AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2015
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

¨ **Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
Commission File No. 001- 34280

American National Insurance Company

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas	**74-0484030**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	**(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)**

One Moody Plaza

Galveston, Texas 77550-7999

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(409) 763-4661

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes ¨ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes ¨ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer x	Accelerated filer ¨
Non-accelerated filer ¨	Smaller reporting company ¨

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). ¨ Yes x No

As of August 3, 2015, there were 26,894,169 shares of the registrant s voting common stock, $1.00 par value per share, outstanding.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014 (As Adjusted)
ASSETS		
Fixed maturity, bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (Fair Value $8,184,118 and $8,652,913)	$ 7,834,732	$ 8,225,050
Fixed maturity, bonds available-for-sale, at fair value (Amortized cost $4,974,683 and $4,694,716)	5,131,957	4,921,807
Equity securities, at fair value (Cost $759,975 and $739,384)	1,516,244	1,516,978
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,311,017	3,359,586
Policy loans	405,400	405,979
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation of $200,652 and $193,611	514,497	479,062
Short-term investments	430,242	431,000
Other invested assets	228,087	220,255
Total investments	19,372,176	19,559,717
Cash and cash equivalents	158,981	209,455
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	318,216	311,779
Accrued investment income	176,295	185,943
Reinsurance recoverables	409,514	428,654
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	66,879	56,019
Premiums due and other receivables	315,970	280,587
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,264,148	1,253,544
Property and equipment, net	119,514	110,794
Current tax receivable		8,669
Other assets	143,230	137,856
Separate account assets	974,233	1,001,515
Total assets	**$ 23,319,156**	**$ 23,544,532**
LIABILITIES		
Future policy benefits		
Life	$ 2,795,388	$ 2,770,232
Annuity	1,035,475	1,006,748
Accident and health	67,882	58,364
Policyholders account balances	10,475,859	10,781,285
Policy and contract claims	1,280,923	1,297,708

Unearned premium reserve	802,725	755,051
Other policyholder funds	354,334	344,090
Liability for retirement benefits	190,387	195,712
Notes payable	122,464	108,177
Current tax liability	6,792	
Deferred tax liabilities, net	277,220	287,175
Other liabilities	440,248	498,528
Separate account liabilities	974,233	1,001,515
Total liabilities	**18,823,930**	**19,104,585**
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, - Authorized 50,000,000, Issued 30,832,449 and 30,832,449, Outstanding 26,894,169 and 26,871,942 shares	30,832	30,832
Additional paid-in capital	12,898	9,248
Accumulated other comprehensive income	446,861	490,782
Retained earnings	4,095,306	3,998,642
Treasury stock, at cost	(101,805)	(101,941)
Total American National stockholders equity	4,484,092	4,427,563
Noncontrolling interest	11,134	12,384
Total stockholders equity	**4,495,226**	**4,439,947**
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	**\$ 23,319,156**	**\$ 23,544,532**

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014 (As Adjusted)	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014 (As Adjusted)
PREMIUMS AND OTHER REVENUE				
Premiums				
Life	$ 75,071	$ 72,678	$ 147,153	$ 144,673
Annuity	25,088	46,653	66,531	113,589
Accident and health	51,135	55,379	102,972	110,715
Property and casualty	281,909	270,916	558,390	541,524
Other policy revenues	57,597	55,859	115,121	111,786
Net investment income	203,662	242,292	412,875	461,115
Net realized investment gains	16,768	1,751	56,070	28,197
Other-than-temporary impairments	(3,472)	(462)	(3,497)	(1,437)
Other income	9,748	9,720	18,458	17,060
Total premiums and other revenues	717,506	754,786	1,474,073	1,527,222
BENEFITS, LOSSES AND EXPENSES				
Policyholder benefits				
Life	91,184	82,485	179,188	173,765
Annuity	36,150	59,027	90,517	136,479
Claims incurred				
Accident and health	32,256	32,737	64,053	76,666
Property and casualty	211,920	204,725	404,172	383,237
Interest credited to policyholders account balances	69,215	91,794	144,968	175,206
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	103,557	103,949	196,672	202,384
Other operating expenses	123,203	120,517	246,661	239,041
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs	614	(6,370)	7,076	54
Total benefits, losses and expenses	668,099	688,864	1,333,307	1,386,832
Income before federal income tax and equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	49,407	65,922	140,766	140,390
Less: Provision for federal income taxes				
Current	10,955	23,106	26,543	36,887

Deferred		4,093		(1,323)		14,391		7,804
Total provision for federal income taxes		15,048		21,783		40,934		44,691
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax		300		12,797		37,080		12,735
Net income		34,659		56,936		136,912		108,434
Less**:** Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest, net of tax		(394)		(238)		(1,123)		(994)
Net income attributable to American National	**$**	**35,053**	**$**	**57,174**	**$**	**138,035**	**$**	**109,428**
Amounts available to American National common stockholders								
Earnings per share								
Basic	$	1.30	$	2.13	$	5.14	$	4.08
Diluted		1.30		2.11		5.12		4.06
Cash dividends to common stockholders		0.77		0.77		1.54		1.54
Weighted average common shares outstanding		26,877,833		26,802,896		26,847,936		26,799,648
Weighted average common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares		26,952,107		26,926,351		26,941,477		26,924,629

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	**2014**	**2015**	**2014**
		(As Adjusted)		(As Adjusted)
Net income	$ 34,659	$ 56,936	$ 136,912	$ 108,434
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				
Change in net unrealized gain (losses) on securities	(54,139)	72,925	(46,303)	106,759
Foreign currency transaction and translation adjustments	1,188	865	(650)	(101)
Defined pension benefit plan adjustment	1,589	717	3,032	1,434
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(51,362)	74,507	(43,921)	108,092
Total comprehensive income (loss)	**(16,703)**	**131,443**	**92,991**	**216,526**
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest	(394)	(238)	(1,123)	(994)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to American National	**$ (16,309)**	**$ 131,681**	**$ 94,114**	**$ 217,520**

AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	**2014**
		(As Adjusted)
Common Stock		
Balance at beginning and end of the period	$ 30,832	$ 30,832
Additional Paid-In Capital		
Balance as of January 1,	9,248	4,650
Reissuance of treasury shares	2,997	1,621
Amortization of restricted stock	653	2,081
Balance at end of period	12,898	8,352

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance as of January 1,	490,782	413,712
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(43,921)	108,092
Balance at end of the period	446,861	521,804
Retained Earnings		
Balance as of January 1,	3,998,642	3,836,112
Net income attributable to American National	138,035	109,428
Cash dividends to common stockholders	(41,371)	(41,421)
Balance at end of the period	4,095,306	3,904,119
Treasury Stock		
Balance as of January 1,	(101,941)	(97,441)
Reinsurance (purchase) of treasury shares	136	(4,354)
Balance at end of the period	(101,805)	(101,795)
Noncontrolling Interest		
Balance as of January 1,	12,384	12,757
Contributions	27	255
Distributions	(154)	(5)
Loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,123)	(994)
Cumulative tax adjustment		(507)
Balance at end of the period	11,134	11,506
Total Stockholders Equity	**$ 4,495,226**	**$ 4,374,818**

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Six months ended June 31, 2015	2014 (As Adjusted)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	$ 136,912	$ 108,434
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Net realized investment gains	(56,070)	(28,197)
Other-than-temporary impairments	3,497	1,437
Amortization of premiums, discounts and loan origination fees	1,098	5,636
Net capitalized interest on policy loans and mortgage loans	(15,668)	(16,268)
Depreciation	18,669	12,874
Interest credited to policyholders account balances	144,968	175,206
Charges to policyholders account balances	(115,121)	(111,786)
Deferred federal income tax expense	14,391	7,804
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(37,080)	(12,735)
Distributions from equity method investments	359	23,132
Changes in		
Policyholder liabilities	107,256	163,271
Deferred policy acquisition costs	7,076	54
Reinsurance recoverables	19,140	1,023
Premiums due and other receivables	(35,837)	(12,235)
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	(10,860)	3,278
Accrued investment income	9,648	(565)
Current tax receivable/payable	15,461	617
Liability for retirement benefits	(5,325)	(15,164)
Other, net	(62,163)	(49,949)
Net cash provided by operating activities	**140,351**	**255,867**
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale/maturity/prepayment of		
Held-to-maturity securities	619,477	344,981
Available-for-sale securities	303,836	514,707
Investment real estate	13,413	25,278
Mortgage loans	399,600	299,528
Policy loans	28,702	28,171
Other invested assets	12,332	31,849
Disposals of property and equipment	817	1,012
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	79,514	1,150
Payment for the purchase/origination of		

Held-to-maturity securities	(205,446)	(218,764)
Available-for-sale securities	(600,818)	(655,266)
Investment real estate	(25,985)	(10,593)
Mortgage loans	(358,011)	(314,774)
Policy loans	(11,859)	(12,542)
Other invested assets	(25,386)	(8,623)
Additions to property and equipment	(17,614)	(8,128)
Contributions to unconsolidated affiliates	(55,550)	(14,907)
Change in short-term investments	758	153,878
Other, net	13,879	(2,022)
Net cash provided by investing activities	**171,659**	**154,935**
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Policyholders account deposits	461,687	528,732
Policyholders account withdrawals	(796,960)	(880,194)
Change in notes payable	14,287	(1,399)
Dividends to stockholders	(41,371)	(41,421)
Proceeds from (payments to) noncontrolling interest	(127)	250
Net cash used in financing activities	**(362,484)**	**(394,032)**
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(50,474)	16,770
Beginning of the period	209,455	117,946
End of period	**$ 158,981**	**$ 134,716**

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 Nature of Operations

American National Insurance Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively American National or the Company) offer a broad spectrum of insurance products, including individual and group life insurance, annuities, health insurance, and property and casualty insurance. Business is conducted in all 50 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

The consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are reported in U.S. currency. American National consolidates entities that are wholly-owned and those in which American National owns less than 100% but controls, as well as variable interest entities in which American National is the primary beneficiary. Intercompany balances and transactions with consolidated entities have been eliminated. Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

The interim consolidated financial statements and notes herein are unaudited and reflect all adjustments which management considers necessary for the fair presentation of the interim consolidated statements of financial position, operations, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders equity, and cash flows.

The interim consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in American National s Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated financial statement balances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 3 Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Adoption of New Accounting Standards The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued the following accounting guidance relevant to American National:

In January 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-01, Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects. The new standard allows a proportional amortization approach and treats the net investment performance as a component of income tax expense. Previously, these investments were accounted for under the equity method that records changes to investment value as a component of investment income and generates a deferred tax balance until the investment terminates. American National adopted this standard effective January 1, 2015, with retrospective adoption back to January 1, 2013. Accordingly, upon adoption the investment in unconsolidated affiliate s asset was reduced by $7,504,000 with a release of a related deferred tax liability of $2,937,000 resulting in a $4,567,000 reduction in the opening balance of stockholders equity at January 1, 2015.

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Note 3 Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Financial statement amounts previously reported were revised as shown below (in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2014		
	As Reported	As Adjusted	Effect of Change
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	$ 319,283	$ 311,779	$ (7,504)
Deferred tax liabilities, net	290,112	287,175	(2,937)
Retained earnings	4,003,209	3,998,642	(4,567)

	As Reported	As Adjusted	Effect of Change
Three months ended June 30, 2014			
Provision for federal income taxes, current	$ 22,345	$ 23,106	$ 761
Provision for federal income taxes, deferred	(787)	(1,323)	(536)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax	12,659	12,797	138
Net Income attributable to American National	57,261	57,174	(87)
Six months ended June 30, 2014			
Provision for federal income taxes, current	$ 34,705	$ 36,887	$ 2,182
Provision for federal income taxes, deferred	8,340	7,804	(536)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax	11,800	12,735	935
Net Income attributable to American National	110,139	109,428	(711)

American National held investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects totaling $33,304,000 and $27,595,000 as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. For the six month periods ending June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, American National recognized tax credits and other tax benefits of $4,427,000 and $3,164,000, respectively, and amortized cost of $3,889,000 and $2,560,000, relating to these investments. At June 30, 2015 American National had commitments to provide additional funding to these investments during the following fiscal years as follows (in thousands):

Expected year of payment	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
Equity commitments	$ 16,470	4,148	1,314	726	1,078	$ 23,736

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards The FASB issued the following accounting guidance relevant to American National:

In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance that will supersede most existing revenue recognition requirements in U.S. GAAP. Insurance contracts are excluded from the scope of the new guidance. For those contracts which are impacted by the guidance, the transaction price is attributed to the underlying performance obligations in the contract and revenue is recognized as the entity satisfies the performance obligations and transfers control of a good or service to the customer. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and is to be applied retrospectively. The Company is evaluating the impact of adoption, which is not expected to be material to the Company s financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued guidance that amends the consolidation analysis. The guidance modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities (VIEs) or voting interest entities. The guidance eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership and affects the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs. The amended guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The impact of the adoption is not expected to be material to the Company s financial statements.

In May 2015, the FASB issued guidance to expand the disclosures that an insurance entity must provide about its short duration contracts. The additional disclosure about the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses is intended to increase the transparency of significant estimates made in the measuring of those liabilities. It will also provide additional insight into an insurance entity s ability to underwrite and anticipate costs associated with claims. The amended guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and for interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The impact of the adoption is not expected to be material to the Company s financial statements.

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Note 4 Investment in Securities

The cost or amortized cost and fair value of investments in securities are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015			
	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ 306,665	$ 23,704	$ (97)	$ 330,272
Foreign governments	4,122	916		5,038
Corporate debt securities	7,204,630	357,262	(53,315)	7,508,577
Residential mortgage-backed securities	301,196	21,202	(1,237)	321,161
Commercial mortgage-backed securities				
Collateralized debt securities	1,931	151		2,082
Other debt securities	16,188	800		16,988
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**7,834,732**	**404,035**	**(54,649)**	**8,184,118**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	24,038	771	(1)	24,808
U.S. states and political subdivisions	880,206	26,476	(8,018)	898,664
Foreign governments	5,000	1,827		6,827
Corporate debt securities	4,024,062	161,807	(27,367)	4,158,502
Residential mortgage-backed securities	32,313	1,718	(506)	33,525
Collateralized debt securities	9,064	693	(126)	9,631
Total bonds available-for-sale	**4,974,683**	**193,292**	**(36,018)**	**5,131,957**
Equity securities				
Common stock	744,742	759,886	(13,854)	1,490,774
Preferred stock	15,233	10,238	(1)	25,470
Total equity securities	**759,975**	**770,124**	**(13,855)**	**1,516,244**
Total investments in securities	**$ 13,569,390**	**$ 1,367,451**	**$ (104,522)**	**$ 14,832,319**

	December 31, 2014			
	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				

U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ 323,053	$ 26,800	$ (93)	$ 349,760
Foreign governments	29,130	1,293		30,423
Corporate debt securities	7,517,195	424,845	(47,315)	7,894,725
Residential mortgage-backed securities	336,853	22,317	(1,535)	357,635
Commercial mortgage-backed securities				
Collateralized debt securities	2,232	238		2,470
Other debt securities	16,587	1,313		17,900
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**8,225,050**	**476,806**	**(48,943)**	**8,652,913**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	22,415	825	(7)	23,233
U.S. states and political subdivisions	802,846	36,151	(1,381)	837,616
Foreign governments	5,000	2,021		7,021
Corporate debt securities	3,812,771	203,048	(15,770)	4,000,049
Residential mortgage-backed securities	40,988	1,903	(492)	42,399
Collateralized debt securities	10,696	863	(70)	11,489
Total bonds available-for-sale	**4,694,716**	**244,811**	**(17,720)**	**4,921,807**
Equity securities				
Common stock	719,651	774,650	(7,176)	1,487,125
Preferred stock	19,733	10,121	(1)	29,853
Total equity securities	**739,384**	**784,771**	**(7,177)**	**1,516,978**
Total investments in securities	**$ 13,659,150**	**$ 1,506,388**	**$ (73,840)**	**$ 15,091,698**

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Note 4 Investment in Securities (Continued)

The amortized cost and fair value, by contractual maturity, of fixed maturity securities are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015			
	Bonds Held-to-Maturity		Bonds Available-for-Sale	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	$ 633,129	$ 643,485	$ 351,266	$ 358,911
Due after one year through five years	2,043,445	2,233,333	895,628	960,265
Due after five years through ten years	4,780,423	4,906,961	3,156,290	3,235,340
Due after ten years	371,884	395,314	566,499	572,479
Without single maturity date	5,851	5,025	5,000	4,962
Total	**$ 7,834,732**	**$ 8,184,118**	**$ 4,974,683**	**$ 5,131,957**

Actual maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, which are not due at a single maturity, have been allocated to their respective categories based on the year of final contractual maturity.

Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities, with the related gross realized gains and losses, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	$ 23,894	$ 54,802	$ 39,476	$ 136,466
Gross realized gains	7,226	4,823	14,009	24,765
Gross realized losses	(65)	(2)	(65)	(2,123)

Gains and losses are determined using specific identification of the securities sold. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 there were no bonds transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 bonds with a carrying value of $44,781,000, were transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale after a significant deterioration in the issuers creditworthiness became evident. Unrealized gains of $1,301,000 were established following the transfer at fair value.

The components of the change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities are shown below (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014

Bonds available-for-sale	$ (69,817)	$ 115,275
Equity securities	(21,325)	89,286
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities during the year	(91,142)	204,561
Adjustments for		
Deferred policy acquisition costs	17,680	(30,837)
Participating policyholders interest	2,722	(10,378)
Deferred federal income tax expense	24,437	(56,587)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	**$ (46,303)**	**$ 106,759**

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Note 4 Investment in Securities (Continued)

The gross unrealized losses and fair value of the investment securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015					
	Less than 12 months		12 Months or more		Total	
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity						
U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ (43)	$ 2,480	$ (54)	$ 116	$ (97)	$ 2,596
Corporate debt securities	(37,141)	1,472,709	(16,174)	176,016	(53,315)	1,648,725
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(337)	20,801	(900)	17,080	(1,237)	37,881
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**(37,521)**	**1,495,990**	**(17,128)**	**193,212**	**(54,649)**	**1,689,202**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
U.S. treasury and government	(1)	3,922			(1)	3,922
U.S. states and political subdivisions	(7,653)	328,492	(365)	2,636	(8,018)	331,128
Corporate debt securities	(23,866)	1,192,265	(3,501)	51,336	(27,367)	1,243,601
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(275)	10,954	(231)	7,085	(506)	18,039
Collateralized debt securities	(119)	2,060	(7)	306	(126)	2,366
Total bonds available-for-sale	**(31,914)**	**1,537,693**	**(4,104)**	**61,363**	**(36,018)**	**1,599,056**
Equity securities						
Common stock	(13,850)	86,894	(4)	22	(13,854)	86,916
Preferred stock			(1)		(1)	
Total equity securities	**(13,850)**	**86,894**	**(5)**	**22**	**(13,855)**	**86,916**
Total	**$ (83,285)**	**$ 3,120,577**	**$ (21,237)**	**$ 254,597**	**$ (104,522)**	**$ 3,375,174**

	December 31, 2014					
	Less than 12 months		12 Months or more		Total	
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value

Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity						
U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ (37)	$ 3,388	$ (56)	$ 2,465	$ (93)	$ 5,853
Corporate debt securities	(20,575)	523,766	(26,740)	662,362	(47,315)	1,186,128
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(232)	12,186	(1,303)	31,163	(1,535)	43,349
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**(20,844)**	**539,340**	**(28,099)**	**695,990**	**(48,943)**	**1,235,330**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
U.S. treasury and government	(7)	14,552			(7)	14,552
U.S. states and political subdivisions	(166)	27,719	(1,215)	78,851	(1,381)	106,570
Corporate debt securities	(8,852)	384,451	(6,918)	288,808	(15,770)	673,259
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(170)	9,386	(322)	14,042	(492)	23,428
Collateralized debt securities	(63)	2,033	(7)	339	(70)	2,372
Total bonds available-for-sale	**(9,258)**	**438,141**	**(8,462)**	**382,040**	**(17,720)**	**820,181**
Equity securities						
Common stock	(7,176)	43,907			(7,176)	43,907
Preferred stock	(1)				(1)	
Total equity securities	**(7,177)**	**43,907**			**(7,177)**	**43,907**
Total	**$ (37,279)**	**$ 1,021,388**	**$ (36,561)**	**$ 1,078,030**	**$ (73,840)**	**$ 2,099,418**

As of June 30, 2015, the securities with unrealized losses including those exceeding one year were not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. American National has the ability and intent to hold those securities until a market price recovery or maturity. It is not more-likely-than-not that American National will be required to sell them prior to recovery, and recovery is expected in a reasonable period of time. It is possible an issuer s financial circumstances may be different in the future, which may lead to a different impairment conclusion in future periods.

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Note 4 Investment in Securities (Continued)

Bonds distributed by credit quality rating, using both S&P and Moody s ratings, are shown below:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
AAA	5.3%	5.0%
AA	12.4	12.8
A	39.5	39.4
BBB	39.6	39.5
BB and below	3.2	3.3
Total	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

Equity securities by market sector distribution are shown below:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Consumer goods	20.5%	20.4%
Energy and utilities	14.5	13.3
Financials	19.6	19.1
Healthcare	15.5	14.0
Industrials	8.2	8.4
Information technology	16.3	16.2
Other	5.4	8.6
Total	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

Note 5 Mortgage Loans

Generally, commercial mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate. American National attempts to maintain a diversified portfolio by considering the location of the underlying collateral. The distribution based on carrying amount of mortgage loans by location are as follows:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
East North Central	19.7%	19.4%
East South Central	5.3	5.0
Mountain	11.9	11.0
Pacific	9.5	10.8
South Atlantic	21.0	21.9
West South Central	26.3	24.9
Other	6.3	7.0

Total	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

As of June 30, 2015, American National had foreclosed on two loans with a recorded investment of $19,328,000; there were no loans foreclosed for the same period in 2014. American National sold one commercial loan with a recorded investment of $2,702,000 resulting in a realized loss of $1,602,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. No loans were sold in the same period in 2014.

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Note 5 Mortgage Loans (Continued)

The age analysis of past due commercial mortgage loans is shown below (in thousands):

	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days	Total Past Due	Current	Total Mortgage Loans Amount	Total Mortgage Loans Percent
June 30, 2015							
Industrial	$	$	$	$	$ 718,732	$ 718,732	21.7%
Office					1,195,041	1,195,041	35.9
Retail					579,299	579,299	17.3
Other					831,352	831,352	25.1
Total	**$**	**$**	**$**	**$**	**$ 3,324,424**	3,324,424	**100.0%**
Allowance for loan losses						(13,407)	
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance						**$ 3,311,017**	
December 31, 2014							
Industrial	$	$	$	$	$ 702,541	$ 702,541	20.9%
Office			19,327	19,327	1,201,833	1,221,160	36.1
Retail					615,813	615,813	18.1
Other					837,932	837,932	24.9
Total	**$**	**$**	**$ 19,327**	**$ 19,327**	**$ 3,358,119**	$ 3,377,446	**100.0%**
Allowance for loan losses						(17,860)	
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance						**$ 3,359,586**	

Total mortgage loans are net of unamortized discounts of $557,000 and $658,000 and unamortized origination fees of $17,463,000 and $15,659,000 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. No unearned income is included in these amounts.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The credit quality of the mortgage loan portfolio is assessed by evaluating the credit risk of each borrower. A loan is classified as performing or non-performing based on whether all of the contractual terms of the loan have been met.

Loans not evaluated individually for collectability are segregated by property-type and location, and allowance factors are applied. These factors are developed annually and reviewed quarterly based on our historical loss experience adjusted for the expected trend in the rate of foreclosure losses. Allowance factors are higher for loans of certain property types and in certain regions based on loss experience or a blended historical loss factor.

The change in allowance for credit losses in commercial mortgage loans is shown below (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,	
	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Individually Evaluated for Impairment
Beginning balance, 2015	**$ 12,277**	**$ 5,583**
Change in allowance	(1,049)	(3,404)
Ending balance, 2015	**$ 11,228**	**$ 2,179**

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the recorded investment for loans collectively evaluated for impairment was $3,298,423,000 and $3,321,241,000, respectively, and the recorded investment for loans individually evaluated for impairment was $26,001,000 and $56,205,000, respectively.

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Note 5 Mortgage Loans (Continued)

Loans individually evaluated for impairment with and without an allowance are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	
	Average Recorded Investment	**Interest Income Recognized**	**Average Recorded Investment**	**Interest Income Recognized**
Three months ended				
With an allowance recorded				
Office	$	$	$ 11,763	$ 209
Industrial				
Retail				
Total	**$**	**$**	**$ 11,763**	**$ 209**
Without an allowance recorded				
Office	$ 20,996	$ 340	$ 6,256	$ 85
Industrial			7,877	144
Retail	2,503	88		
Total	**$ 23,499**	**$ 428**	**$ 14,133**	**$ 229**
Six months ended				
With an allowance recorded				
Office	$	$	$ 11,763	$ 207
Industrial				
Retail				20
Total	**$**	**$**	**$ 11,763**	**$ 227**
Without an allowance recorded				
Office	$ 20,996	$ 681	$ 18,649	$ 288
Industrial			10,598	173
Retail	5,032	177	1,280	6
Total	**$ 26,028**	**$ 858**	**$ 30,527**	**$ 467**

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Recorded Investment	**Unpaid Principal Balance**	**Recorded Investment**	**Unpaid Principal Balance**
With an allowance recorded				

Office	$	$	$ 26,563	$ 31,653
Industrial				
Retail				493
Total	**$**	**$**	**$ 26,563**	**$ 32,146**
Without an allowance recorded				
Office	$ 20,996	$ 20,996	$ 26,941	$ 26,941
Industrial			2,702	2,702
Retail	5,005	5,005		
Total	**$ 26,001**	**$ 26,001**	**$ 29,643**	**$ 29,643**

Troubled Debt Restructurings

American National has granted concessions which are classified as troubled debt restructurings to mortgage loan borrowers. Concessions are generally one of, or a combination of, a delay in payment of principal or interest, a reduction of the contractual interest rate or an extension of the maturity date. American National considers the amount, timing and extent of concessions in determining any impairment or changes in the specific allowance for loan losses recorded in connection with a troubled debt restructuring. The carrying value after specific allowance, before and after modification in a troubled debt restructuring, may not change significantly, or may increase if the expected recovery is higher than the pre-modification recovery assessment.

The number of mortgage loans and recorded investment in troubled debt restructuring are as follows:

	Six months ended June 30,					
	2015			**2014**		
	Number of contracts	**Recorded investment pre-modification**	**Recorded investment post modification**	**Number of contracts**	**Recorded investment pre-modification**	**Recorded investment post modification**
Office	1	$ 6,432	$ 6,432	2	$ 19,836	$ 19,836

There are no commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been modified in troubled debt restructuring, and there have been no defaults on modified loans during the periods presented.

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Note 6 Investment Real Estate

Investment real estate by property-type and geographic distribution are as follows:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Industrial	11.9%	13.0%
Office	29.8	25.0
Retail	42.1	44.1
Other	16.2	17.9
Total	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
East North Central	8.3%	4.5%
East South Central	4.1	4.6
Mountain	8.4	9.6
Pacific	6.5	7.1
South Atlantic	11.5	12.2
West South Central	55.0	55.6
Other	6.2	6.4
Total	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

American National regularly invests in real estate partnerships and joint ventures. American National frequently participates in the design of these entities with the sponsor, but in most cases, its involvement is limited to financing. Through analysis performed by American National, some of these partnerships and joint ventures have been determined to be variable interest entities (VIEs). In certain instances, in addition to an economic interest in the entity, American National holds the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity and is deemed the primary beneficiary or consolidator of the entity. The assets of the consolidated VIEs are restricted and must first be used to settle their liabilities. Creditors or beneficial interest holders of these VIEs have no recourse to the general credit of American National, as American National s obligation is limited to the amount of its committed investment. American National has not provided financial or other support to the VIEs in the form of liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments to third parties that may affect the fair value or risk of its variable interest in the VIEs in 2015 or 2014.

The assets and liabilities relating to the VIEs included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Investment real estate	$ 161,744	$ 140,032
Short-term investments	1	1

Cash and cash equivalents		3,118		2,495
Accrued investment income		170		683
Other receivables		8,176		7,999
Other assets		6,142		8,483
Total assets of consolidated VIEs	**$**	**179,351**	**$**	**159,693**
Notes payable	$	122,464	$	108,177
Other liabilities		10,629		8,954
Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs	**$**	**133,093**	**$**	**117,131**

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Note 6 Investment Real Estate (Continued)

The notes payable in the consolidated statements of financial position pertain to the borrowings of the consolidated VIEs. The liability of American National Insurance Company relating to notes payable of the consolidated VIEs is limited to the amount of its direct or indirect investment in the respective ventures, which totaled $32,358,000 and $15,016,000 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The total long-term portion of notes payable consists of four notes with the following interest rates: 4.0%, prime plus 0.5%, and two notes with adjusted LIBOR plus LIBOR margin. Of the long-term notes payable, $24,937,000 will mature in 2016, with the remainder maturing beyond 5 years.

For other VIEs in which American National is a partner, it is not the primary beneficiary and these entities were not consolidated, as the major decisions that most significantly impact the economic activities of the VIE require unanimous consent of all partners. The following table presents the carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to unconsolidated VIEs (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Carrying Amount	**Maximum Exposure to Loss**	**Carrying Amount**	**Maximum Exposure to Loss**
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	$ 202,818	$ 202,818	$ 157,620	$ 157,620
Mortgage loans	202,864	202,864	172,408	172,408
Accrued investment income	868	868	721	721

As of June 30, 2015, a real estate investment with a carrying value of $4,028,000 was classified as held for sale.

Note 7 Derivative Instruments

American National purchases over-the-counter equity-indexed options as economic hedges against fluctuations in the equity markets to which equity-indexed products are exposed. Equity-indexed contracts include a fixed host universal-life insurance or annuity contract and an equity-indexed embedded derivative. The detail of derivative instruments is shown below (in thousands, except number of instruments):

	Location in the	**June 30, 2015**			**December 31, 2014**		
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	**Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**	Number of Instruments	Notional Amounts	Estimated Fair Value	Number of Instruments	Notional Amounts	Estimated Fair Value
Equity-indexed options	Other invested assets	456	$ 1,189,400	$ 183,963	436	$ 1,095,300	$ 189,449
Equity-indexed embedded derivative	Policyholders account balances	46,307	931,300	208,827	42,287	961,300	208,187

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location in the Consolidated Statements of Operations	Gains (Losses) Recognized in Income on Derivatives			
		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Equity-indexed options	Net investment income	$ (2,095)	$ 18,464	$ (964)	$ 22,449
Equity-indexed embedded derivative	Interest credited to policyholders account balances	4,413	(11,826)	3,217	(14,722)

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Note 8 Net Investment Income and Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

Net investment income is shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014
Bonds	$ 139,095	$ 149,879	$ 282,836	$ 301,395
Equity securities	10,049	9,258	18,516	18,342
Mortgage loans	49,502	55,904	99,001	107,358
Real estate	147	2,073	(1,606)	(2,898)
Options	(2,095)	18,464	(964)	22,449
Other invested assets	6,964	6,714	15,092	14,469
Total	**$ 203,662**	**$ 242,292**	**$ 412,875**	**$ 461,115**

Realized investment gains (losses) are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014
Bonds	$ 8,799	$ 3,293	$ 10,097	$ 19,912
Equity securities	8,283	3,533	36,910	10,064
Mortgage loans	(209)	(3,145)	(733)	(3,873)
Real estate	(78)	(1,934)	9,833	3,029
Other invested assets	(27)	4	(37)	(935)
Total	**$ 16,768**	**$ 1,751**	**$ 56,070**	**$ 28,197**

Other-than-temporary impairment losses are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014
Bonds	$	$	$	$ (41)
Equity securities	(3,472)	(462)	(3,497)	(1,396)
Total	**$ (3,472)**	**$ (462)**	**$ (3,497)**	**$ (1,437)**

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity	$ 7,834,732	$ 8,184,118	$ 8,225,050	$ 8,652,913
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale	5,131,957	5,131,957	4,921,807	4,921,807
Equity securities	1,516,244	1,516,244	1,516,978	1,516,978
Equity-indexed options	183,963	183,963	189,449	189,449
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,311,017	3,524,217	3,359,586	3,618,944
Policy loans	405,400	405,400	405,979	405,979
Short-term investments	430,242	430,242	431,000	431,000
Separate account assets	974,233	974,233	1,001,515	1,001,515
Total financial assets	**$ 19,787,788**	**$ 20,350,374**	**$ 20,051,364**	**$ 20,738,585**
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	$ 8,557,961	$ 8,557,961	$ 8,894,747	$ 8,894,747
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	208,827	208,827	208,187	208,187
Notes payable	122,464	122,464	108,177	108,177
Separate account liabilities	974,233	974,233	1,001,515	1,001,515
Total financial liabilities	**$ 9,863,485**	**$ 9,863,485**	**$ 10,212,626**	**$ 10,212,626**

Summary

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability. A fair value hierarchy is used to determine fair value based on a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant. American National has evaluated the types of securities in its investment portfolio to determine an appropriate hierarchy level based upon trading activity and the observability of market inputs. The classification of assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2

Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities other than quoted prices in Level 1; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Unobservable inputs reflect American National s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models and third-party evaluation, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Fixed Maturity Securities and Equity Options American National utilizes a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements. The estimates of fair value for most fixed maturity securities, including municipal bonds, provided by the pricing service are disclosed as Level 2 measurements as the estimates are based on observable market information rather than market quotes.

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The pricing service utilizes market quotations for fixed maturity securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Since fixed maturity securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service prepares estimates of fair value measurements for these securities using its proprietary pricing applications, which include available relevant market information, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. Additionally, an option adjusted spread model is used to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios.

The pricing service evaluates each asset class based on relevant market information, credit information, perceived market movements and sector news. The market inputs utilized in the pricing evaluation, listed in the approximate order of priority, include: benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, reference data, and economic events. The extent of the use of each market input depends on the asset class and the market conditions. Depending on the security, the priority of the use of inputs may change or some market inputs may not be relevant. For some securities, additional inputs may be necessary.

American National has reviewed the inputs and methodology used and the techniques applied by the pricing service to produce quotes that represent the fair value of a specific security. The review confirms that the pricing service is utilizing information from observable transactions or a technique that represents a market participant s assumptions. American National does not adjust quotes received from the pricing service. The pricing service utilized by American National has indicated that they will only produce an estimate of fair value if there is objectively verifiable information available.

American National holds a small amount of private placement debt and fixed maturity securities that have characteristics that make them unsuitable for matrix pricing. For these securities, a quote from an independent broker (typically a market maker) is obtained. Due to the disclaimers on the quotes that indicate that the price is indicative only, American National includes these fair value estimates in Level 3.

For securities priced using a quote from an independent broker, such as the equity options and certain fixed maturity securities, American National uses a market-based fair value analysis to validate the reasonableness of prices received from an independent broker. Price variances above a certain threshold are analyzed further to determine if any pricing issue exists. This analysis is performed quarterly.

Equity Securities For publicly-traded equity securities, prices are received from a nationally recognized pricing service that are based on observable market transactions, and these securities are classified as Level 1 measurements. For certain preferred stock, current market quotes in active markets are unavailable. In these instances, an estimate of fair value is received from the pricing service. The service utilizes similar methodologies to price preferred stocks as it does for fixed maturity securities. These estimates are disclosed as Level 2 measurements. American National tests the accuracy of the information provided by reference to other services regularly.

Mortgage Loans The fair value of mortgage loans is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses on a loan by loan basis by applying a discount rate to expected cash flows from future installment and balloon payments. The discount rate takes into account general market trends and specific credit risk trends for the individual loan. Factors used to arrive at the discount rate include inputs from spreads based on U.S. Treasury notes and the loan s credit quality, region, property type, lien priority, payment type and current status.

Embedded Derivative The embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts is measured at fair value and is recalculated each reporting period using equity option pricing models. To validate the assumptions used to price the embedded derivative liability, American National measures and compares embedded derivative returns against the returns of equity options held to hedge the liability cash flows.

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The significant unobservable input used to calculate the fair value of the embedded derivatives is equity option implied volatility. An increase in implied volatility will result in an increase in the value of the equity-indexed embedded derivatives, all other things being equal. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the one year implied volatility used to estimate embedded derivative value was 16.5% and 17.3%, respectively.

Other Financial Instruments Other financial instruments classified as Level 3 measurements, as there is little or no market activity, are as follows:

Policy loans The carrying value of policy loans is the outstanding balance plus any accrued interest. Due to the collateralized nature of policy loans such that they cannot be separated from the policy contracts and the unpredictable timing of repayments and the fact that settlement is at outstanding value, American National believes the carrying value of policy loans approximates fair value.

Investment contracts The carrying value of investment contracts is equivalent to the accrued account balance. The accrued account balance consists of deposits, net of withdrawals, plus or minus interest credited, fees and charges assessed and other adjustments. American National believes that the carrying value of investment contracts approximates fair value because the majority of these contracts interest rates reset to current rates offered at anniversary.

Notes payable Notes payable are carried at outstanding principal balance. The carrying value of the notes payable approximates fair value because the underlying interest rates approximate market rates at the balance sheet date.

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Quantitative Disclosures

The fair value hierarchy measurements of the financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurement as of June 30, 2015			
	Total Fair Value	**Level 1**	**Level 2**	**Level 3**
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ 330,272	$	$ 330,272	$
Foreign governments	5,038		5,038	
Corporate debt securities	7,508,577		7,453,341	55,236
Residential mortgage-backed securities	321,161		320,215	946
Collateralized debt securities	2,082			2,082
Other debt securities	16,988		12,682	4,306
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**8,184,118**		**8,121,548**	**62,570**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	24,808		24,808	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	898,664		896,164	2,500
Foreign governments	6,827		6,827	
Corporate debt securities	4,158,502		4,097,421	61,081
Residential mortgage-backed securities	33,525		31,719	1,806
Collateralized debt securities	9,631		7,818	1,813
Total bonds available-for-sale	**5,131,957**		**5,064,757**	**67,200**
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,490,774	1,490,774		
Preferred stock	25,470	25,470		
Total equity securities	**1,516,244**	**1,516,244**		
Options	183,963			183,963
Mortgage loans on real estate	3,524,217		3,524,217	
Policy loans	405,400			405,400
Short-term investments	430,242		430,242	
Separate account assets	974,233		974,233	

Total financial assets	**$ 20,350,374**	**$ 1,516,244**	**$ 18,114,997**	**$ 719,133**
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	$ 8,557,961	$	$	$ 8,557,961
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	208,827			208,827
Notes payable	122,464			122,464
Separate account liabilities	974,233		974,233	
Total financial liabilities	**$ 9,863,485**	**$**	**$ 974,233**	**$ 8,889,252**

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

	Fair Value Measurement as of December 31, 2014			
	Total Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. states and political subdivisions	$ 349,760	$	$ 349,760	$
Foreign governments	30,423		30,423	
Corporate debt securities	7,894,725		7,833,564	61,161
Residential mortgage-backed securities	357,635		356,670	965
Collateralized debt securities	2,470			2,470
Other debt securities	17,900		12,975	4,925
Total bonds held-to-maturity	**8,652,913**		**8,583,392**	**69,521**
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and government	23,233		23,233	
U.S. states and political subdivisions	837,616		835,106	2,510
Foreign governments	7,021		7,021	
Corporate debt securities	4,000,049		3,941,925	58,124
Residential mortgage-backed securities	42,399		40,473	1,926
Collateralized debt securities	11,489		9,616	1,873
Total bonds available-for-sale	**4,921,807**		**4,857,374**	**64,433**
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,487,125	1,487,125		
Preferred stock	29,853	29,853		
Total equity securities	**1,516,978**	**1,516,978**		
Options	189,449			189,449
Mortgage loans on real estate	3,618,944		3,618,944	
Policy loans	405,979			405,979
Short-term investments	431,000		431,000	
Separate account assets	1,001,515		1,001,515	
Total financial assets	**$ 20,738,585**	**$ 1,516,978**	**$ 18,492,225**	**$ 729,382**
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	$ 8,894,747	$	$	$ 8,894,747
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed contracts	208,187			208,187
Notes payable	108,177			108,177
Separate account liabilities	1,001,515		1,001,515	

Total financial liabilities	**$ 10,212,626**	**$**	**$ 1,001,515**	**$ 9,211,111**

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Note 9 Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

For financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs during the period, a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances is shown below (in thousands):

	Level 3					
	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	Assets		Liability	Assets		Liability
	Investment Securities	Equity-Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative	Investment Securities	Equity-Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative
Beginning balance, 2015	**$ 65,299**	**$ 188,006**	**$ 208,412**	**$ 64,433**	**$ 189,449**	**$ 208,187**
Total realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	(1,105)			(168)		
Net fair value change included in realized gains (losses)						
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		(3,880)			(4,623)	
Net change included in interest credited			(4,413)			(3,217)
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities						
Purchases		5,825			9,588	
Sales	(60)			(121)		
Settlements or maturities	(332)	(5,988)		(342)	(10,451)	
Premiums less benefits			4,828			3,857
Gross transfers into Level 3	3,398			3,398		
Gross transfers out of Level 3						
Ending balance June 30, 2015	**$ 67,200**	**$ 183,963**	**$ 208,827**	**$ 67,200**	**$ 183,963**	**$ 208,827**
Beginning balance, 2014	**$ 11,973**	**$ 146,147**	**$ 155,191**	**$ 48,304**	**$ 164,753**	**$ 148,435**
Total realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	321			(11,873)		
Net fair value change included in realized gains (losses)				13,056		
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		16,678			18,790	
Net change included in interest credited			11,826			14,722
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities						

Purchases		4,017			8,690	
Sales	(362)			(37,550)		
Settlements or maturities		(2,981)		(5)	(28,372)	
Premiums less benefits			19,244			23,104
Gross transfers into Level 3						
Gross transfers out of Level 3						
Ending balance June 30, 2014	**$ 11,932**	**$ 163,861**	**$ 186,261**	**$ 11,932**	**$ 163,861**	**$ 186,261**

Within the net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income were unrealized gains (losses) of $(10,602,000) and $3,641,000 relating to assets still held at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The transfers during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 into Level 3 were the result of existing securities no longer being priced by the third-party pricing service at the end of the period. American National s valuation of these securities involves judgment regarding assumptions market participants would use including quotes from independent brokers. There were no transfers between fair value hierarchies during the three or six months ended June 30, 2014.

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Note 10 Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Deferred policy acquisition costs are shown below (in thousands):

	Life	Annuity	Accident & Health	Property & Casualty	Total
Beginning balance, 2015	**$ 711,469**	**$ 382,441**	**$ 47,784**	**$ 111,850**	**$ 1,253,544**
Additions	53,632	20,233	7,041	114,951	**195,857**
Amortization	(38,567)	(41,763)	(8,778)	(113,825)	**(202,933)**
Effect of change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	4,689	12,991			**17,680**
Net change	19,754	(8,539)	(1,737)	1,126	**10,604**
Ending balance at June 30, 2015	**$ 731,223**	**$ 373,902**	**$ 46,047**	**$ 112,976**	**$ 1,264,148**

Commissions comprise the majority of the additions to deferred policy acquisition costs for each year.

Note 11 Liability for Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses (claims) for accident and health, and property and casualty insurance is included in Policy and contract claims in the consolidated statements of financial position and is the amount estimated for claims that have been reported but not settled and IBNR claims. Liability for unpaid claims are estimated based upon American National s historical experience and actuarial assumptions that consider the effects of current developments, anticipated trends and risk management programs and reduced for anticipated salvage and subrogation. The effects of the changes are included in the consolidated results of operations in the period in which the changes occur.

Information regarding the liability for unpaid claims is shown below (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	**2014**
Unpaid claims balance, beginning	$ 1,132,394	$ 1,096,301
Less reinsurance recoverables	245,906	215,161
Net beginning balance	**886,488**	**881,140**
Incurred related to		
Current	485,872	472,008
Prior years	(14,189)	(10,860)
Total incurred claims	**471,683**	**461,148**

Paid claims related to		
Current	246,056	224,618
Prior years	208,300	199,925
Total paid claims	**454,356**	**424,543**
Net balance	903,815	917,745
Plus reinsurance recoverables	222,376	228,340
Unpaid claims balance, ending	**$ 1,126,191**	**$ 1,146,085**

The net and gross reserve calculations have shown favorable development as a result of favorable loss emergence compared to what was implied by the loss development patterns used in the original estimation of losses in prior years. Estimates for ultimate incurred claims attributable to insured events of prior years decreased by approximately $14,189,000 during the first six months of 2015 and $10,860,000 during the first six months of 2014, reflecting lower-than-anticipated losses on illnesses.

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Note 12 Federal Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the effective tax rate to the statutory federal tax rate is shown below (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
	2015		2014 (As Adjusted)		2015		2014 (As Adjusted)	
	Amount	**Rate**	**Amount**	**Rate**	**Amount**	**Rate**	**Amount**	**Rate**
Income tax on pre-tax income	$ 17,292	35.0%	$ 23,073	35.0%	$ 49,268	35.0%	$ 49,137	35.0%
Tax-exempt investment income	(1,946)	(3.9)	(1,602)	(2.4)	(3,825)	(2.7)	(3,155)	(2.2)
Dividend exclusion	(1,864)	(3.8)	(1,665)	(2.5)	(3,947)	(2.8)	(3,553)	(2.5)
Miscellaneous tax credits, net	(2,541)	(5.1)	(1,664)	(2.5)	(4,472)	(3.2)	(3,215)	(2.3)
Low income housing tax credit expense	1,221	2.5	225	0.4	2,485	1.8	1,646	1.2
Other items, net	2,886	5.8	3,416	5.2	1,425	1.0	3,831	2.7
Total	**$ 15,048**	**30.5%**	**$ 21,783**	**33.2%**	**$ 40,934**	**29.1%**	**$ 44,691**	**31.9%**

American National made payments of $25,080,000 and $30,913,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Management believes that a sufficient level of taxable income will be achieved over time to utilize the deferred tax assets in the consolidated federal tax return; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded as of June 30, 2015 and 2014. There are no ordinary loss tax carryforwards that will expire by December 31, 2015.

The statute of limitations for the examination of federal income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service for years 2006 to 2009 has been extended. In the opinion of management, all prior year deficiencies have been paid or adequate provisions have been made for any tax deficiencies that may be upheld. No provision for penalties was established, and no interest expense was incurred for 2015 or 2014 relating to uncertain tax positions. Management does not believe there are any uncertain tax benefits that could be recognized within the next twelve months that would decrease American National s effective tax rate.

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Note 13 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of and changes in the accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), and the related tax effects, are shown below (in thousands):

	Net Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Adjustments	Foreign Currency Adjustments	AOCI
Beginning balance, 2015	**$ 568,151**	**$ (76,074)**	**$ (1,295)**	**$ 490,782**
Amounts reclassified from AOCI (net of tax benefit $12,334 and expense $1,633)	(22,905)	3,032		(19,873)
Unrealized holding losses arising during the period (net of tax benefit $19,566)	(36,337)			(36,337)
Unrealized adjustment to DAC (net of tax expense $6,510)	11,170			11,170
Unrealized gains on investments attributable to participating policyholders interest (net of tax expense $953)	1,769			1,769
Foreign currency adjustment (net of tax benefit $350)			(650)	(650)
Ending balance at June 30, 2015	**$ 521,848**	**$ (73,042)**	**$ (1,945)**	**$ 446,861**
Beginning balance, 2014	**$ 457,937**	**$ (43,884)**	**$ (341)**	**$ 413,712**
Amounts reclassified from AOCI (net of tax benefit $9,225 and expense $772)	(17,133)	1,434		(15,699)
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period (net of tax expense $80,821)	150,098			150,098
Unrealized adjustment to DAC (net of tax benefit $11,377)	(19,460)			(19,460)
Unrealized gains on investments attributable to participating policyholders interest (net of tax benefit $3,632)	(6,746)			(6,746)
Foreign currency adjustment (net of tax benefit $54)			(101)	(101)
Ending balance at June 30, 2014	**$ 564,696**	**$ (42,450)**	**$ (442)**	**$ 521,804**

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Note 14 Stockholders Equity and Noncontrolling Interests

American National has one class of common stock with a par value of $1.00 per share and 50,000,000 authorized shares. The amounts outstanding at the dates indicated are shown below:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Common stock		
Shares issued	30,832,449	30,832,449
Treasury shares	(3,938,280)	(3,960,507)
Outstanding shares	**26,894,169**	**26,871,942**
Restricted shares	(78,667)	(142,667)
Unrestricted outstanding shares	**26,815,502**	**26,729,275**

Stock-based compensation

American National has one stock-based compensation plan, which allows for grants of Non-Qualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR), Restricted Stock (RS) Awards, Restricted Stock Units (RSU), Performance Awards, Incentive Awards or any combination thereof. This plan is administered by the American National Board Compensation Committee. Incentive awards under this plan are made to officers meeting established performance objectives. All awards are subject to review and approval, both at the time of setting applicable performance objectives and at payment of the awards. The number of shares available for grants under the plan cannot exceed 2,900,000 shares, and no more than 200,000 shares may be granted to any one individual in any calendar year. Grants are made to certain officers and directors as compensation and to align their interests with those of other shareholders.

SAR, RS and RSU information for the periods indicated are shown below:

	SAR		RS Shares		RS Units	
	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	**54,930**	**$ 114.86**	**142,667**	**$ 107.39**	**128,214**	**$ 95.82**
Granted					83,093	104.75
Exercised	(116)	73.97	(64,000)	102.60	(70,494)	90.56
Forfeited					(198)	
Expired	(15,196)	115.10				
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	**39,618**	**$ 114.88**	**78,667**	**$ 111.28**	**140,615**	**$ 103.73**

	SAR	RS Shares	RS Units
Weighted-average contractual remaining life (in years)	1.64	3.86	2.16
Exercisable shares	39,604	N/A	
Weighted-average exercise price	$ 114.88	$ 111.28	$ 103.73
Weighted-average exercise price exercisable shares	114.90	N/A	N/A
Compensation expense (credits)			
Three months ended June 30, 2015	$ 10,000	$ 276,000	$ 1,127,000
Three months ended June 30, 2014	(4,000)	1,576,000	465,000
Six months ended June 30, 2015	(67,000)	653,000	4,307,000
Six months ended June 30, 2014	(13,000)	2,081,000	668,000
Fair value of liability award			
June 30, 2015	$ 41,000	N/A	$ 18,012,000
December 31, 2014	167,000	N/A	16,301,000

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Note 14 Stockholders Equity and Noncontrolling Interests (Continued)

The SARs give the holder the right to cash compensation based on the difference between the stock price on the grant date and the stock price on the exercise date. The SARs vest at a rate of 20% per year for five years and expire five years after vesting.

RSU awards allow the recipient of the awards to settle the vested RSUs in either shares of American National s common stock or cash. RSUs vest after a three-year graded vesting requirement or over a shorter period as a result of death, disability or retirement after age 65.

RS Awards entitle the participant to full dividend and voting rights. Each award has the value of one share of restricted stock and vests 10 years from the grant date. Unvested shares are restricted as to disposition, and are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period. The restrictions on these awards lapse after 10 years, and these awards feature a graded vesting schedule in the case of the retirement of an award holder. Restricted stock awards for 350,334 shares have been granted at an exercise price of zero, of which 78,667 shares are unvested.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share were calculated using a weighted average number of shares outstanding. The Restricted Stock awards and units resulted in diluted earnings per share as follows:

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014 (As Adjusted)	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014 (As Adjusted)
Weighted average shares outstanding	26,877,833	26,802,896	26,847,936	26,799,648
Incremental shares from RS awards and RSUs	74,274	123,455	93,541	124,981
Total shares for diluted calculations	**26,952,107**	**26,926,351**	**26,941,477**	**26,924,629**
Net income attributable to American National (in thousands)	$ 35,053	$ 57,174	$ 138,035	$ 109,428
Basic earnings per share	$ 1.30	$ 2.13	$ 5.14	$ 4.08
Diluted earnings per share	1.30	2.11	5.12	4.06

Statutory Capital and Surplus

Risk Based Capital (RBC) requirements are measures insurance regulators use to evaluate the capital adequacy of American National Insurance Company and its insurance subsidiaries. RBC is calculated using formulas applied to certain financial balances and activities that consider, among other things, risks related to the type and quality of the invested assets, insurance risks associated with an insurer s products and liabilities, interest rate risks and general business risks. Insurance companies that do not maintain capital and surplus at a level at least 200% of the authorized control level RBC are required to take certain actions. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, American National Insurance Company s statutory capital and surplus was $2,960,102,000 and $2,879,154,000, respectively. American National Insurance Company and each of its insurance subsidiaries had statutory capital and surplus at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, substantially above their authorized control level RBC.

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Note 14 Stockholders Equity and Noncontrolling Interests (Continued)

American National s insurance subsidiaries prepare statutory-basis financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the insurance department of the state of domicile which include certain components of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Codification of Statutory Accounting Principles (NAIC Codification). NAIC Codification is intended to standardize regulatory accounting and reporting to state insurance departments. However, statutory accounting practices continue to be established by individual state laws and permitted practices. Modifications by the various state insurance departments may impact the statutory capital and surplus of American National Insurance Company and its insurance subsidiaries.

Statutory accounting differs from GAAP primarily by charging policy acquisition costs to expense as incurred, establishing future policy benefit liabilities using different actuarial assumptions, and valuing securities on a different basis. In addition, certain assets are not admitted under statutory accounting principles and are charged directly to surplus.

One of American National s insurance subsidiaries has been granted a permitted practice from the Missouri Department of Insurance to record as the valuation of its investment in a wholly-owned subsidiary that is the attorney-in-fact for a Texas domiciled insurer, the statutory capital and surplus of the Texas domiciled insurer. This permitted practice increases the statutory capital and surplus of both American National Insurance Company and the Missouri domiciled insurance subsidiary by $64,225,000 and $58,560,000 at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. Additionally, the statutory capital and surplus of both American National Insurance Company and the Missouri domiciled insurance subsidiary would have remained substantially above the company action level RBC had it not used the permitted practice.

The statutory capital and surplus and net income (loss) of our life and property and casualty insurance entities in accordance with statutory accounting practices are shown below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Statutory capital and surplus		
Life insurance entities	$ 1,976,079	$ 1,904,128
Property and casualty insurance entities	993,086	984,155

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Statutory net income				
Life insurance entities	$ 33,147	$ 41,064	$ 79,241	$ 96,118
Property and casualty insurance entities	(1,111)	(1,045)	13,937	22,134

Dividends

American National Insurance Company s payment of dividends to stockholders is restricted by statutory regulations. The restrictions require life insurance companies to maintain minimum amounts of capital and surplus, and in the absence of special approval, limit the payment of dividends to the greater of prior year statutory net income from operations on an annual, non-cumulative basis, or 10% of prior year statutory surplus. Under Texas insurance law, American National Insurance Company is permitted to pay total dividends of $287,915,000 during 2015, without prior approval of the Texas Department of Insurance. Similar restrictions on amounts that can transfer in the form of dividends, loans, or advances to American National Insurance Company apply to its insurance subsidiaries.

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Note 14 Stockholders Equity and Noncontrolling Interests (Continued)

Noncontrolling interests

American National County Mutual Insurance Company (County Mutual) is a mutual insurance company that is owned by its policyholders. American National has a management agreement that effectively gives it control of County Mutual. As a result, County Mutual is included in the consolidated financial statements of American National. Policyholder interests in the financial position of County Mutual are reflected as noncontrolling interest of $6,750,000 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries exercise significant control or ownership of various joint ventures, resulting in their consolidation into American National s consolidated financial statements. The interests of the other partners in the consolidated joint ventures are shown as noncontrolling interests of $4,384,000 and $5,634,000 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Note 15 Segment Information

Management organizes the business into five operating segments:

Life markets whole, term, universal, indexed and variable life insurance on a national basis primarily through career and multiple-line agents, as well as independent agents and direct marketing channels.

Annuity offers fixed, indexed, and variable annuity products. These products are primarily sold through independent agents, brokers, and financial institutions, along with multiple-line and career agents.

Health primary lines of business are Medicare supplement, stop loss, other supplemental health products and credit disability insurance. Health products are typically distributed through independent agents and managing general underwriters.

Property and Casualty writes personal, agricultural and commercial coverages and credit-related property insurance. These products are primarily sold through multiple-line and independent agents.

Corporate and Other consists of net investment income from investments not allocated to the insurance segments and revenues from non-insurance operations.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Note 2 to American National s annual report on from 10-K. All revenue and expense amounts specifically attributable to policy transactions are recorded directly to the appropriate operating segment. Revenues and expenses not specifically attributable to policy transactions are allocated to each segment as follows:

Recurring income from bonds and mortgage loans is allocated based on the assets allocated to each line of business at the average yield available from these assets.

Net investment income from all other assets is allocated to the insurance segments in accordance with the amount of capital allocated to each segment, with the remainder recorded in the Corporate and Other business segment.

Expenses are allocated based upon various factors, including premium and commission ratios within the respective operating segments.

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Note 15 Segment Information (Continued)

The following summarizes results of operations by operating segments (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	**2014**	**2015**	**2014**
Income from continuing operations before federal income taxes, and equity in earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates				
Life	$ 7,131	$ 13,104	$ 15,330	$ 11,282
Annuity	17,122	28,344	34,235	46,049
Health	5,360	10,821	12,903	10,275
Property and Casualty	(1,444)	190	8,778	29,702
Corporate and Other	21,238	13,463	69,520	43,082
Total	**$ 49,407**	**$ 65,922**	**$ 140,766**	**$ 140,390**

Note 16 Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

American National had aggregate commitments at June 30, 2015, to purchase, expand or improve real estate, to fund fixed interest rate mortgage loans, and to purchase other invested assets of $675,294,000 of which $403,319,000 is expected to be funded in 2015 with the remainder funded in 2016 and beyond.

American National has a $100,000,000 short-term variable rate borrowing facility containing a $55,000,000 sub-feature for the issuance of letters of credit. Borrowings under the facility are at the discretion of the lender and would be used only for funding working capital requirements. The combination of borrowings and outstanding letters of credit cannot exceed $100,000,000 at any time. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding letters of credit were $12,214,000, and there were no borrowings on this facility to meet liquidity requirements. This facility expires on October 30, 2015. American National expects it will be renewed on substantially equivalent terms upon expiration.

Guarantees

American National has guaranteed bank loans for customers of a third-party marketing operation. The bank loans are used to fund premium payments on life insurance policies issued by American National. The loans are secured by the cash values of the life insurance policies. If the customer were to default on the bank loan, American National would be obligated to pay off the loans. As the cash values of the life insurance policies always equal or exceed the balance of the loans, management does not foresee any loss on these guarantees. The total amount of the guarantees outstanding as of June 30, 2015, was approximately $206,376,000, while the total cash value of the related life insurance policies was approximately $210,436,000.

Litigation

American National and certain subsidiaries, in common with the insurance industry in general, are defendants in various lawsuits concerning alleged breaches of contracts, various employment matters, allegedly deceptive insurance sales and marketing practices, and miscellaneous other causes of action arising in the ordinary course of operations. Certain of these lawsuits include claims for compensatory and punitive damages. We provide accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. After reviewing these matters with legal counsel, based upon information presently available, management is of the opinion that the ultimate resultant liability, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on American National s consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations; however, assessing the eventual outcome of litigation necessarily involves forward-looking speculation as to judgments to be made by judges, juries and appellate courts in the future.

Note 16 Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Such speculation warrants caution, as the frequency of large damage awards, which bear little or no relation to the economic damages incurred by plaintiffs in some jurisdictions, continues to create the potential for an unpredictable judgment in any given lawsuit. These lawsuits are in various stages of development, and future facts and circumstances could result in management s changing its conclusions. It is possible that, if the defenses in these lawsuits are not successful, and the judgments are greater than management can anticipate, the resulting liability could have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations. With respect to the existing litigation, management currently believes that the possibility of a material judgment adverse to American National is remote and no estimate of range can be made for loss contingencies that are at least reasonably possible but not accrued.

Note 17 Related Party Transactions

American National has entered into recurring transactions and agreements with certain related parties. These include mortgage loans, management contracts, agency commission contracts, marketing agreements, accident and health insurance contracts and legal services. The impact on the consolidated financial statements of significant related party transactions is shown below (in thousands):

		Dollar Amount of Transactions		Amount due to (from) American National	
		Six months ended June 30,			
Related Party	Financial Statement Line Impacted	2015	2014	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Mortgage loan on real estate	$ 651	$ 606	$ 5,857	$ 6,508
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Net investment income	226	272	35	39
Greer, Herz & Adams, LLP	Other operating expenses	4,012	5,709	(347)	(309)

Mortgage Loans to Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation (Gal-Tex): American National holds a first mortgage loan originated in 1999, with an interest rate of 7.25% and final maturity date of April 1, 2019 issued to Gal-Tex, which is collateralized by a hotel property in San Antonio, Texas. This loan is current as to principal and interest payments.

Transactions with Greer, Herz & Adams, LLP.: Irwin M. Herz, Jr. is an American National advisory director and a Partner with Greer, Herz & Adams, LLP., which serves as American National s General Counsel.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Set forth on the following pages is management s discussion and analysis (MD&A) of financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 of American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries (referred to in this document as we , our , us , or the Company). This information should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements included in Item 1, Financial Statements (unaudited), of this Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains forward-looking statements that reflect our estimates and assumptions related to business, economic, competitive and legislative developments. Forward-looking statements generally are indicated by words such as expects, intends, anticipates, plans, believes, estimates, will or words of similar meaning and inclu limitation, statements regarding the outlook of our business and expected financial performance. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve various risks and uncertainties. Moreover, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and we undertake no obligation to update them. Certain important factors could cause our actual results to differ, possibly materially, from our expectations or estimates. These factors are described in greater detail in Item IA, Risk Factors, in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 27th, 2015, and they include among others:

Economic & Investment Risk Factors

- difficult conditions in the economy, which may not improve in the near future, and risks related to persistently low or unpredictable interest rates;
- fluctuations in the markets for fixed maturity securities, equity securities, and commercial real estate, which could adversely affect the valuation of our investment portfolio, our net investment income, our retirement expense, and sales of or fees from certain of our products;
- lack of liquidity for certain of our investments;
- risk of investment losses and defaults;

Operational Risk Factors

- differences between actual experience regarding mortality, morbidity, persistency, expense, surrenders and investment returns, and our assumptions for establishing liabilities and reserves or for other purposes;

potential ineffectiveness of our risk management policies and procedures;

changes in our experience related to deferred policy acquisition costs;

failures or limitations of our computer, data security and administration systems;

potential employee error or misconduct, which may result in fraud or adversely affect the execution and administration of our policies and claims;

Catastrophic Event Risk Factors

natural or man-made catastrophes, pandemic disease, or other events resulting in increased claims activity from catastrophic loss of life or property;

the effects of unanticipated events on our disaster recovery and business continuity planning;

Marketplace Risk Factors

the highly competitive nature of the insurance and annuity business;

potential difficulty in attraction and retention of qualified employees and agents;

the introduction of alternative healthcare solutions or changes in federal healthcare policy, both of which could impact our supplement healthcare business;

Litigation and Regulation Risk Factors

- adverse determinations in litigation or regulatory proceedings which may result in significant financial losses and harm our reputation;
- significant changes in government regulation;
- changes in tax law;
- changes in statutory or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), practices or policies;

Reinsurance and Counterparty Risk Factors

- potential changes in the availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance protection;
- potential default or failure to perform by the counterparties to our reinsurance arrangements and derivative instruments;

Other Risk Factors

- potentially adverse rating agency actions; and
- control of our company by a small number of stockholders.

Overview

We are a diversified insurance and financial services company offering a broad spectrum of insurance products. Chartered in 1905, we are headquartered in Galveston, Texas. We operate in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

General Trends

American National had no material changes to the general trends, as discussed in the MD&A included in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. In addition to GAAP, insurance companies apply specific SEC regulations when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and notes requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. Actual results could differ from results reported using those estimates and assumptions. Our accounting policies inherently require the use of judgments relating to a variety of assumptions and estimates, particularly expectations of current and future mortality, morbidity, persistency, expenses, interest rates, and property and casualty loss frequency, severity, claim reporting and settlement patterns. Due to the inherent uncertainty when using the assumptions and estimates, the effect of certain accounting policies under different conditions or assumptions could vary from those reported in the consolidated financial statements.

For a discussion of our critical accounting estimates, see the MD&A in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015. There have been no material changes in accounting policies since December 31, 2014.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 3, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1.

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Consolidated Results of Operations

The following sets forth the consolidated results of operations (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Premiums and other revenues						
Premiums	$ 433,203	$ 445,626	$ (12,423)	$ 875,046	$ 910,501	$ (35,455)
Other policy revenues	57,597	55,859	1,738	115,121	111,786	3,335
Net investment income	203,662	242,292	(38,630)	412,875	461,115	(48,240)
Realized investments gains (losses), net	13,296	1,289	12,007	52,573	26,760	25,813
Other income	9,748	9,720	28	18,458	17,060	1,398
Total premiums and other revenues	**717,506**	**754,786**	**(37,280)**	**1,474,073**	**1,527,222**	**(53,149)**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Policyholder benefits	127,334	141,512	(14,178)	269,705	310,244	(40,539)
Claims incurred	244,176	237,462	6,714	468,225	459,903	8,322
Interest credited to policyholders account balances	69,215	91,794	(22,579)	144,968	175,206	(30,238)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	103,557	103,949	(392)	196,672	202,384	(5,712)
Other operating expenses	123,203	120,517	2,686	246,661	239,041	7,620
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	614	(6,370)	6,984	7,076	54	7,022
Total benefits and expenses	**668,099**	**688,864**	**(20,765)**	**1,333,307**	**1,386,832**	**(53,525)**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ 49,407**	**$ 65,922**	**$ (16,515)**	**$ 140,766**	**$ 140,390**	**$ 376**

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the period indicated. A positive net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the period indicated.

Consolidated earnings decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to a decrease in net investment income, which outpaced the decrease in the related interest credited, partially offset by an increase in realized investment gains. Consolidated earnings increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in realized investment gains partially offset by a decrease in net investment income.

Life

Life segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Premiums and other revenues						
Premiums	$ 75,071	$ 72,678	$ 2,393	$ 147,153	$ 144,673	$ 2,480
Other policy revenues	54,174	51,995	2,179	108,600	103,604	4,996
Net investment income	56,372	57,677	(1,305)	113,986	115,035	(1,049)
Other income	607	352	255	1,030	689	341
Total premiums and other revenues	**186,224**	**182,702**	**3,522**	**370,769**	**364,001**	**6,768**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Policyholder benefits	91,184	82,485	8,699	179,188	173,765	5,423
Interest credited to policyholders account balances	14,112	15,871	(1,759)	29,900	31,616	(1,716)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	32,532	32,269	263	59,848	61,732	(1,884)
Other operating expenses	48,916	49,698	(782)	101,568	101,514	54
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	(7,651)	(10,725)	3,074	(15,065)	(15,908)	843
Total benefits and expenses	**179,093**	**169,598**	**9,495**	**355,439**	**352,719**	**2,720**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ 7,131**	**$ 13,104**	**$ (5,973)**	**$ 15,330**	**$ 11,282**	**$ 4,048**

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the period indicated. A positive net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the period indicated.

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Earnings decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in policyholder benefits. Earnings increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to increases in premiums on traditional products and other policy revenues on interest-sensitive products.

Premiums and other revenues

Premiums increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 due to the growth of our traditional insurance business.

Other policy revenues include mortality charges, earned policy service fees and surrender charges on interest-sensitive life insurance policies. The increase in other policy revenue during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 is attributable to an increase in surrender charges on interest sensitive life policies.

Life insurance sales

The following table presents life insurance sales as measured by annualized premium, a non-GAAP measure used by the insurance industry, which allows a comparison of new policies sold by an insurance company during the period (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Whole life	$ 6,616	$ 6,689	$ (73)	$ 13,712	$ 13,417	$ 295
Term life	7,596	7,626	(30)	14,698	15,147	(449)
Universal life	9,708	8,981	727	18,101	17,811	290
Total recurring	**$ 23,920**	**$ 23,296**	**$ 624**	**$ 46,511**	**$ 46,375**	**$ 136**
Single and excess	$ 562	$ 479	$ 83	$ 913	$ 935	$ (22)
Credit life	1,082	1,029	53	2,042	1,932	110

Life insurance sales are based on the total yearly premium that insurance companies would expect to receive if all recurring premium policies would remain in force, plus 10% of single and excess premiums and 15% of credit life premium. Life insurance sales measure activity associated with gaining new insurance business in the current period whereas GAAP premium revenues are associated with policies sold in current and prior periods; therefore, a reconciliation of premium revenues and insurance sales is not meaningful.

Life insurance sales increased during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily driven by increased Indexed Universal Life sales. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, total recurring life sales remained relatively constant with 2014.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in reserves.

Commissions were relatively flat during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014. Commissions decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to the portion of commissions being paid on renewal premiums, which carry a lower commission rate.

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	$ 28,594	$ 27,702	$ 892	$ 53,632	$ 50,990	$ 2,642
Amortization of DAC	(20,943)	(16,977)	(3,966)	(38,567)	(35,082)	(3,485)
Change in DAC	**$ 7,651**	**$ 10,725**	**$ (3,074)**	**$ 15,065**	**$ 15,908**	**$ (843)**

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Policy in-force information

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment s in-force amounts (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Change
Life insurance in-force			
Traditional life	$ 61,927,193	$ 59,409,750	$ 2,517,443
Interest-sensitive life	26,556,767	26,166,314	390,453
Total life insurance in-force	**$ 88,483,960**	**$ 85,576,064**	**$ 2,907,896**

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment s number of policies in-force:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Change
Number of policies in-force			
Traditional life	1,914,036	1,949,119	(35,083)
Interest-sensitive life	209,661	205,805	3,856
Total number of policies	**2,123,697**	**2,154,924**	**(31,227)**

Total life insurance in-force increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, while the total number of policies decreased for the same period, reflecting the transition to fewer but larger face amount policies.

Annuity

Annuity segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Premiums and other revenues						
Premiums	$ 25,088	$ 46,653	$ (21,565)	$ 66,531	$ 113,589	$ (47,058)
Other policy revenues	3,423	3,864	(441)	6,521	8,182	(1,661)
Net investment income	113,205	145,143	(31,938)	232,867	275,457	(42,590)
Other income	1,012		1,012	1,882		1,882
Total premiums and other revenues	**142,728**	**195,660**	**(52,932)**	**307,801**	**397,228**	**(89,427)**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Policyholder benefits	36,150	59,027	(22,877)	90,517	136,479	(45,962)

Interest credited to policyholders account balances	55,103	75,923	(20,820)	115,068	143,590	(28,522)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	11,349	13,007	(1,658)	20,454	26,571	(6,117)
Other operating expenses	12,948	13,145	(197)	25,997	30,929	(4,932)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs [(1)]	10,056	6,214	3,842	21,530	13,610	7,920
Total benefits and expenses	**125,606**	**167,316**	**(41,710)**	**273,566**	**351,179**	**(77,613)**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ 17,122**	**$ 28,344**	**$ (11,222)**	**$ 34,235**	**$ 46,049**	**$ (11,814)**

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the period indicated. A positive net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the period indicated.

Earnings decreased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 as a decrease in premiums reflected the challenges of the continued low interest rate environment. This was partially offset by items that fluctuate with changes in premium, such as policyholder benefits, commissions and allocated expenses. Net investment income declined due to maturing bonds and mortgage loans being replaced by new investments purchased with a decrease in interest yields and account values, as well as a decrease in option return relative to the related embedded derivative.

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Premiums and other revenues

Annuity premium and deposit amounts received are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Fixed deferred annuity	$ 58,151	$ 95,533	$ (37,382)	$ 105,710	$ 193,709	$ (87,999)
Single premium immediate annuity	30,243	54,440	(24,197)	79,853	130,248	(50,395)
Equity-indexed deferred annuity	82,645	67,342	15,303	134,792	118,078	16,714
Variable deferred annuity	22,364	25,906	(3,542)	48,827	60,446	(11,619)
Total premium and deposits	**193,403**	**243,221**	**(49,818)**	**369,182**	**502,481**	**(133,299)**
Less: Policy deposits	168,315	196,568	(28,253)	302,651	388,892	(86,241)
Total earned premiums	**$ 25,088**	**$ 46,653**	**$ (21,565)**	**$ 66,531**	**$ 113,589**	**$ (47,058)**

We monitor account values and changes in those values as a key indicator of performance in our Annuity segment.

Shown below are the changes in account values (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2015	**2014**
Fixed deferred and equity-indexed annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	$ 8,873,398	$ 9,355,946
Net inflows	114,330	157,861
Surrenders	(557,427)	(616,132)
Fees	(3,378)	(5,234)
Interest credited	111,408	140,103
Account value, end of period	**$ 8,538,331**	**$ 9,032,544**
Single premium immediate annuity		
Reserve, beginning of period	$ 1,274,664	$ 1,144,616
Net inflows	5,014	67,133
Interest and mortality	22,086	22,285
Reserve, end of period	**$ 1,301,764**	**$ 1,234,034**
Variable deferred annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	$ 494,516	$ 489,305
Net inflows	47,649	59,974
Surrenders	(83,877)	(71,185)

Fees	(2,845)	(2,842)
Change in market value and other	(43,420)	23,602
Account value, end of period	**$ 412,023**	**$ 498,854**

Deferred and Single Premium Immediate Annuity sales decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014. Benchmark 10 year treasury yields were 50-100 basis points lower in the first quarter of 2015, leading to less attractive interest crediting rates.

Variable deferred annuity net inflows decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014. These products have no guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits. Our total direct exposure on the guaranteed minimum death benefits associated with these products was $0.7 million and $1.1 million as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Reinsurance, from reinsurers rated A or higher by A.M. Best, reduced the net exposure to $0.2 million for June 30, 2015 and 2014.

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Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits consist of annuity payments and reserve increases for SPIA contracts. Reserve increases are highly correlated to the sales volume of SPIA contracts. Sales and benefits decreased for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, driven primarily by the continued low interest rate environment.

Commissions decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 consistent with decreased annuity sales.

Other operating expenses decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 due to a decrease in independent contractor bonuses and lower production.

The change in DAC represents acquisition costs capitalized less the amortization of existing DAC, which is calculated in proportion to expected gross profits. The following shows the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	$ 11,278	$ 11,673	$ (395)	$ 20,233	$ 24,194	$ (3,961)
Amortization of DAC	(21,334)	(17,887)	(3,447)	(41,763)	(37,804)	(3,959)
Change in DAC	**$ (10,056)**	**$ (6,214)**	**$ (3,842)**	**$ (21,530)**	**$ (13,610)**	**$ (7,920)**

The amortization of DAC as a percentage of gross profits is an important ratio for the Annuity segment. Changes in this ratio reflect the impact of emerging experience. For example, if surrenders in the year are higher than what was projected in last year s DAC calculation, then DAC amortization will tend to increase relative to gross margins. The ratios for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were 40.9% and 32.3%, respectively. The ratio for 2014 was lower than expected due to lower than projected surrenders in the second quarter of this year. The 2015 ratio is more in line with expectations.

Options and Derivatives

The following table reflects the incremental impact of option return to net investment income, and the impact of the equity-indexed annuity embedded derivatives to interest credited to policyholder s account balances (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Net investment income						
Without option return	$ 114,860	$ 127,430	$ (12,570)	$ 233,697	$ 254,157	$ (20,460)
Option return	(1,655)	17,713	(19,368)	(830)	21,300	(22,130)
Interest credited to policy account balances						
Without embedded derivatives	58,803	64,360	(5,557)	117,761	129,544	(11,783)
Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivatives	(3,700)	11,563	(15,263)	(2,693)	14,046	(16,739)

Net investment income without option return decreased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to a lower net investment portfolio yield and aggregate account values.

The option return, as well as the related equity-indexed annuity embedded derivatives, decreased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, due to the relative change in the S&P 500 Index during the respective periods. These option returns correlate to the 0.2% decrease and 4.7% increase in the S&P 500 Index during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The six months ended decrease correlates to the 0.2% and 6.1% return in the S&P 500 index for 2015 and 2014, respectively. The equity-indexed embedded derivative return also decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 due to policy surrenders. When a policy surrenders, the policyholder forfeits a portion of interest that was previously expected to be credited to the policy.

Health

Health segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	2014	Change	Six months ended June 30, 2015	2014	Change
Premiums and other revenues						
Premiums	$ 51,135	$ 55,379	$ (4,244)	$ 102,972	$ 110,715	$ (7,743)
Net investment income	2,592	2,897	(305)	5,245	5,835	(590)
Other income	5,356	5,642	(286)	9,925	10,255	(330)
Total premiums and other revenues	**59,083**	**63,918**	**(4,835)**	**118,142**	**126,805**	**(8,663)**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Claims incurred	32,256	32,737	(481)	64,053	76,666	(12,613)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	7,955	9,270	(1,315)	15,146	17,343	(2,197)
Other operating expenses	12,900	11,492	1,408	24,303	22,692	1,611
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	612	(402)	1,014	1,737	(171)	1,908
Total benefits and expenses	**53,723**	**53,097**	**626**	**105,239**	**116,530**	**(11,291)**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ 5,360**	**$ 10,821**	**$ (5,461)**	**$ 12,903**	**$ 10,275**	**$ 2,628**

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the period indicated. A positive net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the period indicated.

Earnings decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to a decrease in premiums. Earnings increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to a decrease in claims incurred, partially offset by a decrease in premiums earned. Claims incurred in the first quarter of 2014 included a $4.0 million charge relating to now settled reinsurance litigation.

Premiums and other revenues

Health earned premiums for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015		2014		Six months ended June 30, 2015		2014	
Medicare Supplement	$ 19,147	37.4%	$ 21,360	38.6%	$ 39,010	37.9%	$ 43,353	39.2%

Medical expense	4,213	8.2	5,534	10.0	8,785	8.5	11,765	10.6
Group health	8,037	15.7	8,522	15.4	17,407	16.9	18,761	16.9
Credit accident and health	3,195	6.2	3,574	6.5	6,465	6.3	7,311	6.6
MGU	8,214	16.1	6,634	12.0	13,515	13.1	11,882	10.7
Supplemental Insurance	6,822	13.3	8,167	14.7	14,702	14.3	14,325	12.9
All other	1,507	3.1	1,588	2.8	3,088	3.0	3,318	3.1
Total	**$ 51,135**	**100.0%**	**$ 55,379**	**100.0%**	**$ 102,972**	**100.0%**	**$ 110,715**	**100.0%**

Earned premiums decreased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to the continued contraction of the closed medical expense blocks of business, and a decrease in Medicare Supplement contract sales. The decline in Medicare Supplement earned premium reflects a sales shift to a lower premium high deductible Medicare Supplement Plan. For the three months ended June 30, 2015 there was also a notable decrease in supplemental product sales due to recent Affordable Care Act regulations that required the discontinuation of a previously sold product.

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The number of in-force certificates and policies as of the dates indicated are as follows:

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Medicare Supplement	36,230	6.2%	38,245	6.0%
Medical expense	2,892	0.5	3,313	0.5
Group	16,974	2.9	16,877	2.6
Credit accident and health	208,046	35.5	227,790	35.8
MGU	217,092	37.0	239,537	37.6
Supplemental Insurance	65,971	11.3	70,207	11.0
All other	39,097	6.6	41,417	6.5
Total	**586,302**	**100.0%**	**637,386**	**100.0%**

Total in-force policies decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to December 31, 2014, primarily due to a decrease in the MGU line, credit accident and health business, and supplemental insurance. MGU inforce certificate counts decreased in the first half of 2015 primarily as a result of removing poorer performing groups by several MGU s. New Business has been originated during the year to date and it is anticipated that premiums written for these groups will replace portions of the cancelled groups. Credit accident and health decreased due to contraction in that market as distributors continued to shift their marketing emphasis to property and casualty products.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Claims incurred decreased due to the contraction of the Medicare Supplement and Supplemental Insurance blocks consistent with the decline in sales for those two lines. Additionally, the first quarter of 2014 included a $4.0 million charge relating to now settled reinsurance litigation.

Change in Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	$ 3,087	$ 5,175	$ (2,088)	$ 7,041	$ 9,463	$ (2,422)
Amortization of DAC	(3,699)	(4,773)	1,074	(8,778)	(9,292)	514
Change in DAC	**$ (612)**	**$ 402**	**$ (1,014)**	**$ (1,737)**	**$ 171**	**$ (1,908)**

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Property and Casualty

Property and Casualty results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Premiums and other revenues						
Net premiums written	$ 311,376	$ 295,538	$ 15,838	$ 598,320	$ 572,536	$ 25,784
Net premiums earned	$ 281,909	$ 270,916	$ 10,993	$ 558,390	$ 541,524	$ 16,866
Net investment income	14,226	14,746	(520)	28,632	29,929	(1,297)
Other income	1,432	1,391	41	2,572	2,645	(73)
Total premiums and other revenues	**297,567**	**287,053**	**10,514**	**589,594**	**574,098**	**15,496**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Claims incurred	211,920	204,725	7,195	404,172	383,237	20,935
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	51,722	49,405	2,317	101,225	96,738	4,487
Other operating expenses	37,772	34,190	3,582	76,545	61,898	14,647
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	(2,403)	(1,457)	(946)	(1,126)	2,523	(3,649)
Total benefits and expenses	**299,011**	**286,863**	**12,148**	**580,816**	**544,396**	**36,420**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ (1,444)**	**$ 190**	**$ (1,634)**	**$ 8,778**	**$ 29,702**	**$ (20,924)**
Loss ratio	75.2%	75.6%	(0.4)	72.4%	70.8%	1.6
Underwriting expense ratio	30.9	30.4	0.5	31.6	29.9	1.7
Combined ratio	**106.1%**	**106.0%**	**0.1**	**104.0%**	**100.7%**	**3.3**
Impact of catastrophe events on combined ratio	12.5	10.8	1.7	8.5	8.0	0.5
Combined ratio without impact of catastrophe events	**93.6%**	**95.2%**	**1.6**	**95.5%**	**92.7%**	**(2.8)**
Gross catastrophe losses	$ 35,008	$ 28,046	$ 6,962	$ 47,639	$ 41,106	$ 6,533
Net catastrophe losses	34,806	28,504	6,302	47,290	42,143	5,147

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the period indicated. A positive net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and

represents an increase to expenses in the period indicated.

Property and Casualty results decreased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 due to increased claims and other operating expenses.

Premiums and other revenues

Net premiums written and earned increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 due to increases in the commercial lines.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Claims incurred increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, as a result of first quarter increases in non-catastrophe weather related losses and an increase in the severity of losses due to fire. The increase in claims during the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, were primarily a result of increases in catastrophe losses.

Operating expenses increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 as a result of costs related to growth initiatives.

Products

Our Property and Casualty segment consists of: (i) Personal products, marketed primarily to individuals, representing 56.1% of net premiums written (ii) Commercial products, which focus primarily on agricultural and other markets, representing 35.4% of net premiums written and (iii) Credit-related property insurance products, which are marketed to and through financial institutions and retailers, representing 8.5% of net premiums written.

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Personal Products

Personal Products results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Change	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014	Change
Net premiums written						
Automobile	$ 102,100	$ 99,988	$ 2,112	$ 205,775	$ 202,098	$ 3,677
Homeowner	60,728	60,722	6	108,450	109,221	(771)
Other Personal	10,932	9,696	1,236	21,457	19,280	2,177
Total net premiums written	**$ 173,760**	**$ 170,406**	**$ 3,354**	**$ 335,682**	**$ 330,599**	**$ 5,083**
Net premiums earned						
Automobile	$ 101,156	$ 99,799	$ 1,357	$ 200,149	$ 198,655	$ 1,494
Homeowner	54,649	53,739	910	109,341	108,079	1,262
Other Personal	10,135	8,960	1,175	20,021	17,752	2,269
Total net premiums earned	**$ 165,940**	**$ 162,498**	**$ 3,442**	**$ 329,511**	**$ 324,486**	**$ 5,025**
Loss ratio						
Automobile	81.5%	79.1%	2.4	79.1%	74.5%	4.6
Homeowner	89.9	97.2	(7.3)	76.1	82.8	(6.7)
Other Personal	50.1	16.5	33.6	62.4	28.1	34.3
Personal line loss ratio	**82.4%**	**81.6%**	0.8	**77.1%**	**74.7%**	2.4
Combined Ratio						
Automobile	106.5%	103.8%	2.7	104.2%	96.7%	7.5
Homeowner	116.7	125.5	(8.8)	103.2	107.4	(4.2)
Other Personal	73.0	36.3	36.7	87.2	45.7	41.5
Personal line combined ratio	**107.8%**	**107.5%**	0.3	**102.9%**	**97.5%**	5.4

Personal Automobile: Net premiums written and earned increased in our personal automobile line during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, due to increases in sales volume and improved rate adequacy. The loss ratio increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to an increase in non-catastrophe weather related claim activity compared to the prior year.

Homeowners: Net premiums written decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to decreased writings in higher risk areas. The loss ratio improved during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 due to continued improvement in rate adequacy.

Other Personal: These products include watercraft, rental-owner and umbrella coverages for individuals seeking to protect their personal property and liability not covered within their homeowner and auto policies. The loss ratio increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, due to increased catastrophe claim activity in the rental-owners line.

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Commercial Products

Commercial Products results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30, 2015	2014	Change	Six months ended June 30, 2015	2014	Change
Net premiums written						
Other Commercial	$ 49,341	$ 44,018	$ 5,323	$ 93,354	$ 84,522	$ 8,832
Agricultural Business	35,493	33,560	1,933	65,773	62,796	2,977
Automobile	26,034	24,978	1,056	52,569	50,151	2,418
Total net premiums written	**$ 110,868**	**$ 102,556**	**$ 8,312**	**$ 211,696**	**$ 197,469**	**$ 14,227**
Net premiums earned						
Other Commercial	$ 38,254	$ 34,813	$ 3,441	$ 74,632	$ 68,206	$ 6,426
Agricultural Business	29,924	29,865	59	59,164	58,863	301
Automobile	21,616	19,734	1,882	42,851	38,782	4,069
Total net premiums earned	**$ 89,794**	**$ 84,412**	**$ 5,382**	**$ 176,647**	**$ 165,851**	**$ 10,796**
Loss ratio						
Other Commercial	65.7%	104.7%	(39.0)	66.4%	90.4%	(24.0)
Agricultural Business	84.3	46.8	37.5	85.9	62.4	23.5
Automobile	70.9	74.0	(3.1)	72.1	70.8	1.3
Commercial line loss ratio	**73.1%**	**77.0%**	(3.9)	**74.3%**	**75.9%**	(1.6)
Combined ratio						
Other Commercial	94.5%	127.9%	(33.4)	95.3%	118.9%	(23.6)
Agricultural Business	124.8	77.2	47.6	125.5	98.5	27.0
Automobile	96.2	106.0	(9.8)	97.6	96.4	1.2
Commercial line combined ratio	**105.0%**	**104.8%**	0.2	**106.0%**	**106.4%**	(0.4)

Other Commercial: Net premiums written and earned increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to increased premium per policy in the workers compensation and business owners lines. Improvement in the loss and combined ratios for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 are primarily due to favorable case reserve development on workers compensation claims.

Agricultural Business: Our agricultural business product allows policyholders to customize and cover their agriculture exposure using a package policy which includes coverage for residences and household contents, farm buildings and building contents, personal and commercial liability and personal property. Net premiums written and earned increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily as a result of improved rate adequacy. The loss and combined ratio increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in both frequency of catastrophe claims as well as severity of fire losses.

Commercial Automobile: Net premiums written and earned increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014, primarily due to improved rate adequacy. The loss and combined ratios increased during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in overall average severity of losses.

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Credit Products

Credit-related property product results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Net premiums written	$ 26,748	$ 22,586	$ 4,162	$ 50,942	$ 44,468	$ 6,474
Net premiums earned	26,175	24,007	2,168	52,232	51,187	1,045
Loss ratio	36.6%	29.3%	7.3%	36.3%	29.2%	7.1%
Combined ratio	104.0%	101.2%	2.8%	105.8%	102.5%	3.3%

Credit-related property products are offered on automobiles, furniture and appliances in connection with the financing of those items. These policies pay an amount if the insured property is lost or damaged and the amount paid is not directly related to an event affecting the consumer s ability to pay the debt.

Net written and earned premiums increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to increases in our Guaranteed Auto Protection (GAP) and Collateral Protection business.

The loss and combined ratios increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in claims in our GAP and Collateral Protection business.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and Other segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2015	**2014**	**Change**	**2015**	**2014**	**Change**
Other revenues						
Net investment income	$ 17,267	$ 21,829	$ (4,562)	$ 32,145	$ 34,859	$ (2,714)
Realized investments gains, net	13,296	1,289	12,007	52,573	26,760	25,813
Other Income	1,341	2,335	(994)	3,049	3,471	(422)
Total other revenues	**31,904**	**25,453**	**6,451**	**87,767**	**65,090**	**22,677**
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Commissions	(1)	(2)	1	(1)		(1)
Other operating expenses	10,667	11,992	(1,325)	18,248	22,008	(3,760)
Total benefits, losses and expenses	**10,666**	**11,990**	**(1,324)**	**18,247**	**22,008**	**(3,761)**
Income before other items and federal income taxes	**$ 21,238**	**$ 13,463**	**$ 7,775**	**$ 69,520**	**$ 43,082**	**$ 26,438**

Earnings increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in realized investment gains. The increase in realized gains is attributable to the sale of equity securities and the first quarter 2015 sale of investment real estate property.

Investments

We manage our investment portfolio to optimize the rate of return commensurate with sound and prudent asset selection and to maintain a well-diversified portfolio. Our investment operations are regulated primarily by the state insurance departments where we or our insurance subsidiaries are domiciled. Investment activities, including setting investment policies and defining acceptable risk levels, are subject to oversight by our Board of Directors, which is assisted by our Finance Committee and Management Risk Committee.

Our insurance and annuity products are primarily supported by investment-grade bonds, and to a lesser extent collateralized mortgage obligations and commercial mortgage loans. We purchase fixed maturity securities and designate them as either held-to-maturity or available-for-sale considering our estimated future cash flow needs.

We also monitor the composition of our fixed maturity securities classified as held-to-maturity and available-for-sale and adjust the mix within the portfolio as investments mature or new investments are purchased.

We invest in commercial mortgage loans when the yield and credit risk compare favorably with fixed maturity securities. Individual residential mortgage loans including sub-prime or Alt A mortgage loans have not been and are not expected to be part of our investment portfolio. We invest in real estate and equity securities based on a risk and reward analysis where we believe there are opportunities for enhanced returns.

The following summarizes the carrying values of our invested assets (other than investments in unconsolidated affiliates) by asset class (in thousands, except percentages):

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost	$ 7,834,732	40.4%	$ 8,225,050	42.0%
Bonds available-for-sale, at fair value	5,131,957	26.5	4,921,807	25.2
Equity securities, at fair value	1,516,244	7.8	1,516,978	7.8
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,311,017	17.1	3,359,586	17.2
Policy loans	405,400	2.1	405,979	2.1
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation	514,497	2.7	479,062	2.4
Short-term investments	430,242	2.2	431,000	2.2
Other invested assets	228,087	1.2	220,255	1.1
Total investments	**$ 19,372,176**	**100.0%**	**$ 19,559,717**	**100.0%**

The decrease in our total investments at June 30, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014 was primarily a result of lower policyholders account balances.

Bonds We allocate most of our fixed maturity securities to support our insurance business. As of June 30, 2015, our fixed maturity securities had an estimated fair value of $13.3 billion, which was $0.5 billion, or 3.8%, above amortized cost. At December 31, 2014, our fixed maturity securities had an estimated fair value of $13.6 billion, which was $0.7 billion, or 5.1%, above amortized cost. Fixed maturity securities estimated fair value, due in one year or less, decreased to $1.0 billion as of June 30, 2015 from $1.3 billion as of December 31, 2014, primarily as a result of maturities.

The following table identifies the total bonds by credit quality rating, using both Standard & Poor s and Moody s ratings (in thousands, except percentages):

	June 30, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	% of Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	% of Fair Value
AAA	$ 670,254	$ 701,601	5.3	$ 637,613	$ 676,728	5.0
AA	1,585,136	1,652,029	12.4	1,647,110	1,733,484	12.8
A	5,031,617	5,259,521	39.5	5,060,934	5,348,438	39.4
BBB	5,087,488	5,272,541	39.6	5,121,394	5,363,342	39.5

BB and below	434,920	430,383	3.2	452,715	452,728	3.3
Total	**$ 12,809,415**	**$ 13,316,075**	**100.0**	**$ 12,919,766**	**$ 13,574,720**	**100.0**

Mortgage Loans We invest in commercial mortgage loans that are diversified by property-type and geography to support our insurance business. Generally, mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate with a loan-to-value ratio of up to 75%. Mortgage loans are carried at outstanding principal balances, adjusted for any unamortized premium or discount, deferred fees or expenses, and net of allowances. The weighted average coupon yield on the principal funded for mortgage loans was 4.3% and 4.9% at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. It is likely that the weighted average yield on funded mortgage loans will decline as loans mature and new loans are originated with lower rates in the current interest rate environment.

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Equity Securities Our equity portfolio is in companies publicly traded on national U.S. stock exchanges; the cost and estimated fair value of the equity securities are as follows (in thousands):

	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	% of Fair Value
June 30, 2015					
Common stock	$ 744,742	$ 759,886	$ (13,854)	$ 1,490,774	98.3
Preferred stock	15,233	10,238	(1)	25,470	1.7
Total	**$ 759,975**	**$ 770,124**	**$ (13,855)**	**$ 1,516,244**	**100.0**
December 31, 2014					
Common stock	$ 719,651	$ 774,650	$ (7,176)	$ 1,487,125	98.0
Preferred stock	19,733	10,121	(1)	29,853	2.0
Total	**$ 739,384**	**$ 784,771**	**$ (7,177)**	**$ 1,516,978**	**100.0**

Investment Real Estate We invest in commercial real estate where positive cash flows and/or appreciation in value is expected. Real estate may be owned directly by our insurance companies or non-insurance affiliates or indirectly in joint ventures with real estate developers or investors we determine share our perspective regarding risk and return relationships. The carrying value of real estate is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and valuation allowances, if any. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

Short-Term Investments Short-term investments are primarily commercial paper rated A2/P2 or better by Standard & Poor s and Moody s, respectively. The amount fluctuates depending on the available long-term investment opportunities and our liquidity needs, including mortgage investment-funding commitments.

Policy Loans For certain life insurance products, policyholders may borrow funds using the policy s cash value as collateral. The maximum amount of the policy loan depends upon the policy s surrender value. As of June 30, 2015, we had $405.4 million in policy loans with a loan to surrender value of 58.8%, and at December 31, 2014, we had $406.0 million in policy loans with a loan to surrender value of 57.6%. Interest rates on policy loans primarily range from 3.0% to 12.0% per annum. Policy loans may be repaid at any time by the policyholder and have priority to any claims on the policy. If the policyholder fails to repay the policy loan, funds are withdrawn from the policy s benefits.

Net Investment Income and Net Realized Gains (Losses)

Net investment income decreased $48.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily from decreased interest rates on bonds and mortgage loans of $26.9 million and decreased option income of $23.4 million due to lower gains on the S&P index, partially offset by improvement in real estate income.

Interest income on mortgage loans is accrued on the principal amount of the loan at the contractual interest rate. Accretion of discounts is recorded using the effective yield method. Interest income, accretion of discounts and prepayment fees are reported in net investment income. Interest is not accrued on loans generally more than 90 days past due or when the collection of interest is not considered probable. Loans in foreclosure are placed on non-accrual status. Interest received on non-accrual status mortgage loans is included in net investment income in the period received.

Net realized gains increased $27.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014. Other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities decreased $2.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014.

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Net Unrealized Gains and Losses

The net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were $913.5 million and $1,005.7 million, respectively. Unrealized gains or losses on available-for-sale securities are recognized as other comprehensive income or loss which has no impact on earnings. The gross unrealized gains of available-for-sale securities decreased $66.2 million to $963.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015, resulting from decreases in the value of bonds and equity securities. The gross unrealized losses of available-for-sale securities changed unfavorably by $25.0 million, going from $24.9 million at December 31, 2014 to $49.9 million at June 30, 2015. The gross unrealized gains of held-to-maturity securities decreased $72.7 million to $404.0 million and gross unrealized losses decreased from $48.9 million at December 31, 2014 to $54.7 million in June 30, 2015.

The fair value of our investment securities is affected by various factors, including volatility of financial markets, changes in interest rates and fluctuations in credit spread. We have the ability and intent to hold those securities in unrealized loss positions until a market price recovery or maturity. Further, it is unlikely that we will be required to sell them prior to recovery, and recovery is expected in a reasonable period of time.

Liquidity

Our liquidity requirements have been and are expected to continue to be met by funds from operations, comprised of premiums received from our customers and investment income. The primary use of cash has been and is expected to continue to be payment of policyholder benefits and claims incurred. Current and expected patterns of claim frequency and severity may change from period to period but continue to be within historical norms. Management considers our current liquidity position to be sufficient to meet anticipated demands over the next twelve months. Our contractual obligations are not expected to have a significant negative impact to cash flow from operations.

Changes in interest rates during 2015 and market expectations for potentially higher rates through 2016 will likely lead to increases in the volume of annuity contracts, which may be partially offset by increases in surrenders. Freezing our defined benefit pension plans will lessen the impact of changes in interest rates on our contributions to these plans and future contributions to our defined benefit plans may be smaller than historical contributions. A portion of the contributions will be used for the employer matching contributions to defined contribution retirement plans, which will provide employees with the potential to accumulate assets for retirement. No unusually large capital expenditures are expected in the next 12-24 months and we have paid dividends to stockholders for over 100 consecutive years and expect to continue this trend. There are no other known trends or uncertainties regarding product pricing, changes in product lines or rising costs, which would have a significant impact to cash flows from operations.

To ensure we will be able to continue to pay future commitments, the funds received as premium payments and deposits are invested in bonds and commercial mortgages. Funds are invested with the intent that income from the investments and proceeds from the maturities will meet our ongoing cash flow needs. We historically have not had to liquidate invested assets in order to cover cash flow needs. We believe our portfolio of highly liquid available-for-sale investment securities including equity securities is sufficient to meet future liquidity needs as necessary.

Our cash & cash equivalents and short-term investment position decreased from $640.5 million at December 31, 2014 to $589.2 million at June 30, 2015. The decrease relates to a decrease in cash & cash equivalents as surrenders outpaced inflows in our annuity segment.

A downgrade or a potential downgrade in our financial strength ratings could result in a loss of business and could adversely affect our cash flow from operations.

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Capital Resources

Our capital resources are summarized below (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014 (As Adjusted)
American National stockholders equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax (AOCI)	$ 4,037,231	$ 3,936,781
AOCI	446,861	490,782
Total American National stockholders equity	**$ 4,484,092**	**$ 4,427,563**

We have notes payable relating to borrowings by real estate joint ventures that we consolidate into our financial statements that are not part of our capital resources. The lenders for the notes payable have no recourse against us in the event of default by the joint ventures. Therefore, the liability we have for these notes payable is limited to our investment in the respective ventures, which totaled $32.4 million at June 30, 2015 and $15.0 million at December 31, 2014, respectively.

The changes in our capital resources are summarized below (in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30, 2015
Net income attributable to American National	$ 138,035
Decrease in net unrealized gains	(46,303)
Defined benefit pension plan adjustment	3,032
Dividends to shareholders	(41,371)
Other	3,136
Total	**$ 56,529**

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the change in our capital resources decreased compared to June 30, 2014 primarily due to decreased net investment income.

Statutory Capital and Surplus and Risk-based Capital

Statutory capital and surplus is the capital of our insurance companies reported in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the applicable state insurance departments. RBC is calculated using formulas applied to certain financial balances and activities that consider, among other things, risks related to the type and quality of the invested assets, insurance risks associated with an insurer s products and liabilities, interest rate risks and general business risks. Insurance companies that do not maintain capital and surplus at a level of at least 200% of the authorized control level RBC are required to take certain actions. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, American National Insurance Company s statutory capital and surplus was $2,960,102,000 and $2,879,154,000, respectively.

American National Insurance Company and each of its insurance subsidiaries had statutory capital and surplus at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, substantially above their authorized control level RBC.

The achievement of long-term growth will require growth in American National Insurance Company s and our insurance subsidiaries statutory capital and surplus. Our subsidiaries may obtain additional statutory capital through various sources, such as retained statutory earnings or equity contributions from us.

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Contractual Obligations

Our future cash payments associated with claims and claims adjustment expenses, life, annuity and disability obligations, contractual obligations pursuant to operating leases for office space and equipment, and notes payable have not materially changed since December 31, 2014. We expect to have the capacity to pay our obligations as they come due.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have off-balance sheet arrangements relating to third-party marketing operation bank loans as discussed in Note 19, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. We could be exposed to a liability for these loans, which are supported by the cash value of the underlying insurance contracts. The cash value of the life insurance policies is designed to always equal or exceed the balance of the loans. Accordingly, management does not foresee any loss related to these arrangements.

Related-Party Transactions

We have various agency, consulting and service arrangements with individuals and entities considered to be related parties. Each of these arrangements has been reviewed and approved by our Audit Committee, which retains final decision-making authority for these transactions. The amounts involved, both individually and in the aggregate, with these arrangements are not material to any segment or to our overall operations. For additional details see Note 17, Related Party Transactions, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our market risks have not changed materially from those disclosed in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company s reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. The Company s management, with the participation of the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2015. Based upon that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2015, the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish their objectives at the reasonable assurance level.

Management has monitored the internal controls over financial reporting, including any material changes to the internal control over financial reporting. There were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information required for Item 1 is incorporated by reference to the discussion under the heading Litigation in Note 16, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes with respect to the risk factors as previously disclosed in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below represents all share repurchases for the three months ended June 30, 2015:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1 - April 30		$		$
May 1 - May 31	2,000	100		
June 1 - June 30				
Total	2,000	$ 100		$

All of the shares included in the table above represent shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to the Company s 1999 Stock and Incentive Plan. The Compensation Committee of the Company s Board of Directors has authorized the settlement of restricted stock awards in cash upon expiration of the forfeiture restrictions with respect to such awards. Consistent with such authorization, the Company repurchased 2,000 shares of restricted stock from a Company director at market value on May 1, 2015, the date of expiration of such shares forfeiture restrictions. Similar repurchases may occur in the future upon restricted stock vesting. Further information regarding restricted stock awards is provided in Note 14, Stockholders Equity and Noncontrolling Interests, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Basic Documents
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.1 to the registrant s Registration Statement on Form 10-12B filed April 10, 2009).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.2 to the registrant s Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 31, 2015).
31.1	Certification of the principal executive officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
31.2	Certification of the principal financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
32.1	Certification of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
101	The following unaudited financial information from American National Insurance Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for six months ended June 30, 2015 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders Equity, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

By: /s/ James E. Pozzi
Name: James E. Pozzi
Title: *President and Chief Executive Officer*

By: /s/ John J. Dunn, Jr.
Name: John J. Dunn, Jr.,
Title: *Executive Vice President, Corporate Chief Financial Officer*

Date: August 07, 2015