

Centro NP LLC
Form 10-Q
August 09, 2007

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-12244

CENTRO NP LLC

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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MARYLAND
(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation)

64-0955724
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

420 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10170
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

212-869-3000
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. **YES** **NO**

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer **Accelerated Filer** **Non-Accelerated Filer**

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). **YES** **NO**

The common stock of New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. ceased to be outstanding as of April 20, 2007, and was accordingly de-listed under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by Centro NP LLC (as successor by merger and liquidation to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.) (we), contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations which may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, may differ materially from the results, performance, transactions or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to:

- national or local economic, business, real estate and other market conditions, including the ability of the general economy to recover timely from economic downturns;
- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- property ownership and management risks;
- financial risks, such as the inability to obtain debt financing on favorable terms;
- possible future downgrades in our credit rating;
- the level and volatility of interest rates and changes in the capitalization rates with respect to the acquisition and disposition of properties;
- financial stability of tenants, including the ability of tenants to pay rent, the decision of tenants to close stores and the effect of bankruptcy laws;
- governmental approvals, actions and initiatives;
- environmental/safety requirements and costs;
- risks of real estate acquisition and development, including the failure of pending developments and redevelopments to be completed on time and within budget and the failure of newly acquired or developed properties to perform as expected;
- risks of disposition strategies, including the failure to complete sales on a timely basis and the failure to reinvest sale proceeds in a manner that generates favorable returns;
- risks of joint venture activities; and
- other risks identified in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, from time to time, in other reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) or in other documents that we publicly disseminate.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CENTRO NP LLC (THE COMPANY)
(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Company Period from April 5, through June 30, 2007	Predecessor Period from April 1, through April 4, 2007	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, through April 4, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Revenues:					
Rental income	\$ 96,360	\$ 4,595	\$ 81,774	\$ 92,663	\$ 169,276
Percentage rents	770	423	1,004	2,169	3,360
Expense reimbursements	24,250	2,578	26,318	27,775	47,798
Fee income	6,835	196	3,480	8,832	8,052
Total revenues	128,215	7,792	112,576	131,439	228,486
Operating Expenses:					
Operating costs	22,195	1,311	17,782	22,042	35,989
Real estate taxes	15,380	758	13,921	17,234	27,879
Depreciation and amortization	53,797	1,346	21,437	25,895	43,856
Provision for doubtful accounts	510	866	2,173	3,277	4,366
General and administrative	6,176	36,157	7,327	51,932	14,338
Total operating expenses	98,058	40,438	62,640	120,380	126,428
Income before real estate sales, minority interest and other income and expenses	30,157	(32,646)	49,936	11,059	102,058
Other income and expenses:					
Interest, dividend and other income	602	278	843	1,524	1,678
Equity in income of unconsolidated ventures	1,636	(619)	1,172	974	2,063
Interest expense	(25,704)	(1,600)	(22,894)	(26,845)	(45,675)
Minority interest in income of consolidated partnership and joint ventures	(2,741)	(6)	(201)	(297)	(351)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	3,950	(34,593)	28,856	(13,585)	59,773
Discontinued operations:					
Income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 7)	16	(60)	5,813	2,976	13,405
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,966	\$ (34,653)	\$ 34,669	\$ (10,609)	\$ 73,178
Preferred dividends		(6,574)	(5,489)	(12,079)	(10,973)
Net (loss) income available to common stock basic		(41,227)	29,180	(22,688)	62,205
Minority interest in income of consolidated partnership		6	201	297	351
Net (loss) income available to common stock diluted		\$ (41,221)	\$ 29,381	\$ (22,391)	\$ 62,556
Basic earnings per common share:					
(Loss) income from continuing operations		\$ (0.40)	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.25)	\$ 0.46
Discontinued operations			0.06	0.03	0.14
Basic earnings per share		\$ (0.40)	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.22)	\$ 0.60
Diluted earnings per common share:					

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(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (0.37)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.23)	\$ 0.44
Discontinued operations		0.06	0.03	0.14
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.37)	\$ 0.27	\$ (0.20)	\$ 0.58
Average shares outstanding basic	103,407	104,493	103,355	104,376
Average shares outstanding diluted	110,146	108,894	109,558	108,750
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.3125	\$ 0.3125	\$ 0.3125	\$ 0.6250
Other comprehensive income:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,966	\$ (34,653)	\$ 34,669	\$ (10,609)
Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities	(47)	164	(278)	512
Unrealized (loss) gain on deferred compensation	(123)	(34)	(168)	(16)
Realized gain on interest risk hedges, net	167	(42)	359	(97)
Unrealized loss on interest risk hedges, net		400	166	814
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 3,919	\$ (34,445)	\$ 34,715	\$ (9,740)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CENTRO NP LLC (THE COMPANY)
(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except fractions, percentages and par value amounts)

	Company June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	Predecessor December 31, 2006
ASSETS		
Real estate:		
Land	\$ 1,634,513	\$ 724,596
Building and improvements	2,888,095	2,841,158
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(21,168)	(430,207)
Net real estate	4,501,440	3,135,547
Real estate held for sale	1,260	28,649
Cash and cash equivalents	10,524	7,916
Restricted cash	20,539	23,662
Marketable securities	6,184	5,847
Receivables:		
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$329 and \$19,386 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	31,738	29,422
Deferred rent, net of allowance of \$0 and \$1,702 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	2,625	32,169
Other, net	36,597	22,582
Mortgages and notes receivable	603	4,412
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	16,096	47,550
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	186,332	91,401
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$30,365 and \$19,754 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	828,544	88,256
Goodwill	811,514	
Other assets	22,023	17,486
Total assets	\$ 6,476,019	\$ 3,534,899
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS CAPITAL / STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, including unamortized premium of \$15,933 and \$11,563 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	\$ 437,463	\$ 448,910
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium (discount) of \$34,830 and \$(5,911) at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	873,167	1,166,950
Credit agreements	275,509	191,000
Capital leases	31,229	27,500
Due to Centro Property Trust	303,400	
Dividends payable		37,529
Other liabilities	436,352	150,585
Tenant security deposits	10,599	10,203
Total liabilities	2,367,719	2,032,677
Minority interest in consolidated partnership and joint ventures	90,571	57,485
Commitments and contingencies		
Members capital / Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 0 and 25,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively; Series D: 1,500 depository shares, each representing 1/10 of one share of Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred, 0 and 150 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively; Series E: 8,000 depository shares, each representing 1/10 of one share of 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred, 0 and 800 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively		10
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 0 and 250,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006; 0 and 103,420 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively		1,034
Additional paid-in capital		2,009,705
Members capital	4,013,810	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(47)	(10,850)

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Accumulated distribution in excess of net income	3,966	(555,162)
Total members' capital / stockholders' equity	4,017,729	1,444,737	
Total liabilities and members' capital / stockholders' equity	\$ 6,476,019	\$ 3,534,899	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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CENTRO NP LLC (THE COMPANY)
(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006
(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Company Period from April 5, through June 30, 2007	Predecessor Period from January 1, through April 4, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (loss) income	\$ 3,966	\$ (10,609)	\$ 73,178
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:			
Depreciation and amortization	53,798	25,897	45,547
Amortization of net premium/discount on mortgages and notes payable	(2,216)	(690)	(1,047)
Amortization of deferred debt and loan acquisition costs	16	1,891	1,146
Amortization of stock options		17,961	1,163
(Gain) loss on swaps	(3,737)	292	851
Amortization of asset retirement liabilities		15	278
Amortization of below market leases	(11,397)	(847)	(780)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net		(2,122)	(10,139)
Minority interest in income of partnership	2,741	297	351
Impairment of real estate assets			305
Equity in income of unconsolidated ventures	(1,636)	(974)	(2,063)
Distributions of income from unconsolidated ventures	883	2,203	2,875
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:			
Change in restricted cash	(1,551)	4,673	250
Change in trade receivables	2,855	(5,171)	(908)
Change in deferred rent receivables	(2,625)	(1,490)	(1,450)
Change in other receivables	(5,780)	(7,726)	3,706
Change in other liabilities	(8,692)	19,582	(9,678)
Change in tenant security deposits	651	(255)	356
Change in sundry assets and liabilities	(22,610)	10,469	(3,396)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,666	53,396	100,545
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payment for purchase of Predecessor	(3,857,641)		
Real estate and building improvements	(36,387)	(53,543)	(54,112)
Acquisition, net of cash and restricted cash received		(27,014)	(16,985)
Proceeds from real estate sales, net	1,721	4,404	27,354
Repayments of mortgage notes receivable, net	23	3,787	64
Leasing commissions paid	(2,106)	(2,730)	(4,880)
Cash from joint venture consolidation (Note 3)		14	
Capital contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures	(292)	(1,328)	(5,312)
Distributions of capital from unconsolidated joint ventures		1,442	14,342
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,894,682)	(74,968)	(39,529)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Principal payments of mortgages and notes payable	(35,991)	(10,017)	(10,356)
Proceeds from credit facility borrowing	565,976	85,000	75,000
Repayment of credit facility	(409,467)	(7,000)	(55,000)
Repayment of secured term loan	(150,000)		
Proceeds from public debt offering		529	
Redemption of convertible notes payable	(364,365)		
Loan from Centro Property Trust	303,400		
Financing fees	(500)		(179)
Distributions paid to minority partners	(1,023)	(2,134)	(1,920)
Dividends paid	(38,957)	(37,597)	(75,859)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		693	3,236
Repayment of loans receivable for the purchase of common stock			115
Proceeds from dividend reinvestment plan		1,839	3,874

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Capital contribution from Centro	4,013,810		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,882,883	31,313	(61,089)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7,133)	9,741	(73)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	17,657	7,916	9,202
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 10,524	\$ 17,657	\$ 9,129
 Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosure, including Non-Cash Activities:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 38,533	\$ 22,598	\$ 50,702
Capitalized interest	4,734	4,474	6,071
State and local taxes paid	158	145	210
Mortgages assumed, net			8,953
Fair value of assets acquired	6,270,330	(1)	
Cash paid for stock	3,857,556	(1)	
Liabilities assumed	2,412,773	(1)	

(1) Recorded in connection with the Merger discussed in Note 1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**CENTRO NP LLC (THE COMPANY)
(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Note 1: Merger and Liquidation

Merger Transaction

On February 27, 2007, New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (New Plan), and Excel Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership in which New Plan, through a wholly owned subsidiary, is the general partner, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) with Centro NP LLC (formerly Super IntermediateCo LLC) (Centro NP), Super MergerSub Inc. (MergerSub), and Super DownREIT MergerSub LLC (Super REIT MergerSub and together with Centro NP and MergerSub, the Buyer Parties). The Buyer Parties are affiliates of Centro Properties Group, an Australian publicly traded real estate company (Centro). Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, MergerSub commenced and completed a tender offer (the Offer) to purchase all outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (Common Stock), of New Plan at a price of \$33.15 per share, net to the holders thereof, in cash (the Offer Price). The Offer, as supplemented by a subsequent offering period, expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on Wednesday, April 18, 2007. On April 5, 2007, following the expiration of the initial offering period of the Offer, MergerSub accepted for payment, and purchased, all of the approximately 69,105,909 shares of Common Stock, representing approximately 66.7% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, that had been validly tendered in the initial offering period of the Offer. On April 19, 2007, following the expiration of the subsequent offering period of the Offer, MergerSub accepted for payment, and purchased, all of the approximately 22,096,621 shares of Common Stock, which, together with the shares purchased in the initial offering period, represented approximately 88.0% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, that had been validly tendered in the subsequent offering period of the Offer. On April 19, 2007, MergerSub exercised its top-up option pursuant to the Merger Agreement to acquire an additional 52,929,108 shares of Common Stock from New Plan at a purchase price equal to the Offer Price, which number of shares was sufficient to permit MergerSub to effect a short-form merger of MergerSub into New Plan under Maryland law without the vote of, or any action by, the New Plan stockholders. MergerSub used approximately \$1.5 billion of borrowings under a term facility (the Tender Facility) from J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and certain of its affiliates to finance payments related to the Offer. The Tender Facility was outstanding from April 5, 2007 to April 20, 2007, and amounts outstanding thereunder bore interest at a rate per annum equal to the monthly Eurodollar rate determined as set forth in the Tender Facility Agreement. On April 20, 2007, the Tender Facility was repaid in full and terminated in connection with the closing of the Mergers (as defined below).

On April 20, 2007, New Plan and the Buyer Parties completed the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which, among other things, MergerSub merged with and into New Plan (the Merger), with New Plan surviving the Merger, and in connection therewith, Super DownREIT Acquisition L.P. (DownREIT Acquisition) merged with and into Excel Realty Partners, L.P. (the DownREIT Partnership), with the DownREIT Partnership continuing as the surviving limited partnership (the DownREIT Merger, and together with the Merger, the Mergers). In connection with the Merger, (a) each share of Common Stock (other than shares held by New Plan or any subsidiary of New Plan or by Purchaser) was converted into the right to receive the same \$33.15 in cash per share as was paid in the Offer, without interest, and (b) each outstanding option to purchase Common Stock under any employee stock option or incentive plan became fully vested and exercisable (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and was cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, for each share of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of such option, cash in the amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option. As a result of the Merger, New Plan became a wholly owned subsidiary of Centro NP and any stockholder who held shares of Common Stock prior to the Merger ceased to be a stockholder effective as of the Merger.

Immediately following the Merger, on April 20, 2007, New Plan, as the surviving corporation of the Merger, was liquidated (the Liquidation), and in connection with the Liquidation, (a) all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, (b) all outstanding shares of preferred stock of New Plan were automatically converted into, and cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, cash liquidating distributions in accordance with their terms, and (c) all shares of common stock of New Plan were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as

amended (the Exchange Act), with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture (as defined below)) and U.S. Bank Trust National Association, as trustee (the Trustee) entered into supplemental indentures (the Supplemental Indentures), each dated as of April 20, 2007, to (i) the Indenture dated as of March 29, 1995 (the 1995 Indenture), by and between New Plan (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust) and the Trustee (as successor to State Street Bank and Trust Company, as successor to The First National Bank of Boston), (ii) the Indenture dated as of February 3, 1999 (the 1999 Indenture), by and among New Plan, New Plan Realty Trust, as guarantor, and the Trustee (as successor to State Street Bank and Trust Company), and (iii) the Indenture dated as of January 30, 2004 (the 2004 Indenture), and collectively with the 1995 Indenture and the 1999 Indenture, the Indentures), by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provided for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger.

Centro NP, as the successor obligor on New Plan s unsecured senior notes, intends to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC pursuant to the Indentures governing the unsecured senior notes or pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Accounting Treatment

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141), a business combination occurs when an entity acquires net assets that constitute a business or acquires equity interest of one or more other entities and obtains control over that entity or entities. Control is defined by SFAS No. 141 as ownership by one company, directly or indirectly, of over fifty percent of the outstanding voting shares of another company. For accounting purposes, SFAS No. 141 further states that the designated acquisition date should be the date that effective control of the acquired entity is transferred to the acquiring entity without restrictions, except those required to protect the shareholders or other owners of the acquired entity. Accordingly, and in conjunction with the transactions described above, Centro NP LLC acquired a 66.7% controlling interest in New Plan on April 5, 2007. As such, with respect to the results of operations of Centro NP, April 5, 2007 is used as the acquisition date throughout the remainder of this document. Accordingly, the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report represent the results of operations and financial condition of New Plan (which is referred to as the Predecessor herein) prior to April 5, 2007, and of Centro NP for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007. However, New Plan s stock remained outstanding until April 20, 2007, at which point MergerSub, subsequently Centro NP, acquired the remaining outstanding shares of Common Stock. Accordingly, any discussion pertaining to New Plan s common stock, preferred stock or stock-based compensation will reference April 20, 2007.

The aggregate purchase price of the Merger has been allocated in accordance with SFAS No. 141 at the date of acquisition, based on the Company s evaluation of information and estimates available at such date. Accordingly, all assets were recorded at their fair values at the time of acquisition. As final information regarding the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is received and estimates are refined, appropriate adjustments will be made to the purchase price allocation. The allocations will be finalized no later than 12 months from the date of acquisition. As of June 30, 2007, the total aggregate purchase price had been allocated as follows:

ASSETS	
Net real estate	\$ 4,486,113
Cash and cash equivalents	96,964
Restricted cash	18,988
Marketable securities	6,230
Receivables:	
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	34,593
Other, net	30,818
Mortgages and notes receivable	626
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	16,028
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	186,476
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	861,963
Goodwill	811,515
Other assets	19,379
Total assets	\$ 6,569,693

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS CAPITAL	
Liabilities:	
Mortgages payable, including unamortized premium	\$ 444,649
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium	1,266,814
Credit agreements	305,412
Capital leases	31,331
Due to Centro Property Trust	303,400
Other liabilities	534,407
Tenant security deposits	9,948
Total liabilities	2,895,961
Minority interest in consolidated partnership and joint ventures	88,673
Commitments and contingencies	
Members capital:	
Members capital	3,585,059
Total members capital	3,585,059
Total liabilities and members capital	\$ 6,569,693

Note 2: Description of Business

Centro NP LLC (formerly known as Super IntermediateCo LLC) (together with its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, the Company) was formed in February 2007 in connection with the Offer and the Mergers, and to succeed the operations of New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (together with its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, New Plan or the Predecessor). Prior to the consummation of the Offer and the Mergers, the Company engaged in no activities other than those incident to its formation and the execution of the Merger Agreement. The principal business of the Company is the ownership and management of community and neighborhood shopping centers throughout the United States. Prior to the consummation of the Mergers and the Liquidation (described Note 3, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies) the Predecessor was operated as a self-administered, self-managed real estate investment trust (REIT). As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, the Company is no longer operating as a REIT. On May 3, 2007, the Company's name was changed from Super IntermediateCo LLC to Centro NP LLC.

Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

All references to we, us, our, ours, Centro NP or the Company in these notes refer to Centro NP LLC and its wholly-owned and majority subsidiaries and consolidated entities unless the context indicates otherwise. All references to the Predecessor or New Plan in these notes refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust,

Inc. and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, as it existed prior to April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise.

The consolidated financial statements covered in this report represent the results of operations and financial condition of the Predecessor prior to April 5, 2007, and of the Company for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Predecessor include accounts of their wholly-owned subsidiaries and all partnerships in which they have a controlling interest. The portion of these entities not owned by the Company or the Predecessor is presented as minority interest as of and during the periods presented. All inter-entity transactions have been eliminated.

When the Company obtains an economic interest in an entity, the Company evaluates the entity to determine (i) if the entity is a variable interest entity (VIE), (ii) if the Company is the primary beneficiary, in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 46R, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* (FIN 46) and (iii) whether the Company has a controlling interest in the entity, in accordance with the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 04-5, *Determining Whether a General Partner, or the General Partners as a Group, Controls a Limited Partnership or Similar Entity When the Limited Partners Have Certain Rights* (EITF 04-5). The Company consolidates (i) entities that are VIEs and of which the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary in accordance with FIN 46 and (ii) entities that are non-VIEs which the Company controls in accordance with EITF 04-5. Entities that the Company accounts for under the equity method (i.e., at cost, increased or decreased by the Company's share of earnings or losses, less distributions) include (i) entities that are VIEs and of which the Company is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary and (ii) entities that are non-VIEs which the Company does not control, but over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence. The Company will reconsider its determination of whether an entity is a VIE and who qualifies as the primary beneficiary if certain events occur that are likely to cause a change in the original determinations.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Predecessor have been prepared pursuant to the rules of the SEC and, in the opinion of the Company, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules. The Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Predecessor's latest annual report on Form 10-K.

Earnings per Share of Common Stock

As of June 30, 2007, the Company did not have any outstanding shares of common stock, and all potentially issuable shares of the Predecessor's common stock had been cancelled. For periods prior to April 5, 2007, the Predecessor presented both basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings per Share* (SFAS No. 128). Earnings per common share (basic EPS) was computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Earnings per share of common stock assuming dilution (diluted EPS) was computed by giving effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock that were outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential shares of common stock consisted of the incremental shares of common stock issuable upon (a) the conversion of (i) limited partnership units of the DownREIT Partnership, (ii) convertible senior notes, (iii) restricted stock grants and (iv) contingent compensation awards and (b) the exercise of in-the-money stock options.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less at acquisition. Items classified as cash equivalents include insured bank certificates of deposit and commercial paper. At times, cash balances at a limited number of banks may exceed insurable amounts. The Company believes it mitigates this risk by investing in or through major financial institutions.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists primarily of cash held in escrow accounts for deferred maintenance, capital improvements, environmental expenditures, taxes, insurance, operating expenses and debt service as required by certain loan agreements. Substantially all restricted cash is invested in money market mutual funds and carried at market value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is stated net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.3 million and \$19.4 million as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The Company makes, and the Predecessor made, estimates of the uncollectability of its accounts receivable related to base rents, expense reimbursements and other revenues. The Company analyzes accounts receivable and historical bad debt levels, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, tenants in bankruptcy are analyzed and estimates are made in connection with the expected recovery of pre-petition and post-petition claims.

Real Estate

Land, buildings and building and tenant improvements are recorded at cost and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, and ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Land, buildings and building and tenant improvements that are under redevelopment, or are being developed, are carried at cost and no depreciation is recorded on these assets. Additionally, amounts essential to the development of the property, such as pre-construction costs, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, salaries and related costs and other costs incurred during the period of development are capitalized. The Company ceases capitalization when the property is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in any event no later than one year from the completion of major construction activity.

Properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	35 to 40 years
Building Improvements	5 to 40 years
Tenant Improvements	The shorter of the term of the related lease or useful life

Business Combinations

In connection with the Company's acquisition of properties, purchase costs are allocated to the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities acquired based on their estimated fair values. The value of the tangible assets, consisting of land, buildings and building and tenant improvements, are determined as if vacant (i.e., at replacement cost). Intangible assets, including the above-market value of leases and the value of in-place leases, are recorded at their relative fair values. The below-market value of leases is recorded in Other liabilities.

Above-market, below-market and in-place lease values for owned properties are recorded based on the present value (using an interest rate reflecting the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the leases negotiated and in-place at the time of acquisition and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the property or equivalent property, measured over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease. The capitalized above-market or below-market lease value

is amortized as a reduction of, or increase to, rental income over the remaining non-cancelable term of each lease, plus any renewal periods with fixed rental terms that are considered to be below-market.

The total amount of other intangible assets allocated to in-place lease values is based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each lease and the Company's overall relationship with each tenant. Factors considered in the allocation of these values include, but are not limited to, the nature of the existing relationship with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality, the expectation of lease renewals, the estimated carrying costs of the property during a hypothetical expected lease-up period, current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. Management will also consider information obtained about a property in connection with its pre-acquisition due diligence. Estimated carrying costs include real estate taxes, insurance, other property operating costs and estimates of lost rentals at market rates during the hypothetical expected lease-up periods, based on management's assessment of specific market conditions. Management will estimate costs required to execute leases including commissions and legal costs to the extent that such costs are not already incurred with a new lease that has been negotiated in connection with the purchase of a property. Independent appraisals and/or management's estimates will be used to determine these values.

The value of in-place leases is amortized to expense over the remaining initial term of each lease. The value of tenant relationship intangibles is amortized to expense over the initial terms of the leases; however, no amortization period for intangible assets will exceed the remaining depreciable life of the building.

In the event that a tenant terminates its lease, the unamortized portion of each intangible, including market rate adjustments, lease origination costs, in-place values and tenant relationship values, will be charged as an expense.

Long-Lived Assets

On a periodic basis, management assesses whether there are any indicators that the value of its real estate properties may be impaired. A property's value is impaired only if management's estimate of the aggregate future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) to be generated by the property (taking into account the anticipated holding period of the asset) is less than the carrying value of the property. Such estimate of cash flows considers factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other economic factors. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss will be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the property over the fair value of the property, and reflected as an adjustment to the basis of the property.

When assets are identified by management as held for sale, the Company discontinues depreciating the assets and estimates the sales price, net of selling costs, of such assets. If, in management's opinion, the net sales price of the assets that have been identified for sale is less than the net book value of the assets, a valuation allowance is established. For investments accounted for under the equity method, a loss is recognized if the loss in value of the investment is other than temporary.

Deferred Leasing and Loan Origination Costs

Costs incurred in obtaining tenant leases (including internal leasing costs) are amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the related leases and included in depreciation and amortization. Unamortized deferred leasing costs are charged to amortization expense upon early termination of the lease. Costs incurred in obtaining long-term financing are amortized and charged to interest expense using the straight-line method over the terms of the related debt agreements, which approximates the effective interest method.

Internal Leasing Costs

The Company capitalizes internal leasing costs in accordance with SFAS No. 91, *Nonrefundable Fees & Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases*. Please refer to the

following table for additional information regarding the capitalization of internal leasing costs (dollars in thousands).

Balance at April 5, 2007	\$
Costs capitalized	1,843
Amortization / write-offs	(40)
Balance at June 30, 2007	\$ 1,803

As of December 31, 2006, the balance of capitalized internal leasing costs was approximately \$16.0 million.

Investments in /Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures

The Company has direct equity investments in several joint venture projects. The Company accounts for these investments in unconsolidated ventures using the equity method of accounting, as the Company exercises significant influence over, but does not control, and is not the primary beneficiary of, these entities. These investments are initially recorded at cost, as Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures, and subsequently adjusted for equity in earnings and cash contributions and distributions. Intercompany fees and gains on property transactions are eliminated to the extent of the Company's ownership interest.

To the extent that the Company contributes assets to a joint venture project, the difference between the Company's cost basis in the assets and the basis reflected at the joint venture level is amortized over the life of the related asset and included in the Company's share of equity in income of unconsolidated ventures.

Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets, other than those acquired in business combinations, include property management rights, an asset management fee stream and the Company's domain name. These assets were initially measured based on their fair values and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 to 40 years. These assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated amortization.

Goodwill

The Company accounts for its goodwill in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). SFAS No. 142 modifies the previous accounting treatment of goodwill, eliminating the amortization of goodwill and requiring that goodwill be tested on an annual basis for possible impairment. As of June 30, 2007, the Company does not believe that any impairment of its goodwill existed.

Derivative/Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative and hedging activities in accordance with SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS No. 133) and SFAS No. 138, *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities*. These accounting standards require the Company to measure derivatives, including certain derivatives embedded in other contracts, at fair value and to recognize them in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as assets or liabilities, depending on the Company's rights or obligations under the applicable derivative contract. For periods subsequent to April 4, 2007, the Company does not qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. Accordingly, for all derivative instruments the changes in fair value of both the derivative instrument and the hedged item are recorded in earnings. Prior to April 5, 2007, the Predecessor elected to use hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. Under that pronouncement, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as fair value hedges were recorded in earnings. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portions of changes in fair value of the derivative were reported in other comprehensive income (OCI)

and subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged item affected earnings. Changes in fair value of derivative instruments were not designated as hedging instruments, and ineffective portions of hedges, were recognized in earnings in the current period.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company accounts for its conditional asset retirement obligations in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations* (FIN 47). A conditional asset retirement obligation refers to a legal obligation (pursuant to existing law or contract) to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditioned upon the occurrence of a future event that may or may not be within the control of the Company. The Company's conditional asset retirement obligations arise primarily from legal requirements to decontaminate buildings at the time the buildings are sold or otherwise disposed of. In accordance with FIN 47, the Company has reasonably estimated the fair value of its conditional asset retirement obligations and has recognized a liability for conditional asset retirement obligations of approximately \$2.4 million as of June 30, 2007. As of December 31, 2006, the Predecessor had recognized a liability for conditional asset retirement obligations of approximately \$1.0 million.

Self-Insured Health Plan

The Company has a self-insured health plan for all of its employees. In order to limit its exposure, the Company has purchased stop-loss insurance, which will reimburse the Company for individual claims in excess of \$0.1 million annually, or aggregate claims in excess of \$1.0 million annually. Self-insurance losses are accrued based on the Company's estimates of the aggregate liability for uninsured claims incurred using certain actuarial assumptions adhered to in the insurance industry. The liability for self-insured losses is included in accrued expenses and was approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

General Liability Insurance

The Company has one wholly-owned captive insurance company, ERT CIC, LLC (ERT CIC), which underwrites the first layer of general liability insurance programs for the Company's wholly-owned, majority-owned and joint venture properties (excluding properties owned by CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC, CA New Plan Direct Investment Fund, LLC and CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC, which are covered under a separate policy). The Company carries general liability insurance on its properties in amounts that it believes (i) adequately insures all of its properties and (ii) are in line with coverage obtained by owners of similar properties. The Company has purchased stop loss insurance, which will reimburse the Company for individual claims in excess of \$0.3 million annually, or aggregate claims in excess of \$3.7 million annually. If the Company experiences a loss and ERT CIC is required to pay under its insurance policy, the Company would ultimately record a loss to the extent of such required payment. Because the Company owns ERT CIC, the Company is responsible for ERT CIC's liquidity and capital resources, and the accounts of ERT CIC are part of the Company's and the Predecessor's consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Rental revenue is recognized on the straight-line basis, which averages minimum rents over the terms of the leases. The cumulative difference between lease revenue recognized under this method and contractual lease payment terms is recorded as deferred rent receivable on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Certain leases provide for percentage rents based upon the level of sales achieved by the lessee. These percentage rents are recorded once the required sales levels are achieved. The leases also typically provide for tenant reimbursement of common area maintenance and other operating expenses. Rental revenue also includes lease termination fees. The Company recognized approximately \$0.5 million of lease termination fees for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007. The Predecessor did not recognize any lease termination fees for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and recognized approximately \$2.1 million of lease termination fees for the period from

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January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007. Additionally, the Predecessor recognized approximately \$0.5 million and \$5.9 million of lease termination fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively.

Income from Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations is computed in accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS No. 144). SFAS No. 144 requires, among other things, that the primary assets and liabilities and the results of operations of the Company's real property that has been sold, or otherwise qualifies as held for sale (as defined by SFAS No. 144), be classified as discontinued operations and segregated in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income and Consolidated Balance Sheets. Properties classified as real estate held for sale generally represent properties that are under contract for sale and are expected to close within the next twelve months.

Income Taxes

The Predecessor elected to be treated as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to maintain its qualification as a REIT, the Predecessor was required to, among other things, distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders and meet certain tests regarding the nature of its income and assets. As a REIT, the Predecessor was not subject to federal income tax with respect to the portion of its income that met certain criteria and was distributed annually to the stockholders. Subsequent to the Merger, the Company is organized as a limited liability company (LLC) and is not subject to federal income tax. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Company is, and the Predecessor was, subject to certain state and local taxes. Provision for such taxes has been included in general and administrative expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income.

The Predecessor elected to treat certain of its subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries (TRS). In general, the TRSs of the Predecessor performed additional services for tenants of the Predecessor and generally engaged in any real estate or non-real estate related business (except for the operation or management of health care facilities or lodging facilities or the provision to any person, under a franchise, license or otherwise, of rights to any brand name under which any lodging facility or health care facility is operated). The TRS was subject to corporate federal income tax. As a result of the Merger, and the fact that the Company is no longer operating as a REIT, the Predecessor's TRSs are now operating as corporations. At June 30, 2007, one of these corporations had a tax net operating loss (NOL) carryforward of approximately \$26.0 million, expiring from 2015 to 2020. In addition, the corporations had other net tax assets, most significantly relating to an asset impairment recognized in fiscal 2003, for financial accounting purposes that will not be recognized for tax purposes until the property is sold. The Company has ascribed a full valuation allowance to these net deferred tax assets.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48). FIN 48 (i) clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in companies' financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, (ii) prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and (iii) provides guidance on derecognition of recognized tax benefits, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company has evaluated the impact of the adoption of FIN 48 on its consolidated financial statements and has concluded that as of June 30, 2007 it does not have any material uncertain tax positions.

Segment Information

The principal business of the Company is the ownership and management of community and neighborhood

shopping centers. The Company does not distinguish or group its operations on a geographical basis for purposes of measuring performance. Accordingly, the Company believes it has a single reportable segment for disclosure purposes in accordance with GAAP. Further, all of the Company's operations and assets are within the United States, and no tenant comprises more than 4.1% of revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant assumptions and estimates relate to impairments of real estate, recovery of mortgage notes and trade accounts receivable and depreciable lives.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 allows entities to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Prior to the issuance of this new guidance, related assets and liabilities had been measured differently, resulting in artificial earnings volatility and the undue complexity of applying other accounting guidance. SFAS No. 159 aims to alleviate those types of reporting issues in addition to enhancing comparisons between entities and expanding disclosures of interest to financial statement users. SFAS No. 159 also serves to advance convergence of FASB guidance with that of the International Accounting Standards Board, which has previously adopted a fair value option. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007, but early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of SFAS No. 159 on its financial position and results of operations however, the adoption of SFAS No. 159 is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier application is encouraged, provided that the reporting entity has not yet issued financial statements for such fiscal year, including financial statements for an interim period within such fiscal year. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Note 4: Pro Forma Financials

The following table summarizes, on an unaudited pro forma basis, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 as though the Merger and Liquidation had occurred on January 1, 2007 and 2006, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)		Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Pro forma rental revenues	\$ 135,944	\$ 123,570	\$ 270,173	\$ 248,689
Pro forma operating expenses	(103,927)	(93,314)	(205,928)	(186,429)
Income before real estate sales, minority interest and other income and expenses	32,017	30,256	64,245	62,260
Pro forma other expenses, net	(19,566)	(22,661)	(41,400)	(45,407)
Pro forma income from continuing operations	12,451	7,595	22,845	16,853
Pro forma income from discontinued operations	(44)	1,394	528	4,457
Pro forma net income	\$ 12,407	\$ 8,989	\$ 23,373	\$ 21,310

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Note 5: Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company and the Predecessor, as applicable, acquired one shopping center and two land parcels. Please refer to the following table for additional details (dollars in millions).

Property Name	Location	Property Type	Acquisition Date	Gross Leasable Area(1)	Purchase Price	Purchase Price Components DownREIT Partnership Units	Assumed Debt	Cash
Predecessor:								
Land at the Rising Sun								
Towne Centre	Rising Sun, MD	Land	01/05/07	2.8 Acres	\$ 2.0			\$ 2.0
Stewart Plaza	Garden City, NY	Shopping Center	01/24/07	193,622	\$ 32.7	\$ 6.3		\$ 26.4
Predecessor Total					\$ 34.7	\$ 6.3		\$ 28.4
Company:								
Land at Wynnewood Village	Dallas, TX	Land	06/06/07	1.8 Acres	\$ 0.4			\$ 0.4

(1) Amounts in square feet, unless otherwise noted.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Predecessor acquired eight shopping centers (including two buildings immediately adjacent to properties owned by the Predecessor and the remaining 90% interests in two shopping centers in which the Predecessor owned the other 10% interests), six land parcels, and a leasehold interest in a new development project. Please refer to the following table for additional details (dollars in millions, except footnotes).

Property Name	Location	Property Type	Acquisition Date	Gross Leasable Area(1)	Purchase Price	Purchase Price Components DownREIT Partnership Units	Assumed Debt	Cash
Building at Tarpon Mall	Tarpon Springs, FL	Shopping Center	01/27/06	6,580	\$ 2.3			\$ 2.3
Building at Hazel Path	Hendersonville, TN	Shopping Center	02/21/06	94,977	\$ 4.8			\$ 4.8
Shoppes at Hickory Hollow	Antioch, TN	Shopping Center	09/21/06	144,469	\$ 15.5		\$ 10.8	\$ 4.7
The Quentin Collection	Kildeer, IL	Shopping Center	09/22/06	171,179	\$ 38.2			\$ 38.2
the Shoppes at Cinnaminson	Cinnaminson, NJ	Land	09/29/06	40 acres	\$ 10.7			\$ 10.7
Land at Brentwood Plaza	Cincinnati, OH	Land	10/19/06	1.2 acres	\$ 0.7			\$ 0.7
Ventura Downs(2)(3)	Kissimmee, FL	Shopping Center	11/01/06	98,191	\$ 42.7		\$ 15.6	\$ 27.1
Odessa-Winwood Town Center(2)(4)	Odessa, TX	Shopping Center	11/01/06	343,603				
A&P Fresh Market		Leasehold						
	Clark, NJ	Interest	11/10/06					
Land at Culpepper Plaza	College Station, TX	Land	11/16/06	0.6 acres	\$ 0.2			\$ 0.2
Fox Run Mall	Glastonbury, CT	Shopping Center	12/01/06	97,086	\$ 17.5	\$ 4.8		\$ 12.7
Land at Rising Sun Towne Center	Rising Sun, MD	Land	12/05/06	5.3 acres	\$ 0.7			\$ 0.7
Land at Victory Square	Savannah, GA	Land	12/12/06	9.8 acres	\$ 0.6			\$ 0.6
Memphis Commons	Memphis, TN	Shopping Center	12/21/06	336,638	\$ 42.0		\$ 17.2	\$ 24.8
Land at Wabash Crossing(5)	Wabash, IN	Land	12/22/06	26.5 acres	\$ 2.6			\$ 2.6
Total					\$ 178.5	\$ 4.8	\$ 43.6	\$ 130.1

(1) Amounts in square feet, unless otherwise noted. Gross leasable area is unaudited.

(2) Property acquired as a component of a multi-property transaction. Purchase price and cash listed for Ventura Downs represent the combined amounts for the acquisition of Ventura Downs and Odessa-Winwood Town Center.

(3) Property acquired from CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC, a joint venture in which the Company has a 10% interest.

(4) Property acquired from CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC, a joint venture in which the Company has a 10% interest.

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(5) Approximately 23.1 acres of the land was simultaneously sold to Wal-Mart Stores for approximately \$2.3 million.

Additionally, on June 20, 2006, NewSem Tyrone Gardens LLC, a joint venture with The Sembler Company in which the Company holds a 90% interest, acquired Tyrone Gardens, a 209,337 square foot shopping center located in St. Petersburg, Florida, for approximately \$19.0 million, including approximately \$9.0 million of assumed mortgage indebtedness. In accordance with the provisions of EITF 04-5, this property is included as a consolidated entity in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Dispositions

During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor sold two land parcels for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$4.5 million. During the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the Company sold one property and two land parcels for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$1.7 million. In connection with the sale of these properties, and in accordance with SFAS No. 144 (Note 3), the Company and the Predecessor, as applicable, recorded the results of operations and the related gain on sale as income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 7).

During 2006, the Predecessor sold 29 properties and six land parcels for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$124.0 million. In connection with the sale of these properties, and in accordance with SFAS No. 144 (Note 3), the Company recorded the results of operations and the related gain on sale as income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 7).

Note 6: Real Estate Held for Sale and Impaired Real Estate

As of June 30, 2007, four land parcels were classified as Real estate held for sale. These parcels are located in four states. Such parcels had an aggregate book value of approximately \$1.3 million as of June 30, 2007.

As of December 31, 2006, three retail properties and three land parcels were classified as Real estate held for sale. These properties are located in four states and have an aggregate gross leasable area of approximately 0.2 million square feet. Such properties had an aggregate book value of approximately \$28.6 million, net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$0.7 million as of December 31, 2006. In accordance with SFAS No. 144 (Note 3), the Company has recorded the results of operations and the related impairment of any operating properties, excluding land parcels, classified as held for sale as income from discontinued operations (Note 7).

Note 7: Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

The following is a summary of income (loss) from discontinued operations for the periods presented below (dollars in thousands):

	The Company Period from April 5, through June 30, 2007	The Predecessor Period from April 1, through April 4, 2007	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, through April 4, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Total revenue	\$ 59	\$ 3	\$ 3,806	\$ (88)	\$ 7,800
Operating costs	(27)	(3)	(741)	(45)	(1,585)
Real estate taxes	(30)		(630)	(23)	(1,152)
Depreciation and amortization			(834)	(2)	(1,691)
Provision for doubtful accounts	14	(60)		670	198
Total operating costs	(43)	(63)	(2,205)	600	(4,230)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before impairment and gain on sale	16	(60)	1,601	512	3,570
Gain on sale of other discontinued operations			4,419	2,464	10,139
Impairment of real estate held for sale and other discontinued operations			(207)		(304)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 16	\$ (60)	\$ 5,813	\$ 2,976	\$ 13,405

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Note 8: Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures

The following table summarizes the Company's and the Predecessor's investments in unconsolidated joint ventures as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively (dollars in thousands). The Company accounts, and the Predecessor accounted, for these investments using the equity method.

	City	State	JV Partner	Percent Ownership	Company Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures June 30, 2007	Predecessor Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures December 31, 2006
Arapahoe Crossings, L.P.(1)	Aurora	CO	Foreign Investor	30%	\$ 14,218	\$ 6,477
BPR Land Partnership, L.P.(2)	Frisco	TX	George Allen/Milton Schaffer	50%	\$ 8,703	\$ 1,039
BPR Shopping Center, L.P.(1)	Frisco	TX	Foreign Investor/George Allen/Milton Schaffer	25%	\$ 28,215	\$ 2,808
BPR South, L.P.(2)	Frisco	TX	George Allen/Milton Schaffer	50%	\$ 2,931	\$ 871
CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC(3)	Various	Various	Major U.S. Pension Fund	10%	\$ 4,513	\$ 2,408
CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC	Various	Various	Major U.S. Pension Fund	10%	\$ 3,476	\$ 744
CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC(4)	Various	Various	Major U.S. Pension Fund	10%	\$ 20,131	\$ 3,258
Galileo America LLC	Various	Various	Galileo Shopping America Trust	5%	\$ 49,583	\$ 34,843
NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC (5)	Various	Various	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	\$ 38,148	\$ 29,174
NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC(6)(7)	Various	Various	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	\$ 8,238	\$ 1,808
NPK Redevelopment I, LLC(8)	Various	Various	Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.)	20%	\$ 4,057	\$ 3,557
NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC(6)	Webster	TX	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	\$ 2,803	\$ 2,892
Westgate Mall, LLC(9)	Fairview Park	OH	Transwestern Investment Company/ The Richard E. Jacobs Group	10%	\$ 1,316	\$ 1,522
Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures					\$ 186,332	\$ 91,401

In connection with the Merger, the Company's investments in unconsolidated ventures were recorded at fair value.

- (1) The Company receives increased participation after a 10% return.
- (2) The Company receives a 10% return on its investment.
- (3) The Company receives increasing participation after a 10% IRR.
- (4) The Company receives increasing participation after a 12% IRR.
- (5) The Company receives increased participation after a 12% IRR.

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- (6) The Company receives increased participation after a 10% IRR.
- (7) The joint venture did not own any properties as of December 31, 2006.
- (8) The Company has committed to contribute a total of \$6.0 million to this joint venture. Percent ownership represents the Company's ownership interest in the joint venture subsequent to such contribution. The Company receives increasing participation after a 10% return.
- (9) The Company receives increasing participation after a 13% IRR.

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Combined summary unaudited financial information for the Company s and the Predecessor s, as applicable, investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30, 2007 (Company)	December 31, 2006 (Predecessor)
Condensed Combined Balance Sheets		
Assets:		
Real estate assets	\$ 3,149,776	\$ 3,030,086
Accumulated depreciation	(197,770)	(156,235)
Net real estate	2,952,006	2,873,851
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful account	33,057	27,536
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization	223,173	206,717
Total Assets	\$ 3,208,236	\$ 3,108,104
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, net of unamortized premium	\$ 2,019,262	\$ 1,930,025
Amounts payable to Centro NP/New Plan	4,869	6,314
Other liabilities	148,519	129,672
Total liabilities	2,172,650	2,066,011
Total partners' capital	1,035,586	1,042,093
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 3,208,236	\$ 3,108,104
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	\$ 188,086	\$ 91,401

	Company Period from April 5, through June 30, 2007	Predecessor Period from April 1, through April 4, 2007	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, through April 4, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Condensed Combined Statements of Income					
Rental revenues	\$ 86,892	\$ 3,995	\$ 80,730	\$ 96,184	\$ 160,915
Operating expenses	(24,907)	(1,145)	(25,291)	(27,785)	(47,619)
Interest expense	(26,641)	(1,225)	(25,914)	(28,821)	(49,537)
Depreciation and amortization	(26,772)	(1,229)	(24,764)	(28,588)	(51,908)
Other (expense) income, net	(161)	(7)	(154)	125	181
Gain from discontinued operations	1,362	63	777	1,224	1,548
Net income	\$ 9,773	\$ 452	\$ 5,384	\$ 12,336	\$ 13,580
Company s/Predecessor s share of net income	\$ 1,636	\$ (619)	\$ 1,172	\$ 974	\$ 2,063

The following is a brief summary of the unconsolidated joint venture obligations of the Company as of June 30, 2007.

- *Arapahoe Crossings, L.P.* The Company, together with a U.S. partnership comprised substantially of foreign investors, has an interest in a joint venture which owns Arapahoe Crossings, a community shopping center located in Aurora, Colorado. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 30% interest and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$47.5 million as of June 30, 2007.

- *BPR Land Partnership, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 24.3 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007.
- *BPR Shopping Center, L.P.* The Company has a 25% interest in a joint venture that owns The Centre at Preston Ridge, a community shopping center located in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$67.4 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *BPR South, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 8.4 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007.
- *CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC.* The Company has a 10% interest in a joint venture that was created in conjunction with the restructuring of CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC (see below). Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has committed to contribute its pro rata share of capital required by the joint venture for asset acquisitions, up to a maximum amount of \$4.2 million, of which approximately \$2.4 million had been contributed by the Company as of June 30, 2007. The Company anticipates contributing the remaining approximate \$1.8 million by the end of 2007. Additionally, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned seven stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$67.9 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC.* The Company has a 10% interest in a joint venture that was created in conjunction with the restructuring of CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC (see below). Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has committed to contribute its pro rata share of capital required by the joint venture for certain redevelopment activities, up to a maximum amount of \$0.4 million, and has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture. As of June 30, 2007, the Company had not made any such required capital contributions, and does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned five stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$45.1 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC.* During 2005, this joint venture was restructured to create two additional joint ventures, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC, and CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC. As a result of the restructuring, six stabilized assets were transferred from CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC to CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC, and two assets were sold. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned three stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment. Under the terms of the restructured joint venture, the Company continues to have a 10% interest in the venture, and has committed to contribute its pro rata share of capital required by the joint venture for certain redevelopment activities, up to a maximum amount of \$0.9 million, and has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture. As of June 30, 2007, the Company had not made any such required

capital contributions, and does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$43.3 million as of June 30, 2007.

- *Galileo America LLC*. The Company has a 5% interest in this joint venture. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company is not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the joint venture; however, in the event that additional capital is contributed by the other joint venture partner, the Company has the option to contribute the amount necessary to maintain its 5% ownership interest. The Company anticipates making additional capital contributions from time to time to maintain its 5% ownership interest. As of June 30, 2007, this joint venture was comprised of 133 stabilized retail properties, four retail properties under redevelopment and one new development property, and had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.3 billion.
- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC*. The Company has a strategic joint venture with JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. The joint venture owned 12 stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment as of June 30, 2007. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The Predecessor initially committed to contribute up to a maximum amount of \$30.0 million to the joint venture, however, in connection with the acquisition of certain assets during 2005, the Predecessor together with the DownREIT Partnership, contributed a disproportionate share of capital to the venture, such that the Predecessor's total capital investment as of December 31, 2005 was \$41.4 million. The excess contribution was returned to the Predecessor in February 2006. During the year ended December 31, 2006, in connection with the acquisition of certain other assets, the Predecessor increased its committed capital to the venture to \$31.9 million, of which approximately \$28.2 million had been contributed as of June 30, 2007. The Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required, nor does it expect that any additional acquisitions of property will be made by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$281.1 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC*. In February 2006, the Predecessor formed a second strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and has committed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital required by the venture for asset acquisitions. As of June 30, 2007, the Company had contributed approximately \$8.3 million for such purpose. Additionally, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions with respect to existing properties will be required. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned two stabilized retail properties. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$36.9 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *NPK Redevelopment I, LLC*. The Company has a joint venture with Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.) pursuant to which the joint venture will redevelop three Kmart Supercenter properties formerly owned by Kmart. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has committed to contribute \$6.0 million, \$4.1 million of which had been contributed by the Company as of June 30, 2007. After the contribution of the total committed amount, the Company will have a 20% interest in the venture and will be responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

- *NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC.* The Company has a third strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management Inc., which venture was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring Baybrook Gateway, a shopping center located in Webster, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$41.0 million as of June 30, 2007.
- *Westgate Mall, LLC.* The Company, together with Transwestern Investment Company and The Richard E. Jacobs Group, has an interest in a joint venture that was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring and redeveloping Westgate Mall, an enclosed mall located on 55 acres of land in Fairview Park, Ohio. The joint venture is currently redeveloping the mall into a large community shopping center. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 10% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$39.0 million as of June 30, 2007.

Note 9: Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible assets are comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	June 30, 2007 (Company)	December 31, 2006 (Predecessor)	Amortization Period
In-place lease value, legal fees and leasing commissions, net (Note 3)	\$ 564,337	\$ 44,860	Life of lease
Above market leases acquired, net (Note 3)	29,734	4,877	Life of lease
Other intangibles, net(1)	85		20 years
Value of asset management fee stream, net (Note 3)	64,342	17,845	40 years
Value of property management rights, net (Note 3)	170,046	20,674	20 years
Total	\$ 828,544	\$ 88,256	

- (1) Other intangibles consist of amounts paid to acquire the Company's domain name.

Aggregate amortization expense on these assets was as follows and included the write-offs detailed below (dollars in thousands):

	Company Period from April 5, 2007 June 30, 2007	Predecessor Period from April 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the three months ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the six months ended June 30, 2006
Amortization Expense	\$ 32,000	\$ 271	\$ 2,056	\$ 3,010	\$ 4,900
Write-offs				78	523

The estimated amortization expense on these assets during the next five fiscal years is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2007 (remaining six months)	\$ 60,559
2008	120,513
2009	113,940
2010	102,926
2011	95,590

As of June 30, 2007, the Company had also recorded approximately \$811.5 million of goodwill in connection with the Merger.

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Note 10: Debt Obligations

As of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company and the Predecessor, respectively, had the following debt obligations under various arrangements with financial institutions (dollars in thousands, except footnotes):

	Maximum Amount Available	Carrying Value as of		Stated Interest Rates	Scheduled Maturity Date
		June 30, 2007 (Company)	December 31, 2006 (Predecessor)		
CREDIT AGREEMENTS					
April 2007 Revolving Facility(1)	\$ 350,000	\$ 275,509	\$	LIBOR + 55 bp(2)(3)	August 2010
Amended Revolving Facility(1)			41,000		
Amended Secured Term Loan(1)			150,000		
Total Credit Agreements	\$ 350,000	\$ 275,509	\$ 191,000		
MORTGAGES PAYABLE					
Fixed Rate Mortgages		\$ 412,517	\$ 428,045	5.240% - 9.625%	2007 2028
Variable Rate Mortgages		9,013	9,302	Variable(4)	2009 2011
Total Mortgages		\$ 421,530	\$ 437,347		
Net unamortized premium		15,933	11,563		
Total Mortgages, net		\$ 437,463	\$ 448,910		
NOTES PAYABLE					
7.35% unsecured notes(5)		\$	\$ 30,000	7.350%	
7.40% unsecured notes		150,000	150,000	7.400%	September 2009
3.75% unsecured notes(6)		8,337	115,000	3.750%	June 2010
4.50% unsecured notes(7)		150,000	150,000	4.500%	February 2011
3.70% unsecured notes(8)			200,000	3.700%	
5.13% unsecured notes		125,000	125,000	5.125%	September 2012
5.50% unsecured notes		50,000	50,000	5.500%	November 2013
5.30% unsecured notes		100,000	100,000	5.300%	January 2015
5.25% unsecured notes		125,000	125,000	5.250%	September 2015
7.97% unsecured notes		10,000	10,000	7.970%	August 2026
7.65% unsecured notes		25,000	25,000	7.650%	November 2026
7.68% unsecured notes		10,000	10,000	7.680%	November 2026
7.68% unsecured notes		10,000	10,000	7.680%	November 2026
6.90% unsecured notes		25,000	25,000	6.900%	February 2028
6.90% unsecured notes		25,000	25,000	6.900%	February 2028
7.50% unsecured notes		25,000	25,000	7.500%	July 2029
Total Notes		838,337	1,175,000		
Net unamortized premium (discount)		34,830	(5,911)		
Impact of pay-floating swap agreements			(2,139)		
Total Notes, net		\$ 873,167	\$ 1,166,950		
CAPITAL LEASES		\$ 31,229	\$ 27,500	7.500%	June 2031
TOTAL DEBT		\$ 1,617,368	\$ 1,834,360		

(1) On April 20, 2007, simultaneously with the completion of the Mergers, the Predecessor's Amended Revolving Facility (as defined below) was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the Amended Revolving Facility, the Company entered into a new revolving credit facility (the April 2007 Revolving Facility) with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the Amended Revolving Facility. Concurrently with the establishment of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the April 2007 Revolving Facility and caused the Amended Secured Term Loan (as defined below) to be repaid in full and terminated.

(2) The Company incurs interest using the 30-day LIBOR rate which was 5.32% as of June 30, 2007. The interest rate on this facility adjusts based on the Company's credit rating.

(3) The Company also incurs an annual facility fee of 15 basis points on this facility.

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- (4) As determined by the applicable loan agreement, the Company incurs interest on these obligations using either the 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 5.32% as of June 30, 2007, plus 125 basis points, or the Moody's A Corporate Bond Index, which was 5.73% as of June 30, 2007, plus spreads ranging from 12.5 to 37.5 basis points.
- (5) On June 15, 2007, the Company repaid the \$30.0 million outstanding under its 7.35% unsecured notes payable with funding from Centro.
- (6) Represents convertible senior notes. At certain dates, and upon the occurrence of certain events, the notes are convertible into cash up to their principal amount and, with respect to the remainder, if any, of the conversion value in excess of such principal amount, cash or shares of the Company's common stock. The initial

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conversion price was \$25.00 per share. On or after June 9, 2008, the Company may redeem all or a portion of the notes at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued interest. In addition, on June 1, 2010, June 1, 2012, and June 1, 2018, or upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes prior to June 1, 2010, note holders have the right to require the Company to purchase all or any portion of the notes, at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes. Although the stated maturity date of the notes is June 1, 2023, the scheduled maturity date listed above represents the first date that note holders have the right, not contingent on other provisions, to require the Company to redeem all or any portion of the notes. As discussed further below, these notes became convertible on April 1, 2007, and are currently convertible through July 2, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, approximately \$106.7 million of the \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of the notes had been converted into cash by holders thereof.

(7) The Company has entered into reverse interest rate swap agreements that effectively converted the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the notes from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate.

(8) Represents convertible senior notes issued in a private offering completed on September 19, 2006 (as further discussed below). At certain dates, and upon the occurrence of certain events, the notes were convertible into cash up to their principal amount and, with respect to the remainder, if any, of the conversion value in excess of such principal amount, cash or shares of the Company's common stock. The initial conversion rate was 30.5506 shares of the Company's common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$32.73 per share). On or after September 20, 2011, the Company could have redeemed all or a portion of the notes at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued interest. In addition, on September 20, 2011, September 15, 2016, and September 15, 2021, or upon the occurrence of certain change in control transactions prior to September 20, 2011, note holders could have required the Company to repurchase all or a portion of the notes at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes. As of June 30, 2007, all \$200.0 million of these notes had been converted into cash by holders thereof.

On April 20, 2007, simultaneously with the completion of the Mergers, the Predecessor's \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility, as amended August 25, 2006 (see below) (the Amended Revolving Facility), was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the Amended Revolving Facility, Centro NP entered into the April 2007 Revolving Facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the Amended Revolving Facility. Concurrently with the establishment of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, Centro NP used a portion of the proceeds from the April 2007 Revolving Facility and caused its \$150.0 million secured term loan, as amended August 25, 2006 (the Amended Secured Term Loan), to be repaid in full and terminated. The Amended Secured Term Loan was scheduled to mature on August 25, 2010. The April 2007 Revolving Facility bore interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Company's then current credit ratings) and incurred an annual facility fee of 15 basis points. The April 2007 Revolving Facility was scheduled to mature on October 20, 2007.

The Company's ability to borrow under the April 2007 Revolving Facility is subject to its ongoing compliance with a number of covenants, including with respect to the Company's ability to incur liens on its property, engage in major transactions such as mergers, make certain investments and engage in certain transactions with its affiliates. In addition, the April 2007 Revolving Facility requires that the Company maintain certain financial coverage ratios and other debt covenants. As of June 30, 2007, these coverage ratios and debt covenants included:

- EBITDA (as defined in the April 2007 Revolving Facility) to fixed charges ratio of at least 1.60:1;
- minimum tangible net worth of approximately \$1.2 billion;
- total debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 60% (or 65% in certain circumstances);
- total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%;
- unsecured debt to unencumbered assets value of no more than 60% (or 65% in certain circumstances);
- book value of ancillary assets to total adjusted assets of no more than 25%;
- book value of new construction assets to total adjusted assets of no more than 15%; and
- Funds from Operations (as defined in the applicable debt agreement) payout ratio no greater than 95%.

The April 2007 Revolving Facility contains customary defaults, including, among others: (i) the nonpayment of interest or principal of any loan; (ii) failure to comply with restrictions on use of proceeds; (iii) failure to observe or perform covenants under any loan document; (iv) bankruptcy or insolvency; (v) certain judgments and decrees; and (vi) change of control.

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Amounts outstanding under the April 2007 Revolving Facility are guaranteed pursuant to a Guaranty Agreement dated April 20, 2007, by and among certain subsidiaries of the Company, as guarantors, in favor of Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent for the lenders.

As discussed in Note 17 below, on July 31, 2007, the Company prepaid in full and terminated the April 2007 Revolving Facility.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture) and the Trustee entered into the Supplemental Indentures, each dated as of April 20, 2007, to the Indentures, by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provided for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan with respect to the following debt securities that are outstanding under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger (collectively, the Notes):

- (i) 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026;
- (ii) 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023;
- (iii) 4.50% Senior Notes due 2011;
- (iv) 5.30% Senior Notes due 2015;
- (v) 5.250% Senior Notes due 2015;
- (vi) 5.125% Senior Notes due 2012;
- (vii) 7.40% Senior Notes due 2009;
- (viii) 5.50% Senior Notes due 2013;
- (ix) 7.50% Senior Notes due 2029;
- (x) 6.90% Senior Notes due 2028;
- (xi) 7.68% Senior Notes due 2026;
- (xii) 7.65% Senior Notes due 2026;
- (xiii) 7.97% Senior Notes due 2026; and
- (xiv) 7.35% Senior Notes due 2007 (repaid on June 15, 2007).

Centro NP, as the successor obligor on the Notes, intends to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC pursuant to the Indentures governing the Notes or pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

On September 19, 2006, the Predecessor completed a private offering of \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.70% senior convertible notes due September 15, 2026 (the September 2006 Debt Offering). At certain times and upon the occurrence of certain events, the notes were convertible into cash up to their principal amount and, with respect to the remainder, if any, of the conversion value in excess of such principal amount, cash or shares of the Predecessor's common stock. The initial conversion rate was 30.5506 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$32.73 per share). At the time of issuance, the notes were not redeemable by the Predecessor prior to September 20, 2011 (except to preserve the Predecessor's status as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes), but were redeemable anytime thereafter, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest), if any. In addition, on September 20, 2011, September 15, 2016, and September 15, 2021, or upon the occurrence of certain change in control transactions prior to September 20, 2011, note holders could have required the Predecessor to repurchase all or a portion of the notes at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes. Net proceeds

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from the September 2006 Debt Offering were used to repurchase approximately \$50.0 million of the Predecessor's common stock at a price of \$26.83 per share and for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of outstanding borrowings under the Predecessor's \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility.

Pursuant to the terms of the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026, as set forth in the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated September 19, 2006 (the First Supplemental Indenture), a Change in Control (as defined in the First Supplemental Indenture) occurred as of April 5, 2007, and the

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Predecessor's common stock was subsequently delisted from the New York Stock Exchange. Accordingly, pursuant to the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes became convertible as of April 5, 2007. As such, the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes were convertible into the following cash amounts per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, for the time periods set forth below (subject in each case to the terms and conditions of the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture):

- \$1,114.65 per \$1,000 principal amount up to and including June 4, 2007; and
- \$1,012.75 per \$1,000 principal amount after June 4, 2007, convertible at any time until maturity (subject to Sections 2.11(d) and (e) of the 2004 Indenture, as Supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture).

As of June 30, 2007, all of the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes had been converted by the holders thereof, for an aggregate conversion price of approximately \$222.9 million.

Pursuant to the terms of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023, as set forth in the 1999 Indenture, as supplemented by an Officers Certificate, dated May 19, 2003 (the Officers Certificate) and the Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 17, 2004 (the Supplemental Indenture), on April 1, 2007, the sale price condition triggering the holders' conversion rights was satisfied as a result of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous calendar quarter was greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such last trading day. Accordingly, pursuant to the 1999 Indenture, as supplemented by the Officers Certificate and the Supplemental Indenture, the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes became convertible as of April 1, 2007 and are currently convertible through July 2, 2007. As such, the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes were convertible into the following cash amounts per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, for the time periods set forth below (subject in each case to the terms and conditions of the 1999 Indenture, as supplemented by the Officers Certificate and the Supplemental Indenture):

- \$1,326.00 per \$1,000 principal amount, convertible up to and including July 2, 2007.

As of June 30, 2007, approximately \$106.7 million of the \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes had been converted by the holders thereof, for an aggregate conversion price of approximately \$141.4 million.

On August 25, 2006, the Predecessor amended and restated its existing \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (as amended, the Amended Revolving Facility) and added an accordion feature to the Amended Revolving Facility that allowed the Predecessor, subject to certain conditions, to increase the amount that can be borrowed under the facility to \$500.0 million. The Amended Revolving Facility bore interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Predecessor's then existing credit ratings) and incurred an annual facility fee of 15 basis points. The Amended Revolving Facility was scheduled to mature on August 25, 2010, with a one-year extension option.

On August 25, 2006, the Predecessor also amended and restated its then existing \$150.0 million secured term loan (as amended, the Amended Secured Term Loan). The Amended Secured Term Loan bore interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Company's then existing credit ratings) and was scheduled to mature on August 25, 2010.

As of June 30, 2007, future expected/scheduled maturities of outstanding long-term debt and capital lease obligations were as follows (in thousands):

2007 (remaining six months)	\$ 17,444
2008	174,626
2009	199,367
2010	349,445
2011	172,463
Thereafter	653,260
Total debt maturities	1,566,605
Net unamortized premiums on mortgages	15,933
Net unamortized premiums on notes	34,830
Total debt obligations	\$ 1,617,368

Note 11: Due to Centro Properties Trust

On April 5, 2007, the Company entered into a note payable agreement with CPT Manager Limited as responsible entity of Centro Property Trust for an aggregate principal amount of \$303.4 million. The note, which matures on April 1, 2008, initially bore interest at 6.5%. The interest rate on the note will be adjusted effective on April 1, July 1 and January 1 of each year to a rate equal to LIBOR at the applicable date plus 1.75%.

Note 12: Risk Management and Use of Financial Instruments

Risk Management

In the normal course of its on-going business operations, the Company encounters economic risk. There are three main components of economic risk: interest rate risk, credit risk and market risk. The Company is subject to interest rate risk on its interest-bearing liabilities. Credit risk is the risk of default on the Company's operations and tenants' inability or unwillingness to make contractually required payments. Market risk includes changes in the value of the properties held by the Company due to changes in interest rates or other market factors.

Use of Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's and Predecessor's, as applicable, use of derivative instruments is, and was, primarily limited to the utilization of interest rate agreements or other instruments to manage interest rate risk exposures and not for speculative purposes. The principal objective of such arrangements is to manage the risks and/or costs associated with the Company's operating and financial structure, as well as to hedge specific transactions. The counterparties to these arrangements are major financial institutions with which the Company and its affiliates may also have other financial relationships. The Company is potentially exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by these counterparties. However, because of their high credit ratings, the Company does not anticipate that any of the counterparties will fail to meet these obligations as they come due. The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge credit/market risk.

On August 2, 2006, the Predecessor entered into two forward starting interest rate swap agreements, each for \$75.0 million in notional amount. These swaps were assumed by the Company in connection with the Merger. One of the swaps is expected to be used to hedge the risk of changes in interest cash outflows on fixed rate 10-year borrowings/financings that the Company anticipates issuing between February 1, 2007 and October 31, 2007 by effectively locking the three-month LIBOR swap rate. This swap terminates on June 15, 2017. The other swap is expected to be used to hedge the risk of changes in interest cash outflows on fixed rate 10-year borrowings/financings that the Company anticipates issuing between February 1, 2008 and October 31, 2008 by effectively locking the three-month LIBOR swap rate. This swap terminates on June 4, 2018.

As of June 30, 2007, the Company also had two reverse arrears swap agreements. The reverse arrears swap agreements effectively convert the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the Company's debt from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate. The two reverse arrears swap agreements terminate on February 1, 2011.

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The following table summarizes the terms and fair values of the Company's derivative financial instruments at June 30, 2007 (dollars in thousands). The notional amounts at June 30, 2007 provide an indication of the extent of the Company's involvement in these instruments at that time, but do not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks.

Hedge Product	Hedge Type	Notional Amount	Strike	Maturity	Fair Value
Reverse Arrears Swap	Fair Value	\$ 50,000	4.380%	02/01/11	\$ (1,945)
Reverse Arrears Swap	Fair Value	15,000	4.030%	02/01/11	(766)
Forward Starting Swap	Interest Rate	75,000	5.558%	06/15/17	528
Forward Starting Swap	Interest Rate	75,000	5.612%	06/04/18	497
		\$ 215,000			\$ (1,686)

As of June 30, 2007, the reverse arrears swaps of approximately \$(2.7) million and the forward starting swaps of approximately \$1.0 million were reported in Other liabilities.

The Company does not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133. Gains and losses pertaining to derivatives are included in Interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. This includes mark-to-market adjustments of open contracts as well as periodic settlements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

A concentration of credit risk arises in the Company's business when a national or regionally-based tenant occupies a substantial amount of space in multiple properties owned by the Company. In that event, if the tenant suffers a significant downturn in its business, it may become unable to make its contractual rent payments to the Company, exposing the Company to a potential loss in rental revenue that is magnified as a result of the tenant renting space in multiple locations. The Company regularly monitors its tenant base to assess potential concentrations of credit risk. Management believes the current credit risk portfolio is reasonably well diversified and does not contain any unusual concentration of credit risk. No tenant exceeds 5% of the Company's annual reported rental income.

Note 13: Minority Interest in Consolidated Partnership and Joint Ventures

In 1995, the DownREIT Partnership, a consolidated entity, was formed to own certain real estate properties. A wholly owned subsidiary of the Company is the sole general partner of the DownREIT Partnership and is entitled to receive 99% of all net income and gains before depreciation, if any, after the limited partners receive their preferred cash and gain allocations. Properties have been contributed to the DownREIT Partnership in exchange for cash, the assumption of mortgage indebtedness and limited partnership units (which may be redeemed at stipulated prices for cash).

In connection with the DownREIT Merger, each unit of limited partnership interest in the DownREIT Partnership (a DownREIT Unit) who elected to do so was converted, without any action on the part of the holder, into the right to receive one fully-paid Class A Preferred Unit, without interest, of the surviving partnership (the Preferred Unit Consideration). In lieu of the Preferred Unit Consideration, holders of DownREIT Units were offered the opportunity to elect to receive cash in an amount equal to the Offer Price per DownREIT Unit, as adjusted (the Cash Consideration). The holders of DownREIT Units that elected to receive the Cash Consideration ceased to be limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership. In connection with the DownREIT Merger, holders of 752,187 DownREIT Units, as adjusted, elected to receive the Cash Consideration, and holders of 2,643,870 DownREIT Units, as adjusted, elected, or were deemed to have elected, to receive the Preferred Unit Consideration. As a result, following the consummation of the DownREIT Merger, there were 2,643,870 Class A Preferred Units outstanding and not owned by Centro NP or its affiliates.

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As discussed in Note 1 above, on April 5, 2007, Centro NP owned a controlling interest in New Plan, but did not own 100% of the outstanding shares of New Plan. Accordingly, the shares not owned by Centro NP were minority interests. The results of operations attributable to the minority interests were recorded as a component of Minority Interest in Consolidated Partnership and Joint Ventures. For the period from April 5, 2007 through April 19, 2007, approximately \$1.7 million was recorded in connection with the shares of common stock of New Plan not owned by Centro NP.

Note 14: Stockholders Equity

On April 20, 2007, the Predecessor, Centro NP, MergerSub, and DownREIT Acquisition completed the Mergers. In connection with the New Plan Merger, (a) each share of Common Stock (other than shares held by New Plan or any subsidiary of New Plan or by MergerSub) was converted into the right to receive the same \$33.15 in cash per share as was paid in the Offer, without interest, and (b) each outstanding option to purchase Common Stock under any employee stock option or incentive plan became fully vested and exercisable (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and were cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, for each share of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of such option, cash in the amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option. As a result of the Merger, New Plan became a wholly owned subsidiary of Centro NP and any stockholder who held shares of Common Stock prior to the Merger ceased to be a stockholder effective as of the Merger.

Immediately following the Merger, and in connection with the Liquidation, all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, and all outstanding shares of common stock of the Predecessor were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Exchange Act with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Earnings per Share (EPS)

In accordance with the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 128 (Note 3), a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted EPS for periods prior to April 5, 2007 is provided as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts and amounts in the footnote below):

	Predecessor Period from April 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the three months ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the six months ended June 30, 2006
Basic EPS				
Numerator:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (34,593)	\$ 28,856	\$ (13,585)	\$ 59,773
Preferred dividends	(6,574)	(5,489)	(12,079)	(10,973)
(Loss) income available to common shares from continuing operations basic	(41,167)	23,367	(25,664)	48,800
(Loss) income available to common shares from discontinued operations basic	(60)	5,813	2,976	13,405
Net (loss) income available to common shares basic	\$ (41,227)	\$ 29,180	\$ (22,688)	\$ 62,205
Denominator:				
Weighted average of common shares outstanding	103,407	104,493	103,355	104,376
Earnings per share continuing operations	\$ (0.40)	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.25)	\$ 0.46
Earnings per share discontinued operations		0.06	0.03	0.14
Basic earnings per common share	\$ (0.40)	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.22)	\$ 0.60
Diluted EPS				
Numerator:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (34,593)	\$ 28,856	\$ (13,585)	\$ 59,773
Preferred dividends	(6,574)	(5,489)	(12,079)	(10,973)
Minority interest in consolidated partnership	6	201	297	351
(Loss) income available to common shares from continuing operations diluted	(41,161)	23,568	(25,367)	49,151
	(60)	5,813	2,976	13,405

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(Loss) income available to common shares from discontinued operations diluted

Net (loss) income available to common shares diluted	\$ (41,221)	\$ 29,381	\$ (22,391)	\$ 62,556
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Denominator:

Weighted average of common shares outstanding basic	103,407	104,493	103,355	104,376
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Effect of diluted securities:

Options and contingently issuable shares	2,312	1,425	2,120	1,390
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Excel Realty Partners, L.P. third party units	3,252	2,924	3,175	2,924
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Convertible debt	1,122		860	
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Restricted stock	53	52	48	60
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Weighted average of common shares outstanding diluted	110,146	108,894	109,558	108,750
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Earnings per share continuing operations	\$ (0.37)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.23)	\$ 0.44
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Earnings per share discontinued operations		0.06	0.03	0.14
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Diluted earnings per common share	\$ (0.37)	\$ 0.27	\$ (0.20)	\$ 0.58
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Common Stock

As described above, and as a result of the Merger and the Liquidation, there were no common shares outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

Prior to the Merger, in order to maintain its qualification as a REIT, not more than 50% in value of the outstanding shares of the Predecessor could have been owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of any taxable year of the Predecessor, applying certain constructive ownership rules. To help ensure that the Predecessor did not fail this test, the Predecessor's Articles of Incorporation provided for, among other things, certain restrictions on the transfer of common stock to prevent further concentration of stock ownership. Moreover, to evidence compliance with these requirements, the Predecessor maintained records that disclosed the actual ownership of its outstanding common stock and demanded written statements each year from the holders of record of designated percentages of its common stock requesting the disclosure of the beneficial owners of such common stock.

Stock Repurchases

In October 1999, the Predecessor commenced a program to repurchase up to \$75.0 million of the Predecessor's outstanding common stock from time to time through periodic open market transactions or through privately negotiated transactions, which program expired on December 31, 2005. Through December 31, 2005, approximately 2,150,000 shares were repurchased and retired at an average purchase price of \$15.30 per share. In February 2006, the Predecessor renewed the repurchase program to provide for the repurchase of up to \$75.0 million of the Predecessor's outstanding common stock from time to time through periodic open market transactions or through privately negotiated transactions. Through April 20, 2007, the date on which the common stock ceased to be outstanding, no shares were repurchased under the renewed common stock repurchase program.

In September 2006, the Predecessor obtained separate authorization to repurchase up to an additional \$75.0 million of its common stock in connection with the September 2006 Debt Offering (see Note 10). Concurrently with the September 2006 Debt Offering, pursuant to such separate authorization, 1,863,600 shares were repurchased and retired at an average purchase price of \$26.83 per share (approximately \$50.0 million in aggregate value).

Preferred Stock

In connection with the Liquidation, the holders of the 7.8% Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock (the Preferred D Shares) and the 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (the Preferred E Shares) received liquidating distributions in accordance with the terms of such securities, and the depositary shares representing a 1/10 fractional interest of a share of the Preferred D Shares and Preferred E Shares, as applicable, were automatically converted into, and cancelled in exchange for the right to receive cash in the amount set forth below:

- Preferred D Shares: \$50.21667 per depositary share; and
- Preferred E Shares: \$25.12179 per depositary share.

As of December 31, 2006, the Predecessor had 8,000,000 Series E depositary shares outstanding, each representing a 1/10 fractional interest of a share of the Preferred E Shares.

As of December 31, 2006, the Predecessor also had 1,500,000 Series D depositary shares outstanding, each representing a 1/10 fractional interest in a share of the Preferred D Shares. Beginning in the third quarter of 2004, in accordance with applicable accounting rules, and as a result of the step-up of the dividend to 9.8% of the liquidation preference beginning in 2012, the Predecessor recorded quarterly non-cash increases to the current dividend payable.

Stock Based Compensation

Immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger, and, as provided in the Merger Agreement, the Predecessor's Board of Directors caused all of the Predecessor's outstanding stock options, non-vested performance shares, restricted stock awards and deferred stock awards under any employee stock option or incentive plan to become fully vested and exercisable or payable, as the case may be, and, in the case of the restricted stock awards and deferred stock awards, free of forfeiture restrictions. In particular, in connection with the Merger:

- (a) each outstanding option to purchase common stock under any employee stock option or incentive plan became fully vested and exercisable (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and was cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, for each share of common stock issuable upon exercise of such option, cash in the amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option;
- (b) all restricted share awards and all deferred share awards granted under the 2003 Plan automatically became fully vested and free of any forfeiture restrictions (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and were considered outstanding shares of Common Stock for all purposes under the Merger Agreement, including the right to receive the Offer Price; and
- (c) all out-performance awards under the Out-Performance Plan and any one or more employment agreements vested and became payable in accordance with its terms.

Stock Options

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS No. 123(R)), which is a revision of Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* (SFAS No. 123). SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (Opinion 25). Generally, the approach to accounting for stock-based compensation in SFAS No. 123(R) is similar to the approach described in SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123(R) requires all stock-based compensation to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the statement of operations based on their fair values. Pro-forma disclosure is no longer an alternative under SFAS No. 123(R).

SFAS No. 123(R) became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2005. The Predecessor adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) using the modified prospective transition method during the first quarter of 2006. Under the modified prospective transition method, compensation cost is recognized beginning with the adoption date (i) based on the requirements of SFAS No. 123(R) for all share-based payments granted after the adoption date and (ii) based on the requirements of SFAS No. 123 for all awards granted to employees prior to the adoption date of SFAS No. 123(R) that remain unvested on the effective date.

During the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and during the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor recorded approximately \$11.9 million and \$12.5 million of amortization of deferred compensation related to stock-based compensation, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the Predecessor recorded approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million of amortization of deferred compensation related to stock-based compensation, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, the expense included approximately \$0.2 million related to stock options and approximately \$0.3 million for restricted stock grants. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, the expense included approximately \$0.3 million related to stock options and approximately \$0.5 million for restricted stock grants. Deferred compensation is recorded as a reduction to additional paid in capital.

As of June 30, 2006, the Predecessor had one active stock option plan pursuant to which stock options had been granted to purchase shares of common stock of the Predecessor to officers, directors, and certain employees of the Predecessor. The active plan was the 2003 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective July 14, 2005 (the 2003 Plan), which provided for the grant of stock options, stock grants and certain other types of stock based awards to officers, directors and certain employees of the Predecessor. The exercise price of stock options granted pursuant to the 2003 Plan was required to be no less than the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant. The vesting schedule and other terms of stock options granted under the 2003 Plan were determined at the time of grant by the Predecessor's executive compensation and stock option committee. As of June 30, 2006, approximately 2.0 million shares were available for stock option grants and 0.8 million shares were available for stock grants or other types of stock based awards other than stock option grants (and to the extent that any such stock grants or other types of stock based awards are issued, then there is a share for share reduction in the number of shares available for stock option grants) under the 2003 Plan. The stock options outstanding under the 2003 Plan, at June 30, 2006, had exercise prices ranging from \$11.35 to \$25.05 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of approximately 6.7 years. The total amount of option shares exercisable under the 2003 Plan, at June 30, 2006, was approximately 2.4 million.

The Predecessor used the Black-Scholes-Merton closed-form model (Black-Scholes option pricing model), which uses the assumptions detailed in the following table, to value its stock option and restricted stock grants. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Predecessor's stock. The Predecessor used historical data to estimate option exercises and employee terminations within the valuation model. The expected term of options granted was derived from the output of the option valuation model and represented the period of time that options were expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rates for periods within the contractual life of the option were based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The Predecessor's use of the Black-Scholes option pricing model required extensive use of accounting judgment and financial estimates, including estimates of the expected term employees would retain their vested stock options before exercising them, the estimated volatility of the Predecessor's common stock price over the expected term, and the number of options that would be forfeited prior to the completion of the vesting requirements. Application of alternative assumptions could have produced significantly different estimates of the fair value of stock-based compensation, and consequently, significantly different amounts recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) apply to new stock option grants and stock options outstanding, but not yet vested, on the date the Predecessor adopted SFAS No. 123(R).

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The Predecessor believed that the use of the Black-Scholes option pricing model met the fair value measurement objectives of SFAS No. 123(R) and reflected all substantive characteristics of the instruments being valued. The following table represents the assumptions used for the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the per share weighted average fair value of \$2.86 for options granted during the period from January 1, 2007 through April 19, 2007 (on April 20, 2007, the options became fully vested and exercisable and were cancelled in exchanged for the right to received, for each share of common stock issuable upon exercise of the option, cash equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option), and the fair value of \$2.02 for options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006:

	April 19, 2007		June 30, 2006	
Expected dividend yield	5.40%		6.50%	
Risk-free interest rate	4.46%	4.76%	4.65%	4.75%
Expected volatility	18.00%		18.00%	
Expected life in years	1.5 years	5.5 years	1.5 years	5.5 years

Restricted Stock Awards

During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor granted 99,655 restricted shares of common stock to certain employees. Of these shares, one-half were scheduled to vest proportionately over five years, commencing on June 30, 2008, and then on the next four succeeding anniversary dates of the date of grant, which was February 27, 2007. The balance of the restricted shares were scheduled to vest proportionately over the same five year period upon satisfaction of annual performance/market criteria established each year by the Predecessor's executive compensation and stock option committee.

During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor also granted 14,900 restricted shares of common stock to members of its Board of Directors. Of these shares, half were scheduled to vest proportionately over five years, commencing on June 30, 2008, and then on the next four succeeding anniversary dates of the date of grant, which was February 27, 2007. The balance of the restricted shares were scheduled to vest proportionately over the same five year period upon satisfaction of annual performance/market criteria established each year by the Predecessor's executive compensation and stock option committee.

For accounting purposes, the Predecessor measured compensation costs for restricted shares in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), as discussed above.

The following table reports restricted stock activity during the period from January 1, 2007 through April 19, 2007:

	Number of Shares	Intrinsic Value
Unvested Shares at December 31, 2006	148,838	\$ 4,090,068
Granted	114,555	
Vested and Distributed	(32,314)	\$ 1,072,825
Forfeited		
Unvested Shares at April 19, 2007	231,079	\$ 7,651,026

Other Stock Awards

During the period January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor also granted 14,900 shares of common stock to members of its Board of Directors. These shares vested immediately upon grant. For accounting purposes, the Predecessor measured compensation costs for these shares as of the date of grant and expensed such amounts against earnings on the grant date. Such amounts appear on the Predecessor's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income under "General and administrative."

Pursuant to the terms of the New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. 2006 Long-Term Out-Performance Compensation Plan ("Out-Performance Plan"), the Predecessor's executive officers (as of April 19, 2007), other than Glenn Rufrano, the Predecessor's Chief Executive Officer, and William Newman, the Predecessor's Chairman of the Board of Directors, were to be entitled to receive an award of common stock in the event that over either a four or five year performance period ending December 31, 2009 or December 31, 2010, respectively, either of two specified performance criteria were achieved. The value of the common stock award was to vary based on the level of performance achieved, but the maximum award of common stock that could be achieved was \$12.0 million. The compensation expense of approximately \$3.5 million associated with this award was being recognized ratably over the service period. As noted above, and in connection with the Merger, these awards vested and became payable according to the terms of the applicable agreements. The unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$2.8 million was recorded on the Predecessor's Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income under "General and administrative" for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007.

Pursuant to the terms of the Predecessor's employment agreement with Mr. Rufrano, he was eligible to receive an award of common stock in the event that over either a four or five year performance period, ending February 22, 2009 or February 22, 2010, respectively, either of two specified criteria were achieved. The value of the common stock award was to vary based on the level of performance achieved, but the maximum award of common stock that could be achieved was \$6.0 million. The compensation expense of approximately \$2.2 million associated with this award would have been recognized ratably over the service period. As noted above, and in connection with the Merger, this award vested and became payable according to the terms of the applicable agreement. The unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$1.2 million was recorded on the Predecessor's Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income under "General and administrative" for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007.

The Predecessor used a Monte Carlo analysis to value the Out-Performance Plan and Mr. Rufrano's performance award. The Monte Carlo analysis is a simulation exercise designed to arrive at a value for a variable, such as the expected value of an award on the valuation date.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Predecessor had a Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan whereby shareholders could have invested cash distributions and made optional cash payments to purchase shares of the Predecessor's common stock. The additional shares were issued directly by the Predecessor. In connection with the Merger, this plan was terminated.

Deferred Compensation Plan

Until the effective time of the Merger, the Predecessor maintained a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that provided benefits to eligible employees from among a select group of management or highly compensated employees of the Predecessor within the meaning of Sections 201(2), 301(a)(3) and 401(a)(1) of ERISA. The deferred compensation plan was terminated by the Board of Directors as of the Merger effective time, and all amounts under the plan, whether in the employee's cash deferral account or his or her stock unit deferral account were distributed. Under the deferred compensation plan, eligible employees, were permitted to defer receipt of all or a portion of their bonus, a portion of their salary, as well as all or a portion of their restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards.

Note 15: Commitments and ContingenciesGeneral

The Company is not presently involved in any material litigation arising outside the ordinary course of its business. However, the Company is involved in routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which is believed to be material in light of reserves taken by the Company. In connection with a specific tenant litigation, and based upon certain rulings occurring during the third quarter of 2005, the Company maintains an aggregate reserve of approximately \$4.8 million as of June 30, 2007. Given the increase in the reserve taken by the Company, and the current status of the tenant litigation, the Company believes that any loss in excess of the established reserve would be immaterial.

Funding Commitments

In addition to the joint venture funding commitments described in Note 8 above, the Company also had the following contractual obligations as of June 30, 2007, none of which the Company believes will have a material adverse affect on the Company's operations:

- *Letters of Credit.* The Company has arranged for the provision of nine separate letters of credit in connection with certain property or insurance related matters. If these letters of credit are drawn, the Company will be obligated to reimburse the providing bank for the amount of the draw. As of June 30, 2007, there was no balance outstanding under any of the letters of credit. If the letters of credit were fully drawn, the combined maximum amount of exposure would be approximately \$16.4 million.
- *Non-Recourse Debt Guarantees.* Under certain Company and joint venture non-recourse mortgage loans, the Company could, under certain circumstances, be responsible for portions of the mortgage indebtedness in connection with certain customary non-recourse carve-out provisions such as environmental conditions, misuse of funds and material misrepresentations. As of June 30, 2007, the Company had mortgage loans outstanding of approximately \$421.5 million, and unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest had mortgage loans outstanding of approximately \$2.0 billion. In addition, the Company has guaranteed certain construction and other obligations relative to certain joint venture development projects; however, the Company does not expect that its obligations under such guarantees will be material if called upon.
- *Leasing Commitments.* The Company has entered into leases, as lessee, in connection with ground leases for shopping centers which it operates and administrative space for the Company. These leases are accounted for as operating leases. The minimum annual rental commitments for these leases during the next five fiscal years and thereafter are approximately as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2007 (remaining six months)	\$ 1,890
2008	3,466
2009	3,385
2010	3,221
2011	3,120
Thereafter	41,703

Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, the Company may be considered an owner or operator of real property or may have arranged for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances and, therefore, may become liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances released on or in their property or disposed of by them, as well as certain other potential costs which could relate to

hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property). Such liability may be imposed whether or not the Company knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of these hazardous or toxic substances. As is common with community and neighborhood shopping centers, many of the Company's properties had or have on-site dry cleaners and/or on-site gasoline facilities. These operations could potentially result in environmental contamination at the properties.

The Company is aware that soil and groundwater contamination exists at some of its properties. The primary contaminants of concern at these properties include perchloroethylene and trichloroethylene (associated with the operations of on-site dry cleaners) and petroleum hydrocarbons (associated with the operations of on-site gasoline facilities). The Company is also aware that asbestos-containing materials exist at some of its properties. While the Company does not expect the environmental conditions at its properties, considered as a whole, to have a material adverse effect on the Company, there can be no assurance that this will be the case. Further, no assurance can be given that any environmental studies performed have identified or will identify all material environmental conditions, that any prior owner of the properties did not create a material environmental condition not known to the Company or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist with respect to any of the Company's properties.

Note 16: Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Total comprehensive income (loss) was as follows for the periods indicated below (dollars in thousands):

	Company Period from April 5, 2007 June 30, 2007	Predecessor Period from April 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the three months ended June 30, 2006	Period from January 1, 2007 April 4, 2007	For the six months ended June 30, 2006
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 3,919	\$ (34,445)	\$ 34,715	\$ (9,740)	\$ 74,135

As of June 30, 2007, the primary component of comprehensive income, other than net income, was the Company's mark-to market adjustment on its available-for-sale securities. Prior to the Merger, the Predecessor also included the adoption and continued application of SFAS No. 133 to the Company's cash flow hedges as components of comprehensive income.

As of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, accumulated other comprehensive loss reflected in the Company's and the Predecessor's stockholders' equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheets was comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	As of June 30, 2007 (Company)	As of December 31, 2006 (Predecessor)
Realized/unrealized (loss) gains on available-for-sale securities	\$ (47)	\$ 2,299
Unrealized gains on securities held for deferred compensation		170
Realized gains on interest hedges		1,584
Realized losses on interest hedges		(10,302)
Unrealized losses on interest hedges		(4,601)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (47)	\$ (10,850)

Note 17: Subsequent Events

Conversion of Additional 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023

On July 2, 2007, an additional \$8.1 million principal amount of the Company's 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes was converted by the holders thereof. Following such conversion, approximately \$0.2 million aggregate principal amount of the notes remains outstanding.

Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement

On July 31, 2007, the Company prepaid in full and terminated the April 2007 Revolving Facility. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company entered into a new \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the July 2007 Revolving Facility), with Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent (the Administrative Agent), which effectively replaced the April 2007 Revolving Facility.

The July 2007 Revolving Facility matures on December 31, 2007, subject to early termination by the Company or the Administrative Agent. The July 2007 Revolving Facility includes a revolving credit facility, swing line facility, and a letter of credit facility.

The July 2007 Revolving Facility bears interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, (i) a base rate equal to the prime rate plus an applicable margin as specified in the July 2007 Revolving Facility or (ii) the LIBOR rate plus the applicable margin.

The July 2007 Revolving Facility contains various representations, warranties and covenants customary for financings of this type and substantially similar to those contained in the April 2007 Revolving Facility, including, among others, mandatory prepayment upon the occurrence of certain events. Under the July 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company is also subject to compliance with certain covenants. These covenants include: (i) total debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 65%; (ii) total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%; (iii) unencumbered total asset value not to be less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding unsecured debt of the Company and its subsidiaries; and (iv) consolidated income available for debt service of at least 1.5 times the maximum annual service charge on total debt.

The July 2007 Revolving Facility contains customary defaults, including, among others: the nonpayment of interest or principal of any loan; failure to comply with restrictions on use of proceeds; failure to observe or perform covenants under any loan document; bankruptcy or insolvency; certain judgments and decrees; and change of control.

Amounts outstanding under the July 2007 Revolving Facility are guaranteed pursuant to an Amended and Restated Guaranty Agreement dated July 31, 2007, by and among certain subsidiaries of the Company, as guarantors in favor of Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent. The July 2007 Revolving Credit Facility also has the benefit of a contingent Guaranty Agreement dated July 31, 2007, by and among CPT Manager Limited and Centro Properties Limited as guarantors in favor of Bank America N.A., as administrative agent (the Centro Party Guaranty), which, subject to certain conditions, guarantees up to the full amount of the July 2007 Revolving Credit Facility. In the event that at any time after the Centro Party Guaranty is triggered the amount of the guaranty is less than the full amount of the obligations under the July 2007 Revolving Credit Facility at such time, the Company is required to permanently prepay the July 2007 Credit Facility by the amount of such deficiency.

Preston Ridge

On August 3, 2007, the Company acquired the 75% partnership interest in BPR Shopping Center, L.P. that it did not previously own for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$75.7 million. In connection with the transaction, the mortgage on the property was defeased for a total cost to the Company of \$71.8 million. The Company now owns 100% of the partnership interest in BPR Shopping Center, L.P. The purchase price was funded by an equity contribution to us from Super LLC.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes thereto. Historical results and percentage relationships set forth in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income contained in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations.

As more fully described in Note 1 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, on February 27, 2007, New Plan, together with the DownREIT Partnership, entered into the Merger Agreement with the Buyer Parties. The Buyer Parties are affiliates Centro. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, MergerSub commenced and completed the Offer to purchase all outstanding shares of Common Stock of New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. at the Offer Price. The Offer, as supplemented by a subsequent offering period, expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on Wednesday, April 18, 2007. On April 19, 2007, MergerSub exercised its top-up option under the Merger Agreement and purchased from New Plan, at a purchase price equal to the Offer Price, a number of additional shares of common stock sufficient to permit MergerSub to effect a short-form merger of MergerSub into New Plan under Maryland law without the vote of or any other action by the remaining New Plan stockholders.

On April 20, 2007, New Plan, together with Centro NP, MergerSub, and DownREIT Acquisition completed the Mergers. Immediately following the Merger, on April 20, 2007, and in connection with the Liquidation, (a) all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, (b) all outstanding shares of preferred stock of New Plan were automatically converted into, and cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, cash liquidating distributions in accordance with their terms, and (c) all shares of common stock of New Plan were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Exchange Act, with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture) and the Trustee entered the Supplemental Indentures, each dated as of April 20, 2007, to the Indentures, by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provide for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger with respect to the Notes.

Centro NP, as the successor obligor on the Notes, intends to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC pursuant to the Indentures governing the Notes or pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

All references to we, us, our, ours, Centro NP or the Company in this report refer to Centro NP LLC and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities as of, or subsequent to, April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise. All references to the Predecessor or New Plan in this report refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities as it existed prior to April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise.

During the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the Company acquired one land parcel. During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor acquired one shopping center (Stewart Plaza) and one land parcel. During 2006, the Predecessor acquired four shopping centers (Shoppes at Hickory Hollow, The Quentin Collection, Fox Run Mall and Memphis Commons), two buildings immediately adjacent to properties owned by us (Building at Tarpon Mall and Building at Hazel Path), the remaining 90% interests in two shopping centers in which we owned the other 10% interests (Ventura Downs and Odessa-Winwood Town Center), six land parcels, and a leasehold interest in a new development project (collectively, the 2006 Acquisitions).

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In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144, the results of operations of properties that have been disposed of (by sale, by abandonment, or in a distribution to owners) or classified as held for sale must be classified as discontinued operations and segregated in our Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income. Therefore, results of operations from prior periods have been restated to reflect the current pool of disposed of or held for sale assets.

The discussion below relates to the combined results of our operations and those of the Predecessor.

Results of operations for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and three months ended June 30, 2006

Rental Revenues:

Rental income was \$81.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$4.6 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$96.4 million for the period April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the rental income of the Company:
- Net increases in rental rates and straight-line rent adjustments, which increased rental income by approximately \$3.6 million
- Increased amortization of below market leases, which leases were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased rental income by approximately \$11.0 million
- 2006 Acquisitions, which increased the rental income by approximately \$3.0 million
- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Predecessor.

Fee income was \$3.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$0.2 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$6.8 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007. Fee income is derived from services provided to our joint ventures and other managed projects.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the fee income of the Company:
- Leasing fee revenue, which increased fee income by approximately \$1.0 million
- Asset management fee revenue, which increased fee income by approximately \$2.4 million
- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Predecessor.

Operating Expenses:

Operating costs were \$17.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.3 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$22.2 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factor caused a material change in the operating costs of the Company:
- Increased payroll and payroll related expenses, attributable to increased personnel levels necessary to manage the growing number of properties under management, which increased operating costs by approximately \$2.9 million

Results of operations for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from April 1, 2007 through

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- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Predecessor.

Depreciation and amortization were \$21.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.3 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$53.8 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

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- The following significant factors caused material changes in the depreciation and amortization of the Company:
- Increased depreciation expense on our real estate properties, which properties were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$8.5 million
- Increased amortization expense associated with amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which rights were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$1.7 million
- Increased amortization expense of intangible assets, other than the amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which assets were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$27.4 million
- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Predecessor.

General and administrative expenses were \$7.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$36.2 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$6.2 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the general and administrative expenses of the Predecessor:
- Advisory fees incurred by the Predecessor in connection with the Mergers, which increased general and administrative expenses by approximately \$16.7 million
- Increased payroll related expenses, primarily attributable to Predecessor's recognition of compensation expense associated with stock-based compensation that vested in connection with the Merger, which increased general and administrative expenses by approximately \$18.2 million
- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the general and administrative expenses of the Company.

Other Income and Expenses:

Interest expense was \$22.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.6 million for the period from April 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$25.7 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the interest expense of the Company:
- The \$303.4 million note payable to Centro Property Trust, which the Company entered into on April 5, 2007, which increased interest expense by approximately \$5.1 million
- Interest incurred on the Tender Facility, which increased interest expense by approximately \$3.4 million
- Debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the Tender Facility, which increased interest expense by approximately \$3.0 million
- Decreased amortization of the premium on mortgages and notes payable, primarily due to fair value adjustments recorded by the Company in connection with the Merger, which decreased interest expense by

Results of operations for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from April 1, 2007 through

approximately \$1.6 million

- Our derivative financial instruments, for which we have not qualified for hedge accounting treatment, which decreased interest expense of the Company by approximately \$4.2 million

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- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Predecessor.

Results of operations for period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and the six months ended June 30, 2006

Rental Revenues:

Rental income was \$169.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$92.7 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$96.4 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the rental income of the Company:
- 2006 Acquisitions, which increased rental income by approximately \$3.0 million
- Net increases in rental rates and straight-line rent adjustments, which increased rental income by approximately \$3.4 million
- Increased amortization of below market leases, which leases were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased rental income by approximately \$11.0 million
- The following significant factors caused material changes in the rental income of the Predecessor:
- 2006 Acquisitions, which increased rental by approximately \$3.3 million
- Decreased lease settlement income, which decreased rental income by approximately \$3.3 million

Fee income was \$8.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$8.8 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$6.8 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007. Fee income is derived from services provided to our joint ventures and other managed projects.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the fee income of the Company:
- Leasing fee revenue, which increased fee income by approximately \$2.9 million
- Asset management fee revenue, which increased fee income by approximately \$2.5 million
- The following significant factor caused a material change in the fee income of the Predecessor:
- Leasing fee revenue, which increased fee income attributable to the Predecessor by approximately \$1.0 million

Operating Expenses:

Operating costs were \$36.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$22.0 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$22.2 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the operating costs of the Company:

Results of operations for period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from January 1, 2007 through

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- Increased payroll and payroll related expenses, attributable to increased personnel levels necessary to manage the growing number of properties under management, which increased operating costs by approximately \$2.7 million
- Increased property insurance expense, attributable to higher premiums under our renewed policy, which increased operating costs by approximately \$0.5 million

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- The following significant factors caused material changes in the operating costs of the Predecessor:
- Increased property insurance expense, attributable to higher premiums under our renewed policy, which increased operating costs by approximately \$0.5 million
- Increased snow removal costs, primarily attributable to the harsh winter conditions in the Midwest, which increased operating costs by approximately \$1.2 million

Depreciation and amortization were \$43.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$26.0 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$53.7 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the depreciation and amortization of the Company:
- Increased depreciation expense on our real estate properties, which properties were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$4.8 million
- Increased amortization expense associated with amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which rights were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$1.6 million
- Increased amortization expense of intangible assets, other than the amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which intangible assets were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$27.1 million

- The following significant factor caused a material change in the depreciation and amortization of the Predecessor:

- 2006 Acquisitions, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$2.0 million

General and administrative expenses were \$14.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$51.9 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$6.2 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the general and administrative expenses of the Predecessor:
- Increased advisory and legal fees incurred by the Predecessor in connection with the Mergers, which increased general and administrative expenses by approximately \$22.5 million
- Increased payroll related expenses, primarily attributable to the Predecessor's recognition of compensation expense associated with stock-based compensation which vested in connection with the Merger, which increased general and administrative expenses by approximately \$19.2 million
- There were no significant factors that caused material changes in the Company.

Other Income and Expenses:

Results of operations for period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from January 1, 2007 through

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Interest expense was \$45.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$26.8 million for the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007 and \$25.7 million for the period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007.

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Results of operations for period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from January 1, 2007 through

- The following significant factors caused material changes in the interest expense of the Company:
- The \$303.4 million note payable to Centro Property Trust, which was entered into on April 5, 2007, which increased interest expense by approximately \$5.1 million
- Interest incurred on the Tender Facility, which increased interest expense by approximately \$3.4 million
- Debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the Tender Facility, which increased interest expense by approximately \$2.9 million
- Our derivative financial instruments, for which we have not qualified for hedge accounting treatment, which decreased interest expense by approximately \$3.9 million
- Increased capitalized interest with respect to our redevelopment projects, due to increased interest rates and increased project spending, which decreased interest expense by approximately \$1.5 million
- The following significant factors caused material variances in the interest expense of the Predecessor:
- The September 2006 Debt Offering (which debt was subsequently redeemed during the three months ended June 30, 2007), which increased interest expense by approximately \$2.0 million
- Increased capitalized interest with respect to our redevelopment projects, due to increased interest rates and increased project spending, which decreased interest expense by approximately \$1.6 million

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$10.5 million in available cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. Prior to the Mergers, we generally did not maintain significant cash or cash equivalent balances. As a REIT, the Predecessor was required to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to its stockholders on an annual basis. Therefore, as a general matter, the Predecessor met its liquidity needs from cash generated from operations and external sources of capital. As a result of the Merger and the Liquidation, we are no longer operating as a REIT. As of June 30, 2007, approximately \$74.5 million was available for draw under the April 2007 Revolving Facility, which facility was prepaid in full and terminated on July 31, 2007. Concurrently with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, Centro NP entered into the July 2007 Revolving Facility, under which approximately \$24.8 million was available for draw as of August 1, 2007.

Short-Term Liquidity Needs

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for operating and other expenses directly associated with our portfolio of properties (including regular maintenance items), interest expense and scheduled principal payments on our outstanding debt, capital expenditures incurred to facilitate the leasing of space (*e.g.*, tenant improvements and leasing commissions), capital expenditures incurred in our development and redevelopment projects, and distributions that we pay to holders of partnership units in the DownREIT Partnership. We believe that cash generated from operations, borrowings under the July 2007 Revolving Facility or funding from Centro will be sufficient to meet our short-term liquidity requirements; however, there are certain factors that may have a material adverse effect on our cash flow from operations.

We derive substantially all of our revenue from tenants under existing leases at our properties. Therefore, our operating cash flow is dependent on the rents that we are able to charge to our tenants, and the ability of these tenants to make their rental payments. We believe that the nature of the properties in which we typically invest primarily community and neighborhood shopping centers provides a more stable revenue flow in uncertain economic times because, even in difficult economic times, consumers still need to purchase basic living essentials such as food and soft goods. However, general economic downturns, or economic downturns in one or more markets in which we own properties, still may adversely impact the ability of our tenants to make rental payments and our ability to re-lease space on favorable terms as leases expire. In either of these instances, our cash flow would be adversely affected.

Results of operations for period from April 5, 2007 through June 30, 2007, the period from January 1, 2007 through

We may acquire large portfolios of community and neighborhood shopping centers, either through direct acquisitions or business combinations. While we believe that the cash generated by any newly-acquired properties will more than offset the operating and interest expenses associated with those properties, it is possible that the properties may not perform as well as expected and as a result, our cash needs may increase. In addition, there may be other costs incurred as a result of the acquisition of properties, including increased general and administrative costs while we integrate the properties into our operating system.

In some cases, we have invested as a co-venturer or partner in the development or redevelopment of new properties instead of developing projects directly. Pursuant to the terms of certain of our joint venture agreements, we have outstanding commitments to contribute up to an aggregate of \$11.5 million of capital that may be required by such joint ventures. As of June 30, 2007, we contributed approximately \$6.5 million of the committed amount. In addition to the committed amount, we have also agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that may be required by our joint ventures, which pro rata share is not expected to be material. We expect to fund these capital requirements either out of excess cash from operations, through draws on the July 2007 Revolving Facility, or with funding from Centro.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, we and the Predecessor, as applicable, completed nine redevelopment projects in our consolidated portfolio, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, was approximately \$58.0 million. In addition, we develop outparcels of properties in our consolidated portfolio and during the six months ended June 30, 2007, we and the Predecessor, as applicable, completed three outparcel development projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on the projects, was approximately \$4.2 million. Our current redevelopment pipeline in our consolidated portfolio is comprised of 25 projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$196.9 million. Our current outparcel development pipeline in our consolidated portfolio is comprised of six projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$19.4 million. We intend on financing these redevelopment and outparcel development projects through cash from operations, draws on the July 2007 Revolving Facility, or with funding from Centro.

We also redevelop properties in our joint venture portfolios. Our current joint venture redevelopment pipeline is comprised of 13 projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years, is expected to be approximately \$153.3 million, of which our pro rata share will be approximately \$18.1 million. In addition, we also redevelop outparcels at properties in our joint venture portfolios. Our current joint venture outparcel development pipeline is comprised of one project, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on the project, is expected to be approximately \$2.2 million, of which our pro rata share will be approximately \$0.1 million. We intend on financing our redevelopment and outparcel development projects in our joint venture portfolios with a variety of financing vehicles as determined from time to time by the joint venture.

We regularly incur significant expenditures in connection with the re-leasing of our retail space, principally in the form of tenant improvements and leasing commissions. The amounts of these expenditures can vary significantly, depending on negotiations with tenants and the willingness of tenants to pay higher base rents over the lives of the leases. We expect to pay for these capital expenditures out of excess cash from operations or, to the extent necessary, through draws on the July 2007 Revolving Facility, or with funding from Centro. We believe that a significant portion of these expenditures is recouped in the form of continuing lease payments.

Long-Term Liquidity Needs

Prior to the Merger, the Predecessor's long-term liquidity requirements consisted primarily of funds necessary to pay for the principal amount of long-term debt as it matured, significant non-recurring capital expenditures that needed to be made periodically at its properties, redevelopment or development projects that it undertook at its properties and the costs associated with acquisitions of properties that it pursued. Historically, the Predecessor satisfied these requirements principally through the most advantageous source of capital at the time, which included the incurrence of new debt through borrowings (through public offerings of unsecured debt and private incurrence of secured and unsecured debt), sales of common and preferred stock, capital raised through the disposition of assets and joint venture capital transactions. We anticipate that our long-term liquidity requirements will be substantially similar to those of the Predecessor, and we believe that these same sources of capital, with the exception of sales of common and preferred stock and the issuance of unsecured debt through public offerings, will continue to be available in the future to fund our long-term capital needs; however, there are certain factors that may have a material adverse effect on our ability to access these capital sources.

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Our ability to incur additional debt is dependent upon a number of factors, including our degree of leverage, the value of our unencumbered assets, our credit rating and borrowing restrictions imposed by existing lenders. Currently, we have investment grade credit ratings for prospective unsecured debt offerings from three major rating agencies – Standard & Poor's (BBB), Moody's Investor Service (Baa3) and Fitch Ratings (BBB+). A downgrade in outlook or rating by a rating agency can occur at any time if the agency perceives an adverse change in our financial condition, results of operations or ability to service debt. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, on May 11, 2007, Moody's Investor Service downgraded our rating from Baa2 to our current rating of Baa3, and such current rating remains on review for further downgrade. In addition, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings have placed our current ratings on review for downgrade. If such a downgrade occurs, it would increase the interest rate currently payable under our existing credit facilities, it likely would increase the costs associated with obtaining future financing, and it potentially could adversely affect our ability to obtain future financing.

Based on an internal evaluation, the estimated value of our properties is above the outstanding amount of mortgage debt encumbering the properties. Therefore, at this time, we believe that additional financing could be obtained, either in the form of mortgage debt or additional unsecured borrowings, and without violating the financial covenants contained in our existing debt agreements.

We selectively effect asset sales to generate cash proceeds. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, we, and the Predecessor, as applicable, generated approximately \$6.2 million in gross proceeds through the culling of non-core and non-strategic properties and approximately \$1.6 million from the disposition of certain properties and land parcels held through joint ventures. During 2006, the Predecessor generated approximately \$124.0 million in gross proceeds through the culling of non-core and non-strategic properties and approximately \$1.4 million from the disposition of certain properties and land parcels held through joint ventures. Our ability to generate cash from asset sales is limited by market conditions. Our ability to sell properties in the future in order to raise cash will necessarily be limited if market conditions make such sales unattractive.

The following table summarizes all of our known contractual cash obligations, excluding interest, to pay third parties as of June 30, 2007 (based on a calendar year, dollars in thousands):

Contractual Cash Obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1- 3 years	3 - 5 years	More than 5 years
Long-Term Debt(1)	\$ 1,535,375	\$ 16,421	\$ 372,624	\$ 520,363	\$ 625,967
Capital Lease Obligations	31,229	1,023	1,369	1,544	27,293
Operating Leases(2)	56,785	1,890	6,851	6,341	41,703
Total	\$ 1,623,389	\$ 19,334	\$ 380,844	\$ 528,248	\$ 694,963

(1) Long-term debt includes scheduled amortization and scheduled maturities for mortgage loans, notes payable and credit facilities.

(2) Operating leases include ground leases for shopping centers that we operate and our administrative office space (Note 15 to our Consolidated Financial Statements).

We intend to repay our 2007 contractual cash obligations, the balance of which represents maturing mortgages and scheduled amortization, either through draws under the July 2007 Revolving Facility, with proceeds generated through the sale of assets, with funding from Centro, or a combination thereof.

The following table summarizes certain terms of our existing credit agreement as of June 30, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

Loan	Amount Available to be Drawn	Amount Drawn as of June 30, 2007	Current Interest Rate (1)	Maturity Date
April 2007 Revolving Facility(2)	\$ 350,000	\$ 275,509	LIBOR plus 55 bp(3)	August 2010

(1) We incur interest using a 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 5.32% at June 30, 2007.

(2) As more fully discussed in Note 17 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, on July 31, 2007, our April 2007 Revolving Facility was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, we entered into the July 2007 Revolving Facility with Bank of America, N.A. and other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the April 2007 Revolving Facility.

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(3) We also incur an annual facility fee of 15 basis points on this facility.

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Our ability to borrow under the July 2007 Revolving Facility is subject to our ongoing compliance with a number of covenants, including with respect to our ability to incur liens on our property, engage in major transactions such as mergers, make certain investments and engage in certain transactions with our affiliates. In addition, the July 2007 Revolving Facility required that we maintain certain financial coverage ratios and other debt covenants. These coverage ratios and debt covenants include:

- Total debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 65%
- Total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%
- Unencumbered total asset value not to be less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all of our outstanding unsecured debt
- Consolidated income available for debt service of at least 1.5 times the maximum annual service on total debt

As of June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$838.3 million of indebtedness outstanding, excluding the impact of unamortized premiums, under three indentures, having a weighted average interest rate of 5.8%. These indentures also contain covenants that require us to maintain certain financial coverage ratios.

As of June 30, 2007, we were in compliance with all of the financial covenants under our April 2007 Revolving Facility and indentures, and we believe that we will continue to remain in compliance with these covenants. However, if our properties do not perform as expected, or if unexpected events occur that require us to borrow additional funds, compliance with these covenants may become difficult and may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives. In addition, these financial covenants may restrict our ability to pursue particular acquisition transactions (for example, acquiring a portfolio of properties that is highly leveraged) and could significantly impact our ability to pursue growth initiatives.

In addition to our April 2007 Revolving Facility and indentures, as of June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$421.5 million of mortgage debt outstanding, excluding the impact of unamortized premiums, having a weighted average interest rate of 7.3% per annum.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not believe that we currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

However, in a few cases, we have made commitments to provide funds to unconsolidated joint ventures under certain circumstances. The liabilities associated with these joint ventures do not show up as liabilities on our consolidated financial statements.

The following is a brief summary of the unconsolidated joint venture obligations that we have as of June 30, 2007, and in which we expect to make additional capital contributions to the joint venture:

- *CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC*. We have a 10% interest in a joint venture that was created in conjunction with the restructuring of CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC (see below) for the acquisition, redevelopment and development of real estate assets. Under the terms of the joint venture, we have committed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture for asset acquisitions, up to a maximum of \$4.2 million, of which approximately \$2.4 million had been contributed by us as of June 30, 2007. We anticipate contributing the remaining approximate \$1.8 million by the end of 2007. Additionally, we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, we do not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned seven stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$67.9 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC was approximately \$4.5 million.

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- *Galileo America LLC*. We have a 5% interest in this joint venture, which interest was acquired on August 10, 2005 in conjunction with the Galileo Transactions. Under the terms of this joint venture, we are not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the venture; however, in the event that

additional capital is contributed by our joint venture partner, we have the option to contribute the amount necessary to maintain our 5% ownership interest. We anticipate making additional capital contributions from time to time to maintain our 5% ownership interest. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture was comprised of 133 stabilized retail properties, four properties under redevelopment and one new development property, and had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.3 billion. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in Galileo America LLC was approximately \$49.6 million.

- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC.* In February 2006, the Predecessor formed a second strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 20% interest in the venture and have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital required by the venture for asset acquisitions. As of June 30, 2007, we had contributed approximately \$8.3 million. Additionally, we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, we do not expect that any significant additional capital contributions with respect to existing properties will be required. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned two stabilized retail properties. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$36.9 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC was approximately \$8.2 million.
- *NPK Redevelopment I, LLC.* We have a joint venture with Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.) pursuant to which the joint venture will redevelop three Kmart Supercenter properties formerly owned by Kmart. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have agreed to contribute \$6.0 million, \$4.1 million of which we have contributed as of June 30, 2007. After our contribution of the total committed amount, we will have a 20% interest in the venture and will be responsible for contributing our pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, we do not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in NPK Redevelopment I, LLC was approximately \$4.1 million.

In addition, the following is a brief summary of the other unconsolidated joint venture obligations that we have as of June 30, 2007. Although we have agreed to contribute certain amounts of capital that may be required by these joint ventures, as more fully described below, we do not expect that any significant capital contributions to the following joint ventures will be required.

- *Arapahoe Crossings, L.P.* We, together with a U.S. partnership comprised substantially of foreign investors, have an interest in a joint venture which owns Arapahoe Crossings, a community shopping center located in Aurora, Colorado. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 30% interest and we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$47.5 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in Arapahoe Crossings, L.P. was approximately \$14.2 million.
- *BPR Land Partnership, L.P.* We have a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 24.3 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in BPR Land Partnership, L.P. was approximately \$8.7 million.
- *BPR Shopping Center, L.P.* We have a 25% interest in a joint venture that owns The Centre at Preston Ridge, a community shopping center located in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$67.4 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in BPR Shopping Center, L.P. was approximately \$28.2 million. As more fully discussed in Note 17 to

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our Consolidated Financial Statements, in August 2007 we acquired the 75% partnership interest in BPR Shopping Center, L.P. that we did not previously own. We now own 100% of the partnership interest in BPR Shopping Center, L.P.

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- *BPR South, L.P.* We have a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 8.4 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in BPR South, L.P. was approximately \$2.9 million.
- *CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC.* We have a 10% interest in a joint venture that was created in conjunction with the restructuring of CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC (see below). Under the terms of the joint venture, we committed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture for certain redevelopment activities, up to a maximum of \$0.4 million, and have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture. As of June 30, 2007, we had not made any such capital contributions. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned five stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment and had loans outstanding of approximately \$45.1 million. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC was approximately \$3.5 million.
- *CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC.* During 2005, this joint venture was restructured to create two additional joint ventures, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC, and CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC. As a result of the restructuring, six stabilized assets were transferred from CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC to CA New Plan Venture Direct Investment Fund, LLC, and two assets were sold. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture owned three stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment. Under the terms of the restructured joint venture, we continue to have a 10% interest in the venture, and committed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture for certain redevelopment activities, up to a maximum amount of \$0.9 million, and have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture. As of June 30, 2007, we had not made any such capital contributions. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$43.3 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in CA New Plan Venture Fund, LLC was approximately \$20.1 million.
- *NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC.* We have a strategic joint venture with JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. The joint venture owned 12 stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment as of June 30, 2007. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 20% interest in the venture and are responsible for contributing our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The Predecessor initially committed to contribute up to a maximum amount of \$30.0 million to the joint venture, however, in connection with the acquisition of certain assets during 2005, the Predecessor, together with the DownREIT Partnership, contributed a disproportionate share of capital to the venture, such that the Predecessor's total capital investment as of December 31, 2005 was \$41.4 million. The excess contribution was returned to the Predecessor in February 2006. During the year ended December 31, 2006, in connection with the acquisition of certain other assets, the Predecessor increased its committed capital to the venture to \$31.9 million of which approximately \$28.2 million had been contributed as of June 30, 2007. We do not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required, nor do we expect that any additional acquisitions of property will be made by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$281.6 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC was approximately \$38.1 million.
- *NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC.* We have a third strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management Inc., which venture was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring Baybrook Gateway, a shopping center located in Webster, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, we do not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of

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approximately \$41.0 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC was approximately \$2.8 million.

- *Westgate Mall, LLC.* We, together with Transwestern Investment Company and The Richard E. Jacobs Group, have an interest in a joint venture that was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring and redeveloping Westgate Mall, an enclosed mall located on 55 acres of land in Fairview Park, Ohio. The joint venture is currently redeveloping the mall into a large community shopping center. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 10% interest in the venture and have agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$39.0 million as of June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the book value of our investment in Westgate Mall, LLC was approximately \$1.3 million.

Other Funding Obligations

In addition to the joint venture obligations described above, we also had the following contingent contractual obligations as of March 31, 2007, none of which we believe will materially adversely affect us:

- *Letters of Credit.* We have arranged for the provision of nine separate letters of credit in connection with certain property or insurance related matters. If these letters of credit are drawn, we will be obligated to reimburse the providing bank for the amount of the draw. As of June 30, 2007, there was no balance outstanding under any of the letters of credit. If the letters of credit were fully drawn, the combined maximum amount of exposure would be approximately \$16.4 million.
- *Non-Recourse and Other Debt Guarantees.* Under certain of our non-recourse loans and those of our joint ventures, we could, under certain circumstances, be responsible for portions of the mortgage indebtedness in connection with certain customary non-recourse carve-out provisions such as environmental conditions, misuse of funds and material misrepresentations. As of June 30, 2007, we had mortgage loans outstanding of approximately \$421.5 million and our unconsolidated joint ventures had mortgage loans outstanding of approximately \$2.0 billion. In addition, we have guaranteed certain construction and other obligations relative to certain joint venture development projects; however, we do not expect that its obligations under such guarantees will be material if called upon.
- *Leasing Commitments.* We have entered into leases, as lessee, in connection with ground leases for shopping centers which we operate and our administrative office space. These leases are accounted for as operating leases. The minimum annual rental commitments for these leases during the next five fiscal years and thereafter are approximately as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2007 (remaining six months)	\$ 1,890
2008	3,466
2009	3,385
2010	3,221
2011	3,120
Thereafter	41,703

As discussed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements above, we also have a potential contingent obligation in connection with a specific tenant litigation for which we have reserved approximately \$4.8 million as of June 30, 2007. There can be no assurance as to the final outcome of this litigation and whether it will exceed or fall short of the amount reserved; however, we believe that the amount of the loss in excess of the reserve is adequate.

For a discussion of other factors which may adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources, please see the section titled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

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Inflation

The majority of our leases contain provisions designed to mitigate the adverse impact of inflation. Such provisions contain clauses enabling us to receive percentage rents, which generally increase as prices rise but may be adversely impacted by tenant sales decreases, and/or escalation clauses which are typically related to increases in the consumer price index or similar inflation indices. In addition, we believe that many of our existing lease rates are below current market levels for comparable space and that upon renewal or re-rental such rates may be increased to

be consistent with, or get closer to, current market rates. This belief is based upon an analysis of relevant market conditions, including a comparison of comparable market rental rates, and upon the fact that many of our leases have been in place for a number of years and may not contain escalation clauses sufficient to match the increase in market rental rates over such time. Most of our leases require the tenant to pay its share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. In addition, we periodically evaluate our exposure to interest rate fluctuations, and may enter into interest rate protection agreements which mitigate, but do not eliminate, the effect of changes in interest rates on our floating rate loans.

In the normal course of business, we also face risks that are either non-financial or non-qualitative. Such risks principally include credit risks and legal risks.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

As of June 30, 2007, we had approximately \$9.0 million of outstanding floating rate mortgages. We also had approximately \$275.5 million outstanding under our floating rate April 2007 Revolving Facility and \$303.4 million outstanding under a note payable to Centro Property Trust. We do not believe that the interest rate risk represented by our floating rate debt is material as of June 30, 2007, in relation to our approximately \$1.9 billion of outstanding total debt and our approximately \$6.5 billion of total assets as of that date. In addition, as discussed below, we have converted \$65.0 million of fixed rate borrowings to floating rate borrowings through the use of hedging agreements.

As of June 30, 2007, we had two forward starting swaps, each for \$75.0 million in notional amount. One of the swaps is expected to be used to hedge the risk of changes in interest cash outflows on fixed rate 10-year borrowings/financings that we anticipate issuing between February 1, 2007 and October 31, 2007 by effectively locking the three-month LIBOR swap rate. This swap terminates on June 15, 2017. The other swap is expected to be used to hedge the risk of changes in interest cash outflows on fixed rate 10-year borrowings/financings that we anticipate issuing between February 1, 2008 and October 31, 2008 by effectively locking the three-month LIBOR swap rate. This swap terminates on June 4, 2018.

As of June 30, 2007, we had two reverse arrears swap agreements. The two reverse arrears swap agreements effectively convert the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the debt from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate. These two swaps will terminate on February 1, 2011.

Hedging agreements may expose us to the risk that the counterparties to these agreements may not perform, which could increase our exposure to fluctuating interest rates. Generally, the counterparties to hedging agreements that we enter into are major financial institutions. We may borrow additional money with floating interest rates in the future. Increases in interest rates, or the loss of the benefit of existing or future hedging agreements, would increase our expense, which would adversely affect cash flow and our ability to service our debt. Future increases in interest rates will increase our interest expense as compared to the fixed rate debt underlying our hedging agreements and we could be required to make payments to unwind such agreements.

If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt increase by 1%, the increase in annual interest expense on our variable rate debt would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$6.5 million. If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt decrease by 1%, the decrease in interest expense on our variable rate debt would increase future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$6.5 million. This assumes that the amount outstanding under our variable rate debt remains at approximately \$652.9 million (including the impact of \$65.0 million in reverse arrears swap agreements and the \$303.4 million due to Centro), the balance as of June 30, 2007. If market rates of interest increase by 1%, the fair value of our total outstanding debt would decrease by approximately \$211.6 million. If market rates of interest decrease by 1%, the fair value of our total outstanding debt would increase by approximately \$88.9 million. This assumes that our total debt outstanding remains at approximately \$1.6 billion, the balance as of June 30, 2007.

As of June 30, 2007, we had no material exposure to market risk (including foreign currency exchange risk, commodity price risk or equity price risk).

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

As previously disclosed, on February 27, 2007, the Predecessor and the DownREIT Partnership entered into the Merger Agreement with the Buyer Parties, pursuant to which MergerSub commenced and completed a tender offer (the Offer) to purchase all outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Predecessor at a price of \$33.15 per share, net to the holders thereof, in cash (the Offer Price). In connection with the Offer, MergerSub acquired (i) 69,105,909 shares of Common Stock on April 5, 2007, representing shares tendered during the initial offering period of the Offer, which expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on April 4, 2007, and (ii) 22,096,621 shares of Common Stock during the period from April 9, 2007 through April 19, 2007, representing shares tendered during the subsequent offering period, which commenced at 12:01 a.m., New York City time, on April 5, 2007 and expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on April 18, 2007. On April 19, 2007, MergerSub exercised its top-up option pursuant to the Merger Agreement to acquire 59,929,108 additional shares of Common Stock from the Predecessor at a purchase price equal to the Offer Price, and, on April 20, 2007, MergerSub acquired such shares of Common Stock.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1-30, 2007	151,131,638	(1) \$ 33.15	151,131,638	(1)
May 1-31, 2007		\$		
June 1-30, 2007		\$		
Total	151,131,638	(1) \$ 33.15	151,131,638	(1)

(1) Represents (i) 69,105,909 shares of Common Stock tendered during the initial offering period and purchased on April 5, 2007, (ii) 22,096,621 shares of Common Stock tendered during the subsequent offering period and purchased during the period from April 9, 2007 through April 19, 2007, and (iii) 59,929,108 shares of Common Stock acquired by MergerSub on April 20, 2007 pursuant to the exercise of its top-up option.

Item 5. Other Information

On April 20, 2007, simultaneously with the completion of the Mergers, the Predecessor's Amended Revolving Facility was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the Amended Revolving Facility, the Company entered into the April 2007 Revolving Facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the Amended Revolving Facility. Concurrently with the establishment of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the New Revolving Facility to terminate and repay in full the Amended Secured Term Loan. On June 14, 2007, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the April 2007 Revolving Facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto to, among other things, (i) make conforming changes in connection with the Company's name change from Super IntermediateCo LLC to Centro NP LLC and (ii) change the ratio of unsecured debt to unencumbered assets to 60% (such ratio was previously 60% (or 65% in certain circumstances)).

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The April 2007 Revolving Facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Company's current credit ratings) and incurs an annual facility fee of 15 basis points. The April 2007 Revolving Facility is scheduled to mature on October 20, 2007.

The Company's ability to borrow under the April 2007 Revolving Facility is subject to its ongoing compliance with a number of covenants, including with respect to the Company's ability to incur liens on its property, engage in major transactions such as mergers, make certain investments and engage in certain transactions with its affiliates. In addition, the April 2007 Revolving Facility requires that the Company maintain certain financial coverage ratios and other debt covenants. As of June 30, 2007, these coverage ratios and debt covenants included:

- EBITDA (as defined in the April 2007 Revolving Facility) to fixed charges ratio of at least 1.60:1;
- minimum tangible net worth of approximately \$1.2 billion;
- total debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 60% (or 65% in certain circumstances);
- total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%;
- unsecured debt to unencumbered assets value of no more than 60%;
- book value of ancillary assets to total adjusted assets of no more than 25%;
- book value of new construction assets to total adjusted assets of no more than 15%; and
- Funds from Operations (as defined in the applicable debt agreement) payout ratio no greater than 95%.

The April 2007 Revolving Facility contains customary defaults, including, among others: the nonpayment of interest or principal of any loan; failure to comply with restrictions on use of proceeds; failure to observe or perform covenants under any loan document; bankruptcy or insolvency; certain judgments or decrees; and change of control.

Amounts outstanding under the April 2007 Revolving Facility are guaranteed pursuant to a Guaranty Agreement dated April 20, 2007, by and among certain subsidiaries of the Company, as guarantors, in favor of Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent for the lenders.

The descriptions of the April 2007 Revolving Facility and the Guaranty Agreement provided above are qualified in their entirety by reference to the full and complete terms contained in the April 2007 Revolving Facility (including the First Amendment thereto) and the Guaranty Agreement which are filed as Exhibits 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3, respectively to this report on Form 10-Q and are incorporated herein by reference.

On July 31, 2007, the Company prepaid and terminated the April 2007 Revolving Facility and entered into the July 2007 Revolving Facility.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 2.1* First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 19, 2007, by and among New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc., Excel Realty Partners, L.P., Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC), Super MergerSub Inc., and Super DownREIT MergerSub LLC, filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 20, 2007.
- 2.2 Assignment and Assumption Agreement, dated as of April 20, 2007, by and between New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC).
- 3.1 Articles of Organization of Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC), dated as of February 26, 2007.
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment of Articles of Organization of Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC), dated as of May 3, 2007.
- 3.3 Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Centro NP LLC, dated as of June 5, 2007.
- 4.1 Successor Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 20, 2007, by and among Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC) and U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
- 4.2 Successor Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 20, 2007, by and among Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC) and U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
- 4.3 Successor Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 20, 2007, by and among Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC), New Plan Realty Trust, LLC and U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
- 4.4 Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 4, 2007, by and among Centro NP LLC, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC and U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
- 4.5 Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 4, 2007, by and among Centro NP LLC and U.S. Bank Trust National Association.
- 10.1 Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of April 20, 2007, by and among Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC), Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, Banc of America Securities LLC, and the lenders party thereto.
- 10.2 Guaranty, dated as April 20, 2007, by and among each of the subsidiaries of Super IntermediateCo LLC (now known as Centro NP LLC) listed on Schedule I thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent.
- 10.3 First Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of June 14, 2007, by and among Centro NP LLC, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* Incorporated herein by reference as above indicated.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 9, 2007

CENTRO NP LLC

By: */s/ Glenn J. Rufrano*
Glenn J. Rufrano
Chief Executive Officer

By: */s/ John Braddon*
John Braddon
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)