

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS INC
Form 10-Q
August 14, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-33139

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-3530539
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

225 Brae Boulevard
Park Ridge, New Jersey 07656-0713
(201) 307-2000

(Address, including Zip Code, and telephone number,
including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 321,420,371 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding as of August 10, 2007.

**HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders
of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2007 and the related consolidated statements of operations for each of the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet and the related interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2006 and the related consolidated statements of operations, of stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated March 30, 2007 we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2006 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Florham Park, New Jersey
August 13, 2007

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In Thousands of Dollars)
Unaudited

	June 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 401,630	\$ 674,549
Restricted cash	212,215	552,516
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,412 and \$1,989	1,411,789	1,656,542
Inventories, at lower of cost or market	129,846	112,119
Prepaid expenses and other assets	412,067	369,922
Revenue earning equipment, at cost:		
Cars	10,061,868	8,188,794
Less accumulated depreciation	(842,793)	(822,387)
Other equipment	2,922,090	2,686,947
Less accumulated depreciation	(346,261)	(247,846)
Total revenue earning equipment	11,794,904	9,805,508
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Land, buildings and leasehold improvements	1,012,412	969,195
Service equipment	643,566	597,882
	1,655,978	1,567,077
Less accumulated depreciation	(294,688)	(199,020)
Total property and equipment	1,361,290	1,368,057
Other intangible assets, net	3,143,263	3,173,495
Goodwill	985,347	964,693
Total assets	\$ 19,852,351	\$ 18,677,401
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,511,908	\$ 654,327
Accrued liabilities	948,081	976,949
Accrued taxes	122,243	92,469
Debt	12,452,526	12,276,184
Public liability and property damage	340,583	327,024
Deferred taxes on income	1,822,971	1,801,073
Total liabilities	17,198,312	16,128,026
Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interest	20,169	14,813
Stockholders equity:		
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized, 321,407,431 and 320,618,692 shares issued	3,214	3,206
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued		
Additional paid-in capital	2,449,044	2,427,293
Retained earnings	26,999	9,535
Accumulated other comprehensive income	154,613	94,528
Total stockholders equity	2,633,870	2,534,562
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 19,852,351	\$ 18,677,401

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars, except share data)
Unaudited

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues:				
Car rental	\$ 1,711,656	\$ 1,592,690	\$ 3,216,731	\$ 2,992,312
Equipment rental	432,791	420,294	822,634	783,342
Other	31,217	27,649	57,831	51,573
Total revenues	2,175,664	2,040,633	4,097,196	3,827,227
Expenses:				
Direct operating	1,164,714	1,137,219	2,279,038	2,207,369
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	496,037	436,220	963,854	843,474
Selling, general and administrative	182,440	197,311	382,817	359,488
Interest, net of interest income of \$8,176, \$8,843, \$20,267 and \$16,500	191,514	212,610	421,101	422,923
Total expenses	2,034,705	1,983,360	4,046,810	3,833,254
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	140,959	57,273	50,386	(6,027)
Provision for taxes on income	(52,538)	(35,417)	(20,421)	(18,094)
Minority interest	(4,746)	(4,038)	(8,856)	(7,297)
Net income (loss)	\$ 83,675	\$ 17,818	\$ 21,109	\$ (31,418)
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)				
Basic	320,891	230,611	320,759	230,059
Diluted	327,628	230,611	324,127	230,059
Earnings (loss) per share				
Basic	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.14)
Diluted	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In Thousands of Dollars)
Unaudited

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 21,109	\$ (31,418)
Non-cash expenses:		
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	963,854	843,474
Depreciation of property and equipment	90,998	99,525
Amortization of other intangible assets	30,766	30,847
Amortization of deferred financing costs	25,090	35,695
Amortization of debt discount	11,176	16,956
Debt modification costs	16,177	
Stock-based employee compensation	13,839	2,009
Provision for public liability and property damage	92,266	86,392
Unrealized loss on mark-to-market of Euro-denominated debt		21,530
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives	(9,979)	387
Gain on ineffectiveness of interest rate swaps		(1,034)
Provision for losses on doubtful accounts	6,312	9,175
Minority interest	8,856	7,297
Vacation accrual adjustment	(19,559)	
Deferred taxes on income	15,899	18,415
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:		
Receivables	269,256	552,639
Inventories, prepaid expenses and other assets	(45,125)	(53,377)
Accounts payable	794,626	488,951
Accrued liabilities	7,298	78,475
Accrued taxes	(3,260)	(4,389)
Payments of public liability and property damage claims and expenses	(87,073)	(95,016)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,202,526	\$ 2,106,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Unaudited

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net change in restricted cash	\$ 340,828	\$ 70,756
Revenue earning equipment expenditures	(7,150,826)	(7,540,300)
Proceeds from disposal of revenue earning equipment	4,305,073	4,899,511
Property and equipment expenditures	(97,301)	(130,629)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	24,387	28,527
Other investing activities	(110)	5
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,577,949)	(2,672,130)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	4,541	1,088,842
Repayment of long-term debt	(817,804)	(102,506)
Short-term borrowings:		
Proceeds	570,000	491,937
Repayments		(409,770)
Ninety day term or less, net	354,442	133,234
Proceeds from the sale of common stock		18,074
Payment of financing costs	(12,951)	(44,041)
Distributions to minority interest	(3,500)	(2,450)
Exercise of stock options	3,484	
Proceeds from Stockholder short-swing profits	4,745	
Dividends paid		(999,248)
Net cash provided by financing activities	102,957	174,072
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	(453)	59,992
Net decrease in cash and equivalents during the period	(272,919)	(331,533)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	674,549	843,908
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ 401,630	\$ 512,375
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$ 387,033	\$ 255,162
Income taxes	7,833	11,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unaudited

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

Hertz Global Holdings, Inc., or Hertz Holdings, is our top-level holding company. The Hertz Corporation, or Hertz, is our primary operating company and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Investors, Inc., which is wholly owned by Hertz Holdings. We, us and our mean Hertz Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries, including Hertz.

We are a successor to corporations that have been engaged in the car and truck rental and leasing business since 1918 and the equipment rental business since 1965. Hertz Holdings was incorporated in Delaware in 2005 and had no operations prior to the Acquisition (as defined below). Hertz was incorporated in Delaware in 1967. Ford Motor Company, or Ford, acquired an ownership interest in Hertz in 1987. Prior to this, Hertz was a subsidiary of UAL Corporation (formerly Allegis Corporation), which acquired Hertz's outstanding capital stock from RCA Corporation in 1985.

On December 21, 2005, or the Closing Date, investment funds associated with or designated by Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, Inc., or CD&R, The Carlyle Group, or Carlyle, and Merrill Lynch Global Private Equity, or MLGPE, or collectively the Sponsors, through CCMG Acquisition Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Holdings (previously known as CCMG Holdings, Inc.) acquired all of Hertz's common stock from Ford Holdings LLC for aggregate consideration of \$4,379 million in cash, debt refinanced or assumed of \$10,116 million and transaction fees and expenses of \$447 million.

We refer to the acquisition of all of Hertz's common stock through a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Holdings as the Acquisition. We refer to the Acquisition, together with related transactions entered into to finance the cash consideration for the Acquisition, to refinance certain of our existing indebtedness and to pay related transaction fees and expenses, as the Transactions.

In November 2006, we completed our initial public offering of 88,235,000 shares of our common stock at a per share price of \$15.00, with proceeds to us before underwriting discounts and offering expenses of approximately \$1.3 billion. The proceeds were used to repay borrowings that were outstanding under a \$1.0 billion loan facility entered into by Hertz Holdings, or the Hertz Holdings Loan Facility, and to pay related transaction fees and expenses. The proceeds were also used to pay special cash dividends of \$1.12 per share on November 21, 2006 to stockholders of record of Hertz Holdings immediately prior to the initial public offering.

In June 2007, the Sponsors completed a secondary public offering of 51,750,000 shares of their Hertz Holdings common stock at a per share price of \$22.25. We did not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of these shares. We paid all of the expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions of the selling stockholders, pursuant to a registration rights agreement we entered into at the time of the Acquisition. These expenses aggregated to approximately \$2.0 million. Immediately following the secondary public offering, the Sponsors ownership percentage in us decreased to approximately 55%.

The significant accounting policies summarized in Note 1 to our audited consolidated financial statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2007, or the Form 10-K, have been followed in preparing the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
Unaudited

In our opinion, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the results of operations for the interim periods have been made. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The December 31, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from our audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with current reporting.

Note 2 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, or SFAS No. 157. This pronouncement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for the fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently reviewing SFAS No. 157 to determine its impact, if any, on our financial position or results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The provisions of SFAS No. 159 are effective for the fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently reviewing SFAS No. 159 to determine its impact, if any, on our financial position or results of operations.

Note 3 Cash and Equivalents and Restricted Cash

We consider all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash includes cash and equivalents that are not readily available for our normal disbursements. Restricted cash and equivalents are restricted for the acquisition of vehicles and other specified uses under our fleet debt programs, our like-kind exchange programs and to satisfy certain of our self-insurance regulatory reserve requirements. As of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the portion of total restricted cash that was associated with our fleet debt was \$148.3 million and \$487.0 million, respectively.

Note 4 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

We account for goodwill under SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill must be tested for impairment at least annually. For 2007, we conducted the required annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment test in the second quarter and determined that there was no impairment.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
Unaudited

The following summarizes the changes in our goodwill, by segment, for the periods presented (in thousands of dollars):

	Car Rental	Equipment Rental	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2006	\$ 336,579	\$ 628,114	\$ 964,693
Changes(1)	18,497	2,157	20,654
Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ 355,076	\$ 630,271	\$ 985,347

(1) Consists of changes primarily resulting from the adoption of FIN 48 (see Note 5 Taxes on Income) and the translation of foreign currencies at different exchange rates from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.

Other intangible assets, net, consisted of the following major classes (in thousands of dollars):

	June 30, 2007		Net	December 31, 2006		Net
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Value	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Value
Amortized intangible assets:						
Customer-related	\$ 612,297	\$ (93,674)	\$ 518,623	\$ 611,783	\$ (63,046)	\$ 548,737
Other	1,290	(650)	640	1,270	(512)	758
Total	613,587	(94,324)	519,263	613,053	(63,558)	549,495
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:						
Trade name	2,624,000		2,624,000	2,624,000		2,624,000
Total other intangible assets, net	\$ 3,237,587	\$ (94,324)	\$ 3,143,263	\$ 3,237,053	\$ (63,558)	\$ 3,173,495

Amortization of other intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$15.4 million and \$15.3 million, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$30.8 million and \$30.8 million, respectively. Future amortization expense of other intangible assets is expected to be approximately \$61.2 million per year for each of the next five years.

Note 5 Taxes on Income

The provision for taxes on income is determined using the estimated effective tax rate applicable for the full year. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 is 37.3% and 40.5%, respectively, which reflects the impact of not providing a benefit for losses in certain countries.

We adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, or FIN 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, on January 1, 2007. Upon adoption, we recorded an \$18.9 million increase to our liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits. The increase in liabilities was recorded as a charge of \$3.6 million and an increase of \$15.3 million to the January 1, 2007 retained earnings and goodwill balances, respectively. As of the adoption date, we had gross tax

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Unaudited

effected unrecognized tax benefits of \$20.3 million, of which \$5.1 million, if recognized, would favorably impact the effective tax rate in future periods.

We conduct business globally and, as a result, file one or more income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and non-U.S. jurisdictions. In the normal course of business we are subject to examination by taxing authorities throughout the world, including such major jurisdictions as Australia, the Netherlands, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Ireland, the United Kingdom and the United States. The open tax years for these jurisdictions span from 1991 to 2006. The tax indemnification agreement entered into with Ford on the Closing Date indemnifies Hertz from U.S. federal and unitary state, and certain combined non-U.S. income tax liabilities for all periods prior to December 21, 2005.

In many cases our uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain subject to examination by the relevant taxing authorities. We are not currently under audit by the Internal Revenue Service but are under audit in several non-U.S. jurisdictions. It is reasonably possible that a \$3.3 million tax liability, attributable to an uncertain tax position, may reverse within the next twelve months.

Interest and penalties related to the liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits are classified as a component of Provision for taxes on income in our consolidated statement of operations. Accrued interest (net of benefit) and penalties recorded at January 1, 2007 in our condensed consolidated balance sheet was \$12.5 million.

Note 6 Depreciation of Revenue Earning Equipment

Depreciation of revenue earning equipment includes the following (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	\$ 480,537	\$ 439,211
Adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of the equipment	41	(9,334)
Rents paid for vehicles leased	15,459	6,343
Total	\$ 496,037	\$ 436,220

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	\$ 931,902	\$ 857,851
Adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of the equipment	5,097	(26,345)
Rents paid for vehicles leased	26,855	11,968
Total	\$ 963,854	\$ 843,474

The adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 included a net loss of \$3.5 million and a net gain of \$3.2 million, respectively, on the disposal of vehicles in our car rental operations and net gains of \$3.5 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, on the disposal of industrial and construction equipment used in our equipment rental operations. The adjustment of depreciation upon disposal of revenue earning equipment for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 included a net loss of \$12.0 million and a net gain of \$14.3 million, respectively, on the disposal of vehicles in our car rental operations and

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
Unaudited

net gains of \$6.9 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, on the disposal of industrial and construction equipment in our equipment rental operations.

Depreciation rates are reviewed on an ongoing basis based on management's routine review of present and estimated future market conditions and their effect on residual values at the time of disposal. Effective January 1, 2007 and April 1, 2007, depreciation rates being used to compute the provision for depreciation of revenue earning equipment were increased on certain vehicles in our U.S. and Canadian car rental operations and were decreased effective January 1, 2007 and increased effective April 1, 2007, in our other international car rental operations, in each case, to reflect changes in the estimated residual values to be realized when revenue earning equipment is sold. These depreciation rate changes resulted in net increases of \$3.7 million, \$0.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, in depreciation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and net increases of \$9.0 million, \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, in depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007. Effective April 1, 2007, depreciation rates in our U.S. equipment rental operations were decreased and resulted in a net decrease of \$3.0 million in depreciation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. Effective April 1, 2006 and January 1, 2007, depreciation rates in our French equipment rental operations were decreased and resulted in a net reduction of \$0.3 million and \$2.2 million in depreciation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively.

Note 7 Debt

Our Senior Term Facility is a facility entered into by Hertz in connection with the Acquisition consisting of (a) a maximum borrowing capacity of \$2,000 million (which was decreased in February 2007 to \$1,400 million), which included a delayed draw facility of \$293 million (which was utilized during 2006) and (b) a synthetic letter of credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$250 million.

Our Senior ABL Facility is a senior asset-based revolving loan facility entered into by Hertz and certain of its U.S. and of its Canadian subsidiaries in connection with the Acquisition with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$1,600 million (which was increased in February to \$1,800 million). Up to \$200.0 million of the revolving loan facility is available for the issuance of letters of credit. We refer to the Senior Term Facility and the Senior ABL Facility together as the Senior Credit Facilities.

Our Senior Dollar Notes are the \$1,800 million aggregate principal amount of 8.875% Senior Notes due 2014 issued by Hertz in connection with the Acquisition. Our Senior Subordinated Notes refer to the \$600 million aggregate principal amount of 10.5% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 issued by Hertz in connection with the Acquisition. Our Senior Euro Notes are the 225 million aggregate principal amount of 7.875% Senior Notes due 2014 issued by Hertz in connection with the Acquisition. We refer to the Senior Dollar Notes and the Senior Euro Notes together as the Senior Notes.

Our Promissory Notes consist of the outstanding untendered senior notes issued under three separate indentures existing prior to the Acquisition. These senior notes have maturities ranging from 2007 to 2028.

Our U.S. Fleet Debt consists of approximately \$4,300 million of asset-backed securities issued on the Closing Date by a special purpose entity wholly owned by us, backed by our U.S. car rental fleet, all of which we issued under our existing asset-backed notes program, or the ABS Program. An additional \$600 million of previously issued asset-backed medium term notes, or Pre-Acquisition ABS

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
Unaudited

Notes, having maturities from 2007 to 2009 remained outstanding under the ABS Program following the closing of the Transactions (\$265 million of which have subsequently matured). We have also issued approximately \$1,500 million of variable funding notes on the Closing Date in two series under these facilities, none of which were funded on the Closing Date.

Our International Fleet Debt consists of the aggregate borrowings of our foreign subsidiaries under asset-based revolving loan facilities, subject to borrowing bases comprised of rental vehicles, rental equipment, and related assets of certain of our foreign subsidiaries (substantially all of which are organized outside of the United States) or one or more special purpose entities, as the case may be, and rental equipment and related assets of certain of our subsidiaries organized outside North America or one or more special purpose entities, as the case may be. The subsidiaries conducting the car rental business in certain European jurisdictions may, at their option, continue to engage in capital lease financings relating to revenue earning equipment outside the International Fleet Debt facilities.

Our Fleet Financing Facility is a credit agreement entered into by Hertz and its subsidiary, Puerto Ricancars, Inc., or PR Cars, in September 2006, which provides for a commitment of up to \$275 million to finance the acquisition of Hertz's and/or PR Cars fleet in Hawaii, Kansas, Puerto Rico and St. Thomas, the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Our Brazilian Credit Facility consists of revolving and term credit facilities entered into by our Brazilian subsidiary in April 2007. The maximum amount that may be borrowed under this facility is R\$130 million (or \$67.6 million, calculated using exchange rates in effect on June 30, 2007) maturing in December 2010.

Our Canadian Fleet Financing Facility consists of an asset-backed borrowing facility to provide financing for our Canadian rental car fleet entered into in May 2007. The maximum amount which may be borrowed under this facility is CAN\$400 million (or \$376.3 million) maturing in May 2012.

Our Belgian Revolving Credit Facility consists of a revolving credit facility entered into by Hertz Belgium BVBA of up to 23.4 million (or \$31.6 million) maturing in December 2010.

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Our debt consists of the following (in thousands of dollars):

	June 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
<i>Corporate Debt</i>		
Senior Term Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 7.1%; 2006, 7.4% (effective average interest rate: 2007, 7.2%; 2006, 7.5%); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$25,705; 2006, \$38,378	\$ 1,370,795	\$ 1,947,907
Senior ABL Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 6.5%; 2006, N/A (effective average interest rate: 2007, 7.8%; 2006, N/A); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$20,746; 2006, \$22,188	108,058	(22,188)
Senior Notes, average interest rate: 2007, 8.7%; 2006, 8.7%	2,103,849	2,097,030
Senior Subordinated Notes, average interest rate: 2007, 10.5%; 2006, 10.5%	600,000	600,000
Promissory Notes, average interest rate: 2007, 7.2%; 2006, 7.2% (effective average interest rate: 2007, 7.3%; 2006, 7.3%); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$5,550; 2006, \$5,545	633,458	633,463
Notes payable, average interest rate: 2007, 5.2%; 2006, 4.1%	2,110	6,175
Foreign subsidiaries' debt in foreign currencies:		
Short-term bank borrowings, average interest rate: 2007, 13.9%; 2006, 13.4%	968	2,340
Other borrowings, average interest rate: 2007, 5.5%; 2006, 5.1%	14,518	12,546
Total Corporate Debt	4,833,756	5,277,273
<i>Fleet Debt</i>		
U.S. Fleet Debt and Pre-Acquisition ABS Notes, average interest rate: 2007, 4.6%; 2006, 4.4% (effective average interest rate: 2007, 4.6%; 2006, 4.5%); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$6,811; 2006, \$10,631	5,198,189	4,845,202
International Fleet Debt in foreign currencies, average interest rate: 2007, 5.6%; 2006, 5.4% (effective average interest rate: 2007, 5.6%; 2006, 5.4%); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$1,721; 2006, \$4,443	1,937,425	1,987,787
Fleet Financing Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 6.6%; 2006, 6.6% (effective average interest rate: 2007, 6.6%; 2006, 6.7%); net of unamortized discount: 2007, \$1,859; 2006, \$2,078	178,141	165,922
Brazilian Credit Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 13.9%; 2006, N/A	57,291	
Canadian Fleet Financing Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 4.7%; 2006, N/A	223,416	
Belgian Revolving Credit Facility, average interest rate: 2007, 5.4%; 2006, N/A	24,308	
Total Fleet Debt	7,618,770	6,998,911
Total Debt	\$ 12,452,526	\$ 12,276,184

The aggregate amounts of maturities of debt for each of the twelve-month periods ending June 30 (in millions of dollars) are as follows: 2008, \$3,417.4 (including \$3,123.9 of other short-term borrowings); 2009, \$1,155.5; 2010, \$1,258.7; 2011, \$2,236.7; 2012, \$121; after 2012, \$4,325.6.

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As of June 30, 2007, there were outstanding standby letters of credit totaling \$468.4 million. Of this amount, \$234.0 million has been issued for the benefit of the ABS Program (\$200.0 million of which was issued by Ford and \$34.0 million of which was issued under the Senior Credit Facilities) and the remainder is primarily issued to support self-insurance programs (including insurance policies with respect to which we have indemnified the issuers for any losses) in the United States, Canada and in Europe and to support airport concession obligations in the United States and Canada. As of June 30, 2007, the full amount of these letters of credit was undrawn.

As of June 30, 2007, there were \$35.9 million of capital lease financings outstanding. These capital lease financings are included in the International Fleet Debt total.

On January 12, 2007, Hertz completed exchange offers for its outstanding Senior Notes and Senior Subordinated Notes whereby over 99% of the outstanding notes were exchanged for a like principal amount of new notes with identical terms that were registered under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-4.

On February 9, 2007, Hertz entered into an amendment to its Senior Term Facility. The amendment was entered into for the purpose of (i) lowering the interest rates payable on the Senior Term Facility by up to 50 basis points from the interest rates previously payable thereunder, and revising financial ratio requirements for specific interest rate levels; (ii) eliminating certain mandatory prepayment requirements; (iii) increasing the amounts of certain other types of indebtedness that Hertz and its subsidiaries may incur outside of the Senior Term Facility; (iv) permitting certain additional asset dispositions and sale and leaseback transactions; and (v) effecting certain technical and administrative changes to the Senior Term Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2007, we recorded an expense of \$13.9 million, in our consolidated statement of operations, in Interest, net of interest income, associated with the write off of debt costs in connection with the amendment of the Senior Term Facility. Additionally, in February 2007, we repaid a portion of the Senior Term Facility, bringing the maximum borrowing capacity down from \$2,000 million to \$1,400 million.

On February 15, 2007, Hertz, Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation and certain other subsidiaries entered into an amendment to its Senior ABL Facility. The amendment was entered into for the purpose of (i) lowering the interest rates payable on the Senior ABL Facility by up to 25 basis points from the interest rates previously payable thereunder, and revising financial ratio requirements for specific interest rate levels; (ii) increasing the availability under the Senior ABL Facility from \$1,600 million to \$1,800 million; (iii) extending the term of the commitments under the Senior ABL Facility to February 15, 2012; (iv) increasing the amounts of certain other types of indebtedness that the borrowers and their subsidiaries may incur outside of the Senior ABL Facility; (v) permitting certain additional asset dispositions and sale and leaseback transactions; and (v) effecting certain technical and administrative changes to the Senior ABL Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2007, we recorded an expense of \$2.2 million, in our consolidated statement of operations, in Interest, net of interest income, associated with the write off of debt costs in connection with the amendment of the Senior ABL Facility.

On March 21, 2007, certain of the agreements relating to the International Fleet Debt facilities were amended and restated for the purpose of, among other things, (i) extending the dates when margins on the facilities are scheduled to step up, subject to satisfaction of interim goals pertaining to the execution of agreements with automobile manufacturers and dealers that are required in connection with the planned securitization of the international car rental fleet and the take-out of the Tranche A1 and Tranche A2 loans; (ii) subject to certain conditions, permitting the financing of value-added tax

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receivables under the facilities; and (iii) effecting certain technical and administrative changes to the terms of the facilities. Additionally, the Intercreditor deed pertaining to the International Fleet Debt facilities was amended, to among other things, remove the Brazilian facility.

On April 4, 2007, our Brazilian subsidiary entered into the Brazilian Credit Facility, an agreement amending and restating its credit facility (which was originally under the International Fleet Debt facility) to, among other things, increase the facility to R\$130 million (or \$67.6 million) consisting of an R\$70 million (or \$36.4 million) term loan facility and an R\$60 million (or \$31.2 million) revolving credit facility. This facility will mature on December 21, 2010.

On May 30, 2007, a Canadian subsidiary, Hertz Canada Limited, and certain of its subsidiaries, entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with CARE Trust, a special purpose commercial paper conduit administered by Bank of Montreal, and certain related agreements and transactions, in order to establish the Canadian Fleet Financing Facility, an asset-backed borrowing facility to provide financing for our Canadian rental car fleet. The new facility refinanced the Canadian portion of the International Fleet Debt facilities. The maximum amount which may be borrowed under the new facility is CAN\$400 million (or \$376.3 million). The new facility has a term of five years.

On June 21, 2007, our Belgian subsidiary, Hertz Belgium BVBA, entered into the Belgian Revolving Credit Facility, a secured revolving credit facility for up to 23.4 million (or \$31.6 million) maturing in December 2010. The new facility refinanced the Belgian portion of the International Fleet Debt facilities.

Guarantees and Security

Hertz's obligations under the Senior Term Facility and the Senior ABL Facility are guaranteed by Hertz Investors, Inc., its immediate parent, and most of its direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions, including for subsidiaries involved in the U.S. Fleet Debt Facility and similar special purpose financings), though Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation does not guarantee Hertz's obligations under the Senior ABL Facility because it is a borrower under that facility. In addition, the obligations of the Canadian borrowers under the Senior ABL Facility are guaranteed by their respective subsidiaries, if any, subject to limited exceptions. The lenders under each of the Senior Term Facility and the Senior ABL Facility have received a security interest in substantially all of the tangible and intangible assets of the borrowers and guarantors under those facilities, including pledges of the stock of certain of their respective subsidiaries, subject in each case to certain exceptions (including in respect of the U.S. Fleet Debt, the International Fleet Debt and, in the case of the Senior ABL Facility, other secured fleet financing). Consequently, these assets will not be available to satisfy the claims of Hertz's general creditors.

The obligations of the borrowers under the International Fleet Debt facilities are guaranteed by Hertz International, Ltd., or HIL, and by the other borrowers and certain related entities under the applicable tranche, in each case subject to certain legal, tax, cost and other structuring considerations. The obligations and the guarantees of the obligations of the Tranche A borrowers under the Tranche A2 loans are subordinated to the obligations and the guarantees of the obligations of such borrowers under the Tranche A1 loans. Subject to legal, tax, cost and other structuring considerations and to certain exceptions, the International Fleet Debt facilities are secured by a material part of the assets of each borrower, certain related entities and each guarantor, including pledges of the capital stock of each borrower and certain related entities. The obligations of the Tranche A borrowers under the Tranche A2 loans and the guarantees thereof are secured on a junior

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second priority basis by any assets securing the obligations of the Tranche A borrowers under the Tranche A1 loans and the guarantees thereof. The assets that collateralize the International Fleet Debt facilities will not be available to satisfy the claims of Hertz's general creditors.

The obligations of each of the borrowers under the Fleet Financing Facility are guaranteed by each of Hertz's direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries (other than subsidiaries whose only material assets consist of securities and debt of foreign subsidiaries and related assets, subsidiaries involved in the ABS Program or other similar special purpose financings, subsidiaries with minority ownership positions, certain subsidiaries of foreign subsidiaries and certain immaterial subsidiaries). In addition, the obligations of PR Cars are guaranteed by Hertz. The obligations of Hertz under the Fleet Financing Facility and the other loan documents, including, without limitation, its guarantee of PR Cars obligations under the Fleet Financing Facility, are secured by security interests in Hertz's rental car fleet in Hawaii and by certain assets related to Hertz's rental car fleet in Hawaii and Kansas, including, without limitation, manufacturer repurchase program agreements. PR Cars' obligations under the Fleet Financing Facility and the other loan documents are secured by security interests in PR Cars' rental car fleet in Puerto Rico and St. Thomas, the U.S. Virgin Islands and by certain assets related thereto.

In addition, Hertz has guaranteed the obligations of its Brazilian subsidiary under its loan agreement, as amended and restated as of April 4, 2007, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$63.5 million. That guarantee is secured equally and ratably with borrowings under the Senior Term Facility.

The obligations of Hertz Belgium BVBA under the Belgian Revolving Credit Facility are guaranteed by HIL.

Covenants

Certain of our debt instruments and credit facilities contain a number of covenants that, among other things, limit or restrict the ability of the borrowers and the guarantors to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, incur guarantee obligations, prepay other indebtedness, make dividends and other restricted payments, create liens, make investments, make acquisitions, engage in mergers, change the nature of their business, make capital expenditures, or engage in certain transactions with affiliates. Some of these agreements also require the maintenance of certain financial covenants. As of June 30, 2007, we were in compliance with all of these financial covenants.

Derivatives

In connection with the Acquisition and the issuance of \$3,550.0 million of floating rate U.S. Fleet Debt, Hertz Vehicle Financing LLC, or HVF, entered into certain interest rate swap agreements, or the HVF Swaps, effective December 21, 2005, which qualify as cash flow hedging instruments in accordance with SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. These agreements mature at various terms, in connection with the scheduled maturity of the associated debt obligations, through November 25, 2011. Under these agreements, HVF pays monthly interest at a fixed rate of 4.5% per annum in exchange for monthly amounts at one-month LIBOR, effectively transforming the floating rate U.S. Fleet Debt to fixed rate obligations. HVF paid \$44.8 million to reduce the fixed interest rate on the swap from the prevailing market rates to 4.5%. Ultimately, this amount will be recognized as additional interest expense over the remaining terms of the swaps, which range from 2 to 4 years. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, we recorded an expense of \$12.8 million in our consolidated statement of operations, in Interest, net of interest income,

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associated with the ineffectiveness of the HVF Swaps. The ineffectiveness resulted from a decline in the value of the swaps due to the decreasing forward interest rates along with a decrease in the time value component as we continue to approach the maturity dates of the swaps. However, during the three months ended June 30, 2007, forward interest rates increased steadily, resulting in a higher fair value of the swaps, which more than offset the decline related to the diminishing time value component, resulting in the reversal of the \$12.8 million of expense previously recognized. As of June 30, 2007, the fair value of the HVF Swaps was \$68.9 million, which is reflected in the condensed consolidated balance sheet in Prepaid expenses and other assets.

In May 2006, in connection with the forecasted issuance of the permanent take-out international asset-based facilities, HIL purchased two swaptions for 3.3 million, to protect itself from interest rate increases. These swaptions gave HIL the right, but not the obligation, to enter into three year interest rate swaps, based on a total notional amount of 600 million at an interest rate of 4.155%. The swaptions were renewed in 2007 prior to their scheduled expiration date of March 15, 2007, at a cost of 1.8 million, and now expire on September 5, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the fair value of the swaptions was 10.5 million (or \$14.1 million), which is reflected in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Prepaid expenses and other assets. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the fair value adjustment related to these swaptions was a gain of \$10.2 million and \$9.9 million, respectively, which was recorded in our consolidated statement of operations in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

Credit Facilities

As of June 30, 2007, the following credit facilities were available for the use of Hertz and its subsidiaries:

- The Senior Term Facility had approximately \$3.5 million available under the letter of credit facility.
- The Senior ABL Facility had the foreign currency equivalent of approximately \$1,649.8 million of remaining capacity, all of which was available under the borrowing base limitation and \$181.9 million of which was available under the letter of credit facility sublimit.
- The U.S. Fleet Debt had approximately \$930.0 million of remaining capacity and \$38.0 million available under the borrowing base limitation. No additional amounts were available under the letter of credit facility.
- The International Fleet Debt facilities had the foreign currency equivalent of approximately \$981.6 million of remaining capacity and \$193.5 million available under the borrowing base limitation.
- The Fleet Financing Facility had approximately \$95.0 million of remaining capacity and \$7.5 million available under the borrowing base limitation.
- The Brazilian Credit Facility had the foreign currency equivalent of approximately \$10.3 million of remaining capacity and \$0.5 million available under the borrowing base limitation.
- The Canadian Fleet Financing Facility had the foreign currency equivalent of approximately \$152.9 million of remaining capacity and no amounts available under the borrowing base limitation.

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- The Belgian Revolving Credit Facility had the foreign currency equivalent of approximately \$7.3 million of remaining capacity, all of which was available under the borrowing base limitation.

As of June 30, 2007, substantially all of our assets are pledged under one or more of the facilities noted above.

Note 8 Employee Retirement Benefits

The following table sets forth the net periodic pension and postretirement (including health care, life insurance and auto) expense (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Postretirement	
	Pension Benefits				Benefits (U.S.)	
	U.S. 2007	2006	Non-U.S. 2007	2006	2007	2006
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:						
Service cost	\$ 6.6	\$ 6.8	\$ 2.8	\$ 2.3	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1
Interest cost	6.2	5.2	2.6	1.9	0.3	0.3
Expected return on plan assets	(6.4)	(5.9)	(2.6)	(2.0)		
Amortization: Losses and other	0.1			0.2		
Settlement/curtailment gain	(4.9)				(0.1)	
Net pension/postretirement expense	\$ 1.6	\$ 6.1	\$ 2.8	\$ 2.4	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.4

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Postretirement	
	Pension Benefits				Benefits (U.S.)	
	U.S. 2007	2006	Non-U.S. 2007	2006	2007	2006
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:						
Service cost	\$ 13.6	\$ 14.0	\$ 5.3	\$ 4.5	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.2
Interest cost	12.3	10.8	4.9	3.9	0.5	0.5
Expected return on plan assets	(12.7)	(12.1)	(5.3)	(3.7)		
Amortization: Losses and other	0.1			0.2	(0.1)	
Settlement/curtailment (gain) loss	(0.3)		(0.1)		0.2	
Net pension/postretirement expense	\$ 13.0	\$ 12.7	\$ 4.8	\$ 4.9	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.7

Our policy for funded plans is to contribute annually, at a minimum, amounts required by applicable laws, regulations and union agreements. From time to time, we make contributions beyond those legally required. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, we contributed \$3.8 million and \$16.0 million, respectively, to our funded worldwide pension plans and benefit payments made through unfunded plans.

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We participate in various multiemployer pension plans administered by labor unions representing some of our employees. We make periodic contributions to these plans to allow them to meet their pension benefit obligations to their participants. In the event that we withdrew from participation in one of these plans, then applicable law could require us to make an additional lump-sum contribution to the plan, and we would have to reflect that as an expense in our consolidated statement of operations and as a liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. Our withdrawal liability for any multiemployer plan would depend on the extent of the plan's funding of vested benefits. We currently do not expect to incur any material withdrawal liability in the near future. However, in the ordinary course of our renegotiation of collective bargaining agreements with labor unions that maintain these plans, we could decide to discontinue participation in a plan, and in that event we could face a withdrawal liability. Some multiemployer plans, including one in which we participate, are reported to have significant underfunded liabilities. Such underfunding could increase the size of our potential withdrawal liability.

Note 9 Hertz Holdings Stock Incentive Plan

In May 2007, Hertz Holdings granted options to acquire 1,030,007 shares of Hertz Holdings common stock to key executives, employees, and non-management directors at exercise prices ranging from \$20.55 to \$21.87. These options are subject to and governed by the terms of the Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. Stock Incentive Plan, or the Stock Incentive Plan, and the Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. Director Stock Incentive Plan, or the Director Plan. We have accounted for our employee stock-based compensation awards in accordance with SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment. The options are being accounted for as equity-classified awards.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, we recognized compensation cost of approximately \$8.3 million (\$5.1 million, net of tax) and \$15.3 million (\$9.4 million, net of tax) respectively. As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$101.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted by Hertz Holdings under the Stock Incentive Plan, including costs related to modifying the exercise prices of certain option grants in order to preserve the intrinsic value of the options, consistent with applicable tax law, to reflect special cash dividends of \$4.32 per share paid on June 30, 2006 and \$1.12 per share paid on November 21, 2006. These remaining costs are expected to be recognized over the remaining 2.3 years of the five-year requisite service period that began on the grant dates.

Note 10 Segment Information

In accordance with SFAS No. 131, Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, we disclose segment data based on how management makes decisions about allocating resources to segments and measuring their performance.

Our operating segments are aggregated into reportable business segments based primarily upon similar economic characteristics, products, services, customers and delivery methods. We have identified two segments: rental of cars and light trucks, or car rental, and rental of industrial, construction and material handling equipment, or equipment rental. Corporate and other includes general corporate expenses, certain interest expense (including net interest on corporate debt), as well as other business activities such as our third-party claim management services.

On January 1, 2007, we changed our measure of segment profitability from income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest to adjusted pre-tax income (loss) as this measure is now being

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utilized by management in making decisions about allocating resources to segments and measuring their performance. We believe this measure better reflects the financial results from ongoing operations. Adjusted pre-tax income (loss) is calculated as income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest plus non-cash purchase accounting charges, non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization of debt financing costs and debt discounts and mark to market of the HVF swaps, unrealized transaction gains (losses) on Euro-denominated debt and certain one-time charges and non-operational items. The contribution of our segments to revenues and adjusted pre-tax income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 are summarized below (in millions of dollars).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Adjusted Pre-Tax	
	Revenues		Income (Loss)	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Car rental	\$ 1,740.3	\$ 1,618.2	\$ 153.1	\$ 112.9
Equipment rental	433.0	420.5	96.7	87.9
Corporate and other	2.4	1.9	(92.6)	(84.1)
Total	\$ 2,175.7	\$ 2,040.6	\$ 157.2	\$ 116.7

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Adjusted Pre-Tax	
	Revenues		Income (Loss)	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Car rental	\$ 3,270.0	\$ 3,039.8	\$ 190.0	\$ 130.4
Equipment rental	822.9	783.6	162.3	141.2
Corporate and other	4.3	3.8	(179.0)	(166.5)
Total	\$ 4,097.2	\$ 3,827.2	\$ 173.3	\$ 105.1

The following table reconciles the income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest to adjusted pre-tax income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30, 2007	2006
Income before income taxes and minority interest	\$ 141.0	\$ 57.3
Adjustments:		
Purchase accounting(a)	22.6	20.1
Non-cash debt charges(b)	4.1	23.5
Restructuring charges	16.7	
Chief Executive Officer transition costs	0.6	0.6
Mark-to-market Euro-denominated debt(c)		15.0
Unrealized gain on derivative(d)	(10.2)	
Interest on Hertz Holdings debt		0.2
Vacation accrual adjustment(f)	(19.6)	
Secondary offering costs	2.0	
Adjusted pre-tax income	\$ 157.2	\$ 116.7

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	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	\$ 50.4	\$ (6.0)
Adjustments:		
Purchase accounting(a)	45.7	42.1
Non-cash debt charges(b)	52.5	52.7
Restructuring charges	49.3	
Chief Executive Officer transition costs	3.2	1.2
Mark-to-market Euro-denominated debt(c)		21.5
Gain on sale of swap derivative(e)		(6.6)
Unrealized gain on derivative(d)	(10.2)	
Interest on Hertz Holdings debt		0.2
Vacation accrual adjustment(f)	(19.6)	
Secondary offering costs	2.0	
Adjusted pre-tax income	\$ 173.3	\$ 105.1

(a) Includes the purchase accounting effects of the Acquisition on our results of operations relating to increased depreciation and amortization of tangible and intangible assets and accretion of revalued workers' compensation and public liability and property damages liabilities.

(b) Non-cash debt charges represent the amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount. In the three months ended June 30, 2007, also includes \$12.8 million associated with the reversal of the ineffectiveness of the HVF swaps originally recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2007. Additionally, in the three months ended March 31, 2007 and six months ended June 30, 2007, includes the write off of \$16.1 million of unamortized debt costs associated with a debt modification.

(c) Represents unrealized losses on currency translation of Euro-denominated debt. On October 1, 2006, we designated this Euro-denominated debt as an effective net investment hedge of our Euro-denominated net investment in our foreign operations and as such we will no longer incur unrealized exchange transaction gains or losses in our consolidated statement of operations.

(d) During the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007, includes unrealized gains on interest rate swaptions.

(e) During the three months ended December 31, 2006, an adjustment of \$5.6 million was recorded to reduce the \$6.6 million gain on the assignment of certain interest rate swaps to \$1.0 million. See Note 12 to the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K.

(f) Represents a decrease in employee vacation accrual during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, relating to a change in our U.S. vacation policy which provides for vacation entitlement to now be earned ratably throughout the year versus the previous policy which provided for full vesting on January 1 of each year.

The increase in total assets from December 31, 2006 to June 30, 2007 in our condensed consolidated balance sheet was primarily due to an increase in revenue earning vehicles in our car rental segment, partly offset by decreases in restricted cash, cash and equivalents and receivables.

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Note 11 Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 primarily includes (in thousands of dollars) accumulated translation gains of \$129,116 and \$91,629, respectively, a change in unrecognized net periodic pension and postretirement costs of \$22,190 and \$6,452, respectively, unrealized gains on cash flow hedges of \$14,589 and \$3,543, respectively, and unrealized losses on our Euro-denominated debt of \$11,179 and \$7,066, respectively. Comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Net income	\$ 83,675	\$ 17,818
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	25,021	48,771
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	(66)	(23)
Unrealized loss on Euro-denominated debt	(1,983)	
Change in unrecognized net periodic pension and postretirement cost	15,772	
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	13,969	13,506
Total other comprehensive income	52,713	62,254
Comprehensive income	\$ 136,388	\$ 80,072

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Net income (loss)	\$ 21,109	\$ (31,418)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	37,487	62,854
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	(73)	(49)
Unrealized loss on Euro-denominated debt	(4,113)	
Change in unrecognized net periodic pension and postretirement cost	15,738	
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	11,046	48,808
Total other comprehensive income	60,085	111,613
Comprehensive income	\$ 81,194	\$ 80,195

As of December 31, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 158, or SFAS No. 158, Employer's Accounting for Defined Benefit Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits. We recorded the impact of adopting this standard in Accumulated other comprehensive income, resulting in an increase of \$6.4 million, net of tax. Subsequent to the filing of our 2006 Form 10-K, we identified that, although the impact of adopting SFAS No. 158 was properly included as an increase in Accumulated other comprehensive income on our consolidated statements of stockholders' equity, it should not have been recorded as a component of Total comprehensive income. The impact of appropriately excluding the SFAS No. 158 adjustment decreases Total comprehensive income from \$217.9 million, as originally reported, to \$211.5 million, as adjusted.

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Note 12 Earnings (Loss) Per Share

As a result of the Acquisition, our capital structure initially consisted of 229,500,000 shares of common stock outstanding. See Note 1 Basis of Presentation in this Report and also Notes 1 and 6 to the Notes to our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-K for a discussion of the initial and subsequent capital structure changes. Basic earnings (loss) per share has been computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the applicable period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share has been computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the applicable period plus the effect of all potentially dilutive common stock equivalents.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Basic and diluted earnings per share:		
Numerator (in thousands of dollars):		
Net income	\$ 83,675	\$ 17,818
Denominator (in thousands):		
Weighted average shares used in basic computation	320,891	230,611
Add: Stock options	6,737	
Weighted average shares used in diluted computation	327,628	230,611
Earnings per share, basic	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.08
Earnings per share, diluted	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.08

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2007	2006
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:		
Numerator (in thousands of dollars):		
Net income (loss)	\$ 21,109	\$ (31,418)
Denominator (in thousands):		
Weighted average shares used in basic computation	320,759	230,059
Add: Stock options	3,368	
Weighted average shares used in diluted computation	324,127	230,059
Earnings (loss) per share, basic	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.14)
Earnings (loss) per share, diluted	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.14)

The diluted earnings (loss) per share computation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 excludes the weighted-average impact of approximately 21,000 stock options, because such impact would be antidilutive.

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Note 13 Restructuring

As part of our effort to implement our strategy of reducing operating costs, we are evaluating our workforce and operations and making adjustments, including headcount reductions and process improvements to optimize work flow at rental locations and maintenance facilities as well as streamlining our back-office operations, initiating business process reengineering and evaluating outsourcing opportunities. When we make adjustments to our workforce and operations, we may incur incremental expenses that delay the benefit of a more efficient workforce and operating structure, but we believe that increasing our operating efficiency and reducing the costs associated with the operation of our business are important to our long-term competitiveness.

On January 5, 2007, we announced the first in a series of initiatives to further improve our competitiveness through targeted job reductions affecting approximately 200 employees primarily at our corporate headquarters in Park Ridge, New Jersey and our U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

On February 28, 2007, we announced the second initiative to further improve our competitiveness and industry leadership through targeted job reductions affecting approximately 1,350 employees primarily in our U.S. car rental operations, with much smaller reductions occurring in our U.S. equipment rental operations, the corporate headquarters in Park Ridge, New Jersey, and the U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as well as in Canada, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Australia and New Zealand.

On June 1, 2007, we announced the third initiative to further improve our operational efficiency through targeted reductions affecting approximately 480 positions in our U.S. car and equipment rental operations, as well as financial and reservations-related jobs in our U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Further cost reduction initiatives are in process. We currently anticipate incurring future charges to earnings in connection with those initiatives; however, we have not yet developed detailed estimates of these expenses.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007, our consolidated statement of operations includes restructuring charges relating to the initiatives discussed above of \$16.7 million, which is composed of \$13.4 million of involuntary termination benefits, \$6.4 million in consulting costs, a net gain of \$5.2 million related to pension and post employment benefits and other charges of \$2.1 million. The after-tax effect of the restructuring charges reduced diluted earnings per share by \$0.04 for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

For the six months ended June 30, 2007, our consolidated statement of operations includes restructuring charges relating to the initiatives discussed above of \$49.3 million, which is composed of \$37.8 million of involuntary termination benefits, \$10.6 million in consulting costs, a net gain of \$2.2 million related to pension and post employment benefits and other charges of \$3.1 million. The after-tax effect of the restructuring charges reduced diluted earnings per share by \$0.10 for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

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Restructuring charges in the consolidated statement of operations can be summarized as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
By Caption:		
Direct operating	\$ 11,922	\$ 24,867
Selling, general and administrative	4,713	24,417
Total	\$ 16,635	\$ 49,284

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
By Segment:		
Car rental	\$ 14,661	\$ 34,411
Equipment rental	1,150	2,934
Corporate and other	824	11,939
Total	\$ 16,635	\$ 49,284

Our condensed consolidated balance sheet included accruals relating to the restructuring program of \$21.4 million. We expect to pay substantially all of the remaining restructuring obligations during 2007. The following table sets forth the activity affecting the accrual during the six months ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands of dollars):

	Involuntary Termination Benefits	Pension and Post Retirement Expense	Consultant Costs	Other	Total
Balance as of beginning of year	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Charges incurred	37,765	(2,170)	10,586	3,103	49,284
Cash payments	(21,717)	(7)	(5,635)	(1,518)	(28,877)
Other(1)	(1,104)	2,277	98	(298)	973
Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ 14,944	\$ 100	\$ 5,049	\$ 1,287	\$ 21,380

(1) Includes \$1.5 million of stock-based employee compensation expense relating to the acceleration of vesting for certain stock options which has been classified as Additional paid-in capital on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, a reduction of \$2.2 million in pension and post retirement liabilities which have been included within Accrued liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and \$0.4 million in translation gains, which have been included with Accumulated other comprehensive income on our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

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HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Note 14 Related Party Transactions

Relationship with Ford

Prior to the Acquisition, we were an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Ford. We and certain of our subsidiaries had entered into contracts, or other transactions or relationships, with Ford or subsidiaries of Ford, the most significant of which are described below.

Car purchases/repurchases and advertising arrangements

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On July 5, 2005, Hertz, one of its wholly owned subsidiaries and Ford signed a Master Supply and Advertising Agreement, effective July 5, 2005 and expiring August 31, 2010, that covers the 2005 through 2010 vehicle model years. This agreement replaces and supersedes previously existing joint advertising and vehicle supply agreements that would have expired August 31, 2007.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, we purchased cars from Ford and its subsidiaries at a cost of approximately \$1,909.0 million and sold cars to Ford and its subsidiaries under various repurchase programs for approximately \$1,013.8 million.

Stock option plan

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Certain employees of ours participate in the stock option plan of Ford under Ford's 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan. As a result of the Acquisition, all outstanding options issued under this plan became vested.

Taxes

Prior to the Acquisition, Hertz and its domestic subsidiaries filed a consolidated federal income tax return with Ford. Pursuant to a tax sharing agreement, or the Agreement, with Ford, current and deferred taxes were reported, and paid to Ford, as if Hertz had filed its own consolidated tax returns with its domestic subsidiaries. The Agreement provided that Hertz was reimbursed for foreign tax credits in accordance with the utilization of those credits by the Ford consolidated tax group.

On December 21, 2005, in connection with the Acquisition, the Agreement with Ford was terminated. Upon termination, all tax payables and receivables with Ford were cancelled and neither Hertz nor Ford has any future rights or obligations under the Agreement. Hertz may be exposed to tax liabilities attributable to periods it was a consolidated subsidiary of Ford. While Ford has agreed to indemnify Hertz for certain tax liabilities pursuant to the arrangements relating to our separation from Ford, we cannot offer assurance that payments in respect of the indemnification agreement will be available.

Other relationships and transactions

We and Ford also engage in other transactions in the ordinary course of our respective businesses. These transactions include providing car and equipment rental services to Ford and providing insurance and insurance claim management services to Ford. In addition, Ford subsidiaries are our car rental licensees in Scandinavia and Finland.

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Relationship with Hertz Investors, Inc. and the Sponsors

Stockholders Agreement

In connection with the Acquisition, we entered into a stockholders agreement, or, as amended, the Stockholders Agreement, with investment funds associated with or designated by the Sponsors. The Stockholders Agreement contains agreements that entitle investment funds associated with or designated by the Sponsors to nominate all of our directors. The director nominees are to include three nominees of an investment fund associated with CD&R, two nominees of investment funds associated with Carlyle, two nominees of an investment fund associated with MLGPE (collectively, the Sponsor Designees) and up to six independent directors (subject to unanimous consent of the Sponsor Designees), subject to adjustment in the case that the applicable investment fund sells more than a specified amount of its shareholdings in us. The Stockholders Agreement also provides that our chief executive officer shall be designated as a director, unless otherwise approved by a majority of the Sponsor Designees. In addition, the Stockholders Agreement provides that one of the nominees of an investment fund associated with CD&R shall serve as the chairman of the executive and governance committee and, unless otherwise agreed by this fund, as Chairman of the Board. On October 12, 2006, our Board elected four independent directors, effective from the date of the completion of the initial public offering of our common stock.

The Stockholders Agreement also grants to the investment funds associated with CD&R or to the majority of the Sponsor Designees the right to remove our chief executive officer. Any replacement chief executive officer requires the consent of investment funds associated with CD&R as well as investment funds associated with at least one other Sponsor. It also contains restrictions on the transfer of our shares, as well as tag-along and drag-along rights. The rights described above apply only for so long as the investment funds associated with the applicable Sponsor maintain certain specified minimum levels of shareholdings in us. In addition, the Stockholders Agreement limits the rights of the investment funds associated with or designated by the Sponsors that have invested in our common stock and our affiliates, subject to several exceptions, to own, manage, operate or control any of our competitors (as defined in the Stockholders Agreement). The Stockholders Agreement may be amended from time to time in the future to eliminate or modify these restrictions without our consent.

Registration Rights Agreement

On the Closing Date, we entered into a registration rights agreement, or, as amended, the Registration Rights Agreement, with investment funds associated with or designated by the Sponsors. The Registration Rights Agreement grants to certain of these investment funds the right, following the earlier of the initial public offering of our common stock and the eighth anniversary of the Closing Date, to cause us, at our own expense, to use our best efforts to register such securities held by the investment funds for public resale, subject to certain limitations. The exercise of this right is limited to three requests by the group of investment funds associated with each Sponsor, except for registrations effected pursuant to Form S-3, which are unlimited, subject to certain limitations, if we are eligible to use Form S-3. In the event we register any of our common stock following our initial public offering, these investment funds also have the right to require us to use our best efforts to include shares of our common stock held by them, subject to certain limitations, including as determined by the underwriters. The Registration Rights Agreement also provides for us to indemnify

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the investment funds party to that agreement and their affiliates in connection with the registration of our securities.

Guarantees

Hertz's obligations under the Senior Term Facility and Senior ABL Facility are guaranteed by Hertz's immediate parent, Hertz Investors, Inc. (previously known as CCMG Corporation). Hertz Holdings is not a guarantor of these facilities. See Note 7 Debt.

Indemnification Agreements

On the Closing Date, Hertz entered into customary indemnification agreements with Hertz Holdings, the Sponsors and Hertz Holdings stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors, pursuant to which Hertz Holdings and Hertz will indemnify the Sponsors, the Hertz Holdings stockholders affiliated with the Sponsors and their respective affiliates, directors, officers, partners, members, employees, agents, representatives and controlling persons, against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of a consulting agreement with Hertz Holdings and each of the Sponsors and certain other claims and liabilities, including liabilities arising out of financing arrangements or securities offerings. We also entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors in connection with the initial public offering of our common stock in November 2006. We have not recorded any liability because these liabilities are considered to be de minimis.

Hertz Holdings has entered into indemnification agreements with each of its directors. The indemnification agreements provide the directors with contractual rights to the indemnification and expense advancement rights provided under our by-laws, as well as contractual rights to additional indemnification as provided in the indemnification agreements.

Director Stock Incentive Plan

On October 12, 2006, the Board of Directors of Hertz Holdings approved the Director Plan. The stockholders of Hertz Holdings approved the Director Plan on October 20, 2006. The Director Plan provides for the grant of shares of common stock of Hertz Holdings, options to purchase shares of common stock of Hertz Holdings and phantom shares, which are the right to receive shares of common stock of Hertz Holdings at a specified point in the future. A maximum of 3,500,000 shares are reserved for issuance under the Director Plan.

Options granted under the Director Plan must be granted at an exercise price no less than fair market value of such shares on the date of grant. Options granted as part of a director's annual retainer fee will be fully vested at the time of grant and will generally have a 10-year term.

A director may generally elect to receive all or a portion of fees that would otherwise be payable in cash in the form of shares of common stock of Hertz Holdings having a fair market value at such time equal to the amount of such fees. Any such shares will be paid to the director when cash fees would otherwise be payable, although, if a director so chooses, these shares may be payable on a tax-deferred basis in phantom shares, in which case the actual shares of the common stock of Hertz Holdings will be paid to the director promptly following the date on which he or she ceases to serve as a director (or, if earlier, upon a change in control).

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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A director will recognize ordinary income upon exercising options granted under the Director Plan in an amount equal to the fair market value of the shares acquired on the date of exercise, less the exercise price, and Hertz Holdings will have a corresponding tax deduction at that time. In the case of shares issued in lieu of cash fees, a director who is an individual will generally recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of such shares on the date such shares are paid to the director and Hertz Holdings will have a corresponding tax deduction at that time. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, we recognized \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of expense relating to the Director Plan in our consolidated statement of operations in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

Financing Arrangements with Related Parties

Affiliates of ML Global Private Equity, L.P. and its related funds, which are stockholders of Hertz Holdings, and of Merrill Lynch & Co., one of the underwriters in the initial public offering of our common stock and the secondary offering by the Sponsors, were lenders under the Hertz Holdings Loan Facility (which was repaid with the proceeds of our initial public offering), are lenders under the original and amended Senior Term Facility, the original and amended Senior ABL Facility and the Fleet Financing Facility; acted as initial purchasers with respect to the offerings of the Senior Notes and the Senior Subordinated Notes; acted as structuring advisors and agents under Hertz's asset-backed facilities; and acted as dealer managers and solicitation agents for Hertz's tender offers for its existing debt securities in connection with the Acquisition.

Other Sponsor Relationships

In connection with our car and equipment rental businesses, we enter into millions of rental transactions every year involving millions of customers. In order to conduct those businesses, we also procure goods and services from thousands of vendors. Some of those customers and vendors may be affiliated with the Sponsors or members of our Board of Directors. We believe that all such rental and procurement transactions have been conducted on an arms-length basis and involved terms no less favorable to us than those that we believe we would have obtained in the absence of such affiliation. It is our management's practice to bring to the attention of our Board of Directors any transaction, even if it arises in the ordinary course of business, in which our management believes that the terms being sought by transaction participants affiliated with the Sponsors or our Directors would be less favorable to us than those to which we would agree absent such affiliation.

We have been advised by Merrill Lynch & Co., an affiliate of one of our Sponsors, that between November 17, 2006, and April 19, 2007, Merrill Lynch & Co., or ML, engaged in principal trading activity in our common stock. Some of those purchases and sales should have been reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 4, but were not so reported. On May 11, 2007, June 21, 2007 and August 6, 2007, ML and certain of its affiliates filed amended reports on Form 4 disclosing the current number of shares of our common stock held by ML and its affiliates. On June 21, 2007, ML tendered to us the sum of \$4.7 million for its short-swing profit liability resulting from its principal trading activity that is subject to recovery by us under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We recorded \$2.8 million, which is net of tax of \$1.9 million, in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Additional paid-in capital. In addition, because ML may be deemed to be an affiliate of Hertz Holdings and there was no registration statement in effect with respect to its sale of shares during this period, certain of these sales may have been made in violation of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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Note 15 Commitments and Contingencies

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

As of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the following guarantees (including indemnification commitments) were issued and outstanding:

Indemnifications

In the ordinary course of business, we execute contracts involving indemnifications standard in the relevant industry and indemnifications specific to a transaction such as the sale of a business. These indemnifications might include claims relating to the following: environmental matters; intellectual property rights; governmental regulations and employment-related matters; customer, supplier and other commercial contractual relationships; and financial matters. Performance under these indemnities would generally be triggered by a breach of terms of the contract or by a third party claim. We regularly evaluate the probability of having to incur costs associated with these indemnifications and have accrued for expected losses that are probable and estimable. The types of indemnifications for which payments are possible include the following:

Sponsors; Directors

See Note 14 Related Party Transactions Indemnification Agreements.

Environmental

We have indemnified various parties for the costs associated with remediating numerous hazardous substance storage, recycling or disposal sites in many states and, in some instances, for natural resource damages. The amount of any such expenses or related natural resource damages for which we may be held responsible could be substantial. The probable losses that we expect to incur for such matters have been accrued, and those losses are reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the aggregate amounts accrued for environmental liabilities, including liability for environmental indemnities, reflected in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Accrued liabilities were \$3.4 million and \$3.7 million, respectively. The accrual generally represents the estimated cost to study potential environmental issues at sites deemed to require investigation or clean-up activities, and the estimated cost to implement remediation actions, including on-going maintenance, as required. Cost estimates are developed by site. Initial cost estimates are based on historical experience at similar sites and are refined over time on the basis of in-depth studies of the sites. For many sites, the remediation costs and other damages for which we ultimately may be responsible cannot be reasonably estimated because of uncertainties with respect to factors such as our connection to the site, the materials there, the involvement of other potentially responsible parties, the application of laws and other standards or regulations, site conditions, and the nature and scope of investigations, studies, and remediation to be undertaken (including the technologies to be required and the extent, duration, and success of remediation).

Legal Proceedings

On March 15, 2004, *Jose M. Gomez, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated persons, v. The Hertz Corporation* was commenced in the 214th Judicial District Court of Nueces County, Texas. Gomez purports to be a class action filed alternatively on behalf of all persons who were charged a

HERTZ GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Fuel and Service Charge, or FSC, by us or all Texas residents who were charged a FSC by us. The petition alleged that the FSC is an unlawful penalty and that, therefore, it is void and unenforceable. The plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, with the return of all FSC paid or the difference between the FSC and our actual costs, disgorgement of unearned profits, attorneys' fees and costs. In response to various motions by us, the plaintiff filed two amended petitions which scaled back the putative class from a nationwide class to a class of all Texas residents who were charged a FSC by us or by our Corpus Christi licensee. A new cause of action was also added for conversion for which the plaintiff is seeking punitive damages. After some limited discovery, we filed a motion for summary judgment in December 2004. That motion was denied in January 2005. The parties then engaged in more extensive discovery. In April 2006, the plaintiff further amended his petition by adding a cause of action for fraudulent misrepresentation and, at the plaintiff's request, a hearing on the plaintiff's motion for class certification was scheduled for August 2006. In May 2006, the plaintiff filed a fourth amended petition which deleted the cause of action for conversion and the plaintiff also filed a first amended motion for class certification in anticipation of the August 2006 hearing on class certification. After the hearing, the plaintiff filed a fifth amended petition seeking to further refine the putative class as including all Texas residents who were charged a FSC in Texas after February 6, 2000. In October 2006, the judge entered a class certification order which certified a class of all Texas residents who were charged an FSC in Texas after February 6, 2000. We are appealing the order.

On November 18, 2004, *Keith Kochner, individually and on behalf of all similarly situated persons, v. The Hertz Corporation* was commenced in the District Court in and for Tulsa County, State of Oklahoma. As with the Gomez case, Kochner purports to be a class action, this time on behalf of Oklahoma residents who rented from us and incurred our FSC. The petition alleged that the imposition of the FSC is a breach of contract and amounts to an unconscionable penalty or liquidated damages in violation of Article 2A of the Oklahoma Uniform Commercial Code. The plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, with the return of all FSC paid or the difference between the FSC and our actual costs, disgorgement of unearned profits, attorneys' fees and costs. In March 2005, the trial court granted our motion to dismiss the action but also granted the plaintiff the right to replead. In April 2005, the plaintiff filed an amended class action petition, newly alleging that our FSC violates the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act and that we have been unjustly enriched, and again alleging that our FSC is unconscionable under Article 2A of the Oklahoma Uniform Commercial Code. In May 2005, we filed a motion to dismiss the amended class action petition. In October 2005, the court granted our motion to dismiss, but allowed the plaintiff to file a second amended complaint and we then answered the complaint. Discovery has now commenced.

On January 10, 2007, *Marlena Guerra, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated persons, v. The Hertz Corporation* was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada. As with the Gomez and Kochner cases, Guerra purports to be a class action on behalf of all individuals and business entities who rented vehicles at Las Vegas McCarran International Airport and were charged a FSC. The complaint alleged that those customers who paid the FSC were fraudulently charged a surcharge required for fuel in violation of Nevada's Deceptive Trade Practices Act. The plaintiff also alleged the FSC violates the Nevada Uniform Commercial Code, or UCC, since it is unconscionable and operates as an unlawful liquidated damages provision. Finally, the plaintiff claimed that we breached our own rental agreement which the plaintiff claims to have been modified so as not to violate Nevada law by charging the FSC, since such charges violate the UCC and/or the prohibition against fuel surcharges. The plaintiff seeks compensatory damages, including the return of all FSC

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paid or the difference between the FSC and its actual costs, plus prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees and costs. In March 2007, we filed a motion to dismiss. In July 2007, the court granted our motion to dismiss and ordered the plaintiff's complaint be dismissed with prejudice.

On August 15, 2006, *Davis Landscape, Ltd., individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation*, was filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey. Davis Landscape, Ltd., purports to be a nationwide class action on behalf of all persons and business entities who rented equipment from HERC and who paid a Loss Damage Waiver, or LDW, charge. The complaint alleges that the LDW is deceptive and unconscionable as a matter of law under pertinent sections of New Jersey law, including the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act and the New Jersey Uniform Commercial Code. The plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of statutory damages under the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act, an unspecified amount of compensatory damages with the return of all LDW charges paid, declaratory relief and an injunction prohibiting HERC from engaging in acts with respect to the LDW charge that violate the New Jersey Consumer Fraud Act. The complaint also asks for attorneys' fees and costs. In October 2006, we filed an answer to the complaint. In November 2006, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint adding an additional plaintiff, Miguel V. Pro, an individual residing in Texas, and new claims relating to HERC's charging of an Environmental Recovery Fee. Causes of action for breach of contract and breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing were also added. In January 2007, we filed an answer to the amended complaint. Discovery has now commenced.

On October 13, 2006, *Janet Sobel, Daniel Dugan, and Lydia Lee, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated v. The Hertz Corporation and Enterprise Rent-A-Car Company* was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada. Sobel purports to be a nationwide class action on behalf of all persons who rented cars from Hertz or Enterprise at airports in Nevada and whom Hertz or Enterprise charged airport concession recovery fees. The complaint alleged that the airport concession recovery fees violate certain provisions of Nevada law, including Nevada's Deceptive Trade Practices Act. The plaintiffs seek an unspecified amount of compensatory damages, restitution of any charges found to be improper and an injunction prohibiting Hertz and Enterprise from quoting or charging any of the fees prohibited by Nevada law. The complaint also asks for attorneys' fees and costs. In November 2006, the plaintiffs and Enterprise stipulated and agreed that claims against Enterprise would be dismissed without prejudice. In January 2007, we filed a motion to dismiss.

On May 3, 2007, *Fun Services of Kansas City, Inc., individually and as the representative of a class of similarly-situated persons, v. Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation* was commenced in the District Court of Wyandotte County, Kansas. Fun Services purports to be a class action on behalf of all persons in Kansas and throughout the United States who on or after four years prior to the filing of the action were sent facsimile messages of advertising materials relating to the availability of property, goods or services by HERC and who did not provide express permission for sending such faxes. The plaintiff asserts violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. Section 227, and common law conversion and the plaintiff is seeking damages and costs of suit. On June 6, 2007, we removed this action to the United States District Court for the District of Kansas.

We believe that we have meritorious defenses in the foregoing matters and will defend ourselves vigorously.

In addition, we are currently a defendant in numerous actions and have received numerous claims on which actions have not yet been commenced for public liability and property damage arising from the operation of motor vehicles and equipment rented from us and our licensees. In the aggregate, we

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can be expected to expend material sums to defend and settle public liability and property damage actions and claims or to pay judgments resulting from them.

On February 19, 2007, *The Hertz Corporation and TSD Rental LLC v. Enterprise Rent-A-Car Company and The Crawford Group, Inc.* was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts. In this action, we and our co-plaintiff seek damages and injunctive relief based upon allegations that Enterprise and its corporate parent, The Crawford Group, Inc., unlawfully engaged in anticompetitive and unfair and deceptive business practices by claiming to customers of Hertz that once Enterprise obtains a patent that it has applied for relating to its insurance replacement reservation system, Hertz will be prevented from using the co-plaintiff's EDiCAR system, which Hertz currently uses in its insurance replacement business. The complaint alleges, among other things, that Enterprise's threats are improper because the Enterprise patent, once issued, should be invalid and unenforceable. In April 2007, Enterprise and Crawford filed a motion to dismiss and Hertz and TSD filed opposition papers in May 2007. See Item 1A Risk Factors in our Form 10-K. Enterprise and Crawford filed a motion to dismiss in April 2007 and Hertz and TSD filed opposition papers in May 2007.

In addition to the foregoing, various legal actions, claims and governmental inquiries and proceedings are pending or may be instituted or asserted in the future against us and our subsidiaries. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of the individual litigated matters is not predictable with assurance. It is possible that certain of the actions, claims, inquiries or proceedings, including those discussed above, could be decided unfavorably to us or any of our subsidiaries involved. Although the amount of liability with respect to these matters cannot be ascertained, potential liability in excess of related accruals is not expected to materially affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows, but it could be material in the period in which it is recorded.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis provides information that management believes to be relevant to understanding our consolidated financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes thereto contained in our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, or this Report.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained or incorporated by reference in this Report including, without limitation, those concerning our liquidity and capital resources, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 concerning our results of operations; economic performance; financial condition; management forecasts; efficiencies, cost savings and opportunities to increase productivity and profitability; income and margins; liquidity; anticipated growth; economies of scale; the economy; future economic performance; our ability to maintain profitability during adverse economic cycles and unfavorable external events; future acquisitions and dispositions; litigation; potential and contingent liabilities; management's plans; taxes; and refinancing of existing debt. Because such statements involve risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These statements often include words such as believes, expects, projects, anticipates, intends, plans, estimates, seeks, will, may, should, forecasts or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance or results and by their nature are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you therefore that you should not rely on these forward-looking statements. You should understand that the risks and uncertainties discussed in Item 1A Risk Factors and elsewhere in Hertz Global Holdings, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, on March 30, 2007, or our Form 10-K, could affect our future results and could cause those results or other outcomes to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking information contained in this Report speaks only as of the date of this Report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect new information, changed circumstances or unanticipated events.

Unless the context otherwise requires, in this Report, (i) we, us, our, the registrant and the Company mean Hertz Global Holdings, Inc. (previously known as CCMG Holdings, Inc.), or Hertz Holdings, and its consolidated subsidiaries, (ii) Hertz means The Hertz Corporation, (iii) HERC means Hertz Equipment Rental Corporation, our wholly owned subsidiary, and our various other wholly owned international subsidiaries that conduct our industrial, construction and material handling equipment rental business, (iv) cars means cars and light trucks (including sport utility vehicles and, outside North America, light commercial vehicles), (v) program cars means cars purchased by car rental companies under repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs, (vi) risk cars mean cars not purchased under repurchase or guaranteed depreciation programs for which the car rental company is exposed to residual risk and (vii) equipment means industrial, construction and material handling equipment.

We are a successor to corporations that have been engaged in the car and truck rental and leasing business since 1918 and the equipment rental business since 1965. Hertz Holdings was incorporated in Delaware in 2005 and had no operations prior to the Acquisition (as defined below). Hertz was incorporated in Delaware in 1967. Ford Motor Company, or Ford, acquired an ownership interest in

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Hertz in 1987. Prior to this, Hertz was a subsidiary of UAL Corporation (formerly Allegis Corporation), which acquired Hertz's outstanding capital stock from RCA Corporation in 1985.

On December 21, 2005, or the Closing Date, investment funds associated with or designated by Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, Inc., or CD&R, The Carlyle Group, or Carlyle, and Merrill Lynch Global Private Equity, or MLGPE, or collectively the Sponsors, through CCMG Acquisition Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Holdings (previously known as CCMG Holdings, Inc.) acquired all of Hertz's common stock from Ford Holdings LLC for aggregate consideration of \$4,379 million in cash, debt refinanced or assumed of \$10,116 million and transaction fees and expenses of \$447 million.

We refer to the acquisition of all of Hertz's common stock through a wholly owned subsidiary of Hertz Holdings as the Acquisition. We refer to the Acquisition, together with related transactions entered into to finance the cash consideration for the Acquisition, to refinance certain of our existing indebtedness and to pay related transaction fees and expenses, as the Transactions.

In November 2006, we completed our initial public offering of 88,235,000 shares of our common stock at a per share price of \$15.00, with proceeds to us before underwriting discounts and offering expenses of approximately \$1.3 billion. The proceeds were used to repay borrowings that were outstanding under a \$1.0 billion loan facility entered into by Hertz Holdings and to pay related transaction fees and expenses. The proceeds were also used to pay special cash dividends of \$1.12 per share on November 21, 2006 to stockholders of record of Hertz Holdings immediately prior to the initial public offering.

In June 2007, the Sponsors completed a secondary public offering of 51,750,000 shares of their Hertz Holdings common stock at a per share price of \$22.25. We did not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of these shares. We paid all of the expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions of the selling stockholders, pursuant to a registration rights agreement we entered into at the time of the Acquisition. These expenses aggregated to approximately \$2.0 million. Immediately following the secondary public offering, the Sponsors ownership percentage in us decreased to approximately 55%.

We have been advised by Merrill Lynch & Co., an affiliate of one of our Sponsors, that between November 17, 2006, and April 19, 2007, Merrill Lynch & Co., or ML, engaged in principal trading activity in our common stock. Some of those purchases and sales should have been reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 4, but were not so reported. On May 11, 2007, June 21, 2007 and August 6, 2007, ML and certain of its affiliates filed amended reports on Form 4 disclosing the current number of shares of our common stock held by ML and its affiliates. On June 21, 2007, ML tendered to us the sum of \$4.7 million for its short-swing profit liability resulting from its principal trading activity that is subject to recovery by us under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We recorded \$2.8 million, which is net of tax of \$1.9 million, in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Additional paid-in capital. In addition, because ML may be deemed to be an affiliate of Hertz Holdings and there was no registration statement in effect with respect to its sale of shares during this period, certain of these sales may have been made in violation of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Overview of Our Business

We are engaged principally in the business of renting cars and renting equipment.

Our revenues primarily are derived from rental and related charges and consist of:

- Car rental revenues (revenues from all company-operated car rental operations, including charges to customers for the reimbursement of costs incurred relating to airport concession

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

fees and vehicle license fees, the fueling of vehicles and the sale of loss or collision damage waivers, liability insurance coverage and other products);

- Equipment rental revenues (revenues from all company-operated equipment rental operations, including amounts charged to customers for the fueling and delivery of equipment and sale of loss damage waivers); and
- Other revenues (fees and certain cost reimbursements from our licensees and revenues from our car leasing operations and our third-party claim management services).

Our equipment rental business also derives revenues from the sale of new equipment and consumables.

Our expenses primarily consist of:

- Direct operating expenses (primarily wages and related benefits; commissions and concession fees paid to airport authorities, travel agents and others; facility, self-insurance and reservations costs; the cost of new equipment and consumables purchased for resale; and other costs relating to the operation and rental of revenue earning equipment, such as damage, maintenance and fuel costs);
- Depreciation expense relating to revenue earning equipment (including net gains or losses on the disposal of such equipment). Revenue earning equipment includes cars and equipment;
- Selling, general and administrative expenses (including advertising); and
- Interest expense, net of interest income.

The car and equipment rental industries are significantly influenced by general economic conditions. The car rental industry is also significantly influenced by developments in the travel industry, and, particularly, in airline passenger traffic. Our profitability is primarily a function of the volume, mix and pricing of rental transactions and the utilization of cars and equipment. Significant changes in the purchase price of cars and equipment or interest rates can also have a significant effect on our profitability depending on our ability to adjust pricing for these changes. In the United States, increases of approximately 17% in monthly per-car depreciation costs for 2006 model year program cars began to adversely affect our results of operations in the fourth quarter of 2005, as those cars began to enter our fleet. On a comparable basis, we expect 2007 model year program vehicle depreciation costs to rise approximately 20% and per-car depreciation costs for 2007 model year U.S. risk cars to decline slightly. As a consequence of those changes in per-car costs, as well as the larger proportion of our U.S. fleet we expect to purchase as risk cars and other actions we expect to take to mitigate program car cost increases, we expect our net per-car depreciation costs for 2007 model year cars in the United States will increase by less than 4% from our net per-car depreciation costs for 2006 model year U.S. cars. We began to experience the impact of those cost changes and mitigation actions in the fourth quarter of 2006, as substantial numbers of 2007 model year cars began to enter our U.S. rental fleet. Our business requires significant expenditures for cars and equipment, and consequently we require substantial liquidity to finance such expenditures.

Our car rental and equipment rental operations are seasonal businesses, with decreased levels of business in the winter months and heightened activity during the spring and summer. We have the ability to dynamically manage fleet capacity, the most significant portion of our cost structure, to meet market demand. For instance, to accommodate increased demand, we increase our available fleet and staff during the second and third quarters of the year. As business demand declines, fleet and staff are decreased accordingly. A number of our other major operating costs, including airport concession fees, commissions and vehicle liability expenses, are directly related to revenues or

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

transaction volumes. In addition, our management expects to utilize enhanced process improvements, including efficiency initiatives and use of our information systems, to help manage our variable costs. Approximately two-thirds of our typical annual operating costs represent variable costs, while the remaining one-third are fixed or semi-fixed. We also maintain a flexible workforce, with a significant number of part time and seasonal workers. However, certain operating expenses, including minimum concession fees, rent, insurance, and administrative overhead, remain fixed and cannot be adjusted for seasonal demand.

As part of our effort to implement our strategy of reducing operating costs, we are evaluating our workforce and operations and making adjustments, including headcount reductions and process improvements to optimize work flow at rental locations and maintenance facilities as well as streamlining our back-office operations, initiating business process reengineering and evaluating outsourcing opportunities. When we make adjustments to our workforce and operations, we may incur incremental expenses that delay the benefit of a more efficient workforce and operating structure, but we believe that increasing our operating efficiency and reducing the costs associated with the operation of our business are important to our long-term competitiveness.

On January 5, 2007, we announced the first in a series of initiatives to further improve our competitiveness through targeted job reductions affecting approximately 200 employees primarily at our corporate headquarters in Park Ridge, New Jersey and our U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. These reductions are expected to result in annualized savings of up to \$15.8 million.

On February 28, 2007, we announced the second initiative to further improve our competitiveness and industry leadership through targeted job reductions affecting approximately 1,350 employees primarily in our U.S. car rental operations, with much smaller reductions occurring in our U.S. equipment rental operations, the corporate headquarters in Park Ridge, New Jersey, and the U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as well as in Canada, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Australia and New Zealand. These reductions are expected to result in annualized savings of up to \$125.0 million.

On June 1, 2007, we announced the third initiative to further improve our operational efficiency through targeted reductions affecting approximately 480 positions in our U.S. car and equipment rental operations, as well as financial and reservations-related jobs in our U.S. service center in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. These reductions are expected to result in approximately \$24.0 million of annualized savings.

We recognized \$16.7 million and \$49.3 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, relating to our restructuring initiatives discussed above. Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2007 and continuing into 2008, we expect to implement cost initiatives in our European operations that are expected to result in additional annualized savings of approximately \$50.0 million. We plan to announce, as plans are finalized, other efficiency initiatives during 2007 and 2008. We currently anticipate incurring future charges to earnings in connection with those initiatives; however, we have not yet developed detailed estimates of these expenses.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, based on publicly available information, we believe some U.S. car rental companies experienced transaction day growth and pricing increases compared to comparable prior periods. For the year ended December 31, 2006, we experienced a less than one percentage point volume decline versus the prior period in the U.S., while pricing was up over three percentage points. The volume decline was the result of a reduction in fleet volume given significant fleet cost increases, higher leisure pricing for the period from March through May 2006 and the difficult comparison in the quarter ending December 31, 2006 due to the extraordinarily high volumes of post-hurricane rentals in the Gulf Coast and Florida areas in 2005. During the year ended December 31, 2006, we experienced low to mid single digit transaction day growth in our European

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

operations and our car rental pricing was above the level of our pricing during the year ended December 31, 2005.

For the six months ended June 30, 2007, based on publicly available information, we believe most major US car rental brands experienced positive transaction day increases with varying rental rate revenue per transaction day, or RPD, changes compared to comparable prior periods. For the six months ended June 30, 2007, we experienced higher worldwide car rental volumes, while RPD for worldwide car rental declined, as a decline in U.S. RPD was partly offset by a slight improvement in international RPD.

In the three years ended December 31, 2006, we increased the number of our off-airport rental locations in the United States by approximately 32% to approximately 1,380 locations, and as of June 30, 2007, we had approximately 1,465 off-airport locations. Revenues from our U.S. off-airport operations grew during the same period, representing \$890.1 million, \$845.8 million and \$697.4 million of our total car rental revenues in the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Our expanding U.S. off-airport operations represented \$455.4 million and \$427.9 million of our total car rental revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. In 2007 and subsequent years our strategy will include selected openings of new off-airport locations, the disciplined evaluation of existing locations and the pursuit of same-store sales growth. Our strategy includes increasing penetration in the off-airport market and growing the online leisure market, particularly in the longer length weekly sector, which is characterized by lower vehicle cost and lower transaction cost at lower RPD. Increasing our penetration in these sectors is consistent with our long term strategy to generate profitable growth. When we open a new off-airport location, we incur a number of costs, including those relating to site selection, lease negotiation, recruitment of employees, selection and development of managers, initial sales activities and integration of our systems with those of the companies who will reimburse the location's replacement renters for their rentals. A new off-airport location, once opened, takes time to generate its full potential revenues, and as a result revenues at new locations do not initially cover their start-up costs and often do not, for some time, cover the costs of their ongoing operation.

HERC experienced higher equipment rental pricing and volumes worldwide for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the first half of 2007. In 2006, HERC added twelve new locations and closed two locations in the United States, added two new locations in Canada and added eight new locations and closed one location in Europe. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, HERC added eight new locations and closed six locations in the United States and Canada and added two new locations in Europe. HERC expects to add approximately 4 to 6 additional new locations in the United States, one additional location in Canada and 5 to 10 additional new locations in Europe during the remainder of the year. In its U.S. expansion, we expect HERC will incur non-fleet start-up costs of approximately \$0.9 million per location and additional fleet acquisition costs over an initial twelve-month period of approximately \$4.6 million per location. In its European expansion, we expect HERC will incur lower start-up costs per location as compared with the United States.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)**Three months ended June 30, 2007 compared with Three months ended June 30, 2006****Summary**

The following table sets forth the percentage of total revenues represented by the various line items set forth in our consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended		Percentage of Revenues	
	June 30, 2007	2006	June 30, 2007	2006
Revenues:				
Car rental	\$ 1,711.7	\$ 1,592.7	78.7 %	78.0 %
Equipment rental	432.8	420.2	19.9	20.6
Other	31.2	27.7	1.4	1.4
Total revenues	2,175.7	2,040.6	100.0	100.0
Expenses:				
Direct operating	1,164.7	1,137.3	53.5	55.7
Depreciation of revenue earning equipment	496.1	436.2	22.8	21.4
Selling, general and administrative	182.4	197.2	8.4	9.7
Interest, net of interest income	191.5	212.6	8.8	10.4
Total expenses	2,034.7	1,983.3	93.5	97.2
Income before income taxes and minority interest	141.0	57.3	6.5	2.8
Provision for taxes on income	(52.5)	(35.4)	(2.4)	(1.7)
Minority interest	(4.8)	(4.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Net income	\$ 83.7	\$ 17.8	3.9 %	0.9 %

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following table sets forth certain of our selected car rental, equipment rental and other operating data for the three months ended or as of June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended or as of June 30,	
	2007	2006
Selected Car Rental Operating Data:		
Worldwide number of transactions (in thousands)	7,642	7,317
Domestic	5,744	5,467
International	1,898	1,850
Worldwide transaction days (in thousands)(a)	32,820	31,161
Domestic	22,990	21,884
International	9,830	9,277
Worldwide rental rate revenue per transaction day(b)	\$ 44.18	\$ 44.50
Domestic	\$ 42.50	\$ 43.18
International	\$ 48.12	\$ 47.60
Worldwide average number of company-operated cars during the period	473,000	438,300
Domestic	326,100	300,300
International	146,900	138,000
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars)(c)	\$ 153.1	\$ 112.9
Worldwide revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$ 9,219.1	\$ 8,963.0
Selected Worldwide Equipment Rental Operating Data:		
Rental and rental related revenue (in millions of dollars)(d)	\$ 378.9	\$ 367.0
Same store revenue growth(e)	1.2	% 22.8 %
Average acquisition cost of rental equipment operated during the period (in millions of dollars)	\$ 3,210.0	\$ 2,991.7
Adjusted pre-tax income (in millions of dollars)(c)	\$ 96.7	\$ 87.9
Revenue earning equipment, net (in millions of dollars)	\$ 2,575.8	\$ 2,466.8
Other Operating Data:		
EBITDA (in millions of dollars)(f)	\$ 884.5	\$ 767.3
Corporate EBITDA (in millions of dollars)(f)	\$ 371.1	\$ 341.7

(a) Transaction days represents the total number of days that vehicles were on rent in a given period.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

(b) Car rental rate revenue consists of all revenue, net of discounts, associated with the rental of cars including charges for optional insurance products, but excluding revenue derived from fueling and concession and other expense pass-throughs, NeverLost units and certain ancillary revenue. Rental rate revenue per transaction day is calculated as total rental rate revenue, divided by the total number of transaction days, with all periods adjusted to eliminate the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency. Our management believes eliminating the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency is appropriate so as not to affect the comparability of underlying trends. This statistic is important to management as it represents the best measurement of the changes in underlying pricing in the car rental business and encompasses the elements in car rental pricing that management has the ability to control. The following table reconciles our car rental revenue to our rental rate revenue and rental rate revenue per transaction day (based on December 31, 2006 foreign exchange rates) for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in millions of dollars, except as noted):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
Car rental revenue per statement of operations	\$ 1,711.7	\$ 1,592.7
Non-rental rate revenue	(245.8)	(226.6)
Foreign currency adjustment	(15.8)	20.4
Rental rate revenue	\$ 1,450.1	\$ 1,386.5
Transaction days (in thousands)	32,820	31,161
Rental rate revenue per transaction day (in whole dollars)	\$ 44.18	\$ 44.50

(c) On January 1, 2007, we changed our measure of segment profitability from income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest to adjusted pre-tax income (loss) as this measure is now being utilized by management in making decisions about allocating resources to segments and measuring their performance. Management believes this measure better reflects the financial results from ongoing operations. Adjusted pre-tax income (loss) is calculated as income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest plus non-cash purchase accounting charges, non-cash debt charges relating to the amortization of debt financing costs and debt discounts, unrealized transaction gain (loss) on Euro-denominated debt and certain one-time charges and non-operational items. The following table reconciles income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest by segment to adjusted pre-tax income (loss) by segment for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in millions of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007		
	Car Rental	Equipment Rental	Corporate and Other
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	\$ 145.5	\$ 83.8	\$ (88.3)
Adjustments:			
Purchase accounting(1)	8.3	13.8	0.5
Non-cash debt charges(2)	(1.5)	2.7	2.9
Unrealized gain on derivative(3)			(10.2)
Restructuring charges	14.7	1.2	0.8
Secondary offering costs			2.0
Chief Executive Officer transition costs			0.6
Vacation accrual adjustment(4)	(13.9)	(4.8)	(0.9)
Adjusted pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 153.1	\$ 96.7	\$ (92.6)

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006		
	Car Rental	Equipment Rental	Corporate and Other
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	\$ 89.4	\$ 71.3	\$ (103.4)
Adjustments:			
Purchase accounting(1)	4.9	14.7	0.5
Non-cash debt charges(2)	18.6	1.9	3.0
Mark-to-market Euro-denominated debt(5)			15.0
Interest on HGH debt			0.2
Chief Executive Officer transition costs			0.6
Adjusted pre-tax income (loss)			