shareholders, free of charge, as bonus, at the proportion of two (2) new share to each ten (10) shares of the same type held by them, which benefits the shareholders enrolled in the records of Bradesco on March 26, 2015;

(3) At Special Shareholders' Meeting held on March 10, 2016, the shareholders approved the Board of Directors' proposal to increase the capital by R\$ 8,000,000 thousand, from R\$ 43,100,000 thousand to R\$ 51,100,000 thousand, with bonus in shares, through capitalization of part of the balance of the caption "Profit reserves - Statutory Reserve", in conformity with Article 169 of Law No. 6.404/76, with issuance of 504,872,885 new registered shares, without par value, of which 252,436,456 are common and 252,436,429 are preferred shares, which will be granted to the shareholders, free of charge, as bonus, at the proportion of 1 new share to each 10 shares of the same type held by them on the base date; and

(4) At Special Shareholders' Meeting held on March 10, 2017, the shareholders approved the Board of Directors' proposal to increase the capital by R\$ 8,000,000 thousand, from R\$ 51,100,000 thousand to R\$ 59,100,000 thousand, with bonus in shares, through capitalization of part of the balance of the caption "Profit reserves - Statutory Reserve", in conformity with Article 169 of Law No. 6.404/76, with issuance of 555,360,173 new registered shares, without par value, of which 277,680,101 are common and 277,680,072 are preferred, which were granted to the shareholders, free of charge, as bonus, at the proportion of 1 new share to each 10 shares of the same type held by them on the base date.

The Notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Bradesco _____

Consolidated Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	R\$ thousand		
	Years ended December 31		
	2017	2016	2015
Operating activities			
Income before income taxes	23,743,559	31,905,456	9,603,583
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash flow from operating activities:			
Impairment of loans and advances			