YRC WORLDWIDE INC Form 10-Q August 10, 2009 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 0-12255

YRC Worldwide Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

48-0948788 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

10990 Roe Avenue, Overland Park, Kansas (Address of principal executive offices)

66211 (Zip Code)

(913) 696-6100

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

None

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes "No"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at July 31, 2009
Common Stock, \$1 par value per share 59,537,477 shares

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

YRC Worldwide Inc. and Subsidiaries

(Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2008
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 164,509	\$ 325,349
Accounts receivable, net	670,078	837,055
Prepaid expenses and other	197,081	298,101
Total current assets	1,031,668	1,460,505
Property and Equipment:		
Cost	3,878,625	3,977,881
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,815,400)	(1,776,904)
Net property and equipment	2,063,225	2,200,977
Intangibles, net	175,177	184,769
Other assets	148,250	119,862
Total assets	\$ 3,418,320	\$ 3,966,113
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity (Deficit)		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 250,767	\$ 333,910
Wages, vacations and employees benefits	314,983	356,410
Other current and accrued liabilities	392,328	489,994
Current maturities of long-term debt	769,769	562,321
Total current liabilities	1,727,847	1,742,635
Other Liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current portion	832,952	787,415
Deferred income taxes, net	126,530	242,663
Pension and postretirement	380,767	370,031
Claims and other liabilities	423,192	341,918
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders Equity (Deficit):		
Common stock, \$1 par value per share	62,600	62,413

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Preferred stock, \$1 par value per share		
Capital surplus	1,263,267	1,239,586
Accumulated deficit	(1,138,080)	(555,261)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(168,018)	(172,550)
Treasury stock, at cost (3,079 shares)	(92,737)	(92,737)
Total shareholders equity (deficit)	(72,968)	481,451
Total liabilities and shareholders equity (deficit)	\$ 3,418,320	\$ 3,966,113

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED OPERATIONS

YRC Worldwide Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30

(Amounts in thousands except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Operating Expenses: S1,328,080 \$2,398,728 \$2,800,875 \$4,631,320 Operating Expenses: Salaries, wages and employees benefits 1,012,357 1,332,137 2,179,356 2,685,283 Operating expenses and supplies 309,374 538,664 676,666 1,024,893 Purchased transportation 164,070 281,938 339,254 536,250 Operating expenses 78,542 105,803 183,247 218,568 Other operating expenses 78,542 105,803 183,247 218,568 Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,006) 3,053 587 6,539 Reorganization and settlements 2,244 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment		Three 2 2009	Months 2008	Six M 2009	onths 2008
Salaries, wages and employees benefits 1,012,357 1,332,137 2,19,356 2,685,283 Operating expenses and supplies 309,374 538,64 676,666 1,024,893 Purchased transportation 164,070 281,938 339,254 536,250 Depreciation and amortization 64,449 63,435 130,718 126,748 Other operating expenses 78,542 105,803 183,247 218,568 (Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,006) 3,053 587 6,539 Reorganization and settlements 2,444 15,228 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) 299,706 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 3,834 Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959	Operating Revenue	\$ 1,328,080	\$ 2,398,728	\$ 2,830,875	\$4,631,320
Salaries, wages and employees benefits 1,012,357 1,332,137 2,19,356 2,685,283 Operating expenses and supplies 309,374 538,64 676,666 1,024,893 Purchased transportation 164,070 281,938 339,254 536,250 Depreciation and amortization 64,449 63,435 130,718 126,748 Other operating expenses 78,542 105,803 183,247 218,568 (Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,006) 3,053 587 6,539 Reorganization and settlements 2,444 15,228 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) 299,706 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 3,834 Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959					
Operating expenses and supplies 309,374 538,664 676,666 1,024,893 Purchased transportation 164,070 281,938 339,254 536,250 Depreciation and amortization 64,449 63,435 130,718 126,748 Other operating expenses 78,542 105,803 183,247 218,568 (Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,000) 3,053 587 6,539 Reorganization and settlements 2,444 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income (Loss) (309,037) 35,779 \$(58,2819) \$(10,591) </td <td>Operating Expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Expenses:				
Purchased transportation 164,070 281,938 339,254 536,250 Depreciation and amortization 64,449 63,435 130,718 126,748 Other operating expenses 78,842 105,803 183,247 218,568 Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,006) 3,053 587 6,539 Reorganization and settlements 2,444 5,228 15,228 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 1 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) 3,8414 18,877 70,633 38,216 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 38,216 2,327,474 3,509,828 38,216 2,327,474 3,509,828 38,216 2,327,474 3,509,828 38,216 2,327,474 3,0374 2,027 3,0374<	Salaries, wages and employees benefits	1,012,357	1,332,137	2,179,356	2,685,283
Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses (Gains) losses on property disposals, net (Gains) losses on property disposals, net (1,006) 3,053 587 6,539 (Reorganization and settlements (1,006) 3,053 587 (Reorganization and settlements (1,006) 3,059 (Reorganization and settlements (1,006	Operating expenses and supplies	309,374	538,664	676,666	1,024,893
Other operating expenses (Gains) losses on property disposals, net Reorganization and settlements 78,542 (1,006) 105,803 3,053 2,444 183,247 5,539 8,539 218,568 6,539 8,539 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income (Loss) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) (309,037) \$35,779 \$(582,819) \$(10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$(5.20)	Purchased transportation	164,070	281,938	339,254	536,250
Gains) losses on property disposals, net Reorganization and settlements (1,006) 3,053 by 2,444 587 by 15,228 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income (Loss) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Baisc 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Depreciation and amortization	64,449	63,435	130,718	126,748
Reorganization and settlements 2,444 15,228 Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509 Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5,20) 0,63 \$ (9,81) \$ (0,19)	Other operating expenses	78,542	105,803	183,247	218,568
Total operating expenses 1,627,786 2,327,474 3,509,828 4,613,509	(Gains) losses on property disposals, net	(1,006)	3,053	587	6,539
Operating Income (Loss) (299,706) 71,254 (678,953) 17,811 Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5,20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9,81) \$ (0,19)	Reorganization and settlements		2,444		15,228
Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5,20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9,81) \$ (0,19)	Total operating expenses	1,627,786	2,327,474	3,509,828	4,613,509
Nonoperating (Income) Expenses: Interest expense 38,414 18,877 70,633 38,216 Equity investment impairment 30,374 30,374 30,374 Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5,20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9,81) \$ (0,19)	Operating Income (Loss)	(299,706)	71,254	(678,953)	17,811
Equity investment impairment Other 30,374 (1,863) 30,374 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 (368,665) 17,014 (1,863) 104,879 (16,571) Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (Income tax provision (benefit) (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income (Loss) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 (57,122) 59,427 (57,000) Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 (58,193) 59,427 (57,000) Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5,20) (5,20) 0.63 (9,81) \$ (0,19)					
Other 171 (1,863) 3,872 (3,834) Nonoperating expenses, net 68,959 17,014 104,879 34,382 Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)		38,414	18,877	70,633	38,216
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)					
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes (368,665) 54,240 (783,832) (16,571) Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Other	171	(1,863)	3,872	(3,834)
Income tax provision (benefit) (59,628) 18,461 (201,013) (5,980) Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Nonoperating expenses, net	68,959	17,014	104,879	34,382
Net Income (Loss) \$ (309,037) \$ 35,779 \$ (582,819) \$ (10,591) Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	(368,665)	54,240	(783,832)	(16,571)
Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic 59,480 57,122 59,427 57,000 Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Income tax provision (benefit)	(59,628)	18,461	(201,013)	(5,980)
Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Net Income (Loss)	\$ (309,037)	\$ 35,779	\$ (582,819)	\$ (10,591)
Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted 59,480 58,193 59,427 57,000 Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)					
Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.63 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic	59,480	57,122	59,427	57,000
	Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted	59,480	58,193	59,427	57,000
	Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share	\$ (5.20)	\$ 0.63	\$ (9.81)	\$ (0.19)
Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share \$ (5.20) \$ 0.62 \$ (9.81) \$ (0.19)	Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share	. ,	\$ 0.62	\$ (9.81)	\$ (0.19)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS

YRC Worldwide Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Six Months Ended June 30

(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	2009	2008
Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (582,819)	\$ (10,591)
Noncash items included in net income (loss):		
Depreciation and amortization	130,718	126,748
Stock compensation expense	26,754	5,527
Pension settlement charges	5,755	
Curtailment gain		(34,460)
Equity investment impairment	30,374	
Losses on property disposals, net	587	6,508
Deferred income tax provision (benefit), net	(199,086)	11,288
Other noncash items, net	15,060	(3,015)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net:	·	
Accounts receivable	166,976	(42,165)
Accounts payable	(82,270)	(13,573)
Other operating assets	67,695	23,429
Other operating liabilities	176,839	40,891
	,	,
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(243,417)	110,587
Investing Activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(26,026)	(77,018)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	37,533	11,079
Other	(198)	(4,201)
Oulei	(178)	(4,201)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	11,309	(70,140)
Financing Activities:		
Asset backed securitization borrowings (payments), net	58,042	(40,000)
Issuance of long-term debt	284,201	5,876
Repayment on long-term debt	(223,449)	3,670
Debt issuance costs	(47,526)	(3,282)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	(47,320)	(3,282)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		30
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	71,268	(37,356)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(160,840)	3,091
	225.240	50 222
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	325,349	58,233
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 164,509	\$ 61,324

Supplemental Cash Flow Information:

Pension contribution deferral transfer to long-term debt

\$ 133,227

\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

YRC Worldwide Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Six Months Ended June 30

(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	2009
Common Stock	
Beginning balance	\$ 62,413
Issuance of equity awards	187
	t (2 (00
Ending balance	\$ 62,600
Capital Surplus	
Beginning balance	\$ 1,224,606
Cumulative effect adoption of FSP 14-1 (See Note 6)	14,980
Adjusted beginning balance	1,239,586
Share-based compensation	23,866
Other, net	(185)
Ending balance	\$ 1,263,267
Accumulated Deficit	
Beginning balance	\$ (547,338)
Cumulative effect adoption of FSP 14-1 (see Note 6)	(7,923)
	, , ,
Adjusted beginning balance	(555,261)
Net loss	(582,819)
Ending balance	\$ (1,138,080)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ (172,550)
Beginning balance Pension, net of tax:	\$ (172,550)
Reclassification of net losses to net income	1,060
Foreign currency translation adjustments	3,472
Total Cartalla da	3,172
Ending balance	\$ (168,018)
	+ (110,010)
Treasury Stock, At Cost	ф. (22 - 22-)
Beginning and ending balance	\$ (92,737)
Total Shareholders Equity	\$ (72,968)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YRC Worldwide Inc. and Subsidiaries

(Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

YRC Worldwide Inc. (also referred to as YRC Worldwide, the Company, we or our), one of the largest transportation service providers in the world, is a holding company that through wholly owned operating subsidiaries offers its customers a wide range of transportation services. These services include global, national and regional transportation as well as logistics. Our operating subsidiaries include the following:

YRC National Transportation (National Transportation) is the reporting unit for our transportation service providers focused on business opportunities in regional, national and international services. This unit includes our less-than-truckload (LTL) subsidiary YRC Inc. (YRC), which was formed through the March 2009 integration of our former Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks. National Transportation provides for the movement of industrial, commercial and retail goods, primarily through regionalized and centralized management and customer facing organizations. National Transportation also includes YRC Reimer, a subsidiary located in Canada that specializes in shipments into, across and out of Canada. Approximately 37% of National Transportation shipments are completed in two days or less. In addition to the United States (U.S.) and Canada, National Transportation also serves parts of Mexico, Puerto Rico and Guam.

YRC Regional Transportation (Regional Transportation) is the reporting unit for our transportation service providers focused on business opportunities in the regional and next-day delivery markets. Regional Transportation is comprised of New Penn Motor Express, Holland and Reddaway. These companies each provide regional, next-day ground services in their respective regions through a network of facilities located across the U.S., Canada, Mexico and Puerto Rico. Approximately 92% of Regional Transportation LTL shipments are completed in two days or less.

YRC Logistics plans and coordinates the movement of goods worldwide to provide customers a single source for logistics management solutions. YRC Logistics delivers a wide range of global logistics management services, with the ability to provide customers improved return-on-investment results through logistics services and technology management solutions.

YRC Truckload (Truckload) reflects the results of Glen Moore, a provider of truckload services throughout the U.S. At June 30, 2009, approximately 68% of our labor force is subject to various collective bargaining agreements, which predominantly expire in 2013.

2. Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of YRC Worldwide and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Investments in non-majority owned affiliates or those in which we do not have control where the entity is either not a variable interest entity or YRC Worldwide is not the primary beneficiary, are accounted for on the equity method. There are no noncontrolling (minority) interests in our consolidated subsidiaries, consequently, all of our shareholders equity, net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented are attributable to controlling interests for the periods presented in the accompanying statements and notes. Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We have prepared the consolidated financial statements, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In management s opinion, all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods included in these financial statements herein have been made. We have considered subsequent events through August 10, 2009, the date of this report. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted

accounting principles have been condensed or omitted from these statements pursuant to SEC rules and regulations. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Restricted Cash

As required by our Credit Agreement, certain net cash proceeds from asset sales were required to be deposited in a restricted account (the Escrow Account), invested in a money market fund and pledged to our lenders under the Credit Agreement. On June 17, 2009, we entered into Amendment No. 7 to our Credit Agreement which provided the release of

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all amounts in the Escrow Account totaling approximately \$73 million (except for \$3.6 million that was released to the Company to prepay certain deferred pension obligations discussed below). These released amounts were used to repay a portion of the revolving loan under the Credit Agreement.

Assets Held for Sale

When we plan to dispose of property or equipment by sale, the asset is carried in the financial statements at the lower of the carrying amount or estimated fair value, less cost to sell, and is reclassified to assets held for sale. Additionally, after the reclassification, there is no further depreciation taken on the asset. For an asset to be classified as held for sale, management must approve and commit to a formal plan, the sale should be anticipated during the ensuing year and the asset must be actively marketed, be available for immediate sale, and meet certain other specified criteria. At June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the net book value of assets held for sale was approximately \$117.5 million and \$32.4 million, respectively. This amount is included in Property and Equipment in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. We recorded charges of \$3.7 million and \$7.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, to reduce properties and equipment held for sale to estimated fair value, less cost to sell. These charges are included in (Gains) Losses on Property Disposals, Net in the accompanying statements of consolidated operations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings approximates their fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

3. Liquidity

The current economic recession and the lingering tight credit market resulting from the global financial crisis continue to have a dramatic effect on our industry. The current recessionary environment continues to negatively impact our customers needs to ship and, therefore, negatively impacts the volume of freight we service and the price we receive for our services. As a result, we continue to experience lower year-over-year revenue (primarily a function of declining volume) and significant operating losses. In addition, we believe that some of our customers have reduced their shipments with us to mitigate the risks of integration of our Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks. We experienced these reduced shipment levels to a greater extent in March 2009 and for a longer period extending into the second quarter than we anticipated when planning the integration of our networks. As a result, our financial results for the second quarter have fallen short of our previous expectations. As our service has improved from the March 2009 integration, our shipment volumes have stabilized; we have added new customers to our networks and have increased our volumes with certain existing customers during the second quarter. Although many of our customers have returned their business to us, this business has not returned as quickly as we had anticipated. In addition, we believe that many of our existing customers have reduced their business with us during the last couple of quarters due to the uncertainty regarding our financial condition. As we continue to improve our service and stabilize our financial condition, we anticipate the return of the shipping volume from these customers. However, we cannot predict how quickly and to what extent these volumes will return.

Operating Performance and Cash Flow Improvement Activities

In light of the current economic recession, we have implemented or are in the process of implementing the following actions (among others) to reduce our cost base and improve our operating income and cash flow from operations:

the integration of our Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks into a single service network, now branded YRC

the discontinuation of the geographic service overlap between our Holland and New Penn networks

the first quarter implementation of a 10% wage reduction for substantially all of our employees (both union and non-union)

further reductions in the number of terminals to right-size our transportation networks to current shipment volumes

the August 2009 implementation of an additional 5% wage reduction for substantially all of our union employees

the temporary cessation of pension contributions to our multiemployer, union pension funds (the Pension Funds) starting in July 2009 through December 31, 2010, which cessation eliminates the need to recognize expense for these contributions during this period

the continued suspension of company matching 401(k) contributions for non-union employees

the sale of excess property and equipment, primarily resulting from the integration of the Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks

the sale and leaseback of core operating facilities

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reductions in force to scale our business to current shipping volumes

other cost reduction measures in general, administrative and other areas

changes to our overall risk management structure to reduce our letter of credit requirements

ongoing discussions with our lender group regarding our progress on our comprehensive strategic plan and our need for longer-term modifications to the Credit Agreement

commencement of discussions with certain existing bondholders in an effort to address the company s capital structure, including its near term debt maturities

Certain of these actions are further described below.

YRC Integration

In March 2009, we completed the integration of our Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks into one service network, now branded YRC. Since the integration, our service (both on-time deliveries and reduced claims) has improved to a level above pre-integration. In addition, productivity measurements for city pick up and delivery labor, dock labor, and load average in our line haul operation have also improved since the integration. During the integration, we believe many of our customers reduced their shipments with us to mitigate their risks from our integration. As our service has improved from the March 2009 integration, many of these customers are now returning their shipping volumes to us and we have added new customers. However, these volumes have not returned as quickly as we had anticipated. We cannot predict how quickly and to what extent these volumes will return. As a result of successful integration, we have been able to implement a number of significant cost savings actions, including reducing the number of terminals, reducing headcount and decreasing our fleet size. We will implement further cost saving measures in the event that we experience further declines in shipping volume.

Ratification of Collective Bargaining Agreement Modification

On August 7, 2009, a majority of our employees who are represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters (the Teamsters) ratified a modification to our collective bargaining agreement. The modification provides (among other things) the following:

a temporary cessation of the requirement for the Company s subsidiaries to make contributions on behalf of most of the Company s Teamster represented employees to the Pension Funds from July 2009 through December 31, 2010. These contributions will not need to be repaid in the future and, therefore, will be a cost reduction during this period;

a 15% wage reduction (which includes the 10% wage reduction previously implemented in January 2009) for most of the Company s Teamster represented employees;

a reduction in the increase in contributions to multiemployer health and welfare plans from \$1.00 per hour to \$0.20 per hour that are scheduled for August 1, 2009 and to \$0.40 per hour for those scheduled for August 1, 2010;

the establishment of a stock option plan for participating union employees, providing for options to purchase an additional 20% of the Company s outstanding common stock on a fully diluted basis as if all outstanding stock options were exercised on the date the plan is established. This plan is required to be on terms substantially similar to the plan created in January 2009, when the first 10% wage reduction was implemented, including the requirement that the Company s shareholders approve the plan. If the Company s shareholders do not approve the plan, the participating union employees would receive stock appreciation rights on similar terms.

The stock option grants will occur on the date the Teamsters certify to the Company that the Company has entered into an amendment to its Credit Agreement that is acceptable to the Teamsters and the date that the Company certifies to the Teamsters there exists no event or condition which constitutes a default (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or which upon notice, lapse of time or both would, unless cured or waived, become or lead to such a default.

on or before September 6, 2009, subject to the approval of the Company s board of directors and the Company s bank group, the Company is required to appoint an officer with authority to coordinate and oversee the Company s continued recovery efforts. This officer will be the same officer as discussed under Credit Agreement Amendment Designated Officer below.

during the period in which the temporary pension contribution cessation is in effect, subject to the approval of the Company s board of directors, which approval may not be unreasonably withheld, the Company is required to appoint a director that the Teamsters nominate.

As with prior ratification elections, a small number of the bargaining units representing less than 10% of our Teamster employees did not yet ratify the labor agreement modifications. The Company and the Teamsters expect to address employee concerns and have these smaller bargaining units reconsider the modifications in the near future. If these units do not approve the modification, they will continue under their current collective bargaining agreements without additional modification. Absent ratification, among other obligations, the Company would remain obligated to make contributions for these employees to the applicable Pension Funds. For the three months ended June 30, 2009, the Company was obligated to make approximately \$2.1 million in average monthly contributions to the Pension Funds for these non-ratifying units. Certain of the smaller Pension Funds (primarily in the Northeast) to which the Company contributes terminated the Company s participation in these Pension Funds in advance of the ratification of the labor agreement modifications. With respect to the non-ratifying bargaining units, if these units do not subsequently ratify the modifications, the Company and these Pension Funds will need to agree to amend the termination notices to allow these units to continue to participate in the Pension Funds to avoid withdrawal liability.

Credit Agreement Amendment

On July 30, 2009, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries entered into Amendment No. 9 to the Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement Amendment), which amends certain of the provisions of the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement

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continues to provide us with a \$950 million senior revolving credit facility, including sublimits available for borrowings under certain foreign currencies and for letters of credit, and a senior term loan in an aggregate outstanding principal amount of approximately \$111.5 million. Unless otherwise noted, all references to the Credit Agreement give effect to the Credit Agreement Amendment. Set forth below is a summary of the principal terms of the Credit Agreement Amendment.

Financial Covenants

The Credit Agreement Amendment suspends the requirement that the Company maintains liquidity equal to or greater than \$100 million at all times until September 1, 2009. In addition, the Credit Agreement Amendment amends the minimum consolidated EBITDA negative covenant:

- (a) by including an add back to consolidated EBITDA of the Company and its subsidiaries of up to \$14 million for certain restructuring charges for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2009, of up to \$8 million for certain restructuring charges for the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2010 and of up to \$5 million for certain restructuring charges for the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2010; and
- (b) by resetting minimum Consolidated EBITDA amounts and test dates as follows:

Period	Minimum C	Consolidated EBITDA
For the fiscal quarter ending on December 31, 2009	\$	15,000,000
For the fiscal quarter ending on March 31, 2010	\$	20,000,000
For the two consecutive fiscal quarters ending on June 30, 2010	\$	80,000,000
For the three consecutive fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2010	\$	145,000,000
For the four consecutive fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2010	\$	210,000,000

Revolver Reserve Amount

The Credit Agreement Amendment extends the date upon which the revolving commitments would be permanently reduced by an amount equal to the then current Revolver Reserve Amount (as defined below) to September 1, 2009.

Asset Sale Mandatory Prepayment

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, the asset sale mandatory prepayment provision was amended to no longer require the Company to include any of the first \$50 million of net cash proceeds received from real estate asset sales after the Credit Agreement Amendment effective date until September 1, 2009 in the Revolver Reserve Amount, subject to:

- (a) in the case of the first \$20 million of net cash proceeds received, no restrictions;
- (b) (following receipt of the initial \$20 million) in the case of the \$15 million of net cash proceeds received, ratification of the modifications to the collective bargaining agreement by employees represented by the Teamsters; and
- (c) (following receipt of the initial \$20 million) in the case of the final \$15 million of net cash proceeds received, engaging a designated officer in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement Amendment (as further described below).

 If the conditions in paragraphs (b) and (c) are not satisfied prior to the Company s receipt of the respective net cash proceeds, then 50% of such proceeds will be placed in an escrow account until that condition is satisfied, at which time the escrow account will be released. If the conditions are not satisfied before August 30, 2009, then any amount retained in the escrow account on such date shall be applied as a prepayment to revolving loans under the Credit Agreement and the Revolver Reserve Amount will increase by a corresponding amount.

Additional Reporting Obligations

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, the Company is required to deliver to the administrative agent and the lenders, prior to certain specified dates, a comprehensive strategic plan reasonably acceptable to the lenders, along with related financial projections, models and analysis and the written terms and conditions setting forth all of the necessary actions requested by the Company to be taken to achieve the comprehensive strategic plan.

Designated Officer

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, the Company is required to appoint and continue to engage a designated officer to, among other things, coordinate and oversee the Company s continued recovery efforts.

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ABS Facility Amendment

On July 30, 2009, the Company and the other parties thereto entered into Amendment No. 7 to the ABS Facility (the ABS Amendment). The ABS Amendment amends certain Trigger Events (as defined in the ABS Facility) to make the Minimum Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the ABS Facility) requirements consistent with the Credit Agreement. The ABS Amendment also amends specified provisions with respect to the Liquidity Notification Date (as defined in the ABS Facility) consistent with the Credit Agreement. In connection with the ABS Facility Amendment, the Company paid fees to each participating co-agent under the ABS Facility in an amount equal to 0.50% of the Group Limit (as defined in the ABS Facility) applicable to that co-agent.

Lease Financing Transactions

We have entered into several lease financing transactions with various parties, including NATMI Truck Terminals, LLC and its affiliates (NATMI) and Estes Express Lines (Estes). The underlying transactions included providing title of certain real estate assets to the issuer in exchange for agreed upon proceeds; however, the transactions did not meet the accounting definition of a sale leaseback and as such, the assets remain on our balance sheet and long-term debt (titled Lease Financing Obligations) is reflected on our balance sheet in the amount of the proceeds. We are required to make annual lease payments, which are recorded as principal and interest payments under these arrangements, generally over a term of ten years.

The table below summarizes our lease financing transactions through June 30, 2009:

Issuer	Original Contract Amount	com	ntracts pleted in econd eter 2009	com	ontracts apleted in rst half of 2009	com subse	ntracts upleted quent to 30, 2009	-	ontract ifications	con ar	naining tracted nount to close	Effective interest rates
NATMI	\$ 150.4	\$	16.1	\$	127.4	\$		\$	(23.0)	\$		10.3%-18.4%
Estes	122.0		72.5		96.3		0.4		8.6		33.9	10.0%
Other	93.1		37.9		60.5		1.5		(31.1)			10.0%-14.1%
Total	\$ 365.5	\$	126.5	\$	284.2	\$	1.9	\$	(45.5)	\$	33.9	

On August 7, 2009, we executed a contract with NATMI for additional lease financing transactions having a value of approximately \$81.4 million.

We have used the proceeds received from the above transactions, as follows:

(in millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2009
Proceeds received	\$ 284.2
Amounts required to be escrowed with issuer	(8.1)
Transaction costs	(4.0)
Net proceeds received	272.1
Amounts required to be remitted to the Revolver Reserve	(79.3)
Amounts available for working capital purposes	\$ 192.8

In addition to the \$79.3 million referenced in the table above, we were required to repay borrowings under the revolving loan by an additional \$15.4 million as a result of additional asset sales thereby making the Revolver Reserve Amount equal to \$94.7 million at June 30, 2009.

As previously discussed, the Credit Agreement Amendment amended, among other things, the terms of the asset sale mandatory prepayment provision through August 31, 2009. Thereafter, unless otherwise amended, our Credit Agreement will require the net proceeds from certain real estate asset sales to be applied as follows:

for any real estate asset sale (other than the first \$150 million in net cash proceeds received under certain transactions with NATMI subject to any reductions associated with possible pension contribution deferrals discussed below) the net cash proceeds of which, together with the aggregate amount of net cash proceeds from all such real estate asset sales occurring on or after January 1, 2009,

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is less than or equal to \$300 million and occurs after August 31, 2009, 50% of such proceeds shall be used to prepay amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the remaining 50% shall be retained by the Company;

is greater than \$300 million and less than or equal to \$500 million, 75% of such proceeds shall be used to prepay amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the remaining 25% shall be retained by the Company; and

is greater than \$500 million, all of such proceeds shall be used to prepay amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement. *Pension Contribution Deferral Obligations*

On June 17, 2009, we entered into a Contribution Deferral Agreement with the Central States, Southeast, Southwest Areas Pension Fund (the Central States Pension Fund) whereby approximately \$84.0 million of pension contributions originally due to the Central States Pension Fund on or before June 15, 2009 were converted to debt. All other Pension Funds to which we such owed pension contributions of \$49.2 million have also executed joinder agreements and are parties to the Contribution Deferral Agreement. In addition, we have deferred our July pension contributions of \$30.1 million, which relate to June hours, and are working with each Pension Fund to execute additional joinder agreements to add these amounts to the Contribution Deferral Agreement. At June 30, 2009, these amounts related to June hours are classified as Wages, vacations and employees benefits in our consolidated balance sheet.

These amounts bear interest at the applicable interest rate set forth in the trust documentation that governs the Pension Fund and range from 4% to 18% as of June 30, 2009. The interest rate for the Central States Pension Fund representing the largest deferred amount is equal to prime plus two percent. We remit interest payments monthly.

In exchange for the deferral of the obligations, we pledged identified real property to the Pension Funds so that the Pension Funds have a first priority security interest in certain of the identified real property and a second priority security interest in other identified real property located throughout the U.S. and Mexico.

We must prepay the obligations on a ratable basis to the Pension Funds (i) with the net cash proceeds from the sale of first priority collateral or (ii) to the extent that Liquidity (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of the Company is greater than \$250 million, an amount equal to such excess (the Excess Amount); provided that Liquidity must be equal to \$250 million after giving effect to such payment and no payment shall be required until the Excess Amount is equal to or great than \$1 million at any time.

We made a payment of \$4.7 million to reduce these obligations in June 2009 leaving a balance of \$128.5 million as of June 30, 2009. Additional repayment amounts are required in thirty-six equal monthly installments commencing on January 15, 2010.

Existing Liquidity Position

The following table provides details of the outstanding components and available unused capacity under the Credit Agreement and ABS Facility at each period end:

(in millions)	June 30, 2009	
Capacity:		
Revolving loan	\$ 950.0	\$ 950.0
ABS Facility	500.0	500.0
Total maximum capacity	1,450.0	1,450.0
Amounts outstanding:		
Revolving loan	(339.1)	(515.0)
Letters of credit (6/30/09: \$ 482.1 revolver; \$77.2 ABS Facility)	(559.3)	(460.5)
ABS Facility borrowings	(205.0)	(147.0)
ABS usage for captive insurance company (see below)		(221.0)

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Total outstanding	(1,103.4)	(1,343.5)
Unused capacity	\$ 346.6	\$ 106.5
Available unused capacity (6/30/09: \$34.0 revolver; \$19.1 ABS Facility)	\$ 53.1	\$ 41.9

As we sold certain assets, we used the proceeds to reduce the outstanding revolving loan balance. The Credit Agreement provides that we reserve an accumulated portion of the net cash proceeds from certain asset sales (the Revolver Reserve Amount), which

amount reduces our revolving credit capacity on a dollar-for-dollar basis unless certain conditions are satisfied. As a result of this provision, our overall availability was reduced by \$94.7 million at June 30, 2009. There was no similar amount at December 31, 2008. After considering the Revolver Reserve Amount of \$94.7 million, available capacity under the revolving loan was \$34.0 million at June 30, 2009. Our Credit Agreement requires that the revolving loan borrowing capacity will be permanently reduced by the Revolver Reserve Amount on September 1, 2009.

The ABS Facility permits borrowings of up to \$500 million based on qualifying accounts receivable of the Company. However, at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, our underlying accounts receivable supported total capacity under the ABS Facility of \$301.3 million and \$435.4 million, respectively. Considering this limitation, available unused capacity under the Credit Agreement and the ABS Facility at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, was \$53.1 million and \$41.9 million, respectively.

YRC Assurance Co. Ltd. (YRC Assurance) was the Company s captive insurance company domiciled in Bermuda and a wholly owned and consolidated subsidiary of YRC Worldwide. YRC Assurance insured certain of our subsidiaries for certain of their respective self-insured obligations for workers compensation liabilities. Certain qualifying investments were made by YRC Assurance as required by Bermuda regulations. These investments included purchasing a position in the underlying receivables supporting our ABS Facility. As a result, as shown in the table above, our capacity under the ABS Facility was reduced by YRC Assurance s investment in receivables of \$221.0 million at December 31, 2008. Our Credit Agreement required us to cease the participation of YRC Assurance in the ABS Facility. We have complied with this requirement, and YRC Assurance is in the process of being dissolved. As a result of these transactions, the operating companies who received insurance from YRC Assurance are now self-insured for their workers compensation liabilities.

Future Liquidity

In light of our recent operating results, we have satisfied our short term liquidity needs through a combination of borrowings under our Credit Agreement and ABS Facility and, to a more significant degree, retained proceeds from asset sales and sale/leaseback financing transactions and deferrals of pension plan payments. As our operating results improve, we expect that cash generated from operations will reduce our need to continue to rely upon these sources of liquidity to meet our short term funding requirements. Although we expect the wage reduction and temporary pension contribution cessation will improve our liquidity position, these and other cost savings measures noted above will be realized over time as they are implemented over the next several months. In order to continue to have sufficient liquidity to meet our operating requirements throughout the remainder of 2009:

our operating results must continue to improve quarter-over-quarter and shipping volumes must continue to stabilize or recover quarter-over-quarter,

we must continue to have access to our Credit Agreement and ABS Facility,

we need to complete the sale/leaseback and real estate sale transactions currently under contract as anticipated,

our wage reductions and temporary cessation of pension contributions must continue and

we must realize the cost savings we expect from these and other actions we have taken to date in the anticipated time periods. Over the longer term, we have an aggregate of approximately \$386.8 million of indebtedness that matures or that we are otherwise required to repurchase at the option of the holder within the next twelve months. Specifically, \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of USF s \$/2% Guaranteed Notes (the USF Notes) mature on April 15, 2010 and \$236.8 million in aggregate principal amount of the 5.0% contingent convertible senior notes due 2023 (the 5.0% Notes) may be put to us by the holders of the 5.0% Notes on August 8, 2010. In addition, our Credit Agreement permits the lenders to accelerate the maturity date of our obligations under the Credit Agreement if the remaining obligations under the USF Notes is equal to or greater than \$50 million on or after March 1, 2010 or if the remaining obligations under the 5.0% Notes is equal to or greater than \$50 million on or after June 25, 2010. Finally, the modification to our collective bargaining agreement with the Teamster s provides that the Teamsters may terminate the wage and benefit reductions in the modification if the USF Notes are not refinanced, repurchased or extinguished before March 1, 2010 or the 5.0% Notes are not refinanced, repurchased or extinguished before July 1, 2010 (or, in each case,

such later date as the Teamsters may determine). If we do not have sufficient free cash flow to satisfy these obligations and the capital markets are not available to refinance the obligations, we would not be able to refinance these existing notes. Accordingly, we have retained financial and legal advisors and have commenced discussions with certain holders of these and other outstanding debt securities in an effort to address these upcoming maturities.

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Risks and Uncertainties Relating to Liquidity

Our ability to satisfy our future liquidity requirements is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties as outlined below.

The Credit Agreement and the ABS Facility each requires us to comply with a number of covenants. Any failure to comply with these covenants would impact our ability to access borrowings under these facilities. As previously discussed, the Credit Agreement Amendment and the ABS Amendment eliminated any minimum EBITDA requirements through September 30, 2009 and reset the minimum EBITDA requirement for the fourth quarter of 2009 and each quarter during 2010. Additionally, these amendments eliminated the minimum liquidity requirement for August 2009. This minimum liquidity requirement will resume at the \$100 million level in September 2009. If we fail to meet our minimum liquidity requirement or our required EBITDA levels under our Credit Agreement and ABS Facility after these dates, we would need to seek a waiver or forbearance from our lenders and lessors under our Credit Agreement, our ABS Facility and certain of our leases; otherwise our lenders and lessors could declare an event of default and accelerate our obligations thereunder. Our financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets carrying amounts or the amount of and classification of liabilities that may result from these and other significant uncertainties surrounding the Company s ability to continue to meet it s obligations as they become due in the ordinary course of business.

As of June 30, 2009, we had approximately \$35.8 million of sale/leaseback transactions under contract that we expect to complete during the third quarter of 2009. In addition, we signed a contract with NATMI on August 7, 2009 for \$81.4 million related to additional properties. The amount of actual dispositions and sale and financing leasebacks that we complete will be determined by the availability of capital and willing buyers and counterparties in the market and the outcome of discussions to enter into and close any such transactions on negotiated terms and conditions, including (without limitation) usual and ordinary closing conditions such as favorable title reports or opinions and favorable environmental assessments of specific properties.

The modification to our collective bargaining agreement with the Teamsters requires, among other things, that we enter into a bank amendment that is acceptable to the Teamsters. We are involved in ongoing discussions with our lenders regarding this amendment. If we fail to enter into such a bank amendment, the Teamsters may nullify the benefits of our recent modification to the collective bargaining agreement (including the wage reduction, temporary pension contribution cessation and related cost benefits).

Our forecasts include significant judgment and significant market risk that may or may not be realized. Items that contribute to these judgments and risks, many of which are beyond our control, include the actual duration of the U.S. recession and our related assumptions around economic outlook, the continued improvements in productivities and service for our YRC network and the return of customers shipments to that network, our ability to further reduce costs and our need for additional liquidity including liquidity from cash flows from operating activities and other liquidity enhancing initiatives (such as sale and leaseback type transactions) that may not materialize. Our forecasts are also dependent on the factors listed in the introduction to MD&A and the risk factors listed in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

4. Intangibles

We have the following amortizable intangible assets:

		June 30, 2009			Decemb	cember 31, 2008			
	Weighted Average	Gross Carrying	Accu	ımulated	Gross Carrying	Accu	mulated		
(in millions)	Life (years)	Amount	Amo	rtization	Amount	Amo	rtization		
Customer related	11.9	\$ 214.7	\$	75.1	\$ 214.2	\$	65.4		
Marketing related	5.6	3.6		2.9	3.5		2.6		
Technology based	5.0	25.6		24.2	25.6		23.3		
Intangible assets		\$ 243.9	\$	102.2	\$ 243.3	\$	91.3		

Total marketing related intangible assets with indefinite lives, primarily tradenames, were \$33.5 million and \$32.8 million as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we determined indicators of impairment, primarily volume reductions in all of our reporting segments, were present. We performed certain tests consisting of discounted cash flow models and determined that the lives assigned to certain customer relationships should be reduced to better align with actual attrition rates. This resulted in additional amortization expense of \$1.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2009. Estimated amortization expense related to intangible assets for 2009 and each of the next five years is as follows:

(in millions)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Estimated amortization expense	\$ 21.5	\$ 20.4	\$ 19.4	\$ 19.4	\$ 19.4	\$ 19.4

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No other impairment amounts were required as of June 30, 2009.

5. Other Assets

The primary components of other assets are as follows:

(in millions)	June 30, 2009	mber 31, 2008
Equity method investments:		
JHJ International Transportation Co., Ltd.	\$ 47.8	\$ 47.7
Shanghai Jiayu Logistics Co., Ltd.	21.8	44.6
Other	78.7	27.6
Total	\$ 148.3	\$ 119.9

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we determined our investment with respect to Shanghai Jiayu Logistics Co., Ltd. incurred an other than temporary impairment. This is primarily the result of different assumptions with respect to revenue growth rates from the initial valuation to those assumed in the current economic environment. As a result, we recognized an impairment charge for this equity method investment of \$30.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2009. This amount is classified as a non-operating expense in the accompanying statements of operations. No such amount was recorded during the three or six months ended June 30, 2008.

6. Debt and Financing

Total debt consisted of the following:

(in millions)	June 30, 2009	Dec	cember 31, 2008
Asset backed securitization borrowings, secured by accounts receivable	\$ 205.0	\$	147.0
USF senior notes	153.0		154.9
Contingent convertible senior notes	377.4		375.8
Term loan	112.8		150.0
Revolving credit facility	339.1		515.0
Lease financing obligations	280.9		
Pension contribution deferral obligations	128.5		
Industrial development bonds	6.0		7.0
Total debt	\$ 1,602.7	\$	1,349.7
Current maturities of long-term debt	(536.4)		(415.3)
Current maturities of lease financing obligations	(1.3)		
Current maturities of pension contribution deferral obligations	(27.0)		
ABS borrowings	(205.0)		(147.0)
T	Ф. 022.0	Φ.	707.4
Long-term debt	\$ 833.0	\$	787.4

As of June 30, 2009, we were in compliance with the various debt covenants, as amended in May 2009, under our lending agreements.

Asset-Backed Securitization Facility

At June 30, 2009, our underlying accounts receivable supported total capacity under our ABS Facility of \$301.3 million. In addition to the \$205.0 million outstanding, the ABS facility capacity was also reduced by outstanding letters of credit of \$77.2 million resulting in unused capacity of \$19.1 million at June 30, 2009.

Lease Financing Obligations

The table below summarizes our lease financing transactions through June 30, 2009:

Issuer	Original Contract Amount	com	ntracts pleted in econd eter 2009	com	ontracts upleted in rst half of 2009	com	atracts pleted quent to 30, 2009	ontract ifications	con ar	naining tracted nount to close	Effective interest rates
NATMI	\$ 150.4	\$	16.1	\$	127.4	\$		\$ (23.0)	\$		10.3%-18.4%
Estes	122.0		72.5		96.3		0.4	8.6		33.9	10.0%
Other	93.1		37.9		60.5		1.5	(31.1)			10.0%-14.1%
Total	\$ 365.5	\$	126.5	\$	284.2	\$	1.9	\$ (45.5)	\$	33.9	

Pension Contribution Deferral Obligations

On June 17, 2009, we entered into a Contribution Deferral Agreement with the Central States, Southeast, Southwest Areas Pension Fund (the Central States Pension Fund) whereby approximately \$84.0 million of pension contributions originally due to the Central States Pension Fund on or before June 15, 2009 was converted to debt. Other Pension Funds to which we owed pension contributions of \$49.2 million have also executed joinder agreements and are parties to the Contribution Deferral Agreement.

These amounts bear interest at the applicable interest rate set forth in the trust documentation that governs the Pension Fund and range from 4% to 18% as of June 30, 2009. The interest rate for the Central States Pension Fund representing the largest deferred amount is equal to prime plus two percent (5.25% at June 30, 2009). We remit interest payments monthly.

In exchange for the deferral of the obligations, we pledged identified real property to the Pension Funds so that the Pension Funds have a first priority security interest in certain of the identified real property and a second priority security interest in other identified real property located throughout the U.S. and Mexico.

We must prepay the obligations on a ratable basis to the Pension Funds (i) with the net cash proceeds from the sale of first priority collateral or (ii) to the extent that Liquidity (as defined in the Credit Agreement as currently in effect) of the Company is greater than \$250 million, an amount equal to such excess (the Excess Amount); provided, that, Liquidity shall be equal to \$250 million after giving effect to such payment and no payment shall be required until the Excess Amount is equal to or great than \$1 million at any time.

We made a payment of \$4.7 million to reduce these obligations in June 2009 leaving a balance of \$128.5 million as of June 30, 2009. Additional repayment amounts are required in thirty-six equal monthly installments commencing on January 15, 2010.

Contingent Convertible Senior Notes

In May 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. APB 14-1, Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments that may be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement). This FSP clarifies that issuers of convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion (including partial cash settlement) should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the entity s nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest cost is recognized in subsequent periods. We adopted the FSP on January 1, 2009.

The transition provisions require that the FSP be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. The cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle on prior periods presented is recognized as of the beginning of the first period presented, with the offsetting adjustment to shareholders equity. Accordingly, in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2008, we recognized a reduction in long-term debt of \$11.0 million, an increase in deferred income taxes, net of \$3.9 million, an increase in capital surplus of \$15.0 million, and an increase in retained deficit of \$7.9 million. Adoption of the FSP also resulted in the recognition of additional interest expense of \$0.8 million in the accompanying statements of consolidated operations for each of the three month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 and \$1.6 million for each of the six month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Fair Value Measurement

Based on the quoted market prices for the USF senior notes due 2010, contingent convertible senior notes and industrial development bonds (level two inputs for fair value measurements as defined in SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements), the fair value of fixed-rate debt at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, was approximately \$159.1 million and \$212.7 million, respectively. The carrying amount of such fixed-rate debt at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, was \$536.4 million and \$537.7 million, respectively.

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7. Restructuring and Reorganization

During the first half of 2009, we closed 18 service centers that were previously a part of the Regional Transportation networks. As a part of this action, we incurred certain restructuring charges of approximately \$7.9 million consisting of employee severance, lease cancellations and other incremental costs. Also during the first half of 2009, we integrated our Yellow Transportation and Roadway networks into a single transportation network branded YRC. We incurred additional severance costs of \$29.0 million, including \$20.5 million in the National Transportation segment as we reduced headcount in response to both the YRC integration and lower volumes. Our National Transportation segment also recorded a \$15.4 million charge consisting of contract and lease cancellations related to the YRC integration. Finally, our YRC Logistics segment recorded \$5.0 million of severance and lease cancellation costs primarily in response to lower business levels.

We assess the accrual requirements under our restructuring efforts at the end of each reporting period. A rollforward of the restructuring accrual is set forth below:

(in millions)	Employee Contract Termination Separation and Other Costs			Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 6.2	\$	4.6	\$ 10.8
Restructuring charges	35.5		21.8	57.3
Payments	(22.4)		(4.4)	(26.8)
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$ 19.3	\$	22.0	\$ 41.3

8. Employee Benefits

Components of Net Periodic Pension and Other Postretirement Cost

The following table sets forth the components of our company-sponsored pension costs for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three Months		Six M	onths
(in millions)	2009	2008	2009	2008
Service cost	\$ 0.8	\$ 8.9	\$ 1.6	\$ 17.8
Interest cost	15.2	17.1	30.5	34.2
Expected return on plan assets	(13.1)	(18.4)	(27.1)	(36.8)
Amortization of prior service cost		0.3		0.6
Amortization of net loss	0.7	0.5	1.6	1.0
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 3.6	\$ 8.4	\$ 6.6	\$ 16.8
Settlement cost	0.8		5.8	
Total periodic pension cost	\$ 4.4	\$ 8.4	\$ 12.4	\$ 16.8

We expect to contribute \$2.6 million to our pension plans in 2009.

In June 2008, we amended our postretirement healthcare benefit plan eliminating all cost sharing benefits. The following table sets forth the components of our other postretirement costs for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three Months S	ix Months
(in millions)	2009 2008 200	9 2008
Service cost	\$ \$ 0.1 \$	\$ 0.2

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Interest cost	0.4	0.8
Amortization of prior service cost		0.1
Amortization of net (gain)	(0.3)	(0.6)
Other postretirement cost	\$ \$ 0.2	\$ \$ 0.5
Curtailment gain	(34.5)	(34.5)
Total other postretirement cost	\$ \$ (34.3)	\$ \$ (34.0)

Curtailment and Settlement Events

In 2008, we curtailed our defined benefit plans that cover approximately 14,000 employees not covered by collective bargaining agreements. As a result of this action, the service cost for the pension plans was reduced in 2009 as compared to 2008. During the first half of 2009, lump sum benefit payments increased over the prior period and coupled with the reduced service cost resulted in settlement charges of \$0.8 million and \$5.8 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. These amounts are included in Salaries, wages and employees benefits in the accompanying statements of operations.

9. Stock-Based Compensation

On January 2, 2009, we awarded our non-union employees options to purchase up to an aggregate of 5.3 million shares of our common stock at an exercise price equal to \$3.34 per share. The options will vest at the rate of 25% per year and will expire in 10 years. The options were granted subject to shareholder approval, which was received on May 14, 2009 at our annual shareholder meeting.

On January 2, 2009, we also adopted a Non-Union Employee Stock Appreciation Right (SAR) Plan that awarded up to 5.3 million cash settled SARs. These SARs terminated on May 14, 2009, upon the shareholder approval of the Non-Union Employee Option Plan discussed above.

The fair value of each option award was estimated on the date the grant was approved by shareholders using the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model. Expected volatilities were estimated using historical volatility of our common stock. We used historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination within the valuation model; separate groups of employees that have similar historical exercise behavior were considered separately for valuation purposes. The expected term of options granted was derived from the output of the valuation model and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

We valued the award granted under the Non-Union Employee Option Plan in 2009 using the above described model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2009
Dividend yield	%
Expected volatility	88.3%
Risk-free interest rate	1.6%
Expected life (years)	4
Fair value per option	\$ 2.06

Based on the above fair value calculation, we recognized compensation expense of \$1.0 million related to these outstanding stock option awards for the six months ended June 30, 2009 which is included in Salaries, wages and employees benefits in our accompanying statement of consolidated operations. Compensation expense will continue to be recognized ratably over the vesting period.

On February 12, 2009, we formalized a Union Employee Option Plan that provides for a grant of up to 11.4 million options to purchase our common stock at an exercise price equal to \$3.74 per share. As a part of the union wage reduction, we agreed to award a certain equity interest to all effected union employees. These options vested immediately and are exercisable after a twelve month period beginning for a substantial majority of options in February 2009. These options were granted subject to shareholder approval, which was received on May 14, 2009 at our annual shareholder meeting.

On February 12, 2009, we also formalized the Union Employee Stock Appreciation Right Plan that provided for a grant of up to 11.4 million cash settled SARs. These SARs terminated on May 14, 2009, upon the shareholder approval of the Union Employee Option Plan discussed above.

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We valued the award granted under the Union Employee Option Plan in 2009 using the above described model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2009
Dividend yield	%
Expected volatility	120.6%
Risk-free interest rate	0.9%
Expected life (years)	2
Fair value per option	\$ 1.91

As of June 30, 2009, only 10.8 million stock options of the 11.4 million available had been distributed; accordingly, we recognized expense only on the outstanding stock options. This expense was recognized on the grant date as the options vested immediately versus over a period of time. Based on the fair value calculation above, we recognized compensation expense of \$20.6 million related to these outstanding stock option awards for the six months ended June 30, 2009, which is included in Salaries, wages and employees benefits in our accompanying statement of consolidated operations.

In August 2009, we agreed to establish an additional stock option plan (the New Stock Option Plan) for our union employees that provides for a grant of 20% of our outstanding shares on a fully diluted basis. These options will have similar terms to those awarded under the Union Employee Option Plan formalized in February 2009, including immediate vesting and exercisable after a twelve month period beginning generally in August 2009. These options are subject to certain conditions of acceptance between the Company and the union and, subject to shareholder approval as a part of our annual shareholder meeting that traditionally occurs in May. If such acceptance and approval is not obtained, the options automatically terminate and an equal number of stock appreciate rights will be issued.

10. Income Taxes

Effective Tax Rate

Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 was 16.2% and 25.6%, respectively, compared to 34.0% and 36.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. Significant items impacting the 2009 rate include a state tax benefit, certain permanent items and a valuation allowance established for the net deferred tax asset balance projected for December 31, 2009. We recognize valuation allowances on deferred tax assets if, based on the weight of the evidence, we believe that some or all of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. Changes in valuation allowances are included in our tax provision in the period of change. In determining whether a valuation allowance is warranted, we evaluate factors such as prior years—earnings history, expected future earnings, loss carry-back and carry-forward periods, reversals of existing deferred tax liabilities and tax planning strategies that potentially enhance the likelihood of the realization of a deferred tax asset.

Uncertain Tax Positions

In 2008, the Company established for 2008 a reserve of approximately \$115.5 million relative to YRC Assurance Company, Ltd. (the Captive). In 2009, the ongoing dissolution of the Captive has caused the uncertain tax position for 2008 to be reversed, thereby offsetting the reserve established for 2008. Total liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits were \$83.9 million and \$199.8 million at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. Amounts recorded for unrecognized tax benefits are included in Other current and accrued liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets.

11. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Dilutive securities, consisting of options to purchase our common stock or rights to receive common stock in the future, are included in our calculation of diluted weighted average common shares and dilutive securities related to our net share settle contingent convertible notes are also included in our calculation of diluted weighted average common shares; however, due to our net loss position for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and for the six months ended June 30, 2008 there are no dilutive securities for these periods. For the three months ended June 30, 2008, there were 894,000 dilutive securities consisting of options to purchase our common stock or rights to receive common stock in the future and 177,000 dilutive securities related to our net share settle contingent convertible notes.

Antidilutive options and share units were 17,510,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, and 1,293,000 and 2,418,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. Antidilutive convertible senior note conversion shares were 177,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

12. Business Segments

We report financial and descriptive information about our reportable operating segments on a basis consistent with that used internally for evaluating segment performance and allocating resources to segments. We evaluate performance primarily on operating income and return on committed capital.

We have four reportable segments, which are strategic business units that offer complementary transportation services to their customers. National Transportation includes carriers that provide comprehensive regional, national and international transportation services. Regional Transportation is comprised of carriers that focus primarily on business opportunities in the regional and next-day delivery markets. YRC Logistics provides domestic and international freight forwarding, warehousing and cross-dock services, multi-modal brokerage services, and transportation management services. Truckload consists of Glen Moore, a domestic truckload carrier.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Accounting Policies note in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. We charge management fees and other corporate services to our segments based on the direct benefits received or as a percentage of revenue. Corporate and other operating losses represent residual operating expenses of the holding company, including compensation and benefits and professional services for all periods presented. Corporate identifiable assets primarily refer to cash, cash equivalents, investments in equity method affiliates and deferred debt issuance costs. Intersegment revenue primarily relates to transportation services between our segments.

The following table summarizes our operations by business segment:

<i>a</i>	National	Regional	VDCI 14	<i>m</i>	Corporate/	G 21.4.1
(in millions)	Transportation	Transportation	YRC Logistics	Truckload	Eliminations	Consolidated
As of June 30, 2009						
Identifiable assets	\$ 2,047.2	\$ 1,148.8	\$ 172.0	\$ 68.3	\$ (18.0)	\$ 3,418.3
As of December 31, 2008						
Identifiable assets	2,362.6	1,207.8	229.3	71.4	95.0	3,966.1
Three months ended June 30, 2009						
External revenue	873.7	337.9	99.0	17.5		1,328.1
Intersegment revenue			2.8	10.0	(12.8)	
Operating income (loss)	(239.5)	(48.3)	(8.0)	(2.4)	(1.5)	(299.7)
Equity investment impairment			30.4			30.4
Three months ended June 30, 2008						
External revenue	1,692.2	533.4	150.4	22.7		2,398.7
Intersegment revenue	0.6	0.2	9.4	8.8	(19.0)	
Operating income (loss)	74.6	2.1	1.9	(3.9)	(3.4)	71.3
Six months ended June 30, 2009						
External revenue	1,896.3	692.8	207.9	33.9		2,830.9
Intersegment revenue		0.2	6.0	19.6	(25.8)	
Operating income (loss)	(539.2)	(122.5)	(11.4)	(4.6)	(1.3)	(679.0)
Equity investment impairment			30.4			30.4
Six months ended June 30, 2008						
External revenue	3,251.4	1,045.8	291.0	43.1		4,631.3
Intersegment revenue	1.3	0.2	18.6	14.0	(34.1)	
Operating income (loss)	67.3	(35.5)	0.8	(9.0)	(5.8)	17.8

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13. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30 follows:

	Three Months		Six Months	
(in millions)	2009	2008	2009	2008
Net income (loss)	\$ (309.0)	\$ 35.8	\$ (582.8)	\$ (10.6)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Pension:				
Net prior service cost		0.2		0.4
Net actuarial gains	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.4
Curtailment adjustment		(3.2)		(3.2)
Changes in foreign currency translation adjustments	3.8	0.9	3.5	(0.3)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	4.2	(1.9)	4.5	(2.7)
•		. ,		, ,
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (304.8)	\$ 33.9	\$ (578.3)	\$ (13.3)

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Asset Backed Securitization Facility

In February 2009, we renewed and amended our ABS Facility. In connection with the renewal, the Company paid fees to the consenting bank parties of 3.8 million. An additional fee of approximately 10.0 million will become due September 30, 2009, if the ABS Facility has not been terminated by such date or the Company does not have a corporate credit rating of B/B2 or better from Standard & Poor s (3.8) and Moody s Investors Service, Inc. (3.8) moody s investors Service, Inc. (3.8) moody s are currently CCC/Caa3, respectively.

Shanghai Jiayu Logistics Co., Ltd.

On August 19, 2008, we completed the purchase of a 65% equity interest in Shanghai Jiayu Logistics Co., Ltd. (Jiayu), a Shanghai, China ground transportation company with a purchase price of \$53.6 million including transaction costs and final working capital settlement amounts of \$5.8 million. Based on the 2008 results of Jiayu, we have the option to purchase the remaining 35% of the shares of Jiayu for approximately \$14 million. Any additional payment will be made in Chinese Yuan, and their estimated U.S. dollar equivalents are provided herein.

Class Action Lawsuit

On July 30, 2007, Farm Water Technological Services, Inc. d/b/a Water Tech, and C.B.J.T. d/b/a Agricultural Supply, on behalf of themselves and other plaintiffs, filed a putative class action lawsuit against the Company and 10 other companies engaged in the LTL trucking business in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California. Other plaintiffs filed similar cases in various courts across the nation, and in December 2007, the courts consolidated these cases in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The plaintiffs alleged that the defendants, including the Company, conspired to fix fuel surcharges in violation of federal antitrust law and sought unspecified treble damages, injunctive relief, attorneys fees and costs of litigation. In March 2009, the court dismissed the plaintiffs cases with prejudice.

15. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Staff Position No. FAS 132(R)-1, Employers Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets, effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009. This FASB Staff Position (FSP) amends FASB Statement No. 132 (revised 2003); Employers Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits, to provide guidance on an employer s disclosures about plan assets of a defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan. We will adopt this FSP and include the required disclosures beginning with our December 31, 2009 Form 10-K.

In April 2009, the FASB issued Staff Position No. FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments, effective for interim reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. This FSP amends FASB Statement No. 107, Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments, to require disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods of publicly traded companies as well as in annual financial statements. This FSP also amends APB Opinion No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting, to require those disclosures in summarized financial information at interim reporting periods. We adopted this FSP and included the required disclosures beginning with this June 30, 2009 Form 10-Q.

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In May 2009, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 165 (SFAS 165), Subsequent Events, effective for interim and annual financial reporting periods ending after June 15, 2009. SFAS 165 establishes accounting and disclosure requirements related to subsequent events and requires companies to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. We adopted SFAS 165 beginning with this June 30, 2009 Form 10-Q and included all necessary disclosures herein. Subsequent events have been evaluated up to the filing of this Form 10-Q, the date financial statements were issued.

In June 2009, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 168 (SFAS 168), The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162, effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after September 15, 2009. SFAS 168 replaces SFAS 162 and establishes the FASB Accounting Standards CodificationTM (Codification) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. The Codification identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under authority of federal securities laws remain sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. We will adopt SFAS 168 and reference authoritative accounting principles using the Codification beginning with our September 30, 2009 Form 10-Q. The adoption of this standard will not change existing GAAP that is applicable to the Company.

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16. Guarantees of the Contingent Convertible Senior Notes

In August 2003, YRC Worldwide issued 5.0% contingent convertible senior notes due 2023. In November 2003, we issued 3.375% contingent convertible senior notes due 2023. In December 2004, we completed exchange offers pursuant to which holders of the contingent convertible senior notes could exchange their notes for an equal amount of net share settled contingent convertible senior notes. Substantially all notes were exchanged as part of the exchange offers. In connection with the net share settled contingent convertible senior notes, the following 100% owned subsidiaries of YRC Worldwide have issued guarantees in favor of the holders of the net share settled contingent convertible senior notes: YRC Inc., YRC Worldwide Technologies, Inc., YRC Logistics, Inc., YRC Logistics Global, LLC, Globe.com Lines, Inc., Roadway LLC and Roadway Next Day Corporation. Each of the guarantees is full and unconditional and joint and several.

The condensed consolidating financial statements are presented in lieu of separate financial statements and other related disclosures of the subsidiary guarantors and issuer because management does not believe that separate financial statements and related disclosures would be material to investors. There are currently no significant restrictions on the ability of YRC Worldwide or any guarantor to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan.

The following represents condensed consolidating financial information as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 with respect to the financial position and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 for results of operations and for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 for the statements of cash flows of YRC Worldwide and its subsidiaries. The Parent column presents the financial information of YRC Worldwide, the primary obligor of the contingent convertible senior notes. The Guarantor Subsidiaries column presents the financial information of all guarantor subsidiaries of the net share settled contingent convertible senior notes. The Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries column presents the financial information of all non-guarantor subsidiaries, including those subsidiaries that are governed by foreign laws and Yellow Roadway Receivables Funding Corporation, the special-purpose entity that is associated with our ABS agreement.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

June 30, 2009

(in millions)	Parent		arantor sidiaries		Guarantor sidiaries	T71:-	minations	Com	solidated
	\$ 121	\$	11	\$ \$	33	\$	mnations	\$	165
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 121	Ф	(68)	Ф	68	Ф		ф	103
Intercompany advances receivable Accounts receivable, net	8		2		665		(5)		670
	24		101		72		(5)		197
Prepaid expenses and other	24		101		12				197
Total current assets	153		46		838		(5)		1,032
Property and equipment			2,821		1,058				3,879
Less accumulated depreciation			(1,494)		(322)				(1,816)
•			, , ,		` ,				
Net property and equipment			1,327		736				2,063
Investment in subsidiaries	2,959		(560)		203		(2,602)		
Receivable from affiliate	(145)		35		110				
Intangibles and other assets	313		194		166		(350)		323
Total assets	\$ 3,280	\$	1,042	\$	2,053	\$	(2,957)	\$	3,418
Intercompany advances payable	\$ 570	\$	(206)	\$	(161)	\$	(203)	\$	
Accounts payable	36		136		81		(2)		251
Wages, vacations and employees benefits	24		210		81				315
Other current and accrued liabilities	173		156		63				392
Current maturities of long-term debt	406		6		358				770
Total current liabilities	1,209		302		422		(205)		1,728
Payable to affiliate	(41)		(34)		225		(150)		
Long-term debt, less current portion	833								833
Deferred income taxes, net	(142)		144		125				127

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Pension and postretirement	381				381
Claims and other liabilities	404	8	11		423
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholders equity (deficit)	636	622	1,270	(2,602)	(74)
Total liabilities and shareholders equity (deficit)	\$ 3,280	\$ 1,042	\$ 2,053	\$ (2,957)	\$ 3,418

December 31, 2008

4	Guarantor		Non-Guarantor		FII. 4		Consolidated		
(in millions)	Parent		sidiaries	Subsid			ninations		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 295	\$	9	\$	21	\$		\$	325
Intercompany advances receivable	2		(71)		71		(5)		0.25
Accounts receivable, net	2		(16)		858		(7)		837
Prepaid expenses and other	25		203		70				298
Total current assets	322		125		1,020		(7)		1,460
Property and equipment			2,914		1,064				3,978
Less accumulated depreciation			(1,492)		(285)				(1,777)
Net property and equipment			1,422		779				2,201
Investment in subsidiaries	3,377		93		203		(3,673)		
Receivable from affiliate	(712)		321		391				
Intangibles and other assets	268		200		188		(351)		305
Total assets	\$ 3,255	\$	2,161	\$	2,581	\$	(4,031)	\$	3,966
Intercompany advances payable	\$ 283	\$	(105)	\$	25	\$	(203)	\$	
Accounts payable	11		244		80		(1)		334
Wages, vacations and employees benefits	20		242		95				357
Other current and accrued liabilities	56		157		279		(2)		490
Current maturities of long-term debt	414		1		147				562
Total current liabilities	784		539		626		(206)		1,743
Payable to affiliate	(47)		(23)		221		(151)		
Long-term debt, less current portion	626		6		155		, ,		787
Deferred income taxes, net	20		199		24				243
Pension and postretirement	370								370
Claims and other liabilities	94		2		246				342
Commitments and contingencies									
Shareholders equity	1,408		1,438		1,309		(3,674)		481
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 3,255	\$	2,161	\$	2,581	\$	(4,031)	\$	3,966

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

For the three months ended June 30, 2009

(in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Cons	solidated
Operating revenue	\$	\$	855	\$	486	\$	(13)	\$	1,328
Operating expenses:									
Salaries, wages and employees benefits	8		662		342				1,012
Operating expenses and supplies	(8)		216		103		(1)		310
Purchased transportation			123		54		(13)		164
Depreciation and amortization			41		24				65
Other operating expenses			52		26				78
(Gains) losses on property disposals, net			(2)		1				(1)
Reorganization and settlements									
Total operating expenses			1,092		550		(14)		1,628

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Operating income (loss)		(237)	(64)	1	(300)
Nonoperating (income) expenses:					
Interest expense	26	2	11		39
Equity investment impairment			30		30
Other, net	15	8	(24)	1	
Nonoperating (income) expenses, net	41	10	17	1	69
Income (loss) before income taxes	(41)	(247)	(81)		(369)
Income tax provision (benefit)	(61)	(2)	3		(60)
Net income (loss)	\$ 20	\$ (245)	\$ (84)	\$	\$ (309)

For the three month	s ended June 30, 2008
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(in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Consolidated	
Operating revenue	\$	\$	1,670	\$	739	\$	(10)	\$	2,399
Operating revenue	Ψ	Ψ	1,070	Ψ	139	Ψ	(10)	Ψ	2,399
Operating expenses:									
Salaries, wages and employees benefits	8		880		444				1,332
Operating expenses and supplies	(5)		367		177				539
Purchased transportation			204		88		(10)		282
Depreciation and amortization			40		24				64
Other operating expenses			77		29				106
Losses on property disposals, net			3						3
Reorganization and settlements					2				2
Total operating expenses	3		1,571		764		(10)		2,328
Operating income (loss)	(3)		99		(25)				71
Nonoperating (income) expenses:									
Interest expense	9		4		6				19
Other, net	3		80		(85)				(2)
Nonoperating (income) expenses, net	12		84		(79)				17
Income (loss) before income taxes	(15)		15		54				54
Income tax provision (benefit)	19		(1)		1				19
•									
Net income (loss)	\$ (34)	\$	16	\$	53	\$		\$	35

For the six months ended June 30, 2009

4		Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	****	C		
(in millions)	Parent	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated		
Operating revenue	\$	\$ 1,866	\$ 991	\$ (26)	\$ 2,831		
Operating expenses:							
Salaries, wages and employees benefits	19	1,448	712		2,179		
Operating expenses and supplies	(19)	486	211	(1)	677		
Purchased transportation		253	112	(26)	339		
Depreciation and amortization		84	47		131		
Other operating expenses	1	119	63		183		
Losses on property disposals, net			1		1		
Reorganization and settlements							
Total operating expenses	1	2,390	1,146	(27)	3,510		
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Operating income (loss)	(1)	(524)	(155)	1	(679)		
Operating income (1055)	(1)	(321)	(133)	1	(077)		
Nonomorating (income) averages							
Nonoperating (income) expenses:	40	2	20		71		
Interest expense	48	3	20		71		
Equity investment impairment			30		30		
Other, net	17	(9)	(5)	1	4		
Nonoperating (income) expenses, net	65	(6)	45	1	105		

Income (loss) before income taxes	(66)	(518)	(200)	(784)
Income tax provision (benefit)	(202)	(2)	3	