DESTINY MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES INC Form 10-Q July 15, 2016

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR	15(D) OF THE	SECURITIES	EXCHANO	ЗE
	ACT OF 1	934				

For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2016

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____to ____

Commission File Number 0-28259

DESTINY MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

<u>84-1516745</u>

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1110 885 West Georgia Street,

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada

V6C 3E8

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

<u>604-609-7736</u>

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changes since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

[X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of

this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such spost such files) [X] Yes [] No	shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and
	ccelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting
Large accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

[] Yes [X] No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s class of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s common stock, par value \$0.001, as of July 15, 2016 was 55,013,874.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Destiny Media Technologies Inc.

(Unaudited) Nine months ended May 31, 2016 (Expressed in United States dollars)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

As	a	t

As at	May 31, 2016 \$	August 31, 2015 \$
ASSETS		
Current	756 400	207.216
Cash and cash equivalents	756,402	387,316
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for	420, 420	200 140
doubtful accounts of \$9,304 [Aug 31, 2015 \$6,129] [note 10]	438,430	399,148
Other receivables	7,734	15,471
Current portion of long term receivable [note 3]	106,899	98,180
Prepaid expenses Tatal expenses	32,395	36,042
Total current assets Deposits	1,341,860 23,055	936,157 32,222
Long term receivable [note 3]	87,597	167,350
Property and equipment, net	399,153	401,461
Total assets	1,851,665	1,537,190
Total assets	1,031,003	1,557,170
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable	87,876	139,879
Accrued liabilities	199,360	189,672
Deferred leasehold inducement	37,777	63,217
Deferred revenue	24,887	24,712
Obligation under capital lease current portion [note 5]	5,151	5,205
Total current liabilities	355,051	422,685
Obligation under capital lease long term portion [note 5]	7,967	12,071
Total liabilities	363,018	434,756
Commitments and contingencies [notes 5 and 8]		
Stockholders equity		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 [note 4]		
Authorized: 100,000,000 shares		
Issued and outstanding: 55,013,874 shares		
[Aug 31, 2015 issued and outstanding 52,993,874 shares]	55,014	52,994
Additional paid-in capital	9,653,678	9,122,132
Accumulated deficit	(7,887,264)	(7,708,061)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss)	(332,781)	(364,631)
Total stockholders equity	1,488,647	1,102,434
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	1,851,665	1,537,190
See accompanying notes		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

	Three Months Ended May 31, 2016 \$	Three Months Ended May 31, 2015 \$	Nine Months Ended May 31, 2016 \$	Nine months Ended May 31, 2015 \$
Revenue [note 10]	875,502	803,409	2,487,120	2,501,672
Operating expenses				
General and administrative [note 4]	202,016	267,967	595,605	808,547
Sales and marketing [note 4]	257,536	360,925	910,322	1,114,431
Research and development [note 4]	362,920	348,680	1,013,682	1,123,931
Amortization	60,746	53,595	163,771	128,378
	883,218	1,031,167	2,683,380	3,175,287
(Loss) from operations	(7,716)	(227,758)	(196,260)	(673,615)
Other income				
Other income	-	289	-	289
Interest income	4,903	9,040	17,057	34,131
Net (loss)	(2,813)	(218,429)	(179,203)	(639,195)
Oth				
Other comprehensive income (loss)	60 015	(1.924)	21 050	(267.611)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	68,915	(1,824)	31,850	(267,611)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	66,102	(220,253)	(147,353)	(906,806)
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Net (loss) per common share,				
basic and diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	55,013,874	52,993,874	54,645,261	52,993,874
Diluted	55,013,874	52,993,874	54,645,261	52,993,874
See accompanying notes	, - ,- -	, ,	, -, - -	, -,

Destiny Media Technologies Inc.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

	Common stock Shares #	Amount \$	Additional paid-in capital \$	Accumulated Deficit \$	Accumulated other comprehensive Income (loss)	Total stockholders equity
Balance, August 31,						
2015	52,993,874	52,994	9,122,132	(7,708,061)	(364,631)	1,102,434
Total comprehensive				(170,202)	21.050	(147.252)
(loss) Common stock				(179,203)	31,850	(147,353)
issued pursuant to private						
placement	2,020,000	2,020	502,980			505,000
Less: share						
issuance costs			(8,640)			(8,640)
Stock based compensation						
Note 4			37,206			37,206
Balance, May						
31, 2016	55,013,874	55,014	9,653,678	(7,887,264)	(332,781)	1,488,647
See accompanyi	ing notes					

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31,

Nine months ended May 31,	2016	2015
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	(179,203)	(639,195)
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization	163,771	128,378
Stock-based compensation	37,206	19,147
Deferred leasehold inducement	(25,557)	80,167
Unrealized foreign exchange	(3,590)	25,987
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(33,979)	(40,972)
Other receivables	7,733	60,989
Prepaid expenses and deposits	13,283	71,807
Accounts payable	(57,454)	49,160
Accrued liabilities	8,233	35,330
Deferred revenue	(101)	(16,128)
Long term receivable	75,932	74,753
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,274	(150,577)
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of property and equipment	(157,083)	(282,461)
Net cash used in investing activity	(157,083)	(282,461)
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FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Common stock issued in private placements, net	496,360	
Net cash provided by financing activity	496,360	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	23,535	(137,578)
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the period	369,086	(570,616)
Cash, beginning of the period	387,316	990,007
Cash, end of the period	756,402	419,391
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Supplementary disclosure		
Interest paid		442
Income taxes paid		
See accompanying notes		

Destiny Media Technologies Inc.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

1. ORGANIZATION

Destiny Media Technologies Inc. (the Company) was incorporated in August 1998 under the laws of the State of Colorado and the corporate jurisdiction was changed to Nevada effective October 8, 2014. The Company develops technologies that allow for the distribution over the Internet of digital media files in either a streaming or digital download format. The technologies are proprietary. The Company operates out of Vancouver, BC, Canada and serves customers predominantly located in the United States, Europe and Australia.

The Company s stock is listed for trading under the symbol DSNY on the OTCQX U.S. in the United States, under the symbol DSY on the TSX Venture Exchange and under the symbol DME on the Berlin, Frankfurt, Xetra and Stuttgart exchanges in Germany.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended August 31, 2016.

The consolidated balance sheet at August 31, 2015 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States for annual financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2015.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

3. LONG TERM RECEIVABLE

The Company agreed to settle litigation with an unrelated party. Pursuant to a Settlement Deed dated March 5, 2012, the Company became entitled to a settlement sum of \$825,000 Australian dollars (AUD) (US \$858,194), receivable in monthly installments over the course of 72 months, beginning on March 31, 2012 and ending on February 28, 2018. The balance is due to be paid in equal monthly installments of \$14,050AUD until the end of the obligation. The unpaid balance accrues interest of 10.25% per annum compounded monthly. The receivable is secured by a registered charge against real estate located in Australia. As of May 31, 2016, aggregate installments of \$788,450AUD including interest of \$232,445AUD have been received.

The following table summarizes the changes regarding the carrying value of the remaining receivable balance during the nine-month period ended May 31, 2016 and for the year ended August 31, 2015:

	May 31, 2016	August 31, 2015
	\$	\$
Beginning balance	265,530	461,294
Gross installments received	(91,718)	(135,403)
Interest included in above	18,176	36,089
Foreign exchange impact	2,508	(96,450)
Ending balance	194,496	265,530

The foreign exchange impact in above table is partially allocated into other comprehensive income (loss) and partially allocated into exchange gain (loss) on income statement.

Payments to be received over the next three fiscal years as follows:

	Principal \$	Interest \$	Total \$
2016	25,711	4,766	30,477
2017	109,662	12,244	121,906
2018	59,123	1,779	60,902
	194,496	18,789	213,285

Destiny Media Technologies Inc.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

4. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

[a] Common stock issued and authorized

The Company is authorized to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, the Company issued 2,020,000 Units at a price of \$0.25 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$505,000 pursuant to a private placement.

Each Unit was comprised of one common share of the Company and one-half of one common share purchase warrant ("Warrant"), with each whole Warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.30 per share for a period of two years from the date of the issuance. The Company will have the right to accelerate the expiry date of the Warrants if, at any time, the average closing price of the Company's common shares is equal to or greater than \$1.25 for 20 consecutive trading days. In the event of acceleration, the expiry date will be accelerated to a date that is 30 days after the Company issues a news release announcing that it has elected to exercise this acceleration right.

[b] Stock option plans

The Company has two existing stock option plan (the Plan), namely the 2006 Stock Option Plan and the 2015 Stock Option Plan, under which up to 7,750,000 shares of the common stock, has been reserved for issuance. A total of 2,053,181 common shares remain eligible for issuance under the Plan. The options generally vest over a range of periods from the date of grant, some are immediate, and others are 12 or 24 months. Any options that do not vest as the result of a grantee leaving the Company are forfeited and the common shares underlying them are returned to the reserve. The options generally have a contractual term of five years.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

4. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (cont d.)

Stock-Based Payment Award Activity

A summary of option activity under the Plans as of May 31, 2016, and changes during the period ended are presented below:

			Weighted	
			Average	Aggregate
		Weighted	Remaining	Intrinsic
		Average	Contractual	Value
Options	Shares	Exercise Price	Term	\$
Outstanding at September 1, 2015	1,220,000	0.53	2.38	
Granted				
Forfeited	(270,000)	0.98		
Exercised				
Outstanding at May 31, 2016	950,000	0.40	1.83	
Exercisable at May 31, 2016	575,000	0.40	1.37	

The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying awards and the quoted price of the Company s common stock for the options that were in-the-money at May 31, 2016.

The following table summarizes information regarding the non-vested stock purchase options outstanding as of May 31, 2016:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Non-vested options at September 1, 2015	736,250	0.90
Granted		
Forfeited	(80,000)	1.70
Vested	(281,250)	0.40
Non-vested options at May 31, 2016	375,000	0.40
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As of May 31, 2016, there was \$49,607 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation awards. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.98 years.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

4. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (cont d.)

During the three and nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, stock-based compensation expense has been reported in the condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine mont	hs Ended
	May 31,	Iay 31, May 31,		May 31,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stock-based compensation:				
General and administrative	7,152	5,249	21,455	13,171
Sales and marketing	3,266	587	9,798	5,389
Research and development	1,984	-	5,953	587
Total stock-based compensation	12,402	5,836	37,206	19,147
[c] Employee Stock Purchase Pla	ın			

The Company s 2011 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Plan) became effective on February 22, 2011. Under the Plan, employees of Destiny are able to contribute up to 5% of their annual salary into a pool which is matched equally by Destiny. Independent directors are able to contribute a maximum of \$12,500 each for a combined maximum annual purchase of \$25,000.

The maximum annual combined contributions will be \$400,000. All purchases are made through the Toronto Stock Exchange by a third party plan agent. The third party plan agent will also be responsible for the administration of the Plan on behalf of Destiny and the participants.

During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, the Company recognized compensation expense of \$25,896 (2015 -\$81,949) in salaries and wages on the condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income in respect of the Plan, representing the Company s employee matching of cash contributions to the plan. The shares were purchased on the open market at an average price of \$0.2237 (2015 - \$0.3937). The shares are held in trust by the Company for a period of one year from the date of purchase.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

\$

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

5. COMMITMENTS

In December 2014, the Company entered into a sublease agreement commencing May 1, 2015 and expiring June 29, 2017 for a new premise with free occupation from December 2014 to April 2015. In February 2015 the sublease agreement was amended to include one extra month free occupation for May 2015 with rent payment starting June 1, 2015. The Company has fiscal year payments committed as follows:

2016	67,463
2017	224,878

During the three and nine months ended May 31, 2016, the Company incurred rent expense of \$73,021 and \$193,908, respectively (2015 - \$63,989 and \$230,038, respectively) which has been allocated between general and administrative expenses, research and development and sales and marketing on the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The rent expense during the nine months ended May 31, 2016 has included the allocation of rental payments on a straight-line basis.

In February 2015, the Company entered into a capital lease. The Company is committed to make payments under its capital leases for the remaining terms of the leases as follows:

	\$
2016	1,086
2017	6,513
2018	6,730
Total lease payments	14,329
Less: Amounts representing interest	(1,211)
Balance of obligation	13,118
Less: Current Less: Current portion	(5,151)
Long term portion	7,967

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into a consulting agreement with a family member of a former Director to provide project management service effective March 1, 2014. During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, the Company paid consulting fees of \$Nil (2015 - \$69,290) under this agreement. The family member s service terminated at the end of May, 2015.

7. INCOME TAX

The Company has adopted the provisions of ASC 740, Income taxes. This standard clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The standard also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax, Canadian income tax, as well as income tax of multiple state and local jurisdictions. Based on the Company s evaluation, the Company has concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company s financial statements. The Company s evaluation was performed for the tax years ended August 31, 1999 through August 31, 2015, the tax years which remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions as of May 31, 2016. The Company may from time to time be assessed interest or penalties by major tax jurisdictions, although any such assessments historically have been minimal and immaterial to the Company s financial results. In the event the Company has received an assessment for interest and/or penalties, it has been classified in the financial statements as selling, general and administrative expense.

8. CONTINGENCIES

On November 8, 2011, the Company was served with a Notice of Civil Claim in the Supreme Court of British Columbia from Noramco Capital Corporation for \$100,000. The claim asserts that the Company has repudiated a subscription agreement entered into in August 2000. Management believes the claim is without merit and that the likelihood that the outcome of this matter will have a material adverse impact on its result of operations, cash flows and financial condition of the Company is remote. The Company has filed a counterclaim against Noramco and the alleged major beneficial shareholder of Noramco, R. A. Bruce McDonald, for damages arising from a proposed private placement in 2000 which did not close.

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Destiny Media Technologies Inc.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

9. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, (ASU 2014-09) which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize revenue depicting the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 will also result in enhanced revenue related disclosures. On August 12, 2015, ASU 2015-14 was released to defer the effective date of ASU 2014-09 to be effective for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new standard.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern* (ASU 2014-15). ASU 2014-15 will explicitly require management to assess an entity s ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosure in certain circumstances. The new standard will be effective for all entities in the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new standard.

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The guidance would require lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets as lease liabilities with corresponding right of-use assets. The guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of its pending adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States dollars) Unaudited

Nine months ended May 31, 2016 and 2015

10. CONCENTRATIONS AND ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Company operates solely in the digital media software segment and all revenue from its products and services are made in this segment.

Revenue from external customers, by product and location of customer, is as follows:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine months Ended			
	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,	May 31,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Play MPE®						
North America	368,449	319,130	1,020,476	967,447		
Europe	422,699	398,490	1,224,132	1,295,423		
Australasia	69,345	78,295	201,388	216,148		
Total Play MPE®	860,493	795,915	2,445,996	2,479,018		
Clipstream ®						
North America	15,009	7,494	41,124	22,654		
Outside of North America						
Total Clipstream ®	15,009	7,494	41,124	22,654		
-						
Total revenue	875,502	803,409	2,487,120	2,501,672		

Revenue in the above table is based on location of the customer. Some of these customers have distribution centers located around the globe and distribute around the world. During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, the Company generated 42% of total revenue from one customer [2015 45%].

It is in management s opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit risk.

As at May 31, 2016, one customer represented \$236,189 (50%) of the trade receivables balance [August 31, 2015 one customer represented 59%].

The Company has substantially all its assets in Canada and its current and planned future operations are, and will be, located in Canada.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes thereto included within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition to historical information, the information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding the Company s capital needs, business strategy and expectations. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expect, intend, anticipate, believe, estimate, predict, potential or continue, the negative of such terms or other of terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should consider various factors described in this Quarterly Report, including the risk factors under. Item 1A. Risk Factors. of part II, and, from time to time, in other reports the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These factors may cause the Company is actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. The Company disclaims any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between its actual results and those reflected in these statements. Such information constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

OVERVIEW AND CORPORATE BACKGROUND

Destiny Media Technologies, Inc. was incorporated in August 1998 under the laws of the State of Colorado and the corporate jurisdiction was changed to Nevada effective October 8, 2014. We carry out our business operations through our wholly owned subsidiary, Destiny Software Productions Inc., a British Columbia company that was incorporated in 1992, MPE Distribution, Inc. a Nevada company that was incorporated in 2007 and Sonox Digital Inc incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act in 2012. The Company, Destiny Media, Destiny or we refers to consolidated activities of all four companies.

Our principal executive office is located at Suite 1110, 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 3E8. Our telephone number is 604-609-7736 and our facsimile number is 604-609-0611.

Our common stock trades on TSX Venture Exchange in Canada under the symbol DSY, on the OTCQX U.S. (OTCQX) under the symbol DSNY, and on various German exchanges (Frankfurt, Berlin, Stuttgart and Xetra) under the symbol DME, WKN 935 410.

Our corporate website is located at http://www.dsnv.com.

OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Destiny develops and markets services that enable the secure distribution of digital media content over the Internet. Destiny services are based around proprietary security, watermarking and instant play streaming media technologies.

The Play MPE® digital distribution service is used commercially by the recording industry to distribute new pre-release music and music videos to trusted recipients such as radio and press before that content is generally available for sale to the public.

Clipstream® is a suite of products and services under development, which are based around the Company's new cross platform Javascript and HTML 5 canvas tag rendering engine. Video is encoded into a proprietary streaming media

technology which has been under development since 2010. Provisional patent priority is claimed to August 2011. The Company had another streaming media product with the same brand that launched in 2000 which is only loosely related to this new generation technology.

The unique patented approach in the rendering engine has a large number of advantages over the more typical reliance on video plug-ins, the HTML 5 video tag and dedicated playback applications for mobile.

Play MPE®

Play MPE® is a digital delivery service for securely moving broadcast quality audio, video, images, promotional information and other digital content securely through the internet. The system is currently used by the recording industry for transferring pre-release broadcast quality music, radio shows, and music videos to trusted recipients such as radio stations, media reviewers, VIP s, DJ s, film and TV personnel, sports stadiums and retailers. The system replaces the physical distribution (mail, courier or hand delivery) of CD s. The financial model is transaction based, where the price per delivery varies with the number of songs and videos delivered.

Record labels around the world, including all three major labels (Universal Music Group, Warner Music Group and Sony Music Entertainment), are regularly using Play MPE® to deliver their content to radio.

Clipstream®

Clipstream® products are based on a technology that provides streaming video through the Internet directly on to most computers, smart phones, tablets and other devices. Clipstream® s encode once, play anywhere vision addresses the breadth and complexity in today s multi-format video environment, reducing the cost and complexity of delivering streaming video. This single format solution can be sold into any industry vertical requiring streaming video.

We are developing several products under the Clipstream® brand, including the core engine technology, a cloud encoding and hosting service, an enhanced security plug-in and variants of these solutions for market research and advertising industry applications. We have realized some initial revenue from market research companies conducting video questionnaire services.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31, 2016 AND MAY 31, 2015

Revenue

Total revenue for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 was \$2,487,120, as compared to \$2,501,672 for the nine months ended May 31, 2015. Play MPE® revenue currently accounts for 98% of the Company s revenue. Adverse foreign exchange effects were offset by growth in Play MPE® revenue, resulting in a net 1.4% decline in Play MPE® revenue. Prior to negative impacts caused by the Australian Dollar and Euro falling relative to the US dollar, Play MPE revenue grew by approximately 5% in Australia, 1% in Europe and 5% in the United States. The growth in revenue in the United States is from the growth in Independent Label revenue, which grew by approximately 21%. During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, 50% of our Play MPE revenues were denominated in Euros and 8% were denominated in Australian Dollars (2015: 52% and 8%, respectively). Removing the effect of foreign exchange fluctuations, total Play MPE revenue during the nine months ended May 31, 2016 grew by 2.8%.

While Clipstream® revenue remains a small portion of the Company s overall revenue, this segment grew by approximately 85%.

Operating Expenses

Overview

As our technologies and products are developed and maintained in-house, the majority of our expenditures are on salaries and wages and associated expenses; office space, supplies and benefits. Our operations are primarily conducted in Canada.

Overall costs dropped by 15.5% to \$2,683,380 (2015 \$3,175,287) during the nine months ended May 31, 2016. The majority of this decline is result of favorable exchange rates, reduced staffing costs with a reduction in executive

salaries and wages, recruiting and retrenchment costs, and a reduction in spending on public company expenditures. These savings are partially offset by a 124% increase in marketing costs and 113% increase in technology operating costs associated with subcontracting our infrastructure.

The Company maintains most of its financial reserves in Canadian dollars to mitigate the downside risk of adverse exchange rates.

General and administrative	31-May 2016 (9 months) \$	31-May 2015 (9 months) \$	\$ Change	% Change
Wages and benefits	247,997	362,793	(114,796)	(31.6%)
Rent	22,892	38,151	(15,259)	(40.0%)
Telecommunications	30,008	17,539	12,469	71.1%
Bad debt	4,211	3,380	831	24.6%
Office and miscellaneous	191,777	282,340	(90,563)	(32.1%)
Professional fees	98,720	104,344	(5,624)	(5.4%)
	595,605	808,547	(212,942)	(26.3%)

Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related personnel costs including overhead, professional fees, and other general office expenditures.

The decrease in wages and benefits is attributable to a reduction in director and officer compensation and a reduction caused by the devaluation of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar. The decrease in office and miscellaneous expenses is due to the termination of shareholder relations consulting agreements and related expenditures. The decrease in rent is due a reduction of one-time costs associated with the change in office lease in the comparative period.

Sales and marketing	31-May	31-May	\$	%	
	2016	2015	Change	Change	
	(9 months)	(9 months)			
	\$	\$			
Wages and benefits	594,475	892,522	(298,047)	(33.4%)	
Rent	58,892	86,666	(27,774)	(32.0%)	
Telecommunications	77,199	39,842	37,357	93.8%	
Travel	25,471	38,377	(12,906)	(33.6%)	
Advertising and marketing	154,285	57,024	97,261	170.6%	
	910,322	1,114,431	(204,109)	(18.3%)	

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and related personnel costs including overhead, sales commissions, advertising and promotional fees, and travel costs. The decrease in wages and benefits is mostly attributable to exchange rate fluctuations, a reduction in termination costs, as well as a small decrease in personnel. The increase in telecommunications expense is attributable to increased costs related to Amazon Web Services incurred to build a strong IT infrastructure platform. The increase in advertising and marketing expenses is related to an increased focus on online advertising of Clipstream® and Play MPE® to gain increased online exposure internationally.

Research and development	31-May 2016 (9 months) \$	31-May 2015 (9 months)	\$ Change	% Change
Wages and benefits	810,464	965,431	(154,967)	(16.1%)
Rent	81,295	105,221	(23,926)	(22.7%)
Telecommunications	106,567	48,372	58,195	120.3%
Research and development	15,356	4,907	10,449	212.9%
	1,013,682	1,123,931	(110,249)	(9.8%)

Research and development costs consist primarily of salaries and related personnel costs including overhead and consulting fees with respect to product development and deployment. The decrease in wages and benefits is attributable to exchange rate fluctuations, a reduction in termination costs, as well as a small decrease in personnel.

The increase in telecommunications expense is attributable to increased costs related to Amazon Web Services incurred to build a stronger IT infrastructure platform. The decrease in rent is due to decrease rent expenses in the current period as a result of on time costs associated with the change in office lease in the comparative period.

Amortization

Amortization expense arises from property and equipment, and from patents and trademarks. Amortization increased to \$163,771 for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 from \$128,378 for the nine months ended May 31, 2015, an increase of \$35,393 or 28% as a result of capitalized leasehold improvements for our new office and software testing services purchased to improve product quality.

Other earnings and expenses

Interest income decreased to \$17,057 for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 from \$34,131 for the nine months ended May 31, 2015, a decrease of \$17,074. The interest income is derived from the amount receivable pursuant to our previous litigation settlement. The decrease in interest income is the result of a lower settlement receivable balance from the settlement receivable being paid down over its term.

Net income (loss)

During the nine months ended May 31, 2016 we have net loss of \$179,203 (2015 \$639,195) a reduction of approximately 72% compared to the prior year. The reduction in net loss is the result of a reduction in overall spending on rent, salaries and wages, and public company expenditures and favorable exchange rate fluctuations on expenses denominated in Canadian dollars, partially offset by increases in marketing and technology expenditures.

Adjusted EBITDA is not defined under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and it may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We used Adjusted EBITDA, along with other GAAP measures, as a measure of profitability because Adjusted EBITDA helps us to compare our performance on a consistent basis by removing from our operating results the impact of our capital structure, the effect of operating in different tax jurisdictions, the impact of our asset base, which can differ depending on the book value of assets, the accounting methods used to compute depreciation and amortization, the existence or timing of asset impairments and the effect of non-cash stock-based compensation expense. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors as it is a widely used measure of performance and the adjustments we make to Adjusted EBITDA provide further clarity on our profitability. We remove the effect of non-cash stock-based compensation from our earnings which can vary based on share price, share price volatility and expected life of the equity instruments we grant. In addition, this stock-based compensation expense does not result in cash payments by us. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as a profitability measure in that it does not include the interest expense on our debts, our provisions for income taxes, the effect of our expenditures for capital assets, the effect of non-cash stock-based compensation expense and the effect of asset impairments. The following is a reconciliation of net income from operations to Adjusted EBITDA over the eight most recently completed fiscal quarters:

	2014 Q4 \$	2015 Q1 \$	2015 Q2 \$	2015 Q3 \$	2015 Q4 \$	2016 Q1 \$	2016 Q2 \$	2016 Q3 \$
Net Income (Loss)	(74,059)	(56,309)	(364,457)	(218,429)	(957,451)	(101,007)	(75,383)	(2,813)
Amortization, stock based compensation and deferred leasehold								
inducement	44,102	42,982	60,799	123,911	85,222	53,608	57,404	64,630
Interest income	(13,961)	(13,046)	(12,045)	(9,482)	(8,214)	(6,122)	(6,033)	(4,902)
Income tax	17,000				842,000			
Adjusted EBITDA LIQUIDITY AND I	(26,918) FINANCI A	(26,373) L CONDI	(315,703) FION	(104,000)	(38,443)	(53,521)	(24,012)	56,915

We had cash of \$756,402 as at May 31, 2016 (August 31, 2015 \$387,316). We had working capital of \$986,809 as at May 31, 2016 compared to working capital of \$513,472 as at August 31, 2015. The increase in our working capital was mainly due to an increase in our cash balance as a result of a private placement during the first quarter, which generated gross cash proceeds of \$505,000.

CASHFLOWS

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$6,274 for the nine months ended May 31, 2016, compared to net cash used of \$150,577 for the nine months ended May 31, 2015. The main reason for the decrease in net cash flows used in the operating activities was primarily due to a decrease in the net loss reported for the period, as a result of reduced operating expenses, partially due to favorable exchange rate fluctuations between the Canadian and US dollar, as most of our operating expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars, as well as other factors described above.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$157,083 for the nine months ended May 31, 2016, compared to net cash used of \$282,461 for the nine months ended May 31, 2015. Investing activities in the current period are largely attributable to software testing services and other software purchases aimed at improving product quality, as well as ongoing expenditures for patent applications.

The cash provided by financing activities was \$496,360 for the nine months ended May 31, 2016, compared to \$Nil for the nine months ended May 31, 2015. The change was the result of a private placement in the current period.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASU 2014-09"), which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize revenue depicting the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 will also result in enhanced revenue related disclosures. ASU 2014-09 is effective for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new standard on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern* ("ASU 2014-15"). ASU 2014-15 will explicitly require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosure in certain circumstances. The new standard will be effective for all entities in the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new standard on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The guidance would require lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets as lease liabilities with corresponding right –of-use assets. The guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of its pending adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We prepare our interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and make estimates and assumptions that affect our reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and the related disclosures of contingent liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable in the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following critical accounting policies affect our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparing our consolidated financial statements.

We recognize revenue in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board s (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 985-605, Revenue Recognition. Accordingly, revenue is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery to the customer has occurred, the fee is fixed and determinable, and collectability is considered probable.

The majority of our revenue is generated from digital media distribution service. The service is billed on usage which is based on the volume and size of distributions provided on a monthly basis. All revenues are recognized on a monthly basis as the services are delivered to customers, except where extended payment terms exist. Such revenues are only recognized when the extended payment term expires.

At present, the Company does not have yet have a standard business practice for contracts that contain extended payment terms, and therefore recognizes revenue from such contracts when the payment terms lapse and all other revenue criteria have been met.

Significant management judgments and estimates must be made in connection with determination of the revenue to be recognized in any accounting period. If we made different judgments or utilized different estimates for any period material differences in the amount and timing of revenue recognized could result.

Stock-Based Compensation

We recognize the costs of employee services received in share-based payment transactions according to the fair value provisions of the current share-based payment guidance. The fair value of employee services received in stock-based payment transactions is estimated at the grant date and recognized over the requisite service period. Determining the appropriate fair value model and calculating the fair value of stock-based awards requires judgment, including estimating stock price volatility, forfeiture rates and expected life.

We selected the Black-Scholes option pricing model as the most appropriate method for determining the estimated fair value of our share-based awards. The Black-Scholes model requires the use of highly subjective and complex assumptions which determine the fair value of share-based awards, including the option s expected term and the price volatility of the underlying stock. Our current estimate of volatility is based on historical and market-based implied volatilities of our stock price. To the extent volatility of our stock price increases in the future, our estimates of the fair value of options granted in the future could increase, thereby increasing stock-based compensation cost recognized in future periods. We derive the expected term assumption primarily based on our historical settlement experience, while giving consideration to options that have not yet completed a full life cycle. Stock-based compensation cost is recognized only for awards ultimately expected to vest. Our estimate of the forfeiture rate is based primarily on our historical experience. To the extent we revise this estimate in the future, our share-based compensation cost could be materially impacted in the quarter of revision, as well as in the following quarters. In the future, as empirical evidence regarding these input estimates is available to provide more directionally predictive results, we may change or refine our approach of deriving these input estimates.

Research and Development Expense for Software Products

Research and development expense includes costs incurred to develop intellectual property. The costs for the development of new software and substantial enhancements to existing software are expensed as incurred until technological feasibility has been established, at which time any additional costs would be capitalized. We have determined that technological feasibility is established at the time a working model of software is completed. Because we believe our current process for developing software will be essentially completed concurrently with the establishment of technological feasibility, no costs have been capitalized to date.

Significant management judgments and estimates must be made in connection with determination of any amounts identified for capitalization as software development costs in any accounting period. If we made different judgments

or utilized different estimates for any period material differences in the amount and timing of capitalized development costs could occur.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We extend credit to our customers based on evaluation of an individual customer's financial condition and collateral is generally not required. Accounts outstanding beyond the contractual payment terms are considered past due. We determine our allowance for doubtful accounts by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are beyond the contractual payment terms, our previous loss history, and a customer's current ability to pay its obligation to us. We write-off accounts receivable when they are identified as uncollectible. All outstanding accounts receivable accounts are periodically reviewed for collectability on an individual basis.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed based on differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and their corresponding tax values using the enacted income tax rates by tax jurisdiction at each balance sheet date. Deferred income tax assets also result from unused loss carry-forwards and other deductions. The valuation of deferred income tax assets is reviewed annually and adjusted, if necessary, by use of a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated realizable amount. Significant management judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, our deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred tax assets. We evaluate all available evidence, such as recent and expected future operating results by tax jurisdiction, and current and enacted tax legislation and other temporary differences between book and tax accounting to determine whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. There is a risk that management estimates for operating results could vary significantly from actual results, which could materially affect the valuation of the future income tax asset. Although the Company has tax loss carry-forwards and other deferred income tax assets, management has determined certain of these deferred tax assets do not meet the more likely than not criteria, and accordingly, these deferred income tax asset amounts have been completely offset by a valuation allowance as disclosed in our annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2015.

Contingencies

As discussed under—Item 1. Legal Proceedings—in Part II and in Note 8—Contingencies—in Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company is subject from time to time to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with US GAAP, the Company records a liability when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount is reasonably estimable. There is significant judgment required in both the probability determination and as to whether an exposure can be reasonably estimated. In management—s opinion, the Company does not have a potential liability related to any current legal proceedings and claims that would individually or in the aggregate materially adversely affect its financial condition or operating results. However, the outcomes of legal proceedings and claims brought against the Company are subject to significant uncertainty. Should the Company fail to prevail in any of these legal matters or should several of these legal matters be resolved against the Company in the same reporting period, the operating results of a particular reporting period could be materially adversely affected.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets including tangible assets in accordance with authoritative guidance. When events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be recoverable, we recognize such impairment in the event the carrying amount of such assets exceeds the future undiscounted cash flows attributable to such assets. We have not recorded any impairment losses to date.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk. Foreign Exchange Risk

Our revenues are primarily in United States dollars and Euros while our operating expenses are primarily in Canadian dollars. Thus, operating expenses and the results of operations are impacted to the extent they are not hedged by the rise and fall of the relative values of Canadian dollar and the Euro to the United States dollar. During the nine months ended May 31, 2016, as a result of strength of the US dollars, the Company recognized negative impacts on revenue and positive impacts on operating expenses, for a net positive impact on reported net income as compared to the nine months ended May 31, 2015.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to management including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In connection with this quarterly report, as required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our company's disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our company's management, including our company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, our company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of May 31, 2016, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as at the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There are no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended May 31, 2016.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On November 8, 2011, the Company was served with a Notice of Civil Claim in the Supreme Court of British Columbia from Noramco Capital Corporation for \$100,000. The claim asserts that the Company has repudiated a subscription agreement entered into in August 2000. Management believes the claim is without merit and that the likelihood that the outcome of this matter will have a material adverse impact on its result of operations, cash flows and financial condition of the Company is remote. The Company has filed a counterclaim against Noramco and the alleged major beneficial shareholder of Noramco, R. A. Bruce McDonald, for damages arising from a proposed private placement in 2000 which did not close.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Item 1 Risk Factors in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on November 25, 2015. These risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The risks described in our Form 10-K have not changed materially, however, they are not the only risks we face. Our operations could also be affected by additional factors that are not presently known to us or by factors that we currently consider immaterial to our business.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 31.1* Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2* Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1* Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 32.2* Section 906 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- 101* Interactive Data File

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DESTINY MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By:/s/Steven Vestergaard

Steven Vestergaard, President

Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: July 15, 2016

/s/Frederick Vandenberg

Frederick Vandenberg, Chief Financial Officer

Date: July 15, 2016

^{*} Filed herewith