SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC. Form 10-Q August 03, 2010 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

b Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

or

" Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 000-22673

Sirona Dental Systems, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Delaware

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30-30 47 th Avenue, Suite 500,					
Long Island City, New York	11101				
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)				
Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (718) 482-2011					

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes "No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "

Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes "No b

As of July 30, 2010, the number of shares outstanding of the Registrant s Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, was 55,249,805.

Non-accelerated filer "

Identification No.)

(I.R.S. Employer

Accelerated filer **b**

SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC.

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

E.

	Financial Statement Notes	June 30, 2010 (unaudited) \$ 000s (except		tember 30, 2009 re amounts)
ASSETS		· · · ·	•	
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 200,158	\$	181,098
Restricted cash		633		902
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,026 and \$2,088,				
respectively		88,501		98,277
Inventories, net	5	70,561		74,525
Deferred tax assets		17,422		16,483
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		17,754		20,239
Income tax receivable		948		3,956
Total current assets		395,977		395,480
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of		0,0,0,1,1		0,100
\$71,607 and \$70,061, respectively		87,506		102,775
Goodwill	6	604,234		696,355
Investments		2,098		1,739
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$326,117 and \$327,183,		, ,		,
respectively	6	348,626		447,946
Other non-current assets		1,117		2,837
Deferred tax assets		1,270		943
Total assets		\$ 1,440,828	\$	1,648,075
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Trade accounts payable		\$ 38,092	\$	38,463
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	7	3,874	Ŧ	4.688
Income taxes payable		8,329		5,191
Deferred tax liabilities		318		466
Accrued liabilities and deferred income		87,698		95,602
Total current liabilities		138,311		144,410
Long-term debt	8	341,525		470,224
Deferred tax liabilities	0	126,229		159,659
Other non-current liabilities		6,243		8,699
Pension related provisions	12	42,900		50,328
Deferred income		62,500		70,000
		, -		, -

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Total liabilities	717,708	903,320
Shareholders equity		
Preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and		
outstanding)		
Common stock (\$0.01 par value; 95,000,000 shares authorized; 55,277,278 shares issued and 55,249,555 shares outstanding at Jun. 30, 2010 and 54,972,754 shares issued and		
54,945,031 shares outstanding at Sept. 30, 2009)	553	550
Additional paid-in capital	650,141	637,264
Treasury stock (27,723 shares at cost)	(284)	(284)
Excess of purchase price over predecessor basis	(49,103)	(49,103)
Retained earnings	157,148	91,857
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss)/income	(37,438)	63,154
Total Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. shareholders equity	721,017	743,438
Noncontrolling interests	2,103	1,317
Total shareholders equity	723,120	744,755
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 1,440,828	\$ 1,648,075

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit	Financial Statement Notes	\$ (\$		ded e 30,	2009	\$ (\$	Nine n enc June 2010)00s (except p 587,377 281,499 305,878	led e 30,	2009
Selling, general and administrative expense			54,994		53.437		175,200		166,907
Research and development			11,648		9,897		34,803		30,998
Provision for doubtful accounts and notes receivable			47		421		183		867
Net other operating (income) and restructuring costs	13		(3,254)		(1,881)		(9,162)		(5,072)
Operating income			30,740		24,924		104,854		60,414
Loss/(Gain) on foreign currency transactions, net			6.003		(5,111)		10.419		5,558
Loss/(Gain) on derivative instruments	14		2,598		(3,139)		(137)		1,588
Interest expense, net			857		5,331		10,200		16,988
Other (income)/expense			(9)		,		775		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Income before taxes			21,291		27,843		83,597		36,280
Income tax provision	9		4,258		6,683		16,719		9,045
Net income			17,033		21,160		66,878		27,235
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests			456		692		1,587		613
Net income attributable to Sirona Dental Systems, Inc.		\$	16,577	\$	20.468	\$	65.291	\$	26.622
Income per share (attributable to Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. common shareholders): - Basic	10	\$	0.30	\$	0.37	\$	1.18	.թ \$	0.49
- Dasic		¢	0.50	\$	0.37	¢	1.18	¢	0.49
- Diluted		\$	0.29	\$	0.37	\$	1.15	\$	0.48
Weighted average shares basic		5	5,227,417	5	4,878,923	5	5,105,687	54	4,861,885
Weighted average shares diluted		5	6,739,364	5	5,556,867	5	6,587,308	5:	5,198,333

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

	Nine mont June	
	2010	2009
	\$ (00s
Cash flows from operating activities	¢ ((0 = 0	ф АН АЗ Б
Net income	\$ 66,878	\$ 27,235
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	62,272	68,152
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	37	84
(Gain)/loss on derivative instruments	(137)	1,588
Loss on foreign currency transactions	10,419	5,558
Deferred income taxes	(16,169)	(17,449)
Amortization of debt issuance cost	760	904
Compensation expense from stock options	11,828	11,553
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(4,524)	(25,041)
Inventories	(5,948)	(1,604)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	9	(1,482)
Restricted cash	134	36
Other non-current assets	26	(255)
Trade accounts payable	5,045	(3,958)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(476)	(1,950)
Accrued liabilities and deferred income	(1,137)	2,272
Other non-current liabilities	(500)	(2,373)
Income taxes receivable	2,675	6,198
Income taxes payable	4,804	5,943
Net cash provided by operating activities	135,996	75,411
		,
Cash flows from investing activities Investment in property, plant and equipment	(16,651)	(14,903)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	408	(14,903)
Purchase of intangible assets	(216)	
Purchase of long-term investments	(216) (359)	(69)
Sale of businesses, net of cash sold	1,928	4,985
	1,720	4,705
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,890)	(9,697)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	(, 0)	(- ,)

	Nine mon June 2010 \$ (
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments of short-term and long-term debt	(78,072)	(79,708)
Purchase of treasury stock		(284)
Purchase of shares from noncontrolling interest	(1,315)	
Common shares issued under share based compensation plans	3,433	336
Tax effect of common shares exercised under share based compensation plans	1,382	62
Net cash used in financing activities	(74,572)	(79,594)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	46,534	(13,880)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(27,474)	(1,648)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	181,098	149,663
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 200,158	\$ 134,135
Supplemental information		
Interest paid	\$ 10,971	\$ 19,087
Interest capitalized	396	335
Income taxes paid	26,635	13,680
Sale of businesses, net of cash sold		
Current assets	\$ 2,406	\$ 5,899
Non-current assets	550	291
Current liabilities	(867)	(1,205)
Non-current liabilities	(161)	
	\$ 1,928	\$ 4,985

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SIRONA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

1. General

The Company and its Operations

Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. (Sirona, the Company, we, us, and our refer to Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and their predecessors) is the leading manufacturer of high-quality, technologically advanced dental equipment, and is focused on developing, manufacturing and marketing innovative systems and solutions for dentists around the world. We offer a broad range of products across all major segments of the dental technology market including CEREC and our other CAD/CAM systems, digital intra oral and 2D and 3D panoramic imaging systems, treatment centers and instruments. The Company acquired Schick Technologies, Inc. (Schick) in 2006, in a transaction accounted for as a reverse acquisition, further expanding our global presence and product offerings and strengthening our research and development capabilities. Sirona has served equipment dealers and dentists worldwide for more than 130 years. The Company s headquarters are located in Long Island City, New York with its primary facility located in Bensheim, Germany, as well as other support, manufacturing, assembling and sales and service facilities located elsewhere in the world.

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). Preparation of the interim financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the interim period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information not misleading. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of those of a normal recurring nature) considered necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position as of June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009 and the results of operations and cash flows for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, as applicable to interim periods have been made. The results of operations for the three or nine months ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or future periods.

All amounts are reported in thousands of U.S. Dollars (\$), except per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed.

Fiscal Year

The Company s fiscal year is October 1 to September 30.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include, after eliminating inter-company transactions and balances, the accounts of Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The Company applies the equity method of accounting for investments in associated companies over which the Company has significant influence but does not have effective control.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Adopted

Business Acquisitions

On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance for business combinations (SFAS No. 141 (Revised), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141R) (FASB Codification ASC 805, *Business Combinations*)). This guidance establishes principles and requirements for the reporting entity in a business combination, including recognition and measurement in the financial statements of the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, goodwill, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, as well as disclosure requirements to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. Additionally, it provides guidance for identifying a business combination, measuring the acquisition date, and defining the measurement period for adjusting provisional amounts recorded. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company s interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Noncontrolling Interests

On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance for reporting a noncontrolling interest (NCI) in a subsidiary (SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* an amendment of ARB No. 51, (SFAS 160) (FASB Codification ASC 810, *Consolidation*), which amends Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements* (ARB No. 51)). This new guidance defines a noncontrolling interest, establishes a single method of accounting for changes in a parent s ownership interest not resulting in deconsolidation, accounting for deconsolidation, and expands the disclosures of NCI s in consolidated Balance Sheet. Additionally, the Company reported NCI as a separate component of Stockholders Equity in the Condensed Consolidated Income Statements. The portion of net income attributed to the Company and NCI separately in the Condensed Consolidated Income Statements. All related disclosures have been adjusted accordingly. Prior year amounts associated with NCI in the financial statements and accompanying footnotes have been adjusted retrospectively to conform to the adoption.

Intangible Assets

On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance for determination of the useful lives of intangible assets (FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Lives of Intangible Assets*, (FSP 142-3) (FASB Codification ASC 350, *Intangibles Goodwill and Other*)). This new guidance amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of an intangible asset as well as the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of intangible assets in business combinations. The implementation of this new guidance did not have a material impact on the Company s interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement

On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted FAS 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (FASB Codification ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*) for non-recurring fair value measurements of non-financial assets and liabilities. The implementation of this new guidance did not have a material impact on the Company s interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Not Yet Adopted

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13, *Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements* a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force, which amends the criteria for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements, establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, replaces the term fair value in the revenue allocation with selling price to clarify that the allocation of revenue is based on entity-specific assumptions rather than assumptions of a marketplace participant, replaces the residual method of allocation with the relative selling-price method , and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables applying this method, including proportional allocation of any discounts to each deliverable. In addition, this new guidance will require that a vendor determine its best estimate of selling price in a manner that is consistent with that used to determine the selling price of a deliverable on a standalone basis and expands the required disclosures to provide information about the significant judgments made and changes to those judgments

and about how the application of the relative selling-price method affects the timing or amount of revenue recognition. ASU 2009-13 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, which corresponds to the Company s fiscal year beginning October 1, 2010. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of adoption.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-14, *Certain Revenue Arrangements that Include Software Elements* a consensus of the FASB *Emerging Issues Task Force*, which changes the accounting model for revenue arrangements that include both tangible products and software elements. This new guidance removes from the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance in ASC 985-605, *Software Revenue Recognition*, those tangible products containing software components and nonsoftware components that function together to deliver the tangible product s essential functionality. In addition, this guidance requires that hardware components of a tangible product containing software components always be excluded from the software revenue recognition guidance as well as provides further guidance on determining which software, if any, relating to the tangible product also would be excluded from the scope of software that works together with the nonsoftware components of the tangible product to deliver the tangible product s essential functions. Guidance is also provided on how a vendor should allocate arrangement consideration to deliverables in an arrangement containing both tangible products and software. The disclosures mandated in ASU 2009-13 are also required by this new guidance. ASU 2009-14 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, which corresponds to the Company s fiscal year beginning October 1, 2010. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of adoption.

3. Employee Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation expense for the Company s stock option plans amounted to \$3,780 and \$11,828 for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, and \$3,760 and \$11,553 for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. The fiscal 2010 expenses include the impact of previous stock options, restricted stock, and the restricted stock unit (RSU) grants.

On December 8, 2009 and May 10, 2010, the Company granted 188,000 and 25,000 RSU s under the Equity Incentive Plan (the 2006 Plan), respectively. The RSU s vest over a period of four years (one third each at December 8, 2011, 2012 and 2013 for the December grant and ratably over three years for the May grant). All grants expire ten years after the date of the grant. The value of each RSU is determined by the closing price as of the date of grant of \$34.45 for the December 2009 grant and \$38.11 for the May 2010 grant. The 2006 Plan provides for granting in total up to 4,550,000 stock options, incentive stock, and RSU s to employees, directors, and consultants and received stockholder approval at the Company s Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on February 27, 2007, and was amended on February 25, 2009. As of June 30, 2010, 1,630,611 shares were available for future grant under the 2006 Plan.

4. Comprehensive Income/(Loss) and Change in Equity

	attributab Dental Sy	s in Equity ole to Sirona ystems, Inc. s Nine monthsl ended June 30	attribu Noncontroll Three month ended June 30	in Equity itable to ling Interests Nine months ended June 30 000s	for the	ge in Equity Period Nine months ended June 30
As of June 30, 2010						
Comprehensive Income/(Loss):						
Net Income	\$ 16,577	\$ 65,291	\$ 456	\$ 1,587	\$ 17,033	\$ 66,878
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)						
Cumulative translation adjustments	(50,807)	(100,255)	(161)	(179)	(50,968)	(100,434)
Unrecognized elements of pension cost, net of tax	(173)	(337)			(173)	(337)
Total Other Comprehensive Loss	(50,980)	(100,592)	(161)	(179)	(51,141)	(100,771)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(34,403)	(35,301)	295	1,408	(34,108)	(33,893)
Transactions with shareholders:						
Stock-based compensation activities	4,413	13,777			4,413	13,777
Purchase of shares from noncontrolling						
interest	(79)	(897)	(124)	(622)	(203)	(1,519)
Total transactions with shareholders	4,334	12,880	(124)	(622)	4,210	12,258
Total Change in Equity for the period	\$ (30,069)	\$ (22,421)	\$ 171	\$ 786	\$ (29,898)	\$ (21,635)

	Changes in Equityattributableattributable to SironaNoncoDental Systems, Inc.IntThree months Nine monthsThree monthendedendedJune 30June 30			s in Equity utable to ntrolling erests hNine months ended June 30 000s	for the	ge in Equity Period S Nine months ended June 30
As of June 30, 2009						
Comprehensive Income/(Loss):						
Net Income	\$ 20,468	\$ 26,622	\$ 692	\$ 613	\$ 21,160	\$ 27,235
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)						
Cumulative translation adjustments	30,657	(6,164)	56	14	30,713	(6,150)
Unrecognized elements of pension cost, net						
of tax	(592)	(357)			(592)	(357)
	20.045	(6.501)	- /		20.121	((505)
Total Other Comprehensive Loss	30,065	(6,521)	56	14	30,121	(6,507)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	50,533	20,101	748	627	51,281	20,728
Transactions with shareholders:						
Stock-based compensation activities	3,989	11,951			3,989	11,951
Purchase of treasury stock		(284)				(284)

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Purchase of shares from noncontrolling interest

Total transactions with shareholders	3,989	11,	667			3,989	11,667
Total Change in Equity for the period	\$ 54,522	\$ 31,	768 \$	748	\$ 627	\$ 55,270	\$ 32,395

5. Inventories, Net

	June 30, 2010 \$	Sep 000s	tember 30, 2009
Finished goods	\$ 41,352	\$	41,594
Work in progress	12,752		14,086
Raw materials	27,514		31,167
	81,618		86,847
Inventory reserve	(11,057)		(12,322)
	\$ 70,561	\$	74,525

6. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

	Gross	 cumulated ortization \$ 000s	Net
As of June 30, 2010			
Patents & licenses	\$ 128,749	\$ 57,149	\$ 71,600
Trademarks	121,319	403	120,916
Technologies and dealer relationships	424,597	268,565	156,032
Prepayments for intangible assets	78		78
	674,743	326,117	348,626
Goodwill	604,234		604,234
Total intangible assets	\$ 1,278,977	\$ 326,117	\$ 952,860

	Gross	 cumulated ortization \$ 000s	Net
As of September 30, 2009			
Patents & licenses	\$ 153,814	\$ 59,322	\$ 94,492
Trademarks	139,743	328	139,415
Technologies and dealer relationships	481,325	267,533	213,792
Prepayments for intangible assets	247		247
	775,129	327,183	447,946
Goodwill	696,355		696,355

Total intangible assets

The change in the book value of goodwill and of intangible assets from September 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010 mainly results from foreign currency fluctuations, with an impact of \$92,242 on goodwill and \$100,386 on intangible assets for the first nine months of fiscal 2010. Goodwill has been increased by \$1,204 as a result of a subsequent purchase price adjustment for a subsidiary in China and also reduced by (i) \$400 as a result of the sale of a subsidiary and (ii) \$683 as a result of tax benefits received subsequent to the acquisition of Schick for options that were vested and included in the determination of purchase price at the time of that acquisition.

11

\$ 1,471,484 \$ 327,183 \$ 1,144,301

7. Short-Term Debt and Current Portion of Long-Term Debt

The components of short-term debt are as follows:

	June 30, 2010	mber 30, 2009
Accrued interest on long-term debt	\$	\$ 2,781
Other short-term debt	3,874	1,907
	\$ 3,874	\$ 4,688

8. Long-Term Debt

The components of long-term debt are as follows:

	June 30, 2010	Sept	tember 30, 2009
		\$ 000s	
Senior term loan, Tranche A1, variable rate repayable in November 2011	\$ 105,000	\$	127,986
Senior term loan, Tranche A2, variable rate repayable in November 2011	236,525		343,872
Other debt			1,147
	341,525		473,005
Less current portion			2,781
	\$ 341,525	\$	470,224

Senior Term Loans

On November 22, 2006, Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. entered into a Senior Facilities Agreement (the Senior Facilities Agreement) as original guarantor, with all significant subsidiaries of Sirona as original borrowers and original guarantors. Initial borrowings under the Senior Facilities Agreement plus excess cash were used to retire the outstanding borrowings under the Company s previous credit facilities.

The Senior Facilities Agreement includes: (1) a term loan A1 in an aggregate principal amount of \$150 million (the tranche A1 term loan) available to Sirona s subsidiary, Schick NY, as borrower; (2) a term loan A2 in an aggregate principal amount of Euro 275 million (the tranche A2 term loan) available to Sirona s subsidiary, Sirona Dental Services GmbH, as borrower; and (3) a \$150 million revolving credit facility available to Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, Schick NY and Sirona Dental Services GmbH, as initial borrowers. The revolving credit facility is available for borrowing in Euro, U.S. Dollars, Yen or any other freely available currency agreed to by the facility agent. The facilities are made available on an unsecured basis. Subject to certain limitations, each European guaranter guarantees the performance of each European borrower, except itself, and each U.S. guarantor guarantees the performance of each U.S. borrower, except itself. There are no cross-border guarantees since all guarantees are by entities that have the same functional currency as the currency in which the respective guaranteed borrowing is denominated.

Each of the senior term loans are to be repaid in three annual installments beginning on November 24, 2009 and ending on November 24, 2011. Of the amounts borrowed under the term loan facilities, 15% was due on November 24, 2009, 15% was due on November 24, 2010 and 70% is due on November 24, 2011. The senior debt repayment tranche originally scheduled for November 24, 2009 was prepaid on May 11, 2009 in the amount of \$78.6 million, and the senior debt repayment tranche originally scheduled for November 24, 2010 was prepaid on March 31, 2010 in the amount of \$78.1 million. At the Company s current Debt Cover Ratio, the facilities bear interest of Euribor, for Euro-denominated loans, and Libor for the other loans, plus a margin of 45 basis points for both.

The Senior Facilities Agreement contains a margin ratchet. Pursuant to this provision, which applies from November 24, 2007 onwards, the applicable margin will vary between 90 basis points and 45 basis points per annum according to the Company s leverage multiple (i.e. the ratio of consolidated total net debt to consolidated adjusted EBITDA as defined in the Senior Facilities Agreement). Interest rate swaps were established for 66.6% of the interest until March 2010. These swaps expired on March 31, 2010 and were not renewed. The interest rate swaps fixed the LIBOR or EURIBOR element of interest payable on 66.7% of the principal amount of the loans for defined twelve and thirteen month interest periods over the lifetime of the swaps, respectively. The defined interest rates fixed for each twelve or thirteen month interest period ranged from 3.50% to 5.24%. Settlement of the swaps was required on a quarterly basis.

The Senior Facilities Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit Sirona s ability to make loans, make investments (including in joint ventures), incur additional indebtedness, make acquisitions or pay dividends, subject to agreed-upon exceptions. The Company has agreed to certain financial debt covenants in relation to the financing. The covenants stipulate that the Company must maintain certain ratios in respect of interest payments and defined earnings measures. If the Company breaches any of the covenants, the loans will be become repayable on demand.

Debt issuance costs of \$5.6 million were incurred in relation to the financing in November 2006 and were capitalized as deferred charges and are amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the loan.

9. Income Taxes

For the nine months of fiscal year 2010, an estimated effective tax rate of 20% has been applied, compared to an estimated effective tax rate of 24% for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009 and an effective tax rate for fiscal year 2009 of 14.7%. The estimated effective tax rate is primarily driven by the expected distribution of profits across different countries. Factors such as variances between the expected and actual distribution of profits for the remainder of the year could result in a deviation of the actual from the estimated tax rate.

With limited exception, the Company and its subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local or non-U.S. income tax examinations by taxing authorities for tax returns filed with respect to periods prior to fiscal year 2005.

10. Income per Share

The computation of basic and diluted income per share is as follows:

		hree months 2010 000s (except p	-	2009	1	ine months o 2010 00s (except p	-	2009
Net income attributable to Sirona Dental								
Systems, Inc. common shareholders	\$	16,577	\$	20,468	\$	65,291	\$	26,622
Weighted average shares outstanding basic	55	5,227,417	54	,878,923	55	,105,687	54	,861,885
Dilutive effect of stock options	1	1,511,947		677,944	1	,481,621		336,448
Weighted average shares outstanding diluted	56	5,739,364	55	,556,867	56	,587,308	55	,198,333
Income per share								
Basic	\$	0.30	\$	0.37	\$	1.18	\$	0.49
Diluted	\$	0.29	\$	0.37	\$	1.15	\$	0.48

Stock options to acquire 86,500 and 361,500 shares of Sirona s common stock that were granted in connection with the Company s stock option plans were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, because the options underlying exercise prices were greater than the average market price of Sirona s common stock for the respective period.

11. Product Warranty

The following table provides the changes in the product warranty accrual for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Three months		Nine m	onths
	ended			led
	June	e 30,	June	e 30,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$ (000s	\$ ()00s
Balance at beginning of the period	\$ 11,626	\$ 11,806	\$ 11,506	\$ 12,176
Accruals for warranties issued during the period	2,674	4,534	14,073	15,005
Warranty settlements made during the period	(3,635)	(5,020)	(14,081)	(15,083)
Translation adjustment	(1,078)	612	(1,911)	(165)
Balance at the end of the period	\$ 9,587	\$ 11,932	\$ 9,587	\$ 11,933

12. Pension Plans

Components of net periodic benefit costs are as follows:

	Three r	nonths	Nine months		
	end June		end June		
	2010	2010 2009		2009 2009	
Service cost, net	\$ 60	\$ 73	\$ 195	\$ 213	
Interest cost	585	660	1,897	1,933	
Amortization of actuarial gains	(104)	(122)	(337)	(357)	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 541	\$ 611	\$ 1,755	\$ 1,789	

13. Net Other Operating Income

Net other operating income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$3.3 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, compared to net other operating income of \$1.9 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009. In both periods, net other operating income included \$2.5 million (three months) and \$7.5 million (nine months), respectively, of income resulting from the amortization of the deferred income relating to the Patterson exclusivity payment. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2010, net other operating income included a gain of \$0.8 million from the release of the remaining accrued restructuring costs. In the nine months ended June 30, 2010, net other operating income included a gain from the sale of a subsidiary in Italy of \$0.9 million. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, net other operating income included a gain from the sale of a sales and service subsidiary in Spain of \$1.2 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, net other operating income included a gain from the sale of a sales and service subsidiary in Spain of \$1.2 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, net other operating income included June 30, 2009, net other operating income included June 30, 2009, net other operating income included a gain from the sale of a sales and service subsidiary in Spain of \$1.2 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, net other operating income included restructuring costs of \$1.8 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

Restructuring Costs

In fiscal year 2009, we incurred restructuring costs of \$8.2 million included in net other operating income for certain actions to reduce operating costs and thereby to improve the efficiency of our organization.

As of September 30, 2009, we had accrued restructuring costs in the amount of \$4.2 million. In the three months ended June 30, 2010, we completed our restructuring efforts and released the remaining accrual of \$0.8 million, as actual expenses were lower than the estimated restructuring costs. The development of restructuring costs in the current fiscal year is presented in the following table:

	Accrual at October 1, 2009	ructuring s/(Release)	Pa	yments \$ 000s	adji	y translation ustment	Accrual at June 30, 2010
Severance costs	\$ 3,660	\$ (755)	\$	2,567	\$	(338)	\$
Consulting costs	581			585		4	
Total	\$ 4,241	\$ (755)	\$	3,152	\$	(334)	\$

14. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Strategies

Our operations are exposed to market risks from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. In the normal course of business, these risks are managed through a variety of strategies, including the use of derivatives.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk associated with fluctuations in the interest rates on its variable interest rate debt. In order to manage this risk, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements that convert the debt s variable interest rate to a fixed interest rate. While these swap agreements were considered to be economic hedges, they are not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815.

Interest rate swaps were established for 66.6% of the interest until March 2010. These swaps expired on March 31, 2010 and were not renewed. The interest rate swaps fixed the LIBOR or EURIBOR element of interest payable on 66.7% of the principal amount of the loans for defined twelve and thirteen month interest periods over the lifetime of the swaps, respectively. The defined interest rates fixed for each twelve or thirteen month interest period ranged from 3.50% to 5.24%. Settlement of the swaps was required on a quarterly basis.

Foreign Currency Exposure

Although the U.S. Dollar is Sirona s reporting currency, its functional currency varies depending on the country of operation. During the periods under review, particularly the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate fluctuated significantly, thereby impacting Sirona s financial results.

In order to manage foreign currency exposures, the Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts (USD, AUD, and JPY). As with its interest rate swap instruments, the Company enters into forward contracts that are considered to be economic hedges, which are not considered hedging instruments under ASC 815.

As of June 30, 2010, these contracts had notional amounts totaling \$51.4 million. These agreements are relatively short-term (generally six months).

The fair value carrying amount of the Company s derivative instruments at June 30, 2010 is described in Note 15 Fair Value Measurements and Financial Instruments.

The location and amount of gains and losses from the fair value changes of derivative instruments reported in our condensed consolidated income statement were as follows:

	For the three	e months ended	For the nine	months ended
	June 30, 2010 Amount	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009
Location of (Gain)/Loss	of (Gain)/Loss	Amount of	Amount of (Gain)/Loss	Amount of
Recognized in Income on	Recognized in Income on	(Gain)/Loss Recognized in Income on	Recognized in Income on	(Gain)/Loss Recognized in Income on
Derivative	Derivative	Derivative	Derivative	Derivative
(Gain)/Loss on derivative instruments	\$	\$ (2,074)	\$ (6,364)	\$ 6,492
Loss/(Gain) on derivative instruments	2,598	(1,065)	6,227	(4,904)
	\$ 2,598	\$ (3,139)	\$ (137)	\$ 1,588

15. Fair Value Measurements and Financial Instruments

On October 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, for assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be

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received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded or disclosed at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and the credit risk of the Company and counterparties to the arrangement.

ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. A financial instrument s categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement. ASC 820 establishes and prioritizes the following three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management s estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The Company s liabilities related to foreign exchange contracts measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2010 represent derivative liabilities of \$4,380 and are valued based on Level 2 inputs. As of June 30, 2010, the Company had no assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

In the Company s June 30, 2010 Consolidated Balance Sheet, derivative liabilities are classified as accrued liabilities and deferred income, respectively.

The Company did not elect the fair value option for any eligible financial instruments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist of cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and foreign currency forward contracts. The carrying amounts of cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their respective fair values because of the short-term nature of these items. The fair value of foreign currency forward contracts is estimated by obtaining quotes from financial institutions.

16. Segment Reporting

The following tables reflect the results of the Company s reportable segments under the Company s management reporting system. The segment performance measure used to monitor segment performance is gross profit (Segment Performance Measure) excluding the impact of the acquisition of control of the Sirona business by Sirona Holdings Luxco S.C.A. (Luxco), a Luxembourg-based holding entity owned by funds managed by Madison Dearborn Partners (MDP), Beecken Petty O Keefe and management of Sirona, through a leveraged buyout transaction on June 30, 2005 (the MDP Transaction) and the acquisition of Schick (the Exchange) in 2006. This measure is considered by management to better reflect the performance of each segment as it eliminates the need to allocate centrally incurred costs and significant purchase accounting impacts that the Company does not believe are representative of the performance of the segments. Furthermore, the Company monitors performance geographically by region. As the Company manages its business on both a product and a geographical basis, U.S. GAAP requires segmental disclosure based on product information.

	Three	nonths	ne months	
	end	led	end	led
	June		June	
	2010	2009 000s	2010	2009 000s
Revenue external	יק	0005	φ	0005
Dental CAD/CAM Systems	\$ 63,298	\$ 63,226	\$ 203,420	\$ 179,249
Imaging Systems	61,771	52,498	192,287	166,933
Treatment Centers	35,027	41,314	118,735	113,441
Instruments	22,191	23,334	72,444	65,061
Tetel	\$ 182,287	190 272	=97 997	524 (94
Total	\$ 182,287	180,372	586,886	524,684
Electronic Center and corporate	131	209	491	440
Total	\$ 182,418	\$ 180,581	\$ 587,377	\$ 525,124
Revenue internal				
Dental CAD/CAM Systems	\$	\$	\$	\$
Imaging Systems	10	12	25	39
Treatment Centers	6	10	22	25
Instruments	2,452	2,542	7,295	6,909
Intercompany elimination	(2,468)	(2,564)	(7,342)	(6,973)
Total	\$			
Electronic Center and corporate	4,367	5,039	14,798	14,829
Intercompany elimination	(4,367)	(5,039)	(14,798)	(14,829)
	(4,507)	(3,037)	(14,790)	(14,02))
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue total				
Dental CAD/CAM Systems	\$ 63,298	\$ 63,226	\$ 203,420	\$ 179,249
Imaging Systems	61,781	52,510	192,312	166,972
Treatment Centers	35,033	41,324	118,757	113,466
Instruments	24,643	25,876	79,739	71,970
Total	\$ 184,755	182,936	594,228	531,657
Electronic Center and corporate	4,498	5,248	15,289	15,269
Total	\$ 189,253	\$ 188,184	\$ 609,517	\$ 546,926
Segment performance measure				
Dental CAD/CAM Systems	\$ 44,920	\$ 42,966	\$ 143,354	\$ 123,927
Imaging Systems	37,307	30,923	116,483	98,935
Treatment Centers	14,349	17,346	49,025	44,380
Instruments	9,753	10,195	33,176	29,122
Total	\$ 106,329	101,430	342,038	296,364
Electronic Center and corporate	1,271	854	6,457	1,990
Total	\$ 107,600	\$ 102,284	\$ 348,495	\$ 298,354

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Depreciation and amortization expense				
Dental CAD/CAM Systems	\$ 1,440	\$ 1,276	\$ 4,254	\$ 3,404
Imaging Systems	1,293	1,358	3,928	3,682
Treatment Centers	1,464	1,678	4,791	4,497
Instruments	704	826	2,412	2,094
Total	\$ 4,901	5,138	15,385	13,677
Total Electronic Center and corporate	\$ 4,901 272	5,138 37	15,385 1,439	13,677 898

Reconciliation of the results of the segment performance measure to the consolidated statements of operations

The following table and discussion provide a reconciliation of the total results of operations of the Company s business segments under management reporting to the consolidated financial statements. The differences shown between management reporting and U.S. GAAP for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are mainly due to the impact of purchase accounting. Purchase accounting effects are not included in gross profit as the Company does not believe these to be representative of the performance of each segment.

Inter-segment transactions are based on amounts which management believes are approximate to the amounts of transactions with unrelated third parties.

Revenue 182,28 Total segments (external) \$ 182,28 Electronic center and corporate 13 Consolidated revenue 182,41 Depreciation and amortization 1 Total segments 4,90 Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate 14,80 Consolidated depreciation and amortization 19,70 Segment performance measure 19,70	ended June 30, 2009 \$ 000s	Jun 2010	ded 1e 30, 2009
2010RevenueTotal segments (external)\$ 182,28Electronic center and corporate13Consolidated revenue182,41Depreciation and amortization4,90Total segments4,90Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate14,80Consolidated depreciation and amortization19,70	2009	2010	,
Revenue \$ 182,28 Total segments (external) \$ 182,28 Electronic center and corporate 13 Consolidated revenue 182,41 Depreciation and amortization 4,90 Total segments 4,90 Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate 14,80 Consolidated depreciation and amortization 19,70			2009
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Consolidated revenue 182,41 Depreciation and amortization 182,41 Total segments 4,90 Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate 14,80 Consolidated depreciation and amortization 19,70	. ,		440
Depreciation and amortization Total segments 4,90 Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate 14,80 Consolidated depreciation and amortization 19,70	20)	171	
Total segments4,90Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate14,80Consolidated depreciation and amortization19,70	.8 180,581	587,377	525,124
Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate14,80Consolidated depreciation and amortization19,70			
Consolidated depreciation and amortization 19,70	5,138	15,385	13,677
•	17,729	46,887	53,803
Segment performance measure	22,867	62,272	67,480
Segment perior mance incasure			
Total segments 106,32	.9 101,430	342,038	296,364
Differences management reporting vs. US GAAP, electronic center and corporate (12,15	(14,632	2) (36,160)	(42,250)
Consolidated gross profit 94,17	5 86,798	305,878	254,114
Selling, general and administrative expense 54,99	53,437	175,200	166,907
Research and development 11,64	8 9,897	34,803	30,998
Provision for doubtful accounts and notes receivable 4	421	183	867
Net other operating income (3.25	(1,881	.) (9,162)	(5,072)
(Gain)/loss on foreign currency transactions, net 6,00	3 (5,111) 10,419	5,558
(Gain)/loss on derivative instruments 2,59	(3,139) (137)	1,588
Interest expense, net 85	5,331	10,200	16,988
Other expense ((0)	775	
	(9)	115	
Income before taxes \$ 21,29	(9)	,15	

17. Related parties

Sirona Holdings S.C.A. Luxembourg (Luxco)

The Company and Luxco, a significant owner of the Company, are parties to an advisory services agreement that was automatically renewed for a one-year term on October 1, 2009. Under the agreement, which became effective October 1, 2005, Sirona pays an annual fee to Luxco of 325 (approximately \$399), and Luxco provides to Sirona certain advisory services regarding the structure, terms and condition of debt offerings by Sirona, financing sources and options, business development and other services. In addition, pursuant to an agreement between Luxco and MDP IV Offshore GP, LP, MDP IV Offshore GP, LP provides these services to the Company in exchange for a fee from Luxco of 324.6.

In December 2009, Luxco sold 7,100,000 shares pursuant to an underwritten follow-on public offering. The Company incurred \$0.4 million of costs pursuant to the terms of a registration rights agreement.

In February 2010, Luxco sold 7,000,000 shares pursuant to an underwritten follow-on public offering. The Company incurred \$0.4 million of costs pursuant to the terms of a registration rights agreement.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report and the MD&A included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. Actual results and the timing of certain events may differ significantly from those projected in such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those set forth in Results of Operations in this Item and elsewhere in this Report. All amounts are reported in thousands of U.S. Dollars (\$), except as otherwise disclosed.

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this report regarding the Company, its financial position, products, business strategy and plans and objectives of management of the Company for future operations, are forward-looking statements. When used in this report, words such as anticipate, believe. estimate. expect, plans and similar expressions, or the negatives thereof or variations thereon or comparable terminology as they relate to the intend. objectives, Company, its products or its management, identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of the Company s management, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company s management. Actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to, those contained in the Risk Factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. All forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this report and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events other than required by law.

Overview

Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. (Sirona, the Company, we, us, and our refer to Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and their predecessors) is the leading manufacturer of high-quality, technologically advanced dental equipment, and is focused on developing, manufacturing and marketing innovative systems and solutions for dentists around the world. The Company is uniquely positioned to benefit from several trends in the global dental industry, such as technological innovation, increased use of CAD/CAM systems in restorative dentistry, the shift to digital imaging, favorable demographic trends and growing patient focus on dental health and cosmetic appearance. The Company has its headquarters in Long Island City, New York and its largest facility in Bensheim, Germany.

Sirona has a long tradition of innovation in the dental industry. The Company introduced the first dental electric drill 130 years ago, the first dental computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing (CAD/CAM) system 24 years ago, and numerous other significant innovations in dentistry. Sirona continues to make significant investments in research and development, and its track record of innovative and profitable new products continues today with numerous recent product launches including: the inEOS Blue (launched in January 2010), the Galileos and CEREC combination (launched in September 2009), the CEREC AC unit (launched in January 2009), the Galileos Compact 3D imaging system (launched in July 2008), the TENEO treatment center (launched in July 2008) and the CAD/CAM milling unit MC XL (launched in fiscal year 2007).

Sirona manages its business on both a product and geographic basis and has four segments: Dental CAD/CAM Systems, Imaging Systems, Treatment Centers, and Instruments. Sirona has the broadest product portfolio in the industry, and is capable of fully outfitting and integrating a dental practice. Products from each category are marketed in all geographical sales regions.

The Company s business has grown substantially over the past five years, driven by numerous high-tech product introductions, a continued expansion of its global sales and service infrastructure, strong relationships with key distribution partners, namely Patterson and Henry Schein, and an international dealer network. Patterson and Henry Schein accounted for 32% and 17%, respectively, of Sirona s global revenues for the nine month period ended June 30, 2010.

The U.S. market is the largest individual market for Sirona, followed by Germany. Between fiscal 2004 and 2009, the Company increased U.S. revenues from \$88.2 million to \$221.2 million, driven by innovative products, particularly in the CAD/CAM and imaging segments, and the Schick acquisition. Patterson made a payment of \$100 million to Sirona in July 2005 in exchange for the exclusive distribution rights for CAD/CAM products in the U.S. and Canada until 2017 (the Patterson exclusivity payment). The amount received was recorded as deferred income and is being recognized on a straight-line basis that commenced at the beginning of the exclusivity period in fiscal 2008.

In addition to strong U.S. market growth, Sirona has pursued expansion in non-U.S. and non-German markets. Between fiscal 2004 and 2009, the Company increased revenues in non-U.S. and non-German markets from \$190.9 million to \$344.8 million. To support this growth, Sirona expanded its local presence and distribution channels by establishing sales and service locations in Japan, Australia, China, Italy, France, and the UK. The expansion helped to increase market share but also contributed to higher SG&A expenses. Due to the international nature of the Company s business, movements in global foreign exchange rates have a significant effect on financial results.

The weak global economy in 2009 resulted in a challenging environment for selling dental technology, which impacted Sirona s revenues. In fiscal year 2009, U.S. revenues were flat and international revenues decreased 8.2% (up 1.8% on a constant currency basis). During fiscal year 2009, the Company introduced breakthrough advancements in dental care, led by the CEREC AC. In the context of the weak global economy, the Company implemented a near-term cost savings and deferral plan for 2009 and separately undertook certain targeted actions to reduce operating costs and to increase efficiency on a longer term basis. We finished the year with a robust fourth quarter with constant currency revenue growth of 8.4%, driven by our innovative high-tech product line.

The positive trends from the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2009 continued during the first nine months of fiscal 2010. This development was driven by our recent innovative product launches and our technologically advanced product portfolio. Our net income benefited from robust sales growth, margin expansion, expense management initiatives, and debt reduction. Our targeted cost saving actions are on plan, and we started reinvesting some of these cost savings in the third quarter of fiscal 2010, and we expect to continue some investments in the fourth quarter. Cash flow from operations was strong, mainly driven by operating income and lower interest payments.

Significant Factors that Affect Sirona s Results of Operations

The MDP Transaction and the Exchange

The assets and liabilities acquired in the MDP Transaction and the Exchange were partially stepped up to fair value, and a related deferred tax liability was recorded. The excess of the total purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired, including IPR&D, which were expensed at the date of closing of the MDP Transaction and the Exchange, was allocated to goodwill and is subject to periodic impairment testing.

Sirona s cost of goods sold, research and development, selling, general and administrative expense and operating results have been and will continue to be materially affected by depreciation and amortization costs resulting from the step-up to fair value of Sirona s assets and liabilities.

Fluctuations in U.S. Dollar/Euro Exchange Rate

Although the U.S. Dollar is Sirona's reporting currency, its functional currency varies depending on the country of operation. For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, approximately 44% of Sirona's revenue and approximately 72% of its expenses were denominated in Euros. During the periods under review, the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate has fluctuated significantly, thereby impacting Sirona's financial results. Between October 1, 2008 and June 30, 2010, the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rates used to calculate items included in Sirona's financial statements varied from a low of 1.1919 to a high of 1.5121 and as of June 30, 2010 and September 30, 2009 were 1.2287 and 1.4662, respectively. Although Sirona does not apply hedge accounting, Sirona has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage foreign currency exposure. As of June 30, 2010, these contracts had notional amounts totaling \$51.4 million. As these agreements are relatively short-term (generally six months), continued fluctuation in the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate could materially affect Sirona's results of operations.

Certain revenue information under Results of Operations below is presented on a constant currency basis. This information is a non-GAAP financial measure. Sirona supplementally presents revenue on a constant currency basis because it believes this information facilitates a comparison of Sirona s operating results from period to period without regard to changes resulting solely from fluctuations in currency rates. Sirona calculates constant currency revenue growth by comparing current period revenues to prior period revenues with both periods converted at the U.S. Dollar/Euro average foreign exchange rate for each month of the current period. The average monthly exchange rate for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$1.37990 and varied from \$1.48990 to \$1.22161. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2009, an average quarterly foreign exchange rate converting Euro-denominated revenues into U.S. Dollars of \$1.36206 and \$1.3266, respectively, was applied.

Loans made to Sirona under the Senior Facilities Agreement entered into November 22, 2006 are denominated in the functional currency of the respective borrowers. See Liquidity and Capital Resources for a discussion of our Senior Facilities Agreement. However, intra-group loans are denominated in the functional currency of only one of the parties to the loan agreements. Where intra-group loans are of a long-term investment nature, the potential non-cash fluctuations in exchange rates are reflected within other comprehensive income. These fluctuations may be significant in any period due to changes in the exchange rates between the Euro and the U.S. Dollar.

Fluctuations in Quarterly Operating Results

Sirona s quarterly operating results have varied in the past and are likely to vary in the future. These variations result from a number of factors, many of which are substantially outside its control, including:

the timing of new product introductions by us and our competitors;

the timing of industry tradeshows;

changes in relationships with distributors;

developments in government reimbursement policies;

changes in product mix;

our ability to supply products to meet customer demand;

fluctuations in manufacturing costs;

income tax incentives;

currency fluctuations; and

general economic conditions, as well as those specific to the healthcare industry and related industries. Due to the variations which Sirona has experienced in its quarterly operating results, it does not believe that period-to-period comparisons of results of operations of Sirona are necessarily meaningful or reliable as indicators of current and future performance.

Effective Tax Rate

Sirona s effective tax rate may vary significantly from period to period. Various factors may have a favorable or unfavorable impact on our effective tax rate. These factors may include, but are not limited to, the actual distribution of profits across the different jurisdictions, tax planning initiatives, changes in local tax rates, as well as the timing and deductibility of expenses for tax purposes.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2009

Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$182.4 million, an increase of \$1.8 million, or 1.0%, compared with the three months ended June 30, 2009. On a constant currency basis, adjusting for the fluctuations in the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate, total revenue increased by 6.0%. By segment, Imaging Systems increased 17.7% (up 22.0% on a constant currency basis), CAD/CAM increased 0.1% (up 4.3% on a constant currency basis), Instruments decreased 4.8% (up 1.6% on a constant currency basis), and Treatment Centers decreased 15.3% (down 9.6% on a constant currency basis).

We were able to grow revenues due to the demand for our innovative products, and we continue to benefit from our global sales and service infrastructure. Our products enable dental professionals to improve their clinical results and to increase the profitability of their practices. On a constant currency basis, growth occurred in all segments, except for Treatment Centers, which was particularly impacted by the timing of the bi-annual International Dental Show in Cologne last year.

Revenue in the United States for the three months ended June 30, 2010 increased by 33.7% compared to the prior year period, driven by the Imaging and CAD/CAM segment performance. CAD/CAM revenues benefited from shipments in anticipation of the Patterson AC trade-up promotion.

Revenue outside the United States decreased by 10.2%. On a constant currency basis, adjusting for the fluctuations in the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate, these revenues decreased by 4.2%. The decrease was mainly seen in Germany, whereas other regions, such as Asia-Pacific continued to show solid growth. The third quarter of fiscal year 2009 benefited significantly from sales stemming from the bi-annual International Dental Show in Cologne.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$88.2 million, a decrease of \$5.6 million, or 5.9%, as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2009. The decrease was primarily due to a weaker Euro compared to the U.S. Dollar and lower amortization expense. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue was 51.6% compared to 48.1% in the prior year. Cost of sales included amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$13.4 million as well as non-cash option expense of \$0.03 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. Excluding these amounts, costs of sales as a percentage of revenue was 41.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and therefore gross profit as a percentage of revenue was 59.0% compared to 57.3%. The expansion of gross profit margin was driven by product and regional mix and a weaker Euro compared to the U.S. Dollar.

Selling, General and Administrative

SG&A expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$55.0 million, an increase of \$1.6 million, or 3.0%, as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2009. SG&A expense included amortization and depreciation resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$0.8 million, as well as non-cash option expense in the amount of \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared with \$1.0 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2009. Excluding these amounts, as a percentage of revenue, SG&A expense increased to 27.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2010 as compared with 27.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2009. The development of SG&A expenses is mainly driven by a weaker Euro compared to the U.S. Dollar and higher sales.

Research and Development

R&D expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$11.6 million, an increase of \$1.8 million, or 17.7%, as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2009. The increase is mainly driven by the timing of projects. R&D expense included non-cash stock option expense in the amount of \$0.05 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009. Excluding these amounts, as a percentage of revenue, R&D expense was 6.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared with 5.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared with 5.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared with 5.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2009.

Net Other Operating (Income)/Loss and Restructuring Costs

Net other operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$3.3 million, compared to a net other operating income of \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. In both periods net other operating income included \$2.5 million income resulting from the amortization of the deferred income relating to the Patterson exclusivity payment. In the three months ended June 30, 2010, net other operating income included \$0.8 million of income from the release of accrued restructuring costs. In the three months ended June 30, 2009, net other operating income included a gain from the sale of a sales and services subsidiary in Spain of \$1.2 million.

In December 2008 we announced certain actions to reduce operating costs and thereby to improve the efficiency of our organization. These actions predominantly relate to overhead functions in Germany including increased automation of our processes, the optimization of the supply chain as well as increased efficiency in our administrative functions.

In the three months period ended June 30, 2010, we completed our restructuring efforts and released accrued restructuring costs in the amount of \$0.8 million, as actual expenses were lower than the estimated restructuring costs. For the three months period ended June 30, 2009, we incurred restructuring costs of \$ 1.8 million (\$1.4 million after taxes), consisting of employee severance pay and benefits and outside consulting fees directly related to the restructuring plan.

Loss/(Gain) on Foreign Currency Transactions

Loss on foreign currency transactions for the three months ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$6.0 million compared to a gain of \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010, the loss included an unrealized non-cash foreign currency loss of \$6.7 million on the U.S. Dollar denominated deferred income, resulting from the currency revaluation adjustment of the Patterson exclusivity payment and a \$5.8 million loss due to the currency revaluation of U.S. Dollar denominated short-term intra-group loans. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency transactions for the three months ended June 30, 2010 resulted in a gain of \$6.5 million. For the three months ended June 30, 2010 resulted in a gain of \$6.5 million. For the three months ended June 30, 2009, the gain included an unrealized non-cash foreign currency gain of \$4.8 million on the U.S. Dollar denominated deferred income resulting from the currency revaluation adjustment of the Patterson exclusivity payment and a \$3.1 million gain due to the currency revaluation of U.S. Dollar denominated short-term intra-group loans. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency revaluation adjustment of the Patterson exclusivity payment and a \$3.1 million gain due to the currency revaluation of U.S. Dollar denominated short-term intra-group loans. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency transactions for the three months ended June 30, 2009 resulted in a loss of \$2.8 million.

Loss/(Gain) on Derivative Instruments

Loss on derivative instruments for the three months ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$2.6 million compared to a gain of \$3.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. For the three months ended June 30, 2010, the loss represented a non-cash loss on foreign currency hedges of \$2.6 million. The gain for the three months ended June 30, 2009 included an unrealized non-cash gain of \$2.1 million on interest swaps, as well as a non-cash gain on foreign currency hedges of \$1.0 million.

Interest Expense

Net interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$0.9 million, compared to \$5.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. This decrease resulted mainly from interest rate swaps that ended in March 2010 and were not renewed as well as (i) lower interest rates, and (ii) lower overall debt levels.

Income Tax Provision

The income tax provision for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$4.3 million, compared to \$6.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. For the third quarter of fiscal year 2010, an estimated effective tax rate of 20% has been applied, compared to an estimated effective tax rate of 24% for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, and an effective tax rate of 14.7% in fiscal 2009. The estimated effective tax rate is primarily driven by the expected distribution of profits across different countries.

Net Income

Sirona s net income for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$16.6 million, a decrease of \$3.9 million, as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2009. Third quarter 2010 net income included amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of intangible and tangible assets related to past business combinations (i.e. the Exchange and the MDP transaction deal related amortization and depreciation) of \$14.2 million (\$11.4 million net of tax), unrealized, non-cash foreign currency losses on the deferred income from the Patterson exclusivity payment of \$6.7 million (\$5.4 million net of tax) and losses on short-term intra-group loans of \$5.8 million (\$4.6 million net of tax).

Sirona s net income for the three month period ended June 30, 2009 included deal related amortization and depreciation of \$17.6 million (\$13.4 million net of tax), currency revaluation gains on the deferred income from the Patterson exclusivity payment of \$4.8 million (\$3.7 million net of tax) and revaluation gains on short-term intra-group loans of \$3.1 million (\$2.3 million net of tax).

Share-based compensation expense was \$3.8 million (\$3.0 million net of tax) in the third quarter of 2010, compared to \$3.8 million (\$2.9 million net of tax) in the prior year period.

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended June 30, 2009

Revenue

Revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$587.4 million, an increase of \$62.3 million, or 11.9%, as compared with the nine months ended June 30, 2009. On a constant currency basis, adjusting for the fluctuations in the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate, total revenue increased by 9.0%. By segment, Imaging Systems increased 15.2% (up 13.0% on a constant currency basis), CAD/CAM Systems increased 13.5% (up 11.2% on a constant currency basis), Instruments increased 11.4% (up 7.4% on a constant currency basis), and Treatment Centers increased 4.7% (up 0.9% on a constant currency basis).

We were able to grow revenues in all segments due to the demand for our innovative product offering, and we continue to benefit from our global sales and service infrastructure. Our products enable dental professionals to improve their clinical results and to increase the profitability of their practices. Our new innovative products, including CEREC AC, Galileos, and Teneo, continued to show strong demand.

Revenue in the United States for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 increased by 16.8% compared to the same period of the prior year.

Revenue outside the United States increased by 9.7%. On a constant currency basis, adjusting for the fluctuations in the U.S. Dollar/Euro exchange rate, revenue increased by 5.7%. Revenue growth was particularly driven by Asia Pacific, especially Australia, Japan, and China.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$281.5 million, an increase of \$10.5 million, or 3.9%, as compared with the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase in cost of sales is due to higher sales. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue was 52.1% compared to 48.4% in the prior year. Cost of sales included amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$42.6 million as well as non-cash option expense of \$0.1 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2010, compared to amortization and

depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$48.9 million and non-cash option expense of \$0.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. Excluding these amounts, costs of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 40.7% for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 compared with 42.3% for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 and gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased by 1.6 percentage points to 59.3% from 57.7%. The positive development of the gross profit margin was mainly due to product mix across all segments.

Selling, General and Administrative

For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, SG&A expense was \$175.2 million, an increase of \$8.3 million, or 5.0%, as compared with the nine months ended June 30, 2009. SG&A expense included amortization and depreciation resulting from the step-up to fair values of tangible and intangible assets of \$2.5 million as well as non-cash option expense in the amount of \$11.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2010, compared with \$3.0 million and \$11.0 million, respectively, for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. Excluding these amounts, as a percentage of revenue, SG&A expense decreased to 27.4% for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 as compared with 29.1% for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase in SG&A is mainly driven by higher sales, whereas the decrease as a percentage of sales is mainly due to higher sales and cost savings.

Research and Development

R&D expense for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$34.8 million, an increase of \$3.8 million, or 12.3%, as compared with the nine months ended June 30, 2009. R&D expense included non-cash stock option expense in the amount of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

Excluding these amounts, R&D expense was 5.9% of revenues for the nine months ended June 30, 2010, compared with 5.8% for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The increase was primarily due to project timing.

Net Other Operating (Income)/Loss and Restructuring Costs

Net other operating income for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$9.2 million, compared to \$5.1 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. In both periods net other operating income included \$7.5 million resulting from the amortization of the deferred income relating to the Patterson exclusivity payment. In the nine months ended June 30, 2010 net other operating income also included a gain from the sale of a subsidiary in Italy of \$0.9 million as well as a \$0.8 million gain from the release of the accrued restructuring expenses. In the nine months ended June 30, 2009 net other operating income also included a gain from the sale of a sales and service subsidiary in Spain of \$2.1 million and restructuring costs of \$4.5 million (\$3.2 million after taxes), consisting of employee severance pay and benefits and outside consulting fees directly related to the restructuring plan.

In December 2008 we announced certain actions to reduce operating costs and thereby improve the efficiency of our organization. These actions predominantly relate to overhead functions in Germany, including increased automation of our processes, the optimization of the supply chain, as well as increased efficiency in our administrative functions.

In the nine month period ended June 30, 2010, we completed our restructuring efforts and released the accrued restructuring costs in the amount of \$0.8 million, as actual expenses were lower than the estimated restructuring costs.

Loss on Foreign Currency Transactions

Loss on foreign currency transactions for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$10.4 million compared to a loss of \$5.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. For the nine months ended June 30, 2010 the loss included an unrealized non-cash foreign currency loss of \$13.2 million on the U.S. Dollar denominated deferred income, resulting from the translation adjustment of the Patterson exclusivity payment, as well as a non-cash foreign currency loss on U.S. Dollar denominated short-term intra-group loans to European entities of \$11.5 million. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency transactions for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 resulted in a gain of \$14.3 million. For the nine months ended June 30, 2009 the loss included an unrealized non-cash foreign currency loss of \$1.5 million on the U.S. Dollar denominated deferred income resulting from the translation adjustment of the Patterson exclusivity payment, as well as a non-cash foreign currency loss on U.S. Dollar denominated short-term intra-group loans of \$0.8 million. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency transactions for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 resulted in a loss of \$0.8 million. Excluding these amounts, foreign currency transactions for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 resulted in a loss of \$3.3 million.

(Gain)/Loss on Derivative Instruments

Gain on derivative instruments for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$0.1 million compared to a loss of \$1.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, the gain included a non-cash gain of \$6.4 million on interest swaps, as well as a non-cash loss on foreign currency hedges of \$6.3 million. The loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, included an unrealized non-cash loss of \$6.5 million on interest swaps, as well as a non-cash gain on foreign currency hedges of \$6.5 million.

Interest Expense

Net interest expense for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$10.2 million, compared to \$17.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. This decrease resulted mainly from interest rate swaps that ended in March 2010 and were not renewed, as well as (i) lower interest rates, and (ii) lower overall debt levels.

Other Expense

Professional fees of \$0.8 million, related to the December 2009 and February 2010 follow-on public offerings, were incurred in the nine months ended June 30, 2010. No other expense was incurred for the nine months ended June 30, 2009.

Income Tax Provision

The income tax provision for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$16.7 million, compared to \$9.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. For fiscal year 2010, an estimated effective tax rate of 20% has been applied compared to an estimated effective tax rate of 24% for the first nine months of fiscal year 2009, and an actual effective tax rate of 14.7% for fiscal year 2009. The 2010 effective tax rate is expected to be higher than 2009, due to a variety of factors including the estimated distribution of profits across the different countries.

Net Income

Sirona s net income for the nine months ended June 30, 2010 was \$65.3 million, an increase of \$38.7 million, as compared with the nine months ended June 30, 2009. Net income included amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of intangible and tangible assets related to the Exchange and the MDP Transaction (deal related amortization and depreciation) of \$45.1 million (\$36.1 million net of tax), unrealized, non-cash foreign currency losses on the deferred income from the Patterson exclusivity payment of \$13.2 million (\$10.6 million net of tax) and losses on short-term intra-group loans of \$11.5 million (\$9.2 million net of tax).

Sirona s net income for the nine month period ended June 30, 2009 included amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of intangible and tangible assets related to the Exchange and the MDP Transaction (deal related amortization and depreciation) of \$51.9 million (\$38.0 million net of tax), unrealized, non-cash foreign currency losses on the deferred income from the Patterson exclusivity payment of \$1.5 million (\$0.9 million net of tax) and losses on short-term intra-group loans of \$0.8 million (\$0.5 million net of tax).

Share-based compensation expense was \$11.8 million (\$9.4 million net of tax) in the first three quarters of 2010, compared to \$11.6 million (\$8.4 million net of tax) in the prior year period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, Sirona's principal uses of cash, apart from operating requirements, including research and development expenses, have been for interest payments, debt repayment and acquisitions. Operating capital expenditures are approximately equal to operating depreciation (excluding any effects from the increased amortization and depreciation expense resulting from the step-up to fair values of Sirona's and Schick's assets and liabilities required under purchase accounting). Sirona's management believes that Sirona's working capital is sufficient for its present requirements.

The Senior Facilities Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit Sirona s ability to make loans, make investments (including in joint ventures), incur additional indebtedness, make acquisitions or pay dividends, subject to agreed exceptions. The Company has agreed to certain financial debt covenants in relation to the financing. The covenants stipulate that the Company must maintain certain ratios in respect of interest payments and defined earnings measures. If the Company breaches any of the covenants, the loans will be become repayable on demand.

The financial covenants require that the Company maintain a debt coverage ratio (Debt Cover Ratio) of consolidated total net debt to consolidated adjusted EBITDA (Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA) of no more than 2.50 to 1, and a cash interest coverage ratio (Cash Interest Cover Ratio) of consolidated adjusted EBITDA to cash interest costs of 4.00 to 1 or greater. The Company is required to test its ratios as of September 30 and March 31. As of March 31, 2010, the most recent period for which these ratios were calculated, the Company was in compliance with both ratios. For further information regarding the calculation of these ratios as of March 31, 2010, please see our Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2010 under the caption Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources.

Cash Flows

	Nine mont	hs ended
	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009
	\$ 0	00s
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 135,996	\$ 75,411
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,890)	(9,697)
Net cash used in financing activities	(74,572)	(79,594)
Increase/(decrease) in cash during the period (before exchange rate effects)	\$ 46,534	\$ (13,880)

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities represents net cash from operations, returns on investments, and payments for interest and taxation.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$136.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2010, compared to \$75.4 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. The primary contributing factor to the increase in cash provided by operating activities was an increase in operating income, as well as an improvement in working capital.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

For the nine months ended June 30, 2010, net cash used in investing activities represents cash used in capital expenditures in the course of normal operating activities, partly offset by proceeds from the sale of a subsidiary in Italy. The investing cash outflow for the nine months ended June 30, 2009, resulted from capital expenditures in the course of normal operating activities, partly offset by proceeds from the disposal of long-lived assets and from the sale of a subsidiary in Spain.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$74.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2010, compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$79.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2009. Net cash used in financing activities in the nine months ended June 30, 2010 primarily relates to the early repayment of senior debt that was originally due in November 2010 eight months ahead of schedule and the purchase of additional shares from a noncontrolling interest, partly offset by proceeds and tax-related benefits of stock options exercised in the first nine months of the fiscal year. Net cash used in financing activities in the nine months ended June 30, 2009, related to the prepayment of the senior debt originally due in November 2009 six months ahead of schedule as well as to the repayment of a bank loan in China and the purchase of treasury shares under the stock repurchase program.

Sirona s management believes that Sirona s operating cash flows and available cash (including restricted cash), together with its long-term borrowings, will be sufficient to fund its working capital needs, research and development expenses, anticipated capital expenditure and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future.

Capital Resources

Senior Facilities Agreement

On November 22, 2006, Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. entered into a senior facilities agreement (the Senior Facilities Agreement) as original guarantor, with Schick Technologies, Inc., a New York company and wholly owned subsidiary of Sirona (Schick NY), as original borrower and original guarantor, with Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, as original borrower and original guarantor, with Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, as original borrower and original guarantor, with Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, as original borrower and original guarantor and with Sirona Dental Systems LLC, Sirona Holding GmbH (subsequently merged with Sirona Dental Services GmbH) and Sirona Immobilien GmbH as original guarantors. Initial borrowings under the Senior Facilities Agreement plus excess cash were used to retire the outstanding borrowings under the Company s previous credit facilities.

The Senior Facilities Agreement includes: (1) a term loan A1 in an aggregate principal amount of \$150 million (the tranche A1 term loan) available to Sirona s subsidiary, Schick NY, as borrower; (2) a term loan A2 in an aggregate principal amount of Euro 275 million (the tranche A2 term loan) available to Sirona s subsidiary, Sirona Dental Services GmbH, as borrower; and (3) a \$150 million revolving credit facility available to Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, Schick NY and Sirona Dental Services GmbH, as initial borrowers. The revolving credit facility is available for borrowing in Euro, U.S. Dollars, Yen or any other freely available currency agreed to by the facility agent. The facilities are made available on an unsecured basis. Subject to certain limitations, each European guarantor guarantees the performance of each European borrower, except itself, and each U.S. guarantor guarantees the performance of each U.S. borrower, except itself. There are no cross-border guarantees since all guarantees are by entities that have the same functional currency as the currency in which the respective guaranteed borrowing is denominated.

Each of the senior term loans has a five year maturity and is to be repaid in three annual installments beginning on November 24, 2009 and ending on November 24, 2011. Of the amounts borrowed under the term loan facilities, 15% was due on November 24, 2009, 15% was due on November 24, 2010 and 70% is due on November 24, 2011. The senior debt repayment tranche originally scheduled for November 24, 2009 was prepaid on May 11, 2009 in the amount of \$78.6 million, and the senior debt repayment tranche originally scheduled for November 24, 2010 was prepaid on March 31, 2010 in the amount of \$78.1 million. At the Company s current Debt Cover Ratio, the facilities bear interest of Euribor, for Euro-denominated loans, and Libor for the other loans, plus a margin of 45 basis points for both.

The Senior Facilities Agreement contains a margin ratchet. Pursuant to this provision, which applies from November 24, 2007 onwards, the applicable margin will vary between 90 basis points and 45 basis points per annum according to the Company s leverage multiple (i.e. the ratio of consolidated total net debt to consolidated adjusted EBITDA as defined in the Senior Facilities Agreement). Interest rate swaps were established for 66.6% of the interest until March 2010. These swaps expired on March 31, 2010 and were not renewed. The interest rate swaps fixed the LIBOR or EURIBOR element of interest payable on 66.7% of the principal amount of the loans for defined twelve and thirteen month interest periods over the lifetime of the swaps, respectively. The defined interest rates fixed for each twelve or thirteen month interest period ranged from 3.50% to 5.24%. Settlement of the swaps was required on a quarterly basis.

The Senior Facilities Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit Sirona s ability to make loans, make investments (including in joint ventures), incur additional indebtedness, make acquisitions or pay dividends, subject to agreed exceptions. The Company has agreed to certain financial debt covenants in relation to the financing. The covenants stipulate that the Company must maintain certain ratios in respect of interest payments and defined earnings measures. If the Company breaches any of the covenants, the loans will be become repayable on demand.

Debt issuance costs of \$5.6 million were incurred in relation to the new financing and were capitalized as deferred charges.

Other Financial Data

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$ 000s		\$ 000s	
Net income attributable to Sirona Dental Systems, Inc.	\$ 16,577	\$ 20,468	\$ 65,291	\$ 26,622
Net interest expense	857	5,331	10,200	16,988
Provision for income taxes	4,258	6,683	16,719	9,045
Depreciation	5,162	5,175	16,091	14,575
Amortization	14,521	17,692	46,181	52,905
EBITDA	\$ 41,375	\$ 55,349	\$ 154,482	\$ 120,135

EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that is reconciled to net income, its most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, in the accompanying financial tables. EBITDA is defined as net earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. Sirona s management utilizes EBITDA as an operating performance measure in conjunction with U.S. GAAP measures, such as net income and gross margin calculated in conformity with U.S. GAAP. EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. There are material limitations associated with making the adjustments to Sirona s earnings to calculate EBITDA and using this non-GAAP financial measure. For instance, EBITDA does not include:

interest expense, and because Sirona has borrowed money in order to finance its operations, interest expense is a necessary element of its costs and ability to generate revenue;

depreciation and amortization expense, and because Sirona uses capital and intangible assets, depreciation and amortization expense is a necessary element of its costs and ability to generate revenue; and

tax expense, and because the payment of taxes is part of Sirona s operations, tax expense is a necessary element of costs and impacts Sirona s ability to operate.

In addition, other companies may define EBITDA differently. EBITDA, as well as the other information in this filing, should be read in conjunction with Sirona s consolidated financial statements and footnotes.

In addition to EBITDA, the accompanying financial tables also set forth certain supplementary information that Sirona believes is useful for investors in evaluating Sirona s underlying operations. This supplemental information includes gains/losses recorded in the periods presented which relate to the early extinguishment of debt, share based compensation, revaluation of U.S. Dollar denominated exclusivity payment and borrowings where the functional currency is Euro, and the Exchange. Sirona s management believes that these items are either nonrecurring or noncash in nature, and should be considered by investors in assessing Sirona s financial condition, operating performance and underlying strength.

Sirona s management uses EBITDA together with this supplemental information as an integral part of its reporting and planning processes and as one of the primary measures to, among other things:

- (i) monitor and evaluate the performance of Sirona s business operations;
- (ii) facilitate management s internal comparisons of the historical operating performance of Sirona s business operations;
- (iii) facilitate management s external comparisons of the results of its overall business to the historical operating performance of other companies that may have different capital structures and debt levels;
- (iv) analyze and evaluate financial and strategic planning decisions regarding future operating investments; and

(v) plan for and prepare future annual operating budgets and determine appropriate levels of operating investments. Sirona s management believes that EBITDA and the supplemental information provided is useful to investors as it provides them with disclosures of Sirona s operating results on the same basis as that used by Sirona s management.

Supplemental Information

	Three	nonths	Nine r	nonths
	ended June 30,		ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	\$ 000s		\$ 000s	
Share-based compensation	\$ 3,780	\$ 3,760	\$ 11,828	\$ 11,553
Unrealized, non-cash loss/(gain) on revaluation of the carrying				
value of the \$-denominated exclusivity fee	6,740	(4,813)	13,191	1,512
Unrealized, non-cash loss/(gain) on revaluation of the carrying				
value of short-term intra-group loans	5,835	(3,082)	11,506	830
	\$ 16,355	\$ (4,135)	\$ 36,525	\$ 13,895

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements that have not yet been adopted.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes to the Company s market risk as reported under Part II, Item 7A in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), as of June 30, 2010. Based upon this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2010, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information relating to the Company, including our consolidated subsidiaries, that is required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Commission s rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are currently no material legal proceedings pending.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There are no material changes from risk factors as previously disclosed by the Company in Part I, Item 1A of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES None.

ITEM 4. (REMOVED AND RESERVED)

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Nominating Committee and Corporate Governance Committee

On July 30, 2010, the Board of Directors (the Board) of the Company unanimously resolved to abolish the Nominating Committee of the Company and to create, in replacement thereof, a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. The Board appointed Thomas Jetter, Arthur D. Kowaloff, Harry M. Jansen Kraemer, Jr. and Timothy P. Sullivan to serve as members of such Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee with Harry M. Jansen Kraemer, Jr. to serve as Chairman. On the same date, the Board also approved the charter for the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, a copy of which is posted on our website at <u>www.sirona.com</u> and referenced herein as Exhibit 99.1.

Advisory Services Agreement

On July 30, 2010, the Company and Luxco elected not to renew the advisory services agreement between them that terminates on October 1, 2010. Under the agreement, which became effective October 1, 2005, the Company pays an annual fee to Luxco of 325,000 (approximately \$399,000), and Luxco provides to the Company certain advisory services regarding the structure, terms and condition of debt offerings by the Company, financing sources and options, business development and other services.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following Exhibits are included in this report:

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Exhibit No.	Item Title
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
99.1	Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 3, 2010

Sirona Dental Systems, Inc.

By: /s/ Simone Blank Simone Blank, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

(Duly authorized signatory)