CoroWare, Inc, Form 10-Q August 15, 2016

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10- Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM ______ TO _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 000-33231

COROWARE, INC.
(EXACT NAME OF THE COMPANY AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

Delaware 95-4868120 (State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation) Identification No.)

601 108th Avenue Northeast, Suite 1900 Bellevue, WA 98004 (ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

_(800) 641-2676 (ISSUER REGISTRANT TELEPHONE NUMBER)

SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12(B) OF THE ACT: NONE

SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12(G) OF THE ACT:

COMMON STOCK, PAR VALUE \$0.0001 (TITLE OF CLASS)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Number of shares of common stock (\$0.0001 par value) outstanding as of August 15, 2016: 11,937,670,076 shares.

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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

ASSETS	June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2015
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$55,885	\$99,056
Accounts receivable, net	113,318	178,557
Inventory, net	7,323	7,323
Total Current Assets	176,526	284,936
Property and equipment, net	30,355	30,086
Security deposits	7,128	9,746
TOTAL ASSETS	\$214,009	\$324,768
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$6,734,191	\$7,851,870
Accrued expenses - related parties	230,993	228,148
Deferred revenue	15,331	-
Obligations collateralized by receivables, net	203,919	159,218
Convertible debt, net	4,590,318	2,937,593
Notes payable	136,123	153,732
Notes payable - related parties	160,354	166,506
Small business administration loan	979,950	979,950
Derivative liability	7,863,051	7,396,430
Total Current Liabilities	20,914,230	19,873,447
TOTAL LIABILITIES	20,914,230	19,873,447
Commitments and contingencies	-	-
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT: Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series A, \$0.001 par value, 125,000		
shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding	_	_
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series B, \$0.001 par value, 525,000	_	_
shares authorized, 159,666 shares issued and outstanding	160	160
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series C, \$0.001 par value, 500,000	100	100
shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding	_	_
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series D, \$0.001 par value, 500,000		
shares authorized, 100,000 shares issued and outstanding	100	100
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series E, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000	100	100
shares authorized, 791,567 and 805,392 shares issued and outstanding,		
respectively	791	805
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series F, \$0.001 par value, 500,000	1,71	005
shares authorized, 190,000 and 0 shares issued and outstanding	190	190
similar and similar significant significan	170	170

Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series G, \$0.001 par value, 500,000		
shares authorized, 25,000 shares issued and outstanding	25	25
Common stock; 35,000,000,000 and 13,000,000,000 shares authorized at \$0.0001		
par value, respectively, 11,937,670,076 and 8,888,809,250 shares issued and		
outstanding, respectively	1,193,767	888,881
Additional paid-in capital	31,543,315	31,432,749
Non controlling interest	92,258	92,258
Treasury stock	(18,997)	(13,172)
Accumulated deficit	(53,511,830)	(51,950,675)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	(20,700,221)	(19,548,679)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$214,009	\$324,768

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

	For the Three Mont 2016	ths Ended June 30, 2015	For the Six Mont 2016	hs Ended June 30, 2015
REVENUES, NET	\$1,971,901	\$1,355,239	\$3,618,088	\$2,153,780
COST OF REVENUE	1,585,033	1,070,007	2,756,636	1,642,069
GROSS PROFIT	386,868	285,232	861,452	511,711
OPERATING EXPENSES General and administrative Sales and marketing Research and development Depreciation and amortization	415,261 21,133 11,494	453,037 39,221 19,548 3,200	1,129,801 48,649 32,872 5,727	824,842 59,239 39,876 6,220
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,983 450,871	515,006	3,727 1,217,049	930,177
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(64,003) (229,774) (355,597) (418,466)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) Change in derivative liabilities Interest expense, net Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)	6,092,487 (267,732 - 5,824,755	(78,751) (154,233 5,297 (227,687) 2,579,370) (485,211 (3,299,717) (1,205,558	(840,790)) (301,587)) (211,309)) (1,353,686)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$5,760,752	\$ (457,461) \$(1,561,155) \$(1,772,152)
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE: Basic Diluted	\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00	\$ (0.00 \$ (0.00) \$(0.00) \$(0.00) \$(0.00)) \$(0.00)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING: Basic Diluted	11,356,930,076 83,712,925,430	8,414,278,152 8,414,278,152	10,730,896,775 10,730,896,775	8,414,278,152 8,414,278,152

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015		,	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net loss	\$ (1,561,155) \$	5 (1,772,152)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	Ψ (1,001,100) 4	(1,,,,=,10=	,
Depreciation and amortization	5,727		6,220	
Amortization of debt discounts	117,318		47,306	
Change in derivative liability	(2,579,370)	840,790	
Preferred stock issued for services and compensation	27,000	,	-	
Debt issuance costs	5,000		2,499	
Loss on extinguishment of convertible debt	3,299,717		211,309	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	, ,		,	
Accounts receivable	65,239		(306,470)
Inventory	-		3,159	
Security deposits	2,618		(250)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	681,434		871,544	
Accrued expenses - related parties	2,845		-	
Deferred revenue	15,331		_	
Intercompany	-		_	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	81,704		(96,045)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(5,996)	(14,007)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(5,996)	(14,007)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from obligations collateralized by receivables	285,000		-	
Payments towards obligations collateralized by receivables	(357,230)	-	
Proceeds from convertible debt financings	-		16,500	
Payments towards convertible debt	(21,500)	-	
Proceeds from notes payable	103,640		147,501	
Payments towards notes payable	(88,750)	(50,077)
Proceeds from related party loans	6,420		1,939	
Payments towards related party loans	(12,572)	(10,957)
Net repurchase of common and preferred stock	(33,887)	-	
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(118,879)	104,906	
Net decrease in cash	(43,171)	(5,146)
Cash at beginning of year	99,056		27,679	
Cash at end of year	\$ 55,885	\$	5 22,533	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 25,353		S -	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -	\$	S -	

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Debt discounts on convertible notes payable	\$ -	\$ 9,050
Convertible notes issued in settlement of liabilities	\$ -	\$ 188,356
Conversion of accrued interest and note payable to convertible note principal	\$ 1,834,062	\$ -
Common stock issued upon conversion of debt	\$ 162,774	\$ -
Debt discounts on obligations collateralized by receivables	\$ -	\$ 51,870
Derivative liability converted to capital	\$ 253,726	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

CoroWare, Inc ("CoroWare" or "CWI") is a public holding company whose principal subsidiary, CoroWare Technologies, Inc. ("CTI"), has expertise in delivering consulting services and business productivity solutions. During 2015, the Company created a new subsidiary, CoroWare Robotics Solutions, Inc. ("CRS") that is focused on the mobile robotics and Internet of Things marketplaces.

CTI is a software professional services company whose focus is on R&D engineering services; business process workflow; software architecture, design and development; content management; console, PC and online game production; marketing coordination and management.

CRS is a technology incubation company whose focus is on the delivery of mobile robotics and IOT products, solutions and services for university, government and corporate researchers, and enterprise customers.

The Company's revenues are principally derived from standing contracts, whose revenues may vary month by month based on the demands of the clients.

NOTE 2 – CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows at June 30, 2016, and for all periods presented herein, have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's December 31, 2015 Form 10-K. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full years.

NOTE 3 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CoroWare, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, CoroWare Technologies, Inc., CoroWare Robotics Solutions, Inc., and Robotic Workspace Technologies, Inc., as well as its 51% interest in ARiCON, LLC (collectively, the "Company"). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company uses all available information and appropriate techniques to develop its estimates. However, actual results could differ from its estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. At times throughout the year, the Company might maintain bank balances that may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured limits. Periodically, the Company evaluates the credit worthiness of the financial institutions, and has not experienced any losses in such accounts. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company did not have bank balances that exceeded the FDIC insured limits.

Accounts Receivable

The Company's accounts receivable are exposed to credit risk. During the normal course of business, the Company extends unsecured credit to its customers with normal and traditional trade terms. Typically credit terms require payments to be made by the thirtieth day following the sale. The Company regularly evaluates and monitors the creditworthiness of each customer. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts based on our continuing evaluation of its customers' credit risk and its overall collection history. The Company had an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,329 and \$11,450 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventories, which are comprised solely of finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost (based on the first-in, first-out method) or market. The Company provides for estimated losses from obsolete or slow-moving inventories, and writes down the cost of inventory at the time such determinations are made. Reserves are estimated based upon inventory on hand, historical sales activity, industry trends, the business environment and the expected net realizable value. The net realizable value is determined based upon current awareness of market prices.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major renewals and improvements are capitalized while expenditures for minor replacements, maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Upon retirement or disposal of assets, the accounts are relieved of cost and accumulated depreciation and the related gain or loss, if any, is reflected in loss on disposal of assets in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

At least annually, the Company evaluates, and adjusts when necessary, the estimated useful lives. The changes in estimated useful lives did not have a material impact on depreciation in any period. The estimated useful lives are:

Leasehold improvements Remaining term of lease

Furniture and fixtures 5-7 years Computer equipment and software 3-5 years

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

The Company evaluates the carrying value and recoverability of its long-lived assets when circumstances warrant such evaluation by applying the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-35, Property, Plant and Equipment, Subsequent Measurement ("ASC 360-35"). ASC 360-35 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable through the estimated undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the assets. Whenever any such impairment exists, an impairment loss will be recognized for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are computed using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the currently enacted tax rates and laws. A valuation allowance is provided for the amount of deferred tax assets that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized. Additionally, taxes are calculated and expensed in accordance with applicable tax code.

Segment Reporting

FASB ASC 280-10, Segment Reporting, defines operating segments as components of a company about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company reports according to one main segment.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company follows FASB ASC 820-10-35-37 ("Paragraph 820-10-35-37") to measure the fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB ASC for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The three levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

Level 1 Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.

Level Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.

Level 3 Pricing inputs that are generally unobservable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

Financial assets are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. If the inputs used to measure the financial assets and liabilities fall within more than one level described above, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

The carrying amounts reported in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and related party accrued expenses approximate their fair value because of the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for its notes payable approximates fair value as the contractual interest rate and features are consistent with similar instruments of similar risk in the market place.

Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's-length basis, as the requisite conditions of competitive, free-market dealings may not exist. Representations about transactions with related parties, if made, shall not imply that the related party transactions were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's-length transactions unless such representations can be substantiated.

It is not, however, practical to determine the fair value of advances from stockholders, if any, due to their related party nature.

The following table presents assets and liabilities that are measured and recognized at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, on a recurring basis:

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Carrying Value
Derivative liabilities	\$ -	\$(7,863,051)	\$ -	\$(7,863,051)
Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Carrying Value
Derivative liabilities	\$ -	\$(7,396,430)	\$ -	\$(7,396,430)

Convertible Instruments

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in its convertible instruments in accordance with professional standards for FASB ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815").

Professional standards generally provides three criteria that, if met, require companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a

derivative instrument. Professional standards also provide an exception to this rule when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional as defined under professional standards as "The Meaning of Conventional Convertible Debt Instrument".

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when it has determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments) in accordance with professional standards when "Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features," as those professional standards pertain to "Certain Convertible Instruments." Accordingly, the Company records, when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are amortized over the term of the related debt to their earliest date of redemption. The Company also records when necessary deemed dividends for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in preferred shares based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ASC 815 provides that, among other things, generally, if an event is not within the entity's control could or require net cash settlement, then the contract shall be classified as an asset or a liability.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company follows FASB ASC 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation, prescribes accounting and reporting standards for all share-based payment transactions in which employee services are acquired. Transactions include incurring liabilities, or issuing or offering to issue shares, options, and other equity instruments such as employee stock ownership plans and stock appreciation rights. Share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized as compensation expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements based on their fair values. That expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period).

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation issued to non-employees and consultants in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 505-50, Equity-based Payments to Non-Employees. Measurement of share-based payment transactions with non-employees is based on the fair value of whichever is more reliably measurable: (a) the goods or services received; or (b) the equity instruments issued. The fair value of the share-based payment transaction is determined at the earlier of performance commitment date or performance completion date.

Through newly issued restricted common stock, the Company pays qualified contractors and advisors common shares in lieu of compensation for services provided including business development, management, technology development, consulting, legal services and accounting services.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company issued Series E Preferred Shares valued at \$10,000 for employee incentive payments.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company issued Series E Preferred Shares valued at \$27,000 for employee incentive payments.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its software system integration services revenue from short-duration, time and material contracts. Generally, such contracts provide for an hourly-rate and a stipulated maximum fee. Revenue is recorded only on executed arrangements as time is incurred on the project and as materials, which are insignificant to the total contract value, are expended. Revenue is not recognized in cases where customer acceptance of the work product is necessary, unless sufficient work has been performed to ascertain that the performance specifications are being met and the customer acknowledges that such performance specifications are being met. The Company periodically review contractual performance and estimate future performance requirements. Losses on contracts are recorded when estimable. No contractual losses were identified during the periods presented.

The Company recognizes revenue for its software and software professional services when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectability is probable. Product sales are recognized by us generally at the time product is shipped. Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold.

The Company accounts for arrangements that contain multiple elements in accordance with FASB ASC 605-25, Revenue Recognition, Multiple Element Arrangements. When elements such as hardware, software and consulting services are contained in a single arrangement, or in related arrangements with the same customer, the Company allocates revenue to each element based on its relative fair value, provided that such element meets the criteria for treatment as a separate unit of accounting. The price charged when the element is sold separately generally determines fair value. In the absence of fair value for a delivered element, the Company allocates revenue first to the fair value of the underlying elements and allocate the residual revenue to the delivered elements. In the absence of fair value for an undelivered element, the arrangement is accounted for as a single unit of accounting, resulting in a delay of revenue recognition for the delivered elements until the undelivered elements are fulfilled.

The Company limits the amount of revenue recognition for delivered elements to the amount that is not contingent on future delivery of products or services or subject to customer-specified return of refund privileges. The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of manufacturer's maintenance and extended warranty contracts in accordance with FASB ASC 605-45, Revenue Recognition, Principal Agent Considerations, net of its costs of purchasing the related contracts.

The Company's collaboration service revenues are generated through the sale of CoroCallTM, a managed collaboration service. Our contracts provide for usage pricing or when paid for pre-paid service. The Company recognizes this revenue in the period that the services or minutes are used and prepaid.

Research and Development

Research and development costs relate to the development of new products, including significant improvements and refinements to existing products, and are expensed as incurred. Research and development expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$32,872 and \$39,876, respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Advertising Expense

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$3,262 and \$1,195, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially expose the Company to concentrations of credit risk are cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in deposit accounts with high quality, credit-worthy financial institutions.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's revenues and receivables were comprised of the following customer concentrations:

	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2016	2015	2015
	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	Revenues	Receivables	Revenues	Receivables
Customer 1	99.93%	80.61%	98.08%	86.14%

Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The Company computes basic and diluted earnings per share amounts in accordance with FASB ASC 260, Earnings per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options and other commitments to issue common stock were exercised or equity awards vest resulting in the issuance of common stock that could share in the earnings of the Company. The basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	For the Three Mor June 30,	nths Ended	For the Six Mont June 30,	ths Ended
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Numerator				
Net income (loss)	\$5,760,752	\$(457,461) \$(1,561,155) \$(1,772,152)
Denominator				
Weighted average common shares				
outstanding - basic	11,356,930,076	8,414,278,152	10,730,896,775	8,414,278,152
Dilution associated with convertible notes	58,421,394,742	60,533,169,448	58,421,394,742	60,533,169,448
Dilution associated with preferred stock	11,934,600,612	13,259,720,000	11,934,600,612	13,259,720,000
Dilution associated with warrants	2,000,000,000	-	2,000,000,000	-
Weighted average common shares				
outstanding - diluted	83,712,925,430	82,207,167,600	83,086,892,129	82,207,167,600
Basic earnings per share	\$0.00	\$(0.00) \$(0.00) \$(0.00
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.00	•) \$(0.00) \$(0.00

For the three months ended June 30, 2015 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the effect of common stock equivalents should be excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their effect would be anti-dilutive. For the three months ended June 30, 2016 the effect of common stock equivalents should be included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

Dividend Policy

The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock. The Company anticipates that any earnings will be retained for development and expansion of its business and does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has issued, and has outstanding, shares of Series B Preferred Stock which are entitled, prior to the declaration of any dividends on common stock, to earn a 5% dividend, payable in either cash or common stock of the Company. The Board of Directors has sole discretion to declare dividends based on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, contractual obligations and other relevant factors. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there were cumulative undeclared dividends to Preferred Series B shareholders of \$15,969 and \$15,969, respectively, the obligation for which is contingent on declaration by the board of directors. These balance have been recorded as part of accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There are various updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to a have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 4 - GOING CONCERN

The Company incurred a net loss in the amount of \$1,561,155 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to a net loss of \$1,772,152 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The Company has a working capital deficit of \$20,737,704 and \$19,588,511 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company has accumulated deficits of \$53,511,830 and \$51,950,675 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Because of these and other factors, the Company will require additional working capital to develop its business operations. The Company intends to raise additional working capital through the use of private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing.

There are no assurances that the Company will be able to either (1) achieve a level of revenues adequate to generate sufficient cash flow from operations; or (2) obtain additional financing through either private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing necessary to support the Company's working capital requirements. To the extent that funds generated from operations, any private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing are insufficient, the Company will have to raise additional working capital. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available, or if available, will be on terms acceptable to the Company.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FACTORING

On March 21, 2010, the Company established a \$200,000 factoring line with an asset-based lender, CapeFirst Funding, LLC ("Capefirst") that is secured by accounts receivable that the Lender may accept and purchase from the Company. The agreement calls for Capefirst to advance up to 80% of the net face amount of each assigned account or up to 50% of eligible assigned purchase orders. The agreement calls for a maximum facility amount of \$200,000 with a purchase fee of 2% of the net face amount of each assigned account and a collection fee of 0.1% compounded daily. In the event of a dispute or in the event of fraud, misrepresentation, willful misconduct or negligence on the part of the Company, Capefirst may require the Company to immediately repurchase the assigned accounts at a purchase price that includes the amount of the assigned account plus the discount fee, interest and collection fee and may include a processing fee of 10%. The combined net balance due to Capefirst as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$0 and \$140,936, respectively. Factor expense charged to operations for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$167 and \$34,710, respectively.

The Company has adopted the FASB's amended authoritative guidance which was issued in June 2009 and which became effective January 1, 2010 as it relates to distinguishing between transfers of financial assets that are sales from transfers that are secured borrowings. Under this new guidance as adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2010, the reporting of the sale of accounts receivable is treated as a secured borrowing rather than as a sale. As a result, affected accounts receivable are reported under current assets within the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as "Trade receivables" subject to reserves for doubtful accounts, returns and other allowances. Similarly, the net liability owing to Capefirst appears as accounts payable and accrued expenses within the current liabilities section of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Net proceeds received from the sale of accounts receivable appear as cash provided or used by financing activities within the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. Early adoption of this amended guidance was not permitted. Under the authoritative guidance in effect prior to the amended guidance noted above, after a transfer of financial assets, an entity recognizes the financial and servicing assets it controls and liabilities it has incurred, derecognizes financial assets when control has been surrendered, and derecognizes liabilities when extinguished.

NOTE 6 - INVENTORY

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, inventories consist of the following:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Raw materials	\$ -	\$ -
Work in process	-	-
Finished goods	7,323	7,323
Subtotal	7,323	7,323
Less: inventory reserve	-	_

Inventory, net \$7,323 \$ 7,323

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Computer equipment and software	\$129,623	\$ 123,627
Furniture and fixtures	7,862	7,862
Subtotal	137,485	131,489
Less: accumulated depreciation	(107,130)	(101,403)
Property and equipment, net	\$30,355	\$ 30,086

Depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$5,727 and \$6,220, respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 8 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consists of the following at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Capefirst obligations	\$-	\$ 140,936
Accounts payable	1,328,392	1,284,800
Accrued expenses	30,078	30,043
Dividends payable	15,969	15,969
Credit cards payable	81,048	66,213
Accrued interest	2,284,023	3,754,941
Accrued payroll	186,368	150,866
Accrued PTO	134,862	100,630
Commissions payable	221,188	219,505
Payroll taxes payable	2,393,287	2,039,920
Garnishment liens payable	35,502	26,982
Pension plan payable	23,981	20,274
Flex spending payable	(507)	791
Total	\$6,734,191	\$ 7,851,870

NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, related party accrued expenses were \$230,993 and \$228,148, respectively, which consisted entirely of deferred salaries to employees. See also Note 13 for related party notes payable.

NOTE 10 – OBLIGATIONS COLLATERALIZED BY RECEIVABLES, NET

On May 27, 2015, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with Expansion Capital for a principal amount received in cash of \$130,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$52,080 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$182,080. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender between approximately 35% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$52,080 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. This borrowing was paid off in full during the year ended December 31, 2015.

On July 16, 2015, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with Knight Capital for a principal amount received in cash of \$173,500. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$52,050 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$225,550. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 30% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is

secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$52,050 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. The ending principal balance of this borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$76,317 (net of debt discount of \$10,924).

On July 31, 2015, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with High Speed Capital for a principal amount received in cash of \$85,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$39,950 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$124,950. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 47% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$39,950 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. In March 2016, this outstanding balance on this borrowing was settled for a total of \$26,244, of which \$18,000 has been paid and the remaining \$8,244 is in accounts payable on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On August 17, 2015, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with QuickFix Capital for a principal amount received in cash of \$70,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$32,200 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$102,200. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 46% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$32,200 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. The ending principal balance of this borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$48,907 (net of debt discount of \$16,333).

On August 18, 2015, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp Lending Group, Ltd. ("PowerUp") for a principal amount received in cash of \$150,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$45,000 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$195,000. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 39% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$45,000 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months.

On January 8, 2016, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp for a principal amount received in cash of \$120,000, of which the remaining balance of \$46,224 on the prior arrangement was paid off. The terms of the current arrangement are similar to the prior arrangement, whereby this arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$48,000 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$168,000. The ending principal balance of this current borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$14,232 (net of debt discount of \$15,883).

On April 12, 2016, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp for a principal amount received in cash of \$75,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$30,000 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$105,000. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 12% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$30,000 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. The ending principal balance of this current borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$67,645 (net of debt discount of \$18,336).

On April 28, 2016, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp for a principal amount received in cash of \$55,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$19,250 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$74,250. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 10% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$19,250 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. The ending principal balance of this current borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$29,696 (net of debt discount of \$6,078).

On June 2, 2016, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp for a principal amount received in cash of \$35,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$14,700 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$49,700. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 11% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$14,700 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months. The ending principal balance of this current borrowing at June 30, 2016 was \$45,756 (net of debt discount of \$11,079).

NOTE 11 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE, NET

In February 2003, the Company issued \$230,000 of notes payable which matured in June 2003. The notes earn simple interest at 8% per annum unless they are in default, in which case they earn default simple interest at a rate of 15%. In July 2003, the terms of the note were changed such that the notes became convertible debentures, whereby at the option of the holder, all outstanding principal and interest can be converted into shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.00 per share. As of June 30, 2016, \$100,000 of principal and \$207,553 of accrued interest remain outstanding from these notes. These notes are currently in default.

On July 22, 2005, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Richard Wynns ("Wynns") for \$30,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 5% per annum, and matures on December 31, 2006. At the option of the holder, all outstanding principal and interest can be converted into shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.15 per share. Through June 30, 2016, the holder converted \$22,500 of principal into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$7,500 of principal and \$5,063 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On October 3, 2005, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Wynns for \$30,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and matures on November 2, 2005. On July 26, 2010, this note was amended whereby accrued interest through this date was added to the principal balance, making the total principal balance of the note \$47,509. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 75% of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 10-day trading period prior to conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$47,509 of principal and \$28,492 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On October 14, 2005, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Wynns for \$30,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and matures on December 31, 2006. On July 26, 2010, this note was amended whereby accrued interest through this date was added to the principal balance, making the total principal balance of the note \$46,489. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 75% of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 10-day trading period prior to conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$46,489 of principal and \$27,880 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On July 20, 2006, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global Investments, L.P. ("YA Global") for \$1,250,000, with a maturity date of July 20, 2009. On August 22, 2006, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$575,000, with a maturity date of August 22, 2009. The notes accrue simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum, with a default simple interest rate of 14% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. Through December 31, 2015, a total of \$82,630 in principal and \$373,323 in accrued interest were converted into shares of the Company's common stock. Additionally, through December 31, 2015, \$1,671,742 of principal from these notes were assigned to other parties in the form of convertible promissory notes. On February 5, 2016, all outstanding principal and accrued interest on these notes were consolidated into a new convertible promissory note along with all other outstanding notes due to YA Global.

On November 2, 2007, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$600,000, with a maturity date of November 2, 2010. On March 17, 2008, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$300,000, with a maturity date of March 17, 2010. The notes accrue simple interest at a rate of 14% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. On February 5, 2016, all outstanding principal and accrued interest on these notes were consolidated into a new convertible promissory note along with all other outstanding notes due to YA Global.

On January 12, 2010, the Company issued an amended convertible promissory note to Westmount Holdings International, Ltd., with a principal balance of \$567,200 and accrued interest of \$317,510, which was assigned from YA Global. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 14% per annum and is due on demand. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. Through June 30, 2016, the Company converted \$29,883 of principal and \$261,259 of accrued interest into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$537,317 of principal and \$479,000 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On December 6, 2010, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Thomas Collins for \$75,000, which was assigned from a holder of a note issued on February 2003. The note accrues interest at a rate of 8% per annum and is due on demand. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of \$1.00 per share. During the year ended December 31, 2015, all principal and accrued interest on this note was extinguished.

On January 28, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Barclay Lyons, LLC for \$10,750. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 21% per annum and matures on July 28, 2011, with a default simple interest rate of 36%. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lesser of (i) the closing price on the day prior to conversion, or (ii) the volume-weighted-average closing price of the five day trading period prior to conversion, though in no instance shall the conversion price be less than \$0.0001. There is a ceiling on the conversion rate of \$0.05 per share, but this rate is to be discounted based on forward splits. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$10,750 of principal and \$20,183 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On March 21, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Redwood Management, LLC for \$284,132. The note accrues interest at a rate of 14% per annum and matures on March 18, 2013. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$123,936 of principal and \$57,827 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 2, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Martin Harvey for \$67,042, which was assigned to Blackbridge Capital, LLC ("Blackbridge"). The note accrues compounded interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on May 2, 2011, with a default compounded interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of the average of the five trading days prior to the applicable conversion date, with the number of conversion shares multiplied by 115%. Through June 30, 2016, a total of \$42,557 in principal was converted into shares of the Company's common stock, and a total of \$17,500 in principal payments have been made. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$6,985 of principal and \$43,158 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On June 2, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Panache Capital, LLC ("Panache") for \$65,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 8% per annum and matures on June 1, 2012, with a default simple interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion. Through June 30, 2016, the Company converted \$57,315 of principal into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$7,685 of principal and \$12,861 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On June 29, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Panache for \$15,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 8% per annum and matures on June 29, 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion. Through June 30, 2016, the Company converted \$14,798 of principal into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$202 of principal and \$5,458 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On October 5, 2011, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Premier IT Solutions for \$21,962. The note accrues compounded interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on March 5, 2012, with a default compounded interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of the average of the five trading days prior to the applicable conversion date, with the number of conversion shares multiplied by 115%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$21,962 of principal and \$21,635 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On February 21, 2012, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Kelburgh, Ltd. for \$13,000. The note accrues compounded interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on March 5, 2012, with a default compounded interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of 85% of the average of the five trading days prior to the applicable conversion date. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$13,000 of principal and \$11,789 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On August 3, 2012, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Raphael Cariou ("Cariou") for \$7,000. The note accrues compounded interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on February 3, 2013, with a default compounded interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of the average of the five trading days prior to the applicable conversion date, with the number of conversion shares multiplied by 115%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$7,000 of principal and \$5,222 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On February 25, 2013, the Company issued two convertible promissory notes to AGS Capital Group, LLC ("AGS") for \$131,377 and \$42,000. The notes accrue compounded interest at a rate of 14% per annum and mature on February 25, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of 35% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion. Through June 30, 2016, \$99,988 of principal has been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is a total of \$73,389 of principal and \$65,065 of accrued interest remaining on these notes. These notes are currently in default.

On March 7, 2013, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$25,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 14% per annum and matures on March 7, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 80% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. On February 5, 2016, all outstanding principal and accrued interest on this note were consolidated into a new convertible promissory note along with all other outstanding notes due to YA Global.

On April 19, 2013, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Tangiers Investment Group, LLC ("Tangiers") for \$14,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on April 19, 2014, with a default simple interest rate of 20% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lowest closing price during the 10-day trading period prior to conversion, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$14,000 of principal and \$7,552 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On May 17, 2013, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Tangiers for \$20,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on May 17, 2014, with a default simple interest rate of 20% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lowest closing price during the 10-day trading period prior to conversion, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$20,000 of principal and \$10,482 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On August 23, 2013, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Zoom Marketing ("Zoom") for \$140,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 5% per annum and matures on January 23, 2014, with a default simple interest rate of 10% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 85% of the of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the five-day trading period prior to conversion. On March 27, 2014, Zoom assigned \$75,000 of principal to Tangiers. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$65,000 of principal and \$20,042 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On November 13, 2013, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Tangiers for \$17,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on November 13, 2014, with a default simple interest rate of 20% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$17,000 of principal and \$7,233 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On February 7, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Hanover Holdings I, LLC for \$8,500. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum and matures on February 7, 2015, with a default simple interest rate of 22% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lowest closing price during the three-day trading period prior to conversion. On January 13, 2016, \$8,500 of principal and \$2,551 of interest has been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. As a result, this note is deemed paid in full.

On February 21, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Blackbridge for \$5,000. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 8% per annum and matures on September 21, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 60% of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$5,000 of principal and \$941 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On March 11, 2014, the Company issued two convertible promissory notes to LG Capital Funding, LLC ("LG") for \$32,000 and \$24,000. The notes accrue simple interest at a rate of 12% per annum and mature on March 11, 2015, with default simple interest rates of 24% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the lowest closing price during the 10-day trading period prior to, and including the date of, conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is a total of \$56,000 of principal and \$24,266 of accrued interest remaining on these notes. These notes are currently in default.

On March 27, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Tangiers for \$75,000, which was assigned from Zoom. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 10% per annum and is due on March 27, 2015, with a default simple interest rate of 20% per annum. On March 27, 2014, the Company issued a separate convertible promissory note to Tangiers, whereby the Company could borrow up to \$600,000, of which \$100,000 would be treated as an original issue discount on a pro rata basis. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 0% per annum and is due on demand, with a default simple interest rate of 20% per annum. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company borrowed \$72,000, of which \$12,000 was original issue discount. Pursuant to the terms of the notes, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a 50% discount of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to the date of conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is a total of \$147,000 of principal and \$49,068 of accrued interest remaining on these notes. These notes are currently in default.

On April 1, 2014, YA Global sold \$40,000 of their original note in the amount \$1,250,000 to an unrelated third party ("Tuohy"). The Company then issued a convertible promissory note to Tuohy for that debt. The note calls for 14% simple interest through the maturity date of December 31, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the notes the principal

balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 60% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.01, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. Through June 30, 2016, Tuohy converted \$40,000 of principal into shares of the Company's common stock. The principal balance of this note has been paid in full, yet \$153 of accrued interest remains unpaid.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Burrington Capital, LLC ("Burrington") for \$25,000. The note calls for 10% compounded interest through the maturity date of October 1, 2014, with a default compounded interest rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the terms of the note the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 60% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.01, whichever is lower. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$25,000 of principal and \$9,093 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 2, 2014, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with IBC Funds ("IBC") for \$96,800 in past due payables. The amount is due upon demand. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the principal balance is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a 50% discount of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion. Through December 31, 2015, IBC fully converted the \$96,800 in principal into shares of the Company's common stock.

On April 3, 2014, YA Global sold a portion of their note in the amount of \$50,000 to an unrelated third party ("Ferro"). The Company then issued a convertible promissory note to Ferro for that debt. The note calls for 14% simple interest through the maturity date December 31, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. Through June 30, 2016, \$22,175 of principal has been converted into shares of the Company's common stock, and the Company has made \$1,000 in principal payments. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$26,825 of principal and \$14,277 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On April 8, 2014, a note holder, YA Global, sold a portion of their note in the amount of \$200,000 to Dakota Capital Pty Ltd. ("Dakota"). The Company then issued a convertible promissory note to Dakota for that debt. The note calls for 14% simple interest through the maturity date December 31, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a 50% discount of the lowest closing price during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$200,000 of principal and \$62,367 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 14, 2014, YA Global assigned \$100,000 of their convertible note to Barry Liben. The note accrues interest at a rate of 0% per annum and is due December 31, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 50% of the average of the three lowest closing prices during the 30-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.02, whichever is lower, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. Through June 30, 2016, Liben converted \$47,200 in note principal into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$52,800 of principal remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 25, 2014, the Company borrowed \$10,000 from Reserve CG. The note accrues interest at a rate of 8% per annum. Through December 31, 2015, the Company fully converted \$10,000 of the principal balance into shares of the Company's common stock.

On December 10, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to Jared Robert for \$20,000. The note accrues compounded interest at a rate of 10% per annum and is due on June 10, 2015, with a default compounded interest rate of 15%. Pursuant to the terms of the note the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 60% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion, or \$0.01, whichever is lower. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$20,000 of principal and \$4,601 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On January 7, 2015, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to LG for \$20,625, of which \$4,125 was an original issue discount. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 12% per annum and is due on January 7, 2016, with a default simple interest rate of 24%. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 45% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to, and including the date of, conversion. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$20,625 of principal and \$4,848 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On March 12, 2015 the Company issued two convertible promissory notes to Cariou totaling \$188,356 (\$94,178 each) for settlement of compensation owed as well as penalties and interest. The note calls for 24% compounded interest through the maturity date of September 12, 2015, with a default compounded interest rate of 29%. The principal balance and accrued interest are convertible into the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of the average of the five trading days prior the applicable conversion date, with the number of conversion shares multiplied by 115%. Through June 30, 2016, the Company made \$12,000 in principal payments towards these notes. As of June 30, 2016, there is a total of \$176,356 of principal and \$76,007 of accrued interest remaining on these notes. These notes are currently in default.

On February 5, 2016, the Company issued an amended convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$2,829,690, which consolidated all the outstanding principal and interest due to YA Global from various notes outstanding through

January 7, 2016. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum and matures on April 30, 2016, with a default simple interest rate of 18%. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of the lesser of (a) \$0.0003 or (b) 50% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion, with the conversion rate being rounded to \$0.0001 or whole share. In relation to the note, the Company issued warrants to purchase 2,000,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.0006 per share, with an expiration date of December 31, 2020. The warrants are also subject to a cashless exercise, should there be an event of default or the warrants are not subject to an effective registration statement. The Company valued these warrants on the date of issuance at \$400,000 using the Black-Scholes method. Pursuant to FASB ASC 470-50, Debt, Modifications and Extinguishments, this consolidation of debt and the issuance of warrants has been determined to be an extinguishment of debt, and as a result, the Company has recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$3,299,717. Through June 30, 2016, \$88,700 of principal has been converted into shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$2,740,990 of principal and \$97,486 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

In the Company's evaluation of each convertible debt instrument in accordance with FASB ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging (pre-codification FAS 133 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities") ("ASC 815"), based on the variable conversion price, it was determined that the conversion features were not afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument and did not otherwise meet the conditions for equity classification. As such, the conversion and other features were compounded into one instrument, bifurcated from the debt instrument and carried as a derivative liability, at fair value (see Note 15). As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, debt discounts related to convertible notes payable totaled \$0 and \$0, respectively.

COROWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 12 – NOTES PAYABLE

On June 29, 2007, the Company issued a promissory note to Gary Sumner for \$45,000. The note accrues compounded interest of 5% per annum and matures on March 31, 2008, with a default simple interest rate of 18%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$45,000 of principal and \$61,572 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On July 3, 2008, the Company issued a promissory note to LTC International Corp. for \$25,000. The note accrues simple interest of 20.80% per annum and matures on December 17, 2008, with a default simple interest rate of 41.60%. Through December 31, 2015, the Company made principal payments totaling \$20,268. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$4,732 of principal and \$17,904 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On August 1, 2008, the Company issued a promissory note to YA Global for \$12,500. On August 18, 2008, the Company issued a separate promissory note to YA Global for \$25,000. The notes accrue simple interest of 18% per annum and mature on December 20, 2008, with a default simple interest rate of 24%. On February 5, 2016, all outstanding principal and accrued interest on this note were consolidated into a new convertible promissory note along with all other outstanding notes due to YA Global.

On March 17, 2010, the Company issued a promissory note to John Kroon for \$10,000. The note accrues compounded interest of 18% per annum and matures on September 13, 2010, with a default compounded interest rate of 21%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$10,000 of principal and \$26,501 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On July 27, 2010, the Company issued a promissory note to Richard Wynns for \$25,000. The note accrues compounded interest of 18% per annum and matures on January 23, 2011, with a default compounded interest rate of 21%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$25,000 of principal and \$59,608 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On March 15, 2011, the Company issued a promissory note to Barclay Lyons for \$15,000. The note accrues simple interest of 18.99% per annum and matures on March 25, 2011, with a default simple interest rate of 28.99%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$15,000 of principal and \$22,988 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On March 29, 2011, the Company issued a promissory note to George Ferch for \$5,000. The note accrues interest of 0% per annum and matures on June 27, 2011, with a default compounded interest rate of 21%. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$5,000 of principal and \$9,184 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 11, 2012, the Company issued a promissory note to Blackbridge for \$6,000. The note accrues simple interest of 5% per annum and matures on May 25, 2012, with a default simple interest rate of 5%. Through June 30, 2016, the Company made principal payments totaling \$4,500. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$1,500 of principal and \$540 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On October 18, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note to Walter Jay Bell ("Bell") for \$10,000. The note accrues simple interest of 10% per annum and matures on November 29, 2013. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$10,000 of principal and \$2,699 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

In January 2015 and February 2015, the Company entered into two short-term notes with LoanMe due on February 1, 2017 and March 1, 2017, respectively, whereby the Company received \$18,500 in total cash proceeds, and \$1,500 went directly towards indirect expenses, totaling \$20,000 in principal due. These notes were paid in full in February 2015 and July 2015, along with \$828 and \$6,066 of interest expense, respectively.

On April 24, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note to Bell for \$8,642. The note accrues simple interest of 10% per annum and matures on June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$8,642 of principal and \$81 of accrued interest remaining on this note. This note is currently in default.

On April 27, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note to YA Global for \$80,000, of which \$5,000 is original issue discount. The note accrues no interest per annum and matures on June 1, 2016, with a default simple interest rate of 18%. Effective May 6, 2016, the Company is to make weekly payments of \$18,750 for four consecutive weeks, with a final payment of \$5,000 due on June 3, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, this note was paid in full.

On May 10, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note to William Rittman for \$20,000. The note accrues compounded interest of 16% per annum and matures on August 29, 2016. Effective May 16, 2016, the Company is to make weekly payments of \$1,250 plus interest for sixteen consecutive weeks. As of June 30, 2016, there is \$11,250 of principal and \$7 of accrued interest remaining on this note.

NOTE 13 - NOTES PAYABLE, RELATED PARTIES

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 the Company had an aggregate total of \$160,354 and \$166,506, respectively, in related party notes payable. These notes bear simple interest at 10%-18% per annum, with default simple interest of 10%-24% per annum. As of June 30, 2016 all notes payable to related parties were in default. Accrued interest on related party notes payable totaled \$224,894 and \$205,885 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 14 – SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION LOAN

On April 17, 2002, the Company borrowed \$989,100 under a note agreement with the Small Business Administration. The note bears interest at 4% and is secured by the equipment and machinery assets of the Company. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$979,950 and \$979,950, respectively. The note calls for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$4,813 beginning September 17, 2002 and continuing until April 17, 2032.

The Company and the Small Business Administration reached an agreement in November 2010, whereby the Small Business Administration would accept \$500 per month for 12 months with payment reverting back to \$4,813 in November 2011. The Company only made four payments under the modification agreement. The Company continues to carry the loan as a current term liability because current payments are not being made, resulting in a default. Accrued interest payable on the note totaled \$477,549 and \$458,111 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

NOTE 15 - DERIVATIVE LIABILITY

Effective July 31, 2009, the Company adopted ASC 815, which defines determining whether an instrument (or embedded feature) is solely indexed to an entity's own stock. The conversion price of certain convertible notes, convertible preferred stock and exercise price of certain warrants are variable and subject to the fair value of the Company's units on the date of conversion or exercise. As a result, the Company has determined that the conversion and exercise features are not considered to be solely indexed to the Company's own stock and is therefore not afforded equity treatment. In accordance with ASC 815, the Company has bifurcated the conversion and exercise features of the instruments to be recorded as a derivative liability.

ASC 815 requires Company management to assess the fair market value of certain derivatives at each reporting period and recognize any change in the fair market value as items of other income or expense. The Company's only asset or liability measured at fair value on a recurring basis is its derivative liability associated with convertible notes payable and warrants.

At origination and subsequent revaluations, the Company valued the derivative liabilities using the Black-Scholes options pricing model under the following assumptions as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	
Risk-free interest rate Expected options life	0.58% - 1.25 1 - 5 yrs	% 0.89% - 1.31 1 - 3 yrs	%
Expected dividend yield Expected price volatility	-	-	%

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company's derivative liability increased from \$7,396,430 to \$7,863,051, and the Company recognized a gain (loss) on derivative liabilities of \$2,579,370 and \$(840,790) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, in conjunction with settlement of convertible notes payable, additions of new derivative liabilities and subsequent revaluations of existing derivative liabilities. In connection with certain conversions of debt, derivative liabilities of \$253,726 were recognized as additional paid in capital for the six

months ended June 30, 2016. In connection with the debt consolidation by YA Global on February 5, 2016 (see Note 11) derivative liabilities of \$3,299,717 were recognized as a loss on extinguishment of debt for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 16 - PREFERRED STOCK

a) Series A Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 125,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock (i) pays a dividend of 5%, payable at the discretion of the Company in cash or common stock, (ii) is convertible immediately after issuance into the Company's common stock at the lesser of \$0.005 per share or 75% of the average closing bid prices over the 20 trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, (iii) has a liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, (iv) may be redeemed by the Company at any time up to five years after the issuance date for \$1.30 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends, and (v) has no voting rights except when mandated by Delaware law.

There were no shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding at any time during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

b) Series B Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 525,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. Each share of Series B Preferred Stock (i) pays a dividend of 5%, payable at the discretion of the Company in cash or common stock, (ii) is convertible immediately after issuance into the Company's common stock at the lesser of \$15 per share or 75% of the average closing bid prices over the 20 trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, (iii) has a liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, and (iv) may be redeemed by the Company at any time up to five years.

There were no issuances, conversions or redemptions of Series B Preferred Stock during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 the Company had 159,666 shares of Series B Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Series B Preferred Stock, the embedded conversion feature related to the Series B Preferred Stock was afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument due to certain variabilities in the conversion price, and met the conditions for equity classification. However, the Company is required to bifurcate the embedded conversion feature and carry it as a derivative liability.

The Company estimated the fair value of the compound derivative using a common stock equivalent and the current share price of the Company's common stock. As a result of this estimate, the Company's valuation model resulted in a compound derivative balance associated with the Series B Preferred Stock of \$212,466 and \$212,868 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. This amount is included as a derivative liability on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Fair value adjustments of \$402 and \$0 were charged to derivative income (expense) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

c) Series C Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 500,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock. During 2007, the Company initiated a private offering under Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Private Offering"), of an aggregate 500,000 units (collectively referred to as the "Units") at a price of \$1.00 per Unit, with each Unit consisting of one share of Series C Preferred Stock at the lesser of 85% of the average closing bid price of the common stock over the 20 trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, or \$0.04 and stock purchase warrants equal to the number of shares of common stock converted from the Series C Preferred Stock, exercisable at \$0.06 per share and which expire five years from the conversion date.

There were no shares of Series C Preferred Stock outstanding at any time during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

d) Series D Preferred Stock

On November 10, 2011 the Board approved by unanimous written consent an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to designate the rights and preferences of Series D Preferred Stock. There are 500,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock authorized with a par value of \$0.001. Each share of Series D Preferred Stock has a stated value equal to \$1.00. These preferred shares rank higher than all other securities. Each outstanding share of Series D Preferred Stock shall be convertible into the number of shares of the Company's common stock determined by dividing the stated value by the conversion price which is defined as 85% of the average closing bid price of the common stock over the twenty trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, but no less than par value of the common

stock. Mandatory conversion can be demanded by the Company prior to October 1, 2013. Each share of the Series D Preferred Stock shall have voting rights equal to 100,000 votes of common stock.

There were no issuances, conversions or redemptions of Series D Preferred Stock during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 there were 100,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Series D Preferred Stock, the embedded conversion feature related to the Series D Preferred Stock was afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument due to certain variabilities in the conversion price, and met the conditions for equity classification. However, the Company is required to bifurcate the embedded conversion feature and carry it as a derivative liability.

The Company estimated the fair value of the compound derivative using a common stock equivalent and the current share price of the Company's common stock. As a result of this estimate, the Company's valuation model resulted in a compound derivative balance associated with the Series D Preferred Stock of \$99,771 and \$99,989 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. This amount is included as a derivative liability on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Fair value adjustments of \$218 and \$0 were charged to derivative income (expense) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

e) Series E Preferred Stock

On March 9, 2012, the Company filed the Certificate of Designation of the Rights and Preferences of Series E Preferred Stock of the Company with the Delaware Secretary of the State pursuant to which the Company set forth the designation, powers, rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions of 1,000,000 authorized shares of Series E Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share. The Series E Preferred Stock is convertible into common stock at 50% of the lowest closing bid price of the common stock over the 20 days immediately prior the date of conversion, but no less than the par value of the common stock.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

In October 2015, the Company issued 10,000 shares of Series E Preferred Stock for services valued at \$10,000 per the agreement.

In December 2015, the Company redeemed 2,692 shares of Series E Preferred Stock for \$3,500 cash from an employee of the Company.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company issued 21,000 shares of Series E Preferred Stock for services valued at \$27,000 per the agreements.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company redeemed 18,663 shares of Series E Preferred Stock for \$24,250 cash from three employees of the Company.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, holders of Series E Preferred Stock converted 16,162 shares into 323,240,000 shares of common stock.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had 791,567 and 805,392 shares of Series E Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, respectively.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Series E Preferred Stock, the embedded conversion feature related to the Series E Preferred Stock was afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument due to certain variabilities in the conversion price, and met the conditions for equity classification. However, the Company is required to bifurcate the embedded conversion feature and carry it as a derivative liability.

The Company estimated the fair value of the compound derivative using a common stock equivalent and the current share price of the Company's common stock. As a result of this estimate, the Company's valuation model resulted in a compound derivative balance associated with the Series E Preferred Stock of \$801,080 and \$805,303 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. This amount is included as a derivative liability on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Fair value adjustments of \$4,223 and \$1 were charged to derivative income (expense) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

f) Series F Preferred Stock

On October 4, 2013, the Company filed the certificate of designation pursuant to which the Company set forth the designation, powers, rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions of 500,000 authorized shares of Series F Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

The shares of Series F Preferred Stock have a stated value of \$1.00, have no voting rights, are entitled to no dividends due or payable and are convertible into the number of shares of the Company's common stock determined by dividing the stated value by the conversion price, which is defined as 85% of the average closing bid price of the common stock over the five trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, but no less than the par value of the common stock. At any time after the issuance date through the fifth anniversary of the issuance of the Series F Preferred Stock, the Company shall have the option to redeem any unconverted shares at an amount equal to 130% of the stated value of the Series F Preferred Stock plus accrued and unpaid dividends, if any. Redemption shall be established by the Company in its sole and absolute discretion and no holder of Series F Preferred Stock may demand that the Series F Preferred Stock be redeemed.

There were no issuances, conversions or redemptions of Series F Preferred Stock during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had 190,000 and 190,000 shares of Series F Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, respectively.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Series F Preferred Stock, the embedded conversion feature related to the Series F Preferred Stock was afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument due to certain variabilities in the conversion price, and met the conditions for equity classification. However, the Company is required to bifurcate the embedded conversion feature and carry it as a derivative liability.

The Company estimated the fair value of the compound derivative using a common stock equivalent and the current share price of the Company's common stock. As a result of this estimate, the Company's valuation model resulted in a compound derivative balance associated with the Series F Preferred Stock of \$189,564 and \$189,979 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. This amount is included as a derivative liability on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Fair value adjustments of \$415 and \$0 were charged to derivative income (expense) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

g) Series G Preferred Stock

On April 17, 2014, the Company filed the certificate of designation pursuant to which the Company set forth the designation, powers, rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions of 500,000 authorized shares of Series G Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

The shares of Series G Preferred Stock have a stated value of \$1.00, have voting rights equal to 5,000,000 votes of common stock, are entitled to no dividends due or payable, are non-redeemable, and are convertible into the number of shares of the Company's common stock determined by dividing the stated value by the conversion price, which is defined as 85% of the average closing bid price of the common stock over the twenty trading days immediately preceding the date of conversion, but no less than par value of the common stock.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

There were no issuances, conversions or redemptions of Series G Preferred Stock during the periods ended June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had 25,000 and 25,000 shares of Series G Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, respectively.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Series G Preferred Stock, the embedded conversion feature related to the Series G Preferred Stock was afforded the exemption as a conventional convertible instrument due to certain variabilities in the conversion price, and met the conditions for equity classification. However, the Company is required to bifurcate the embedded conversion feature and carry it as a derivative liability.

The Company estimated the fair value of the compound derivative using a common stock equivalent and the current share price of the Company's common stock. As a result of this estimate, the Company's valuation model resulted in a compound derivative balance associated with the Series G Preferred Stock of \$24,943 and \$24,997 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. This amount is included as a derivative liability on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Fair value adjustments of \$54 and \$0 were charged to derivative income (expense) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NOTE 17 – COMMON STOCK AND TREASURY STOCK

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 35,000,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value common stock, of which 11,937,670,076 and 8,888,809,250 shares were issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. On June 15, 2016, the board of directors approved the increase of the total amount of authorized shares of common stock from 13,000,000,000 to 35,000,000,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company issued 474,531,098 shares of common stock pursuant to conversions of various notes payable and other debts. The shares were valued at an aggregate of \$84,611.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company issued 3,048,860,826 shares of common stock pursuant to conversions of Series E Preferred Stock, and various notes payable and other debts. The shares were valued at an aggregate of \$178,936.

Treasury Stock

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company repurchased a total of 129,933,000 shares of common stock into the Company's treasury for \$12,993.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 58,248,000 shares of common stock into the Company's treasury for \$9,637.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company held 189,966,000 and 131,718,000 shares of common stock in treasury, respectively.

NOTE 18 – STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Employee Stock Options

The Company has a 2005 Stock Option Plan which is authorized to issue 66,667 options. There are currently no options outstanding under this plan. During 2016 and 2015, 38,164 and -0- unvested options expired. No options were issued during 2016 or 2015.

Stock Purchase Warrants

On February 5, 2016, the Company granted 2,000,000,000 warrants to acquire shares of common stock at \$0.0006 per share. The warrants were valued at \$400,000 using the Black-Scholes method and were recognized as a loss on extinguishment of debt in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations. All tranches of stock purchase warrants were issued to a single note holder in connection with the issuance of convertible debt.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

A summary of the status of the Company's options and warrants as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, as well as the changes during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 is presented below:

> Number of Options and Warrants

Outstanding at December 31, 2014 38,164

Options and warrants granted Options and warrants exercised Options and warrants forfeited or expired Outstanding at December 31, 2015 38,164 Exercisable at December 31, 2015 38,164

Options and warrants granted 2,000,000,000

Options and warrants exercised

Options and warrants forfeited or expired (38,164 Outstanding at June 30, 2016 2,000,000,000 Exercisable at June 30, 2016 2,000,000,000

In applying the Black-Scholes options pricing model to the option and warrant grants, the fair value of our share-based awards granted for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were estimated using the following assumptions:

> Risk-free interest rate 1.25 % Expected options life 4.91 Expected dividend yield

> Expected price volatility 484.63%

The following table summarizes information about stock options and warrants as of June 30, 2016:

Options and Warrants Options and Warrants

Outstanding Exercisable

> Weighted Average

Remaining Weighted Weighted Contractual Average Average Range of Exercise Number Exercise Number Exercise Life (in Prices Outstanding years) Price Exercisable Price

\$0.0006 2,000,000,000 4.51 \$0.0006 2,000,000,000 \$0.0006

The following table summarizes information about stock options and warrants as of December 31, 2015:

Options and Warrants **Options and Warrants** Exercisable

Outstanding

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Weighted Average Remaining Weighted Weighted Range of Contractual Average Average Exercise Number Life (in Exercise Number Exercise Prices Outstandingars) Price Exercisable Price 38,164 \$3.60 0.38 \$ 3.60 38,164 \$ 3.60

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events according to the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 855, Subsequent Events, and has determined that there were no material reportable subsequent events to be disclosed, other than those listed below:

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Preferred Stock Activity

Subsequent to June 30, 2016, the Company issued 20,000 shares of Series E Preferred Stock for services valued at \$20,000 to two employees per the agreements.

Subsequent to June 30, 2016, the Company redeemed 4,811 shares of Series E preferred stock for \$6,250 cash from three employees of the Company.

Debt Issuances

On July 13, 2016, the Company issued a convertible promissory note to YA Global for \$108,000, of which \$8,000 was an original issue discount. The note accrues simple interest at a rate of 0% per annum and is due on September 22, 2016, with a default simple interest rate of 18%. Pursuant to the terms of the note, the principal balance and accrued interest is convertible at the option of the note holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a rate of 51% of the lowest closing price during the 20-day trading period prior to conversion. Effective July 21, 2016, the Company is to make weekly payments of \$9,000 for twelve consecutive weeks.

On August 2, 2016, the Company entered into an accounts receivable financing arrangement with PowerUp for a principal amount received in cash of \$51,000. The terms of the arrangement requires the Company to repay the principal balance plus an additional \$19,600 in debt discounts for total remittance of \$71,400. The terms of repayment require the Company to remit to the lender approximately 13% of all future receivables arising from credit card, debit card and prepaid transactions until such time as the total remittance is paid in full. This borrowing is secured by the assets of the Company. The additional \$19,600 will be recognized as interest expense over the estimated term of the agreement. The term is not fixed due to the variable repayment terms; however, management currently estimates such terms to be between approximately two and eight months.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may" "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they should not be regarded as a representation by CoroWare, Inc., or any other person, that such expectations will be achieved. The business and operations of CoroWare, Inc. are subject to substantial risks, which increase the uncertainty inherent in the forward-looking statements contained in this report.

Overview

CoroWare, Inc. ("CWI" or, collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company") is a public holding company whose principal subsidiary, CoroWare Technologies, Inc. ("CTI"), has expertise in information technology consulting, mobile robotics, and Internet of Things ("IOT"). Through our subsidiary, the Company delivers custom engineering services, hardware and software products.

Employees

As of December 31, 2015, we had forty-four (44) employees comprised of one (1) full-time Officer and CEO, two (2) full-time finance administration persons, one (1) full-time human resources person, thirty-two (32) full-time employees delivering services, and eight (8) part-time employees delivering services. Our employees are not represented by a union. We consider relations with our employees to be positive and productive.

COROWARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CTI is a software professional services company with a strong focus on information technology integration and robotics integration, business automation solutions, and unmanned systems solutions to its customers in North America and Europe.

CTI's consulting staff members uses their experience to develop product specifications, project plans, marketing plans, workflow checklists, and perform their work with the objective of helping enterprise customers - such as Microsoft - deliver their solutions and products efficiently, affordably and on schedule.

CTI service model includes R&D engineering services; business process workflow; software architecture, design and development; content management; and marketing coordination and management. CTI's revenues are principally derived from standing contracts with customers whose product development groups require custom software development and consulting companies. Existing contract revenues vary month by month based on the demands of the clients.

CTI's enhanced collaboration and conferencing subscription services were discontinued in fiscal year 2015 as the Company focused its resources on its growing software professional services business.

COROWARE ROBOTICS SOLUTIONS, INC.

In fiscal year 2015, the Company created a new subsidiary, CoroWare Robotics Solutions, Inc. ("CRS"). CRS is a technology incubation company whose focus is on the delivery of mobile robotics and IOT products, solutions and services for university, government and corporate researchers, and enterprise customers.

Recently, CoroWare Robotics Solutions began to integrate Mixed Reality into its solutions portfolio planning, and is actively prototyping augmented reality solutions based on the Microsoft HoloLens platform and virtual reality solutions based on the HTC VIVE platform.

Regulation

Our services and products are not uniquely subject to governmental or industry regulations.

Research & Development

Our research and development activities have primarily been focused on the development of software components, mobile robot platforms and IOT solutions.

Products

CoroBot Classic:

CoroBot Classic was created to minimize the complexity of robot development. By combining a powerful PC-class platform with a robust, object-oriented software development system, the CoroBot Classic empowers users to rapidly deploy and develop robotic solutions. The CoroBot Classic also assists the hardware developer with additional physical mounting space, ports, sensors and communication devices.

CoroBot Spark:

CoroBot Spark is an open and state-of-the-art mobile robotics platform that is based on the Raspberry PiTM 2 Model B embedded computer and the CoroBot Pi HatTM embedded controller card, and will support the development of mobile applications that run on both Linux and Windows 10 operating systems. The CoroBot Spark platform will include open and cross-platform application programming interfaces that support the development of mobile robot applications.

PLAN OF OPERATION

We believe that CoroWare is well positioned for stable growth in Fiscal Year 2016, principally through continued growth of our CoroWare Business Solutions group.

The Business Consulting Services group anticipates growing its revenues by delivering consulting services to its long-term clients – including Microsoft – such as R&D engineering; business process workflow; software architecture, design and development; content management; and marketing coordination and management.

The Robotics & Automation group is in the process of reestablishing its market presence by providing custom engineering solutions and services to clients who are developing innovative software services, solutions and products that leverage our expertise in "Internet of Things".

We shall continue to grow an investor relations program that has already helped the Company communicate more effectively and actively with CoroWare shareholders, and generate greater awareness of CoroWare and our services, solutions and products.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, revenues were \$1,971,901 compared to revenues of \$1,355,239 during the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$616,662 or 45.5%. Revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2016 were higher compared to the three months ended June 30, 2015 as the Company continued to focus on selling R&D support, operations support, and marketing support services in 2016.

Cost of sales was \$1,585,033 and \$1,070,007 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$515,026 or 48.1%. Cost of goods sold primarily represents labor and labor-related costs in addition to overhead costs. The Company completed the reorganization of its Robotics & Automation team through June 30, 2016, further reducing its cost of sales.

Gross profits increased to \$386,868 during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$285,232 during the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$101,636 or 35.6%. Gross profits increased during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as a result of gross revenues increased. The gross profit percentage in the three months ended June 30, 2016 was 19.6% compared to 21.0% in the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Operating expenses were \$450,871 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$515,006 for the three months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$64,135 or 12.5%. General and administrative expenses amounted to \$415,261 during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$453,037 for the three months ended June 30, 2015, and represented mostly labor and related compensation costs, legal and professional fees, outside services, travel expenses, rental expense and related office expenses. Sales and marketing expenses were \$21,133 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$39,221 for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Research and developments costs totaled \$11,494 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$19,548 during the three months ended June 30, 2015. Depreciation and amortization costs were \$2,983 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$3,200 for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Loss from operations was \$64,003 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$229,774 for the three months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$165,771 or 72.1%. The decrease in loss from operations in the three months ended June 30, 2016 was due to an increase in gross profits and a decrease in general and administrative expenses.

Other income (expenses) was \$5,824,755 during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to other income (expenses) of \$(227,687) in the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$6,052,442 or 2658.2%. Other expenses is comprised primarily of gain/loss on derivative, amortization of debt discount, deferred finance costs, accrued interest on notes payable, and loss on extinguishment of debt. The change in derivative liabilities for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$6,092,487 compared to \$(78,751) for the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$6,171,238 or 7836.4%. The embedded conversion features associated with our convertible debentures are valued based on the number of shares that are indexed to that liability. Keeping the number of shares constant, the liability associated with the embedded conversion features increases as our share price increases and, likewise, decreases when our share price decreases. Derivative income (expense) displays the inverse relationship. Interest expense, net for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$267,732 compared to \$154,233 for the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$113,499 or 73.6%. The increase in interest expense is principally a result of an increase in accrued interest on debt and debt discount. The Company also recognized a \$0 gain on extinguishment of debt during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$5,297 in the three months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease in gain of \$5,297 or 100%.

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$5,760,752 compared to net loss of \$(457,461) for the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$6,218,213 or 1359.3%. The increase in net income is primarily a result of an increase in gain on the change in derivative liabilities and an increase in loss on extinguishment of debt.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, revenues were \$3,618,088 compared to revenues of \$2,153,780 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$1,464,308 or 68.0%. Revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2016 were higher compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015 as the Company continued to focus on selling R&D support, operations support, and marketing support services in 2016.

Cost of sales was \$2,756,636 and \$1,642,069 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$1,114,567 or 67.9%. Cost of goods sold primarily represents labor and labor-related costs in addition to overhead costs. The Company reorganized its Robotics & Automation team during the six months ended June 30, 2016 in order to further improve its gross profits in fiscal year 2016.

Gross profits increased to \$861,452 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$511,711 during the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$349,741 or 68.3%. Gross profits increased during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as a result of gross revenues increased. The gross profit percentage in the six months ended June 30, 2016 was 23.8% compared to 23.8% in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Operating expenses were \$1,217,049 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$930,177 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$286,872 or 30.8%. General and administrative expenses amounted to \$1,129,801 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$824,842 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, and represented mostly labor and related compensation costs, legal and professional fees, outside services, travel expenses, rental expense and related office expenses. Sales and marketing expenses were \$48,649 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$59,239 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Research and developments costs totaled \$32,872 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$39,876 during the six months ended June 30, 2015. Depreciation and amortization costs were \$5,727 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$6,220 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The overall increase in operating expenses was due to the Company increasing its travel expenses in support of its marketing specialist services, and increasing investor relations expenses.

Loss from operations was \$355,597 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$418,466 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$62,869 or 15.0%. The decrease in loss from operations in the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to an increase in gross profits.

Other expenses were \$1,205,558 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to other expenses of \$1,353,686 in the six months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$148,128 or 10.9%. Other expenses is comprised primarily of gain/loss on derivative, amortization of debt discount, deferred finance costs, accrued interest on notes payable, and loss on extinguishment of debt. The change in derivative liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$2,579,370 compared to \$(840,790) for the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$3,420,160 or 406.8%. The embedded conversion features associated with our convertible debentures are valued based on the number of shares that are indexed to that liability. Keeping the number of shares constant, the liability associated with the embedded conversion features increases as our share price increases and, likewise, decreases when our share price decreases. Derivative income (expense) displays the inverse relationship. Interest expense, net for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$485,211 compared to \$301,587 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$183,624 or 60.9%. The increase in interest expense is principally a result of an increase in accrued interest on debt and debt discount. The Company also recognized a \$3,299,717 loss on extinguishment of debt during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$211,309 in the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$3,088,408 or

1461.6%. The increase in loss on extinguishment of debt is primarily a result of the consolidation of debt with YA Global on February 5, 2016.

Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$1,561,155 compared to net loss of \$1,772,152 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$210,997 or 11.9%. The increase in net loss is primarily a result of an increase in loss on the change in derivative liabilities and an increase in loss on extinguishment of debt.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 net cash provided by operating activities was \$81,704 compared to \$(96,045) of net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015. This decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to an increase in net loss, an increase in change in derivative liability, an increase in loss on extinguishment of debt, and a decrease in accounts receivable and accounts payable.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we used \$5,996 net cash from investing activities compared to \$14,007 for the six months ended June 30, 2015, exclusively for purchases of property and equipment.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company had used \$118,879 in cash from financing activities compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$104,906 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. This increased use of cash for financing activities was primarily due to payments made towards debt financings in the six months ended June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2016, we had current assets of \$214,009, current liabilities of \$20,914,230, a working capital deficit of \$20,737,704 and an accumulated deficit of \$53,511,830.

At December 31, 2015, we had current assets of \$284,936, current liabilities of \$19,873,447, a working capital deficit of \$19,588,511 and an accumulated deficit of \$51,950,675.

We presently have limited and expensive available credit, and do not have bank financing or other external sources of liquidity. We will need to obtain additional capital in order to expand operations and become profitable. In order to obtain capital, we may need to sell additional shares of our common stock or borrow funds from private lenders. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining additional funding. We will still need additional capital in order to continue operations until we are able to achieve positive operating cash flow. Additional capital is being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Furthermore, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, results of operations, liquidity, or capital expenditures.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The following table sets forth the contractual obligations of the Company as of June 30, 2016 (debt discounts are not included):

	Payments due by Period							
Contractual Obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3	1-3 years 3-5 years		More than5 years		
Obligations collateralized by receivables	\$282,552	\$282,552	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Convertible debt	4,590,318	4,590,318		-		-		-
Notes payable	136,123	136,123		-		-		-
Notes payable, related parties	160,354	160,354		-		-		-
Small Business Administration loan	979,950	979,950		-		-		-
	\$6,149,297	\$6,149,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

EFFECT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Refer to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and Note 3 in the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financials as of June 30, 2016.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act, we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of Lloyd T. Spencer, who serves as the Chief Executive Officer (the principal executive officer) and Interim Chief Financial Officer (the principal financial officer); the Company's management has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the quarterly period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. As of the end of the period covered by this Report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer and interim chief financial officer, of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and interim chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. The ineffectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures is the result of certain deficiencies in internal controls constituting material weaknesses as discussed below.

The Company has historically had limited operating revenue and, as such, all accounting and financial reporting operations have been and are currently performed by a limited number of individuals. The parties that perform the accounting and financial reporting operations are the only parties with any significant knowledge of generally accepted accounting principles. Thus, we lack segregation of duties in the period-end financial reporting process. This lack of additional accounting/auditing staff with significant knowledge of generally accepted accounting principles in order to properly segregate duties could result in ineffective oversight and monitoring and the possibility of a misstatement within the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. However, the material weaknesses identified did not result in the restatement of any previously reported financial statements or any other related financial disclosure, nor does management believe that it had any effect on the accuracy of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the current reporting period.

The Company is currently reviewing its policies and is evaluating its disclosure controls and procedures so that it will be able to determine the changes it can and should make to make such controls more effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the period ended June 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are party to two pending legal proceedings that arose in the normal course of business. While the results of proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that the final outcome of these proceedings should not have a material adverse effect on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, and should not adversely affect our cash flows. None of our directors, officers or affiliates is involved in a proceeding adverse to our business or has a material interest adverse to our business.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act, we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF FUNDS

(a) On January 8, 2016, the Company issued 15,000 shares of Series E Preferred Stock to a third party valued at \$15,000 or \$1.00 per share. The shares were issued for professional services rendered.

On January 11, 2016, the Company issued 443,500,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$22,175 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$22,175 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On January 13, 2016, the Company issued 221,018,600 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$11,051 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$8,500 in principal and \$2,551 in accrued interest on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On January 13, 2016, the Company issued 176,452,226 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$14,798 at a price of \$0.00008 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$14,798 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On February 5, 2016, the Company granted 2,000,000,000 warrants to acquire shares of common stock at \$0.0006 per share. The warrants were valued at \$400,000 using the Black-Scholes method and were issued as consideration relating to the debt refinancing with YA Global.

On February 18, 2016, the Company issued 444,000,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$22,200 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$22,175 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On March 15, 2016, the Company issued 443,550,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$22,175 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$22,175 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On March 15, 2016, the Company issued 6,000 shares of Series E Preferred Stock to a third party valued at \$12,000 or \$2.00 per share. The shares were issued for professional services rendered.

On April 5, 2016, the Company issued 443,550,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$44,350 at a price of \$0.0001 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$44,350 in principal on an outstanding convertible

promissory note.

On April 18, 2016, the Company issued 443,550,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$22,175 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$22,175 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

On May 17, 2016, the Company issued 323,240,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$16,162 at a price of \$0.00005 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of 16,162 shares of Series E Preferred Stock.

On June 21, 2016, the Company issued 110,000,000 shares of common stock to a note holder for \$3,850 at a price of \$0.00004 per share. The shares were issued as a conversion of \$3,850 in principal on an outstanding convertible promissory note.

The above said sales relied on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act; adequate information was provided to offerees; and no general solicitation or advertising was made in connection with the offer or sale of the above said securities.

On November 2, 2015, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$500,000 of its common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share at a price of up to \$0.01 per share, with no expiration date.

On January 12, 2016, the Company repurchased 20,800,000 shares of common stock into the Company's treasury for \$4,320 at a price of \$0.0002 per share.

On January 15, 2016, the Company repurchased 16,648,000 shares of common stock into the Company's treasury for \$2,076 at a price of \$0.00012 per share.

On January 15, 2016, the Company repurchased 20,800,000 shares of common stock into the Company's treasury for \$3,241 at a price of \$0.00015 per share.

As of the June 30, 2016, the Company has repurchased a total of 189,966,000 shares of common stock at an aggregate value of \$22,630. Of the \$500,000 of common stock authorized to repurchase, there remains \$477,370 of common stock to be repurchased.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

- (a) At June 30, 2016, the Company was in default in payment of interest and/or principal on indebtedness amounting to \$6,308,021.
- (b) As of the balance sheet date the Company is in arrears in the payment of dividends related to its Series B preferred stock in the amount of \$15,969.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Description

- Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Lloyd Spencer in satisfaction of Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Certification of Periodic Financial Reports by Lloyd Spencer in satisfaction of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 15, 2016

COROWARE, INC.

By:/s/ Lloyd T. Spencer
Lloyd T. Spencer
Chief Executive Officer and
Interim Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal
Accounting and Financial Officer)