MCKESSON CORP Form DEF 14A June 17, 2016 Table of Contents

#### **UNITED STATES**

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **SCHEDULE 14A**

**Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities** 

Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. )

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

# Check the appropriate box:

- " Preliminary Proxy Statement
- " CONFIDENTIAL, FOR USE OF THE COMMISSION ONLY (AS PERMITTED BY RULE 14a-6(e)(2))

**Definitive Proxy Statement** 

- " Definitive Additional Materials
- " Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

#### **McKESSON CORPORATION**

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

# **Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):**

No fee required.

- Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(4) and 0-11.
  - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
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- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
- (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
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- " Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.
  - (1) Amount Previously Paid:
  - (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
  - (3) Filing Party:
  - (4) Date Filed:

# Notice of 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders

Wednesday, July 27, 2016

#### 8:30 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time

The 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of McKesson Corporation will be held at McKesson Medical-Surgical, 9954 Mayland Drive, Richmond, Virginia 23233.

#### **ITEMS OF BUSINESS:**

Elect for a one-year term a slate of nine directors as nominated by the Board of Directors;

Ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017;

Conduct a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation;

Vote on two proposals submitted by shareholders, if properly presented; and

Conduct such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Shareholders of record at the close of business on May 31, 2016 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting or any adjournment or postponement of the meeting.

June 17, 2016

By Order of the Board of Directors,

John G. Saia

Associate General Counsel and Secretary

# YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

We encourage you to read the proxy statement and vote your shares as soon as possible. Specific instructions on how to vote via Internet, by phone, by mail or in person are included on the proxy card.

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# PROXY SUMMARY

This summary highlights certain information in this proxy statement and does not contain all the information you should consider in voting your shares. Please refer to the complete proxy statement and our annual report prior to voting at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on July 27, 2016 (Annual Meeting).

# **Meeting Information**

2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders				
Date and Time	Wednesday, July 27, 2016   8:30 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time			
Location	McKesson Medical-Surgical, 9954 Mayland Drive, Richmond, Virginia 23233			
Record Date	May 31, 2016			

# **Voting Items**

Our board of directors ( Board or Board of Directors ) is asking you to take the following actions at the Annual Meeting:

Item	Your Board s Recommendation	Page Reference
1 Election of Nine Directors for a One-Year Term	Vote <b>FOR</b>	5
2 Ratification of the Appointment of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Vote <b>FOR</b>	21
3 Non-binding Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation	Vote FOR	66

4 Shareholder Proposal on Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards Vote

Vote **AGAINST** 

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Shareholder Proposal on Disclosure of Political Contributions and Expenditures

Vote **AGAINST** 

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**How to Vote** (see pages 71 74 for additional voting information)

Your vote is important. On June 17, 2016, McKesson Corporation (Company, McKesson, we or us) began delive proxy materials to all shareholders of record at the close of business on May 31, 2016 (Record Date). As a shareholder, you are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock you held on the Record Date. You can vote in any of the following ways:

Vote via Internet	Call Toll-Free	Vote by Mail	Vote in Person
www.proxyvote.com	Call the phone number located at the top of your proxy card	Follow the instructions on your proxy card	Attend our Annual Meeting and vote by ballot
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# PROXY SUMMARY

# **Director Nominees**

There are nine nominees for election to the Board of Directors. Alton F. Irby III and David M. Lawrence, M.D. will be retiring from the Board at the Annual Meeting. Upon their retirement, the size of the Board will be reduced to nine members. Additional information on each nominee may be found under Item 1 Election of Directors, beginning on page 5.

		<b>Committee Memberships</b>		
Name and Title	AC	CC	FC	GC
Andy D. Bryant				
Chairman of the Board, Intel Corporation		ü	ü	
Wayne A. Budd				
Senior Counsel, Goodwin Procter LLP	ü			ü
N. Anthony Coles, M.D.				
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Yumanity Therapeutics, LLC		ü	ü	
John H. Hammergren				

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, McKesson Corporation

M. Christine Jacobs		
Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, Theragenics Corporation (Retired)	ü	ü
Donald R. Knauss		
Executive Chairman of the Board, The Clorox Company (Retired)	ü	ü

# Marie L. Knowles Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, ARCO (Retired) Edward A. Mueller (Lead Independent Director) Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Qwest Communications International Inc. (Retired) Susan R. Salka Chief Executive Officer and President, AMN Healthcare Services, Inc. ü ü ü

# **Independent, Experienced and Diverse Board**

The nine director nominees standing for reelection to the Board have diverse backgrounds, skills and experiences. We believe their varied backgrounds, including the examples described below, contribute to an effective and well balanced Board that is able to provide valuable insight to, and effective oversight of, our senior executive team.

In March 2016, we were recognized by 2020 Women on Boards as a member of their 2020 Honor Roll for having more than 20% of board seats held by women. We are proud that since 2002, fully one third of our Board seats have been held by women.

	Ten	ure		
Years of Service (as of Annual Meeting)				
0 5	5 10	10 15	15+	

<sup>:</sup> Independent AC: Audit Committee CC: Compensation Committee FC: Finance Committee GC: Governance Committee

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**PROXY SUMMARY** 

#### **Balance of Industry and Functional Expertise**

Our Board reflects the Company s requirement that directors have broad experience at the policy-making level, and represent as a group a balance of industry knowledge, skills and expertise.

# **Experienced Leaders**

All 9 nominees are experienced business leaders, which equips them to provide constructive insight to our senior management team.

# **Financial Expertise**

8 of the nominees have valuable financial experience, having spent a significant portion of their careers focused on finance or as chief executives, with 3 of them previously having served as chief financial officers.

#### **Global Leadership**

6 of the nominees have substantial international experience, which brings critical perspective to our Board with our expansion in the global marketplace.

#### Healthcare

4 of the nominees are experienced leaders in the healthcare industry, including leaders of pharmaceutical and medical device companies and organizations providing healthcare services.

# **Supply Chain**

7 of the nominees bring supply chain or manufacturing experience to our boardroom, which enhances the Board s oversight of our Distribution Solutions businesses.

# **Technology**

4 of the nominees are experienced leaders in the technology industry, which allows them to effectively oversee the management of our Technology Solutions businesses.

#### **Governance Highlights**

The Board has for many years been committed to sound and effective governance practices that promote long-term shareholder value and strengthen Board and management accountability to our shareholders, customers and other stakeholders. Highlighted below are recent developments. Details on our corporate governance can be found on pages 14 - 20.

# **Continued Focus on Governance**

# **Corporate Governance Developments**

 Leading on Proxy Access Last year, McKesson adopted a proxy access By-Laws amendment, which received 80% support at our 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

# i Actively Refreshing the Board

The Board added three new independent directors during the past two years, and continues to assess a pool of highly qualified, diverse and independent candidates for nomination to the Board.

# **ü** Gathering Outside Perspectives

Since the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, members of management and the Board have engaged with institutional investors and pension funds representing over 61% of our outstanding shares on key governance matters. Our directors bring diverse views from their experience on other public, private and non-profit boards. None of our directors serves on more than three public company boards, including our Board.

# ü Continuing Robust Lead Independent Director Role

Empowered by the Board in 2013 with a robust set of responsibilities and authority, Mr. Edward A. Mueller is serving his second two-year term as our Lead Independent Director.

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# PROXY SUMMARY

#### **Company Performance Highlights**

It was a year of growth and expansion across McKesson despite the headwinds resulting from generic pharmaceutical pricing trends and industry consolidation. Our results reflect solid execution and core operational growth from both segments. In addition, we delivered operating cash flow that exceeded our expectations while applying our portfolio approach to capital deployment to create shareholder value. Recent accomplishments include:

- ü Total revenues of \$190.9 billion, up 7% from \$179.0 billion
- ü Operating Cash Flow of \$3.7 billion, up 18% year over year from \$3.1 billion
- ü Full year Adjusted Earnings of \$12.08 per share, an increase of 9% from \$11.11 per share
- ii Increased the quarterly dividend rate by 17% to \$0.28 per share, which also represents an increase of more than 40% over the last five years
- ü Reshaped and expanded our portfolio of businesses with more than \$4.0 billion in acquisitions announced
- ü Re-invested more than \$677 million in the Company through internal capital spending
- ü Returned more than \$1.5 billion in cash to shareholders via share buybacks
- ü Repaid \$1.6 billion in long-term debt

# **Executive Compensation Highlights**

Total Shareholder Return of 106%,

CEO Direct Pay Down 20%

From the end of FY 2011 through the end of FY 2016, McKesson delivered total shareholder return (TSR) of 106% while the Compensation Committee s decisions and cumulative changes to our executive compensation program reduced CEO total direct compensation (TDC) by 20%. For more information, see page 28.

Pay Strategy Aligns with Shareholder Value Creation					
<b>Incentive Pay Element</b>	Metric	Rationale			
Management Incentive Plan  (annual cash incentive)	Adjusted EPS  Adjusted OCF  Individual Modifier	Sets growth expectations for shareholders and serves as a key indicator of operational performance and profitability  Measures ability to translate earnings to cash and serves as an important indicator of share value  Drives individual performance to achieve  Company-wide and business unit results			
Total Shareholder Return Units (long-term equity incentive)	MCK TSR vs. S&P 500  Health Care Index	Rewards relative performance against peers over time			
<b>Stock Options</b>	Stock Price	Directly aligns with value delivered to shareholders			
Long-Term Incentive Plan (long-term cash incentive)	Long-Term Earnings Growth  Adjusted ROIC	Holds leaders accountable for operational performance and profitability against long-term business objectives  Encourages leaders to make sound investments that will generate strong future returns for shareholders			

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# PROPOSALS TO BE VOTED ON

#### ITEM 1. Election of Directors

There are nine nominees for election to the Board of Directors of the Company. The directors elected at the Annual Meeting will hold office until the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their successors have been elected and qualified, or until their earlier death, resignation or removal.

All nominees are current directors. Andy D. Bryant, Wayne A. Budd, N. Anthony Coles, M.D., John H. Hammergren, M. Christine Jacobs, Donald R. Knauss, Marie L. Knowles, Edward A. Mueller, and Susan R. Salka were elected to the Board at the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Two directors, Alton F. Irby III and David M. Lawrence, M.D., will be retiring from the Board at the Annual Meeting.

For purposes of the upcoming Annual Meeting, the Governance Committee has recommended the reelection of each nominee as a director. Each nominee has informed the Board that he or she is willing to serve as a director. If any nominee should decline or become unable or unavailable to serve as a director for any reason, your proxy authorizes the persons named in the proxy to vote for a replacement nominee, if the Board names one, as such persons determine in their best judgment. As an alternative, the Board may reduce the number of directors to be elected at the Annual Meeting.

The following is a brief description of the age, principal occupation, position and business experience, including other public company directorships, for at least the past five years and major affiliations of each of the nominees. Each director s biographical information includes a description of the director s experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that qualify the director to serve on the Company s Board at this time.

#### **Nominees**

Your Board recommends a vote FOR each Nominee.

Andy D. Bryant

#### Chairman of the Board, Intel Corporation

Mr. Bryant, age 66, was elected Chairman of the Board of Intel Corporation in May 2012. He was named a director of Intel s board in July 2011 and served as Vice Chairman of the Board from that time until his election as Chairman. He served as Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of Intel from October 2007 to July 2011. Mr. Bryant joined Intel in 1981 and held a number of management positions before serving as Intel s Chief Financial

Officer from February 1994 to October 2007. He is also a director of Columbia Sportswear Company. He was formerly a director of Synopsys Inc. Mr. Bryant has been a director of the Company since January 2008. He is Chair of the Compensation Committee and a member of the Finance Committee.

Mr. Bryant s years of experience as an executive at a large global company, including in the roles of Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Financial Officer, provide to the Company s Board operational, strategic planning and financial expertise and considerable business acumen, as well as international business experience. We believe the Company benefits from his Board leadership perspective garnered from serving as both Vice Chairman and Chairman of Intel s Board. Mr. Bryant also has other public company board experience with service on audit and governance committees.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Wayne A. Budd

Senior Counsel, Goodwin Procter LLP

Mr. Budd, age 74, joined the law firm of Goodwin Procter LLP as Senior Counsel in October 2004. He had been Senior Executive Vice President and General Counsel and a director of John Hancock Financial Services, Inc. since 2000 and a director of John Hancock Life Insurance Company since 1998. From 1996 to 2000, Mr. Budd was Group President-New England for Bell Atlantic Corporation (now Verizon Communications, Inc.). From 1994 to 1997, Mr. Budd was a Commissioner, United States Sentencing Commission and from 1993 to 1996, he was a senior partner at the law firm of Goodwin Procter LLP. From 1992 to 1993, he was the Associate Attorney General of the United States and from 1989 to 1992, he was United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts. He is also a director of PBF Energy Inc. Mr. Budd has been a director of the Company since October 2003. He is Chair of the Governance Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Budd brings to our Board significant legal and regulatory expertise gained from years of large law firm practice and major governmental positions with law enforcement responsibilities. His legal experience and seasoned judgment have been instrumental in helping the Board navigate legal challenges. In recognition of his distinguished legal career and important contributions to public life, Mr. Budd was named a 2011 recipient of the American Lawyer Lifetime Achievement Award. Additionally, Mr. Budd has senior executive business experience and public company board experience with service on audit, compensation, special litigation and governance committees, including as current chair of the governance committee of PBF Energy Inc. His Board leadership skills have been enhanced through his role as Chairman of the National Board of Directors of the American Automobile Association from April 2011 to April 2013.

N. Anthony Coles, M.D.

# Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Yumanity Therapeutics, LLC

Dr. Coles, age 56, was named Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Yumanity Therapeutics, LLC, a company focused on transforming drug discovery for neurodegenerative diseases, in October 2014. Prior to this, from October 2013, Dr. Coles served as Chairman and CEO of TRATE Enterprises LLC, a privately held company. Dr. Coles served as President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Onyx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a biopharmaceutical company ( Onyx ), from 2012 until 2013, having served as its President, Chief Executive Officer and a member of its board of directors from 2008 until 2012. Prior to joining Onyx in 2008, he was President, Chief Executive Officer and a member of the board of directors of NPS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a public biopharmaceutical company ( NPS ). Before joining NPS in 2005, he served in various leadership positions in the biopharmaceutical and pharmaceutical industries, including

at Merck & Co., Inc., Bristol-Myers Squibb Company and Vertex Pharmaceuticals Incorporated. In addition to having previously served as a director of Onyx and NPS, he was formerly a director of Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings and Campus Crest Communities, Inc. Dr. Coles has been a director of the Company since April 2014. He is a member of the Compensation Committee and the Finance Committee.

In light of his former and current chairman and chief executive positions, Dr. Coles brings to the Board executive and board leadership experience, as well as business management and strategic planning experience, in the healthcare industry. He also brings an innovative mindset. We believe Dr. Coles training as a physician will serve the Board well as it provides oversight with respect to various aspects of the Company s businesses. In addition, having joined the Board in April 2014, he brings a fresh perspective to the Board and adds to the diversity of perspectives.

John H. Hammergren

# Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, McKesson Corporation

Mr. Hammergren, age 57, has served as Chairman of the Board since July 2002, and President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since April 2001. Mr. Hammergren joined the Company in 1996 and held a number of management positions before becoming President and Chief Executive Officer. He was a director of the Hewlett-Packard Company from 2005 through April 2013. Mr. Hammergren is the Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Celesio AG. Additionally, he is currently a member of the Business Council, the Business Roundtable and the Healthcare Leadership Council, as well as the Board of Trustees for the Center for Strategic & International Studies (CSIS). He has been a director of the Company since July 1999.

Mr. Hammergren brings more than 30 years of business and healthcare experience to the Board, including service on other public company boards. Under Mr. Hammergren s leadership, McKesson has become a leading provider of

healthcare services and information technology solutions, increased revenues more than \$148 billion, expanded global markets and provided shareholders with a significant annual return on investment. The Board benefits from Mr. Hammergren s extensive knowledge of the Company, including his deep understanding of its customer base, competition, management team, workforce, challenges and opportunities. His involvement with the Healthcare Leadership Council, the Business Council and the Business Roundtable allows him to bring the Board new insights and perspectives on the changing healthcare industry, the nation s economic and regulatory climate and relevant public policy issues.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

#### M. Christine Jacobs

# Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, Retired, Theragenics Corporation

Ms. Jacobs, age 65, retired from Theragenics Corporation, a manufacturer of prostate cancer treatment devices and surgical products, in 2013, having served as its Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. She held the position of Chairman from 2007 to 2013, and previously from 1998 to 2005. She was Co-Chairman of the Board from 1997 to 1998 and was elected President in 1992 and Chief Executive Officer in 1993. Ms. Jacobs has been a director of the Company since January 1999. She is a member of the Compensation Committee and the Governance Committee.

Having led a public company within the healthcare industry for over 20 years, Ms. Jacobs brings to our Board significant relevant

industry experience and a keen understanding of and strong insight into issues, challenges and opportunities facing the Company, including those related to legislative healthcare initiatives. As a Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Theragenics Corporation, she was at the forefront of her company in regard to the evolving corporate governance environment, which enables her to provide ongoing valuable contributions as a member of the Governance Committee of our Board. In September 2011, Ms. Jacobs began serving as Co-Chair of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Advisory Committee on Small and Emerging Companies, which reflects her leadership and public company experience, including capital formation experience. At the request of SEC Chair Mary Jo White, she served a second term in that role. Ms. Jacobs Co-Chair term ended September 2015.

# Donald R. Knauss

#### Executive Chairman of the Board, Retired, The Clorox Company

Mr. Knauss, age 65, retired from The Clorox Company in 2015, having served as Executive Chairman of the Board from November 2014 until July 2015 and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer from October 2006 until November 2014. He was Executive Vice President of The Coca-Cola Company and President and Chief Operating Officer for Coca-Cola North America from February 2004 until September 2006. Prior to his employment with The Coca-Cola Company, he held various positions in marketing and sales with PepsiCo, Inc. and Procter & Gamble and served as an officer in the United States Marine Corps. He is also a director of the Kellogg Company and Target Corporation. He was formerly a director of URS Corporation. Mr. Knauss has been a director of the Company since October 2014. He is a member of the Audit Committee and the Governance Committee.

Mr. Knauss has gained substantial Board leadership skills through his chairmanship role at The Clorox Company. He also brings substantial executive experience, including in the roles of Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, through which he has developed valuable operational insights and strategic and long-term planning capabilities. In addition, Mr. Knauss possesses extensive international business management experience, which provides him with valuable insights into global business strategy. He also possesses extensive retail expertise, which includes experience in the retail pharmacy area. Mr. Knauss also has significant other public company board experience. Having worked outside of the healthcare industry, and as a new member of the Company s Board, Mr. Knauss enhances the diverse perspectives on the Board.

Marie L. Knowles

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Retired, ARCO

Ms. Knowles, age 69, retired from Atlantic Richfield Company (ARCO) in 2000 and was Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from 1996 until 2000. She joined ARCO in 1972 and held a number financial and operating management positions including President of ARCO Transportation Company from 1993 to 1996. Ms. Knowles is also the Chair of the Independent Trustees Fidelity Fixed Income and Asset Allocation Funds. Ms. Knowles was formerly a director of America West Holdings Corporation, ARCO, Phelps Dodge Corporation and URS Corporation. She has been a director of the Company since March 2002. She is Chair of the Audit Committee and a member of the Finance Committee.

Ms. Knowles brings to the Board extensive financial experience gained through her career at ARCO, including her tenure as Chief Financial Officer. This experience makes her well qualified to serve as Chair of the Company's Audit Committee and as the audit committee financial expert. This experience also enables Ms. Knowles to provide critical insight into, among other things, the Company's financial statements, accounting principles and practices, internal control over financial reporting, and risk management processes. It is also noteworthy that Ms. Knowles was named a 2013 Outstanding Director by the San Francisco Business Times and the Silicon Valley Business Journal.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

#### Edward A. Mueller

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Retired, Qwest Communications International Inc.

Mr. Mueller, age 69, retired as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Qwest Communications International Inc., a provider of voice, data and video services, in April 2011. He held the position of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Qwest Communications from August 2007 to April 2011. From January 2003 until July 2006, he served as Chief Executive Officer of Williams-Sonoma, Inc., a provider of specialty products for cooking. Prior to joining Williams-Sonoma, Inc., Mr. Mueller served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Ameritech Corporation, a subsidiary of SBC Communications, Inc., from 2000 to 2002. He was formerly a director of The Clorox Company, CenturyLink, Inc., Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and VeriSign, Inc. Mr. Mueller has been a director of the Company since April 2008 and was elected to the newly created role of Lead Independent

Director in July 2013. He was re-elected to a second two-year term as Lead Independent Director in July 2015. He is a member of the Compensation Committee and the Governance Committee.

Mr. Mueller brings to the Board chief executive leadership and business management experience, as well as a strong business acumen and strategic planning expertise. Having worked outside the healthcare industry, he also adds to the mix of experiences and perspectives on our Board that promote a robust, deliberative decision-making process. While Chairman of the Board of Qwest Communications, Mr. Mueller had a leadership role in corporate governance, which enables him to provide valuable contributions as a member of the Governance Committee of our Board. He also has public company board experience with audit committee service.

Susan R. Salka

Chief Executive Officer and President, AMN Healthcare Services, Inc.

Ms. Salka, age 51, has served as Chief Executive Officer and President of AMN Healthcare Services, Inc. since 2005, and a director of the company since 2003. She has served in several other executive roles since joining the company in 1990, including Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President of Business Development. She was formerly a director of Beckman Coulter Inc. and Playtex Products. Ms. Salka has been a director of the Company since October 2014. She is a member of the Audit Committee and the Governance Committee.

With over 25 years of experience in the healthcare services industry, Ms. Salka brings to the Board a deep understanding of emerging trends in healthcare services. This industry experience gives her insight into important aspects of the Company s businesses, including opportunities potentially available to those businesses. She has also served in a number of executive leadership positions, including as a Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer, which have provided her with business management, operational, financial and long-range planning experience. Ms. Salka also brings valuable experience acquired through significant public company board service. In addition, she brings a fresh perspective, having joined the Board in October 2014.

# The Board, Committees and Meetings

The Board of Directors is the Company s governing body with responsibility for oversight, counseling and direction of the Company s management to serve the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board s goal is to build long-term value for the Company s shareholders and to ensure the vitality of the Company for its customers, employees and other individuals and organizations that depend on the Company. To achieve its goal, the Board monitors both the performance of the Company and the performance of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The Board consisted of 11 members during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 (FY 2016), all of whom were independent with the exception of John H. Hammergren, the Chairman of the Board (Chairman). Upon the retirement of Mr. Irby and Dr. Lawrence at the Annual Meeting, the size of the Board will be reduced to nine members.

The Board has, and for many years has had, standing committees: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Finance Committee, and the Governance Committee. Each of these committees is governed by a written charter approved by the Board in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) listing requirements (collectively, the Applicable Rules). The charter of each committee requires an annual review by that committee. Each member of our standing committees is independent, as determined by the Board, under the NYSE listing standards and the Company's director independence standards. In addition, each member of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee meets the additional, heightened independence criteria applicable to such committee members under the Applicable Rules. The members of each standing committee are appointed by the Board each year for a term of one year or until their successors are elected and qualified.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

#### **Board and Meeting Attendance**

The Board met nine times during FY 2016. Each director attended at least 75% of the aggregate number of meetings of the Board and of all the standing and other committees on which he or she served. Directors meet their responsibilities not only by attending Board and committee meetings, but also through communication with executive management, independent accountants, advisors and consultants and others on matters affecting the Company. Directors are also expected to attend the upcoming Annual Meeting. All directors attended the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held in July 2015. The membership of each standing committee and the number of meetings held during FY 2016 are identified in the table below.

Director	Audit	Compensation	Finance	Governance
Andy D. Bryant		Chair	ü	
Wayne A. Budd	ü			Chair
N. Anthony Coles, M.D.		ü	ü	
John H. Hammergren				
Alton F. Irby III	ü		Chair	
M. Christine Jacobs		ü		ü
Donald R. Knauss	ü			ü
Marie L. Knowles	Chair		ü	
David M. Lawrence, M.D.		ü	ü	
Edward A. Mueller		ü		ü
Susan R. Salka	ü			ü
Number of meetings held during FY 2016	9	5	4	4

In addition, the Board has, on occasion, established committees to deal with particular matters the Board believes appropriate to be addressed in that manner.

#### **Committee Responsibilities and Other Information**

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is responsible for, among other things, reviewing with management the annual audited financial statements filed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K, including any major issues regarding accounting principles and practices, as well as the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting that could significantly affect the Company s financial statements. Along with other responsibilities, the Audit Committee reviews with management and the independent registered public accounting firm (the independent accountants) the interim financial statements prior to the filing of the Company s quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. In addition to appointing the independent accountants, monitoring their independence, evaluating their performance and approving their fees, the Audit Committee has responsibility for reviewing and accepting the annual audit plan, including the scope of the audit

activities of the independent accountants. The Audit Committee at least annually reassesses the adequacy of its charter and recommends to the Board any proposed changes, and periodically reviews major changes to the Company s accounting principles and practices. The committee also reviews the appointment, performance and replacement of the senior internal audit department executive and advises the Board with respect to the Company s policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations and with the Company s code of conduct. Additionally, the committee performs such other activities and considers such other matters as the Audit Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate, including review of cybersecurity risk mitigation initiatives and related policies and procedures. The composition of the Audit Committee, the attributes of its members, including the requirement that each be financially literate and have other requisite experience, and the responsibilities of the committee, as reflected in its charter, are in accordance with the Applicable Rules for corporate audit committees.

#### Audit Committee Financial Expert

The Board has designated Ms. Knowles as the Audit Committee s financial expert and has determined that she meets the qualifications of an audit committee financial expert in accordance with SEC rules, and that she is independent as defined for audit committee members in the listing standards of the NYSE and applicable SEC requirements, and in accordance with the Company s director independence standards.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

#### **Compensation Committee**

The Compensation Committee has responsibility for, among other things, reviewing all matters relating to executive officer compensation. Along with its other responsibilities, the Compensation Committee, with respect to executive officers, annually reviews and determines the salary paid, the grants of cash-based incentives and equity compensation, the entering into or amendment or extension of any employment contract or similar arrangement, the severance or change in control arrangements, the material perquisites provided, and any other executive officer compensation matter that may arise from time to time as directed by the Board.

The Compensation Committee periodically reviews and makes recommendations to the Board with respect to adoption of, or amendments to, all equity-based incentive compensation plans for employees, and cash-based incentive plans for executive officers, including an evaluation of whether the relationship between the incentives associated with these plans and the level of risk-taking by executive officers in response to such incentives is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. Subject to certain limitations, the Compensation Committee approves the grant of stock, stock options, stock purchase rights or other equity grants to employees eligible for such grants. Annually, the Compensation Committee reviews its charter and recommends to the Board any changes it determines are appropriate. It participates with management in the preparation of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis for the Company s proxy statement. The committee also performs such other activities required by applicable law, rules or regulations and, consistent with its charter, as the Compensation Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

The Compensation Committee may delegate to any officer or officers the authority to grant awards to employees other than directors or executive officers, provided that such grants are within the limits established by the Delaware General Corporation Law and by resolution of the Board. The Compensation Committee determines the structure and amount of all executive officer compensation, including awards of equity, after considering the initial recommendation of management and in consultation with the Compensation Committee s independent compensation consultant.

In accordance with its charter, the Compensation Committee annually evaluates the qualifications, performance and independence of its advisors. The Compensation Committee has the sole authority and right, when it deems necessary or appropriate, to retain, obtain the advice of and terminate compensation consultants, independent legal counsel or other advisors of its choosing. The committee has the sole authority to approve the fee arrangement and other retention terms of such advisors, and the Company must provide for appropriate funding. In this regard, the Compensation Committee is directly responsible for the appointment, fee arrangement and oversight of the work of any compensation consultant, independent legal counsel or other advisor retained.

During FY 2016, the Compensation Committee engaged an independent compensation consultant, Semler Brossy Consulting Group, LLC (Semler Brossy), and independent legal counsel, Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian, LLP (Gunderson Dettmer). In addition to advising the Compensation Committee on executive compensation matters, Semler Brossy also provided independent consulting services to the Governance Committee in the area of director compensation. Additional information on the Compensation Committee s process and procedures for consideration of executive compensation is addressed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

#### **Finance Committee**

The Finance Committee has responsibility for, among other things, reviewing the Company s dividend policy, reviewing the adequacy of the Company s insurance programs and reviewing with management the long-range financial policies of the Company. Annually, the Finance Committee reviews its charter and recommends to the Board any changes it determines are appropriate. Along with other responsibilities, the Finance Committee provides advice and counsel to management on the financial aspects of significant acquisitions and divestitures, major capital commitments, proposed financings and other significant transactions. The committee also makes recommendations concerning significant changes in the capital structure of the Company, reviews tax planning strategies utilized by management, reviews the funding status and investment policies of the Company s tax-qualified retirement plans, and reviews and (when authorized by the Board) approves the principal terms and conditions of securities that may be issued by the Company.

#### **Governance Committee**

The Governance Committee has responsibility for, among other things, reviewing the size and composition of the Board and recommending measures to be taken so that the Board reflects the appropriate balance of knowledge, experience, skills, expertise and diversity, recommending the slate of nominees to be proposed for election at the annual meeting of stockholders, recommending qualified candidates to fill Board vacancies, and reviewing, in consultation with the Lead Independent Director, the composition of the standing committees of the Board and recommending any changes.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Governance Committee annually reviews its charter and recommends to the Board any changes it determines are appropriate. Along with other responsibilities, the Governance Committee evaluates the Board s overall performance, develops and administers the Company s related party transactions policy, monitors emerging corporate governance trends, and oversees and evaluates the Company s corporate governance policies and programs. The committee annually reviews non-employee director compensation, including equity awards to directors, and advises the Board on these matters.

#### **Director Qualifications, Nomination and Diversity**

To fulfill its responsibility to recruit and recommend to the Board nominees for election as directors, the Governance Committee considers all qualified candidates who may be identified by any one of the following sources: current or former Board members, a professional search firm, Company executives or shareholders. Shareholders who wish to propose a director candidate for consideration by the Governance Committee may do so by submitting the candidate s name, resume and biographical information and qualifications to the attention of the Secretary of the Company at One Post Street, 35th Floor, San Francisco, California 94104. All proposals for recommendation or nomination received by the Secretary will be presented to the Governance Committee for its consideration. The Governance Committee and the Company s CEO will interview those candidates who meet the criteria described below, and the Governance Committee will recommend to the Board nominees who best suit the Board s needs. In order for a recommended director candidate to be considered by the Governance Committee for nomination for election at an upcoming annual meeting of stockholders, in accordance with the Advance Notice By-Law provisions, the recommendation must be received by the Secretary not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of the Company s most recent annual meeting of stockholders. Shareholders may also request that director nominees be included in the Company s proxy materials in accordance with the proxy access provision in the By-Laws. Such requests must be received no earlier than 150 days and no later than 120 days prior to the anniversary of the immediately preceding annual meeting of stockholders. Each shareholder seeking to include a director nominee in the Company s proxy materials would be required to provide certain information, representations and undertakings as outlined in the By-Laws.

In evaluating candidates for the Board, the Governance Committee reviews each candidate s biographical information and credentials, and assesses each candidate s independence, skills, experience and expertise based on a variety of factors. Members of the Board should have the highest professional and personal ethics, integrity and values consistent with the Company s values. They should have broad experience at the policy-making level in business, technology, healthcare or public interest, or have achieved national prominence in a relevant field as a faculty member or senior government officer. The Governance Committee will consider whether the candidate has had a successful career that demonstrates the ability to make the kind of important and sensitive judgments that the Board is called upon to make, and whether the candidate s skills are complementary to the existing Board members skills. Board members must take into account and balance the legitimate interests and concerns of all of the Company s shareholders and other stakeholders, and each must be able to devote sufficient time and energy to the performance of his or her duties as a director, as well as have a commitment to diversity.

The Governance Committee has responsibility under its charter to review annually with the Board the size and composition of the Board with the objective of achieving the appropriate balance of knowledge, experience, skills, expertise and diversity required for the Board as a whole. Although the Board does not maintain a formal policy regarding diversity, the Governance Committee considers diversity to include diversity of backgrounds, cultures,

education, experience, skills, thought, perspectives, personal qualities and attributes, and geographic profiles (i.e., where the individuals have lived and worked), as well as race, ethnicity, gender, national origin and other categories. A high level of diversity on our Board has been achieved in these areas, as evidenced by the information concerning our directors that is provided under Nominees above. Our Governance Committee and the Board believe that a diverse representation on the Board fosters a robust, comprehensive, and balanced deliberation and decision-making process that is essential to the continued effective functioning of the Board and continued success of the Company.

# **Director Compensation**

The Company believes that compensation for non-employee directors should be competitive and should encourage ownership of the Company s stock. The compensation for each non-employee director of the Company includes an annual cash retainer, an annual restricted stock unit (RSU) award and meeting fees. With regard to the Board and standing committees, non-employee directors receive a \$1,500 per-meeting fee, except that the fee is \$2,000 for Audit Committee meetings. With regard to meetings other than standing committee meetings, the Governance Committee determines on a case-by-case basis whether meeting fees are appropriate for non-employee directors. The Board has established a \$1,500 per-meeting fee in each case in which the Governance Committee determines a meeting fee is appropriate. In addition to the compensation

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described above, the Lead Independent Director and chairs of the standing committees receive an annual retainer. Non-employee directors are paid their reasonable expenses for attending Board and committee meetings. Directors who are employees of the Company or its subsidiaries do not receive any compensation for service on the Board. The Governance Committee annually reviews the level and form of the Company s director compensation and, if it deems appropriate, recommends to the Board changes in director compensation.

As it does each year, the Governance Committee reviewed non-employee director compensation at its July 2015 meeting. For this meeting, the committee requested from Semler Brossy, the Compensation Committee s independent compensation consultant, a report which included a comparison of McKesson s program to the market for director talent. The annual retainer of \$50,000 provided to the Lead Independent Director, which is delivered in equal amounts of cash and equity, was unchanged. However, the Governance Committee recommended, and the Board approved, that the non-employee director annual cash retainer be increased by \$5,000, to \$80,000, and the grant date value of the annual RSU grant be increased by \$30,000, to \$180,000, in both cases effective with the payments or grants to be made following the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. In addition, the requirement applicable to our non-employee directors under the Company s director stock ownership guidelines was increased by 60%, from \$300,000 to \$480,000, equal to six times their annual cash retainer, further aligning our non-employee directors interests with the long-term interests of our shareholders. Directors have six years from their initial election to the Board to meet the stock ownership guidelines.

#### **Cash Compensation**

Directors may elect in advance of a calendar year to defer up to 100% of their annual retainer (including any standing committee chair or Lead Independent Director retainer) and meeting fees into the Company s Deferred Compensation Administration Plan III (DCAP III). The minimum deferral period for any amounts deferred is five years; however, notwithstanding the director s deferral election, if a director ceases to be a director of the Company for any reason other than death, disability or retirement, the account balance will be paid in a lump sum in the first January or July which is at least six months following and in the year after the director s separation from service. In the event of death, disability or retirement, the account balance will be paid in accordance with the director s deferral election. To be eligible for retirement, a director must have served on the Board for at least six consecutive years prior to the director s separation. The Compensation Committee approves the rate at which interest or earnings are credited each year to amounts deferred into DCAP III. Currently, the default interest rate selected by the committee is 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). In addition, the committee approved the crediting of earnings (or losses) to a director s DCAP III account based on the director s choice of a hypothetical investment in some of the funds, other than the McKesson stock fund, available under the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan.

The following table summarizes the cash compensation provided to non-employee directors:

Non-Employee Director Cash Compensation	Total (\$)
Annual cash retainer	80,000

Additional retainer for Lead Independent Director	25,000
Additional retainer for Chair of the Audit Committee	20,000
Additional retainer for Chair of the Compensation Committee	20,000
Additional retainer for Chair of all other standing committees	10,000
Meeting fee for each Audit Committee meeting attended	2,000
Meeting fee for each Board, committee or other meeting attended	1,500

**Equity Compensation** 

Effective July 2015, non-employee directors receive an automatic annual grant of RSUs with an approximate grant date value of \$180,000. The actual number of RSUs granted is determined by dividing \$180,000 by the closing price of the Company s common stock on the grant date (with any fractional unit rounded up to the nearest whole unit); provided, however, that the number of units granted in any annual grant will in no event exceed 5,000, in accordance with our 2013 Stock Plan. In addition to the \$25,000 annual cash retainer for the Lead Independent Director (as shown in the above table), the Lead Independent Director receives an annual grant of RSUs with an approximate grant date value of \$25,000.

The RSUs granted to non-employee directors are vested upon grant. If a director meets the director stock ownership guidelines (currently \$480,000, six times the annual cash retainer), then the director will, on the grant date, receive the shares

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

underlying the RSUs, unless the director elects to defer receipt of the shares. The determination of whether a director meets the director stock ownership guidelines is made as of the last day of the deferral election period preceding the applicable RSU award. If a non-employee director has not met the stock ownership guidelines as of the last day of such deferral election period, then issuance of the shares underlying the RSUs will automatically be deferred until the director s separation from service.

Recipients of RSUs are entitled to dividend equivalents at the same dividend rate applicable to the Company s common shareholders, which is determined by our Board and currently is \$0.28 per share each quarter. For our directors, dividend equivalents on RSUs are credited quarterly to an interest-bearing cash account and are not distributed until the shares underlying the RSUs are issued to the director. Interest accrues on directors—credited dividend equivalents at the rate set by the Compensation Committee under the terms of our 2013 Stock Plan, which is currently 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the IRS.

# All Other Compensation and Benefits

Non-employee directors are eligible to participate in the McKesson Foundation s Executive Request Program and Matching Gifts Program. Under the Executive Request Program, our non-employee directors may request that the foundation make donations to qualifying public charitable organizations. Under the Matching Gifts Program, our non-employee directors own gifts to schools, educational associations or funds and other public charitable organizations are eligible for a match by the foundation of up to \$5,000 per director for each fiscal year.

# **2016 Director Compensation Table**

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation paid to or earned by each non-employee director for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. Mr. Hammergren, our Chairman, President and CEO, is not included in this table as he is an employee of the Company and receives no compensation for his service as a director. The compensation paid to or earned by Mr. Hammergren as an officer of the Company is shown in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table.

	Fees Earned			
	or Paid	Stock	All Other	
	in Cash	Awards	Compensation	Total
Name	(\$)(1)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$)(4)	(\$)
Andy D. Bryant	123,000	180,119	10,439	313,558
Wayne A. Budd	125,000	180,119	14,281	319,400

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N. Anthony Coles, M.D.	103,000	180,119	-0-	283,119
Alton F. Irby III	125,000	180,119	11,201	316,320
M. Christine Jacobs	104,500	180,119	-0-	284,619
Donald R. Knauss	108,500	180,119	12,698	301,317
Marie L. Knowles	135,000	180,119	17,131	332,250
David M. Lawrence, M.D.	101,500	180,119	16,548	298,167
Edward A. Mueller	129,500	205,299 (3)	15,270	350,069
Susan R. Salka	113,500	180,119	14,227	307,846

- (1) Consists of the following, as applicable, whether paid or deferred: director annual cash retainer; standing committee meeting fees; other meeting fees; and the annual standing committee chair and Lead Independent Director retainers.
- (2) Represents the aggregate grant date fair value of RSUs, computed in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, Topic 718, labeled Compensation Stock Compensation (ASC Topic 718) disregarding any estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. Such values do not reflect whether the recipient has actually realized a financial benefit from the award. For information on the assumptions used to calculate the value of the awards, refer to Financial Note 6 of the Company's consolidated financial statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 as filed with the SEC on May 5, 2016.
- (3) Represents both the regular annual grant of RSUs and the annual grant of RSUs for service as Lead Independent Director.
- (4) Represents the value of air travel and other items or services provided to our directors and their spouses in connection with the annual Board of Directors planning sessions. The value of perquisites provided to Dr. Coles and Ms. Jacobs did not meet the threshold value for disclosure in this proxy statement.

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#### **Corporate Governance**

The Board is committed to, and for many years has adhered to, sound and effective corporate governance practices. In addition to routine monitoring of best practices, at least annually the Board and its committees review the Company s current corporate governance practices, the corporate governance environment and update the committees written charters as necessary. The Board diligently exercises its oversight responsibilities with respect to the Company s business and affairs consistent with the highest principles of business ethics, and in order to meet the corporate governance requirements of federal law, state law and the NYSE.

You can access the following governance materials on our website at www.mckesson.com under the caption Investors Corporate Governance.

Certificate of Incorporation		
By-Laws		
Corporate Governance Guidelines Committee Charters		
Director Independence Standards		
Code of Conduct		

# **Key Governance Attributes**

The Board actively seeks input from our shareholders and is committed to continuous monitoring of sound and effective governance practices. Below are highlights of some of our key governance attributes.

# **Proxy Access**

The Board strives to maintain and adopt industry-leading governance best practices. In 2015, the Company submitted to its shareholders a proposal to amend the By-Laws to allow for proxy access, which received 80% approval at the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Under the amended By-Laws, a shareholder or shareholder group who has owned at least three percent of the Company s stock for at least three years, and who complies with specified procedural and disclosure requirements, may include in McKesson s proxy materials shareholder-nominated director candidates to fill up to 20% of the available board seats. The Company s proposal was the result of Company engagement with our shareholders, informed by ongoing review of the evolving governance landscape.

#### Shareholder Right to Call a Special Meeting

Recognizing the interest of a number of shareholders in being able to take action between annual meetings, and having considered the alternative processes for achieving that result, the Board, in January 2013, adopted amendments to the Company's By-Laws, which were approved by the shareholders at the 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The 2013 amendments to the By-Laws permit shareholders who meet certain requirements to call a special meeting of shareholders. Specifically, record holders who have held a net long position of at least 25% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company for at least one year are able to call a special meeting. This important expansion of shareholder rights empowers our shareholders to act between annual meetings and enhances their ability to participate in issues vital to the Company.

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# **Elimination of Supermajority Voting Requirements**

In 2011, the Board recommended, and our shareholders approved, amendments to the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (Certificate of Incorporation) and, in effect, the By-Laws, to eliminate the Company's shareholder supermajority voting requirements. Specifically, the Company replaced the supermajority voting requirement with a majority of shares outstanding standard for the following actions: (A) amendment of the By-Laws and (B) amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation in any manner that would adversely affect holders of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock. In addition, the supermajority voting provisions and associated fair price provisions applicable to certain business combinations were eliminated from the Certificate of Incorporation altogether.

# **Majority Voting Standard for Election of Directors**

The By-Laws provide for a majority voting standard for the election of directors. This standard states that in uncontested director elections, a director nominee will be elected only if the number of votes cast—for—the nominee exceeds the number of votes cast—against—that nominee. To address the—holdover—director situation in which, under Delaware law, a director remains on the Board until his or her successor is elected and qualified, the By-Laws require each director nominee to submit an irrevocable resignation in advance of the shareholder vote. The resignation would be contingent upon both the nominee not receiving the required vote for reelection and acceptance of the resignation by the Board pursuant to its policies.

# **Director Stock Ownership Guidelines**

Our Board believes that directors should hold a meaningful equity stake in McKesson. To that end, by the terms of our Director Stock Ownership Guidelines, directors are expected to own shares or share equivalents of the Company's common stock with a value of at least six times the annual cash retainer within six years of joining our Board. We believe these terms serve the important purpose of aligning our directors' economic interests with those of our shareholders. As of May 31, 2016, all of our directors were in compliance with the Director Stock Ownership Guidelines, except for Dr. Coles, Mr. Knauss and Ms. Salka, who have six years from their initial election to the Board to meet the guidelines.

#### **Corporate Governance Guidelines**

Consistent with NYSE listing requirements, the Company s Corporate Governance Guidelines address various governance matters, including, among others: director qualification standards and the director nomination process; shareholder communications with directors; director responsibilities; selection and role of the Lead Independent

Director; director access to management and, as necessary and appropriate, independent advisors; director compensation; director stock ownership guidelines; director orientation and continuing education; management succession; and an annual performance evaluation of the Board. The Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing the guidelines and at least annually assesses the need or advisability for any amendments to the guidelines to reflect corporate governance best practices.

Certain provisions of our Corporate Governance Guidelines, including a discussion of our Board leadership structure and succession planning, are highlighted in this section of the proxy statement. The complete text of our Corporate Governance Guidelines can be found on the Company s website at <a href="https://www.mckesson.com">www.mckesson.com</a> under the caption Investors Corporate Governance.

# **Director Independence**

Under the Company s Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board must have a substantial majority of directors who meet the applicable criteria for independence required by the NYSE. The Board must determine, based on all relevant facts and circumstances, whether in its business judgment each director satisfies the criteria for independence, including the absence of a direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. Consistent with the listing requirements of the NYSE, the Board has established standards to assist it in making a determination of director independence. A director will not be considered independent if:

The director is, or has been within the last three years, an employee of the Company, or an immediate family member is, or has been within the last three years, an executive officer of the Company.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The director has received, or has an immediate family member who has received, during any 12-month period within the last three years, more than \$120,000 in direct compensation from the Company, other than director and committee fees and pension or other forms of deferred compensation for prior service (provided such compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service).

(A) The director is a current partner or employee of a firm that is the Company s internal or external auditor; (B) the director has an immediate family member who is a current partner of such a firm; (C) the director has an immediate family member who is a current employee of such a firm and personally works on the Company s audit; or (D) the director or an immediate family member was within the last three years a partner or employee of such a firm and personally worked on the Company s audit within that time.

The director or an immediate family member is, or has been within the last three years, employed as an executive officer of another company where any of the Company s present executive officers at the same time serves or served on that company s compensation committee.

The director is an executive officer or an employee, or whose immediate family member is an executive officer, of another company (A) which in any of the last three years accounted for at least 2.0% of the Company s consolidated gross revenues, or (B) for which in any such year the Company accounted for at least 2.0% or \$1,000,000, whichever is greater, of such other company s consolidated gross revenues.

The director is, or has been within the last three years, an executive officer of another company that is indebted to the Company, or to which the Company is indebted, and the total amount of either company s indebtedness to the other is more than 2.0% of the respective company s total assets measured as of the last completed fiscal year.

The director serves, or served within the last three years, as an executive officer, director or trustee of a charitable organization, and the Company s discretionary charitable contributions in any single fiscal year exceeded the greater of \$1,000,000 or 2.0% of that organization s total annual charitable receipts. (The Company s matching of employee charitable contributions will not be included in the amount of the Company s contributions for this purpose.)

For relationships not covered by the guidelines above, or for relationships that are covered, but as to which the Board believes a director may nonetheless be independent, the determination of independence shall be made by the directors who satisfy the NYSE independence rules and the guidelines set forth above. However, any determination of independence for a director who does not meet these standards must be specifically explained in the Company s proxy statement.

Our Director Independence Standards can also be found on the Company s website at <a href="https://www.mckesson.com">www.mckesson.com</a> under the caption Investors Corporate Governance. Provided that no relationship or transaction exists that would disqualify a director under these standards, and no other relationship or transaction exists of a type not specifically mentioned in these standards that, in the Board s opinion, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances, would impair a director s ability to exercise his or her independent judgment, the Board will deem such person to be independent. Applying these standards, and all applicable laws, rules or regulations, the Board has determined that, with the exception of John H. Hammergren, all of the current directors, namely Andy D. Bryant, Wayne A. Budd, N. Anthony Coles, M.D., Alton F. Irby III, M. Christine Jacobs, Donald R. Knauss, Marie L. Knowles, David M. Lawrence, M.D., Edward A. Mueller and Susan R. Salka, are independent.

# **Board Leadership Structure**

As part of its periodic review of the appropriateness and effectiveness of its leadership structure, the Board approved amendments to the Company s Corporate Governance Guidelines in 2013, to provide for a Lead Independent Director whenever the Chairman is not an independent director. Mr. Mueller was elected as the Board s first Lead Independent Director in July 2013, and the independent directors of the Board reelected him to serve an additional two-year term effective July 29, 2015, subject to his continuing reelection and status as an independent director. The Lead Independent Director s duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the following:

Preside at all meetings of the Board at which the Chairman is not present, including executive sessions of the independent directors;

Serve as liaison between the Chairman and the independent directors;

Approve information sent to the Board;

Approve meeting agendas for the Board;

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Approve meeting schedules to assure that there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items;

Call meetings of the independent directors, as appropriate;

If requested by major shareholders, ensure that he or she is available for consultations and direct communication;

Lead the Board s annual evaluation of directors and the CEO;

Lead the Board s annual evaluation of the CEO succession process, carry out the responsibilities of the Lead Independent Director specified in the Company s CEO Absence Event Management Process, and upon the occurrence of a temporary or permanent incapacity or disability or other similar temporary or permanent absence of the Chairman, assume the day-to-day duties and authorities of the Chairman on an interim basis;

Recommend to the Governance Committee membership of various Board committees, as well as selection of committee chairs;

Retain, or recommend retention of, independent legal, accounting, consulting and other advisors; and

Assist in assuring compliance with, and implementation of, the Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Mr. Hammergren serves as our Chairman and CEO. The Company does not have a policy regarding whether the Chairman and CEO roles should be combined or separated. Rather, the Company s Corporate Governance Guidelines retain flexibility for the Board to choose its Chairman in any way that it deems best for the Company at any given time. Although the Company has in the past separated the roles of Chairman and CEO, the Board believes that having Mr. Hammergren serve as both Chairman and CEO, coupled with strong independent director leadership, which has been enhanced by establishing a Lead Independent Director with robust powers and duties, is the most appropriate and effective Board leadership structure for the Company at this time.

A number of factors support the current leadership structure. Mr. Hammergren has over 30 years of experience in the healthcare industry, and has served as the Chairman and CEO of the Company for more than 13 years. The Board believes that Mr. Hammergren s in-depth knowledge of the healthcare industry and of the complex businesses and operations of the Company best equips him to lead Board meetings as the directors discuss key business and strategic matters, and to focus the Board on the most critical issues. The current combined Chairman and CEO structure has promoted decisive leadership, ensured clear accountability and enhanced our ability to communicate with a single and consistent voice to shareholders, customers, employees and other stakeholders. During the time Mr. Hammergren has

served as both Chairman and CEO, the Company has achieved outstanding financial results as displayed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis below.

In addition, the Board believes that other aspects of the current leadership structure, and the enhancement of that structure by instituting and enhancing the role of the Lead Independent Director, together with the principles and practices described in the Corporate Governance Guidelines, ensure effective independent Board leadership and oversight of management. As a matter of practice, the Chairman regularly elicits input from all of the independent directors as to the matters they would like covered at the meetings and the information they would find most helpful in their deliberations and decision-making. Strong independent director leadership is also enhanced by the fact that all of the Board s standing committees are composed solely of, and chaired by, independent directors.

The Board s role in risk oversight is discussed in greater detail below; however, with respect to the Board s leadership structure, the Board believes that the current structure is consistent with, and indeed enhances the effectiveness of, its risk oversight role. In short, Mr. Hammergren s extensive management experience and in-depth knowledge of the healthcare industry and of the complex businesses and operations of the Company, as discussed above, also assist the Board in understanding the risks facing the Company and, therefore, in more effectively performing its risk oversight function.

In sum, the Company s existing Board leadership structure strikes an effective balance between strong, strategically advantageous Chairman and CEO leadership, and appropriate oversight of management provided by strong independent directors and a Lead Independent Director. The combined Chairman and CEO structure has served the Company and its shareholders well, and remains the most appropriate leadership structure for the Company at this time.

#### **Succession Planning**

In accordance with our Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board is responsible for approving and maintaining a succession plan for the CEO and other executive officers. To assist the Board with this requirement, the Company s Executive Vice President, Human Resources annually facilitates the Board of Directors discussion of CEO and senior management succession. This meeting is held in an executive session of the full Board, with the Executive Vice President, Human

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Resources present. The annual review includes an evaluation of the requirements for the CEO and each senior management position, and an examination of potential permanent and interim candidates for CEO and senior management positions. With respect to CEO succession, the Lead Independent Director has responsibility for leading the annual evaluation process. In order to minimize disruption in the operations of the Company in the event of a temporary or permanent absence of the CEO, including in emergency situations, the Board adopted a CEO Absence Event Management Process. This process establishes clear procedures for planning for and responding to a CEO absence event, while maintaining the Board s ability to exercise its judgment and discretion in such event, including with regard to the selection of an interim or permanent replacement CEO.

# **Executive Sessions of the Board**

The independent directors of the Board meet in executive session without members of management present on a regular basis. The Lead Independent Director presides at these executive sessions. Currently, the Lead Independent Director establishes the agenda for each executive session and also determines which, if any, other individuals, including members of management and independent advisors, should attend each such meeting. The Lead Independent Director, in collaboration with the Chairman and the Secretary, also reviews the agenda in advance of the Board of Directors meetings. The Lead Independent Director serves a two-year term, subject to his or her continuing reelection and status as an independent director. The Lead Independent Director s duties and powers, which include presiding at executive sessions, are described in more detail above. Mr. Mueller has served as the Board s Lead Independent Director since July 2013, and was reelected to serve an additional two-year term in July 2015.

#### **Code of Conduct**

The Company is committed to the highest standards of ethical and professional conduct. On March 31, 2016, the Company harmonized its Code of Conduct with that utilized by Celesio AG, including translated versions for each of the different sub-brands and countries in which the combined company now operates. Both the text and images within the Code of Conduct were adapted to be more inclusive and applicable to a greater diversity of audiences. The Code of Conduct applies to all employees, officers and directors, and describes fundamental principles, policies and procedures that shape our work and is designed to help our employees, officers and directors make ethical decisions. The Code is available on the Company s website at <a href="https://www.mckesson.com">www.mckesson.com</a> under the caption Investors Corporate Governance. The Company intends to post on its website any amendment to, or waiver from, the Code that applies to our CEO, Chief Financial Officer, Controller and persons performing similar functions within four business days after any such amendment or waiver.

# **Related Party Transactions Policy**

The Company has a written Related Party Transactions Policy requiring approval or ratification of certain transactions involving executive officers, directors and nominees for director, beneficial owners of more than 5% of the Company s

common stock, and immediate family members of any such persons where the amount involved exceeds \$100,000. Under the policy, the Company s General Counsel initially determines if a transaction or relationship constitutes a transaction that requires compliance with the policy or disclosure. If so, the matter will be referred to the CEO for consideration with the General Counsel as to approval or ratification in the case of other executive officers and/or their immediate family members, or to the Governance Committee in the case of transactions involving directors, nominees for director, the General Counsel, the CEO or holders of more than 5% of the Company s common stock and/or their immediate family members. Annually, our directors, nominees and executive officers are asked to identify any transactions that might fall under the policy as well as to identify immediate family members. Additionally, they are required to notify the General Counsel promptly of any proposed related party transaction. The policy is administered by the Governance Committee. The transaction may be ratified or approved if it is fair and reasonable to the Company and consistent with its best interests. Factors that may be taken into account in making that determination include: (A) the business purpose of the transaction; (B) whether it is entered into on an arms-length basis; (C) whether it would impair the independence of a director; and (D) whether it would violate the provisions of the Company s Code of Conduct.

The Company and its subsidiaries may, in the ordinary course of business, have transactions involving more than \$100,000 with unaffiliated companies of which certain of the Company's directors are directors and/or executive officers. The Governance Committee reviews these transactions in accordance with the policy. However, the Company does not consider the amounts involved in such transactions to be material in relation to its businesses, the businesses of such other companies or the interests of the directors involved. In addition, the Company believes that such transactions are on the same terms generally offered by such other companies to other entities in comparable transactions.

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

# Board of Directors Role in Risk Oversight

The Company s management is responsible for the day-to-day management of the risks facing the Company, including macroeconomic, financial, strategic, operational, public reporting, legal, regulatory, political, compliance, and reputational risks. Management carries out this risk management responsibility through a coordinated effort among the various risk management functions within the Company.

Under our By-Laws and Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board has responsibility for overseeing the business and affairs of the Company. This general oversight responsibility includes oversight of risk management, which the Board carries out as a whole or through its committees. Among other things, the Board as a whole periodically reviews the Company s enterprise risk management processes for identifying, ranking and assessing risks across the organization, as well as the output of that process. The Board as a whole also receives periodic reports from the Company s management on various risks, including risks facing the Company s businesses. Although the Board has ultimate responsibility for overseeing risk management, it has delegated to its committees certain oversight responsibilities. For example, in accordance with its charter, the Audit Committee engages in ongoing discussions regarding major financial risk exposures and the process and system employed to monitor and control such exposures. In addition, consistent with its charter, the Audit Committee engages in periodic discussions with management concerning the process by which risk assessment and management are undertaken. In carrying out these responsibilities, the Audit Committee, among other things, regularly reviews with the head of Internal Audit and other senior members of Internal Audit, the audits or assessments of significant risks conducted by Internal Audit personnel based on their audit plan; and the committee regularly meets in executive sessions with the head of Internal Audit. The Audit Committee also regularly reviews with the Controller the Company s internal control over financial reporting, including any significant deficiencies. As part of the reviews involving Internal Audit and the Controller, the Audit Committee reviews steps taken by management to monitor, control and mitigate risks. The Audit Committee also regularly reviews with the General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer significant legal, regulatory, and compliance matters that could have a material impact on the Company s financial statements or business. Finally, from time to time, executives who are responsible for managing a particular risk report to the Audit Committee on how the risk is being controlled and mitigated.

The Board has also delegated to other committees the responsibility to oversee risk within their areas of responsibility and expertise. For example, the Finance Committee exercises oversight with regard to the risk assessment and management processes related to, among other things, credit, capital structure, liquidity and insurance programs. As noted in the section below titled Risk Assessment of Compensation Policies and Practices, the Compensation Committee oversees risk assessment and management with respect to the Company s compensation policies and practices.

In those cases in which committees have risk oversight responsibilities, the chairs of the committees regularly report to the full Board the significant risks facing the Company, as identified by management, and the measures undertaken by management for controlling and mitigating those risks.

# Risk Assessment of Compensation Policies and Practices

We annually conduct a review of all incentive compensation plans utilized throughout the Company, using a framework for risk assessment provided to us by a nationally recognized outside compensation advisor. In conducting our review, a detailed assessment of each incentive compensation plan, without regard to materiality, is first prepared by representatives from the Company s business units and then reviewed by senior executives of our Human Resources Department. The review framework requires representatives of our business units to examine and report on the presence of certain design elements under both cash and equity incentive compensation plans that could encourage our employees to incur excessive risk, such as the selection and documentation of incentive metrics, the ratio of incentive to fixed compensation, the year-over-year variability in payouts, the amount of management discretion, and the percentage of compensation expense as compared to the business units revenues. Consistent with our findings in past years, management concluded that for FY 2016 our policies and practices do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. A summary of management s findings was reviewed with the Compensation Committee at its May 2016 meeting.

The Compensation Committee discussed management s findings, and considered that the Company utilizes many design features that mitigate the likelihood of encouraging excessive risk-taking behavior. Among these design features are:

Multiple metrics across the entire enterprise that balance top-line, bottom-line and cash management objectives;

Linear payout curves, performance thresholds and caps;

Reasonable goals and objectives, which are well-defined and communicated;

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# ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Strong compensation recoupment ( clawback ) policy;

Modification of payouts based upon individual performance, including assessments against our ICARE principles (integrity, customer first, accountability, respect and excellence); and

Training on our Code of Conduct and other policies that educate our employees on appropriate behaviors and the consequences of taking inappropriate actions.

In addition, our incentives for senior management feature the following:

Balance of short- and long-term variable compensation tied to a mix of financial and operational objectives and the long-term value of our stock;

The Compensation Committee s ability to exercise downward discretion in determining payouts; and

Rigorous stock ownership and retention guidelines.

Based on the foregoing, the Compensation Committee concurred with management that our compensation policies and practices do not create inappropriate or unintended significant risk to the Company as a whole. We believe that our incentive compensation plans do not provide incentives that encourage risk-taking beyond the organization s ability to effectively identify and manage significant risks, are compatible with effective internal controls and the risk management practices of the Company, and are supported by the oversight and administration of the Compensation Committee with regard to our executive compensation program.

# **Communications with Directors**

Shareholders and other interested parties may communicate with the Lead Independent Director or any of the other non-management directors by addressing their correspondence to the Board member or members, c/o the Corporate Secretary s Department, McKesson Corporation, One Post Street, 35th Floor, San Francisco, California 94104, or via e-mail to *leaddirector@mckesson.com* or to *nonmanagementdirectors@mckesson.com*. The Board has instructed the Secretary, prior to forwarding any correspondence, to review such correspondence and, in his discretion, not to forward certain items if they are irrelevant to or inconsistent with the Company's operations, policies and philosophies, are deemed of a commercial or frivolous nature, or are otherwise deemed inappropriate for the Board's consideration. The Corporate Secretary's Department maintains a log of correspondence received by the Company that is addressed to members of the Board, other than advertisements, solicitations or correspondence deemed by the Secretary to be junk mail, of a frivolous nature, or otherwise not appropriate to retain. Members of the Board may review the log at any

time, and request copies of any correspondence received.

# **Indemnity Agreements**

The Company has entered into separate indemnity agreements with its directors and executive officers that provide for defense and indemnification against any judgment or costs assessed against them in the course of their service. Such agreements do not, however, permit indemnification for acts or omissions for which indemnification is not permitted under Delaware law.

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ITEM 2. Ratification of Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company s Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for Fiscal Year 2017

Your Board recommends a vote FOR this ratification proposal.

The Audit Committee of the Company s Board of Directors has approved Deloitte & Touche LLP (D&T) as the Company s independent registered public accounting firm to audit the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017. D&T is knowledgeable about the Company s operations and accounting practices, and is well qualified to act as the Company s independent registered public accounting firm.

We are asking our shareholders to ratify the selection of D&T as the Company s independent registered public accounting firm. Although ratification is not required by our By-Laws or otherwise, the Board is submitting the selection of D&T to our shareholders for ratification as a matter of good corporate practice. If shareholders fail to ratify the selection, the Audit Committee will reconsider whether or not to retain D&T. Even if the selection is ratified, the Audit Committee in its discretion may select a different registered public accounting firm at any time during the year if it determines that such a change would be in the best interests of the Company and our shareholders. Representatives of D&T are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting to respond to appropriate questions and to make a statement if they desire to do so. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, professional services were performed by D&T, the member firms of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, and their respective affiliates (collectively, Deloitte & Touche), which includes Deloitte Consulting. Fees for those years were as follows:

	FY 2016	FY 2015
Audit Fees	\$ 18,129,425	\$ 20,019,760
Audit-Related Fees	3,697,088	2,163,000
TOTAL AUDIT AND AUDIT-RELATED FEES	21,826,513	22,182,760
Tax Fees	1,504,223	777,500
All Other Fees		
TOTAL	\$ 23,330,736	\$ 22,960,260

Audit Fees. This category consists of fees for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company s consolidated annual financial statements, the audit of the Company s internal control over financial reporting as required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, review of the interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by D&T in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. This category also includes advice on accounting matters that arose during, or as a result of, the audit or the review of interim financial statements, foreign statutory audits required by non-U.S. jurisdictions, registration statements and comfort letters.

Audit-Related Fees. This category consists of fees for professional services rendered in connection with the performance of an audit or reviews of the Company s consolidated financial statements and is not reported under Audit Fees. This includes fees for employee benefit plan audits, accounting consultations, due diligence in connection with mergers, divestitures and acquisitions, attest services related to financial reporting that are not required by statute or regulation, and consultations concerning financial accounting and reporting standards.

*Tax Fees.* This category consists of fees for professional services rendered for U.S. and international tax compliance, including services related to the preparation of tax returns and professional services. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, no amounts were incurred by the Company for tax advice, planning or consulting services.

*All Other Fees*. This category consists of fees for products and services other than the services reported above. The Company paid no fees in this category for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

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# ITEM 2. RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP AS THE COMPANY S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017

Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Pursuant to the Applicable Rules, and as set forth in the terms of its charter, the Audit Committee has sole responsibility for appointing, setting compensation for, and overseeing the work of the independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee has established a policy that requires it to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services, including audit-related and tax services, to be provided by Deloitte & Touche. Between meetings, the Chair of the Audit Committee is authorized to pre-approve services, which are reported to the committee at its next meeting. All of the services described in the fee table above were approved in conformity with the Audit Committee s pre-approval process.

# **Audit Committee Report**

The Audit Committee of the Company s Board of Directors assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibility for oversight of the quality and integrity of the Company s financial reporting processes. The functions of the Audit Committee are described in greater detail in the Audit Committee s written charter adopted by the Company s Board of Directors, which may be found on the Company s website at www.mckesson.com under the caption Investors Corporate Governance. The Audit Committee is composed exclusively of directors who are independent under the applicable SEC and NYSE rules and the Company s independence standards. The Audit Committee s members are not professionally engaged in the practice of accounting or auditing, and they necessarily rely on the work and assurances of the Company s management and the independent registered public accounting firm. Management has the primary responsibility for the financial statements and the reporting process, including the system of internal control over financial reporting. The independent registered public accounting firm of Deloitte & Touche LLP ( D&T ) is responsible for performing an independent audit of the Company s consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and expressing opinions on the conformity of those audited financial statements with United States generally accepted accounting principles and the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. The Audit Committee has: (i) reviewed and discussed with management the Company s audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016; (ii) discussed with D&T the matters required to be discussed by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ( PCAOB ) standards; (iii) received the written disclosures and the letter from D&T required by applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding D&T s communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence; and (iv) discussed with D&T its independence from the Company. The Audit Committee further considered whether the provision of non-audit related services by D&T to the Company is compatible with maintaining the independence of that firm from the Company. The Audit Committee has also discussed with management of the Company and D&T such other matters and received such assurances from them as it deemed appropriate.

The Audit Committee discussed with the Company s internal auditors and D&T the overall scope and plans for their respective audits. The Audit Committee meets regularly with the internal auditors and D&T, with and without management present, to discuss the results of their audits, the evaluation of the Company s internal control over financial reporting and the overall quality of the Company s accounting.

In reliance on the reviews and discussions referred to above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors, and the Board has approved, that the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 be included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for filing with the SEC.

# **Audit Committee of the Board of Directors**

Marie L. Knowles, Chair

Wayne A. Budd

Alton F. Irby III

Donald R. Knauss

Susan R. Salka

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#### PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

# **Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners**

The following table sets forth information regarding ownership of the Company s outstanding common stock by any entity or person, to the extent known by us or ascertainable from public filings, that is the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of common stock:

	Amount and	
	Nature of	
	Beneficial	Percent
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Ownership	of Class*
BlackRock, Inc.	17,130,013 (1)	7.6%
55 East 52nd Street		
New York, New York 10022		
T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	15,245,750 (2)	6.8%
100 E. Pratt Street		
Baltimore, Maryland 21202		
The Vanguard Group	13,239,148 (3)	5.9%
100 Vanguard Boulevard		
Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 225,693,765 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 31, 2016.

<sup>(1)</sup> This information is based upon a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on January 26, 2016 by BlackRock, Inc., which reports sole voting power with respect to 14,696,518 shares; shared voting power with respect to 2,207 shares; sole dispositive power with respect to 17,127,806 shares; shared dispositive power with respect to 2,207 shares as a result of being a parent company or control person of the following subsidiaries, each of which holds less than 5% of the outstanding shares: BlackRock (Channel Islands) Ltd, BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A., BlackRock (Netherlands) B.V., BlackRock (Singapore) Limited, BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited, BlackRock Advisors, LLC, BlackRock Asset Management Canada Limited, BlackRock Asset Management Ireland Limited, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, BlackRock Asset Management Schweiz AG, BlackRock Capital Management, BlackRock Financial Management, Inc., BlackRock Fund Advisors, BlackRock Fund Managers Ltd, BlackRock Institutional Trust Company, N.A., BlackRock International Limited, BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Ltd, BlackRock Investment Management, LLC, BlackRock Japan Co Ltd, and BlackRock Life Limited; and an aggregate beneficial ownership of 17,130,013 shares.

- (2) This information is based upon a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 10, 2016 by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. (Price Associates), which reports sole voting power with respect to 4,636,612 shares, sole dispositive power with respect to 15,245,750 shares, and an aggregate beneficial ownership of 15,245,750 shares. These securities are owned by various individual and institutional investors for which Price Associates serves as investment advisor with power to direct investments and/or sole power to vote the securities. For purposes of the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Price Associates is deemed to be a beneficial owner of such securities; however, Price Associates expressly disclaims that it is, in fact, the beneficial owner of such securities.
- (3) This information is based upon a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 10, 2016 by The Vanguard Group, which reports sole voting power with respect to 431,040 shares, shared voting power with respect to 23,200 shares, sole dispositive power with respect to 12,781,807 shares, shared dispositive power with respect to 457,341 shares, and an aggregate beneficial ownership of 13,239,148 shares.

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#### PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

#### **Security Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers**

The following table sets forth, as of May 31, 2016, except as otherwise noted, information regarding ownership of the Company s outstanding common stock by: (i) all directors and nominees; (ii) each executive officer named in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table below (collectively, the NEOs ); and (iii) all directors, NEOs and executive officers as a group. The table also includes shares of common stock that underlie outstanding RSUs and options to purchase common stock of the Company that either vest or become exercisable within 60 days of May 31, 2016:

	Shares of	
	Common Stock	
	Beneficially	Percent
Name of Individual	Owned <sup>(1)</sup>	of Class
James A. Beer	61,957 (3)	*
Patrick J. Blake	174,293 (2)(3)(5)	*
Andy D. Bryant	15,646 (2)	*
Wayne A. Budd	23,677 (2)	*
N. Anthony Coles, M.D.	1,791 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Jorge L. Figueredo	32,491 (3)(5)	*
John H. Hammergren	1,853,509 (3)(4)(5)	*
Alton F. Irby III	32,492 (2)(4)	*
M. Christine Jacobs	25,261 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Paul C. Julian	308,564 (3)(5)	*
Donald R. Knauss	1,366 (2)	*
Marie L. Knowles	9,342 (2)	*
David M. Lawrence, M.D.	24,716 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Edward A. Mueller	15,611 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Susan R. Salka	2,366 (2)(4)	*
All directors, NEOs and executive officers as a group (18 persons)	2,620,625 (2)(3)(4)(5)	1.151%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1.0%. The number of shares beneficially owned and the percentage of shares beneficially owned are based on 225,693,765 shares of the Company s common stock outstanding as of May 31, 2016, adjusted as required by the rules promulgated by the SEC. Shares of common stock that may be acquired by exercise of stock options or vesting of RSUs within 60 days of May 31, 2016 and vested RSUs that are not yet settled are deemed outstanding and beneficially owned by the person holding such stock options or RSUs for purposes of computing the number of shares and percentage beneficially owned, but are not deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage beneficially owned by any other person.

<sup>(1)</sup> Except as otherwise indicated in the footnotes to this table, the persons named have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by them, subject to community

property laws where applicable.

- (2) Includes vested RSUs or common stock units accrued under the 2013 Stock Plan, 2005 Stock Plan, Directors Deferred Compensation Administration Plan and the 1997 Non-Employee Directors Equity Compensation and Deferral Plan (the receipt of the underlying shares having been deferred) as follows: Mr. Blake, 10,504 units; Mr. Bryant, 15,646 units; Mr. Budd, 21,560 units; Dr. Coles, 1,791 units; Mr. Irby, 24,214 units; Ms. Jacobs, 25,261 units; Mr. Knauss, 1,366 units; Ms. Knowles, 9,342 units; Dr. Lawrence, 24,716 units; Mr. Mueller, 15,611 units; Ms. Salka, 1,366 units; and all directors, NEOs and executive officers as a group, 151,377 units. Directors, NEOs and executive officers have neither voting nor investment power with respect to such units.
- (3) Includes shares that may be acquired by exercise of stock options or vesting of RSUs within 60 days of May 31, 2016 as follows: Mr. Beer, 44,045 shares; Mr. Blake, 161,314 shares; Mr. Figueredo, 24,246 shares; Mr. Hammergren, 1,259,112 shares; Mr. Julian, 308,155 shares; and all directors, NEOs and executive officers as a group, 1,828,264 shares.
- (4) Includes shares held by immediate family members who share a household with the named person, by family trusts as to which the named person and his or her spouse have shared voting and investment power, or by an independent trust for which the named person disclaims beneficial ownership as follows: Mr. Hammergren, 590,257 shares; Mr. Irby, 1,550 shares; Ms. Salka, 1,000 shares; and all directors, NEOs and executive officers as a group, 592,807 shares.
- (5) Includes shares held under the Company s 401(k) plan as of May 31, 2016 as follows: Mr. Blake, 308 shares; Mr. Figueredo, 272 shares; Mr. Hammergren, 4,140 shares; Mr. Julian, 352 shares; and all NEOs and executive officers as a group, 5,072 shares.

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# **Compensation Discussion and Analysis**

#### Overview

McKesson s leadership is confident about our position in the healthcare industry and the value we bring to our customers. The Company performed well in FY 2016, with major customer wins, particularly in pharmaceutical distribution, medical-surgical distribution and technology imaging. We also expanded our global sourcing and procurement scale, added banner and retail pharmacies and continued to execute on our planned Celesio acquisition synergies. At the same time, the competitive landscape is evolving rapidly and pricing dynamics are changing, requiring bold leadership to maintain the pace of growth we have experienced over the past decade. In FY 2016, we saw acquisitions in our industry that affected our relationship with several significant customers (e.g., Omnicare, Rite Aid, Target). These moves, on top of softening generic pricing, required our leaders to respond quickly, finding ways to reduce administrative costs in the fourth quarter and beyond. The Company also continually balances the need to invest in the business, pay down debt and return profits to our investors. Because we operate in such a highly dynamic industry, we set aggressive goals for our executives—goals that are integral to our executive compensation program.

Our executive compensation program includes a balance of short- and long-term incentives designed to attract, retain and motivate our executive officers to drive sustained growth for our shareholders. We tie compensation, including more than 90% of our CEO s compensation, directly to the key drivers of corporate performance. We reward sustained Company performance over time, providing strong incentives to our executives to expand the Company s scale, our role in the value chain and our presence in high-growth segments. Although the Company met the operational performance metrics established at the start of our fiscal year, the payouts under our annual incentive plan fell year over year. Our executive compensation program is tied to key drivers of our share price, and our program is aligned with total shareholder return ( TSR ). In FY 2016, our share price performance did not meet our expectations. Our Total Shareholder Return Unit ( TSRU ) awards require above-median performance at the \$\frac{15}{20}\$ percentile relative to the \$S&P 500 Health Care Index to earn a target payout, and no payout is made if TSR for the three-year period falls below the 35th percentile. While we will not know the ultimate value of our TSRUs until the end of the three-year performance period, payouts under the program at fiscal year-end were on track to pay out at zero. We will not know the ultimate value of our stock option grants until the options vest and are exercised. However, the awards for FY 2015 and FY 2016 were granted with an exercise price higher than our ending stock price for FY 2016.

Against the ongoing changes occurring across the global healthcare industry, our long-term fundamentals remain solid, and the Company enters FY 2017 in a strong competitive position. Our business model, our strategy and our experienced leadership team position us for continued growth and shareholder value creation.

\$190.9B

Total Revenues

7% Growth

Total Revenues

# 9% Adjusted EPS Growth

Operating Cash Flow \$3.7B

# Portfolio Approach To Capital Deployment

# FY 2016

<b>\$0.7</b>	\$4+	\$1.5	17%
billion	billion	billion	
in internal	in acquisitions	in cash returned to shareholders via share buybacks	increase in
investments	announced	onare eary eachs	quarterly
			dividend

Our executive compensation program is substantially similar to the program evaluated by shareholders at last year s annual meeting of stockholders, where we received nearly 95% approval for our advisory say on pay proposal. We appreciate our shareholders—support of our program, which reflects several years of progressive changes. We believe it is important to seek ongoing feedback and solicit input from shareholders, to ensure we meet ongoing expectations regarding our compensation and governance practices. Our shareholder engagement efforts in FY 2016 built on our efforts in prior years and included engagement with institutional investors and pension funds representing more than 61% of the Company—s outstanding common stock. As in prior years, we also solicited feedback from the two largest proxy advisory firms. The Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes McKesson—s compensation objectives, summarizes our executive compensation program and reviews compensation decisions for our CEO, CFO and three other most highly compensated executive officers as of March 31, 2016 (collectively, our—NEOs—). For FY 2016, our NEOs and their respective titles were as follows:

Title
-------

John H. Hammergren	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer
James A. Beer	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Paul C. Julian	Executive Vice President and Group President
Patrick J. Blake	Executive Vice President and Group President
Jorge L. Figueredo	Executive Vice President, Human Resources

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **Progressive Executive Compensation and Governance Changes**

The table below summarizes our progressive compensation and governance changes.

#### FY 2016

- ü Revised Stock Ownership Guidelines to align with market practice and added 75% net after-tax holding requirement until guideline is met
- ü Amended By-Laws to permit proxy access, allowing shareholders holding 3% for 3 years to nominate up to 20% of director candidates

#### FY 2015

- ü Replaced Adjusted EBITDA with Adjusted OCF as secondary financial metric in Management Incentive Plan( MIP )
- ü Replaced Cumulative Adjusted OCF with Adjusted ROIC as secondary metric in Long-Term Incentive Plan( LTIP )
- ü Adopted Total Shareholder Return Unit program ( TSRU ) to replace Performance Restricted Stock Unit program for executive officers
- ü Adopted vesting periods of at least three years for all long-term incentives awarded to executive officers
- ü Added a relative market-based metric (relative TSR) to financial metrics
- ü Refreshed Board committees and Board composition with one new committee chair and two new independent directors

#### FY 2014

- ü CEO voluntarily reduced his pension benefit to a fixed value almost 30% less than the amount he would have received had he resigned at the end of FY 2013
- ü Strengthened clawback policy by lowering threshold requirement, expanding policy scope and adding public disclosure requirement
- ü Established and enhanced duties and powers of Board s Lead Independent Director
- Empowered senior executive to expand shareholder engagement, with direct lines of communication to Lead Independent Director, Board and senior governance executives
- ü Refreshed Board committees and Board composition with two new committee chairs and a new independent director
- ü Engaged new independent compensation consultant

# **Best Practices in Compensation Governance**

The table below summarizes what we do and what we don't do with respect to our compensation governance practices. We maintain these best practices to encourage actions that are in the long-term interests of our shareholders and the Company.

# What We Do

ü Pay for performance

**ü** Engage with investors

Approximately 88% of NEOs target direct compensation is tied to Company performance

Engagement with institutional investors and pension funds representing over 61% of outstanding common stock in FY 2016

# ü Emphasize long-term performance

Over 63% of NEOs target direct compensation is equity-based with at least three-year vesting

# **ü** Designate Lead Independent Director

Effective independent Board leadership and oversight of management

# **ü** Develop sound financial goals

Financial goals for incentive plans take into account significant corporate events, including anticipated annual share buybacks

# ü Engage independent advisors

Compensation Committee engages independent compensation and legal advisors

# ü Manage use of equity incentive plan conservatively

Net equity burn rate over the last three fiscal years averages less than 1% per year

# ü Maintain robust compensation recoupment policy

No intent or materiality restrictions and requires public disclosure of recouped amounts

# **ü** Use double-trigger vesting provisions

Vesting connected with a change in control requires qualifying termination of employment

# ü Review tally sheets

Review of executive compensation program components includes potential severance and change in control payouts

# ü Maintain rigorous stock ownership guidelines

10x base salary for CEO and 3x base salary for executive officers

#### ü Mitigate undue risk

Annually review all incentive programs for material risk

#### What We Don t Do

Allow directors and executive officers to hedge or pledge Company securities

Enter into new agreements with executive officers providing for golden parachute tax gross-ups

Re-price or exchange stock options without shareholder approval

Accrue or pay dividend equivalents during performance periods

Provide tax gross-ups for executive perquisites

Provide above-market interest

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### Total Shareholder Return of 106%, CEO Direct Pay Down 20%

From the end of FY 2011 through the end of FY 2016, McKesson delivered total shareholder return of 106%, while the Compensation Committee s decisions and cumulative changes to our executive compensation program reduced CEO total direct compensation by 20%.

# Total Shareholder Return<sup>(1)</sup> vs. CEO Total Direct Compensation<sup>(2)</sup>

- (1) Total shareholder return ( TSR ) assumes \$100 invested at the close of trading on March 31, 2011 and the reinvestment of dividends.
- (2) Total direct compensation ( TDC ) refers to total compensation disclosed in the Summary Compensation Table minus the amount displayed under the Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings column. We exclude this amount because it does not reflect Compensation Committee decisions based on Company or individual performance.

# **Management Team Drives Sustained Performance**

Despite strong operational results, McKesson faced a challenging and volatile market environment in FY 2016. Our one-year total shareholder return performance fell behind our Compensation Peer Group and the Standard & Poor s ( S&P ) 500 Health Care Index. However, since Mr. Hammergren s appointment as CEO in FY 2002, our executive team and the Board have driven long-term sustained performance and delivered total shareholder return of more than 555%.

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<sup>\*</sup>Cumulative TSR is calculated as stock price appreciation (or reduction) over the measurement period, including reinvestment of dividends when paid, divided by the stock price at the beginning of the period.

# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Target Direct Compensation Mix**

As an executive sability to impact financial performance increases, so does the proportion of his or her at-risk compensation. Target long-term compensation grows proportionately as job responsibilities increase. The graphics below illustrate the mix of fixed, annual and long-term incentive compensation we provided to our CEO and other NEOs for FY 2016. These graphics also illustrate the amount of target direct compensation tied to achievement of performance goals.

**FY 2016 CEO Compensation Mix** 

**FY 2016 Other NEO Compensation Mix** 

# FY 2016 Annual and Long-Term Incentive Highlights

The Compensation Committee uses a combination of financial and market performance metrics with short- and long-term focus to determine alignment of performance and pay. Our FY 2016 target pay design decisions shown below were determined by the Compensation Committee in May 2015 and apply to our NEOs. All long-term incentives (LTI) have performance or vesting periods of at least three years.

Incentive Pay Element	Metric	Target Pay
Management Incentive Plan  (annual cash incentive)	Adjusted EPS Adjusted OCF Individual Modifier	80% to 150% of base salary
Total Shareholder Return Units	MCK TSR vs. S&P 500	
(long-term equity incentive)	Health Care Index	50% of target LTI value
Stock Options		
(long-term equity incentive)	Stock Price	35% of target LTI value

**Long-Term Incentive Plan** 

Long-Term Earnings Growth

15% of target LTI value

(long-term cash incentive)

Adjusted ROIC

The table below summarizes our FY 2016 payout decisions determined by the Compensation Committee in May 2016. A more complete description of payout decisions is found below under Each Compensation Element Serves Unique Purpose.

Incentive Plan	Payout Result	Actual Pay
FY 2016  Management Incentive Plan  (MIP)	Adjusted EPS of \$12.57 Adjusted OCF of \$3,672 million Individual modifiers ranging from 120% to 150%	134% to 168% of target award
Total Shareholder Return Units (TSRUs)	Relative TSR vs. S&P 500 Health Care Inde May 2017, is tracking to pay out at 0% of tar	
FY 2014 2016	Long-Term Earnings Growth of 16.5%	
Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP)	Cumulative Adjusted OCF of \$9,312 million	200% of target award

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Performance-Based Program with Rigorous Targets**

# **Performance Targets Reward Stretch Performance**

Each year the Compensation Committee reviews, challenges and determines performance targets for all of our corporate incentive plans. Targets are set after a rigorous business planning process that considers external factors, the competitive environment and McKesson s objectives. The committee also considers analysts growth expectations for our competitors and the market outlook for our industry to ensure McKesson maintains earnings growth leadership compared to our direct peers.

Key Considerations in Development of Annual and Long-Term Goals		
External Factors	Competitive Environment	McKesson s Objectives
Analyst & Shareholder Expectations	Competitor Performance	Historical Performance
Market Outlook	Competitor Plans	Historical Trends
International Trends	Competitive Landscape	Long Range Planning
Tax Policy	Market Growth	Capital Deployment Opportunities
Public Policy	Industry Trends	Recent Capital Deployment Decisions
		Long Range Corporate Strategy

# **Target Setting for Annual Plans**

The annual operating plan builds on the prior year s results and is based on the anticipated business environment, McKesson s operations and planned capital deployment. Our projected earnings growth reflects market conditions that affect our peer group and analyst forecasts. Cash flow goals are set by focusing on working capital efficiency and reviewing operating plans by business unit. The annual incentive plan is aligned with the annual operating plan and is designed so that target payout requires achievement of aggressive goals. FY 2016 target performance required an increase relative to FY 2015 results, as well as an increase over FY 2015 goals.

The Company s annual operating and three-year strategic plans serve as the basis of the annual forward earnings guidance we communicate to investors. On May 12, 2015, we announced a forward Adjusted Earnings estimate of \$12.20 to \$12.70 per diluted share for FY 2016, and 10% to 14% growth year over year. The growth marked by the Company s FY 2016 forward guidance was incorporated into each of the financial performance targets approved by the Compensation Committee in May 2015 for use in the Company s executive compensation program.

#### **Target Setting for Long-Term Plans**

The Company s three-year plan considers business strategies that will take longer than 12 months to accomplish and takes into account projected acquisitions and other capital deployment, risks, opportunities and challenges. Our Long-Term Incentive Plan is aligned with the rolling three-year strategic plan and is designed so that a target payout requires achievement of stretch operational and financial goals. Strong long-term earnings growth of 16.5% for the three years ending March 31, 2016 contributed to an above-target payout under our FY 2014 FY 2016 Long-Term Incentive Plan. Our forward ROIC projections account for signed mergers and acquisitions and modest tuck-in acquisitions, in line with historical activity.

Our TSRU awards require above-median performance at the 55<sup>th</sup> percentile relative to the S&P 500 Health Care Index to earn target payout. No payout is made if TSR is below the 35<sup>th</sup> percentile, and a maximum payout is earned only if TSR is at or above the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile. The payout is capped at target if TSR is negative for the performance period.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Each Compensation Element Serves Unique Purpose**

Motivating and rewarding our executive officers to meet and exceed challenging business goals and deliver sustained performance growth is a core objective of our executive compensation program. McKesson s executive compensation program consists of four compensation elements that each serve a unique purpose. We provide three direct compensation elements: base salary, annual cash incentive, and long-term cash and equity incentives. The fourth element consists of other compensation and benefits (e.g., limited perquisites, severance and change in control benefits).

Pay Element	Alignment with Shareholder Value Creation
Base Salary	Attracts and retains high-performing executives by providing market-competitive fixed pay
Management Incentive Plan	Adjusted EPS sets growth expectations for shareholders and serves as a key indicator of operational performance and profitability  Adjusted OCF measures ability to translate earnings to cash and serves as an important indicator of share value  Individual Modifier drives individual performance to achieve Company-wide and business unit results
Long-Term Performance-Based Incentives	TSR relative to the S&P 500 Health Care Index (TSRUs) rewards relative performance against peers over time  Stock options directly align with value delivered to shareholders  Long-Term Earnings Growth (Cash LTIP) holds leaders accountable for operational performance and profitability against long-term business objectives  Adjusted ROIC (Cash LTIP) encourages leaders to make sound investments that will generate strong future returns for shareholders

Other Compensation

and Benefits

Attracts and retains top executive talent by offering benefits comparable to those offered by competitors

#### **Annual Compensation**

Annual compensation is delivered in cash with a substantial portion at risk and contingent on the successful accomplishment of pre-established performance targets.

# **Base Salary**

Base salary is the only fixed component of our executive officers total cash compensation and is intended to provide market-competitive pay to attract and retain executives. Salary decisions for executive officers are made in May of each year at the same time we review base salary decisions for all employees. At its May 2015 meeting, following a review of target direct compensation components and competitive market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee awarded base salary increases to three NEOs other than our CEO. At its May 2016 meeting, the Compensation Committee awarded base salary increases to NEOs other than our CEO, whose base salary has been unchanged since 2010.

#### **Management Incentive Plan**

**Overview.** The Management Incentive Plan (MIP) is an annual cash incentive plan. MIP awards are conditioned on the achievement of Company financial performance goals and individual performance. MIP target percentage opportunity for our CEO has not increased since May 2008. FY 2016 MIP payouts appear in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. Threshold, target and maximum MIP opportunities for the FY 2016 MIP appear in the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

**FY 2016 MIP Performance Metrics for FY 2016 Payouts.** In May 2015, the Compensation Committee selected Adjusted EPS and Adjusted OCF as financial metrics for FY 2016 MIP. The Compensation Committee may further adjust actual MIP awards by applying an individual modifier. The following summarizes each FY 2016 MIP performance metric:

Adjusted EPS. Adjusted EPS is an important driver of share price valuation and shareholder expectations and determines 75% of the award. Adjusted EPS is earnings per diluted share from continuing operations, excluding amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, acquisition expenses and related adjustments, certain claim and litigation reserve adjustments and Last-In-First-Out inventory-related adjustments. We announced an Adjusted EPS result of \$12.08 on May 4, 2016. The Compensation Committee increased this result by \$0.49 to take into account several items that were not included in our FY 2016 operating plan, including the neutralization of foreign currency fluctuations, charges associated with our Cost Alignment Plan announced in March 2016, and gains from the sale of two businesses. The Compensation Committee applied the \$12.57 result to determine FY 2016 MIP payouts to all MIP participants. See Appendix A to this proxy statement for a reconciliation of diluted earnings per share from continuing operations as reported under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ) to Adjusted EPS.

Adjusted OCF. Adjusted Operating Cash Flow reflects operational results and determines 25% of the award. For FY 2016, we achieved an Adjusted OCF result of \$3,672 million. The Compensation Committee applied the \$3,672 million result when determining FY 2016 MIP payouts to all MIP participants.

Individual Modifier. In addition to the financial metrics used to calculate the MIP payout, the committee applies an individual modifier which reflects the NEO s performance against non-financial objectives and initiatives. These objectives often focus on areas that provide immediate value, as well as those that are important for building future growth capability. These areas include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) employee engagement relative to norms established by global high-performing companies; (ii) leadership, workforce development and diversity; (iii) customer satisfaction and retention; (iv) Six Sigma process improvements and operational success; and (v) long-term strategy execution.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

For FY 2016, our NEOs were eligible for MIP target award opportunities that ranged from 80% to 150% of their base salaries. The actual MIP award delivered to each NEO may range from zero to 300% of the target award amount. NEOs received FY 2016 MIP payouts ranging from 134% to 168% of their target awards based on the financial and operational results described above and individual modifiers ranging from 120% to 150%. As is the case for all of the Company s performance-based payout scales, when a result falls between reference points, we use linear interpolation to determine the result.

**FY 2017 MIP Targets.** MIP goals are established in May, shortly after the beginning of each fiscal year. At its May 2016 meeting, following a review of all target direct compensation components and market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee awarded increases to FY 2017 MIP target percentage opportunities for three NEOs. The committee did not increase the MIP target percentage opportunity for our CEO, whose MIP target percentage opportunity has remained unchanged since 2008. The financial goals established by the Compensation Committee for FY 2017 MIP are consistent with the FY 2017 guidance published by the Company on May 4, 2016 that disclosed a projected range of \$13.30 to \$13.80 per diluted share. FY 2017 MIP payouts will appear in the 2017 Summary Compensation Table. Threshold, target and maximum MIP opportunities for FY 2017 MIP will appear in the 2017 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

# **Long-Term Incentive Compensation**

Long-term incentive compensation is a critical component of our executive compensation program. It is in the shareholders interest that our executives foster a long-term view of the Company s financial results. Long-term incentives are also an important retention tool that management and the Compensation Committee use to align the financial interests of executives and other key contributors with sustained shareholder value creation.

For FY 2016, the Company s long-term direct compensation program for NEOs includes three award opportunities:

TSRUs are performance-based awards paid in shares (50% of target long-term incentive value);

Stock Options are time-vested equity grants (35% of target long-term incentive value); and

LTIP is performance-based cash (15% of target long-term incentive value).

# **Total Shareholder Return Unit Program**

ü Performance metric is relative TSR measured over a three-year performance period

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ü

Must achieve above-median performance at 55<sup>th</sup> percentile relative to S&P 500 Health Care Index to earn target payout

- ü No payout if McKesson s TSR for the three-year period is below 3\\\ percentile relative to index
- ü Payout is capped at target if TSR is negative for the performance period

**Overview.** The Total Shareholder Return Unit program (TSRU) is a long-term performance share plan that replaced the PeRSU program for executive officers beginning in FY 2015. TSRU awards are conditioned on the achievement of the Company s total shareholder return relative to the S&P 500 Health Care Index and are earned over a three-year period. A new three-year performance period begins each fiscal year. We chose the S&P 500 Health Care Index because it is an objective, widely available index with broad representation in the healthcare sector. The ultimate value of TSRU awards will not be known until the end of the performance period.

FY 2016 FY 2018 TSRU Performance Metric for FY 2018 Payouts. In May 2015, the Compensation Committee established total shareholder return relative to the S&P 500 Health Care Index as the performance metric for FY 2016 FY 2018 TSRU payouts. Total shareholder return (TSR) is calculated as stock price appreciation (or reduction) over the performance period, including reinvestment of dividends when paid, divided by the stock price at the beginning of the period. At the end of the performance period, performance is determined by ranking the Company s TSR against the TSR of the companies in the index. Upon certification of the result, participants receive shares of Company common stock if the performance threshold is met. Threshold, target and maximum TSRU opportunities for the FY 2016 FY 2018 performance period appear in the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The Company must achieve above-median performance (55th percentile) relative to the S&P 500 Health Care Index to earn a target payout. No payout is made if the Company s TSR for the three-year period falls below the 3th percentile relative to the index. A maximum payout is earned only if the Company s TSR is at or above the 7th percentile relative to the index. The maximum payout opportunity under the TSRU program is 200% of the target number of units. If the Company s TSR is negative for the performance period, then payout is capped at target regardless of ranking relative to the index.

FY 2017 FY 2019 TSRU Targets. TSRU goals are established in May, near the beginning of each fiscal year. At its May 2016 meeting, following a review of all target direct compensation components and market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee established the following TSRU target awards for our NEOs for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period: Mr. Hammergren, 28,017 units; Mr. Beer, 6,311 units; Mr. Julian, 16,019 units; Mr. Blake, 5,313 units; and Mr. Figueredo, 4,724 units. TSRU grant date fair values for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period will appear in the 2017 Summary Compensation Table, but the ultimate value of these awards will not be known until the end of the performance period. Threshold, target and maximum TSRU opportunities for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period will appear in the 2017 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

**Prior Long-Term Equity Incentive Program.** Executive officers no longer participate in the Performance Restricted Stock Unit program (PeRSU). Performance Restricted Stock Units were granted to executive officers through FY 2014 and were conditioned on the achievement of Company financial performance goals. PeRSU target awards convert to restricted stock units (RSUs) upon completion of a one-year performance period and vest after completion of the fourth year. No new PeRSU target awards were granted to executive officers after May 2013. RSUs granted to executive officers under the PeRSU program will continue to vest pursuant to their terms through May 2017.

# **Stock Options**

**Overview.** Stock option awards are time-vested equity grants that generally vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the grant date and have a seven-year term. Stock option awards directly align the interests of executives with those of shareholders, because executives recognize value only if the market value of the Company s stock appreciates over time. The Compensation Committee determines the proportion of total target long-term incentives that will be awarded in stock options by considering the balance of cash and equity in our annual and long-term incentive plans,

our strategic and operational objectives, the responsibilities of our NEOs, a review of similar grants made at companies in our Compensation Peer Group and other factors the committee deems relevant.

**FY 2016 Stock Option Awards.** At its May 2015 meeting, following a review of all direct compensation components and market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee awarded the following FY 2016 stock option awards to our NEOs: Mr. Hammergren, 114,283 shares; Mr. Beer, 26,260 shares; Mr. Julian, 66,667 shares; Mr. Blake, 21,063 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 19,255 shares. The ultimate value of these awards will not be known until the options vest and are exercised. The stock options awarded in May 2015 were granted with an exercise price of \$237.86. Our stock price as of March 31, 2016 was \$157.25.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

**FY 2017 Stock Option Awards.** At its May 2016 meeting, following a review of all target direct compensation components and market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee granted FY 2017 stock option awards to our NEOs as follows: Mr. Hammergren, 182,201 shares; Mr. Beer, 41,039 shares; Mr. Julian, 104,172 shares; Mr. Blake, 34,549 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 30,717 shares. Grant date fair values of FY 2017 stock option awards will appear in the 2017 Summary Compensation Table.

## **Long-Term Incentive Plan**

**Overview.** The Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) is a long-term cash incentive plan. LTIP awards are conditioned on the achievement of Company financial performance goals and are earned over a three-year performance period. A new three-year performance period with new performance goals begins each fiscal year. LTIP payouts made to executive officers may not exceed 200% of LTIP target awards.

**FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP Performance Metrics for FY 2016 Payouts.** In May 2013, the Compensation Committee established Long-Term Earnings Growth and Cumulative Adjusted OCF as financial metrics for FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP. The following summarizes each FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP performance metric:

Long-Term Earnings Growth. Long-Term Earnings Growth reflects management s ability to increase net income over a multi-year period and determines 75% of the award. Long-Term Earnings Growth is the compound annual growth rate of the Company s adjusted earnings per diluted share measured over a three-year performance period. The Compensation Committee excluded the positive earnings impact from the Celesio acquisition in determining the FY 2014 FY 2016 Long-Term Earnings Growth result for LTIP payouts for all plan participants, including our executive officers. Consistent with prior practice, we excluded these amounts because the acquisition was not included in the Company s three-year strategic plan in May 2013, when the committee established payout levels. The committee also made adjustments to the Long-Term Earnings Growth component for FY 2016, for neutralization of foreign currency fluctuations, charges associated with our Cost Alignment Plan announced in March 2016, and gains from the sale of two businesses. Since LTIP payouts made to executive officers for FY 2012 FY 2014 and beyond may not exceed 200% of target, the adjustment to Long-Term Earnings Growth had no effect on FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP payouts for our NEOs. For FY 2014 FY 2016, the Long-Term Earnings Growth result for LTIP payouts was 16.5%.

Cumulative Adjusted OCF. Cumulative Adjusted OCF reflects management of working capital and cash generation over a multi-year period and determines 25% of the award. Cumulative Adjusted OCF is cumulative operating cash flow adjusted for certain claim and litigation reserve adjustments. The Compensation Committee excluded the positive earnings impact from the Celesio acquisition in determining the FY 2014 FY 2016 Cumulative Adjusted OCF result for LTIP payouts, because the Celesio acquisition was not included in the Company s three-year strategic plan in May 2013, when the Compensation Committee established payout levels. The adjustment had no effect on FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP payouts for our NEOs because of the 200% payout

cap for executive officers. For FY 2014 FY 2016, the Cumulative Adjusted OCF result for LTIP payouts was \$9,312 million.

Based on these results and the committee s previous decision to reduce the maximum payout opportunity under the LTIP, our NEOs received 200% of their FY 2014 FY 2016 LTIP target awards. As with all of the Company s performance-based payout scales, when a result falls between reference points, we use linear interpolation to determine the result.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

FY 2017 FY 2019 LTIP Targets. LTIP goals are established in May, shortly after the beginning of each fiscal year. At its May 2016 meeting, following a review of all target direct compensation components and market data derived from our Compensation Peer Group, the Compensation Committee established the following LTIP target awards for our NEOs for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period: Mr. Hammergren, \$2,947,000; Mr. Beer, \$663,000; Mr. Julian, \$1,686,000; Mr. Blake, \$559,000; and Mr. Figueredo, \$496,000. LTIP payouts for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period will appear in the 2019 Summary Compensation Table. Threshold, target and maximum LTIP opportunities for the FY 2017 FY 2019 performance period will appear in the 2017 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table.

## **Other Compensation and Benefits**

The Company provides an array of benefits to all employees. These benefits are comparable to those offered by employers in our industry and geographic footprint, including a competitive suite of health and life insurance and retirement benefits. In providing these benefits, both management and the Compensation Committee determined that they are appropriate for the attraction and retention of talent. In addition to the discussion of benefits below, the compensation associated with these items is described in footnote 7 to the 2016 Summary Compensation Table.

The Company offers two voluntary nonqualified, unfunded deferred compensation plans: (i) the Supplemental Profit-Sharing Investment Plan II ( SPSIP II ) and (ii) the Deferred Compensation Administration Plan III ( DCAP III ). The SPSIP II is offered to all employees, including executive officers, who may be impacted by compensation limits that restrict participation in the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan, the Profit-Sharing Investment Plan ( PSIP ). The DCAP III is offered to all employees eligible for MIP (annual cash incentive) targets of at least 15% of base salary, including executive officers and other selected highly compensated employees.

All employees are eligible to participate in McKesson Foundation s Matching Gifts Program. Under this program, gifts to schools, educational associations or funds and other public charitable organizations are eligible for a Company match of up to \$2,500 per employee for each fiscal year.

The Company has two benefit plans that are generally restricted to executive officers: (i) the Executive Survivor Benefits Plan, which provides a supplemental death benefit in addition to the voluntary life insurance plan provided to all employees; and (ii) the Executive Benefit Retirement Plan, a nonqualified average final pay defined benefit pension plan. These plans were frozen to new participants in 2010 and 2007, respectively. The Compensation Committee discontinued the Company s Executive Medical Plan and Executive Salary Continuation Program, effective January 1, 2008. In place of the Executive Medical Plan, we provide annual physical examinations to executive officers and their spouses.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

A limited number of other benefits are provided to executive officers, because it is customary to provide such benefits or it is in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders to do so. Our Executive Officer Security Policy requires our CEO to use corporate aircraft for both business and personal use. Our CEO authorized Mr. Julian and Mr. Blake to use corporate aircraft for personal use during FY 2016. The Company provides security services for Mr. Hammergren and reimburses him for reasonable expenses related to the installation and maintenance of home security.

## **Compensation Peer Group**

#### **Peer Selection Process**

Each year, the Compensation Committee determines which companies best reflect McKesson s competitors for customers, shareholders and talent. A key objective of our executive compensation program is to ensure that the total compensation package we provide to our executive officers is competitive with the companies against which we compete for executive talent. The Compensation Committee consults with Semler Brossy to develop a compensation peer group of companies to serve as the basis for comparing McKesson s executive compensation program to the market. The Compensation Committee uses the guiding principles and questions below as a foundational tool to determine McKesson s Compensation Peer Group.

## **Guiding Principles for McKesson Peer Selection**

**Consider Industry** to identify companies with similar business model or philosophy

Start with direct distribution peers in the healthcare industry

Expand to other healthcare peers that might interact with McKesson in its value supply chain

Extend search to non-healthcare peers with operationally similar business models (i.e., companies that have a manufacturing, distribution, wholesale and/or retail component)

Consider Size to ensure companies are similar in scope

Consider other Business Characteristics to identify publicly traded companies headquartered in the U.S.

Que	estions Addressed in Developing an Effective Peer Group
Who are key performance comparators?	Who is McKesson competing against for customers?
	Which companies have similar market demands and influences?
Who are closest competitors for talent?	Which companies might try to recruit from McKesson?
	If McKesson had to replace the executive team, from which companies might it recruit to attract executives with similar capabilities?

Who are the peers from an external perspective?

Who is McKesson competing against for shareholders?

Who do key analysts name as peers?

Who do current peers name as peers?

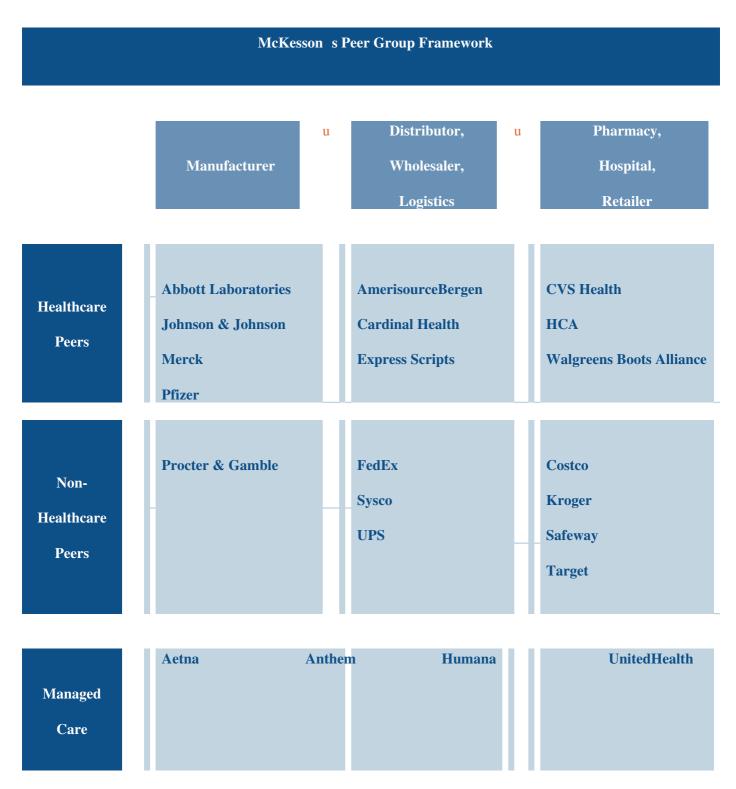
## FY 2016 Compensation Peer Group and How We Used the Data

Our Company has few direct business competitors, which makes it difficult to create a Compensation Peer Group based on industry codes, revenues or market capitalization alone. The Compensation Committee strives to develop a peer group that best reflects all aspects of McKesson s complex business. For FY 2016, the committee and its independent compensation consultant used a value supply chain framework to identify companies that may compete with McKesson for executive talent. McKesson s peers include the following: (1) healthcare companies that may compete or interact with McKesson s supply chain; (2) non-healthcare companies that are operationally similar to McKesson or other companies in its supply chain; and (3) managed care companies.

The committee then considered factors such as revenue and market capitalization to derive an appropriate number of peers within our value supply chain framework. No information technology companies were included as peers because comparator companies had insufficient revenues or were divisions of much larger technology companies. The committee believes our diverse selection of peer group companies provides a better understanding of the evolving and competitive marketplace for executive talent.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**



## **Peers**

The Compensation Committee used data derived from our Compensation Peer Group to inform its decisions about overall compensation, compensation elements, optimum pay mix and the relative competitive landscape of our executive compensation program. The committee used multiple reference points when establishing target compensation levels. The committee did not strive to benchmark any individual compensation component or compensation in the aggregate to be at any specific percentile level relative to the market. Our 22 peer companies below are sorted by revenue and market capitalization. They reflect the Compensation Peer Group utilized by the Compensation Committee at its May 2015 meeting, when it established FY 2016 target direct compensation for our executive officers.

## **FY 2016 Compensation Peer Group**

- (1) Revenues are stated in billions for the most recently completed fiscal year as publicly reported by each company as of May 31, 2016. Safeway s revenue is stated as of January 3, 2015, its last completed fiscal year as a public company.
- (2) Market capitalizations are stated in billions as of March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. Safeway s market capitalization is stated as of January 29, 2015, the last day it traded as a public company.
  Change for FY 2017 Compensation Peer Group. Safeway ceased to be a publicly traded company in January 2015, so it was eliminated from the peer group used to determine FY 2017 target compensation decisions. There were no other changes to the FY 2017 peer group.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **Independent Review Process**

The Compensation Committee sets performance goals, payout scales and target award levels for executive officers. The committee also determines incentive payouts for the prior fiscal year based on actual results against performance goals. While performance goals and payout scales are initially developed by senior management and driven by the one-year operating plan and the rolling three-year strategic plan reviewed with the Board, the Compensation Committee has the authority to approve, modify or amend management s performance goals and payout scale recommendations. Performance goals are selected to be consistent with the operating and strategic plans reviewed, challenged and approved by the Board and information routinely communicated to employees or shareholders by management.

# **Setting Targets for Fiscal Year**

- ü Independent compensation consultant uses Compensation Peer Group data from independent executive compensation surveys and data published by public companies to inform committee of competitive pay levels for executive officers.
- ü Compensation Committee sets pay targets for executive officers, including our CEO.

# Mid-Year Review of Compensation Design, Shareholder Feedback and Market Trends

- ü Compensation Committee examines the design and purpose of all executive compensation pay elements, including a review of tally sheets for executive officers.
- ü Tally sheets include holistic displays of current compensation and estimated benefits on separations from service due to voluntary and involuntary terminations and terminations in connection with a change in control.
- ü Committee reviews and considers feedback from shareholders and proxy advisory firms regarding executive compensation program and policies.
- ü Committee reviews a compilation of outstanding earned equity awards, unearned cash awards and unvested equity awards for each executive officer.

- ü Management updates committee on actual performance against pre-established targets for performance-based incentive compensation plans.
- ü Committee reflects on market trends and emerging practices in executive compensation and application to McKesson.

# **Assessing Year-End Results and Approving Compensation Decisions**

- ü Our CEO, in consultation with the Compensation Committee s independent compensation consultant and our Executive Vice President, Human Resources, develops compensation recommendations for the other executive officers, for approval by the committee.
- ü Our CEO presents an assessment of his individual performance results to the Board and discusses his goals for the new fiscal year.
- ü Board conducts our CEO s performance review and discusses in executive session his performance for the prior fiscal year and approves, modifies or amends his goals for the new fiscal year.
- ü Compensation Committee determines our CEO s compensation in executive session with input from the committee s independent compensation consultant.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

At McKesson, the way we do business is just as important as the business itself, so each executive is evaluated on his or her commitment to the Company s ICARE and ILEAD principles. These principles serve as a guide to all our employees enterprise-wide.

ICARE is the cultural foundation of the Company. Our ICARE principles unify the Company and guide individuals behavior toward each other, customers, vendors and other stakeholders.

Integrity Customer first Accountability Respect Excellence ILEAD is our shared leadership framework and our commitment to how we drive better health for our company, our customers and the patients whose lives we touch.

# Inspire Leverage Execute Advance Develop Role of Independent Compensation Consultant and Legal Counsel

Pursuant to its charter, the Compensation Committee may retain and terminate any consultant or other advisor, as well as approve the advisor s fees and other engagement terms. Each year, the Compensation Committee evaluates the qualifications, performance and independence of its independent compensation consultant and legal counsel. To ensure it receives independent and unbiased advice and analysis, the Compensation Committee adopted a formal independence policy certified annually by its compensation consultant and legal counsel.

The Compensation Committee retained Semler Brossy as its independent compensation consultant and Gunderson Dettmer as its independent legal counsel for FY 2016. Representatives from Semler Brossy and Gunderson Dettmer attended Compensation Committee meetings, participated in executive sessions and communicated directly with the committee. Semler Brossy also provided consulting advice to the Governance Committee regarding director compensation in FY 2016. Neither of the firms performed any services for management.

At the start of FY 2017, the Compensation Committee reviewed information regarding the independence and potential conflicts of interest of Semler Brossy and Gunderson Dettmer. The committee members took into account, among other things, the factors set forth in Exchange Act Rule 10C-1 and the NYSE listing standards, and concluded that its compensation consultant and legal counsel are both independent and that no conflict of interest exists with respect to the work performed by either firm.

## **Role of Management**

Our CEO provides the Compensation Committee with pay recommendations for executive officers other than himself. The Compensation Committee, with input from the committee s independent compensation consultant, determines our CEO s compensation in executive session. Our Executive Vice President, Human Resources attends committee meetings to provide perspective and expertise relevant to the agenda. Management supports the committee s activities

by providing analyses and recommendations as requested.

#### **Information on Other Compensation-Related Topics**

## **Severance and Change in Control Benefits**

Our Severance Policy for Executive Employees ( Executive Severance Policy ) affords benefits to selected management employees, including our executive officers, who do not have employment agreements. We provide severance benefits to give executives a measure of financial security following the loss of employment, to protect the Company from competitive activities after the departure of certain executives, and because we believe these benefits are important to attract and retain executives in a highly competitive industry. This policy applies if an executive officer is terminated by the Company for reasons other than for cause and the termination is not covered by the Company s Change in Control Policy for Selected Executive Employees ( CIC Policy ). The Executive Severance Policy does not apply to Mr. Hammergren or Mr. Julian, whose severance pay is governed by an employment agreement. A detailed description of the Executive Severance Policy is provided below at Executive Employment Agreements Executive Severance Policy.

Our stock plan and award agreements include change in control provisions which provide for double-trigger vesting upon an involuntary or constructive termination of employment following a change in control. Our CIC Policy provides for severance benefits in the event of an involuntary or constructive termination of employment occurring in connection with a change in control. We believe our CIC Policy is in our shareholders best interest, so that senior management can remain focused on important business decisions and not on how a potential transaction may affect them personally. The CIC Policy is administered by the Compensation Committee and benefits are consistent with current market practice. The CIC Policy does

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

not apply to Mr. Hammergren or Mr. Julian, whose severance pay is governed by an employment agreement. A detailed description of the CIC Policy is provided below at Executive Employment Agreements Change in Control Policy.

Mr. Hammergren s employment agreement, in substantially its current form, was executed when he assumed the position of co-Chief Executive Officer in 1999. The agreement provides for severance benefits in the case of voluntary, involuntary and constructive termination with or without a change in control. The agreement s severance provisions, including provisions regarding pension rights, have been in place for many years and are not materially different from the terms provided to his predecessor. However, Mr. Hammergren has relinquished his right to be paid a golden parachute tax gross-up and the right to have his change in control-related cash severance calculated as the product of 2.99 times the base amount as defined under Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The employment agreement continues to provide for the alternative severance formulation of a cash lump sum equal to three years—salary continuation and three years—MIP participation. A detailed description of Mr. Hammergren—s employment agreement is provided below at Executive Employment Agreements—Mr. John H. Hammergren.

## **Employment Agreements**

While we have discontinued the practice of entering into employment agreements with executive officers, we continue to honor our legacy contractual commitments. Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian entered into employment agreements with the Company upon their appointment to executive officer positions in 1996 and 1999, respectively. These are the only employment agreements in place among our executive officers.

#### **Stock Ownership Policy**

The Company has robust guidelines for stock ownership by executive officers. The Company reserves the right to restrict sales of the underlying shares of vesting equity awards if executives fail to meet the ownership requirements specified in our Stock Ownership Policy. Stock options and TSRU target awards do not count toward meeting the stock ownership requirement.

Each year the Compensation Committee reviews executive officer compliance with our Stock Ownership Policy. In April 2015, the committee determined to modify this policy based on a review of policies applicable within our Compensation Peer Group, and other market research. Under the revised policy, our CEO s ownership requirement remains 10 times base salary, and the ownership requirement for each of the Company s other executive officers was reduced from six times base salary to three times base salary. The reduction in the ownership requirement for executive officers other than our CEO was intended to better align with market practice and provide a realistic and achievable requirement for new executive officers given the introduction of the TSRU program. Unlike the restricted stock units granted under the prior PeRSU program, TSRU target awards do not count toward ownership under the policy. To implement the new ownership requirements, we also require executives to hold 75% of the net after-tax shares issued upon the vesting or exercise of an award until the policy s requirements are met. The Company s directors are also subject to stock ownership guidelines, which are summarized above at Director Stock Ownership Guidelines.

As of May 31, 2016, each NEO satisfied his or her stock ownership requirement.

		Stock Own	nership Policy	
	Target (	Ownership	Actu	ıal Ownership
	Multiple of	Multiple Expressed	Multiple of	Value of Shares Held
NT	Dana Calann	in Dellen.	D C-1(1)	L. E D. II (2)
Name	Base Salary	in Dollars	Base Salary <sup>(1)</sup>	by Executives in Dollars <sup>(2)</sup>
John H. Hammergren	10	16,800,000	75	126,557,204
James A. Beer	3	2,448,000	8	6,663,915
Paul C. Julian	3	3,195,000	9	9,859,660
Patrick J. Blake	3	2,154,000	8	5,737,899
Jorge L. Figueredo	3	1,977,000	7	4,383,050

<sup>(1)</sup> NEO ownership is stated as of May 31, 2016, using FY 2016 salary levels. The ownership requirement may be met through any combination of the following:

Direct stock holdings of the Company s common stock, including shares held in a living trust, a family partnership or corporation controlled by the officer, unless the officer expressly disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares;

Shares of the Company s common stock held in the PSIP, the Company s 401(k) plan;

Shares of the Company s common stock underlying outstanding restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards; and/or

Shares of the Company s common stock underlying restricted stock units that are vested and deferred under a Company-sponsored deferral program.

(2) Based on the closing price of the Company s common stock as of May 31, 2016, which was \$183.14 as reported by the NYSE.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

## **Insider Trading Policy**

The Company maintains an insider trading policy applicable to all directors and employees. The policy provides that Company personnel may not: buy, sell or engage in other transactions in the Company s stock while in possession of material non-public information; buy or sell securities of other companies while in possession of material non-public information about those companies they become aware of as a result of business dealings between the Company and those companies; disclose material non-public information to any unauthorized persons outside of the Company; or engage in hedging transactions through the use of certain derivatives, such as put and call options involving the Company s securities. The policy also restricts trading for a limited group of Company employees (including all directors and NEOs) to defined window periods which follow our quarterly earnings releases.

## **Anti-Hedging and Pledging Policy**

The Company adopted an anti-hedging and pledging policy in April 2013 which applies to all directors and executive officers. The policy prohibits these individuals from engaging in any hedging transaction with respect to Company securities. These individuals are also prohibited from holding Company securities in a margin account or otherwise pledging Company securities as collateral for a loan. Pledges of Company securities arising from certain types of hedging transactions are also prohibited under our insider trading policy, as described above.

#### **Equity Grant Practices**

The Company has a written Equity Grant Policy which states that stock options will be awarded at an exercise price equal to the closing price of the Company s common stock on the date of grant. The policy also generally prohibits the granting of an equity award when the Company s directors or employees may be in possession of material non-public information. When the Compensation Committee meeting occurs shortly following our public announcement of earnings, the grant date is the same day as the committee meeting. Otherwise, in most situations, the grant date is postponed until the third trading day following the release of our earnings results. The Company s annual grant cycle occurs at the end of May each year, approximately two to three weeks following our public announcement of financial results for the prior completed fiscal year and publication of our forward estimate of earnings for the current fiscal year.

Under the terms of our 2013 Stock Plan and 2005 Stock Plan, stock option re-pricing is not permitted without shareholder approval. Stock option awards generally vest ratably over four years with a contractual term of seven years. PeRSU target awards have a one-year performance period and convert to RSU awards that cliff-vest in three years. RSU awards that are not granted pursuant to PeRSU awards generally vest over four years. The TSRU program has a three-year performance period and the shares that are earned are not subject to any further vesting conditions.

#### Tax Deductibility and Considerations for Compensation Design

IRC Section 162(m) generally provides that publicly held corporations may not deduct in any taxable year specified compensation in excess of \$1,000,000 paid to the CEO and the next three most highly compensated executive officers, excluding the chief financial officer. However, performance-based compensation in excess of \$1,000,000 is deductible if specified criteria are met, including shareholder approval of the material terms of applicable plans.

The Compensation Committee s intention is, and always has been, to comply with the requirements for deductibility under IRC Section 162(m), unless the committee concludes that adherence to the limitations imposed by these provisions would not be in the best interest of the Company or its shareholders. While base salaries in excess of \$1,000,000 are not deductible, payments made under our MIP, LTIP and TSRU programs, the grants of RSUs made under our PeRSU program and the grants of stock options are intended to qualify for deductibility under IRC Section 162(m) as performance-based compensation.

For purposes of compliance with the IRC, awards under applicable programs will not be made to individuals subject to IRC Section 162(m) unless attainment of performance goals is certified by the Compensation Committee. In the event of attainment of minimum performance goals under these programs, the Compensation Committee will exercise negative discretion to adjust awards downward from a potential maximum amount in order to satisfy requirements under IRC Section 162(m), while still providing for awards based on Company and individual performance in accordance with our MIP, LTIP, TSRU and PeRSU programs.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **Compensation Recoupment ( Clawback ) Policy**

The Board is dedicated to maintaining and enhancing a culture focused on integrity and accountability which discourages conduct detrimental to the Company s sustainable growth. On January 21, 2014, following constructive engagement by management with a group of key institutional investors and a review of the compensatory practices by peer companies, the Compensation Committee approved an updated Compensation Recoupment Policy (Recoupment Policy) that both expanded and clarified the previous policy that was incorporated into the Company s annual and long-term incentive compensation plans. The new Recoupment Policy applies to all cash or equity incentive awards granted after January 1, 2014.

Under the Recoupment Policy, the Company may recover, or claw back incentive compensation if an employee: (i) engages in misconduct pertaining to a financial reporting requirement under the federal securities laws that requires the Company to file a restatement of its audited financial statements with the SEC to correct an error; (ii) receives incentive compensation based on an inaccurate financial or operating measure that when corrected causes significant harm to the Company; or (iii) engages in any fraud, theft, misappropriation, embezzlement or dishonesty to the detriment of the Company s financial results as filed with the SEC.

If triggered, then to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company may require the employee to reimburse the Company for all or a portion of any incentive compensation received in cash within the last 12 months, and remit to the Company any compensation received from the vesting or exercise of equity-based awards occurring within the last 12 months. The Company will publicly disclose the results of any deliberations about whether to recoup compensation from an executive officer under the Recoupment Policy unless, in individual cases and consistent with any legally mandated disclosure requirements, the Board or the Compensation Committee concludes that legal or privacy concerns would prevent such disclosure.

Our executive incentive plans provide that the Compensation Committee may also seek to recoup economic gain from any employee who engages in conduct that is not in good faith and which disrupts, damages, impairs or interferes with the business, reputation or employees of the Company.

#### **Supplemental Death Benefits**

In January 2010, the Board froze the Company s Executive Survivor Benefits Plan to the then-current roster of participants, which includes all of our NEOs other than Mr. Beer. The Company will not enter into a new plan, program or agreement (Benefit Agreement) with any executive officer, or a material amendment of an existing Benefit Agreement with any executive officer that provides for a death benefit, including salary continuation upon death, if that benefit is not generally available to all employees, unless such Benefit Agreement or material amendment is approved by the Company s shareholders pursuant to an advisory vote.

This plan continues to provide a supplemental death benefit for its participants, which is in addition to the voluntary and Company-provided life insurance plan afforded to all employees. A detailed description of this plan is available below at Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control.

# **Excise Tax Gross-Up Policy**

The Company may not enter into any new agreement with an executive officer, or a material amendment of an existing executive officer agreement, that provides for payment or reimbursement of excise taxes that are payable by such executive officer under IRC Section 4999 as a result of a change in control of the Company. This policy does not adversely affect any Company plan, policy or arrangement generally available to management employees that provides for the payment or reimbursement of taxes.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **Compensation Committee Report on Executive Compensation**

We have reviewed and discussed with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K. Based on such review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement and incorporated by reference to McKesson Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

#### **Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors**

Andy D. Bryant, Chair

N. Anthony Coles, M.D.

M. Christine Jacobs

David M. Lawrence, M.D.

Edward A. Mueller

#### **Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

The Compensation Committee is composed of the five independent directors listed above. No member of the Compensation Committee is, or was during FY 2016, a current or former officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Additionally, during FY 2016, none of our executive officers served on the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that had one or more of its executive officers serving on the Board or the Compensation Committee of the Company.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Executive Compensation Tables and Narratives**

# 2016 Summary Compensation Table

The table below provides information regarding compensation and benefits earned by: (i) our Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer; (ii) our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; and (iii) the three other most highly compensated executive officers as of March 31, 2016 (collectively, our NEOs ):

							Change in Pension		
						Non-Equity	Value and		
				Stock	Option	Plan	And Nonqualified Deferred Compensation	All Other	
Name and Principal	Fiscal	Salary	Bonus	Awards	Awards	Compensation	n EarningsCo	mpensatior	n Total
Position Position	Year	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$)(3)	(\$)(4)	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(4)</sup>	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(5)</sup>	(\$)(6)	(\$)(7)	(\$)
John H. Hammergren  Chairman, President  and Chief Executive Officer	2016 2015 2014	1,680,000 1,680,000 1,680,000	-0- -0- -0-	7,317,049 7,316,951 7,732,173	5,057,023 5,057,353 4,401,579	9,233,600 10,422,000 10,843,200	-0- 887,107	361,966 368,251 375,823	23,649,638 24,844,555 25,919,882
James A. Beer <sup>(1)</sup> Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Paul C. Julian		813,333 800,000 382,051	-0- -0- 1,593,500	1,659,003 1,587,902 7,770,120 4,214,267	1,162,005 1,096,968 1,270,015	2,454,213 1,344,000 605,169 4,518,120	-0-	41,176 11,123 9,008	6,129,730 4,839,993 11,629,863
	2015 2014	1,065,000 1,065,000	-0- -0-	3,992,986 4,274,601	2,759,725 2,436,252	5,072,150 5,280,440	5,956,527	276,886 200,771	19,123,274 14,804,719

Executive Vice President and Group President									
Patrick J.	2016	712,333	-0-	1,331,095	932,038	1,601,638	-0-	109,752	4,686,856
Blake	2015	684,000	-0-	1,337,044	924,192	1,621,840	-0-	89,648	4,656,724
	2014	684,000	-0-	1,468,284	835,107	1,819,434	59,256	77,195	4,943,276
Executive									
Vice									
President and									
Group									
President									
Jorge L.	2016	650,833	-0-	1,218,137	852,034	1,297,248	-0-	93,005	4,111,257
Figueredo <sup>(1)</sup>	2015	610,000	-0-	1,111,910	768,177	1,444,320	-0-	85,172	4,019,579

Executive

Vice

President.

Human

Resources

- (1) Mr. Beer joined the Company in October 2013. Mr. Figueredo was not an NEO in FY 2014.
- (2) Mr. Hammergren s base salary has remained unchanged since May 2010.
- (3) The amount shown represents the aggregate bonuses paid to Mr. Beer in connection with his joining the Company in October 2013.
- (4) Amounts shown represent the aggregate grant date fair value of stock-based awards calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 718. These values do not include estimated forfeitures and may not reflect compensation actually received by our officers. The assumptions used to calculate the value of these awards can be found in Financial Note 6 of the Company s consolidated financial statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, as filed with the SEC on May 5, 2016. For awards that are not subject to performance conditions, such as stock options, the maximum award levels would not result in awards greater than disclosed in the table above. For awards that are subject to performance conditions, such as TSRUs, we report the value at grant date based upon the probable outcome of such conditions consistent with our estimate of aggregate compensation cost to be recognized over the service period determined under ASC Topic 718, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures.

The following represents the aggregate value based on the maximum number of shares that may be earned for TSRU and PeRSU awards computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718 for each of the fiscal years presented above: Mr. Hammergren, \$14,634,098, \$14,633,902 and \$15,464,346; Mr. Beer, \$3,318,006, \$3,175,804 and \$2,540,058; Mr. Julian, \$8,428,534, \$7,985,972 and \$8,549,202; Mr. Blake, \$2,662,190, \$2,674,088 and \$2,936,568; and Mr. Figueredo, \$2,436,274 and \$2,223,820.

(5) Amounts shown represent the payouts under the MIP and the LTIP:

MIP for FY 2016: Mr. Hammergren, \$4,233,600; Mr. Beer, \$1,184,213; Mr. Julian, \$1,968,120; Mr. Blake, \$861,638; and Mr. Figueredo, \$787,248.

LTIP for FY 2014 FY 2016: Mr. Hammergren, \$5,000,000; Mr. Beer, \$1,270,000; Mr. Julian, \$2,550,000; Mr. Blake, \$740,000; and Mr. Figueredo, \$510,000.

(6) Amounts shown represent the year-over-year change in actuarial present value of pension benefits: Mr. Hammergren, \$0; and Mr. Julian, \$2,156,614. Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo are not eligible to participate in the pension plan, since they were not executive officers in 2007 when participation in the plan was frozen.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The amount shown for Mr. Julian s change in pension value does not represent actual compensation received during the current fiscal year. Rather, this amount reflects an actuarial amount calculated under SEC requirements. Pension values are calculated using assumptions used to prepare the Company s audited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year. The assumptions used to calculate the change in pension value are described in the 2016 Pension Benefits Table below, in the subsection titled Actuarial Assumptions.

(7) Amounts shown represent the following with respect to FY 2016:

## **Defined Contribution Benefits and Nonqualified Plan Earnings**

The Company made a matching contribution of \$10,600 to each NEO s PSIP (401(k)) retirement account.

As described below in the subsection titled Narrative Disclosure to the 2016 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table, the SPSIP II and the DCAP III provide for matching contributions. The amount contributed by the Company to each NEO s SPSIP II account was as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$268,280; Mr. Beer, \$5,222; Mr. Julian, \$130,406; Mr. Blake, \$48,367; and Mr. Figueredo, \$46,034. The amount contributed by the Company to each NEO s DCAP III account was as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$0; Mr. Beer, \$2,938; Mr. Julian, \$0; Mr. Blake, \$4,000; and Mr. Figueredo, \$6,293.

## **Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits**

The value provided to each NEO under the Company s Executive Officer Security Policy was as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$54,266; Mr. Beer, \$0; Mr. Julian, \$45,715; Mr. Blake, \$10,260; and Mr. Figueredo, \$0. The amounts represent the incremental cost of personal use of Company-provided aircraft and the reimbursement of reasonable expenses related to the installation and maintenance of home security equipment. The Company does not reimburse our NEOs for taxes due on imputed income for items or services provided under the Executive Officer Security Policy.

Company Aircraft: Mr. Hammergren is directed to use the Company's aircraft for security, productivity and privacy reasons. The aggregate incremental cost of personal use of Company-provided aircraft for Mr. Hammergren in FY 2016 was \$43,373. In FY 2016, Mr. Hammergren approved Mr. Julian and Mr. Blake's personal use of the Company's aircraft. The aggregate incremental cost of personal use of Company-provided aircraft for Mr. Julian and Mr. Blake in FY 2016 was \$45,715 and \$10,260, respectively. To calculate this cost, the Company determines the total variable annual operating cost for each aircraft, such as fuel, trip-related maintenance, landing and parking fees, crew expenses, supplies and catering. The total variable operating cost is

then averaged for all flight hours flown and multiplied by the total number of personal flight hours for each NEO. Fixed annual costs that do not change based on usage, such as pilots—salaries, home hanger expenses, general taxes, routine maintenance and insurance, are excluded from the incremental cost calculation. If an aircraft flies empty before picking up or after dropping off a passenger flying for personal reasons, and the empty flight is not related to any other business-related travel, this—deadhead—segment is included in the incremental cost calculation for determining personal use.

*Home Security:* Mr. Hammergren was reimbursed \$10,893 for the installation of home security devices and/or security monitoring services.

The value of financial counseling services provided to each NEO was as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$22,445; Mr. Beer, \$3,237; Mr. Julian, \$26,209; Mr. Blake, \$20,487; and Mr. Figueredo, \$21,136.

The value of items or services provided in connection with the annual Board of Directors planning sessions and employee award programs attended by our NEOs and their spouses was as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$6,375; Mr. Beer, \$19,179; Mr. Julian, \$7,897; Mr. Blake, \$16,038; and Mr. Figueredo, \$8,942.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table

The table below provides information on plan-based awards, stock awards and stock options granted to our NEOs during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016:

		Under N	ted Future P Ion-Equity In Ian Awards <sup>(1</sup>	ncentive	Under F	mated F Payouts Equity I on Awar	s Incentive 'ds <sup>(2)</sup>	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying	Exercise  or Base  Price  of Option	Grant  Date Fair  Value of  Stock and  Option
	Grant	Threshold	Target	Maximum	Threshold	Target	Maximum	o Options	Awards	Awards
Name	Date	(\$)(3)	(\$)	(\$)	$(#)^{(4)}$	(#)	(#)	(#) <sup>(5)</sup>	((\$)/Sh)	(\$)(6)
John H. Hammergren	5/26/2015	0						114,283	237.86	5,057,023
LTIP TSRU MIP		1,260,000	2,195,000 2,520,000	4,390,000 6,000,000 <sup>(7)</sup>	6,672	26,688	53,376			7,317,049
James A. Beer	5/26/2015	, ,	, ,	, , ,				26,260	237.86	1,162,005
LTIP TSRU MIP		-0- 406,667	498,000 813,333	996,000	1,513	6,051	12,102			1,659,003
Paul C. Julian  LTIP	5/26/2015	-0-	1,264,000	2,439,999				66,667	237.86	2,950,015
TSRU MIP		585,750	1,171,500	3,514,500	3,843	15,371	30,742			4,214,267
Patrick J. Blake	5/26/2015							21,063	237.86	932,038
LTIP TSRU		-0-	399,000	798,000	1,214	4,855	9,710			1,331,095
MIP	5/26/2015	320,550	641,100	1,923,300				19,255	237.86	852,034

Jorge L.							
Figueredo							
LTIP	-0-	365,000	730,000				
TSRU				1,111	4,443	8,886	1,218,137
MIP	260,334	520,667	1,562,001				

- (1) Amounts shown represent the range of possible cash payouts under (i) the LTIP for the FY 2016 FY 2018 performance period and (ii) the MIP for the FY 2016 performance period. Amounts actually earned under the FY 2016 MIP are included in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table under the column titled Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation. Information regarding the operation of the LTIP and the MIP is provided above in the section titled Each Compensation Element Serves Unique Purpose.
- (2) Amounts shown represent the range of possible TSRU awards for the FY 2016 FY 2018 performance period that the Compensation Committee determined at its May 2015 meeting. Payout decisions will be determined in May 2018.
- (3) Amounts shown for MIP represent 50% of the target payout for the FY 2016 performance period, which is the threshold award payout.
- (4) Amounts shown for TSRU represent 25% of the target payout for the FY 2016 FY 2018 performance period, which is the threshold award payout.
- (5) Stock options have a seven-year term and vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the grant date, subject to continued employment with the Company.
- (6) Amounts shown reflect the aggregate grant date fair values of option and TSRU awards computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718, and do not reflect actual realized values.
- (7) The maximum payout allowed under the MIP is \$6,000,000.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# 2016 Outstanding Equity Awards Table

The table below provides information on option awards and stock awards held by the NEOs as of March 31, 2016:

		Option	Awards			Stock A	Awards	
								Equity
					Number of			Incentive
	Number	Number					Equity	Plan
	of	of			Shares	Market	Incentive	Awards:
					or	Value	Plan	Market or
	Securities	Securities					Awards:	Payout
					Units of	of Shares	Number of	Value of
	Underlying	Underlying			Stock		Unearned	
						or Units of	Shares,	Shares,
	Unexercised	Unexercised	Option		That		Units or	Units or
				Option	Have	<b>Stock That</b>	Other	Other
	Options	Options	Exercise				Rights That	_
	(#)	$(#)^{(1)}$	Price	Expiration	Not Vested	Have Not	Have	That
					(4)	(2)	Not	Have Not
Name	Exercisable	nexercisabl	e (\$)	Date	(#) <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>Vested</b> (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	Vested (#) <sup>(4)</sup>	Vested (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>
John H.								
Hammergren	248,966		40.46	5/26/2016	190,644	29,978,769	15,845	2,491,626
	402,000		67.81	5/25/2017				
	301,000		83.51	5/24/2018				
	223,500	74,500	87.24	5/22/2019				
	105,150	105,150	118.41	5/21/2020				
	35,908	107,726	183.37	5/27/2021				
		114,283	237.86	5/26/2022				
James A. Beer	21,903	21,903	155.87	10/29/2020	18,475	2,905,194	3,504	551,004
	7,788	23,367	183.37	5/27/2021				
		26,260	237.86	5/26/2022				
Paul C. Julian	123,750	41,250	87.24	5/22/2019	105,428	16,578,553	8,849	1,391,505
	58,200	58,200	118.41	5/21/2020				
	19,594	58,785	183.37	5/27/2021				
	<b>77</b> 000	66,667	237.86	5/26/2022	06070	T = 1 < 0 T =	• 000	
Patrick J. Blake	57,000		83.51	5/24/2018	36,352	5,716,352	2,890	454,453
	42,000	14,000	87.24	5/22/2019				
	19,950	19,950	118.41	5/21/2020				
	6,562	19,686	183.37	5/27/2021				
		21,063	237.86	5/26/2022				
Jorge L. Figueredo		12,250	87.24	5/22/2019	30,688	4,825,688	2,505	393,911

	17,050	118.41	5/21/2020
5,454	16,363	183.37	5/27/2021
	19,255	237.86	5/26/2022

(1) Stock options have a seven-year term and vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the grant date, subject to continued employment with the Company. Mr. Beer s stock option award granted October 29, 2013 vests 25% on the first four anniversaries of October 9, 2013, the date he commenced employment.

## (2) Stock awards vest as follows:

May 21, 2016 Mr. Hammergren, 94,000 shares; Mr. Julian, 52,000 shares; Mr. Blake, 18,000 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 15,000 shares;

October 9, 2016 Mr. Beer, 6,416 shares;

*May* 27, 2017 Mr. Hammergren, 96,644 shares; Mr. Beer, 12,059 shares; Mr. Julian, 53,428 shares; Mr. Blake, 18,352 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 15,688 shares.

- (3) Based on the \$157.25 closing price of the Company s common stock as reported by the NYSE on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year.
- (4) SEC rules require us to disclose the threshold payout amounts for TSRU awards outstanding as of the end of the fiscal year, even though the awards were tracking to pay out at 0% of target. TSRUs actually earned, if any, will pay out in May 2017 and May 2018. The following amounts reflect the threshold payouts for the FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 TSRUs:

Completion of the three-year performance period ending March 31, 2017 Mr. Hammergren, 9,173 shares; Mr. Beer, 1,991 shares; Mr. Julian, 5,006 shares; Mr. Blake, 1,676 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 1,394 shares.

Completion of the three-year performance period ending March 31, 2018 Mr. Hammergren, 6,672 shares; Mr. Beer, 1,513 shares; Mr. Julian, 3,843 shares; Mr. Blake, 1,214 shares; and Mr. Figueredo, 1,111 shares.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **2016 Option Exercises and Stock Vested Table**

The table below provides information on stock options exercised and stock awards vested with respect to our NEOs during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016:

	Option Awards Number		Stock Number	Awards
	of Shares	Value	of Shares	Value
	Acquired	Realized	Acquired	Realized
	on Exercise	on Exercise	on Vesting	on Vesting
Name	(#)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(1)</sup>	(#)	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>
John H. Hammergren	362,034	54,615,786 <sup>(3)</sup>	157,590	37,917,730
James A. Beer	-0-	-0-	17,643	4,203,798
Paul C. Julian	167,000	24,021,133	87,210	20,983,598
Patrick J. Blake	-0-	-0-	29,070	6,994,533
Jorge L. Figueredo	41,550	5,851,170	26,010	6,258,266

- (1) Amounts shown represent values realized, calculated as the difference between the market price of the Company s common stock on the date of exercise and the exercise price.
- (2) Amounts shown represent the aggregate fair market values of the Company s common stock realized upon the vesting of RSUs. The Company s RSUs accrue dividend equivalents, the values of which are factored into the grant date fair values. The amounts distributed for accrued dividend equivalents and accrued interest were as follows: Mr. Hammergren, \$453,230; Mr. Beer, \$26,161; Mr. Julian, \$250,817; Mr. Blake, \$83,606; and Mr. Figueredo, \$74,805.
- (3) All of the stock options exercised by Mr. Hammergren in FY 2016 were due to expire on 5/26/2016. **2016 Pension Benefits Table**

The Executive Benefit Retirement Plan ( EBRP ) is a nonqualified average final pay defined benefit pension plan that was established in 1984. Participation was frozen effective June 1, 2007 to the then-current roster of executive officers. The following table provides information on the actuarial present values of the benefits accumulated by our NEOs under the EBRP calculated as of March 31, 2016:

	Name	Plan	Number of	Present Value	Payments
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	Name	Years Credited	of Accumulated	During Last
		Service	Benefit	Fiscal Year
		(#)	(\$)(1)	(\$)
John H. Hammergren	EBRP	20	114,000,000	(.,
James A. Beer <sup>(2)</sup>				
Paul C. Julian	EBRP	19	32,296,970	
Patrick J. Blake <sup>(2)</sup>				
Laura I. Eiguanada(2)				

Jorge L. Figueredo<sup>(2)</sup>

- (1) Amounts shown do not reflect potential future salary growth, because amounts are required to be calculated based on compensation and service as of March 31, 2016. For Mr. Julian, the present value is based on assumptions used to determine annual pension expense. Mr. Hammergren s benefit is fixed at \$114 million and no longer requires the use of actuarial assumptions to determine the present value of his pension benefit. Certain assumptions, such as future salary increases, are different for proxy disclosure purposes that assume no future pay increases, versus financial reporting purposes that assume future pay increases.
- (2) Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo are not eligible to participate in the EBRP, since they were not executive officers when participation in the plan was frozen in 2007.

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## **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The 2016 Pension Benefits Table values are based on the following:

Actuarial Assumption	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Discount rate	2.12%	1.92%
Lump-sum interest rate	1.25%	1.25%
Retirement ages	62	62
Withdrawal, disability or mortality before retirement	None	None
	1994 Group Annuity	1994 Group Annuity
Post-retirement mortality rate		
	Reserving Table	Reserving Table
Future salary increases	None	None
MIP (annual cash incentive) payout	100% of target amount	100% of target amount
Form of payment	Lump sum	Lump sum

For additional information on the Company s pension obligations, refer to Financial Note 18 of the Company s consolidated financial statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, as filed with the SEC on May 5, 2016.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The amounts shown in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and the 2016 Pension Benefits Table generally reflect actuarial present values of pension benefits accumulated through the end of FY 2016. Mr. Hammergren s benefit under the EBRP is fixed at \$114 million, so his pension benefit calculation no longer reflects actuarial assumptions.

At the end of each fiscal year, the Company reviews numerous assumptions used to calculate the present value of accumulated benefits reported in the pension benefits table. One key assumption is what the Pension Benefit Guarantee Corporation (PBGC) lump-sum interest rate will be when a plan participant reaches assumed retirement (generally, age 62). For FY 2016, the Company selected a PBGC lump-sum interest rate assumption of 1.25%. This rate reflects the historical average PBGC lump-sum interest rate over the average remaining service period of active EBRP participants.

Pension benefit values may fluctuate significantly from year to year depending on a number of factors, including age, years of service, annual earnings and the assumptions used to determine the present value of the accumulated benefit. For example, the Company is required to calculate the present value of future pension liabilities using a discount rate based on corporate bond yields. As discount rates decrease, potential pension liabilities may increase. As discount rates increase, potential pension liabilities may decrease.

Proxy pension benefit values are generally calculated using the same assumptions used to calculate pension benefit values for the Company s audited financial statements, except retirement age is assumed to be the normal retirement age as defined in the EBRP for voluntary retirement or in the executive officer s employment agreement. Normal retirement age is the earliest age at which the executive could retire without any benefit reduction due to age.

Under the EBRP, lump-sum distributions under Approved or Early Retirement are calculated using the lump-sum interest rate published monthly by the PBGC. Participants who separate from service who do not qualify for Approved or Early Retirement have vested lump-sum pension benefits determined using the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) lump-sum interest rate, which reflects the 30-year Treasury bond interest rate.

#### Narrative Disclosure to the 2016 Pension Benefits Table

Retirement at age 62 or older, or involuntary separation from service after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of service. A participant vests in his or her EBRP benefit after completing five years of service as an executive officer. The following is a brief summary of the benefit that would be provided to a participant in the EBRP upon retirement at age 62 or older, or upon an involuntary separation from service after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of credited service.

A vested participant is eligible to receive an Approved Retirement benefit if one of the following criteria is met:

Separation from service on or after reaching age 62;

Separation from service involuntarily after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of credited service;

Separation from service at any time with approval of the Compensation Committee; or

As provided for in the participant s employment agreement.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The Approved Retirement benefit is calculated by applying the following benefit formula: (i) a service-based percentage of the participant s average final compensation as defined below, minus (ii) the annuity payment due under the Company s Retirement Plan and the hypothetical annuity payment that is the actuarial equivalent of the amount earned under the Retirement Share Plan (together, Basic Retirement Benefit ).

Calculation of average final compensation. The Approved Retirement benefit under the EBRP is based on the participant s average final compensation. Average final compensation is the annual compensation received during the participant s most highly paid five consecutive years of full-time employment in the final 15 years of service. Annual compensation includes annual base salary and MIP payments (including amounts voluntarily deferred under a Company-sponsored deferred compensation plan) and excludes long-term incentives such as LTIP and equity grants.

**Percentage of average final compensation.** The gross EBRP benefit, expressed as a percentage of the participant s average final compensation, is equal to an initial base benefit of 20%, increased by 1.77% for each completed year of service (0.148% for each completed month if the executive completes less than a full year of service in the year in which he or she separates from service). The maximum benefit is 60% of average final compensation.

**Service credit.** For purposes other than vesting, the EBRP measures service from the commencement of an executive s employment until the participant separates from service. Service prior to being named a participant is included in the determination of service credit. Separation from service generally has the same meaning as provided in IRC Section 409A. The EBRP allows service credit for certain rehire situations, leaves of absence and periods in which a participant is receiving severance pay.

EBRP benefit offsets. A benefit under the EBRP is offset by the annuity payment under the Company s Retirement Plan and the hypothetical annuity payment under the Retirement Share Plan. The Retirement Plan is a tax-qualified defined benefit pension plan which was effective January 1, 1972 and frozen as of December 31, 1996. None of our NEOs participates in the Retirement Plan. The Retirement Share Plan, introduced in January 1997 and discontinued after March 31, 2004, was an element offered under the PSIP, the Company s 401(k) plan. The offset for the hypothetical annuity benefit payable under the Retirement Share Plan is calculated by first determining the value of each share credited to the participant s account as of the date it was credited, then applying an annual 12% rate to that value from the date the share was credited to the account to the date the participant s EBRP benefit is scheduled to begin. The aggregate value of the shares credited to the participant s Retirement Share Plan is then converted to a straight-life annuity. The resulting annuity is converted to a lump-sum amount using the interest rate prescribed by the PBGC for purposes of determining the present value of a lump-sum distribution for the month in which the participant retires and a table based upon the 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Table (1994 GAR) (Present Value Calculation). As of March 31, 2016, only Mr. Julian maintains a balance under the Retirement Share Plan which would offset his EBRP benefit. Mr. Hammergren s EBRP benefit is now a fixed amount and is no longer subject to increase or further offset.

**Distribution of benefit.** A participant s EBRP benefit is based on a straight-life annuity paid out on a monthly basis over the participant s lifetime, which is then converted to a lump-sum actuarial equivalent using the above-described Present Value Calculation. A lump-sum payment is made in the seventh month following the month in which a participant separates from service.

For voluntary separation from service prior to age 62, but after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of service. The following is a brief summary of the EBRP benefit provided to a participant who is not eligible for Approved Retirement and voluntarily separates from service after attaining 55 years of age with at least 15 years of credited service.

The EBRP provides for an Early Retirement benefit prior to reaching age 62 if the participant voluntarily separates from service:

After age 55 and completion of at least 15 years of service;

At any other time with approval of the Compensation Committee; or

As provided in the participant s employment agreement.

A participant who is eligible for Early Retirement will receive the same EBRP benefit he or she would have received upon retirement after attaining age 62 (as described above), with the following adjustments:

The percentage of average final compensation used in the benefit formula is reduced by 0.3% for each month the actual separation precedes the date the participant reaches age 62; and

The participant s Basic Retirement Benefit is calculated as of the participant s age at the time he or she separates from service.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Mr. Hammergren s EBRP benefit will be paid in accordance with the provisions of the EBRP and his employment agreement should his employment terminate for any reason other than for Cause. Of the other NEOs, only Mr. Julian is an EBRP participant. As of March 31, 2016, Mr. Julian met the age and service requirements to qualify for Approved Retirement upon involuntary termination or Early Retirement upon voluntary termination.

Other separations from service prior to age 62. Participants with five years of service (Vested Participants) who separate from service for reasons other than for Cause, but separate prior to being eligible for Approved or Early Retirement, are also entitled to a lump-sum benefit. However, their lump-sum benefits are determined using the GATT lump-sum interest rate.

The EBRP allows a Vested Participant who separates from service to receive the same EBRP benefit he or she would have received upon termination due to an Approved Retirement prior to attaining age 62. However, the percentage of average final compensation used in the benefit formula is multiplied by a pro-rata percentage described below, then calculated as the present value of a benefit payable at age 65.

The pro-rata percentage is the higher of the following two percentages, but not greater than 100%:

The percentage determined by dividing the number of the participant s whole months of service with the Company by the number of whole months from the date the participant was first hired by the Company to the date the participant reaches age 65, then multiplying by 100; or

The percentage determined by multiplying 4.44% by the number of the participant s whole and partial years of completed service with the Company.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# 2016 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table

The table below provides information on the contributions, earnings and account balances for our NEOs participating in a Company-sponsored nonqualified deferred compensation program:

	Executive	Registrant	Aggregate	Aggregate	Aggregate	
	Contributions in	Contributions i	22 2	Aggregate	Aggregate	
	Continuations in	Contributions in	Earnings in	Withdrawals/	Balance at Last	
	Last Fiscal	Last Fiscal	Larinings in	v v itiitai a vv ais/	Dalance at Last	
	Year	Year	Last Fiscal Year	Distributions	Fiscal Year-End	
	(1)					
Name	(\$)(1)	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$)(3)	(\$)	(\$)	
John H. Hammergren						
SPSIP Plans	335,350	268,280	289,924	-0-	10,348,302	
DCAP Plans	-0-	-0-	687,264	-0-	22,102,091	
Dividend Equivalents	-0-	236,091	13,614	453,230 (4)	440,753	
James A. Beer						
SPSIP Plans	6,528	5,222	715	-0-	12,465	
DCAP Plans	73,440	2,938	4,644	-0-	81,022	
Dividend Equivalents	-0-	23,448	1,077	26,161 (4)	36,864	
Paul C. Julian						
SPSIP Plans	163,008	130,406	127,950	-0-	4,462,494	
DCAP Plans	-0-	-0-	235,401	-0-	7,570,390	
Dividend Equivalents	-0-	130,576	7,530	250,817 (4)	243,757	
Patrick J. Blake						
SPSIP Plans	60,459	48,367	40,665	-0-	1,442,039	
DCAP Plans	200,000	4,000	71,870	-0-	2,354,722	
Dividend Equivalents	-0-	55,707	2,583	83,606 (4)	164,786 <sup>(5)</sup>	
Deferred RSUs	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,651,754 (6)	
Jorge L. Figueredo						
SPSIP Plans	57,542	46,034	16,314	-0-	564,519	
DCAP Plans	157,315	6,293	80,354	-0-	2,640,731	
Dividend Equivalents	-0-	38,158	2,197	74,805 (4)	70,815	

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts shown reflect deferrals into SPSIP II and/or DCAP III accounts. These amounts are reported as compensation in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table above.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts shown represent Company contributions to SPSIP II and/or DCAP III accounts, as well as amounts credited on undistributed dividend equivalents.

- (3) Amounts shown include earnings on compensation previously deferred into SPSIP Plans and DCAP Plans. The SPSIP II is a successor plan to the Company s Supplemental Profit-Sharing Investment Plan (SPSIP, together with SPSIP II, SPSIP Plans), which was frozen as of December 31, 2004. The DCAP III is a successor plan to the Company s Deferred Compensation Administration Plan II (DCAP II, together with DCAP III, DCAP Plans), which was frozen as of December 31, 2004.
- (4) Amounts shown represent dividend equivalents and interest paid on accumulated dividends upon vesting of the underlying RSUs.
- (5) Amount shown includes dividend equivalents earned on deferred RSUs. Until April 2011, recipients of RSUs were permitted to defer payment of earned RSUs.
- (6) Amount shown represents the value of 10,504 deferred RSUs based on the \$157.25 closing price of the Company s common stock as reported by the NYSE on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year.

The Company sponsors two nonqualified deferred compensation plans. The Supplemental Profit-Sharing Investment Plan II (SPSIP II), is specifically for employees impacted by IRC Section 401(a)(17), which limits participation of highly paid employees in tax-qualified 401(k) plans. Compensation eligible for deferral into the SPSIP II includes base salary and MIP payments. The Deferred Compensation Administration Plan III (DCAP III) is a voluntary nonqualified deferred compensation plan. Compensation eligible for deferral in DCAP III includes base salary, MIP and LTIP payments.

The Compensation Committee determines the default interest crediting rate for deferrals under SPSIP II and DCAP III for each calendar year. Currently, the default interest rate is 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the IRS. The committee also approved the crediting of earnings (or losses) to SPSIP II or DCAP III accounts based on the participant s choice of a hypothetical investment in some of the funds, other than the McKesson stock fund, provided under the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

A third type of nonqualified deferred compensation is dividend equivalents and the related interest income. All recipients of RSUs, including NEOs, receive dividend equivalents at the same dividend rate received by the Company s common stock investors, which is currently \$0.28 per share per quarter. Dividend equivalents are credited quarterly to an interest-bearing account and are distributed in cash upon vesting of the RSUs. Under the terms of our 2005 Stock Plan and 2013 Stock Plan, interest accrues on employees credited dividend equivalents at a rate set by the Compensation Committee, which is currently 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the IRS.

# Narrative Disclosure to the 2016 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table

# **Supplemental Profit-Sharing Investment Plan II**

The SPSIP II was adopted by the Board on January 1, 2005 and is the successor plan to the Supplemental Profit-Sharing Investment Plan (SPSIP), which was frozen effective December 31, 2004. The SPSIP II includes deferral and distribution provisions intended to comply with IRC Section 409A.

U.S. employees, including NEOs, may elect to participate in the SPSIP II. Participants may elect to defer, in whole percentages, from 1.0% to 5.0% of covered compensation in excess of the IRC Section 401(a)(17) limit (currently \$265,000 per year). An election to participate in the SPSIP II remains in effect until the participant informs the plan administrator that he or she wishes to cease participation. In that case, the election to cease participation becomes effective at the beginning of the next calendar year. Some NEOs have elected to participate in the plan at the 5.0% level. At an employee participation level of 5.0%, the Company contributes an additional 4.0% of the participant s pay as a matching contribution, consistent with the terms of the PSIP ( Company Match ). Participants are always 100% vested in both the Company Match and their own contributions in the SPSIP II.

Participants in the SPSIP and the SPSIP II also elect how distributions of deferred amounts are to be made upon separation from service. Upon separation of service, distributions may be made in a lump sum or in installments. A different distribution election may be made for a separation from service due to death. Distributions under both plans are subject to ordinary income taxes.

Consistent with prior practice, accounts in the SPSIP II are credited with interest at the same rate determined by the Compensation Committee for deferrals under the DCAP III. Currently, the default interest rate selected by the Compensation Committee is 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the IRS. In addition, the committee approved the crediting of earnings (or losses) to an employee s DCAP III account based on the employee s choice of a hypothetical investment in some of the funds, other than the McKesson stock fund, provided under the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan.

Accounts in the legacy SPSIP were credited with earnings at a rate equal to the amount earned during the same period by the BNY Mellon Stable Value Fund investment option in the Company s PSIP.

Unlike tax-qualified retirement accounts, assets for the payment of benefits under the SPSIP and SPSIP II are not held in trust. Distributions under these plans are paid from the Company s general corporate funds. Participants and their

beneficiaries are unsecured general creditors of the Company with no special or prior right to any Company assets for payment of any obligation under the plans.

# **Deferred Compensation Administration Plan III**

The DCAP III was adopted by the Board on January 1, 2005 and is the successor plan to the Deferred Compensation Administration Plan II, which was frozen effective December 31, 2004. The DCAP III includes deferral and distribution provisions intended to comply with IRC Section 409A.

Participation in the DCAP III is open to all employees eligible for participation in the MIP with a bonus target of at least 15% of annual base salary and other highly compensated employees. For calendar year 2015, approximately 5,400 employees were eligible to participate in the DCAP III, including NEOs.

Participants may elect to defer into the DCAP III up to 75% of their annual base salary, up to 90% of their annual MIP payment and for those who also participate in the LTIP, up to 90% of any LTIP payment. Unlike the SPSIP II, an employee s election to participate in the DCAP III is in effect for only one calendar year. Amounts deferred under the DCAP III are credited to a book account, and the Compensation Committee approves the rate at which interest or earnings are credited each year to the account. Currently, the default interest rate selected by the Compensation Committee is 120% of the long-term applicable federal rate published for December 2015 by the IRS. In addition, the committee approved the crediting of earnings (or losses) to an employee s DCAP III account based on the employee s choice of a hypothetical investment in some of the funds, other than the McKesson stock fund, provided under the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Participants in the DCAP III make a distribution election at the time they elect to defer compensation. Distributions may be made at one or more specified dates in the future or upon separation of service in either a lump sum or in installments. A different distribution election may be made for a separation from service due to retirement, disability or death. However, if the separation from service is not due to retirement, disability or death, the entire account balance is distributed as a lump sum at a time such payment would comply with IRC Section 409A. Distributions under both plans are subject to ordinary income taxes.

Earnings that are deferred into the DCAP III are not considered covered compensation for PSIP or SPSIP II purposes as defined by those plans. No PSIP or SPSIP II employee deductions are taken from compensation deferred into the DCAP III. To keep the DCAP III participants whole with respect to their Company Match, an amount is credited to a participant s DCAP III account equal to the additional Company Match that would have been credited to the PSIP and/or the SPSIP II had a participant not participated in the DCAP III.

As with the SPSIP and the SPSIP II, assets for the payment of benefits under the DCAP plans are not held in trust. Distributions are paid from the Company s general corporate funds. Participants and their beneficiaries are unsecured general creditors of the Company with no special or prior right to any Company assets for payment of any obligation under the plans.

# **Executive Employment Agreements**

The Company entered into employment agreements with Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian which provide for the employment term, compensation and benefits payable during the agreement term, as well as specified payments in the case of employment termination. Both agreements provide that the executives will participate in all compensation and fringe benefit programs made available to all executive officers. These employment agreements were most recently amended in November 2008, primarily to ensure that post-employment payments and benefits under the agreements comply with IRC Section 409A.

The descriptions that follow are qualified in their entirety by the agreements themselves, which have been included as exhibits to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2008, as filed with the SEC on October 29, 2008.

# Mr. John H. Hammergren

The Company first entered into a three-year employment agreement with John H. Hammergren effective January 31, 1996, as Corporate Vice President and President of McKesson Health Systems (1996 Employment Agreement). The terms of that agreement were based in part on certain compensation elements provided to Mr. Hammergren by his previous employer and offered to him as inducement to accept our offer of employment.

The Company later entered into an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement with Mr. Hammergren, initially effective June 21, 1999, and as amended on April 1, 2004, November 1, 2006 and November 1, 2008 (Hammergren Agreement), which continues to be operative in his current role as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. These subsequent versions of the Hammergren Agreement consist in large measure of compensation elements and

terms that existed in the 1996 Employment Agreement, or terms provided to his predecessor as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer.

On March 27, 2012, Mr. Hammergren delivered to the Chair of the Compensation Committee a letter relinquishing his right under his employment agreement to be paid a golden parachute tax gross-up and the right to have his change in control-related cash severance calculated as the product of 2.99 times his base amount (as defined in IRC Section 280G), leaving in place the alternative cash severance formulation of a lump sum equal to three years salary continuation and MIP participation.

In addition, on February 27, 2014, Mr. Hammergren voluntarily agreed that his pension benefit under the EBRP would be a fixed amount of \$114 million, rather than have the benefit continue to be subject to fluctuations based on continued service, changes in pay rates or changes in interest rate assumptions. Mr. Hammergren s pension benefit will no longer be subject to additional adjustments. The value of his pension was reduced by almost 30% from the amount disclosed in our 2013 proxy statement as being payable had he resigned at the end of FY 2013.

The Hammergren Agreement renews automatically, so the remaining term is always three years. The Hammergren Agreement provides for an annual base salary of at least \$1,580,000 and such additional incentive compensation, if any, as may be determined by the Board or any duly authorized committee. Incentive compensation awarded to Mr. Hammergren under the MIP is calculated using an individual target award of not less than 150% of his base salary. Mr. Hammergren is entitled to receive all other benefits generally available to other members of the Company s management, and those benefits for which key executives are or become eligible.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The agreement provides that if the Company terminates Mr. Hammergren without Cause or he terminates for Good Reason (both as defined in the Hammergren Agreement, and described below under Definition of Cause and Definition of Good Reason ) and he remains in compliance with his post-employment non-disclosure and non-solicitation restrictions, he will be entitled to receive the following: (A) payment of his final monthly base salary for, and MIP awards whose performance periods end during, the remainder of the term of the Hammergren Agreement (Severance Period), with the MIP individual modifier equal to his average MIP individual modifier over the prior three years; (B) lifetime medical benefits and financial counseling program, as well as lifetime office space and secretarial support; (C) continued accrual and vesting of his rights and benefits under the Executive Survivor Benefits Plan (ESBP) and the EBRP for the Severance Period; (D) accelerated vesting of stock options and restricted stock, subject to certain forfeiture and repayment provisions; (E) continued participation in pro-rata awards under the LTIP for the remainder of the Severance Period; and (F) for purposes of DCAP III and the 1994 Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (or any similar plan or arrangement), his termination will be deemed to have occurred as if he qualified as a retiree.

Payments that are required to be delayed for specified employees under IRC Section 409A will be delayed following a separation from service. Any payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at a rate determined in advance by the Compensation Committee, as in effect on the date of separation. The current rate for this purpose is the interest rate applicable to amounts deferred under the DCAP III ( DCAP Rate ).

If Mr. Hammergren s employment is terminated within six months preceding, or within two years following, a Change in Control as defined in his employment agreement and described below under Definition of Change in Control, he will receive a lump-sum payment calculated in accordance with the provision described in clause (A) of the preceding paragraph and he will continue to receive all of the other severance benefits described in the preceding paragraph. The Change in Control severance payment and payment of his benefit under the EBRP may be delayed following his separation from service to comply with IRC Section 409A. Any payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at the DCAP Rate.

If Mr. Hammergren voluntarily terminates employment for other than Good Reason after the close of the fiscal year in which he has attained at least age 55 and has completed 15 years of continuous service in one or more of the following positions: Executive Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and/or co-Chief Executive Officer, upon retirement he will be entitled to receive the following: (i) the benefits set forth in clauses (B) and (F) above; and (ii) the continued vesting of his equity compensation, the full term to exercise his outstanding stock options, continued participation in the LTIP and the MIP with the individual modifier equal to the average individual modifier over the prior three years and the cash equivalent of PeRSUs granted under the Company s 2005 Stock Plan (or successor plans) for the performance periods that begin prior to, but end after, his retirement. Receipt of these added benefits is conditioned on Mr. Hammergren providing advance notice of his intent to retire and the Board either electing or approving by resolution his successor as Chief Executive Officer or approving a plan of succession. Mr. Hammergren will forfeit the aforementioned benefits if he breaches his confidentiality and non-solicitation obligations to the Company after his retirement.

If Mr. Hammergren voluntarily terminates his employment with the Company other than for Good Reason (other than under the circumstances described above), he will be entitled to receive the benefits set forth in clauses (B) and (F) above. If Mr. Hammergren is prevented from carrying out his duties and responsibilities due to disability, he will continue to receive his then-current salary for the period of his disability or, if less, a period of 12 months. If

Mr. Hammergren s employment is terminated for Cause, the Company s obligations under the Hammergren Agreement cease and terminate. Any rights he may have under the Company s benefit plans will be determined solely in accordance with the express terms of those plans. If Mr. Hammergren dies during the term of his agreement, the Company will continue to pay his salary to his surviving spouse or designee for a period of six months. The Company will also pay to his spouse or designee his benefits under the EBRP.

The Hammergren Agreement provides that, for a period of at least two years following the termination of his employment with the Company, Mr. Hammergren may not solicit or hire employees or solicit competitive business from any person or entity that was a customer of the Company within the two years prior to his termination. In addition, he is forever prohibited from using or disclosing any of the Company s Confidential Information, as defined in the Hammergren Agreement.

#### Mr. Paul C. Julian

The Company entered into an employment agreement with Paul C. Julian effective August 1, 1999, which was amended and restated effective April 1, 2004, November 1, 2006 and November 1, 2008 (Julian Agreement). The Julian Agreement provides that the Company will continue to employ Mr. Julian as Executive Vice President and Group President, or in such other executive capacities as may be specified by our CEO, for an initial three-year term with automatic one-year extensions commencing on November 1, 2012 and on each November 1 thereafter.

The Julian Agreement provides for an annual base salary of at least \$986,000 and such additional incentive compensation, if any, as may be determined by the Compensation Committee. Any incentive compensation awarded to Mr. Julian under the

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MIP shall be calculated using an individual target award of 110% of his base salary. Mr. Julian also shall receive all other benefits generally available to other members of the Company s management and those benefits for which key executives are or become eligible.

The agreement provides that if the Company terminates Mr. Julian without Cause, or he terminates for Good Reason (both as defined in the Julian Agreement and described below under Definition of Cause and Definition of Good Reason ), the Company shall: (A) continue his then-monthly base salary, reduced by any compensation he receives from a subsequent employer, for the remainder of the term; (B) consider him for a prorated bonus under the MIP for the fiscal year in which termination occurs; (C) continue his medical benefits or provide comparable coverage until the expiration of the term; and (D) continue the accrual and vesting of his rights, benefits and existing awards for the remainder of the term of his agreement for purposes of the ESBP and the Company s equity compensation plans; and (E) calculate his EBRP benefit as if he continued employment until the end of the term. Any of these payments or benefits that are required to be delayed for specified employees under IRC Section 409A will be delayed following his separation from service. Certain payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at the DCAP Rate.

If Mr. Julian s employment is terminated within six months preceding, or within two years following, a Change in Control (as defined in his agreement and described below under Definition of Change in Control ), he will receive a lump-sum payment in lieu of the salary and incentive payments described in subsections (A) and (B) above and will continue to receive all of the other severance benefits described in the preceding paragraph. This lump-sum payment will be equal to 2.99 multiplied by his Earnings, as described below in the Change in Control Policy narrative.

If the benefits received by Mr. Julian under his agreement are subject to the excise tax provision set forth in Section 4999 of the IRC, the Company will provide him with a full gross-up payment to cover any excise taxes and interest imposed on excess parachute payments as defined in IRC Section 280G. The Change in Control severance payment, payment of his benefit under the EBRP and his tax gross-up payment may be delayed following his separation from service to comply with IRC Section 409A. Any payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at the DCAP Rate.

If Mr. Julian is prevented from carrying out his duties and responsibilities due to disability, he will continue to receive his then-current salary for the period of his disability or, if less, 12 months. If Mr. Julian s employment with the Company is terminated by his death, the Company will continue to pay his salary to his surviving spouse or designee for a period of six months.

If Mr. Julian s employment is terminated for Cause, the Company s obligations under his agreement cease and terminate. Any rights he may have under the Company s benefit plans will be determined solely in accordance with the express terms of those plans.

The Julian Agreement provides that, for a period of at least two years following the termination of his employment with the Company, Mr. Julian may not solicit or hire employees or solicit competitive business from any person or entity that was a customer of the Company within the three years prior to his termination. In addition, he is forever prohibited from using or disclosing any of the Company s Confidential Information as defined in the Julian Agreement.

#### **Executive Severance Policy**

The Severance Policy for Executive Employees, as amended and restated on April 23, 2013 (Executive Severance Policy), applies in the event an executive officer is terminated by the Company for reasons other than for Cause, as described below in Definition of Cause, and the termination is not covered by the Company s CIC Policy as described below.

The benefit payable to participants under the Executive Severance Policy is the sum of 12 months base salary plus one month s base salary per year of service, up to the lesser of (i) 24 months and (ii) the number of months until the participant turns age 62. Benefits under this plan are paid over time and are reduced or eliminated by any income the executive receives from subsequent employers during the severance payment period. Participants must execute a general release of the Company and its affiliates in order to receive severance benefits. A terminated executive who is receiving payments under the terms of an employment agreement he or she may have with the Company is not entitled to receive additional payments under the Executive Severance Policy.

Commencement of payments under the Executive Severance Policy may be delayed following a participant s separation from service to comply with IRC Section 409A. Any payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at the DCAP Rate until paid. Pursuant to the Executive Severance Policy, the Company will seek shareholder approval for any future arrangement with a participant in the plan that would provide for severance pay and benefits having a present value exceeding 2.99 times the sum of the executive s base salary and target bonus.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Change in Control Policy**

The Change in Control Policy for Selected Executive Employees, amended and restated on October 26, 2010 ( CIC Policy ), provides severance payments to employees of the Company (including executive officers) selected annually for participation in the Compensation Committee s discretion. Payments under the CIC Policy are paid only upon a qualifying separation from service that occurs within six months prior to, or 24 months following, a Change in Control (as defined in the policy and described below in Definition of a Change in Control ). Under the CIC Policy, a qualifying separation from service is one that is by the Company without Cause (as defined in the policy) and either proximate to or instigated by the party involved in, or otherwise in connection with, the Change in Control, or one that is initiated by the participant for Good Reason (as defined in the policy).

The CIC Policy expands eligibility for benefits to a larger employee group than is eligible under the Executive Severance Policy, but like the Executive Severance Policy, it excludes participation by an executive who has an individual agreement with the Company providing for change in control benefits. Participants in the CIC Policy are designated by the Compensation Committee to participate in one of three tiers. Tier one participants (which would include any NEO participating in the CIC Policy) are entitled to a cash benefit equal to 2.99 times the participant s Earnings, defined by the policy as the sum of (i) annual base salary plus (ii) the greater of (A) the participant s target bonus under the MIP or (B) the average of the participant s MIP award for the latest three years for which the participant was eligible to receive an award (or such lesser period of time during which the participant was eligible to receive an award).

CIC Policy participants are eligible for a full gross-up payment if benefits payable under the policy are subject to an excise tax under IRC Section 4999. If a tier one participant is covered by the EBRP, the participant s straight-life annuity benefits under that plan will be calculated by adding three additional years of age and three additional years of service to the participant s actual age and service. Tier one participants are eligible for three years of continued coverage under the Company s medical plans (or plans providing comparable coverage) at no greater cost to the executive and Company-paid life insurance for three years. CIC Policy severance payments may be delayed following a participant s separation from service to comply with IRC Section 409A. Any payments delayed as a result of such compliance will accrue interest at the DCAP Rate until paid.

# **Definition of a Change in Control**

For purposes of the CIC Policy and Mr. Julian s employment agreement, a Change in Control is defined as the occurrence of any change in ownership of the Company, a change in the effective control of the Company or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company as defined in IRC Section 409A.

For purposes of Mr. Hammergren s Agreement, a Change in Control of the Company is deemed to have occurred if any of the following events occur: (A) during any period of not more than 12 consecutive months, any person (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act) excluding the Company or any of its affiliates, a trustee or any fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit

plan of the Company or any of its affiliates, an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities or a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Company) is or becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rule 13(d)(3) under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of the Company s then outstanding securities; (B) during any period of not more than 12 consecutive months, individuals who at the beginning of such period constitute the Board and any new director (other than a director designated by a person who has entered into an agreement with the Company to effect a transaction described in clause (A), (C) or (D) of this paragraph) whose election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company s shareholders was approved by a vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the directors then still in office who either were directors at the beginning of the period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved, cease for any reason to constitute a majority thereof; (C) the shareholders of the Company approve a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation, other than (x) a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity), in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation or (y) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no person acquires more than 50% of the combined voting power of the Company s then outstanding securities; or (D) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company s assets.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Notwithstanding the foregoing, under the terms of Mr. Hammergren s Agreement, no Change in Control is deemed to have occurred if there is consummated any transaction or series of integrated transactions immediately following which, in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, the holders of the Company s common stock immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions continue to have the same proportionate ownership in an entity which owns all or substantially all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions.

#### **Definition of Good Reason**

Both Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian have Good Reason to resign if any of the following actions is taken without his express written consent: (A) any material change by the Company in the executive officer s functions, duties or responsibilities if that change would cause his position with the Company to become of less dignity, responsibility, or importance; (B) any reduction in the executive officer s base salary, other than one in conjunction with an across-the-board reduction for all executive employees of the Company; (C) any material failure by the Company to comply with any of the provisions of the executive s employment agreement; (D) relocation to an office more than 25 miles from the office at which the executive officer was based as of the effective date of the executive s employment agreement; or (E) in the case of the Julian Agreement, in the event of a Change in Control, any change in the level of the officer within the Company to whom Mr. Julian reports as such level existed immediately prior to the Change in Control.

Under the Hammergren Agreement, the following additional actions constitute Good Reason: (i) termination of his obligation and right to report directly to the Board, but not if he ceases to serve as Chairman, unless such action is taken in conjunction with a Change in Control; (ii) the Board removes him as Chairman at or after a Change in Control (or prior to a Change in Control if at the request of any third party participating in or causing the Change in Control), unless such removal is required by then applicable law; (iii) a change in the majority of the members of the Board as it was construed immediately prior to the Change in Control; (iv) failure by the Company to obtain the express assumption of his agreement by any successor or assign of the Company; or (v) cancellation of the automatic renewal provision in his agreement. Any incapacity he may develop due to physical or mental illness will not affect his ability to resign for Good Reason.

#### **Definition of Cause**

Generally under the Company s plans and programs, Cause means the executive s willful misconduct and in some cases the executive s negligent misconduct which in any case is injurious to the Company. The specific consequences of such behavior are reflected in the agreement or plan documents.

The Hammergren Agreement provides that the Company may generally terminate Mr. Hammergren s employment if he: (i) willfully engages in misconduct that is demonstrably and materially injurious to the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; (ii) engages in willful and material dishonesty involving the Company s assets or those of any of its affiliated companies; or (iii) materially fails to comply with any of the provisions of his agreement.

Before a termination for Cause may take effect, the Company must provide Mr. Hammergren with formal written notice after giving him the opportunity to be heard before the Board, give him a 15-day opportunity to cure his conduct, if appropriate, and have his termination confirmed by arbitration.

The Julian Agreement provides that the Company may terminate Mr. Julian s employment for Cause under a definition that is similar, but not identical, to the Hammergren Agreement and provides Mr. Julian with the same procedural protections in the event of a termination for Cause.

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# **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control**

The narrative and tables that follow describe potential payments and benefits that may be received by our NEOs or their respective beneficiaries pursuant to existing employment agreements, plans or arrangements under various separation scenarios including termination of employment or Change in Control.

Unless otherwise noted, the amounts shown assume a March 31, 2016 separation date, reflect the total present value of the obligation and, where applicable, are calculated using the \$157.25 closing price of the Company s common stock on March 31, 2016. Where the Company s obligation is to provide services (e.g., office and secretarial support), the discounted present value of the obligation is shown. These amounts are estimates only, as the actual obligation can only be determined at the time of actual separation from the Company.

The following tables show six termination events where an NEO, or the NEO s beneficiary, may receive benefits: (i) death; (ii) disability; (iii) termination for Cause; (iv) voluntary termination; (v) involuntary termination not involving a change in control; and (vi) involuntary termination following a change in control. For both death and disability, the narrative and tabular disclosures include all benefits that may be provided to each NEO. Starting with involuntary termination, to avoid repetition, the narrative and tabular disclosures reflect only the incremental value that may be conveyed to each NEO. We are required to report the values below as if the NEO separated from service on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year.

For the Pension Benefits Table, we are generally required to report the values payable on a future date (the assumed retirement date) discounted to the pension benefit measurement date of March 31, 2016. This is one of the reasons why, except with respect to Mr. Hammergren, the EBRP values shown in the hypothetical voluntary termination table differ from the values reported in the Pension Benefits Table. In addition, amounts shown in the 2016 Pension Benefits Table do not include interest paid on amounts delayed for six months to comply with IRC Section 409A. Except for Mr. Hammergren s benefit, which is a fixed amount, the pension benefits shown below are estimated values which may vary significantly based on subsequent events, such as changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in PBGC and GATT lump-sum interest rates and changes in compensation used to calculate pension benefits for our NEOs.

Additionally, the amounts in the 2016 Pension Benefits Table reflect current service, actual plan compensation through FY 2016 (FY 2016 MIP amounts are assumed to equal target amounts) and an assumed 1.25% lump-sum interest rate. The payment amounts below reflect current service, actual plan compensation through FY 2016 (using actual FY 2016 MIP payout amounts), the NEO s age on March 31, 2016 and the lump-sum conversion rate prescribed in the EBRP for a March 31, 2016 termination date. Mr. Julian, due to his age and service, is entitled to a lump-sum pension benefit computed using a 1.25% rate. The determination of these benefits is more fully explained in the narrative following the 2016 Pension Benefits Table.

On January 20, 2010, the Company froze the Executive Survivor Benefits Plan ( ESBP ) to new participants. All of our NEOs except Mr. Beer participate in the ESBP, which provides a supplemental cash death benefit to the executive s named beneficiary on a tax-neutral basis. Under the terms of the ESBP, beneficiaries receive a cash death benefit of 300% of the executive s annual base salary, up to a maximum of \$2,000,000, if the executive dies while an active employee.

Participants in the ESBP are also entitled to post-employment coverage if they are granted Approved Retirement. A participant is eligible for Approved Retirement and is an Approved Retiree under the ESBP: (i) upon termination after age 62; (ii) for any involuntary termination after age 55 and completion of 15 years of service; (iii) with the approval of the Compensation Committee for any termination prior to (i) or (ii) above if the participant is at least age 55 and has completed five years of service; or (iv) as provided in a written employment agreement or at the Board s discretion. However, the post-termination benefit conveyed to an Approved Retiree s beneficiary under the ESBP is reduced to 150% of the participant s final annual base salary up to a maximum of \$1,000,000. Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren is entitled to Approved Retirement under the ESBP should his employment terminate for any reason other than for Cause.

In each of the tables below, a -0- indicates no monetary value is associated with the benefit, while a indicates the NEO is not entitled to the benefit.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### **Benefits and Payments upon Death**

In the event of death, employees receive accelerated vesting of their outstanding options and RSUs, prorated TSRU awards, prorated MIP awards and prorated LTIP awards for any LTIP performance period that is at least 50% complete. Prorated TSRU, MIP and LTIP payments are made at the end of the performance period when payments are made to other plan participants. Vested stock options remain exercisable for three years, subject to expiration of the option term.

The table below reflects the benefits payable in the event of death of our NEOs effective March 31, 2016:

C	Salary Continuation to Spouse or Designee	Value of Option Vesting	Value of Stock Vesting	MIP	LTIP	Cash Death Benefit (ESBP)	Executive Pension (EBRP)
Name	(\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	(\$) <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$) <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	(\$) <sup>(4)</sup>	(\$) <sup>(5)</sup>	(EDKP) (\$) <sup>(6)</sup>
John H. Hammergren	(1)	9,299,771	29,978,769	4,233,600	6,463,333	3,311,258	114,000,000
James A. Beer	,	30,226	2,905,194	1,184,213	1,587,333	, ,	, ,
Paul C. Julian	532,500	5,148,401	16,578,553	1,968,120	3,348,667	3,311,258	27,519,566
Patrick J. Blake		1,754,998	5,716,352	861,638	1,007,333	3,819,214	
Jorge L. Figueredo		1,519,845	4,825,688	787,248	732,667	3,775,293	

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts shown represent six months of base salary as of March 31, 2016, payable in accordance with the terms of the NEO s employment agreement.

(2) Amounts shown represent the value of unvested stock options, RSUs and TSRUs as of March 31, 2016. In the event of death, NEOs are eligible for accelerated vesting of options and RSUs and a prorated TSRU award reflecting the amount earned through the month of death. The value shown for option acceleration is calculated as the difference between the option exercise price and \$157.25, the closing price of the Company s common stock on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. Beneficiaries have the earlier of three years or the option expiration date to exercise vested stock options. The value shown for TSRU awards is \$0, since TSRU payouts for FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 awards were tracking to pay out at 0% of target as of March 31, 2016. For more information on unvested equity awards held by NEOs, refer to the 2016 Outstanding Equity Awards Table.

(3)

Amounts shown represent actual MIP payouts for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. In the event of death, NEOs are eligible for a prorated MIP award reflecting the amount earned through the month of death.

- (4) Amounts shown represent actual LTIP payouts for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and pro-rata portions (66.7%) of FY 2015 FY 2017 LTIP target awards. In the event of death, NEOs are eligible for a prorated LTIP award reflecting the amount earned through the month of death for any performance period that is at least 50% complete.
- (5) Amounts shown represent 300% of annual base salary, up to a maximum of \$2,000,000, on a tax-neutral basis. Mr. Beer is not an ESBP participant, since he was not an executive officer when participation in the plan was frozen in 2010.
- (6) Amounts shown represent the present value of lump-sum pension benefits payable to surviving spouses or designees. The following assumptions were used to determine the present value of benefit amounts: (i) the surviving spouse or designee is the same age as the NEO; (ii) participant was granted Early, or Approved Retirement if eligible, on the day before death; and (iii) participant elected to receive benefits in the actuarially reduced form of a joint and 100% survivor annuity. Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian have vested EBRP benefits. Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo are not EBRP participants, since they were not executive officers when participation in the plan was frozen in 2007.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

#### Benefits and Payments upon Termination Due to Disability

In the event of termination due to permanent and total disability, employees receive accelerated vesting of their outstanding options and RSUs, prorated TSRU awards, prorated MIP awards and prorated LTIP awards for any LTIP performance period that is at least 50% complete. TSRU, MIP and LTIP payments are made at the end of the performance period when payments are made to other plan participants. With respect to NEOs, a termination due to disability occurs on the first anniversary of the date the executive is unable to perform services.

The table below reflects the benefits payable in the event of termination due to disability effective March 31, 2016, which for purposes of this presentation is considered to be a voluntary termination under Mr. Hammergren s and Mr. Julian s employment agreements and the Executive Severance Policy for Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo:

				Value of				Cash Death	Executive
		Office and	Financial	Option	Value of Stock			Benefit	Pension
	Medical	Secretary	Counseling	Vesting	Vesting	MIP	LTIP	(ESBP)	(EBRP)
Name	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(1)</sup>	(\$)(1)	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$)(2)	(\$)(3)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(4)</sup>	(\$)(5)	(\$)(6)
John H.									
Hammergren	917,653	1,287,011	230,098	9,299,771	29,978,769	4,233,600	6,463,333	1,655,629	114,000,000
James A.									
Beer				30,226	2,905,194	1,184,213	1,587,333		
Paul C. Julian				5,148,401	16,578,553	1,968,120	3,348,667		33,317,043
Patrick J.									
Blake				1,754,998	5,716,352	861,638	1,007,333		
Jorge L.									
Figueredo				1,519,845	4,825,688	787,248	732,667		

<sup>(1)</sup> Mr. Hammergren s employment agreement provides for lifetime post-employment medical coverage, office and secretary and financial counseling. We used the following assumptions to determine the present value of benefit amounts:

*Medical:* a monthly full family (COBRA) rate together with dental and vision of \$1,290, increased by a multiple for higher expected claims due to disability; a future value discount rate of 3.70%; a pre-Medicare healthcare trend of 6.75%, grading down 0.25% per year to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%; a post-Medicare healthcare trend of 6.25% grading down 0.25% per year to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%; and the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected backward to the year 2006 with Scale MP-2014 projected with scale MP-2015 to 2016.

Office and Secretary, Financial Counseling: an annual cost of \$116,453 for office and secretary and \$20,820 for financial counseling; a 0.0% trend rate for cost appreciation and a future value discount rate of 3.45%; a utilization rate of 100% to age 67 gradually decreasing until age 99, after which it is zero; and the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected backward to the year 2006 with Scale MP- 2014 projected with scale MP-2015 to 2016.

- (2) Amounts shown represent the value of unvested stock options, RSUs and TSRUs as of March 31, 2016. In the event of disability, NEOs are eligible for accelerated vesting of options and RSUs and a prorated TSRU award reflecting the amount earned through the month of disability. The value shown for option acceleration is calculated as the difference between the option exercise price and \$157.25, the closing price of the Company's common stock on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. Employees or their beneficiaries have the earlier of three years or the option expiration date to exercise vested stock options. The value shown for TSRU awards is \$0, since TSRU payouts for FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 awards were tracking to pay out at 0% of target as of March 31, 2016. For more information on unvested equity awards held by NEOs, refer to the 2016 Outstanding Equity Awards Table.
- (3) Amounts shown represent actual MIP payouts for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. In the event of disability, NEOs are eligible for a prorated MIP award reflecting the amount earned through the month of disability.
- (4) In the event of disability, NEOs are eligible for a prorated LTIP award reflecting the amount earned through the month of disability for any performance period that is at least 50% complete. Amounts shown for NEOs represent actual LTIP payouts for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and pro-rata portions (66.7%) of FY 2015 FY 2017 LTIP target awards.
- (5) As an Approved Retiree under the ESBP, Mr. Hammergren is eligible for a post-employment benefit of \$1,000,000 on a tax-neutral basis.
- (6) Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian have vested EBRP benefits. Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake, and Mr. Figueredo are not EBRP participants, since they were not executive officers when participation in the plan was frozen in 2007. Mr. Julian is entitled to an Early Retirement benefit under the EBRP.

#### **Termination for Cause**

In the event of termination for Cause as described above under Definition of Cause, or as defined in the Company s contracts, plans or policies, all obligations or commitments are canceled or voided, including outstanding equity grants, vested stock options, MIP and LTIP awards and EBRP benefits. However, payments such as accrued but unpaid salary and paid time off are made as required by federal and state laws.

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#### **EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

# **Benefits and Payments upon Voluntary Termination**

In the event of voluntary termination for all NEOs except Mr. Hammergren, (or for Mr. Julian, for other than for Good Reason), all unvested equity is canceled. Employees whose age plus service equals 65 (65 points) are eligible for prorated MIP awards. For LTIP awards made before May 26, 2015, employees with at least 65 points are eligible for a prorated LTIP award, reflecting the amount earned through the month of voluntary termination, for any performance period that is at least 50% complete. For LTIP awards made on or after May 26, 2015, employees who have attained age 60 with at least 10 years of service (or age 57 with 10 years of service for EBRP participants) are eligible for continued participation in the LTIP, provided that they have worked at least one year of the performance period. Under our equity plans, all employee participants with at least 65 points have three years to exercise vested stock options, subject to expiration of the option term. For equity awards made on or after May 26, 2015, employees who have attained age 60 with at least 10 years of service (or age 57 with 10 years of service for EBRP participants) are eligible for continued vesting of equity compensation and the full term to exercise stock options, provided that they have completed at least one year of service following grant date. Among NEOs, Mr. Hammergren, Mr. Julian and Mr. Blake had 65 points on March 31, 2016. Mr. Julian, as an EBRP participant, had attained age 57 with at least 10 years of service as of March 31, 2016.

Under the terms of his employment agreement, at the end of FY 2015 Mr. Hammergren became eligible upon voluntary termination to receive the continued vesting of his equity compensation, the full term to exercise his stock options and continued participation in the LTIP and the MIP. Mr. Hammergren receives Approved Retiree status under the ESBP in the event of voluntary termination. Approved Retiree status extends coverage under the ESBP into retirement at a level of 150% of final annual base salary, up to a maximum of \$1,000,000, on a tax-neutral basis. Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren receives lifetime medical coverage, office and secretary and financial counseling.

The table below reflects the benefits payable in the event of voluntary termination effective March 31, 2016:

		Office and	Financial	Value of Option	Value of Stock			Cash Death Benefit	Executive Pension
	Medical			•	Vesting	MIP	LTIP	(ESBP)	(EBRP)
Name	$(\$)^{(1)}$	(\$)(1)	$(\$)^{(1)}$	$(\$)^{(2)}$	$(\$)^{(2)}$	$(\$)^{(3)}$	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(4)</sup>	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(5)</sup>	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(6)</sup>
John H. Hammergren James A. Beer	550,912	1,544,111	276,063	9,299,771	29,978,769	4,233,600	9,390,000	1,655,629	114,000,000
Paul C. Julian						1,968,120	4,612,667		33,831,791

Patrick J. Blake Jorge L.

Figueredo

861,638 1,007,333

(1) Mr. Hammergren s employment agreement provides for lifetime post-employment medical coverage, office and secretary and financial counseling. We used the following assumptions to determine the present value of benefit amounts:

*Medical:* a monthly full family (COBRA) rate, together with dental and vision of \$1,290, a future value discount rate of 3.70%; a pre-Medicare healthcare trend of 6.75%, grading down 0.25% per year to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%; a post-Medicare healthcare trend of 6.25%, grading down 0.25% per year to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%; and the RP-2014 Mortality Table projected backward to the year 2006 with Scale MP-2014 for Annuitants with fully generational MP-2015 projection.

Office and Secretary, Financial Counseling: an annual cost of \$116,453 for office and secretary and \$20,820 for financial counseling; a 0% trend rate for cost appreciation and a future value discount rate of 3.45%; a utilization rate of 100% to age 67, gradually decreasing until age 99, after which it is zero; and the RP-2014 Mortality Table projected backward to the year 2006 with Scale MP-2014 for Annuitants with fully generational MP-2015 projection.

- (2) Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren is entitled to receive the continued vesting of his equity compensation and the full term to exercise his stock options. The value shown for option vesting is calculated as the difference between the option exercise price and \$157.25, the closing price of the Company s common stock on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. The value shown for TSRU awards is \$0, since TSRU payouts for FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 awards were tracking to pay out at 0% of target as of March 31, 2016. Mr. Julian has attained age 57 with at least 10 years of service as of March 31, 2016. However, he had not completed one year of service for awards granted on May 26, 2015 as of March 31, 2016.
- (3) Amounts shown represent actual MIP payouts for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren is entitled to receive continued full participation in the MIP. As Retirees under the MIP with 65 points as of March 31, 2016, Mr. Julian and Mr. Blake are eligible for prorated MIP awards.
- (4) Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren is entitled to receive continued full participation in the LTIP. The amount shown for Mr. Hammergren represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and target payouts for the FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 performance periods. Mr. Julian has 65 points and is an EBRP participant who has attained age 57 with at least 10 years of service as of March 31, 2016. The amount shown for Mr. Julian represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016, the pro-rata portion (66.7%) of the FY 2015 FY 2017 target award and the target payout for Mr. Blake represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and the pro-rata portion (66.7%) of the FY 2015 FY 2017 LTIP target award.

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- (5) As an Approved Retiree under the ESBP, Mr. Hammergren is eligible for a post-employment benefit of \$1,000,000 on a tax-neutral basis.
- (6) Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian have vested EBRP benefits. Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo are not EBRP participants, since they were not executive officers when participation in the plan was frozen in 2007. For Mr. Julian, who is entitled to an Early Retirement benefit under the EBRP, the amount shown includes six months interest accrued at the DCAP Rate, since payment of the benefit is delayed six months to comply with IRC Section 409A.

Incremental Benefits and Payments upon Involuntary Termination or Voluntary Termination for Good Reason

The Executive Severance Policy covers employees nominated by management and approved by the Compensation Committee. This policy covers NEOs without employment agreements. The Executive Severance Policy is described above in Executive Employment Agreements.

Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian are eligible for severance benefits upon involuntary termination without Cause, or for voluntary termination for Good Reason as described above in Executive Employment Agreements. Mr. Hammergren s agreement provides for accelerated vesting of all outstanding equity grants. Additionally, he maintains his status as an active employee under the ESBP and continues his participation in outstanding LTIP performance periods for the duration of his Severance Period, which is defined in his employment agreement. Mr. Julian s agreement provides for continued vesting of outstanding equity grants for the remaining term of his employment agreement.

The table below reflects the incremental benefits payable, in addition to the amounts in the table above, in the event of involuntary termination other than for Cause, and with respect to Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian, in the event of voluntary termination for Good Reason effective March 31, 2016:

									Cash	
	Salary		Office		Value of	Value of			Death	Executive
	Continuation				l Option	Stock			Benefit	Pension
	Severance	Medica	ecre <b>C</b> a	<b>y</b> nselin	gVesting	Vesting	MIP	LTIP	(ESBP)	(EBRP)
Name	(\$)(1)	(\$)(2)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)(3)	(\$)(3)	(\$)(4)	(\$)(5)	(\$)(6)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(7)</sup>
John H. Hammergrer	n 5,048,400	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	11,340,000	-0-	-0-	-0-

James A.

Beer 956,080

Paul C. Julian 2,756,575 40,004 5,148,401 16,578,553 -0- -0- 1,655,629 5,288,137

Patrick J.

Blake 1,439,590 -0- -0-

Jorge L.

Figueredo 1,046,712

- (1) Amounts shown represent the following: (i) for Mr. Hammergren and Mr. Julian, salary continuation as provided under their respective employment agreements; (ii) for Mr. Beer, Mr. Blake and Mr. Figueredo, severance as provided under the Executive Severance Policy; and (iii) for all NEOs, six months interest accrued at the DCAP Rate, since payment of vested benefits is delayed six months to comply with IRC Section 409A.
- (2) Mr. Julian s employment agreement provides for medical coverage for the remaining term of his employment agreement as of March 31, 2016. The amount shown represents the monthly individual (COBRA) rate for 31 months.
- (3) Mr. Hammergren s employment agreement provides for the accelerated vesting of stock options and RSUs and continued vesting of TSRUs. The amount shown under option acceleration is calculated as the difference between the option exercise price and \$157.25, the closing price of the Company s common stock on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. Mr. Hammergren has the earlier of three years or the option expiration date to exercise vested stock options. The value shown for TSRU awards is \$0, since TSRU payouts for FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 awards were tracking to pay out at 0% of target as of March 31, 2016. Mr. Julian s employment agreement provides for continued vesting of outstanding equity awards. The amount shown represents the additional vesting that occurs for the remaining term of his employment agreement. For more information on unvested equity awards held by NEOs, refer to the 2016 Outstanding Equity Awards Table.
- (4) Mr. Hammergren s and Mr. Julian s employment agreements provide for continued participation in the MIP. Amounts shown represent the following: (i) for Mr. Hammergren, the actual MIP payout for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table plus three years of FY 2016 MIP opportunity paid at target; and (ii) for Mr. Julian, the actual MIP payout for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. The amount shown for Mr. Blake represents actual MIP payouts for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. As a Retiree under the MIP with 65 points as of March 31, 2016, Mr. Blake is eligible for prorated MIP awards.
- (5) Under the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Hammergren is entitled to receive continued full participation in the LTIP. The amount shown for Mr. Hammergren represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and target payouts for the FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 performance periods. Mr. Julian has 65 points and is an EBRP participant who has attained age 57 with at least 10 years of service as of March 31, 2016. The amount shown for Mr. Julian represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016, the pro-rata portion (66.7%) of the FY 2015 FY 2017 target award and the target payout for Mr. Blake represents the actual LTIP payout for FY 2014 FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and the pro-rata portion (66.7%) of the FY 2015 FY 2017 LTIP target award.
- (6) As an Approved Retiree under the ESBP, Mr. Julian is eligible for a post-employment benefit of \$1,000,000 on a tax-neutral basis.

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(7) Mr. Julian s employment agreement provides for additional service credits for the remaining terms of his employment agreement. For Mr. Julian, who is entitled to an Approved Retirement benefit under the EBRP, the amount shown includes six months interest accrued at the DCAP Rate, since payment of the benefit is delayed six months to comply with IRC Section 409A.

Incremental Benefits and Payments upon Involuntary Termination in Conjunction with a Change in Control

The CIC Policy provides severance benefits to employees nominated by management and approved by the Compensation Committee. This policy covers NEOs without employment agreements. A detailed discussion of our CIC policy is provided above at Executive Employment Agreements.

Upon termination in conjunction with a Change in Control, the 2013 Stock Plan, 2005 Stock Plan and applicable award agreements provide for accelerated vesting of outstanding unvested equity awards. Award agreements under the 2013 Stock Plan provide that upon a Change in Control, TSRUs convert into time-based vesting awards based on the greater of target or actual performance under the terms of the awards through the date of the Change in Control. The MIP provides for payment after the end of the fiscal year in which a Change in Control occurs, equal to the greatest of (i) the target award; (ii) the award payable based on actual performance; or (iii) the average award payable to the participant for the prior three years. This MIP award is also payable if the participant s employment is involuntarily terminated within 12 months after a Change in Control. The LTIP and applicable award agreements provide for payout of outstanding awards upon an involuntary termination in conjunction with a Change in Control. The LTIP payout is calculated based on achievement against performance measures through the last completed fiscal year.

The table below reflects the incremental benefits payable, in addition to the amounts in the two previous tables, in the event of an involuntary termination in conjunction with a Change in Control effective March 31, 2016:

										Cash	
				Office		Value of	Value			Death	Executive
	Gross-		· ·			Option	of Stock			Benefit	Pension
	Up	Severance	MedicaSe	creCa	ynseling	gVesting	Vesting	MIP	LTIP	(ESBP)	(EBRP)
Name	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(1)</sup>	(\$)(1)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(2)</sup>	(\$)	(\$)	<b>(</b> \$) <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	(\$)(1)(4)	(\$)(5)	(\$)	(\$)(6)
John H.											
Hammergren		11,584,671	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	9,996,662	(10,747,800)	-0-	-0-	-0-
James A.											
Beer	-0-	4,480,485	52,892			30,226	5,108,896	1,184,213	2,244,000		
Paul C. Julian	n -0-	7,288,443	6,452			-0-	5,565,864	275,303	399,333	-0-	211,005

Patrick J.	atrick J.
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Blake	-0-	3,353,687	69,049	1,754,998	7,534,162	-0-	532,667	
Jorge L.								
Figueredo	-()-	3,468,508	52.340	1.519.845	6.401.176	828.131	1.209.000	

- (1) Except for Mr. Hammergren, amounts shown are incremental tax-neutral amounts which include six months interest accrued at the DCAP Rate, since severance payments are delayed six months to comply with IRC Section 409A. Mr. Hammergren relinquished his right to an excise tax gross-up on March 27, 2012. In the event of an involuntary termination in conjunction with a Change in Control, Mr. Hammergren s employment agreement provides for a lump-sum cash severance payment equal to the amount payable in the event of an involuntary termination absent a Change in Control. For the other NEOs covered by the CIC Policy and for Mr. Julian, who is covered by an employment agreement, amounts shown represent 2.99 times the sum of annual base salary, plus the greater of a MIP target award or the average actual MIP payout over the last three fiscal years.
- (2) Amounts shown represent the post-employment medical coverage to be provided in conjunction with a Change in Control.
- (3) Amounts shown represent the value of unvested stock options, RSUs and TSRUs as of March 31, 2016. The value shown under option acceleration is calculated as the difference between the option exercise price and \$157.25, the closing price of the Company s common stock on March 31, 2016, the last day of our fiscal year. Employees have the earlier of three years or the option expiration date to exercise vested stock options. Values for TSRU awards reflect target payout amounts. Award agreements under the 2013 Stock Plan provide that upon a Change in Control, TSRUs convert into time-based vesting awards based on the greater of target or actual performance under the terms of the awards through the date of the Change in Control. For more information on unvested equity awards held by NEOs, refer to the 2016 Outstanding Equity Awards Table.
- (4) For Mr. Hammergren, the amount shown represents a reduction from the amount that would be payable in the event of an involuntary termination not for Cause or a voluntary termination for Good Reason, because the amount shown under Severance as described in footnote (1) above includes the estimated value of three years participation in the MIP. Mr. Julian s employment agreement provides for continued participation in the MIP. For Mr. Julian, the amount shown represents the average MIP payout for the latest three years. For Mr. Beer and Mr. Blake, amounts shown represent actual MIP payouts for FY 2016 as reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table. For Mr. Figueredo, the amount shown represents the average MIP payout for the latest three years.
- (5) Amounts shown represent the actual LTIP payout from the FY 2014 FY 2016 performance period and target payouts for the FY 2015 FY 2017 and FY 2016 FY 2018 performance periods.
- (6) For Mr. Julian, who is entitled to an Early Retirement benefit under the EBRP, amounts shown include six months interest accrued at the DCAP Rate, since payment of the benefit is delayed six months to comply with IRC Section 409A.

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# ITEM 3. Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

Your Board recommends a vote FOR the approval of the compensation of our NEOs, as disclosed in this proxy statement pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC.

As required by Exchange Act Section 14A, shareholders are entitled to vote to approve, on a non-binding advisory basis, the compensation of named executive officers (NEOs) as disclosed in this proxy statement. This item, commonly known as a say on pay proposal, gives shareholders the opportunity to express their views on compensation for NEOs. The vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of NEOs and the objectives, policies and practices described in this proxy statement. Accordingly, you are asked to vote on the following resolution at the Annual Meeting:

RESOLVED, that the Company s shareholders approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the named executive officers, as disclosed in the Company s proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and the other related tables and disclosure.

Our Board recommends a vote FOR this resolution. The Company performed well in FY 2016, with major customer wins, particularly in pharmaceutical distribution, medical-surgical distribution and technology imaging. We also expanded our global sourcing and procurement scale, added banner and retail pharmacies and continued to execute on our planned Celesio acquisition synergies.

At the same time, we continue to take steps to moderate executive compensation and address shareholder feedback. Notably, over the past five years, we have significantly reduced compensation for our executive officers. Over the years, the Compensation Committee has also established ambitious targets under our incentive plans. The progressive changes to our executive compensation program reflect our continuing commitment to strengthen McKesson s pay for performance alignment and to embrace compensation and governance best practices. For more information about our program, including information about the FY 2016 compensation of NEOs, please read the Compensation Discussion and Analysis that appears above.

While the say on pay vote is advisory and therefore not binding on the Company, our Board and our Compensation Committee value the opinions of our shareholders, which we receive through a number of vehicles including the say on pay vote. We carefully and thoughtfully consider our shareholders—concerns and opinions in evaluating our executive compensation program. We have determined that our shareholders should cast an advisory vote on the compensation of NEOs on an annual basis. Unless this policy changes, the next advisory vote to approve compensation of NEOs on an advisory, non-binding basis will be at the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

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#### ITEM 4. Shareholder Proposal on Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards

The following shareholder proposal has been submitted to the Company for action at the Annual Meeting by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters General Fund, 25 Louisiana Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20001, which represents that it is the holder of 110 shares of the Company s common stock:

**RESOLVED:** The shareholders ask the Board of Directors of McKesson Corporation to adopt a policy that in the event of a change in control (as defined under any applicable employment agreement, equity incentive plan or other plan), there shall be no acceleration of vesting of any equity award granted to any senior executive officer, provided, however, that the Board's Compensation Committee may provide in an applicable grant or purchase agreement that any unvested award will vest on a partial, *pro rata* basis up to the time of the senior executive officer's termination, with such qualifications for an award as the Committee may determine.

For purposes of this Policy, equity award means an award granted under an equity incentive plan as defined in Item 402 of the SEC s Regulation S-K, which addresses elements of executive compensation to be disclosed to shareholders. This resolution shall be implemented so as not to affect any contractual rights in existence on the date this proposal is adopted, and it shall apply only to equity awards made under equity incentive plans or plan amendments that shareholders approve after the date of the 2016 annual meeting.

**SUPPORTING STATEMENT:** McKesson Corporation (Company) allows senior executives to receive an accelerated award of unearned equity under certain conditions after a change of control of the Company. We do not question that some form of severance payments may be appropriate in that situation. We are concerned, however, that current practices at the Company may permit windfall awards that have nothing to do with an executive s performance.

According to last year s proxy statement, a termination and a change in control could have accelerated the vesting of approximately \$283 million worth of long-term equity to the Company s five senior executives, with Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer John H. Hammergren entitled to over \$141 million.

We are unpersuaded by the argument that executives somehow deserve to receive unvested awards. To accelerate the vesting of unearned equity on the theory that an executive was denied the opportunity to earn those shares seems inconsistent with a pay for performance philosophy worthy of the name.

We do believe, however, that an affected executive should be eligible to receive an accelerated vesting of equity awards on a *pro rata* basis as of his or her termination date, with the details of any *pro rata* award to be determined by the Compensation Committee.

Other major corporations, including: Apple, Chevron, ExxonMobil, IBM, Intel, Microsoft, and Occidental Petroleum, have limitations on accelerated vesting of unearned equity, such as providing *pro rata* awards or simply forfeiting unearned awards. Research from James Reda & Associates found that over one-third of the largest 200 companies now *pro rate*, forfeit, or only partially vest performance shares upon a change of control.

We urge you to vote FOR this proposal.

# Your Board recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal for the following reasons:

The Board has considered this proposal and believes it is not in the best interests of McKesson or its shareholders. The current double-trigger vesting of equity awards in the event of a change in control effectively aligns the interests of our executives with the interests of our shareholders and motivates executives to remain engaged with the Company to successfully complete a change-in-control transaction. Moreover, adoption of the proposal would position the

Company outside the current market practice, putting the Company at a competitive disadvantage when competing for executive talent. The Board notes that this proposal was presented at the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and it did not receive the affirmative vote of a majority of shares present, in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote on the proposal. Therefore, the proposal was not approved by shareholders.

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# ITEM 4. SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL ON ACCELERATED VESTING OF EQUITY AWARDS

The Current Structure of Equity Awards Aligns the Interests of Executives and Shareholders, Encourages Stability During a Time of Uncertainty, and Rewards Executives for their Performance.

As we describe in more detail in the section of this proxy statement titled Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis, we provide our executives with employee benefits, including severance and change in control benefits, that the Compensation Committee believes are competitively necessary and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board believes that providing for accelerated vesting of equity awards upon termination in connection with a change in control, commonly referred to as a double-trigger provision, best aligns the interests of the Company s management with those of its shareholders. Providing for accelerated vesting ensures that executives are not penalized with a loss of equity compensation awards that could occur from the consummation of a transaction that, while outside of the control of our executives, is in the best interests of the Company s shareholders. We believe that accelerated vesting in appropriate circumstances permits management to remain objective and focused on protecting shareholders interests and maximizing shareholder value during the course of a potential change in control event. Further, double-trigger vesting terms encourage our executive officers, who might otherwise be distracted by a potential loss of employment, to remain with the Company through the transaction, by reducing the uncertainty associated with such an unlikely event.

# Implementing the Proposal Would Significantly Limit the Company s Ability to Attract, Retain, and Incentivize Talented Executives.

Consistent with current market practice, each of the Company s shareholder-approved equity compensation plans includes change in control provisions providing for accelerated vesting of outstanding unvested equity awards upon an involuntary or constructive termination of employment following a change in control. It is common for our peers to provide for the accelerated vesting of equity awards upon termination in conjunction with a change in control, and therefore offering these benefits is important for maintaining the Company s competitiveness in attracting and retaining executive talent. The Board further believes that this policy is an important tool for retaining and motivating our executives in the face of a potential change in control transaction. Accelerated vesting will help to mitigate some of the uncertainty that will likely arise for executives from a change in control transaction, and reduce the risk of executive turnover during a pending transaction as the risk of job loss is relatively high for senior executives in these situations.

# Shareholders Have Shown Their Support for McKesson s Executive Compensation Program.

McKesson s executive compensation program is designed to link executive pay with the interests of our shareholders. The alignment of our double-trigger vesting provision with shareholder interests is evidenced by the shareholder approval of the 2013 Stock Plan, which explicitly provides for double-trigger vesting. In addition, last year we received strong support for our executive compensation program, with nearly 95% approval, in the annual say on pay vote at the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Accordingly, the Board believes that the current structure of the Company s executive compensation program, including the provisions related to accelerated vesting of equity incentive awards, is appropriate and effective, aligning the interests of our executives with those of the Company s shareholders. We believe that these compensation programs are consistent with market practice and provide us with the ability to compete for, attract, retain and motivate talented executives.

For the foregoing reasons, the Board believes that this proposal is not in the best interests of McKesson or our shareholders.

Your Board recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal.

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# ITEM 5. Shareholder Proposal on Disclosure of Political Contributions and Expenditures

The following shareholder proposal has been submitted to the Company for action at the Annual Meeting by The City of Philadelphia Public Employees Retirement System, Two Penn Center Plaza, Sixteenth Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19102-1712, which represents that it is the holder of 8,737 shares of the Company s common stock:

**Resolved,** that the shareholders of **McKesson Corp** ( Company ) hereby request that the Company provide a report, updated semiannually, disclosing the Company s:

- 1. Policies and procedures for making, with corporate funds or assets, contributions and expenditures (direct or indirect) to (a) participate or intervene in any political campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office, or (b) influence the general public, or any segment thereof, with respect to an election or referendum.
- 2. Monetary and non-monetary contributions and expenditures (direct and indirect) used in the manner described in section 1 above, including:
  - a. The identity of the recipient as well as the amount paid to each; and
  - b. The title(s) of the person(s) in the Company responsible for decision-making.

The report shall be presented to the board of directors or relevant board committee and posted on the Company s website within 12 months from the date of the annual meeting.

#### **Supporting Statement**

As long-term shareholders of McKesson Corp, we support transparency and accountability in corporate spending on political activities. These include any activities considered intervention in any political campaign under the Internal Revenue Code, such as direct and indirect contributions to political candidates, parties, or organizations; independent expenditures; or electioneering communications on behalf of federal, state or local candidates.

Disclosure is in the best interest of the company and its shareholders and critical for compliance with federal ethics laws. Moreover, the Supreme Court s *Citizens United* decision recognized the importance of political spending disclosure for shareholders when it said, [D]isclosure permits citizens and shareholders to react to the speech of corporate entities in a proper way. This transparency enables the electorate to make informed decisions and give proper weight to different speakers and messages. Gaps in transparency and accountability may expose the company to reputational and business risks that could threaten long-term shareholder value.

McKesson Corp contributed at least \$3.2 million in corporate funds since the 2004 election cycle. (CQ: http://moneyline.cq.com and National Institute on Money in State Politics: http://www.followthemoney.org)

Relying on publicly available data does not provide a complete picture of the Company s political spending. For example, the Company s payments to trade associations used for political activities are undisclosed and unknown. In

some cases, even management does not know how trade associations use their company s money politically. The proposal asks the Company to disclose all of its political spending, including payments to trade associations and other tax exempt organizations used for political purposes. This would bring our Company in line with a growing number of leading companies, including **Becton Dickinson**, **Biogen Idec**, and **Bristol-Myers Squibb** that support political disclosure and accountability and present this information on their websites.

The Company s Board and its shareholders need comprehensive disclosure to be able to fully evaluate the political use of corporate assets. We urge your support for this critical governance reform.

# Your Board recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal for the following reasons:

The Board has considered this proposal and supports the transparency and accountability objectives; however, given the limited nature of the Company s corporate political contributions, together with our demonstrated transparency and Board oversight of our political engagement, we believe the proposal is unnecessary and recommend a vote AGAINST it.

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# ITEM 5. SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL ON DISCLOSURE OF POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENDITURES

McKesson understands that the decisions made by policymakers have a profound impact on our industry, business, and customers. The Company seeks to educate elected and appointed officials about the solutions we offer to improve patient safety, reduce the cost and variability of care, and improve the quality and efficiency of healthcare delivery.

The Board notes that this same proposal was presented at the Company s 2014 and 2015 Annual Meetings of Stockholders. As the proposal did not receive the affirmative vote of a majority of shares present, in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote on the proposal, the proposal was not approved by shareholders. The Company took note of the level of shareholder interest in 2014, and after careful study and deliberation of the issues by McKesson s Board of Directors, McKesson revised its policy regarding corporate political contributions to require strict Board oversight of political expenditures, and created a Political Engagement website (accessible through McKesson s Corporate Citizenship website), detailing the Company s limited engagement in the political process. McKesson s Political Engagement website is available at <a href="http://www.mckesson.com/about-mckesson/public-affairs/political-engagement">http://www.mckesson.com/about-mckesson/public-affairs/political-engagement</a>.

# **Oversight Process**

McKesson is committed to adhering to the highest ethical standards when engaging in any political activities. In furtherance of this commitment, the Company instituted a policy regarding corporate political contributions which requires that all contributions be approved by the Senior Vice President of Public Affairs, with contributions greater than \$1,000 approved by the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer. The Company s Code of Conduct specifically prohibits any corporate political contributions without prior approval. Such contributions are made without regard for the private political preferences of McKesson executives or employees.

All corporate political contributions are subject to both internal approval procedures and strict laws regarding disclosure. Since April 1, 2013, the Senior Vice President of Public Affairs reports all corporate political contributions annually to the Board of Directors, and the Board exercises oversight with respect to corporate political contributions. In addition, all states require that contributions be disclosed by either the recipient or the donor, or both. All information regarding the corporate political contributions made by McKesson to state candidates is publicly available. All contributions are reviewed by outside counsel and are made in compliance with all applicable laws.

# Corporate and PAC Contributions

Although McKesson may make contributions to political committees and parties at the federal and state levels, McKesson does not make corporate contributions to federal candidates, as such contributions are prohibited. Accordingly, all contributions to federal candidates originate from the McKesson Corporation Employees Political Fund (PAC), which is governed by its own Board of Trustees. Contributions by the PAC are funded entirely on a voluntary basis by eligible McKesson employees—not corporate assets. Beyond contributions to federal candidates, the PAC allows employees to pool their financial resources to support state and local candidates, political party committees and political action committees as permitted by law.

While the PAC is the primary vehicle for political engagement, the Company makes a limited number of corporate political contributions at the state level where permitted by law. This includes corporate contributions to state candidates and political action committees in areas where the Company has a significant employee or facility presence. The personal political views of McKesson executives or employees are not considered when making

contributions.

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2015, McKesson s total corporate political contributions were less than \$38,000, with an average contribution of approximately \$1,188 and no individual contribution exceeding \$5,000. In calendar year 2014, McKesson s total corporate political contributions were less than \$77,000, with an average contribution of approximately \$816 and no individual contribution exceeding \$2,500. These numbers are representative of typical annual aggregate amounts. The amount of McKesson s political expenditures is an insignificant portion of its total annual expenses. The Company does not make independent expenditures, nor does it contribute to so-called Super PACs.

Finally, the Company participates in certain industry trade organizations with purposes that include, but are not limited to, education about the industry, public policy issues affecting the industry, and industry best practices and standards. We do not make contributions to industry trade associations for political purposes, and few, if any, of the trade associations to which we belong engage in any direct advocacy for political candidates.

# Regulation and Disclosure

Corporate contributions and activities of the PAC are subject to laws and regulations by the state and federal governments, including detailed disclosure requirements. The PAC files monthly reports of receipts and disbursements with the Federal Election Commission (FEC), as well as pre-election and post-election FEC reports.

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# ITEM 5. SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL ON DISCLOSURE OF POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENDITURES

We believe that transparency and accountability with respect to political expenditures are important. That is why we publish the McKesson Corporate Social Responsibility Report annually. In the Corporate Social Responsibility Report for Fiscal Year 2016, which is available at <a href="https://www.mckessoncorporatecitizenship.com">www.mckessoncorporatecitizenship.com</a>, we voluntarily make available extensive information about our corporate political spending and trade association participation, including the following:

a general statement regarding the Company s policies concerning political contributions;

information regarding federal-level contributions by the PAC, including a link to the FEC database;

aggregate amounts of corporate political contributions by the Company; and

a list of trade associations to which we belong and for which our dues exceed \$50,000 per year. McKesson and the PAC are fully compliant with all federal and state election laws and regulations.

McKesson also discloses the above information on McKesson s Political Engagement website.

For the reasons set forth above, including the information currently available to shareholders in our Corporate Social Responsibility Report and on the Political Engagement website, as well as our annual report provided to the Board and the Board s oversight, the Board believes the proposal is unnecessary and the additional disclosure contemplated by the proposal is not warranted at this time.

Your Board recommends a vote AGAINST this proposal.

#### **ADDITIONAL MATTERS**

**Proxies and Voting at the Annual Meeting** 

Record Date; Who Can Vote

On June 17, 2016, the Company began delivering proxy materials to all shareholders of record at the close of business on May 31, 2016 (Record Date). On the Record Date, there were 225,693,765 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding and entitled to vote. As a shareholder, you are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock you held on the Record Date, including shares: (A) held for you in an account with a broker, bank or other nominee; (B) held directly in your name as the shareholder of record; or (C) allocated to your account in the Company's Profit-Sharing Investment Plan (PSIP).

#### **How to Vote**

Shareholders can vote by using the Internet, telephone or mail, or in person at the Annual Meeting.

#### Shareholders of Record or a Participant in the Company s PSIP

If you are a shareholder of record or a participant in the Company s PSIP, you can vote your shares by using the Internet, by calling a toll-free number, or by mailing your signed proxy card(s). Specific instructions for voting by means of the Internet or telephone are included on the accompanying proxy card. The Internet and telephone voting procedures are designed to authenticate your identity, allow you to vote your shares and confirm that your voting instructions have been properly recorded. If you do not wish to vote via the Internet or by telephone, please complete, sign and return the proxy card in the self-addressed, postage-paid envelope provided.

#### **Street Name Shareholders**

If you have shares held by a broker, bank or other nominee, you can vote your shares by following the instructions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee. If you wish to vote in person at the Annual Meeting, you must obtain a legal proxy from the organization that holds your shares. A legal proxy is a written document that will authorize you to vote your shares held in street name at the Annual Meeting. Please contact the organization that holds your shares for instruction regarding obtaining a legal proxy.

Your vote as a shareholder is important. Please vote as soon as possible to ensure that your vote is recorded.

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# ADDITIONAL MATTERS

#### **Valid Proxies**

All shares represented by valid proxies will be voted as specified. If you sign and return a proxy card without specific voting instructions, your shares will be voted as recommended by our Board of Directors on all proposals described in this proxy statement, and in the discretion of the designated proxy holders as to any other matters that may properly come before the Annual Meeting. We currently know of no matter to be presented at the Annual Meeting in addition to the proposals described in this proxy statement.

All votes cast at the Annual Meeting will be tabulated by Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. ( Broadridge ), which has been appointed the independent inspector of election. Broadridge will determine whether or not a quorum is present.

#### Revocation

You can revoke your proxy at any time before the Annual Meeting by sending to the Company s Secretary a written revocation or a proxy bearing a later date. You may also revoke your proxy by attending the Annual Meeting in person and casting a ballot. If you hold your shares through a broker, bank or other nominee and have instructed the broker, bank or other nominee as to how to vote your shares, you must obtain a legal proxy and bring it to the meeting in order to change your vote or to vote at the meeting. Please contact your broker, bank or other nominee for specific information on how to obtain a legal proxy.

#### **Attendance**

You will need to bring your admission ticket and any valid government-issued form of identification if you plan to attend the Annual Meeting. You will find an admission ticket attached to the proxy card if you are a registered shareholder or PSIP participant. If your shares are held in the name of a broker, bank or other nominee and you plan to attend the Annual Meeting in person, you may obtain an admission ticket at the Annual Meeting by presenting proof of ownership, such as a brokerage or bank account statement, along with a valid form of identification. Shareholders who do not have an admission ticket will only be admitted at the sole discretion of the Company upon verification of ownership.

#### **Dividend Reinvestment Plan**

For those shareholders who participate in the Company s Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP), the enclosed proxy card includes all full shares of common stock held in your DRP account on the Record Date for the Annual Meeting, as well as your shares held of record.

# **Vote Required and Method of Counting Votes**

Item 1 Election of Directors. Each share of the Company's common stock you own entitles you to one vote at the Annual Meeting. You may vote for or against one or more of the director nominees, or abstain from voting on the election of any nominee. A nominee will be elected as a director if he or she receives a majority of votes cast (that is, the number of votes cast for a director nominee must exceed the number of votes cast against that nominee). Abstentions or broker non-votes (as described below) will not count as votes cast and will have no effect on the outcome of the matter. There is no cumulative voting with respect to the election of directors.

All Other Items For all other items to be presented at the Annual Meeting, approval of each of these proposals requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present, in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote on the proposal at the Annual Meeting. You may vote for or against, or abstain from voting on, each of these other proposals Shares represented by abstentions on a proposal will be counted as present at the Annual Meeting and will have the effect of a vote against the matter; however, broker non-votes with respect to a proposal will have no effect on the outcome of the matter.

# **Voting Results**

We intend to announce preliminary voting results at the Annual Meeting, and publish preliminary voting results or, if available, final voting results in a Current Report on Form 8-K to be filed with the SEC within four business days after the Annual Meeting.

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#### ADDITIONAL MATTERS

#### **Quorum Requirement**

The presence in person or by proxy of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual Meeting. In the event of abstentions or broker non-votes, the shares represented will be considered present for quorum purposes.

#### **Broker Non-Votes**

Generally, broker non-votes occur when a broker, bank or other nominee does not have discretion to vote on a proposal without specific instructions from the beneficial owner and instructions are not given. Rules of the NYSE prohibit discretionary voting by brokers on certain matters. At the Annual Meeting, if brokers, banks and other nominees have not received instructions from the beneficial owners, they will not be permitted to vote on any proposal other than the ratification of the appointment of the independent registered public accounting firm (Item 2).

Therefore, we encourage all beneficial owners to provide voting instructions to your nominees to ensure that your shares are voted at the Annual Meeting.

# **Profit-Sharing Investment Plan**

Participants in the Company s tax-qualified 401(k) plan, the PSIP, have the right to instruct the PSIP trustee, on a confidential basis, how the shares allocated to their accounts are to be voted, and will receive a voting instruction card for that purpose. In general, the PSIP provides that all shares for which no voting instructions are received from participants will be voted by the trustee in the same proportion as shares for which voting instructions are received. However, shares that have been allocated to PSIP participants PAYSOP accounts for which no voting instructions are received will not be voted.

#### List of Shareholders

The names of shareholders of record entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting will be available at the meeting and for 10 days prior to the meeting for any purpose germane to the Annual Meeting, during ordinary business hours, at our principal executive offices at One Post Street, 35th Floor, San Francisco, California 94104. You may obtain this information by contacting the Secretary of the Company.

# Online Access to Annual Reports on Form 10-K and Proxy Statements

The notice of annual meeting, proxy statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 are available at *www.proxyvote.com*. Instead of receiving future copies of the proxy statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K by mail, you may, by following the applicable procedures described below, elect to receive these documents electronically, in which case you will receive an e-mail with a link to these documents.

**Shareholders of Record:** You may elect to receive proxy materials online next year in place of printed materials by logging on to *www.proxyvote.com* and entering your control number, which you can find on the accompanying proxy card. By doing so you will save the Company printing and mailing expenses, reduce the impact on the environment and obtain immediate access to the Annual Report on the Form 10-K, proxy statement and voting form when they become available.

**Beneficial Shareholders:** If you hold your shares through a broker, bank or other holder of record, you may also have the opportunity to receive copies of the proxy statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K electronically. Please check the information provided in the proxy materials mailed to you by your broker, bank or other holder of record regarding the availability of this service or contact the broker, bank or other holder of record through which you hold your shares and inquire about the availability of such an option for you.

If you elect to receive your materials via the Internet, you can still request paper copies by leaving a message with Investor Relations at (800) 826-9360 or by sending an e-mail to *investors@mckesson.com*.

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# ADDITIONAL MATTERS

#### **Householding of Proxy Materials**

In a further effort to reduce printing costs, postage fees and the impact on the environment, we have adopted a practice approved by the SEC called householding. Under this practice, shareholders who have the same address and last name and do not participate in electronic delivery of proxy materials will receive only one copy of our proxy materials, unless any of these shareholders notifies us that he or she wishes to continue receiving individual copies. Shareholders who participate in householding will continue to receive separate proxy cards.

If you share an address with another shareholder and received only one set of proxy materials, but would like to request a separate copy of these materials, please contact Broadridge by calling (800) 542-1061 or by writing to Broadridge, Householding Department, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, New York 11717. Similarly, you may also contact Broadridge if you received multiple copies of the proxy materials and would prefer to receive a single copy in the future.

# **Solicitation of Proxies**

The Company is paying the cost of preparing, printing and mailing these proxy materials. We will reimburse brokerage firms, banks and others for their reasonable expenses in forwarding proxy materials to beneficial owners and obtaining their instructions. The Company has retained Broadridge to assist in distributing these proxy materials. We have also engaged Georgeson Shareholder Communications Inc. (Georgeson), a proxy solicitation firm, to assist in the solicitation of proxies. We expect Georgeson s fee to be approximately \$20,000 plus out-of-pocket expenses. The directors, officers and employees of the Company may also participate in the solicitation without remuneration in addition to compensation received as directors, officers or employees.

# **Proxy Authority**

In addition to voting choices specifically marked, and unless otherwise indicated by the shareholder, the proxy card confers discretionary authority on the named proxy holders to vote on any matter that properly comes before the Annual Meeting, which is not described in these proxy materials. At the time this proxy statement went to press, the Company knew of no other matters that might be presented for shareholder action at the Annual Meeting.

# **Other Matters**

# **Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

The Company and its subsidiaries may have transactions in the ordinary course of business with unaffiliated companies of which certain of the Company s directors are directors and/or executive officers. The Company does not consider the amounts involved in these transactions to be material in relation to its businesses, the businesses of such other companies or the interests of the directors involved. In addition, the Company believes that these transactions are on the same terms generally offered by such other companies to other entities in comparable transactions. The Company anticipates that similar transactions may occur in FY 2017.

The brother-in-law of Mr. Hammergren is employed by the Company and received approximately \$134,550 in salary and bonus during FY 2016 and was eligible to participate in the Company s general employee benefit plans. The son, daughter and son-in-law of Mr. Julian are employed by the Company and in the aggregate they received \$458,187 in salary and bonus during FY 2016 and were eligible to participate in the Company s general employee benefit plans. Such compensation was established by the Company in accordance with its employment and compensation practices applicable to employees with equivalent qualifications and responsibilities and holding similar positions. The Company believes that any the relationships and transactions described herein were on terms that were reasonable and in the best interests of the Company.

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#### ADDITIONAL MATTERS

#### **Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires certain persons, including the Company s directors and executive officers, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC. Based on the Company s review of the reporting forms that it received, the Company believes that all such filing requirements were satisfied for FY 2016.

# **Shareholder Proposals for the 2017 Annual Meeting**

To be eligible for inclusion in the Company s 2017 proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act, shareholder proposals must be sent to the Secretary of the Company at the principal executive offices of the Company, One Post Street, 35th Floor, San Francisco, California 94104, and must be received no later than February 17, 2017. The Company s Advance Notice By-Law provisions require that shareholder proposals made outside of Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act must be submitted in accordance with the requirements of the By-Laws, no later than April 28, 2017 and no earlier than March 29, 2017.

A copy of the full text of the Company s Advance Notice By-Law provisions referred to above may be obtained by writing to the Secretary of the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

John G. Saia

Associate General Counsel and Secretary

June 17, 2016

A copy of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, excluding certain exhibits, may be obtained without charge by writing to Investor Relations, Box K, McKesson Corporation, One Post Street, San Francisco, California 94104.

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#### APPENDIX A SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings Per Share to Adjusted Earnings Per Share (Non-GAAP)

	Years Ended March 31,				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations, net of tax,					
attributable to McKesson Corporation (GAAP)	\$ 9.84	\$ 7.54	\$ 6.08	\$ 5.69	
Adjustments, net of tax:					
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	1.27	1.43	0.85	0.56	
Acquisition expenses and related adjustments	0.34	0.63	0.63	(0.02)	
Claim and litigation reserve adjustments		0.64	0.23	0.19	
LIFO-related adjustments	0.63	0.87	0.81	0.03	
Adjusted earnings per diluted share (Non-GAAP) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$12.08	\$11.11	\$ 8.60	\$ 6.45	

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain computations may reflect rounding adjustments.

# **Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Information**

In an effort to provide investors with additional information regarding the company s financial results as determined by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), McKesson Corporation (the Company or we) also presents the following non-GAAP measures. The Company believes the presentation of non-GAAP measures provides useful supplemental information to investors with regard to its core operating performance, as well as assists with the comparison of its past financial performance to the Company s future financial results. Moreover, the Company believes that the presentation of non-GAAP measures assists investors ability to compare its financial results to those of other companies in the same industry. However, the Company s non-GAAP measures may be defined and calculated differently by other companies in the same industry.

**Adjusted Earnings** (Non-GAAP): We define Adjusted Earnings as GAAP income from continuing operations, excluding amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, acquisition expenses and related adjustments, certain claim and litigation reserve adjustments and Last-In-First-Out (LIFO) inventory-related adjustments, as well as the related income tax effects. The Company evaluates its definition of Adjusted Earnings on a periodic basis and updates the definition from time to time. The evaluation considers both the quantitative and qualitative aspect of the Company s presentation of Adjusted Earnings.

<u>Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles</u> Amortization expense of acquired intangible assets purchased in connection with business acquisitions by the Company.

<u>Acquisition expenses and related adjustments</u> Transaction and integration expenses that are directly related to business acquisitions by the Company. Examples include transaction closing costs, professional service fees, restructuring or severance charges, retention payments, employee relocation expenses, facility or other exit-related expenses, recoveries of acquisition-related expenses or post-closing expenses, bridge loan fees, gains or losses related to foreign currency contracts, and gains or losses on business combinations.

<u>Claim and litigation reserve adjustments</u> Adjustments to the Company s reserves, including accrued interest, for estimated probable losses for its Controlled Substance Distribution Claims and the Average Wholesale Price litigation matters, as such terms are defined in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31,

2016.

<u>LIFO-related adjustments</u> Last-In-First-Out ( LIFO ) inventory-related adjustments.

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# APPENDIX A

Income taxes on Adjusted Earnings are calculated in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Income Taxes, which is the same accounting principle used by the Company when presenting its GAAP financial results.

Constant Currency (Non-GAAP): To present our financial results on a constant currency basis, we convert current year period results of our operations in foreign countries, which are recorded in local currencies, into U.S. dollars by applying the average foreign currency exchange rates of the comparable prior year period. To present Adjusted Earnings per diluted share on a constant currency basis, we estimate the impact of foreign currency rate fluctuations on the Company s noncontrolling interests and adjusted income tax expense, which may vary from quarter to quarter.

The Company internally uses non-GAAP financial measures in connection with its own financial planning and reporting processes. Specifically, Adjusted Earnings serves as one of the measures management utilizes when allocating resources, deploying capital and assessing business performance and employee incentive compensation. The Company conducts its business worldwide in local currencies, including Euro, British pound and Canadian dollar. As a result, the comparability of our results reported in U.S. dollars can be affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our business performed excluding the estimated effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Nonetheless, non-GAAP financial results and related measures disclosed by the Company should not be considered a substitute for, nor superior to, financial results and measures as determined or calculated in accordance with GAAP.

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#### **Electronic Voting Instructions**

You can vote by Internet or telephone!

Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

**McKESSON CORPORATION** 

C/O CORPORATE SECRETARY S DEPARTMENT

ONE POST STREET, 35TH FLOOR

SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104

# ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF FUTURE PROXY MATERIALS

If you would like to reduce the costs incurred by our Company in mailing proxy materials, you can consent to receiving all future proxy statements, proxy cards and annual reports electronically via e-mail or the Internet. To sign up for electronic delivery, please follow the instructions below to vote using the Internet and, when prompted, indicate that you agree to receive or access proxy materials electronically in future years.

# **VOTE BY INTERNET - www.proxyvote.com**

Use the Internet to transmit your voting instructions and for electronic delivery of information up until the cut-off time.\* Have your proxy card in hand when you access the website and follow the instructions to obtain your records and to create an electronic voting instruction form.

#### **VOTE BY PHONE - 1-800-690-6903**

Use any touch-tone telephone to transmit your voting instructions up until the cut-off time.\* Have your proxy card in hand when you call and then follow the instructions.

\*Cut-off Time: 11:59 P.M. Eastern Time on July 24, 2016, for participants in the McKesson

Corporation Profit-Sharing Investment Plan.

11:59 P.M. Eastern Time on July 26,

2016, for all other stockholders.

**VOTE BY MAIL** 

Mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it in the postage-paid envelope we have provided or return it to Vote Processing, c/o Broadridge, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, NY 11717.

# TO VOTE, MARK BLOCKS BELOW IN BLUE OR BLACK INK AS FOLLOWS:

E11766-P72836 KEEP THIS PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION ONLY

# THIS PROXY CARD IS VALID ONLY WHEN SIGNED AND DATED.

# McKESSON CORPORATION

# The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR the listed nominees:

1. Election of nine directors for a one-year term.

Nominees:		For	Against	Abstain
1a.	Andy D. Bryant			
1b.	Wayne A. Budd			
1c.	N. Anthony Coles, M.D.			
1d.	John H. Hammergren			
1e.	M. Christine Jacobs			
1f.	Donald R. Knauss			
1g.	Marie L. Knowles			
1h.	Edward A. Mueller			

	1i. Susan R. Salka			
The	e Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR the following proposals:	For	Against	Abstain
2.	Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017.			
3.	Advisory vote on executive compensation.			
	e Board of Directors recommends a vote AGAINST the following oposals:			
4.	Shareholder proposal on accelerated vesting of equity awards.	••		
5.	Shareholder proposal on disclosure of political contributions and expenditures.			
	address changes and/or comments, please check this box and write them on back where indicated.			
	ase indicate if you plan to attend this meeting.			
110	ase indicate if you plan to attend this incetting.	Yes	No	
a s	Please sign exactly as your name(s) appear(s) hereon. When signing as attorney, dministrator, or other fiduciary, please give full title as such. Joint owners shign personally. All holders must sign. If a corporation or partnership, please s orporate or partnership name by authorized officer or partner.	ould each		
	Signature [PLEASE SIGN WITHIN BOX] Date			
Sig	nature (Joint Owners)  Date			

**Annual Meeting Admission Ticket** 

**McKesson Corporation** 

**Annual Meeting of Stockholders** 

Wednesday, July 27, 2016

8:30 A.M. Eastern Time

**McKesson Medical-Surgical** 

9954 Mayland Drive

Richmond, VA 23233

This Admission Ticket and valid picture I.D. will be required to

admit you to the meeting

Please write your name and address in the space provided below and present this ticket when you enter

Name:

Address:

City, State and Zip Code:

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Annual Meeting:

The Notice and Proxy Statement and Annual Report are available at www.proxyvote.com.

E11767-P72836

McKESSON CORPORATION

This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors

**Annual Meeting of Stockholders** 

July 27, 2016, 8:30 A.M. Eastern Time

The stockholder(s) hereby appoint(s) James A. Beer, Lori A. Schechter and John G. Saia, or any of them, as proxies, each with the power to appoint his/her substitute, and hereby authorize(s) them to represent and to vote, as designated on the reverse side of this proxy, all of the shares of common stock of McKesson Corporation that the stockholder(s) is/are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and any adjournment or postponement thereof. If the stockholder(s) hold(s) shares of common stock of McKesson Corporation in the corporation s Profit-Sharing Investment Plan ( PSIP ), the stockholder(s) hereby authorize(s) and direct(s) the trustee of the PSIP to vote all shares in the account of the stockholder(s) under the PSIP in the manner indicated on the reverse side of this proxy at the Annual Meeting, and any adjournment or postponement thereof.

This proxy, when properly executed, will be voted in the manner directed herein. If no such direction is given, this proxy will be voted in accordance with the Board of Directors recommendations, and in the discretion of the proxy holder, on any other matter that may properly come before the meeting. If shares are held in the PSIP and no direction is given, the trustee will vote such shares in the same proportion as shares for which voting instructions are received.

**Address Changes/Comments:** 

Continued and to be signed on reverse side