Ameris Bancorp
Form 10-Q
May 09, 2014
Table of Contents

## UNITED STATES

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

# x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 001-13901

AMERIS BANCORP<br>(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

GEORGIA (State of incorporation) 310 FIRST STREET, S.E., MOULTRIE, GA 31768
(Address of principal executive offices)
(229) 890-1111
(Registrant stelephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $x$ No *

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No *

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer *
Accelerated filer
x
Non-accelerated filer * (Do not check if smaller reporting company)
Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act). Yes ${ }^{\text {- }}$ No x

There were 25,158,183 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of April 30, 2014.

## AMERIS BANCORP

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements
Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 ..... 3
Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 ..... 4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31. 2014 and 2013 ..... 5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 ..... 6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements ..... 7
Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ..... 52
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk ..... 64
Item 4. Controls and Procedures ..... 64
PART II OTHER INFORMATION
Item 1. Legal Proceedings ..... 65
Item 1A. Risk Factors ..... 65
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds ..... 65
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities ..... 65
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures ..... 65
Item 5. Other Information ..... 65
Item 6. Exhibits ..... 65
Signatures ..... 65

Table of Contents

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## AMERIS BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \\ \text { (Unaudited) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cember 31, } \\ & 2013 \\ & \text { Audited) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March 31, } \\ & 2013 \\ & \text { (Unaudited) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 71,387 | \$ | 62,955 | \$ | 50,487 |
| Federal funds sold and interest-bearing accounts | 48,677 |  | 204,984 |  | 81,205 |
| Investment securities available for sale, at fair value | 456,713 |  | 486,235 |  | 324,029 |
| Other investments | 9,322 |  | 16,828 |  | 5,528 |
| Mortgage loans held for sale | 51,693 |  | 67,278 |  | 42,332 |
| Loans, net of unearned income | 1,695,382 |  | 1,618,454 |  | 1,492,753 |
| Purchased loans not covered by FDIC loss share agreements ( purchased non-covered loans ) | 437,269 |  | 448,753 |  |  |
| Purchased loans covered by FDIC loss share agreements ( covered loans ) | 372,694 |  | 390,237 |  | 460,724 |
| Less: allowance for loan losses | 22,744 |  | 22,377 |  | 23,382 |
| Loans, net | 2,482,601 |  | 2,435,067 |  | 1,930,095 |
| Other real estate owned | 33,839 |  | 33,351 |  | 40,434 |
| Purchased, non-covered other real estate owned | 3,864 |  | 4,276 |  |  |
| Covered other real estate owned | 42,636 |  | 45,893 |  | 77,915 |
| Total other real estate owned | 80,339 |  | 83,520 |  | 118,349 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 87,430 |  | 103,188 |  | 72,340 |
| FDIC loss-share receivable | 53,181 |  | 65,441 |  | 160,979 |
| Intangible assets | 5,477 |  | 6,009 |  | 2,676 |
| Goodwill | 35,049 |  | 35,049 |  | 956 |
| Cash value of bank owned life insurance | 49,738 |  | 49,432 |  | 45,832 |
| Other assets | 56,377 |  | 51,663 |  | 26,843 |
| Total assets | \$ 3,487,984 | \$ | 3,667,649 | \$ | 2,861,651 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninterest-bearing | \$ 698,866 | \$ | 668,531 | \$ | 490,961 |
| Interest-bearing | 2,311,781 |  | 2,330,700 |  | 1,999,012 |


| Total deposits | 3,010,647 | 2,999,231 | 2,489,973 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 49,974 | 83,516 | 22,919 |
| Other borrowings | 59,677 | 194,572 |  |
| Other liabilities | 12,028 | 18,165 | 22,768 |
| Subordinated deferrable interest debentures | 55,628 | 55,466 | 42,269 |
| Total liabilities | 3,187,954 | 3,350,950 | 2,577,929 |
| Commitments and contingencies |  |  |  |
| Stockholders Equity |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock, stated value $\$ 1,000 ; 5,000,000$ shares authorized; $0,28,000$ and 28,000 shares issued and outstanding |  | 28,000 | 27,753 |
| Common stock, par value $\$ 1 ; 100,000,000$ shares authorized; $26,535,571,26,461,769$ and $25,238,635$ shares issued | 26,536 | 26,462 | 25,239 |
| Capital surplus | 190,513 | 189,722 | 165,078 |
| Retained earnings | 92,055 | 83,991 | 70,554 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 2,374 | (294) | 6,274 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 1,376,498, 1,363,342 and 1,362,955 shares | $(11,448)$ | $(11,182)$ | $(11,176)$ |
| Total stockholders equity | 300,030 | 316,699 | 283,722 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders equity | \$ 3,487,984 | \$ 3,667,649 | \$ 2,861,651 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents

## AMERIS BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

## (Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 | 2013 |
| Interest income |  |  |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ 34,469 | \$ 28,716 |
| Interest on taxable securities | 2,985 | 1,697 |
| Interest on nontaxable securities | 335 | 375 |
| Interest on deposits in other banks | 79 | 85 |
| Interest on federal funds sold | 5 |  |
| Total interest income | 37,873 | 30,873 |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| Interest on deposits | 2,183 | 2,226 |
| Interest on other borrowings | 1,206 | 309 |
| Total interest expense | 3,389 | 2,535 |
| Net interest income | 34,484 | 28,338 |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,726 | 2,923 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 32,758 | 25,415 |
| Noninterest income |  |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 5,586 | 4,837 |
| Mortgage origination fees | 5,068 | 4,464 |
| Other service charges, commissions and fees | 652 | 329 |
| Gain on sale of securities | 6 | 172 |
| Other | 1,442 | 1,558 |
| Total noninterest income | 12,754 | 11,360 |
| Noninterest expense |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 17,394 | 13,806 |
| Occupancy and equipment expense | 4,064 | 2,931 |
| Advertising and marketing expense | 710 | 255 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 533 | 364 |


| Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data processing and communications costs | 3,454 | 2,570 |
| Other operating expenses | 7,084 | 8,958 |
| Total noninterest expense | 33,239 | 28,884 |
| Income before income tax expense | 12,273 | 7,891 |
| Applicable income tax expense | 3,923 | 2,606 |
| Net income | 8,350 | 5,285 |
| Preferred stock dividends | 286 | 441 |
| Net income available to common stockholders | 8,064 | 4,844 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) |  |  |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period on investment securities available for sale, net of tax | 2,938 | (429) |
| Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income, net of tax | (4) | (112) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges arising during period, net of tax | (266) | 209 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 2,668 | (332) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 11,018 | \$ 4,953 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.20 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding |  |  |
| Basic | 25,144 | 23,868 |
| Diluted | 25,573 | 24,246 |
| See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements |  |  |

Table of Contents

## AMERIS BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

## (Unaudited)

$\left.\begin{array}{lrlrrr} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Three Months Ended } \\ \text { March 31, 2014 } \\ \text { Shares }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Three Months Ended } \\ \text { March 31, 2013 }\end{array} \\ \text { Amount }\end{array}\right)$

| Purchase of treasury shares | $(13,156)$ | $(266)$ | $(7,905)$ | $(110)$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance at end of period |  | $(\mathbf{1 , 3 7 6 , 4 9 8})$ | $\mathbf{\$ ( 1 1 , 4 4 8 )}$ | $(\mathbf{1 , 3 6 2 , 9 5 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{\$ ( 1 1 , 1 7 6 )}$ |
| TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS | EQUITY |  | $\mathbf{\$ 3 0 0 , 0 3 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{\$ 2 8 3 , 7 2 2}$ |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

## AMERIS BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (Dollars in Thousands)

## (Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 |  | 2013 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ 8,350 | \$ | 5,285 |
| Adjustments reconciling net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | 1,871 |  | 1,246 |
| Stock based compensation expense | 795 |  | 197 |
| Net (gains) losses on sale or disposal of premises and equipment | (18) |  | 6 |
| Net gains on securities available for sale | (6) |  | (172) |
| Net losses or write-downs on sale of other real estate owned | 921 |  | 3,047 |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,726 |  | 2,923 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 532 |  | 364 |
| Net change in mortgage loans held for sale | 15,585 |  | 6,454 |
| Other prepaids, deferrals and accruals, net | 2,489 |  | 11,570 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 32,245 |  | 30,920 |
| Cash flows from investing activities, net of effects of business combinations: |  |  |  |
| Net decrease (increase) in federal funds sold and interest-bearing deposits | 156,307 |  | 112,472 |
| Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale | 11,834 |  | 20,746 |
| Purchase of securities available for sale | $(46,690)$ |  | $(25,328)$ |
| Purchase of bank owned life insurance |  |  | $(28,674)$ |
| Decrease in restricted equity securities, net | 7,506 |  | 1,304 |
| Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale | 68,899 |  | 26,802 |
| Net change in loans | $(56,807)$ |  | $(13,805)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned | 8,932 |  | 10,140 |
| Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment | 55 |  | 713 |
| (Increase) decrease in FDIC indemnification asset | 12,260 |  | $(1,255)$ |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (464) |  | $(1,470)$ |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 161,832 |  | 101,645 |
| Cash flows from financing activities, net of effects of business combinations: |  |  |  |
| Net (decrease) increase in deposits | 11,416 |  | $(134,690)$ |
| Net decrease in securities sold under agreements to repurchase | $(33,542)$ |  | $(27,201)$ |
| Proceeds from other borrowings | 29,963 |  |  |
| Repayment of other borrowings | $(165,000)$ |  |  |


| Redemption of preferred stock |  | $(28,000)$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dividends paid preferred stock |  | (286) |  | (349) |
| Purchase of treasury shares |  | (266) |  | (110) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options |  | 70 |  | 16 |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(185,645)$ |  | $(162,334)$ |
| Net decrease in cash and due from banks |  | 8,432 |  | $(29,769)$ |
| Cash and due from banks at beginning of period |  | 62,955 |  | 80,256 |
| Cash and due from banks at end of period | \$ | 71,387 | \$ | 50,487 |
| SUPPLEMNTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH INFORMATION |  |  |  |  |
| Cash paid during the period for: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest | \$ | 3,463 |  | 2,805 |
| Income taxes | \$ |  | \$ | 780 |
| Loans transferred to other real estate owned | \$ | 7,547 |  | 15,541 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

# AMERIS BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES 

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 

MARCH 31, 2014

## (Unaudited)

## NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ameris Bancorp (the Company or Ameris ) is a financial holding company headquartered in Moultrie, Georgia. Ameris conducts substantially all of its operations through its wholly owned banking subsidiary, Ameris Bank (the Bank ). At March 31, 2014 the Bank operated 68 branches in select markets in Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. Our business model capitalizes on the efficiencies of a large financial services company while still providing the community with the personalized banking service expected by our customers. We manage our Bank through a balance of decentralized management responsibilities and efficient centralized operating systems, products and loan underwriting standards. The Company s Board of Directors and senior managers establish corporate policy, strategy and administrative policies. Within our established guidelines and policies, the banker closest to the customer responds to the differing needs and demands of his or her unique market.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for Ameris have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statement presentation. The interim consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited but reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations for the period ended March 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto and the report of our registered independent public accounting firm included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

## Newly Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

ASU 2014-04 Receivables Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors ( ASU 2014-04 ). ASU 2014-04 clarifies when a creditor should reclassify mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate from loans to other real estate owned. It defines when an in-substance repossession or foreclosure has occurred and when a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate collateralizing a mortgage loan. ASU 2014-04 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2014, and early adoption is permitted. It can be applied either prospectively or using a modified retrospective transition method. The Company is evaluating the impact this standard may have on the Company s results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

ASU 2013-11 Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists ( ASU 2013-11 ). ASU 2013-11 requires that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward. However, if a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax
position or the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction does not require the entity to use, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. ASU 2013-11 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of these revisions did not have a material impact on the Company $s$ results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

## Table of Contents

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the current amount that would be exchanged between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in many instances, there are no quoted market prices for the Company s various financial instruments. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based on discounted cash flows or other valuation techniques. These techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. The accounting standard for disclosures about the fair value of financial instruments excludes certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments from its disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented may not necessarily represent the underlying fair value of the Company.

The fair value hierarchy describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:
Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments and other accounts recorded based on their fair value:

Cash, Due From Banks, Interest-Bearing Deposits in Banks and Federal Funds Sold: The carrying amount of cash, due from banks and interest-bearing deposits in banks and federal funds sold approximates fair value.

Investment Securities Available for Sale: The fair value of securities available for sale is determined by various valuation methodologies. Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. Level 2 securities include mortgage-backed securities issued by government sponsored enterprises and municipal bonds. The Level 2 fair value pricing is provided by an independent third-party and is based upon similar securities in an active market. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy and include certain residual municipal securities and other less liquid securities.

Other Investments: Federal Home Loan Bank ( FHLB ) stock is included in other investment securities at its original cost basis, as cost approximates fair value and there is no ready market for such investments.

Mortgage Loans Held for Sale: The fair value of mortgage loans held for sale is determined on outstanding commitments from third party investors in the secondary markets and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Loans: The carrying amount of variable-rate loans that reprice frequently and have no significant change in credit risk approximates fair value. The fair value of fixed-rate loans is estimated based on discounted contractual cash flows, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers with similar credit quality. The
fair value of impaired loans is estimated based on discounted contractual cash flows or underlying collateral values, where applicable. A loan is determined to be impaired if the Company believes it is probable that all principal and interest amounts due according to the terms of the note will not be collected as scheduled. The fair value of impaired loans is determined in accordance with ASC 310-10, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, and generally results in a specific reserve established through a charge to the provision for loan losses. Losses on impaired loans are charged to the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan is confirmed. Management has determined that the majority of impaired loans are Level 3 assets due to the extensive use of market appraisals. To the extent that market appraisals or other methods do not produce reliable determinations of fair value, these assets are deemed to be Level 3.

## Table of Contents

Other Real Estate Owned: The fair value of other real estate owned ( OREO ) is determined using certified appraisals that value the property at its highest and best uses by applying traditional valuation methods common to the industry. The Company does not hold any OREO for profit purposes and all other real estate is actively marketed for sale. In most cases, management has determined that additional write-downs are required beyond what is calculable from the appraisal to carry the property at levels that would attract buyers. Because this additional write-down is not based on observable inputs, management has determined that other real estate owned should be classified as Level 3 .

Covered Assets: Covered assets include loans and other real estate owned on which the majority of losses would be covered by loss-sharing agreements with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the FDIC ). Management initially valued these assets at fair value using mostly unobservable inputs and, as such, has classified these assets as Level 3.

Intangible Assets and Goodwill: Intangible assets consist of core deposit premiums acquired in connection with business combinations and are based on the established value of acquired customer deposits. The core deposit premium is initially recognized based on a valuation performed as of the consummation date and is amortized over an estimated useful life of three to ten years. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized but instead are subject to an annual review for impairment.

FDIC Loss-Share Receivable: Because the FDIC will reimburse the Company for certain acquired loans should the Company experience a loss, an indemnification asset is recorded at fair value at the acquisition date. The indemnification asset is recognized at the same time as the indemnified loans, and measured on the same basis, subject to collectability or contractual limitations. The shared-loss agreements on the acquisition date reflect the reimbursements expected to be received from the FDIC, using an appropriate discount rate, which reflects counterparty credit risk and other uncertainties. The shared-loss agreements continue to be measured on the same basis as the related indemnified loans, and the loss-share receivable is impacted by changes in estimated cash flows associated with these loans.

Deposits: The carrying amount of demand deposits, savings deposits and variable-rate certificates of deposit approximates fair value. The fair value of fixed-rate certificates of deposit is estimated based on discounted contractual cash flows using interest rates currently offered for certificates with similar maturities.

Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase and Other Borrowings: The carrying amount of variable rate borrowings and securities sold under repurchase agreements approximates fair value. The fair value of fixed rate other borrowings is estimated based on discounted contractual cash flows using the current incremental borrowing rates for similar type borrowing arrangements.

Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures: The carrying amount of the Company s variable rate trust preferred securities approximates fair value.

Off-Balance-Sheet Instruments: Because commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit are typically made using variable rates and have short maturities, the carrying value and fair value are immaterial for disclosure.

Derivatives: The Company has entered into derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk. The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of the derivatives. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivative, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities. The fair value of the derivatives are determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts and the discounted expected variable cash payments. The variable
cash payments are based on an expectation of future interest rates (forward curves derived from observable market interest rate curves).

The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty s nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, the Company has considered the impact of netting any applicable credit enhancements such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts and guarantees.

Although the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself or the counterparties. However, as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company has assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and has determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, the Company has determined that its derivative valuation in its entirety is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

## Table of Contents

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Company $s$ financial instruments, not shown elsewhere in these financial statements, were as follows:

|  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Carrying } \\ \text { Amount }\end{array}$ | Using: |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Level 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 2 |  |  |  |  |  |$)$

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013 Using:
Carrying
Amount Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total
(Dollars in Thousands)

| Financial assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans, net | \$ 2,435,067 | \$ | \$ | 1,565,919 | \$ | 881,536 | \$ | 2,447,455 |
| Financial liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 2,999,231 |  |  | 3,000,061 |  |  |  | 3,000,061 |
| Other borrowings | 194,572 |  |  | 194,572 |  |  |  | 194,572 |

Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2013
Using:
Carrying

Amount Level 1 \begin{tabular}{c}
Level 2

$\quad$

Level 3 <br>
(Dollars in Thousands)
\end{tabular}$\quad$ Total

| Financial assets: | $\$ 1,930,095$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $1,458,604$ | $\$$ | 501,874 | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans, net | $2,960,478$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial liabilities: | $2,489,973$ |  | $2,491,282$ |  |  | $2,491,282$ |  |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis
As of March 31, 2014
Quoted Prices
in Active
Markets for
Significant
Identical Observable
Assets
(Level 1) Inputs

Significant

|  | Fair Value |  | Identical Assets (Level 1) | Observable Inputs (Level 2) |  | Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. government agencies | \$ | 14,145 | \$ | \$ | 14,145 | \$ |  |
| State, county and municipal securities |  | 111,574 |  |  | 111,574 |  |  |
| Corporate debt securities |  | 10,383 |  |  | 8,383 |  | 2,000 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 320,611 |  |  | 320,611 |  |  |
| Mortgage loans held for sale |  | 51,693 |  |  | 51,693 |  |  |
| Total recurring assets at fair value | \$ | 508,406 | \$ | \$ | 506,406 | \$ | 2,000 |
| Derivative financial instruments | \$ | 675 | \$ | \$ | 675 | \$ |  |
| Total recurring liabilities at fair value | \$ | 675 | \$ | \$ | 675 | \$ |  |

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis
As of December 31, 2013 Quoted Prices
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccc} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Quctive } \\ \text { Markets for } \\ \text { Identical } \\ \text { Assets }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Significant } \\ \text { Other } \\ \text { Observable } \\ \text { Inputs }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Significant } \\ \text { Unobservable } \\ \text { Inputs }\end{array} \\ \text { (Level 1) }\end{array}\right)$
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccc} & & \text { Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis } \\ \text { As of March 31, 2013 }\end{array}\right]$

## Table of Contents

The following table is a presentation of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{lcccc} & \text { Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis } \\ \text { As of March 31, 2014 } \\ \text { Quoted } \\ \text { Prices } \\ \text { in }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Significant }\end{array}\right]$

|  |  | Prices <br> in <br> Active <br> Markets for <br> Identical <br> Assets | Significant <br> Other <br> Observable <br> Inputs <br> (Level | Significant <br> Unobservable <br> Inputs |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Level 1) |  |  |  |  |

Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis As of March 31, 2013

|  | Fair <br> Value | Quoted <br> Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) |  | nificant sservable nputs evel 3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Impaired loans carried at fair value | \$ 51,150 | \$ | \$ | \$ | 51,150 |
| Other real estate owned | 40,434 |  |  |  | 40,434 |
| Covered loans | 460,724 |  |  |  | 460,724 |
| Covered other real estate owned | 77,915 |  |  |  | 77,915 |
| Total nonrecurring assets at fair value | \$ 630,223 | \$ | \$ | \$ | 630,223 |

The inputs used to determine estimated fair value of impaired loans and covered loans include market conditions, loan terms, underlying collateral characteristics and discount rates. The inputs used to determine fair value of other real estate owned and covered other real estate owned include market conditions, estimated marketing period or holding period, underlying collateral characteristics and discount rates.

## Table of Contents

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there was not a change in the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value.

The following table shows significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Level 3 assets and liabilities.

| Fair Value at |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Valuation |
| :---: |
| Measurements |
| March 31, 2014 |
| (Dollars in Thousands) |$\quad$ Unobservable Inputs $\quad$ Range

Nonrecurring:

| Impaired loans |  | 41,253 | Third party appraisals and discounted cash flows | Collateral discounts and discount rates | 4.00\% - 60.00\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other real estate owned |  | 33,839 | Third party appraisals | Collateral discounts and estimated costs to sell | 10.00\% - 74.00\% |
| Purchased, non-covered loans |  | 437,269 | Third party appraisals and discounted cash flows | Collateral discounts and discount rates | 1.00\% - 40.00\% |
| Purchased non-covered other real estate owned |  | 3,864 | Third party appraisals | Collateral discounts and estimated costs to sell | 15.00\% - 57.00\% |

Covered loans Third party appraisals and Collateral discounts and discounted cash flows

|  | $\$ 372,694$ |  | discount rate | $1.75 \%-75.00 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Covered real estate <br> owned | $\$ 42,636$ |  | Third party appraisals | Collateral discounts and <br> estimated costs to sell | | $10.00 \%-87.00 \%$ |
| :--- |

Recurring:
Investment securities
Discounted par values Credit quality of underlying issuer $0.00 \%$
The transfers between the fair value hierarchy levels during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 involved the transferring of loans to impaired loans, impaired loans to other real estate owned and covered loans to covered other real estate owned. These transfers are reflected in the Company s reconciliation of Level 3 assets below.

|  | Investment securities available for sale | Impaired loans carried at fair value |  | her real e owned | Purchased, non-covered loans (Doll |  | chased, covered ther real owned Thousa | Covered loans nds) |  | Covered other <br> al estate owned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning balance, January 1, 2014 | \$ 2,000 | \$ 42,546 | \$ | 33,351 | \$ 448,753 | \$ | 4,276 | \$ 390,237 |  | 45,893 |
| Total gains (losses) included in net income |  |  |  | (750) |  |  | (46) |  |  | (219) |
| Purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements, net |  |  |  | $(1,316)$ | $(11,416)$ |  | (529) | $(12,617)$ |  | $(7,964)$ |
| Transfers in or out of Level 3 |  |  |  | 1,261 |  |  | 95 |  |  |  |

Asset reclassification, within
Level $3 \quad(1,293) \quad 1,293 \quad(68) \quad 68 \quad(4,926) \quad 4,926$

Ending balance, March 31,


|  | Investment Securities Available for Sale | Impaired Loans Carried at Fair Value |  | Ot | er Real state wned in Thou | Covered <br> Loans <br> ands) |  | overed <br> Other <br> Estate <br> wned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning balance, January 1, 2013 | \$ 2,000 | \$ | 52,514 | \$ | 39,850 | \$ 507,712 | \$ | 88,273 |
| Total gains/(losses) included in net income |  |  |  |  | (15) |  |  | $(3,032)$ |
| Purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements, net |  |  |  |  | $(2,027)$ | $(31,449)$ |  | $(22,865)$ |
| Transfers in to Level 3 |  |  | 1,262 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset reclassification, within Level 3 |  |  | $(2,626)$ |  | 2,626 | $(15,539)$ |  | 15,539 |
| Ending balance March 31, 2013 | \$ 2,000 | \$ | 51,150 | \$ | 40,434 | \$ 460,724 | \$ | 77,915 |

Table of Contents

## NOTE 2 PENDING MERGER AND ACQUISITION

On March 10, 2014, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement ) with Coastal Bankshares, Inc. ( Coastal ), a bank holding company headquartered in Savannah, Georgia. The Coastal Bank is a wholly owned banking subsidiary of Coastal that has a total of six banking locations in Chatham, Liberty and Effingham Counties, Georgia. As of December 31, 2013, Coastal reported assets of \$433 million, loans of \$295 million and deposits of $\$ 364$ million. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, Coastal will merge with and into Ameris, with Ameris as the surviving entity in the merger. In addition, The Coastal Bank will be merged with and into the Bank, with the Bank as the surviving entity.

Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, Coastal shareholders will receive 0.4671 shares of the Company s common stock in exchange for each share of Coastal common stock they hold. Based on the closing price of the Company s common stock on February 28, 2014, the transaction would be valued at approximately $\$ 37.3$ million, which represents $169 \%$ of Coastal s tangible book value as of December 31, 2013. The purchase price will be allocated among the assets of Coastal acquired as appropriate, with the remaining balance being reported as goodwill.

Consummation of the merger is subject to customary conditions, including, among others, approval of the Merger Agreement by Coastal s shareholders and the receipt of required regulatory approvals. The transaction is expected to close during the third quarter of 2014.

## NOTE 3 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On December 23, 2013, the Company completed its acquisition of The Prosperity Banking Company ( Prosperity ), a bank holding company headquartered in Saint Augustine, Florida. Upon consummation of the acquisition, Prosperity was merged with and into the Company, with Ameris as the surviving entity in the merger. At that time, Prosperity s wholly owned banking subsidiary, Prosperity Bank, was also merged with and into the Bank. Prosperity Bank had a total of 12 banking locations, with the majority of the franchise concentrated in northeast Florida. Prosperity s common shareholders were entitled to elect to receive either 3.125 shares of the Company s common stock or $\$ 41.50$ in cash in exchange for each share of Prosperity s voting common stock. As a result of Prosperity shareholders elections, the Company issued $1,168,918$ common shares at a fair value of $\$ 24.6$ million.

The acquisition of Prosperity was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting in accordance with FASB ASC 805, Business Combinations. Assets acquired, liabilities assumed and consideration exchanged were recorded at their respective acquisition date fair values. Determining the fair value of assets and liabilities is a complicated process involving significant judgment regarding methods and assumptions used to calculate estimated fair values. Fair values are preliminary and subject to refinement for up to one year after the closing date of the acquisition as additional information regarding the closing date fair values becomes available.

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the assets acquired and liabilities of Prosperity assumed as of December 23, 2013 and their initial fair value estimates:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | As Recorded by Prosperity |  | Fair <br> Value <br> Adjustments |  | As Recorded by Ameris |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 4,285 | \$ |  | \$ | 4,285 |
| Federal funds sold and interest-bearing balances |  | 21,687 |  |  |  | 21,687 |
| Investment securities |  | 151,863 |  | 411(a) |  | 152,274 |
| Other investments |  | 8,727 |  |  |  | 8,727 |
| Loans |  | 487,358 |  | $(37,662)(\mathrm{b})$ |  | 449,696 |
| Less allowance for loan losses |  | $(6,811)$ |  | 6,811(c) |  |  |
| Loans, net |  | 480,547 |  | $(30,851)$ |  | 449,696 |
| Other real estate owned and repossessed assets |  | 6,883 |  | $(1,260)(\mathrm{d})$ |  | 5,623 |
| Premises and equipment |  | 36,293 |  |  |  | 36,293 |
| Intangible assets |  | 174 |  | 4,383(e) |  | 4,557 |
| Other assets |  | 26,600 |  | 1,192(f) |  | 27,792 |
| Total assets | \$ | 737,059 | \$ | $(26,125)$ | \$ | 710,934 |

Liabilities

| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noninterest-bearing | \$ | 149,242 | \$ |  | \$ | 149,242 |
| Interest-bearing |  | 324,441 |  |  |  | 324,441 |
| Total deposits |  | 473,683 |  |  |  | 473,683 |
| Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase |  | 21,530 |  |  |  | 21,530 |
| Other borrowings |  | 185,000 |  | 12,313(g) |  | 197,313 |
| Other liabilities |  | 14,058 |  | 455(h) |  | 14,513 |
| Subordinated deferrable interest debentures |  | 29,500 |  | (16,303)(i) |  | 13,197 |
| Total liabilities |  | 723,771 |  | $(3,535)$ |  | 720,236 |


| Net identifiable assets acquired over (under) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| liabilities assumed | 13,288 | $(22,590)$ | $(9,302)$ |
| Goodwill |  | 34,093 | 34,093 |

Net assets acquired over (under) liabilities assumed
$\$ \quad 13,288 \quad \$ \quad 11,503 \quad \$ \quad 24,791$

Consideration:

| Ameris Bancorp common shares issued |  | $1,168,918$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Purchase price per share of the Company s |  |  |
| common stock | $\$$ | 21.07 |
|  |  | 24,629 |
| Company common stock issued |  | 162 |
| Cash exchanged for shares | $\$$ | 24,791 |

## Explanation of fair value adjustments

(a) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustments of the available for sale portfolio as of the acquisition date.
(b) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustments based on the Company s evaluation of the acquired loan portfolio.
(c) Adjustment reflects the elimination of Prosperity s allowance for loan losses.
(d) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustment based on the Company s evaluation of the acquired OREO portfolio.
(e) Adjustment reflects the recording of core deposit intangible on the acquired core deposit accounts.
(f) Adjustment reflects the adjustment to write-off the non-realizable portion of Prosperity s deferred tax asset of ( $\$ 6.644$ million), to record the deferred tax asset generated by purchase accounting adjustments of $\$ 8.435$ million and to record the fair value adjustment of other assets of ( $\$ 0.599$ million) at the acquisition date.
(g) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustment (premium) to the FHLB borrowings of $\$ 12.741$ million and the fair value adjustment to the subordinated debt of $\$ 0.428$ million.
(h) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustment of other liabilities at the acquisition date.
(i) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustment to the subordinated deferrable interest debentures at the acquisition date.

## Table of Contents

## NOTE 4 INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The Company s investment policy blends the Company s liquidity needs and interest rate risk management with its desire to increase income and provide funds for expected growth in loans. The investment securities portfolio consists primarily of U.S. government sponsored mortgage-backed securities and agencies, state, county and municipal securities and corporate debt securities. The Company s portfolio and investing philosophy concentrate activities in obligations where the credit risk is limited. For the small portion of the Company s portfolio found to present credit risk, the Company has reviewed the investments and financial performance of the obligors and believes the credit risk to be acceptable.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 are presented below:

|  | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains (Dollars in |  | Gross Unrealized Losses housands) |  | Fair <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 31, 2014: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ 14,948 | \$ |  | \$ | (803) | \$ 14,145 |
| State, county and municipal securities | 110,331 |  | 2,724 |  | $(1,481)$ | 111,574 |
| Corporate debt securities | 10,307 |  | 285 |  | (209) | 10,383 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 319,216 |  | 4,244 |  | $(2,849)$ | 320,611 |
| Total debt securities | \$ 454,802 | \$ | 7,253 | \$ | $(5,342)$ | \$ 456,713 |
| December 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ 14,947 | \$ |  | \$ | $(1,021)$ | \$ 13,926 |
| State, county and municipal securities | 112,659 |  | 2,269 |  | $(2,174)$ | 112,754 |
| Corporate debt securities | 10,311 |  | 275 |  | (261) | 10,325 |
| Collateralized debt obligations | 1,480 |  |  |  |  | 1,480 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 349,441 |  | 2,347 |  | $(4,038)$ | 347,750 |
| Total debt securities | \$ 488,838 | \$ | 4,891 | \$ | $(7,494)$ | \$ 486,235 |
| March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ 5,000 | \$ | 15 | \$ |  | \$ 5,015 |
| State, county and municipal securities | 110,628 |  | 5,051 |  | (147) | 115,532 |
| Corporate debt securities | 10,542 |  | 355 |  | (600) | 10,297 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 188,492 |  | 5,342 |  | (649) | 193,185 |
| Total debt securities | \$ 314,662 | \$ | 10,763 | \$ | $(1,396)$ | \$ 324,029 |

## Table of Contents

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities at March 31, 2014 by contractual maturity are summarized in the table below. Expected maturities for mortgage-backed securities may differ from contractual maturities because in certain cases borrowers can prepay obligations without prepayment penalties. Therefore, these securities are not included in the following maturity summary.

|  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Amortized } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \text { (Dollars in }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Fair } \\ \text { Value }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Thousands) |  |$]$| $\$, 088$ | $\$, 110$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Due in one year or less | 41,430 | 43,038 |
| Due from one year to five years | 65,798 | 65,210 |
| Due from five to ten years | 25,270 | 24,744 |
| Due after ten years | 319,216 | 320,611 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | $\$ 454,802$ | $\$ 456,713$ |

Securities with a carrying value of approximately $\$ 295.7$ million serve as collateral to secure public deposits and for other purposes required or permitted by law at March 31, 2014.

The following table details the gross unrealized losses and fair value of securities aggregated by category and duration of the continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

|  | Less Than 12 Months |  |  | 12 Months or More |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description of Securities | Fair <br> Value |  | realized osses | Fair <br> Value <br> (Dollars in | Un Tho | realized cosses usands) |  | Fair <br> Value |  | realized osses |
| March 31, 2014: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ 9,353 | \$ | (595) | \$ 4,792 | \$ | (208) |  | 14,145 | \$ | (803) |
| State, county and municipal securities | 38,937 |  | $(1,238)$ | 3,612 |  | (243) |  | 42,549 |  | $(1,481)$ |
| Corporate debt securities |  |  |  | 4,871 |  | (209) |  | 4,871 |  | (209) |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 55,103 |  | $(1,219)$ | 31,184 |  | $(1,630)$ |  | 86,287 |  | $(2,849)$ |
| Total debt securities | \$ 103,393 | \$ | $(3,052)$ | \$ 44,459 | \$ | $(2,290)$ |  | 147,852 | \$ | $(5,342)$ |
| December 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ 13,926 | \$ | $(1,021)$ | \$ | \$ |  |  | 13,926 | \$ | $(1,021)$ |
| State, county and municipal securities | 47,401 |  | $(1,882)$ | 3,794 |  | (292) |  | 51,195 |  | $(2,174)$ |
| Corporate debt securities |  |  |  | 4,826 |  | (261) |  | 4,826 |  | (261) |
| Collateralized debt obligations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 94,989 |  | $(2,493)$ | 23,388 |  | $(1,545)$ |  | 118,377 |  | $(4,038)$ |
| Total debt securities | \$ 156,316 |  | $(5,396)$ | \$ 32,008 | \$ | $(2,098)$ |  | 188,324 | \$ | $(7,494)$ |


| March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. government agencies | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| State, county and municipal securities |  | 19,159 |  | (138) |  | 505 |  | (9) |  | 19,664 |  | (147) |
| Corporate debt securities |  | 244 |  | (6) |  | 4,506 |  | (594) |  | 4,750 |  | (600) |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 55,189 |  | (648) |  | 1,120 |  | (1) |  | 56,309 |  | (649) |
| Total debt securities | \$ | 74,592 | \$ | (792) | \$ | 6,131 | \$ | (604) | \$ | 80,723 | \$ | $(1,396)$ |

Table of Contents

## NOTE 5 LOANS

The Company engages in a full complement of lending activities, including real estate-related loans, agriculture-related loans, commercial and financial loans and consumer installment loans within select markets in Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. Ameris concentrates the majority of its lending activities in real estate loans. While the risk of loss in the Company s portfolio is primarily tied to the credit quality of the various borrowers, risk of loss may increase due to factors beyond the Company s control, such as local, regional and/or national economic downturns. General conditions in the real estate market may also impact the relative risk in the real estate portfolio.

Commercial, financial and agricultural loans include both secured and unsecured loans for working capital, expansion, crop production and other business purposes. Short-term working capital loans are secured by non-real estate collateral such as accounts receivable, crops, inventory and equipment. The Company evaluates the financial strength, cash flow, management, credit history of the borrower and the quality of the collateral securing the loan. The Bank often requires personal guarantees and secondary sources of repayment on commercial, financial and agricultural loans.

Real estate loans include construction and development loans, commercial and farmland loans and residential loans. Construction and development loans include loans for the development of residential neighborhoods, one-to-four family residential construction loans to builders and consumers, and commercial real estate construction loans, primarily for owner-occupied properties. The Company limits its construction lending risk through adherence to established underwriting procedures. Commercial real estate loans include loans secured by owner-occupied commercial buildings for office, storage, retail, farmland and warehouse space. They also include non-owner occupied commercial buildings such as leased retail and office space. Commercial real estate loans may be larger in size and may involve a greater degree of risk than one-to-four family residential mortgage loans. Payments on such loans are often dependent on successful operation or management of the properties. The Company s residential loans represent permanent mortgage financing and are secured by residential properties located within the Bank s market areas.

Consumer installment loans and other loans include automobile loans, boat and recreational vehicle financing, and both secured and unsecured personal loans. Consumer loans carry greater risks than other loans, as the collateral can consist of rapidly depreciating assets such as automobiles and equipment that may not provide an adequate source of repayment of the loan in the case of default.

Loans are stated at unpaid balances, net of unearned income and deferred loan fees. Balances within the major loan categories are presented in the following table:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | $\$ 270,571$ | $\$$ | 244,373 | $\$$ |
| Real estate construction and development | 149,543 |  | 146,371 | 130,168 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 836,230 | 808,323 | 766,227 |  |
| Real estate residential | 393,001 | 366,882 | 367,056 |  |
| Consumer installment | 32,345 | 34,249 | 37,335 |  |
| Other | 13,692 | 18,256 | 11,086 |  |

Purchased non-covered loans are defined as loans that were acquired in bank acquisitions that are not covered by a loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC. Purchased non-covered loans totaling $\$ 437.3$ million and $\$ 448.8$ million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, are not included in the above schedule.

Purchased non-covered loans are shown below according to major loan type as of the end of the periods shown:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | :--- |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | $\$ 00,810$ | $\$$ | 32,141 | $\$$ |  |
| Real estate construction and development |  | 31,820 |  | 31,176 |  |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 174,281 |  | 179,898 |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 196,078 |  | 200,851 |  |  |
| Consumer installment | 4,280 |  | 4,687 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\$$ | 437,269 | $\$$ | 448,753 | $\$$ |

Covered loans are defined as loans that were acquired in FDIC-assisted transactions that are covered by a loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC. Covered loans totaling $\$ 372.7$ million, $\$ 390.2$ million and $\$ 460.7$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively, are not included in the above schedules.

## Table of Contents

Covered loans are shown below according to loan type as of the end of the periods shown:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | $\$ 24,813$ | $\$$ | 26,550 | $\$ 28,568$ |
| Real estate construction and development | 41,434 |  | 43,179 | 57,114 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 214,649 |  | 224,451 | 260,159 |
| Real estate residential | 91,372 | 95,173 | 113,668 |  |
| Consumer installment | 426 | 884 | 1,215 |  |
|  | $\$ 372,694$ | $\$$ | 390,237 | $\$ 460,724$ |

## Nonaccrual and Past Due Loans

A loan is placed on nonaccrual status when, in management s judgment, the collection of the interest income appears doubtful. Interest receivable that has been accrued and is subsequently determined to have doubtful collectability is charged against interest income. Interest payments on nonaccrual loans are typically applied to principal unless collectability of the principal amount is reasonably assured, in which case interest is recognized on a cash basis. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured. Past due loans are loans whose principal or interest is past due 90 days or more. In some cases, where borrowers are experiencing financial difficulties, loans may be restructured to provide terms significantly different from the original contractual terms.

The following table presents an analysis of loans accounted for on a nonaccrual basis, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans:
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrrr} & \begin{array}{c}\text { March 31, } \\ \text { (Dollars in Thousands) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { December 31, } \\ \text { 2013 }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { March 31, }\end{array} \\ \text { 2013 }\end{array}, \begin{array}{l}\text { 2014 }\end{array}\right)$

The following table presents an analysis of purchased non-covered loans accounted for on a nonaccrual basis:

## (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | March 31, <br>  <br> Commercial, financial and agricultural | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Real estate construction and development | $\$$ | 117 | $\$$ | 11 | $\$$ |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 1,131 |  | 325 |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 6,829 | 1,653 |  |  |  |
| Consumer installment | 7,208 | 4,658 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 33 |  | 12 |  |
|  | $\$$ | 15,318 | $\$$ | 6,659 | $\$$ |

The following table presents an analysis of covered loans accounted for on a nonaccrual basis:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | \$ | 10,025 | \$ | 7,257 | \$ | 8,718 |
| Real estate construction and development |  | 14,780 |  | 14,781 |  | 18,956 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland |  | 24,285 |  | 33,495 |  | 47,580 |
| Real estate residential |  | 10,558 |  | 13,278 |  | 23,018 |
| Consumer installment |  | 133 |  | 341 |  | 243 |
|  | \$ | 59,781 | \$ | 69,152 | \$ | 98,515 |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents an analysis of loans, excluding purchased non-covered and covered past due loans as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 :

Loans 90
Days or


## As of March 31, 2014:

Commercial, financial \&
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrrrrrrrl}\text { agricultural } & \$ 1,083 & \$ & 386 & \$ & 2,956 & \$ 4,425 & \$ & 266,146 & \$ & 270,571\end{array}\right) \$$
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccccc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans } \\ \text { 30-59 } \\ \text { Days Past } \\ \text { Due }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans } \\ \text { 60-89 } \\ \text { Days } \\ \text { Past } \\ \text { Due }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans 90 } \\ \text { or More } \\ \text { Days Past } \\ \text { Due } \\ \text { (Dollars in Thousands) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\ \text { Past Due }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans 90 } \\ \text { Days or }\end{array} \\ \text { Current } \\ \text { Loans Past } \\ \text { Due and }\end{array}\right]$

Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

| Loans | Loans | Loans | Total | Current | Total | Loans 90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30-59 | 60-89 | 90 | Loans | Loans | Loans | Days or |
| Days Past | Days | or More | Past |  |  | More |
| Due | Past | Days | Due |  | Past |  |
|  | Due | Past |  |  | Due |  |
|  |  | Due |  |  | and |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Still |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Accruing |  |

(Dollars in Thousands)

| As of March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  <br> agricultural | $\$ 1,797$ | $\$$ | 149 | $\$$ | 3,729 | $\$$ | 5,675 | $\$$ | 175,213 | $\$$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents an analysis of purchased non-covered past due loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Loans } \\ \text { 30-59 } \\ \text { Days Past } \\ \text { Due } \end{gathered}$ | Loans <br> $60-89$ <br> Days <br> Past Due | Loans 90 or More Days Past Due (Doll | Total <br> Loans <br> Past Due <br> rs in Thous | Current <br> Loans <br> ands) | Total Loans | Loans 90 <br> Days or More Past Due and Still Accruing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of March 31, 2014: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ 291 | \$ | \$ 117 | \$ 408 | \$ 30,402 | \$ 30,810 | \$ |
| Real estate construction \& development | 680 | 661 | 867 | 2,208 | 29,612 | 31,820 |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 3,956 | 5,126 | 2,550 | 11,632 | 162,649 | 174,281 |  |
| Real estate residential | 5,187 | 1,816 | 6,503 | 13,506 | 182,572 | 196,078 |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 12 | 11 | 30 | 53 | 4,227 | 4,280 |  |
| Total | \$ 10,126 | \$ 7,614 | \$ 10,067 | \$ 27,807 | \$ 409,462 | \$ 437,269 | \$ |

Loans 90
Days or
More Past
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Loans } & \text { Loans } & \text { Loans } 90 \\ \text { 30-59 } & 60-89 & \text { or More } & \text { Total }\end{array}$
Days Past Days Days Past Loans Current
Due Past Due Due Past Due Loans Loans Accruing
(Dollars in Thousands)
As of December 30, 2013:
Commercial, financial \&

| agricultural | \$ 370 | \$ | 70 | \$ | 11 | \$ | 451 | \$ 31,690 | \$ 32,141 | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real estate construction \& development | 1,008 |  | 89 |  | 325 |  | 1,422 | 29,754 | 31,176 |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 6,851 |  | 2,064 |  | 1,516 |  | 10,431 | 169,467 | 179,898 |  |
| Real estate residential | 4,667 |  | 1,074 |  | 3,428 |  | 9,169 | 191,682 | 200,851 |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 7 |  | 17 |  | 9 |  | 33 | 4,654 | 4,687 |  |
| Total | \$ 12,903 | \$ | 3,314 | \$ | 5,289 | \$ | 21,506 | \$ 427,247 | \$ 448,753 | \$ |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents an analysis of covered past due loans as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

Loans 90
Days or

| Loans | Loans | Loans 90 |  |  |  | More Past <br> Due and |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30-59 | 60-89 | or More | Total |  |  | Dus |
| Days Past | Days | Days Past | Loans | Current | Total | Still |
| Due | Past Due | Due | Past Due | Loans | Loans | Accruing |
|  |  |  | (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |

## As of March 31, 2014:

Commercial, financial \&

| agricultural | $\$ 688$ | $\$$ | 55 | $\$$ | 8,976 | $\$$ | 9,719 | $\$ 15,094$ | $\$ 24,813$ | $\$$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Real estate <br> cevelopment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& | 4,248 | 302 | 14,472 | 19,022 | 22,412 | 41,434 |  |  |  |  |  |
| farmland |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 3,732 | 3,722 | 17,680 | 37,134 | 177,515 | 214,649 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 2 | 1,585 | 9,752 | 14,916 | 76,456 | 91,372 | 1,396 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\$ 24,249$ | $\$ 5,714$ | $\$ 50,983$ | $\$ 80,946$ | $\$ 291,748$ | $\$ 372,694$ | $\$$ | 1,396 |  |  |  |


|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Loans } \\ \text { 30-59 } \\ \text { Days Past } \\ \text { Due } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Loans } \\ \mathbf{6 0 - 8 9} \\ \text { Days } \\ \text { Past } \\ \text { Due } \end{gathered}$ | Loans 90 or More Days Past Due <br> (Doll |  | Total <br> Loans <br> ast Due <br> in Thou | Current <br> Loans <br> ands) | Total <br> Loans |  | ns 90 <br> s or <br> Past and ill uing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of December 30, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ 3,966 | \$ 12 | \$ 6,165 | \$ | 10,143 | \$ 16,407 | \$ 26,550 | \$ |  |
| Real estate construction \& development | 843 | 144 | 14,055 |  | 15,042 | 28,137 | 43,179 |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 8,482 | 4,350 | 26,428 |  | 39,260 | 185,191 | 224,451 |  | 346 |
| Real estate residential | 7,648 | 1,914 | 10,244 |  | 19,806 | 75,367 | 95,173 |  |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 51 | 14 | 305 |  | 370 | 514 | 884 |  |  |
| Total | \$ 20,990 | \$ 6,434 | \$ 57,197 |  | 84,621 | \$ 305,616 | \$ 390,237 | \$ | 346 |


| Loans | Loans | Loans | Total | Current | Total | Loans 90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30-59 | $\mathbf{6 0 - 8 9}$ | 90 | Loans | Loans | Loans | Days or |
| Days Past | Days | or More | Past Due |  |  | More |


| Due | Past Days <br> Due Past <br> Due Past <br>   <br>  Due <br> and |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Still |

Accruing
(Dollars in Thousands)

| As of March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ 756 | \$ | 314 | \$ | 7,270 | \$ | 8,340 | \$ | 20,228 | \$ 28,568 | \$ | 98 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 3,971 |  | 876 |  | 17,415 |  | 22,262 |  | 34,852 | 57,114 |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 10,227 |  | 2,837 |  | 42,464 |  | 55,528 |  | 204,631 | 260,159 |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 5,608 |  | 345 |  | 18,895 |  | 24,848 |  | 88,820 | 113,668 |  | 48 |
| Consumer installment loans | 41 |  | 11 |  | 205 |  | 257 |  | 958 | 1,215 |  |  |
| Total | \$ 20,603 | \$ | 4,383 | \$ | 86,249 |  | 11,235 |  | 349,489 | \$ 460,724 | \$ | 146 |

## Table of Contents

## Impaired Loans

Loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreements. When determining if the Company will be unable to collect all principal and interest payments due in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement, the Company considers the borrower s capacity to pay, which includes such factors as the borrower s current financial statements, an analysis of global cash flow sufficient to pay all debt obligations and an evaluation of secondary sources of repayment, such as guarantor support and collateral value. Impaired loans include loans on nonaccrual status and troubled debt restructurings. The Company individually assesses for impairment all nonaccrual loans greater than $\$ 200,000$ and rated substandard or worse and all troubled debt restructurings greater than $\$ 100,000$. If a loan is deemed impaired, a specific valuation allowance is allocated, if necessary, so that the loan is reported net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan s existing rate or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Interest payments on impaired loans are typically applied to principal unless collectability of the principal amount is reasonably assured, in which case interest is recognized on a cash basis.

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans:

\left.|  | As of and For the Period Ended |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 31, |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, |  |  |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |
| March 31, |  |  |  |  |$\right]$| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| :---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) |

The following table presents an analysis of information pertaining to impaired loans, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

Unpaid Recorded Recorded Total Related Average Contractualinvestment Investment Recorded Allowance Recorded Principal With With Investment Investment Balance No Allowance

Allowance
(Dollars in Thousands)

| As of March 31, 2014: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | $\$ 5,421$ | $\$$ | 3,719 | $\$$ | 3,719 | $\$$ | 394 | $\$$ | 4,169 |
|  <br> development | 10,636 |  | 6,033 |  | 6,033 |  | 736 | 5,950 |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 19,983 |  | 17,282 | 17,282 | 1,972 | 16,380 |  |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 21,307 |  | 17,996 | 17,996 | 1,211 | 18,983 |  |  |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 688 |  | 547 | 547 | 11 | 515 |  |  |  |
| Total | $\$ 58,035$ | $\$$ | $\$ 45,577$ | $\$$ | 45,577 | $\$$ | 4,324 | $\$$ | 45,997 |

Table of Contents

|  | Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance | Recorded <br> Investment <br> With <br> No <br> Allowance |  | corded <br> estment <br> With <br> owance <br> Dollars in |  | Total corded estment ousands) |  | lated wance |  | verage corded estment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of December 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ 6,240 | \$ | \$ | 4,618 | \$ | 4,618 | \$ | 435 | \$ | 4,844 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 18,456 |  |  | 15,479 |  | 15,479 |  | 1,443 |  | 17,559 |
| Real estate residential | 24,342 |  |  | 19,970 |  | 19,970 |  | 1,472 |  | 20,335 |
| Consumer installment loans | 623 |  |  | 483 |  | 483 |  | 9 |  | 642 |
| Total | \$ 61,024 | \$ | \$ | 46,417 | \$ | 46,417 | \$ | 3,871 | \$ | 51,721 |
|  | Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance | Recorded Investment With No Allowance | Recorded <br> Investment <br> With <br> Allowance <br> (Dollars in |  | Total <br> Recorded <br> Investment <br> Thousands) |  | Related Allowance |  | Average Recorded Investment |  |
| As of March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate construction \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate construction \& development | 20,633 |  |  | 11,273 |  | 11,273 |  | 922 |  | 11,144 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 22,996 |  |  | 18,676 |  | 18,676 |  | 1,816 |  | 19,793 |
| Real estate residential | 24,777 |  |  | 20,792 |  | 20,792 |  | 1,344 |  | 20,320 |
| Consumer installment loans | 920 |  |  | 693 |  | 693 |  | 17 |  | 804 |
| Total | \$77,144 | \$ | \$ | 55,989 | \$ | 55,989 | \$ | 4,839 | \$ | 56,808 |

The following is a summary of information pertaining to purchased non-covered impaired loans:

|  | As of and For the Period Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mber 31, } \\ & 013 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |
| Nonaccrual loans | \$ 15,318 | \$ | 6,659 | \$ |
| Troubled debt restructurings not included above | 5,191 |  | 5,938 |  |
| Total impaired loans | \$ 20,509 | \$ | 12,597 | \$ |
| Impaired loans not requiring a related allowance | \$ 20,509 | \$ | 12,597 | \$ |


| Impaired loans requiring a related allowance | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allowance related to impaired loans | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Average investment in impaired loans | $\$ 16,553$ | $\$$ | 242 |
| Interest income recognized on impaired loans | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Foregone interest income on impaired loans | $\$ 5563$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents an analysis of information pertaining to impaired purchased non-covered loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

| Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance | Recorded <br> Investment With No Allowance | Recorded <br> Investment Total With Recorded Allowance Investment (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  | Related Allowance | Average Recorded Investment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 233 | \$ 117 | \$ | \$ | 117 | \$ | \$ | 64 |
| 6,173 | 3,574 |  |  | 3,574 |  |  | 3,631 |
| 12,966 | 7,790 |  |  | 7,790 |  |  | 5,336 |
| 15,524 | 8,987 |  |  | 8,987 |  |  | 7,483 |
| 240 | 41 |  |  | 41 |  |  | 39 |
| \$35,136 | \$ 20,509 | \$ |  | 20,509 | \$ | \$ | 16,553 |

Unpaid Recorded Recorded
Contractual Investment Investment Total Average Principal With No With Recorded Related Recorded Balance Allowance Allowance Investment Allowance Investment (Dollars in Thousands)

| As of December 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ 19 | \$ | 11 | \$ | \$ | 11 | \$ | \$ |  |
| Real estate construction \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 4,563 |  | 2,881 |  |  | 2,881 |  |  | 55 |
| Real estate residential | 9,612 |  | 5,978 |  |  | 5,978 |  |  | 115 |
| Consumer installment loans | 57 |  | 37 |  |  | 37 |  |  | 1 |
| Total | \$ 19,970 | \$ | 12,597 | \$ | \$ | 12,597 | \$ | \$ | 242 |

The following is a summary of information pertaining to covered impaired loans:

| As of and For the Period Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| March 31, | December 31, |
| March 31, |  |
| 2014 | 2013 |

(Dollars in Thousands)

| Nonaccrual loans | $\$ 59,781$ | $\$$ | 69,152 | $\$$ | 98,515 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Troubled debt restructurings not included above | 22,775 |  | 22,243 | 21,592 |  |
|  |  | $\$ 82,556$ | $\$$ | 91,395 | $\$ 120,107$ |


| Impaired loans not requiring a related allowance | $\$ 82,556$ | $\$$ | 91,395 | $\$ 120,107$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Impaired loans requiring a related allowance | $\$$ | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |  |
| Allowance related to impaired loans | $\$$ | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |  |
| Average investment in impaired loans | $\$ 86,976$ | $\$$ | 110,830 | $\$ 127,507$ |  |
| Interest income recognized on impaired loans | $\$ 155$ | $\$$ | 968 | $\$$ | 169 |
| Foregone interest income on impaired loans | $\$$ | 10 | $\$$ | 330 | $\$$ |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents an analysis of information pertaining to impaired covered loans as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

| Unpaid | Recorded | Recorded |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contractual | Investment | Investment | Total |  | Average |
| Principal | With No | With | Recorded | Related | Recorded |
| Balance | Allowance | Allowance Investment Allowance Investment |  |  |  |


| As of March 31, 2014: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | $\$ 12,143$ | $\$$ | 10,039 | $\$$ | $\$$ | 10,039 | $\$$ | $\$$ |
|  <br> development | 20,704 | 18,034 |  | 18,034 |  | 18,036 |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 36,664 | 31,746 |  | 31,746 | 36,247 |  |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 25,230 | 22,604 | 133 |  | 133 | 23,801 |  |  |
| Consumer installment loans | 167 | 133 |  |  | 237 |  |  |  |
| Total | $\$ 94,908$ | $\$ 82,556$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | 82,556 | $\$$ | $\$ 86,976$ |  |

Unpaid Recorded Recorded
Contractual Investment Investment Total Average Principal With No With Recorded Related Recorded Balance Allowance Allowance Investment Allowance Investment (Dollars in Thousands)

| As of December 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | \$ | 9,680 | \$ | 7,270 | \$ | \$ | 7,270 | \$ | \$ | 8,696 |
| Real estate construction \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland |  | 46,612 |  | 40,749 |  |  | 40,749 |  |  | 51,584 |
| Real estate residential |  | 29,089 |  | 24,998 |  |  | 24,998 |  |  | 28,452 |
| Consumer installment loans |  | 394 |  | 341 |  |  | 341 |  |  | 304 |
| Total |  | 06,690 | \$ | 91,395 | \$ | \$ | 91,395 | \$ | \$ | 110,830 |

Unpaid Recorded Recorded
Contractual Investment Investment Total Average Principal With No With Recorded Related Recorded Balance Allowance Allowance Investment Allowance Investment (Dollars in Thousands)

| As of March 31, 2013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | $\$ 24,301$ | $\$$ | 8,754 | $\$$ | $\$, 754$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Real estate construction \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| development | 78,421 | 23,978 |  | 23,978 |  | 23,607 |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 139,197 | 55,822 | 55,822 | 60,026 |  |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 54,422 | 31,310 |  | 31,310 | 33,823 |  |  |


| Consumer installment loans | 324 | 243 | 243 |  | 273 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\$ 296,665$ | $\$ 120,107$ | $\$$ | $\$ 120,107$ | $\$$ | $\$ 127,507$ |

## Table of Contents

## Credit Quality Indicators

The Company uses a nine category risk grading system to assign a risk grade to each loan in the portfolio. The following is a description of the general characteristics of the grades:

Grade 10 Prime Credit This grade represents loans to the Company s most creditworthy borrowers or loans that are secured by cash or cash equivalents.

Grade 15 Good Credit This grade includes loans that exhibit one or more characteristics better than that of a Satisfactory Credit. Generally, debt service coverage and borrower s liquidity is materially better than required by the Company s loan policy.

Grade 20 Satisfactory Credit This grade is assigned to loans to borrowers who exhibit satisfactory credit histories, contain acceptable loan structures and demonstrate ability to repay.

Grade 23 Performing, Under-Collateralized Credit This grade is assigned to loans that are currently performing and supported by adequate financial information that reflects repayment capacity but exhibits a loan-to-value ratio greater than $110 \%$, based on a documented collateral valuation.

Grade 25 Minimum Acceptable Credit This grade includes loans which exhibit all the characteristics of a Satisfactory Credit, but warrant more than normal level of banker supervision due to: (i) circumstances which elevate the risks of performance (such as start-up operations, untested management, heavy leverage and interim losses); (ii) adverse, extraordinary events that have affected, or could affect, the borrower s cash flow, financial condition, ability to continue operating profitability or refinancing (such as death of principal, fire and divorce); (iii) loans that require more than the normal servicing requirements (such as any type of construction financing, acquisition and development loans, accounts receivable or inventory loans and floor plan loans); (iv) existing technical exceptions which raise some doubts about the Bank s perfection in its collateral position or the continued financial capacity of the borrower; or (v) improvements in formerly criticized borrowers, which may warrant banker supervision.

Grade 30 Other Asset Especially Mentioned This grade includes loans that exhibit potential weaknesses that deserve management s close attention. If left uncorrected, these weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the Company s credit position at some future date.

Grade 40 Substandard This grade represents loans which are inadequately protected by the current credit worthiness and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged, if any. These assets exhibit a well-defined weakness or are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. These weaknesses may be characterized by past due performance, operating losses or questionable collateral values.

Grade 50 Doubtful This grade includes loans which exhibit all of the characteristics of a substandard loan with the added provision that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable or improbable.

Grade 60 Loss This grade is assigned to loans which are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as active assets of the Bank is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the loss has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing it off.

Table of Contents

The following table presents the loan portfolio, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, by risk grade as of March 31, 2014:


The following table presents the loan portfolio, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, by risk grade as of December 31, 2013:

| Risk Grade | Commercial, Real estate - Real estate - <br> financial \&construction \&commercial \& Real estate - Consumer agricultural development farmland residentialinstallment loans Other (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ 66,983 | \$ |  | \$ | 265 | \$ | 419 | s | 6,714 | S | \$ | 74,381 |
| 15 | 24,789 |  | 4,655 |  | 147,157 |  | 52,335 |  | 1,276 |  |  | 230,212 |
| 20 | 93,852 |  | 45,195 |  | 431,790 |  | 165,339 |  | 18,619 | 18,256 |  | 773,051 |
| 23 | 127 |  | 8,343 |  | 10,219 |  | 12,641 |  | 274 |  |  | 31,604 |
| 25 | 50,373 |  | 78,736 |  | 181,645 |  | 103,427 |  | 6,310 |  |  | 420,491 |
| 30 | 2,111 |  | 2,876 |  | 11,849 |  | 13,558 |  | 197 |  |  | 30,591 |
| 40 | 6,011 |  | 6,566 |  | 25,398 |  | 19,153 |  | 859 |  |  | 57,987 |
| 50 | 127 |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  | 137 |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 244,373 | \$ | 146,371 | \$ | 808,323 |  | 366,882 | \$ | 34,249 | \$ 18,256 |  | ,618,454 |

The following table presents the loan portfolio, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, by risk grade as of March 31, 2013:

## Commercial, Real estate



## Table of Contents

The following table presents the purchased non-covered loan portfolio by risk grade as of March 31, 2014:

| Risk Grade | Commercia financial \& agricultura | R | l estate <br> uction <br> lopment |  | al estate mercial \& rmland <br> (Dolla |  | estate idential <br> Thousand |  | umer ent loan |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ 1,932 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 287 | \$ | 328 | \$ | \$ 2,547 |
| 15 | 4,408 |  | 52 |  | 12,422 |  | 14,231 |  | 679 |  | 31,792 |
| 20 | 4,596 |  | 3,907 |  | 43,132 |  | 33,553 |  | 1,218 |  | 86,406 |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 19,213 |  | 22,780 |  | 102,918 |  | 134,653 |  | 1,965 |  | 281,529 |
| 30 | 235 |  | 697 |  | 3,387 |  | 2,660 |  | 20 |  | 6,999 |
| 40 | 426 |  | 4,384 |  | 12,422 |  | 10,694 |  | 70 |  | 27,996 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 30,810 | \$ | 31,820 | \$ | 174,281 | \$ | 196,078 | \$ | 4,280 | \$ | \$ 437,269 |

The following table presents the purchased non-covered loan portfolio by risk grade as of December 31, 2013:

| Risk Grade | Commercial, Real estate - Real estate financial \&construction \&commercial \& Real estate - Consumer agricultural development farmland residential installment loansOther (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ 1,865 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 289 | \$ | 451 | \$ | \$ | 2,605 |
| 15 | 4,606 |  | 7 |  | 12,998 |  | 16,160 |  | 703 |  |  | 34,474 |
| 20 | 5,172 |  | 3,960 |  | 43,802 |  | 34,576 |  | 1,383 |  |  | 88,893 |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 19,638 |  | 20,733 |  | 102,260 |  | 129,923 |  | 1,888 |  |  | 274,442 |
| 30 | 576 |  | 1,760 |  | 9,554 |  | 10,878 |  | 194 |  |  | 22,962 |
| 40 | 284 |  | 4,716 |  | 11,284 |  | 9,025 |  | 68 |  |  | 25,377 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 32,141 | \$ | 31,176 | \$ | 179,898 | \$ | 200,851 | \$ | 4,687 | \$ |  | 448,753 |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the covered loan portfolio by risk grade as of March 31, 2014:

| Risk Grade | Commercia <br> financial \& agricultur |  | I estate <br> uction \& lopment |  | estate nercial \& mland (Dollars |  | estate dential housan | C | mer nt loa |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
| 15 |  |  | 10 |  | 1,024 |  | 650 |  |  |  | 1,684 |
| 20 | 1,769 |  | 7,760 |  | 35,625 |  | 19,613 |  | 151 |  | 64,918 |
| 23 | 139 |  | 978 |  | 17,416 |  | 4,870 |  | 51 |  | 23,454 |
| 25 | 6,921 |  | 9,182 |  | 101,948 |  | 38,140 |  | 42 |  | 156,233 |
| 30 | 5,106 |  | 1,185 |  | 17,625 |  | 7,025 |  | 3 |  | 30,944 |
| 40 | 10,878 |  | 22,319 |  | 41,011 |  | 21,074 |  | 179 |  | 95,461 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 24,813 | \$ | 41,434 | \$ | 214,649 | \$ | 91,372 | \$ | 426 | \$ | \$ 372,694 |

The following table presents the covered loan portfolio by risk grade as of December 31, 2013:

| Risk Grade | Commercial, Real estate - Real estate - <br> financial \&construction \&commercial \& Real estate - Consumer agricultural development farmland residentialinstallment loanOther <br> (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
| 15 |  |  | 16 |  | 1,048 |  | 638 |  |  |  | 1,702 |
| 20 | 2,184 |  | 8,549 |  | 34,674 |  | 21,363 |  | 193 |  | 66,963 |
| 23 | 134 |  | 1,085 |  | 17,037 |  | 4,748 |  | 51 |  | 23,055 |
| 25 | 7,508 |  | 9,611 |  | 101,657 |  | 38,427 |  | 235 |  | 157,438 |
| 30 | 5,125 |  | 2,006 |  | 21,297 |  | 6,979 |  | 17 |  | 35,424 |
| 40 | 11,599 |  | 21,912 |  | 48,738 |  | 23,018 |  | 388 |  | 105,655 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 26,550 | \$ | 43,179 | \$ | 224,451 | \$ | 95,173 | \$ | 884 | \$ | \$ 390,237 |

The following table presents the covered loan portfolio by risk grade as of March 31, 2013:

| Risk | Commercial, | Real estate | Real estate - | Real estate $-\quad$ Consumer | Other | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | financial | - | commercial \& | residential installment loans |  |  |
| Grade | $\&$ | construction \& | farmland |  |  |  |

Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q
agricultural development

|  | (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
| 15 |  |  | 34 |  | 1,598 |  | 638 |  |  |  | 2,270 |
| 20 | 3,117 |  | 11,106 |  | 36,020 |  | 27,547 |  | 266 |  | 78,056 |
| 23 | 75 |  | 1,248 |  | 9,153 |  | 1,946 |  |  |  | 12,422 |
| 25 | 8,135 |  | 10,184 |  | 110,985 |  | 40,863 |  | 508 |  | 170,675 |
| 30 | 2,979 |  | 4,457 |  | 35,601 |  | 8,784 |  | 50 |  | 51,871 |
| 40 | 14,262 |  | 30,085 |  | 66,802 |  | 33,890 |  | 391 |  | 145,430 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ 28,568 | \$ | 57,114 | \$ | 260,159 | \$ | 113,668 | \$ | 1,215 | \$ | \$ 460,724 |

## Table of Contents

## Troubled Debt Restructurings

The restructuring of a loan is considered a troubled debt restructuring if both (i) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties and (ii) the Company has granted a concession. Concessions may include interest rate reductions to below market interest rates, principal forgiveness, restructuring amortization schedules and other actions intended to minimize potential losses. The Company has exhibited the greatest success for rehabilitation of the loan by a reduction in the rate alone (maintaining the amortization of the debt) or a combination of a rate reduction and the forbearance of previously past due interest or principal. This has most typically been evidenced in certain commercial real estate loans whereby a disruption in the borrower s cash flow resulted in an extended past due status, of which the borrower was unable to catch up completely as the cash flow of the property ultimately stabilized at a level lower than its original level. A reduction in rate, coupled with a forbearance of unpaid principal and/or interest, allowed the net cash flows to service the debt under the modified terms.

The Company s policy requires a restructure request to be supported by a current, well-documented credit evaluation of the borrower sfinancial condition and a collateral evaluation that is no older than six months from the date of the restructure. Key factors of that evaluation include the documentation of current, recurring cash flows, support provided by the guarantor(s) and the current valuation of the collateral. If the appraisal in the file is older than six months, an evaluation must be made as to the continued reasonableness of the valuation. For certain income-producing properties, current rent rolls and/or other income information can be utilized to support the appraisal valuation, when coupled with documented cap rates within our markets and a physical inspection of the collateral to validate the current condition.

The Company s policy states that in the event a loan has been identified as a troubled debt restructuring, it should be assigned a grade of substandard and placed on nonaccrual status until such time the borrower has demonstrated the ability to service the loan payments based on the restructured terms generally defined as six months of satisfactory payment history. Missed payments under the original loan terms are not considered under the new structure; however, subsequent missed payments are considered non-performance and are not considered toward the six month required term of satisfactory payment history. The Company s loan policy states that a nonaccrual loan may be returned to accrual status when (i) none of its principal and interest is due and unpaid, and the Company expects repayment of the remaining contractual principal and interest or (ii) it otherwise becomes well secured and in the process of collection. Restoration to accrual status on any given loan must be supported by a well-documented credit evaluation of the borrower sfinancial condition and the prospects for full repayment, approved by the Company s Senior Credit Officer.

In the normal course of business, the Company renews loans with a modification of the interest rate or terms that are not deemed as troubled debt restructurings because the borrower is not experiencing financial difficulty. The Company modified loans in the first three months of 2014 and 2013 totaling $\$ 6.3$ million and $\$ 27.4$ million, respectively, under such parameters. In addition, the Company offers consumer loan customers an annual skip-a-pay program that is based on certain qualifying parameters and not based on financial difficulties. The Company does not treat these as troubled debt restructurings.

As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the Company had a balance of $\$ 21.2$ million, $\$ 20.9$ million and $\$ 23.3$ million, respectively, in troubled debt restructurings, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans. The Company has recorded $\$ 2.3$ million, $\$ 2.1$ million and $\$ 2.6$ million in previous charge-offs on such loans at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. The Company s balance in the allowance for loan losses allocated to such troubled debt restructurings was $\$ 422,000, \$ 432,000$ and $\$ 591,000$ at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. At March 31, 2014, the Company did not have any commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose terms have been modified in troubled restructurings

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

| As of March 31, 2014 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan class: | $\#$ | (in thousands) | \# | (in thousands) |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 4 | $\$$ | 711 | 2 | $\$$ |
| Real estate construction \& development | 11 | 1,953 | 1 | 40 |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 19 | 8,733 | 5 | 29 |  |
| Real estate residential | 35 | 7,364 | 8 | 1,316 |  |
| Consumer installment | 11 | 87 | 2 | 961 |  |
| Total | 80 | $\$$ | 18,848 | 18 | $\$$ |


| As of December 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | :--- |
| Loan class: | $\#$ | (in thousands) | \# |
| (in thousands) |  |  |  |


| As of March 31, 2013 Loan class: | Accruing Loans |  |  | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 5 | \$ | 799 |  | \$ |  |
| Real estate construction \& development | 5 |  | 1,883 | 1 |  | 43 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 16 |  | 8,878 | 3 |  | 3,595 |
| Real estate residential | 26 |  | 6,953 | 3 |  | 1,111 |
| Consumer installment |  |  |  | 1 |  | 6 |
| Total | 52 | \$ | 18,513 | 8 | \$ | 4,755 |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, classified separately as those currently paying under restructured terms and those that have defaulted under restructured terms at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

| As of March 31, 2014Loan class: | Loans Currently Paying Under Restructured Terms |  |  | Loans that have Defaulted Under Restructured Terms |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance (in thousands) |  |  | Balance <br> (in <br> thousands) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 4 | \$ | 268 | 2 | \$ | 482 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 10 |  | 1,916 | 2 |  | 66 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 19 |  | 8,733 | 5 |  | 1,316 |
| Real estate residential | 30 |  | 6,365 | 13 |  | 1,961 |
| Consumer installment | 11 |  | 80 | 2 |  | 26 |
| Total | 74 | \$ | 17,362 | 24 | \$ | 3,851 |
| As of December 31, 2013 | Loans Currently Paying Under Restructured Terms |  |  | Loans that have Defaulted Under Restructured Terms |  |  |
| Loan class: | \# |  | ance <br> usands) | \# |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 4 | \$ | 515 | 3 | \$ | 525 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 8 |  | 1,896 | 2 |  | 32 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 16 |  | 6,396 | 5 |  | 2,789 |
| Real estate residential | 32 |  | 6,699 | 13 |  | 1,953 |
| Consumer installment | 7 |  | 90 | 2 |  | 2 |
| Total | 67 | \$ | 15,596 | 25 | \$ | 5,301 |
| As of March 31, 2013 | Loans Currently Paying Under Restructured Terms |  |  | Loans that have Defaulted Under Restructured Terms |  |  |
| Loan class: | Balance (in thousands) |  |  | Balance <br> (in <br> thousands) |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 5 | \$ | 799 | \$ |  |  |
| Real estate construction \& development | 5 |  | 1,883 | 1 |  | 43 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 16 |  | 8,878 | 3 |  | 3,595 |
| Real estate residential | 26 |  | 6,953 | 3 |  | 1,111 |
| Consumer installment |  |  |  | 1 |  | 6 |

Total
$8 \quad \$ \quad 4,755$

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, by types of concessions made, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

| As of March 31, 2014 | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non-Accruing Loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of Concession: | \# |  | ousands) | \# |  | isands) |
| Forbearance of Interest | 8 | \$ | 1,933 | 4 | \$ | 300 |
| Forgiveness of Principal | 4 |  | 1,957 | 1 |  | 516 |
| Payment Modification Only |  |  |  | 1 |  | 149 |
| Rate Reduction Only | 13 |  | 6,782 | 4 |  | 1,134 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Interest | 38 |  | 5,489 | 6 |  | 230 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 17 |  | 2,687 | 1 |  | 7 |
| Rate Reduction, Payment Modification |  |  |  | 1 |  | 29 |
| Total | 80 | \$ | 18,848 | 18 | \$ | 2,365 |


| As of December 31, 2013 Type of Concession: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non- $\#$ |  | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forbearance of Interest | 10 | \$ | 2,170 | 2 | \$ | 97 |
| Forgiveness of Principal | 3 |  | 1,467 | 1 |  | 145 |
| Payment Modification Only | 1 |  | 280 | 1 |  | 88 |
| Rate Reduction Only | 14 |  | 7,069 | 3 |  | 913 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Interest | 26 |  | 3,252 | 12 |  | 2,411 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 18 |  | 2,976 |  |  |  |
| Rate Reduction, Payment Modification |  |  |  | 1 |  | 29 |
| Total | 72 | \$ | 17,214 | 20 | \$ | 3,683 |



Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, by collateral types, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

| As of March 31, 2014 | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non-Accruing Loans Balance <br> \# (in thousands) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collateral type: | \# |  | housands) |  |  |  |
| Warehouse | 4 | \$ | 1,345 | 2 | \$ | 586 |
| Raw Land | 5 |  | 1,298 | 1 |  | 29 |
| Agriculture | 1 |  | 311 | 1 |  | 66 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 3 |  | 2,154 |  |  |  |
| Office | 4 |  | 1,652 | 1 |  | 149 |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 6 |  | 2,905 | 1 |  | 516 |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 42 |  | 8,027 | 9 |  | 978 |
| Church | 1 |  | 365 |  |  |  |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory | 13 |  | 548 | 3 |  | 41 |
| Unsecured | 1 |  | 243 |  |  |  |
| Total | 80 | \$ | 18,848 | 18 | \$ | 2,365 |


| As of December 31, 2013 Collateral type: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non-Accruing Loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warehouse | 4 | \$ | 1,346 | 2 | \$ | 592 |
| Raw Land | 11 |  | 2,345 | 2 |  | 32 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 3 |  | 2,185 |  |  |  |
| Office | 4 |  | 1,909 |  |  |  |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 4 |  | 1,095 | 2 |  | 1,680 |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 36 |  | 7,747 | 9 |  | 852 |
| Life Insurance Policy | 1 |  | 250 |  |  |  |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory | 8 |  | 92 | 4 |  | 479 |
| Unsecured | 1 |  | 245 | 1 |  | 48 |
| Total | 72 | \$ | 17,214 | 20 | \$ | 3,683 |


| As of March 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collateral type: | $\#$ | (in thousands) | $\#$ | (in thousands) |  |
| Warehouse | 3 | $\$$ | 1,689 | 1 | $\$$ |
| Raw Land | 1 | 1,285 | 1 | 176 |  |
| Hotel \& Motel | 3 | 2,273 |  | 43 |  |
| Office | 4 | 2,095 | 1 | 2,450 |  |

Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

| Retail, including Strip Centers | 6 | 2,821 | 1 | 969 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 30 | 7,550 | 3 | 1,111 |  |
| Life Insurance Policy | 1 | 250 |  |  |  |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory | 3 | 500 | 1 | 6 |  |
| Unsecured | 1 | 50 |  |  |  |
| Total | 52 | $\$$ | 18,513 | 8 | $\$$ |

## Table of Contents

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had a balance of $\$ 6.5$ million and $\$ 7.2$ million, respectively, in troubled debt restructurings included in purchased non-covered loans. The Company has recorded $\$ 345,000$ in previous charge-offs on such loans at March 31, 2014. The Company had not recorded any previous charge-offs on such loans at December 31, 2013. At March 31, 2014, the Company did not have any commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose terms have been modified in troubled restructurings.

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class of purchased non-covered loans, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014Loan class: | Accruing Loans |  | Non-Accruing Loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# | Balance (in thousands) |  |  | sands) |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | \$ | 1 | \$ | 6 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 7 | 2,443 | 2 |  | 264 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 2 | 961 | 2 |  | 726 |
| Real estate residential | 12 | 1,779 | 4 |  | 255 |
| Consumer installment | 1 | 8 | 2 |  | 17 |
| Total | 22 | \$ 5,191 | 11 | \$ | 1,268 |


| As of December 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans |  | Non-Accruing Loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan class: | \# | Balance (in thousands) |  |  | sands) |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | \$ | 1 | \$ | 6 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 10 | 3,364 |  |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 3 | 1,228 | 1 |  | 468 |
| Real estate residential | 8 | 1,321 | 8 |  | 738 |
| Consumer installment | 3 | 25 |  |  |  |
| Total | 24 | \$ 5,938 | 10 | \$ | 1,212 |

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class of purchased non-covered loans, classified separately as those currently paying under restructured terms and those that have defaulted under restructured terms at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014 Loan class: | Loans Currently Paying Under Restructured Terms <br> Balance <br> \# (in thousands) |  | Loans that have Defaulted Under Restructured Terms <br> Balance <br> \# (in thousands) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | \$ | 1 | \$ | 6 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 6 | 2,244 | 3 |  | 463 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland |  |  | 4 |  | 1,687 |
| Real estate residential | 8 | 1,187 | 8 |  | 847 |
| Consumer installment | 1 | 8 | 2 |  | 17 |
| Total | 15 | \$ 3,439 | 18 | \$ | 3,020 |
| As of December 31, 2013 | Loans Currently Paying Under Restructured Terms Balance \# (in thousands) |  | Loans that have Defaulted Under Restructured Terms Balance \# (in thousands) |  |  |
| Loan class: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | \$ | 1 | \$ | 6 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 1 | 8 | 2 |  | 17 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 8 | 3,068 | 2 |  | 296 |
| Real estate residential |  |  | 4 |  | 1,696 |
| Consumer installment | 7 | 1,153 | 9 |  | 906 |
| Total | 16 | \$ 4,229 | 18 | \$ | 2,921 |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings included in purchased non-covered loans, by types of concessions made, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014 Type of Concession: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non- $\#$ | cru | Loans ance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forbearance of Principal | 1 | \$ | 299 |  | \$ |  |
| Forgiveness of Principal | 1 |  | 164 | 1 |  | 259 |
| Payment Modification Only | 1 |  | 61 | 1 |  | 13 |
| Rate Reduction Only | 12 |  | 2,354 | 7 |  | 491 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 7 |  | 2,313 | 2 |  | 505 |
| Total | 22 | \$ | 5,191 | 11 | \$ | 1,268 |


| As of December 31, 2013 Type of Concession: | A | (in | oans <br> ance <br> usands) | Non $\#$ | (in | Loans <br> ance <br> usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forbearance of Interest | 1 | \$ | 300 |  | \$ |  |
| Forgiveness of Principal | 2 |  | 425 |  |  |  |
| Payment Modification Only | 2 |  | 75 |  |  |  |
| Rate Reduction Only | 11 |  | 2,170 | 8 |  | 707 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 8 |  | 2,968 | 2 |  | 505 |
| Total | 24 | \$ | 5,938 | 10 | \$ | 1,212 |

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings included in purchased non-covered loans, by collateral types, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014 Collateral type: | Ac $\#$ | ruin <br> (in | oans <br> ance <br> usands) | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warehouse |  | \$ |  | 1 | \$ | 467 |
| Raw Land | 5 |  | 1,988 |  |  |  |
| Office | 1 |  | 798 |  |  |  |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 1 |  | 164 | 1 |  | 259 |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 15 |  | 2,241 | 6 |  | 519 |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory |  |  |  | 3 |  | 23 |
| Total | 22 | \$ | 5,191 | 11 | \$ | 1,268 |


| As of December 31, 2013 Collateral type: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warehouse |  | \$ |  | 1 | \$ | 468 |
| Raw Land | 6 |  | 2,640 |  |  |  |
| Office | 1 |  | 803 |  |  |  |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 2 |  | 425 |  |  |  |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 13 |  | 2,053 | 8 |  | 738 |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory | 2 |  | 17 | 1 |  | 6 |
| Total | 24 | \$ | 5,938 | 10 | \$ | 1,212 |

## Table of Contents

As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the Company had a balance of $\$ 22.8$ million, $\$ 27.3$ million and $\$ 27.6$ million, respectively, in troubled debt restructurings included in covered loans. The Company has recorded $\$ 3.2$ million, $\$ 1.6$ million and $\$ 6.6$ million in previous charge-offs on such loans at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. At March 31, 2014, the Company did not have any commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose terms have been modified in troubled restructurings.

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class of covered loans, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014 Loan class: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans lance usands |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 1 | \$ | 14 | 5 | \$ | 68 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 3 |  | 3,254 | 5 |  | 49 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 14 |  | 7,461 | 7 |  | 3,872 |
| Real estate residential | 85 |  | 12,046 | 9 |  | 1,031 |
| Consumer installment |  |  |  | 1 |  | 5 |
| Total | 103 | \$ | 22,775 | 27 | \$ | 5,025 |


\left.| As of December 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans |  | Non-Accruing Loans |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |$\right)$


| As of March 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Loan class: | $\#$ | (in thousands) | \# | (in thousands) |  |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 1 | $\$$ | 36 | 1 | $\$$ |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings by loan class of covered loans, classified separately as those currently paying under restructured terms and those that have defaulted under restructured terms at March 31, 2013, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans Currently Paying } \\ \text { Under Restructured Terms } \\ \text { Balance }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Loans that have Defaulted } \\ \text { Under Restructured Terms }\end{array} \\ \text { Balance }\end{array}\right)$

As of March 31, 2013

| Loan class: | \# |  | (in thousands) | \# |  | (in thousands) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  <br> agricultural | 1 | $\$$ | 36 | 1 | $\$$ |  |
|  <br> development | 8 |  | 3,022 | 3 | 788 |  |
|  | 14 | 6,603 | 5 | 4,819 |  |  |


| Real estate <br> farmland |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Real estate | residential | 52 | 8,373 | 10 | 1,909 |
| Consumer installment | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |
| Total | 76 | $\$$ | 20,040 | 19 | $\$$ |

Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings included in covered loans, by types of concessions made, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccc}\text { As of March 31, } 2014 & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Accruing Loans } \\ \text { Balance } \\ \text { (in thousands) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Non-Accruing Loans } \\ \text { Balance } \\ \text { (in thousands) } \\ \text { Type of Concession: }\end{array} & \# & \$\end{array}\right)$

| As of December 31, 2013 Type of Concession: | Ac $\#$ | uing Loans <br> Balance <br> (in thousands) | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans lance <br> usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forbearance of Interest |  | \$ | 3 | \$ | 98 |
| Forgiveness of Principal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payment Modification Only |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate Reduction Only | 89 | 18,687 | 9 |  | 953 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Interest | 3 | 88 | 8 |  | 478 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 7 | 2,613 | 4 |  | 3,492 |
| Rate Reduction, Payment Modification | 1 | 855 |  |  |  |
| Total | 100 | \$ 22,243 | 24 | \$ | 5,021 |


| As of March 31, 2013 Type of Concession: | Accruing Loans Balance |  |  | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forbearance of Interest | 3 | \$ | 232 | 6 | \$ | 1,077 |
| Forgiveness of Principal |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Payment Modification Only |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rate Reduction Only | 61 |  | 15,897 | 8 |  | 1,820 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Interest | 4 |  | 456 | 2 |  | 1,362 |
| Rate Reduction, Forbearance of Principal | 6 |  | 2,322 | 3 |  | 3,535 |
| Rate Reduction, Payment Modification | 1 |  | 855 |  |  |  |
| Total | 75 | \$ | 19,762 | 20 | \$ | 7,794 |

## Table of Contents

The following table presents the amount of troubled debt restructurings included in covered loans, by collateral types, classified separately as accrual and non-accrual at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

| As of March 31, 2014 Collateral type: | Ac $\#$ | uing <br> (in | Loans <br> alance <br> ousands) | Non- $\#$ | (in | Loans ance usands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warehouse |  | \$ |  | 2 | \$ | 486 |
| Raw Land | 1 |  | 374 | 5 |  | 59 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 7 |  | 4,867 |  |  |  |
| Office | 2 |  | 1,342 | 1 |  | 73 |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 5 |  | 3,819 | 3 |  | 3,287 |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 87 |  | 12,359 | 11 |  | 1,052 |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory |  |  |  | 5 |  | 68 |
| Unsecured | 1 |  | 14 |  |  |  |
| Total | 103 | \$ | 22,775 | 27 | \$ | 5,025 |


| As of December 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance <br> (in thousands) |  | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Collateral type: | \# in thousands) |  |  |


| As of March 31, 2013 | Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  | Non-Accruing Loans <br> Balance |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Collateral type: | $\#$ | (in thousands) <br> (in thousands) |  |  |
| Warehouse | 1 | $\$$ | 379 | $\$$ |
| Raw Land | 4 | 2,496 | 2 | 772 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 6 | 3,650 | 1 | 166 |
| Office | 1 | 855 | 1 | 87 |
| Retail, including Strip Centers | 7 | 3,769 | 4 | 4,732 |
| 1-4 Family Residential | 54 | 8,563 | 11 | 2,037 |
| Automobile/Equipment/Inventory | 1 | 36 | 1 |  |
| Unsecured | 1 | 14 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Total } & 75 & \$ & 19,762 & 20 & \$ & 7,794\end{array}$

## Table of Contents

## Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses represents a reserve for inherent losses in the loan portfolio. The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is evaluated periodically based on a review of all significant loans, with a particular emphasis on non-accruing, past due and other loans that management believes might be potentially impaired or warrant additional attention. The Company segregates the loan portfolio by type of loan and utilizes this segregation in evaluating exposure to risks within the portfolio. In addition, based on internal reviews and external reviews performed by independent auditors and regulatory authorities, the Company further segregates the loan portfolio by loan grades based on an assessment of risk for a particular loan or group of loans. Certain reviewed loans are assigned specific allowances when a review of relevant data determines that a general allocation is not sufficient or when the review affords management the opportunity to adjust the amount of exposure in a given credit. In establishing allowances, management considers historical loan loss experience but adjusts this data with a significant emphasis on data such as current loan quality trends, current economic conditions and other factors in the markets where the Company operates. Factors considered include, among others, current valuations of real estate in their markets, unemployment rates, the effect of weather conditions on agricultural related entities and other significant local economic events.

The Company has developed a methodology for determining the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses which is monitored by the Company s Chief Credit Officer. Procedures provide for the assignment of a risk rating for every loan included in the total loan portfolio, with the exception of credit card receivables and overdraft protection loans which are treated as pools for risk rating purposes. The risk rating schedule provides nine ratings of which five ratings are classified as pass ratings and four ratings are classified as criticized ratings. Each risk rating is assigned a percentage factor to be applied to the loan balance to determine the adequate amount of reserve. Many of the larger loans require an annual review by an independent loan officer or an independent third party loan review firm. As a result of these loan reviews, certain loans may be assigned specific reserve allocations. Other loans that surface as problem loans may also be assigned specific reserves. Past due loans are assigned risk ratings based on the number of days past due. The calculation of the allowance for loan losses, including underlying data and assumptions, is reviewed regularly by the Company s Chief Financial Officer and the Director of Internal Audit.

Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the collection of a loan sprincipal is unlikely. Subsequent recoveries are credited to the allowance. Consumer loans are charged-off in accordance with the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council s Uniform Retail Credit Classification and Account Management Policy. Commercial loans are charged-off when they are deemed uncollectible, which usually involves a triggering event within the collection effort. If the loan is collateral dependent, the loss is more easily identified and is charged-off when it is identified, usually based upon receipt of an appraisal. However, when a loan has guarantor support, the Company may carry the estimated loss as a reserve against the loan while collection efforts with the guarantor are pursued. If, after collection efforts with the guarantor are complete, the deficiency is still considered uncollectible, the loss is charged-off and any further collections are treated as recoveries. In all situations, when a loan is downgraded to an Asset Quality Rating of 60 (Loss per the regulatory guidance), the uncollectible portion is charged-off.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded provision for loan loss expense of $\$ 225,000, \$ 1.5$ million and $\$ 320,000$, respectively, to account for losses where the initial estimate of cash flows was found to be excessive on loans acquired in FDIC-assisted transactions. These amounts are excluded from the rollforwards above and below but are reflected in the Company s Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

## Table of Contents

The following table details activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013. Allocation of a portion of the allowance to one category of loans does not preclude its availability to absorb losses in other categories.

|  | Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | Real estate construction \& development |  | Real estate commercial \& farmland (Dollars in th |  | Real estate residential housands) |  | Consumer installment loans and Other |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, January 1, 2014 | \$ | 1,823 | \$ | 5,538 | \$ | 8,393 | \$ | 6,034 | \$ | 589 | \$ | 22,377 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 1,090 |  | 337 |  | 622 |  | (656) |  | 108 |  | 1,501 |
| Loans charged off |  | (743) |  | (65) |  | (533) |  | (181) |  | (84) |  | $(1,606)$ |
| Recoveries of loans previously charged off |  | 49 |  | 108 |  | 143 |  | 83 |  | 89 |  | 472 |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$ | 2,219 | \$ | 5,918 | \$ | 8,625 | \$ | 5,280 | \$ | 702 | \$ | 22,744 |
| Period-end amount allocated to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 318 | \$ | 631 | \$ | 1,994 | \$ | 1,133 | \$ |  | \$ | 4,076 |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment |  | 1,901 |  | 5,287 |  | 6,631 |  | 4,147 |  | 702 |  | 18,668 |
| Ending balance | \$ | 2,219 | \$ | 5,918 | \$ | 8,625 | \$ | 5,280 | \$ | 702 | \$ | 22,744 |
| Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 2,837 | \$ | 3,817 | \$ | 16,832 | \$ | 14,602 | \$ |  | \$ | 38,088 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment |  | 267,734 |  | 145,726 |  | 819,398 |  | 378,399 |  | 46,037 |  | 657,294 |
| Ending balance |  | 270,571 | \$ | 149,543 | \$ | 836,230 | \$ | 393,001 | \$ | 46,037 |  | ,695,382 |


|  | Commercial, Real estate financial \& construction \& agricultural development |  |  |  | Real estate commercial \& Real estate farmland residential (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  | Consumer installment loans and Other |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, January 1, 2013 | \$ | 2,439 | \$ | 5,343 | \$ | 9,157 | \$ | 5,898 | \$ | 756 | \$ | 23,593 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 711 |  | 1,742 |  | 2,777 |  | 4,463 |  | 254 |  | 9,947 |
| Loans charged off |  | $(1,759)$ |  | $(2,020)$ |  | $(3,571)$ |  | $(5,215)$ |  | (719) |  | $(13,284)$ |
|  |  | 432 |  | 473 |  | 30 |  | 888 |  | 298 |  | 2,121 |

Recoveries of loans previously charged off

| Balance, December 31, 2013 | $\$$ | 1,823 | $\$$ | 5,538 | $\$$ | 8,393 | $\$$ | 6,034 | $\$$ | 589 | $\$$ | 22,377 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period-end amount allocated <br> to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans individually evaluated <br> for impairment | $\$$ | 356 | $\$$ | 407 | $\$$ | 1,427 | $\$$ | 1,395 | $\$$ |  | $\$$ | 3,585 |
| Loans collectively evaluated <br> for impairment | 1,467 |  | 5,131 |  | 6,966 |  | 4,639 |  | 589 | 18,792 |  |  |
| Ending balance | $\$$ | 1,823 | $\$$ | 5,538 | $\$$ | 8,393 | $\$$ | 6,034 | $\$$ | 589 | $\$$ | 22,377 |
| Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individually evaluated for <br> impairment | $\$$ | 3,457 | $\$$ | 3,581 | $\$$ | 15,240 | $\$$ | 16,925 | $\$$ |  | $\$$ | 39,203 |

Table of Contents

|  | Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | Real estate onstruction \& development |  | Real estate commercial \& farmland (Dollars in th |  | Real estate residential housands) |  | Consumer installment loans and Other |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, January 1, 2013 | \$ | 2,439 | \$ | 5,343 | \$ | 9,157 | \$ | 5,898 | \$ | 756 | \$ | 23,593 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 254 |  | 1,467 |  | 696 |  | 339 |  | (153) |  | 2,603 |
| Loans charged off |  | (410) |  | (655) |  | $(1,025)$ |  | (779) |  | (167) |  | $(3,036)$ |
| Recoveries of loans previously charged off |  | 84 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 85 |  | 48 |  | 222 |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | \$ | 2,367 | \$ | 6,157 | \$ | 8,831 | \$ | 5,543 | \$ | 484 | \$ | 23,382 |
| Period-end amount allocated to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 675 | \$ | 641 | \$ | 1,890 | \$ | 1,203 | \$ |  | \$ | 4,409 |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment |  | 1,692 |  | 5,516 |  | 6,941 |  | 4,340 |  | 484 |  | 18,973 |
| Ending balance | \$ | 2,367 | \$ | 6,157 | \$ | 8,831 | \$ | 5,543 | \$ | 484 | \$ | 23,382 |
| Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 3,334 | \$ | 8,281 | \$ | 19,545 | \$ | 14,069 | \$ |  | \$ | 45,229 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment |  | 177,554 |  | 121,880 |  | 746,682 |  | 352,987 |  | 48,421 |  | 447,524 |
| Ending balance |  | 180,888 | \$ | 130,161 | \$ | 766,227 | \$ | 367,056 | \$ | 48,421 |  | 492,753 |

Table of Contents

## NOTE 6 ASSETS ACQUIRED IN FDIC-ASSISTED ACQUISITIONS

From October 2009 through July 2012, the Company participated in ten FDIC-assisted acquisitions whereby the Company purchased certain failed institutions out of the FDIC s receivership. These institutions include the following:

## Bank Acquired

American United Bank ( AUB ) United Security Bank ( USB )
Satilla Community Bank ( SCB )
First Bank of Jacksonville ( FBJ )
Tifton Banking Company ( TBC )
Darby Bank \& Trust ( DBT )
High Trust Bank ( HTB )
One Georgia Bank ( OGB )
Central Bank of Georgia ( CBG )
Montgomery Bank \& Trust ( MBT )

## Location

Lawrenceville, Ga.
Sparta, Ga.
St. Marys, Ga.
Jacksonville, Fl.
Tifton, Ga.
Vidalia, Ga.
Stockbridge, Ga.
Midtown Atlanta, Ga.
Ellaville, Ga.
Ailey, Ga.

## Branches

1
2
1
2
1
7
2
1
5
2

## Date Acquired

October 23, 2009
November 6, 2009
May 14, 2010
October 22, 2010
November 12, 2010
November 12, 2010
July 15, 2011
July 15, 2011
February 24, 2012
July 6, 2012

The determination of the initial fair values of loans at the acquisition date and the initial fair values of the related FDIC indemnification assets involves a high degree of judgment and complexity. The carrying values of the acquired loans and the FDIC indemnification assets reflect management s best estimate of the fair value of each of these assets as of the date of acquisition. However, the amount that the Company realizes on these assets could differ materially from the carrying values reflected in the financial statements included in this report, based upon the timing and amount of collections on the acquired loans in future periods. Because of the loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC on these assets, the Company does not expect to incur any significant losses. To the extent the actual values realized for the acquired loans are different from the estimates, the indemnification assets will generally be affected in an offsetting manner due to the loss-sharing support from the FDIC.

FASB ASC 310 30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ( ASC 310 ) , applies to a loan with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, acquired by completion of a transfer for which it is probable, at acquisition, that the investor will be unable to collect all contractually required payments receivable. ASC 310 prohibits carrying over or creating an allowance for loan losses upon initial recognition for loans which fall under the scope of this statement. At the acquisition dates, a majority of these loans were valued based on the liquidation value of the underlying collateral because the future cash flows are primarily based on the liquidation of underlying collateral. There was no allowance for credit losses established related to these ASC 310 loans at the acquisition dates, based on the provisions of this statement. Over the life of the acquired loans, the Company continues to estimate cash flows expected to be collected. If the expected cash flows expected to be collected increases, then the Company adjusts the amount of accretable discount recognized on a prospective basis over the loan s remaining life. If the expected cash flows expected to be collected decreases, then the Company records a provision for loan loss in its Consolidated Statement of Operations.

## Table of Contents

The following table summarizes components of all covered assets at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and their origin:

## Less:

Less: Liquidity Less:
Credit and Total Fair Total Total FDIC risk rate covered value covered coveredindemnification Covered loaarljustmentjjustments loans OREO adjustments OREO assets asset
As of March 31, 2014:

| AUB | $\$ 13,629$ | $\$$ | 220 | $\$$ | $\$ 13,409$ | $\$ 4,264$ | $\$$ |  | $\$ 4,264$ | $\$ 17,673$ | $\$ 1,190$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| USB | 15,668 | 935 |  | 14,733 | 3,366 |  | 135 | 3,231 | 17,964 | 535 |  |
| SCB | 33,896 | 1,274 |  | 32,622 | 3,122 | 303 | 2,819 | 35,441 | 2,781 |  |  |
| FBJ | 24,281 | 2,768 |  |  | 21,513 | 1,850 | 253 | 1,597 | 23,110 | 3,034 |  |
| DBT | 100,909 | 13,138 |  | 87,771 | 12,250 | 1,092 | 11,158 | 98,929 | 14,947 |  |  |
| TBC | 31,576 | 2,119 |  | 29,457 | 4,681 | 761 | 3,920 | 33,377 | 3,425 |  |  |
| HTB | 61,560 | 6,596 | 34 | 54,930 | 7,263 | 2,349 | 4,914 | 59,844 | 8,540 |  |  |
| OGB | 55,569 | 4,564 | 89 | 50,916 | 8,169 | 2,984 | 5,185 | 56,101 | 6,815 |  |  |
| CBG | 77,767 | 10,364 | 60 | 67,343 | 7,127 | 1,579 | 5,548 | 72,891 | 11,914 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Total } & \$ 414,855 & \$ 41,978 & \$ 183 & \$ 372,694 & \$ 52,092 & \$ 9,456 & \$ 42,636 & \$ 415,330\end{array} \$ 53,181$
Less:

Liquidity
Less: Credit and Total Covered risk rate covered loans adjustmentkjustments loans

Less:
Fair Total Total FDIC value covered coveredindemnification OREO adjustments OREO assets asset (Dollars in thousands)
As of December 31, 2013:

| AUB | $\$ 15,787$ | $\$$ | 231 | $\$$ | $\$ 15,556$ | $\$ 4,264$ | $\$$ | $\$ 4,264$ | $\$ 19,820$ | $\$$ | 1,452 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| USB | 18,504 | 1,427 |  | 17,077 | 2,865 |  | 141 | 2,724 | 19,801 | 889 |  |
| SCB | 34,637 | 1,483 |  | 33,154 | 3,461 | 303 | 3,158 | 36,312 | 3,175 |  |  |
| FBJ | 25,891 | 3,730 |  | 22,161 | 1,880 | 242 | 1,638 | 23,799 | 3,689 |  |  |
| DBT | 105,157 | 17,819 |  | 87,338 | 17,023 | 1,282 | 15,741 | 103,079 | 18,724 |  |  |
| TBC | 32,590 | 2,340 | 14 | 30,236 | 4,844 | 745 | 4,099 | 34,335 | 3,721 |  |  |
| HTB | 67,126 | 7,321 | 38 | 59,767 | 6,374 | 2,304 | 4,070 | 63,837 | 9,325 |  |  |
| OGB | 58,512 | 4,969 | 98 | 53,445 | 7,506 | 2,984 | 4,522 | 57,967 | 9,645 |  |  |
| CBG | 85,118 | 13,535 | 80 | 71,503 | 7,610 | 1,933 | 5,677 | 77,180 | 14,821 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\$ 443,322 & \$ 52,855 & \$ 230 & \$ 390,237 & \$ 55,827 & \$ 9,934 & \$ 45,893 & \$ 436,130 & \$ 65,441\end{array}$

Table of Contents


## Table of Contents

On the dates of acquisition, the Company estimated the future cash flows on each individual loan and made the necessary adjustments to reflect the asset at fair value. At each quarter end subsequent to the acquisition dates, the Company revises the estimates of future cash flows based on current information and makes the necessary adjustments to continue reflecting the assets at fair value. The adjustments to fair value are performed on a loan-by-loan basis and have resulted in the following:

|  | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | December 31, <br> 2013 <br> (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, <br> 2013 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjustments needed where the Company s initial <br> estimate of cash flows were underestimated: <br> (recorded with a reclassification from |  |  |  |  |
| non-accretable difference to accretable discount) | $\$ 5,622$ | $\$$ | 51,003 | $\$, 052$ |
| Adjustments needed where the Company s initial <br> estimate of cash flows were overstated: (recorded <br> through a provision for loan losses) | 1,125 | 7,695 | 1,600 |  |

Amounts reflected in the Company s Statement of Earnings

| March 31,December 31, March 31, |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| (Dollars in thousands) |


| 2013 |
| :--- |


| Adjustments needed where the Company s initial estimate of |
| :--- |
| cash flows were underestimated: (recorded with a |
| reclassification from non-accretable difference to accretable |
| discount) |


| Adjustments needed where the Company s initial estimate of |
| :--- |
| cash flows were overstated: (recorded through a provision for |
| loan losses) |

$\$ 1,124$

A rollforward of acquired loans with deterioration of credit quality for the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013 is shown below:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, January 1 | \$ 217,047 | \$ | 282,737 |  | 282,737 |
| Change in estimate of cash flows, net of charge-offs or recoveries | 4,659 |  | 35,306 |  | $(5,391)$ |
| Additions due to acquisitions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other (loan payments, transfers, etc.) | $(16,505)$ |  | $(100,996)$ |  | $(22,279)$ |
| Ending balance | \$ 205,201 | \$ | 217,047 | \$ | 255,067 |

A rollforward of acquired loans without deterioration of credit quality for the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013 is shown below:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Balance, January 1 | $\$ 173,190$ | $\$$ | 228,602 | $\$ 228,602$ |
| Change in estimate of cash flows, net of <br> charge-offs or recoveries | 2,571 | 13,471 | $(2,625)$ |  |
| Additions due to acquisitions | $(8,268)$ | $(68,883)$ | $(20,229)$ |  |
| Other (loan payments, transfers, etc.) | $\$ 167,493$ | $\$$ | 173,190 | $\$ 205,748$ |
| Ending balance |  |  |  |  |

## Table of Contents

The following is a summary of changes in the accretable discounts of acquired loans during the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Balance, January 1 | 25,493 | $\$$ | 16,698 | $\$$ |
| Additions due to acquisitions | $(15,024)$ |  | $(42,208)$ | $(7,218)$ |
| Accretion | 5,622 |  | 51,003 | 4,052 |
| Other activity, net | $\$ 16,091$ | $\$$ | 25,493 | $\$$ |
| Ending balance |  | 13,532 |  |  |

The shared-loss agreements are subject to the servicing procedures as specified in the agreement with the FDIC. The expected reimbursements under the shared-loss agreements were recorded as an indemnification asset at their estimated fair values on the acquisition dates. Changes in the FDIC shared-loss receivable for the three months ended March 31, 2014, for the year ended December 31, 2013 and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are as follows:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Balance, January 1 | $\$ 65,441$ | $\$$ | 159,724 | $\$ 159,724$ |
| Indemnification asset recorded in acquisitions <br> Payments received from FDIC | $(6,773)$ | $(68,822)$ | $(6,324)$ |  |
| Effect of change in expected cash flows on <br> covered assets | $(5,487)$ | $(25,461)$ | 7,579 |  |
| Ending balance | $\$ 53,181$ | $\$$ | 65,441 | $\$ 160,979$ |

## NOTE 7 WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING

Earnings per share have been computed based on the following weighted average number of common shares outstanding:

|  | For the Three Months <br> Ended March 31, 20142013 (share data in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic shares outstanding | 25,144 | 23,868 |
| Plus: Dilutive effect of ISOs | 95 | 63 |
| Plus: Dilutive effect of Restricted Grants | 334 | 315 |

$$
\text { Diluted shares outstanding } \quad 25,573 \quad 24,246
$$

For the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company has excluded 268,000 and 408,000, respectively, potential common shares with strike prices that would cause them to be anti-dilutive.

Table of Contents

## NOTE 8 OTHER BORROWINGS

The Company has, from time to time, utilized certain borrowing arrangements with various financial institutions to fund growth in earning assets or provide additional liquidity when appropriate spreads can be realized. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were $\$ 59.7$ million and $\$ 194.6$ million, respectively, outstanding borrowings with the Company s correspondent banks. At March 31, 2013, there were no outstanding borrowings with the Company s correspondent banks.

Other borrowings consist of the following:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daily Rate Credit from Federal Home Loan Bank with a fixed interest rate of $0.36 \%$ | \$ 25,000 | \$ | \$ |
| Advance from Federal Home Loan Bank with a fixed interest rate of $0.17 \%$, due January 24, 2014 |  | 165,000 |  |
| Advances under revolving credit agreement with a regional bank with interest at 90 -day LIBOR plus 4.00\% (4.24\% at March 31, 2014) due in August 2016, secured by subsidiary bank stock | 10,000 | 10,000 |  |
| Advance from correspondent bank with a fixed interest rate of $4.50 \%$, due November 27, 2017, secured by subsidiary bank loan receivable |  |  |  |
| Subordinated debt issued by Prosperity Bank due June 2016 with an interest rate of 90 -day LIBOR plus $1.60 \%$ ( $1.84 \%$ at March 31, 2014) | 5,000 | 5,000 |  |
| Subordinated debt issued by The Prosperity Banking Company due September 2016 with an interest rate of 90-day LIBOR plus $1.75 \%$ (1.98\% at March 31, 2014) | 14,714 | 14,572 |  |
| Total | \$ 59,677 | \$ 194,572 | \$ |

## NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The contract amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as are used for on-balance-sheet instruments.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may

## Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

The Company issues standby letters of credit, which are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements and expire in decreasing amounts with varying terms. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Company holds various assets as collateral supporting those commitments for which collateral is deemed necessary.

The Company evaluates each customer s creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management s credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment, residential real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

The Company s commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit are presented in the following table:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commitments to extend credit | $\$$ | 271,072 | $\$$ | 257,195 | $\$$ | 190,813 |
| Standby letters of credit | $\$$ | 7,961 | $\$$ | 7,665 | $\$$ | 6,747 |

Table of Contents

## NOTE 10 ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Accumulated other comprehensive income for the Company consists of changes in net unrealized gains and losses on investment securities available for sale and interest rate swap derivatives. The following tables present a summary of the accumulated other comprehensive income balances, net of tax, as of March 31, 2014 and 2013.


| (Dollars in Thousands) | Unrealized Gain (Loss) |  |  |  | Accumulated Other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Derivatives |  | on Securities |  |  | ive In |
| Balance, January 1, 2013 | \$ | (23) | \$ | 6,630 | \$ | 6,607 |
| Reclassification for gains included in net income |  |  |  | (112) |  | (112) |
| Current year changes |  | 208 |  | (429) |  | (221) |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | \$ | 185 | \$ | 6,089 | \$ | 6,274 |

## NOTE 11 SEGMENT REPORTING

The following tables present selected financial information with respect to the Company s reportable business segments for the three- month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 |  |  |  |  |  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Retail <br> anking |  | rtgage <br> nking |  | Total <br> ollars in | hou | Retail <br> nking <br> ands) | Banking |  | Total |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 33,384 | \$ | 1,100 | \$ | 34,484 |  | 27,766 | \$ | 572 | \$ | 28,338 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 1,726 |  |  |  | 1,726 |  | 2,923 |  |  |  | 2,923 |
| Noninterest income |  | 7,590 |  | 5,164 |  | 12,754 |  | 6,896 |  | 4,464 |  | 11,360 |
| Noninterest expense: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits |  | 13,826 |  | 3,568 |  | 17,394 |  | 11,037 |  | 2,769 |  | 13,806 |

Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

| Equipment and occupancy expenses | 3,762 | 302 | 4,064 | 2,765 | 166 | 2,931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data processing and telecommunications expenses | 3,332 | 122 | 3,454 | 2,471 | 99 | 2,570 |
| Other expenses | 7,512 | 815 | 8,327 | 8,890 | 687 | 9,577 |
| Total noninterest expense | 28,432 | 4,807 | 33,239 | 25,163 | 3,721 | 28,884 |
| Income before income tax expense | 10,816 | 1,457 | 12,273 | 6,576 | 1,315 | 7,891 |
| Income tax expense | 3,413 | 510 | 3,923 | 2,146 | 460 | 2,606 |
| Net income | 7,403 | 947 | 8,350 | 4,430 | 855 | 5,285 |
| Less preferred stock dividends | 286 |  | 286 | 441 |  | 441 |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$ 7,117 | \$ 947 | 8,064 | 3,989 | \$ 855 | \$ 4,844 |
| Total assets | \$ 3,359,912 | \$ 128,072 | \$ 3,487,984 | \$ 2,784,883 | \$ 76,768 | \$ 2,861,651 |
| Stockholders equity | 296,978 | 3,052 | 300,030 | 282,851 | 871 | 283,722 |

Table of Contents

## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Cautionary Note Regarding Any Forward-Looking Statements

Certain of the statements made in this report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of, and subject to the protections of, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ). Forward-looking statements include statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, assumptions, estimates, intentions and future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which may be beyond our control and which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be forward-looking statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements through our use of words such as may, will, anticipate, assume, sho indicate, would, believe, contemplate, expect, estimate, continue, plan, point to, project, predict potential and other similar words and expressions of the future. These forward-looking statements may not be realized due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation, legislative and regulatory initiatives; additional competition in our markets; potential business strategies, including acquisitions or dispositions of assets or internal restructuring, that may be pursued by us; state and federal banking regulations; changes in or application of environmental and other laws and regulations to which we are subject; political, legal and economic conditions and developments; financial market conditions and the results of financing efforts; changes in commodity prices and interest rates; weather, natural disasters and other catastrophic events; and other factors discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act.

All written or oral forward-looking statements that are made by or are attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary notice. Our forward-looking statements apply only as of the date of this report or the respective date of the document from which they are incorporated herein by reference. We have no obligation and do not undertake to update, revise or correct any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report, or after the respective dates on which such statements otherwise are made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

## Table of Contents

## Selected Financial Data

The following table sets forth unaudited selected financial data for the previous five quarters. This data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and the information contained in this Item 2.

| n thousands, except share data, taxable equivalent) esults of Operations: |  |  | Fourth Quarter |  | Third Quarter |  | 13 |  | First Quarter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Second Quarter |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| et interest income | \$ | 34,484 | \$ | 29,051 | \$ | 29,320 | \$ | 29,476 | \$ | 28,338 |
| et interest income (tax equivalent) |  | 34,808 |  | 29,325 |  | 29,542 |  | 29,666 |  | 28,695 |
| ovision for loan losses |  | 1,726 |  | 1,478 |  | 2,920 |  | 4,165 |  | 2,923 |
| on-interest income |  | 12,754 |  | 11,517 |  | 12,288 |  | 11,384 |  | 11,360 |
| on-interest expense |  | 33,239 |  | 37,624 |  | 28,749 |  | 26,688 |  | 28,884 |
| come tax expense |  | 3,923 |  | 88 |  | 3,262 |  | 3,329 |  | 2,606 |
| eferred stock dividends |  | 286 |  | 412 |  | 443 |  | 442 |  | 441 |
| et income available to common shareholders |  | 8,064 |  | 966 |  | 6,234 |  | 6,236 |  | 4,844 |
| elected Average Balances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lortgage loans held for sale | \$ | 49,397 | \$ | 65,683 | \$ | 61,249 | \$ | 48,890 | \$ | 32,639 |
| oans, net of unearned income |  | 1,639,672 |  | 1,602,942 |  | 1,564,311 |  | 1,523,654 |  | ,455,687 |
| urchased non-covered loans |  | 441,138 |  | 43,900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| overed loans |  | 379,460 |  | 401,045 |  | 427,482 |  | 444,616 |  | 491,691 |
| vestment securities |  | 462,343 |  | 327,993 |  | 312,541 |  | 321,582 |  | 340,564 |
| arning assets |  | 3,091,546 |  | 2,625,178 |  | 2,439,771 |  | 2,397,834 |  | 2,428,720 |
| ets |  | 3,521,588 |  | 2,937,434 |  | 2,806,799 |  | 2,820,863 |  | 2,875,274 |
| eposits |  | 2,975,305 |  | 2,552,819 |  | 2,439,150 |  | 2,448,171 |  | 2,511,511 |
| ommon shareholders equity |  | 290,462 |  | 248,429 |  | 246,489 |  | 251,240 |  | 251,214 |
| eriod-End Balances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lortgage loans held for sale | \$ | 51,693 | \$ | 67,278 | \$ | 69,634 | \$ | 62,580 | \$ | 42,332 |
| oans, net of unearned income |  | 1,695,382 |  | 1,618,454 |  | 1,589,267 |  | 1,555,827 |  | ,492,753 |
| urchased non-covered loans |  | 437,269 |  | 448,753 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| overed loans |  | 372,694 |  | 390,237 |  | 417,649 |  | 443,517 |  | 460,724 |
| arning assets |  | 3,062,428 |  | 3,215,941 |  | 2,462,697 |  | 2,421,996 |  | 2,401,043 |
| otal assets |  | 3,487,984 |  | 3,667,649 |  | 2,818,502 |  | 2,808,675 |  | 2,861,651 |
| eposits |  | 3,010,647 |  | 2,999,231 |  | 2,443,421 |  | 2,443,103 |  | 2,489,973 |
| ommon shareholders equity |  | 300,030 |  | 288,699 |  | 262,418 |  | 259,932 |  | 255,969 |
| er Common Share Data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| arnings per share Basic | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.04 | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.20 |
| arnings per share Diluted |  | 0.32 |  | 0.04 |  | 0.26 |  | 0.26 |  | 0.20 |
| ommon book value per share |  | 11.93 |  | 11.50 |  | 10.98 |  | 10.88 |  | 10.72 |

nd of period shares

| ltstanding | $25,159,073$ | $25,098,427$ | $23,907,509$ | $23,894,327$ | 23,875,680 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| eeighted average shares outstanding | $25,144,342$ | $24,021,447$ | $23,900,665$ | $23,878,898$ | $23,867,691$ |
| asic | 25 |  |  |  |  |


| iluted | 25,573,320 |  | 24,450,619 |  | 24,315,821 |  | 24,287,628 |  | 24,246,346 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iarket Data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| igh closing price | \$ | 24.00 | \$ | 21.42 | \$ | 19.79 | \$ | 16.94 | \$ | 14.51 |
| ow closing price |  | 19.86 |  | 17.69 |  | 17.35 |  | 13.16 |  | 12.79 |
| losing price for quarter |  | 23.30 |  | 21.11 |  | 18.38 |  | 16.85 |  | 14.35 |
| verage daily trading volume |  | 103,279 |  | 94,636 |  | 75,545 |  | 53,403 |  | 51,887 |
| ash dividends per share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ock dividend |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| losing price to book value |  | 1.95 |  | 1.84 |  | 1.67 |  | 1.55 |  | 1.34 |
| erformance Ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| eturn on average assets |  | 0.96\% |  | 0.19\% |  | 0.94\% |  | 0.95\% |  | $0.75 \%$ |
| eturn on average common equity |  | 11.66\% |  | 2.20\% |  | 10.75\% |  | 10.66\% |  | 8.539 |
| verage loan to average deposits |  | 84.35\% |  | 82.79\% |  | 84.17\% |  | 82.39\% |  | 78.840 |
| verage equity to average assets |  | 9.04\% |  | 9.41\% |  | 9.78\% |  | 9.93\% |  | $9.70 \%$ |
| et interest margin (tax equivalent) |  | 4.57\% |  | 4.43\% |  | 4.80\% |  | 4.96\% |  | 4.790 |
| fficiency ratio (tax equivalent) |  | 70.36\% |  | 92.74\% |  | 69.09\% |  | 65.32\% |  | 72.76 \% |

## Table of Contents

## Overview

The following is management $s$ discussion and analysis of certain significant factors which have affected the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as reflected in the unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2014, as compared to December 31, 2013, and operating results for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. These comments should be read in conjunction with the Company s unaudited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes appearing elsewhere herein.

## Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

## Consolidated Earnings and Profitability

Ameris reported net income available to common shareholders of $\$ 8.1$ million, or $\$ 0.32$ per diluted share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to $\$ 4.8$ million, or $\$ 0.20$ per diluted share, for the same quarter in 2013. The Company s return on average assets and average stockholders equity in the first quarter of 2014 were $0.96 \%$ and $11.66 \%$, respectively, compared to $0.75 \%$ and $8.53 \%$, respectively, in the first quarter of 2013 . The Company s mortgage banking activities have had a significant impact on the overall financial results of the Company. Below is a more detailed analysis of the retail banking activities and mortgage banking activities of the Company.


| Net interest income | $\$ 27,766$ | $\$$ | 572 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,923 | $\$ 28,338$ |  |
| Non-interest income | 6,896 | 4,464 | 11,360 |
| Non-interest expense | 11,037 |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 2,765 | 162 | 13,806 |
| Occupancy | 2,471 | 99 | 2,931 |
| Data Processing | 8,890 | 687 | 9,570 |
| Other expenses |  |  |  |
|  | 25,163 | 3,721 | 28,884 |
| Total non-interest expense |  |  |  |
|  | 6,576 | 1,315 | 7,891 |
| Income before income taxes | 2,146 | 460 | 2,606 |
| Income tax expense | 4,430 | 855 | 5,285 |
| Net income | 441 |  | 441 |


| Net income available to common |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Shareholders | $\$ 3,989$ | $\$$ | 855 | 4,844 |

## Table of Contents

## Net Interest Income and Margins

On a tax equivalent basis, net interest income for the first quarter of 2014 was $\$ 34.8$ million, an increase of $\$ 6.4$ million compared to the same quarter in 2013. The higher net interest income is a result of the acquisition of The Prosperity Banking Company during the fourth quarter of 2013, along with steady yields on the loan portfolio, lower levels of excess liquidity than in previous quarters and steady decreases in the Company s cost of funds. The Company s net interest margin decreased during the first quarter of 2014 to $4.57 \%$, compared to $4.74 \%$ during the first quarter of 2013, but increased compared to $4.43 \%$ reported in the fourth quarter of 2013.

Total interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, during the first quarter of 2014 was $\$ 38.2$ million compared to $\$ 30.9$ million in the same quarter of 2013. Yields on earning assets fell slightly to $5.01 \%$, compared to $5.17 \%$ reported in the first quarter of 2013. During the first quarter of 2014, loans comprised $81.2 \%$ of earning assets, compared to $81.5 \%$ in the same quarter of 2013. Increased lending activities have provided opportunities to grow the legacy loan portfolio. Yields on legacy loans decreased to $5.11 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014, compared to $5.46 \%$ in the same period of 2013. Covered loan yields remained stable at $7.23 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014 and 2013. The yield on purchased non-covered loans was $6.31 \%$ for the first quarter of 2014. Management anticipates improving economic conditions and increased loan demand will provide consistent interest income.

Total funding costs increased slightly to $0.43 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014, compared to $0.40 \%$ during the first quarter of 2013. Deposit costs decreased from $0.36 \%$ in the first quarter of 2013 to $0.30 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014. Continued shifts in the funding mix toward noninterest-bearing demand and other lower cost deposit categories was the primary reason for the decline. Ongoing efforts to maintain the percentage of funding from transaction deposits have succeeded such that non-CD deposits averaged $75.1 \%$ of total deposits in the first quarter of 2014, compared to $72.1 \%$ during the first quarter of 2013. Lower costs on deposits were realized due mostly to the lower rate environment and the Company s ability to be less competitive on higher priced CDs due to its larger than normal position in short-term assets. Further opportunity to realize savings on deposits exists but may be limited due to current costs. Average balances of interest-bearing deposits and their respective costs for the first quarter of 2014 and 2013 are shown below:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | March 31, 2014 <br> Average <br> Balance |  | Average <br> Cost | March 31, 2013 <br> Average <br> Balance | Average <br> Cost |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 675,199$ | $0.17 \%$ | $\$ 633,313$ | $0.19 \%$ |  |
| NOW | 749,150 | $0.37 \%$ | 592,842 | $0.36 \%$ |  |
| MMDA | 143,109 | $0.10 \%$ | 102,380 | $0.11 \%$ |  |
| Savings | 373,523 | $0.53 \%$ | 313,191 | $0.64 \%$ |  |
| Retail CDs $<\$ 100,000$ | 361,861 | $0.72 \%$ | 368,577 | $0.78 \%$ |  |
| Retail CDs $>\$ 100,000$ | 5,970 | $3.26 \%$ | 19,448 | $3.52 \%$ |  |
| Brokered CDs |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\$ 2,308,812$ | $0.38 \%$ | $\$ 2,029,751$ | $0.44 \%$ |  |

## Provision for Loan Losses and Credit Quality

The Company s provision for loan losses during the first quarter of 2014 amounted to $\$ 1.7$ million, compared to $\$ 1.5$ million in the fourth quarter of 2013 and to $\$ 2.9$ million in the first quarter of 2013. Although the Company has experienced improving trends in criticized and classified assets for several quarters, provision for loan losses has still

## Edgar Filing: Ameris Bancorp - Form 10-Q

been required to account for loan growth and slight devaluation of real estate collateral. At March 31, 2014, classified loans still accruing totaled $\$ 39.7$ million, compared to $\$ 28.6$ million at March 31, 2013. This increase is predominately due to the addition of classified loans in the Prosperity Bank acquisition. Nonaccrual loans, excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans, totaled $\$ 26.7$ million at March 31, 2014, a $28.7 \%$ decrease from $\$ 37.5$ million reported at the end of the first quarter of 2013. Nonaccrual purchased non-covered loans totaled $\$ 15.3$ million at March 31, 2014.

At March 31, 2014, OREO (excluding purchased non-covered and covered OREO) totaled $\$ 33.8$ million, compared to $\$ 40.4$ million at March 31, 2013. Purchased non-covered OREO totaled $\$ 3.9$ million at March 31, 2014. Management regularly assesses the valuation of OREO through periodic reappraisal and through inquiries received in the marketing process. The Company has found that with a marketing window of 3-6 months, the liquidation of properties varies from $85 \%$ to $100 \%$ of current book value. Certain properties, mostly raw land and subdivision lots, have extended marketing periods because of excessive inventory and record low home building activity. At the end of the first quarter of 2014, total non-covered non-performing assets decreased to $2.29 \%$ of total assets compared to $2.72 \%$ at March 31, 2013. Management continues to aggressively identify and resolve problem assets while seeking quality credits to grow the loan portfolio.

Net charge-offs on loans during the first quarter of 2014 decreased to $\$ 1.1$ million, or $0.27 \%$ of loans on an annualized basis, compared to $\$ 2.8$ million, or $0.76 \%$ of loans, in the first quarter of 2013. The Company s allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2014 was $\$ 22.7$ million, or $1.34 \%$ of total loans, compared to $\$ 23.4$ million, or $1.57 \%$ of total loans, at March 31, 2013.

## Table of Contents

## Noninterest Income

Total noninterest income for the first quarter of 2014 was $\$ 12.8$ million, compared to $\$ 11.4$ million in the first quarter of 2013. Income from mortgage related activities continued to increase as a result of the Company s increased number of mortgage bankers and higher level of productions. Service charges on deposit accounts in the first quarter of 2014 increased to $\$ 5.6$ million, compared to $\$ 4.8$ million in the first quarter of 2013. This increase was driven by the growth of core accounts through the acquisition of Prosperity Bank during the fourth quarter of 2013, along with higher balances in accounts subject to service charges.

## Noninterest Expense

Total noninterest expense for the first quarter of 2014 increased to $\$ 33.2$ million, compared to $\$ 28.9$ million at the same time in 2013. Increases in noninterest expenses were primarily the result of the acquisition of Prosperity Bank during the fourth quarter of 2013 and additional expenses related to increases in mortgage volume. Salaries and employee benefits increased from $\$ 13.8$ million in the first quarter of 2013 to $\$ 17.4$ million in the first quarter of 2014. Occupancy and equipment expense increased during the quarter from $\$ 2.9$ million in the first quarter of 2013 to $\$ 4.1$ million in the first quarter of 2014. Total data processing and telecommunications expense in the first quarter of 2014 was $\$ 3.5$ million, compared to $\$ 2.6$ million in the first quarter of 2013. Credit related expenses, including problem loan and OREO expense and OREO write-downs and losses, decreased to $\$ 2.2$ million in the first quarter of 2014, compared to $\$ 4.8$ million in the first quarter of 2013 due to improved economic conditions.

## Income taxes

Income tax expense is influenced by the amount of taxable income, the amount of tax-exempt income and the amount of non-deductible expenses. For the first quarter of 2014, the Company reported income tax expense of $\$ 3.9$ million, compared to $\$ 2.6$ million in the same period of 2013. The Company s effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was $32.0 \%$ and $33.0 \%$, respectively.

## Balance Sheet Comparison

## Securities

Debt securities with readily determinable fair values are classified as available for sale and recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of the related deferred tax effect. Equity securities, including restricted equity securities, are classified as other investment securities and are recorded at their fair market value.

The amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recognized in interest income using methods approximating the interest method over the life of the securities. Realized gains and losses, determined on the basis of the cost of specific securities sold, are included in earnings on the settlement date. Declines in the fair value of securities below their cost that are deemed to be other-than-temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses.

In determining whether other-than-temporary impairment losses exist, management considers (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer and (3) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Substantially all of the unrealized losses on debt securities are related to changes in interest rates and do not affect the expected cash flows of the issuer or underlying collateral. All unrealized losses are considered temporary because each security carries an acceptable investment grade and the Company does not intend to sell these investment securities at an unrealized loss position at March 31, 2014, and it is more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell these securities prior to recovery or maturity. Therefore, at March 31, 2014, these investments are not considered impaired on an other-than temporary basis.

## Table of Contents

The following table illustrates certain information regarding the Company s investment portfolio with respect to yields, sensitivities and expected cash flows over the next twelve months assuming constant prepayments and maturities:
$\left.\begin{array}{lcccccc} & \text { Book Value } & & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Fair } \\ \text { Value } \\ \text { Dollars in Thated } \\ \text { Cash Flows }\end{array} \\ \text { Yield } \\ \text { Thousands }\end{array}\right)$

## Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

At March 31, 2014, gross loans outstanding (including purchased non-covered and covered loans and mortgage loans held for sale) were $\$ 2.56$ billion, a slight increase compared to the $\$ 2.52$ billion reported at December 31, 2013. Mortgage loans held for sale decreased from $\$ 67.3$ million at December 31, 2013 to $\$ 51.7$ million at March 31, 2014. Legacy loans (excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans) increased $\$ 76.9$ million, from $\$ 1.62$ billion at December 31, 2013 to $\$ 1.70$ billion at March 31, 2014. Purchased non-covered loans decreased $\$ 11.5$ million, from $\$ 448.8$ million at December 31, 2013 to $\$ 437.3$ million at March 31, 2014. Covered loans decreased $\$ 17.5$ million, from $\$ 390.2$ million at December 31, 2013 to $\$ 372.7$ million at March 31, 2014.

The Company regularly monitors the composition of the loan portfolio to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses in light of the impact that changes in the economic environment may have on the loan portfolio. The Company focuses on the following loan categories: (1) commercial, financial and agricultural; (2) residential real estate; (3) commercial and farmland real estate; (4) construction and development related real estate; and (5) consumer. The Company s management has strategically located its branches in select markets in south and southeast Georgia, north Florida, southeast Alabama and throughout South Carolina to take advantage of the growth in these areas.

The Company s risk management processes include a loan review program designed to evaluate the credit risk in the loan portfolio and ensure credit grade accuracy. Through the loan review process, the Company conducts (1) a loan portfolio summary analysis, (2) charge-off and recovery analysis, (3) trends in accruing problem loan analysis and (4) problem and past due loan analysis. This analysis process serves as a tool to assist management in assessing the
overall quality of the loan portfolio and the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. Loans classified as substandard are loans which are inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged. These assets exhibit a well-defined weakness or are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. These weaknesses may be characterized by past due performance, operating losses and/or questionable collateral values. Loans classified as doubtful are those loans that have characteristics similar to substandard loans but have an increased risk of loss. Loans classified as loss are those loans which are considered uncollectible and are in the process of being charged-off.

The allowance for loan losses is a reserve established through charges to earnings in the form of a provision for loan losses. The provision for loan losses is based on management s evaluation of the size and composition of the loan portfolio, the level of non-performing and past due loans, historical trends of charged-off loans and recoveries, prevailing economic conditions and other factors management deems appropriate. The Company s management has established an allowance for loan losses which it believes is adequate for the risk of loss inherent in the loan portfolio. Based on a credit evaluation of the loan portfolio, management presents a monthly review of the allowance for loan losses to the Company s Board of Directors. The review that management has developed primarily focuses on risk by evaluating individual loans in certain risk categories. These categories have also been established by management and take the form of loan grades. By grading the loan portfolio in this manner the Company s management is able to effectively evaluate the portfolio by risk, which management believes is the most effective way to analyze the loan portfolio and thus analyze the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses.

## Table of Contents

The allowance for loan losses is established by examining (1) the large classified loans, nonaccrual loans and loans considered impaired and evaluating them individually to determine the specific reserve allocation and (2) the remainder of the loan portfolio to allocate a portion of the allowance based on past loss experience and the economic conditions for the particular loan category. The Company also considers other factors such as changes in lending policies and procedures; changes in national, regional and/or local economic and business conditions; changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio; changes in the experience, ability and depth of either the bank president or lending staff; changes in the volume and severity of past due and classified loans; changes in the quality of the Company s corporate loan review system; and other factors management deems appropriate.

For the three month period ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded net charge-offs totaling $\$ 1.1$ million, compared to $\$ 2.8$ million for the period ended March 31, 2013. The provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased to $\$ 1.5$ million, compared to $\$ 2.6$ million during the three month period ended March 31, 2013. At the end of the first quarter of 2014, the allowance for loan losses totaled $\$ 22.7$ million, or $1.34 \%$ of total loans, compared to $\$ 22.4$ million, or $1.38 \%$ of total loans, at December 31, 2013 and $\$ 23.4$ million, or $1.57 \%$ of total loans, at March 31, 2013.

The following table presents an analysis of the allowance for loan losses for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance of allowance for loan losses at beginning of period | \$ 22,377 | \$ 23,593 |
| Provision charged to operating expense | 1,501 | 2,603 |
| Charge-offs: |  |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | 743 | 410 |
| Real estate residential | 181 | 779 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 533 | 1,025 |
| Real estate construction and development | 65 | 655 |
| Consumer installment | 84 | 167 |
| Other |  |  |
| Total charge-offs | 1,606 | 3,036 |
| Recoveries: |  |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | 49 | 84 |
| Real estate residential | 83 | 85 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 143 | 3 |
| Real estate construction and development | 108 | 2 |
| Consumer installment | 89 | 48 |
| Other |  |  |
| Total recoveries | 472 | 222 |
| Net charge-offs | 1,134 | 2,814 |

## Balance of allowance for loan losses at end of

 period \$ 22,744 \$ 23,382| Net annualized charge-offs as a percentage of average <br> loans | $0.27 \%$ | $0.76 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percentage of loans at <br> end of period | $1.34 \%$ | $1.57 \%$ |

## Assets Covered by Loss-Sharing Agreements with the FDIC

Loans that were acquired in FDIC-assisted transactions that are covered by the loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC ( covered loans ) totaled $\$ 372.7$ million, $\$ 390.2$ million and $\$ 460.7$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. OREO that is covered by the loss- sharing agreements with the FDIC totaled $\$ 42.6$ million, $\$ 45.9$ million and $\$ 77.9$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. The loss-sharing agreements are subject to the servicing procedures as specified in the agreements with the FDIC. The expected reimbursements under the loss-sharing agreements were recorded as an indemnification asset at their estimated fair value on the acquisition dates. The FDIC loss-share receivable reported at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 was $\$ 53.2$ million, $\$ 65.4$ million and $\$ 161.0$ million, respectively.

## Table of Contents

The Company recorded the loans at their fair values, taking into consideration certain credit quality, risk and liquidity marks. The Company is confident in its estimation of credit risk and its adjustments to the carrying balances of the acquired loans. If the Company determines that a loan or group of loans has deteriorated from its initial assessment of fair value, a reserve for loan losses will be established to account for that difference. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the year ended December 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded provision for loan loss expense of $\$ 225,000, \$ 1.5$ million and $\$ 320,000$, respectively, to account for losses where the initial estimate of cash flows was found to be excessive on loans acquired in FDIC-assisted transactions. If the Company determines that a loan or group of loans has improved from its initial assessment of fair value, the increase in cash flows over those expected at the acquisition date is recognized as interest income prospectively.

Covered loans are shown below according to loan type as of the end of the periods shown:

|  | March 31, | December 31, | March 31, |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | $\$ 24,813$ | $\$$ | 26,550 | $\$ 28,568$ |
| Real estate construction and development | 41,434 |  | 43,179 | 57,114 |
| Real estate commercial and farmland | 214,649 |  | 224,451 | 260,159 |
| Real estate residential | 91,372 |  | 95,173 | 113,668 |
| Consumer installment | 426 |  | 884 | 1,215 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\$ 372,694$ | $\$$ | 390,237 | $\$ 460,724$ |

## Non-Performing Assets

Non-performing assets include nonaccrual loans, accruing loans contractually past due 90 days or more, repossessed personal property, and other real estate owned. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when management has concerns relating to the ability to collect the principal and interest and generally when such loans are 90 days or more past due. Management performs a detailed review and valuation assessment of impaired loans on a quarterly basis and recognizes losses when impairment is identified. A loan is considered impaired when it is probable that not all principal and interest amounts will be collected according to the loan contract. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, any interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed against current income.

At March 31, 2014, nonaccrual legacy loans (excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans) totaled \$26.7 million, a decrease of approximately $\$ 2.5$ million since December 31, 2013. This decrease in nonaccrual loans is due to the sale of problem assets during the first quarter of 2014 and a slowdown in the formation of new problem credits At March 31, 2014, nonaccrual purchased non-covered loans totaled $\$ 15.3$ million, an increase of approximately $\$ 8.7$ million since December 31, 2013. This increase in nonaccrual purchased non-covered loans is caused by the Company downgrading certain assets acquired with the acquisition of Prosperity Bank in an effort to force borrower actions on assets that were well collateralized. Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets were $2.29 \%, 2.00 \%$ and $2.72 \%$ at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

Non-performing assets at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

## (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total nonaccrual loans (excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans) | \$ | 26,729 | \$ | 29,203 | \$ | 37,476 |
| Nonaccrual purchased non-covered loans |  | 15,318 |  | 6,659 |  |  |
| Accruing loans delinquent 90 days or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreclosed assets (excluding purchased assets)1 |  | 33,839 |  | 33,351 |  | 40,434 |
| Purchased, non-covered other real estate owned |  | 3,864 |  | 4,276 |  |  |
| Total non-performing assets | \$ | 79,750 | \$ | 73,489 | \$ | 77,910 |

## Table of Contents

The restructuring of a loan is considered a troubled debt restructuring if both (i) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties and (ii) the Company has granted a concession. The following table presents the amount of accruing troubled debt restructurings by loan class (excluding purchased non-covered and covered loans) at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

|  | March 31,2014 |  |  | December 31,2013 <br> (in thousands) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan class: | \# |  | lance | \# |  | lance | \# |  | lance |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 4 | \$ | 711 | 4 | \$ | 515 | 5 | \$ | 799 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 11 |  | 1,953 | 8 |  | 1,896 | 5 |  | 1,883 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 19 |  | 8,733 | 17 |  | 6,913 | 16 |  | 8,878 |
| Real estate residential | 35 |  | 7,364 | 37 |  | 7,818 | 26 |  | 6,953 |
| Consumer installment | 11 |  | 87 | 6 |  | 72 |  |  |  |
| Total | 80 |  | 8,848 | 72 | \$ | 17,214 | 52 |  | 8,513 |

The following table presents the amount of accruing troubled debt restructurings by loan class of purchased non-covered loans at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

|  | March 31,2014 |  | December 31,2013 <br> (in thousands) |  |  | March 31, 2013 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan class: | \# | Balance | \# |  | alance | \# | Balance |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| Real estate construction \& development | 7 | 2,443 | 10 |  | 3,364 |  |  |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 2 | 961 | 3 |  | 1,228 |  |  |
| Real estate residential | 12 | 1,779 | 8 |  | 1,321 |  |  |
| Consumer installment | 1 | 8 | 3 |  | 25 |  |  |
| Total | 22 | \$ 5,191 | 24 | \$ | 5,938 |  | \$ |

The following table presents the amount of accruing troubled debt restructurings by loan class of covered loans at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 :

|  | March 31,2014 |  | December 31,2013 <br> (in thousands) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan class: | \# | Balance | \# |  | lance | \# |  | lance |
| Commercial, financial \& agricultural | 1 | 14 | 1 | \$ | 13 | 1 | \$ | 36 |
| Real estate construction \& development | 3 | 3,254 | 3 |  | 3,256 | 8 |  | 5,022 |
| Real estate commercial \& farmland | 14 | 7,461 | 13 |  | 7,255 | 13 |  | 6,438 |
| Real estate residential | 85 | 12,046 | 83 |  | 11,719 | 53 |  | 8,266 |

Consumer installment
Total

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
103 & \$ 22,775 & 100 & \$ & 22,243 & 75 & \$ 19,762
\end{array}
$$

## Table of Contents

## Commercial Lending Practices

On December 12, 2006, the Federal Bank Regulatory Agencies released guidance on Concentration in Commercial Real Estate Lending. This guidance defines commercial real estate (CRE ) loans as loans secured by raw land, land development and construction (including 1-4 family residential construction), multi-family property and non-farm nonresidential property where the primary or a significant source of repayment is derived from rental income associated with the property, excluding owner occupied properties (loans for which $50 \%$ or more of the source of repayment is derived from the ongoing operations and activities conducted by the party, or affiliate of the party, who owns the property) or the proceeds of the sale, refinancing or permanent financing of the property. Loans for owner occupied CRE are generally excluded from the CRE guidance.

The CRE guidance is applicable when either:
(1) total loans for construction, land development and other land, net of owner occupied loans, represent $100 \%$ or more of a bank s total risk-based capital; or
(2) total loans secured by multifamily and nonfarm nonresidential properties and loans for construction, land development and other land, net of owner occupied loans, represent $300 \%$ or more of a bank s total risk-based capital.
Banks that are subject to the CRE guidance s criteria are required to implement enhanced strategic planning, CRE underwriting policies, risk management and internal controls, portfolio stress testing, risk exposure limits, and other policies, including management compensation and incentives, to address the CRE risks. Higher allowances for loan losses and capital levels may also be appropriate.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company exhibited a concentration in CRE loans based on Federal Reserve Call codes. The primary risks of CRE lending are:
(1) within CRE loans, construction and development loans are somewhat dependent upon continued strength in demand for residential real estate, which is reliant on favorable real estate mortgage rates and changing population demographics;
(2) on average, CRE loan sizes are generally larger than non-CRE loan types; and
(3) certain construction and development loans may be less predictable and more difficult to evaluate and monitor. The following table outlines CRE loan categories and CRE loans as a percentage of total loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The loan categories and concentrations below are based on Federal Reserve Call codes and include purchased non-covered and covered loans.

|  | \% of Total <br> Loans |  |  | Balance |  | \% of Total <br> Loans |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction and development loans | $\$ 222,797$ | $9 \%$ | $\$ 220,726$ | $9 \%$ |  |  |
| Multi-family loans | 72,926 | $3 \%$ | 67,607 | $3 \%$ |  |  |
| Nonfarm non-residential loans | $1,152,234$ | $46 \%$ | $1,145,065$ | $46 \%$ |  |  |
| Total CRE Loans | $\$ 1,447,957$ | $58 \%$ | $\$ 1,433,398$ | $58 \%$ |  |  |
| All other loan types | $1,057,388$ | $42 \%$ | $1,024,046$ | $42 \%$ |  |  |
| Total Loans | $\$ 2,505,345$ | $100 \%$ | $\$ 2,457,444$ | $100 \%$ |  |  |

The following table outlines the percent of total CRE loans, net owner occupied loans to total risk-based capital, and the Company s internal concentration limits as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

|  | Internal <br> Limit | March 31, 2014 <br> Actual | December 31, 2013 <br> Actual |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Construction and development | $100 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| Commercial real estate | $300 \%$ | $251 \%$ | $232 \%$ |

## Short-Term Investments

The Company s short-term investments are comprised of federal funds sold and interest-bearing balances. At March 31, 2014, the Company s short-term investments were $\$ 48.7$ million, compared to $\$ 205.0$ million and $\$ 81.2$ million at December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. At March 31, 2014, all of the balance was comprised of interest-bearing balances, the majority of which were at the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta.

## Table of Contents

## Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company had a cash flow hedge with a notional amount of $\$ 37.1$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 for the purpose of converting the variable rate on the junior subordinated debentures to fixed rate. The fair value of these instruments amounted to a liability of approximately $\$ 675,000, \$ 370,000$ and $\$ 2.6$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively. The Company also had forward contracts with a fair value of approximately $\$ 1.7$ million, $\$ 1.2$ million and $\$ 1.6$ million at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013, and March 31, 2014 respectively, to hedge changes in the value of the mortgage inventory due to changes in market interest rates. No hedge ineffectiveness from cash flow hedges was recognized in the statement of operations. All components of each derivative $s$ gain or loss are included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness.

## Capital

Capital management consists of providing equity to support both current and anticipated future operations. The Company is subject to capital adequacy requirements imposed by the Federal Reserve Board (the FRB ) and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance (the GDBF ), and the Bank is subject to capital adequacy requirements imposed by the FDIC and the GDBF.

The FRB, the FDIC and the GDBF have adopted risk-based capital requirements for assessing bank holding company and bank capital adequacy. These standards define and establish minimum capital requirements in relation to assets and off-balance sheet exposure, adjusted for credit risk. The risk-based capital standards currently in effect are designed to make regulatory capital requirements more sensitive to differences in risk profiles among bank holding companies and banks and to account for off-balance sheet exposure. The regulatory capital standards are defined by the following three key measurements:
a) The Leverage Ratio is defined as Tier 1 capital to average assets. To be considered adequately capitalized under this measurement, a bank must maintain a leverage ratio greater than or equal to $4.00 \%$. For a bank to be considered well capitalized, it must maintain a leverage ratio greater than or equal to $5.00 \%$.
b) The Core Capital Ratio is defined as Tier 1 capital to total risk weighted assets. To be considered adequately capitalized under this measurement, a bank must maintain a core capital ratio greater than or equal to $4.00 \%$. For a bank to be considered well capitalized, it must maintain a core capital ratio greater than or equal to $6.00 \%$.
c) The Total Capital Ratio is defined as total capital to total risk weighted assets. To be considered adequately capitalized under this measurement, a bank must maintain a total capital ratio greater than or equal to $8.00 \%$. For a bank to be considered well capitalized, it must maintain a total capital ratio greater than or equal to $10.00 \%$.

As of March 31, 2014, under the regulatory capital standards, the Bank was considered well capitalized under all capital measurements. The following table sets forth the regulatory capital ratios of Ameris at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

|  | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leverage Ratio (tier 1 capital to average assets)    <br> Consolidated $8.91 \%$ $11.33 \%$ $10.93 \%$ <br> Ameris Bank 9.43 11.93 10.88 l |  |  |  |

Core Capital Ratio (tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets)

| Consolidated | 13.30 | 14.35 | 17.49 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ameris Bank | 14.09 | 15.06 | 17.43 |
| Total Capital Ratio (total capital to risk |  |  |  |
| weighted assets) | 14.28 | 15.32 | 18.74 |
| Consolidated | 15.06 | 16.03 | 18.68 |
| Ameris Bank |  |  |  |

## Capital Purchase Program

On November 21, 2008, the Company, pursuant to the Capital Purchase Program established in connection with the Troubled Asset Relief Program, issued and sold to the U.S. Treasury, for an aggregate cash purchase price of $\$ 52$ million, (i) 52,000 shares (the Preferred Shares ) of the Company s Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series A, having a liquidation preference of $\$ 1,000$ per share, and (ii) a ten-year warrant (the Warrant ) to purchase up to 679,443 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of $\$ 11.48$ per share. On June 14, 2012, the Preferred Shares were sold by the Treasury through a registered public offering. On August 22, 2012, the Company repurchased the Warrant from the Treasury for $\$ 2.67$ million. In December 2012, the Company repurchased 24,000 outstanding Preferred Shares, and in March 2014, the Company redeemed the remaining 28,000 outstanding Preferred Shares.

## Table of Contents

## Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

The Company s primary market risk exposures are credit risk, interest rate risk, and to a lesser degree, liquidity risk. The Bank operates under an Asset Liability Management Policy approved by the Company s Board of Directors and the Asset and Liability Committee (the ALCO Committee ). The policy outlines limits on interest rate risk in terms of changes in net interest income and changes in the net market values of assets and liabilities over certain changes in interest rate environments. These measurements are made through a simulation model which projects the impact of changes in interest rates on the Bank sassets and liabilities. The policy also outlines responsibility for monitoring interest rate risk, and the process for the approval, implementation and monitoring of interest rate risk strategies to achieve the Bank s interest rate risk objectives.

The ALCO Committee is comprised of senior officers of Ameris and two outside members of the Company s Board of Directors. The ALCO Committee makes all strategic decisions with respect to the sources and uses of funds that may affect net interest income, including net interest spread and net interest margin. The objective of the ALCO Committee is to identify the interest rate, liquidity and market value risks of the Company s balance sheet and use reasonable methods approved by the Company s Board of Directors and executive management to minimize those identified risks.

The normal course of business activity exposes the Company to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is managed within an overall asset and liability framework for the Company. The principal objectives of asset and liability management are to predict the sensitivity of net interest spreads to potential changes in interest rates, control risk and enhance profitability. Funding positions are kept within predetermined limits designed to properly manage risk and liquidity. The Company employs sensitivity analysis in the form of a net interest income simulation to help characterize the market risk arising from changes in interest rates. In addition, fluctuations in interest rates usually result in changes in the fair market value of the Company s financial instruments, cash flows and net interest income. The Company s interest rate risk position is managed by the ALCO Committee.

The Company uses a simulation modeling process to measure interest rate risk and evaluate potential strategies. Interest rate scenario models are prepared using software created and licensed from an outside vendor. The Company s simulation includes all financial assets and liabilities. Simulation results quantify interest rate risk under various interest rate scenarios. Management then develops and implements appropriate strategies. The ALCO Committee has determined that an acceptable level of interest rate risk would be for net interest income to decrease no more than $5.00 \%$ given a change in selected interest rates of 200 basis points over any 24 -month period.

Liquidity management involves the matching of the cash flow requirements of customers, who may be either depositors desiring to withdraw funds or borrowers needing assurance that sufficient funds will be available to meet their credit needs, and the ability of Ameris to manage those requirements. The Company strives to maintain an adequate liquidity position by managing the balances and maturities of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities so that the balance it has in short-term investments at any given time will adequately cover any reasonably anticipated immediate need for funds. Additionally, the Bank maintains relationships with correspondent banks, which could provide funds on short notice, if needed. The Company has invested in FHLB stock for the purpose of establishing credit lines with the FHLB. The credit availability to the Bank is equal to $20 \%$ of the Bank s total assets as reported on the most recent quarterly financial information submitted to the regulators subject to the pledging of sufficient collateral. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were $\$ 59.7$ million and $\$ 194.6$ million, respectively, outstanding borrowings with the Company s correspondent banks. There were no outstanding borrowings with the Company s correspondent banks at March 31, 2013.

The following liquidity ratios compare certain assets and liabilities to total deposits or total assets:

|  | March 31, December 31September 30, June 30, 201420132013 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investment securities available for sale to total deposits | 15.17\% | 16.21\% | 12.78\% | 12.94\% | 13.01\% |
| Loans (net of unearned income) to total deposits | 83.22\% | 81.94\% | 82.14\% | 81.84\% | 78.45\% |
| Interest-earning assets to total assets | 87.80\% | 87.68\% | 87.38\% | 86.23\% | 83.90\% |
| Interest-bearing deposits to total deposits | 76.79\% | 77.71\% | 80.54\% | 80.54\% | 80.28\% |
| The liquidity resources of the Company are mon by state and federal regulatory authorities. As de the Company s and the Bank s liquidity ratios of no events or trends likely to result in a materia | d continuou ined under g arch 31, 201 ange in liqui | the ALC <br> ines estab <br> e consid | ommittee ed by the satisfacto | d on a per egulatory The Comp | riodic basis y authorities, many is awar |

Table of Contents

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed only to U.S. dollar interest rate changes, and, accordingly, the Company manages exposure by considering the possible changes in the net interest margin. The Company does not have any trading instruments nor does it classify any portion of the investment portfolio as held for trading. The Company shedging activities are limited to cash flow hedges and are part of the Company s program to manage interest rate sensitivity. At March 31, 2014, the Company had one effective LIBOR rate swap with a notional amount of $\$ 37.1$ million. The LIBOR rate swap exchanges fixed rate payments of $4.15 \%$ for floating rate payments based on the three month LIBOR and matures December 2018. The Company also had forward contracts with a fair value of approximately $\$ 1.7$ million at March 31, 2014 to hedge changes in the value of the mortgage inventory due to changes in market interest rates. Finally, the Company has no exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk, commodity price risk and other market risks.

Interest rates play a major part in the net interest income of a financial institution. The sensitivity to rate changes is known as interest rate risk. The repricing of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities can influence the changes in net interest income. As part of the Company s asset/liability management program, the timing of repriced assets and liabilities is referred to as gap management.

The Company uses simulation analysis to monitor changes in net interest income due to changes in market interest rates. The simulation of rising, declining and flat interest rate scenarios allows management to monitor and adjust interest rate sensitivity to minimize the impact of market interest rate swings. The analysis of the impact on net interest income over a twelve-month period is subjected to a gradual 200 basis point increase or decrease in market rates on net interest income and is monitored on a quarterly basis.

Additional information required by Item 305 of Regulation S-K is set forth under Part I, Item 2 of this report.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this report, as required by paragraph (b) of Rules 13a-15 or $15 \mathrm{~d}-15$ of the Exchange Act. Based on such evaluation, such officers have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, there was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rules 13a-15 or $15 \mathrm{~d}-15$ of the Exchange Act that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Nothing to report with respect to the period covered by this report.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. of Part 1 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

## Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

## Item 5. Other Information

None.

## Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits required to be furnished with this report are listed on the exhibit index attached hereto.

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## AMERIS BANCORP

Date: May 9, 2014
/s/ Dennis J. Zember Jr.

Dennis J. Zember Jr.,
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (duly authorized signatory and principal accounting and financial officer)

Table of Contents

## EXHIBIT INDEX

## Exhibit

No.

## Description

2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of March 10, 2014 by and between Ameris Bancorp and Coastal Bankshares, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Current Report on Form 8 -K filed with the Commission on March 11, 2014).
3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Regulation A Offering Statement on Form 1-A filed with the Commission on August 14, 1987).
3.2 Amendment to Amended Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Form 10-K filed with the Commission on March 28, 1996).
3.3 Amendment to Amended Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Ameris Bancorp s Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the Commission on July 17, 1996).
3.4 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to Ameris Bancorp s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on March 25, 1998).
3.5 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.7 to Ameris Bancorp s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on March 26, 1999).
3.6 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.9 to Ameris Bancorp s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on March 31, 2003).
3.7 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on December 1, 2005).
3.8 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on November 21, 2008).
3.9 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on June 1, 2011).
3.10 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Ameris Bancorp (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Ameris Bancorp s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on March 14, 2005).
31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by the Company s Chief Executive Officer
31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by the Company s Chief Financial Officer
32.1 Section 1350 Certification by the Company s Chief Executive Officer
32.2 Section 1350 Certification by the Company s Chief Financial Officer

101 The following financial statements from Ameris Bancorp s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, formatted as interactive data files in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders Equity; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

