

URANERZ ENERGY CORP.  
Form 10QSB  
November 13, 2007

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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
**FORM 10-QSB**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2007**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: **001-32974**

**URANERZ ENERGY CORPORATION**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

**NEVADA**

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or  
organization)

**98-0365605**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**Suite 1410- 800 West Pender Street**  
**Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**V6C 2V6**  
(Zip Code)

**(604) 689-1659**

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

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(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)   
Yes  No

Number of shares of issuer's common stock outstanding at November 10, 2007: 39,224,087

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Transitional Small Business format (check one):  Yes  No

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**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

September 30, 2007

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Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(Expressed in US dollars)

	September 30, 2007 \$ (unaudited)	December 31, 2006 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets		
Cash	12,967,918	12,293,890
Amounts receivable	71,421	
Prepaid expenses and deposits	389,653	74,870
Total Current Assets	13,428,992	12,368,760
Mineral Property Reclamation Bonds (Note 4(i))	50,000	
Property and Equipment (Note 3)	310,400	123,236
Total Assets	13,789,392	12,491,996
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	297,695	169,688
Accrued liabilities	6,486	9,074
Current portion of loan payable (Note 5)	30,835	
Due to related parties (Note 6)	54,334	200,047
Total Current Liabilities	389,350	378,809
Loan Payable (Note 5)	60,247	
Total Liabilities	449,597	378,809
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 1, 4 and 10)		
Stockholders Equity		
Preferred Stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.001 par value; No shares issued and outstanding		
Common Stock, 100,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.001 par value; 39,204,087 and 34,560,338 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		
	39,204	34,560
Additional Paid-in Capital	37,233,543	23,777,517
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	363	542
Deficit Accumulated During the Exploration Stage	(23,933,315)	(11,699,432)
Total Stockholders Equity	13,339,795	12,113,187
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	13,789,392	12,491,996

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Consolidated Statements of Operations  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

	Accumulated From May 26, 1999 (Date of Inception) to September 30, 2007 \$	Three Months Ended September 30, 2007      2006 \$              \$		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007      2006 \$              \$	
Revenue					
Expenses					
Depreciation	50,621	16,861	4,283	35,016	7,828
Foreign exchange	15,035	4,657	52	9,874	4,911
General and administrative (Note 6)	17,524,594	1,256,928	507,424	7,054,923	4,954,425
Mineral property expenditures	7,372,499	1,062,833	533,971	5,696,246	1,065,885
Total Operating Expenses	24,962,749	2,341,279	1,045,730	12,796,059	6,033,049
Operating Loss	(24,962,749)	(2,341,279)	(1,045,730)	(12,796,059)	(6,033,049)
Other Income (Expense)					
Gain on sale of investment securities	79,129				
Interest income	973,638	187,922	146,136	562,176	267,460
Loss on settlement of debt	(132,000)				(108,906)
Mineral property option payments received	108,667				72,500
Total Other Income (Expense)	1,029,434	187,922	146,136	562,176	231,054
Net Loss	(23,933,315)	(2,153,357)	(899,594)	(12,233,883)	(5,801,995)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)					
Foreign currency translation adjustment	363	(177)	626	(179)	626
Unrealized gain on investment securities			10,000		29,500
Comprehensive Loss	(23,932,952)	(2,153,534)	(888,968)	(12,234,062)	(5,771,869)
Net Loss Per Share    Basic and Diluted		(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.32)	(0.20)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		39,160,000	31,787,000	38,180,000	28,789,000

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 \$
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
Net loss for the period	(12,233,883)	(5,801,995)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	35,016	7,828
Impairment loss on mineral property costs		439,827
Loss on settlement of debt		108,905
Mineral property option received in shares		(37,500)
Stock-based compensation	4,870,045	3,841,721
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(299,761)	(31,243)
Accounts receivable	(71,396)	(4,345)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	125,419	214,608
Due to related parties	(145,713)	23,121
<b>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</b>	<b>(7,720,273)</b>	<b>(1,239,073)</b>
<b>Investing Activities</b>		
Acquisition of mineral properties		(439,827)
Acquisition of subsidiary, net cash paid		(48)
Purchase of property and equipment	(123,766)	(106,044)
Reclamation bonds	(40,000)	
<b>Net Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities</b>	<b>(163,766)</b>	<b>(545,919)</b>
<b>Financing Activities</b>		
Repayment of loan payable	(7,332)	
Common stock subscribed		29,250
Proceeds from issuance of common shares pursuant to private placements		10,993,850
Share issuance costs		(239,265)

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Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	248,900	
Proceeds from the exercise of common share purchase warrants	8,316,678	42,000
Repayment of related party loans		(15,000)
Net Cash Flows Provided By Financing Activities	8,558,246	10,810,835
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(179)	626
Increase In Cash	674,028	9,026,469
Cash - Beginning of Period	12,293,890	1,925,021
Cash - End of Period	12,967,918	10,951,490
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Purchase of equipment with loan payable	98,414	
Supplemental Disclosures		
Interest paid		
Income taxes paid		

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

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Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2007  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

1. Nature of Operations

Uranerz Energy Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in the State of Nevada, U.S.A. on May 26, 1999. The Company has acquired mineral property interests in Canada, Mongolia and United States.

The Company is an Exploration Stage Company, as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No.7 *Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises*. The Company's principal business is the acquisition and exploration of uranium and mineral resources. The Company has not presently determined whether its properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

The Company has not generated any revenue since inception and has never paid any dividends and is unlikely to pay dividends or generate earnings in the immediate future. As at September 30, 2007, the Company has working capital of \$13,039,642. Although existing cash resources are currently expected to provide sufficient funds through the upcoming fiscal year, the capital expenditures required to achieve planned principal operations may be substantial. The continuation of the Company as a going concern for a period longer than the upcoming fiscal year is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to continue operations and to determine the existence, discovery and successful exploitation of economically recoverable reserves in its resource properties, and the attainment of profitable operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements and related notes are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and are expressed in US dollars. These financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Rolling Hills Resources LLC, a Mongolian company. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated. The Company's fiscal year-end is December 31.

b) Interim Financial Statements

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions for Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 10-QSB. They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2006, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on April 2, 2007 with the SEC.

The consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, they contain all normal recurring accruals and adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position at September 30, 2007, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for future quarters or the full year.

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to useful life and recoverability of long-lived assets, stock-based compensation and deferred income tax asset valuation allowances. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ materially and adversely from the Company's estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results, future results of operations will be affected.

d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance to be cash equivalents.

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2007  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of computer hardware, office equipment and field equipment, is recorded at cost and is depreciated on a straight line basis over five years.

f) Mineral Property Costs

The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized in accordance with EITF 04-2 *Whether Mineral Rights Are Tangible or Intangible Assets* when management has determined that probable future benefits consisting of a contribution to future cash inflows have been identified and adequate financial resources are available or are expected to be available as required to meet the terms of property acquisition and budgeted exploration and development expenditures. Mineral property acquisition costs are expensed as incurred if the criteria for capitalization are not met. In the event that a mineral property is acquired through the issuance of the Company's shares, the mineral property will be recorded at the fair value of the respective property or the fair value of common shares, whichever is more readily determinable.

When mineral properties are acquired under option agreements with future acquisition payments to be made at the sole discretion of the Company, those future payments, whether in cash or shares, are recorded only when the Company has made or is obliged to make the payment or issue the shares. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves and pre feasibility, the costs incurred to develop such property are capitalized.

Estimated future removal and site restoration costs, when determinable are provided over the life of proven reserves on a units-of-production basis. Costs, which include production equipment removal and environmental remediation, are estimated each period by management based on current regulations, actual expenses incurred, and technology and industry standards. Any charge is included in exploration expense or the provision for depletion and depreciation during the period and the actual restoration expenditures are charged to the accumulated provision amounts as incurred.

As of September 30, 2007, the Company has incurred only acquisition and exploration costs which have been expensed. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, mineral property acquisition costs totaling \$3,216,904 and exploration costs of \$2,479,342 were expensed. During the prior year, the Company initially capitalized mineral property acquisition costs and performed an impairment analysis at each fiscal quarter end.

g) Financial Instruments

The fair values of cash, amounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties and loan payable approximate their carrying values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations

of credit risk consist primarily of cash in excess of federally insured amounts. To date, the Company has not incurred a loss relating to this concentration of credit risk.

h) Long-lived Assets

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, the Company tests long-lived assets or asset groups for recoverability when events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Circumstances which could trigger a review include, but are not limited to: significant decreases in the market price of the asset; significant adverse changes in the business climate or legal factors; accumulation of costs significantly in excess of the amount originally expected for the acquisition or construction of the asset; current period cash flow or operating losses combined with a history of losses or a forecast of continuing losses associated with the use of the asset; and current expectation that the asset will more likely than not be sold or disposed significantly before the end of its estimated useful life.

Recoverability is assessed based on the carrying amount of the asset and its fair value which is generally determined based on the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and the eventual disposal of the asset, as well as specific appraisal in certain instances. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount is not recoverable and exceeds fair value.

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2007  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. The asset and liability method provides that deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the currently enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount that is believed more likely than not to be realized.

j) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional currency is the United States dollar and management has adopted SFAS No. 52, *Foreign Currency Translation*. The functional currency of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary is the Mongolian Togrog. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollars at rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets, liabilities and items recorded in income arising from transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency transactions are primarily undertaken in Canadian dollars and Mongolian Togrogs. The Company has not, to the date of these financial statements, entered into derivative instruments to offset the impact of foreign currency fluctuations.

k) Stock-based Compensation

The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payments*, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense, based on estimated fair values, for all share-based awards, made to employees and directors, including stock options.

SFAS 123(R) requires companies to estimate the fair value of share-based awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model as its method of determining fair value. This model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of subjective variables. These subjective variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, and actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations over the requisite service period.

No tax benefits were attributed to stock-based compensation expense because a full valuation allowance was maintained for all net deferred tax assets.

l) Comprehensive Loss

SFAS No. 130, *Reporting Comprehensive Income*, establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive loss and its components in the financial statements. For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's only components of comprehensive income consisted of foreign currency translation adjustments and an unrealized gain on investment securities.

m) Basic and Diluted Net Income (Loss) Per Share

The Company computes net income (loss) per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings per Share*. SFAS No. 128 requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and convertible preferred stock using the if-converted method. In computing diluted EPS, the average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options or warrants. Diluted EPS and the weighted average number of common shares exclude all dilutive potential shares since their effect is anti dilutive.

n) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period's financial statements to conform to the current period's presentation.

Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2007  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies  
(continued)

o) Recently Issued Accounting  
Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* . This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Most of the provisions of SFAS No. 159 apply only to entities that elect the fair value option. However, the amendment to SFAS No. 115 *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities* applies to all entities with available-for-sale and trading securities. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provision of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* . The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* . The objective of SFAS No. 157 is to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and to expand disclosures about fair value

measurements. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for fair value measurements made in fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's future reported financial position or results of operations.

p) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ( SAB ) No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*. SAB No. 108 addresses how the effects of prior year uncorrected misstatements should be considered when quantifying misstatements in current year financial statements. SAB No. 108 requires companies to quantify misstatements using a balance sheet and income statement approach and to evaluate whether either approach results in quantifying an error that is material in light of relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. The adoption of SAB No. 108 in fiscal 2006 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106,*



*and 132(R)* . This statement requires employers to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income of a business entity or changes in unrestricted net assets of a not-for-profit organization. This statement also requires an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions. The provisions of SFAS No. 158 are effective for employers with publicly traded equity securities as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statements No. 109* ( FIN 48 ). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing a two-step method of first evaluating whether a tax position has met a more likely than not recognition threshold and second, measuring that tax position to determine the amount of benefit to be recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 provides guidance on the presentation of such positions within a classified statement of financial position as well as on derecognition, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of this statement in fiscal 2007 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.



Uranerz Energy Corporation  
 (An Exploration Stage Company)  
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
 September 30, 2007  
 (Expressed in US dollars)  
 (Unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

p) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities". This statement requires all separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities be initially measured at fair value, if practicable, and permits for subsequent measurement using either fair value measurement with changes in fair value reflected in earnings or the amortization and impairment requirements of Statement No. 140. The subsequent measurement of separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities at fair value eliminates the necessity for entities that manage the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities with derivatives to qualify for hedge accounting treatment and eliminates the characterization of declines in fair value as impairments or direct write-downs. SFAS No. 156 is effective for an entity's first fiscal year beginning after September 15, 2006. The adoption of this statement in fiscal 2007 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140", to simplify and make more consistent the accounting for certain financial instruments. SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities"; to permit fair value re-measurement for any hybrid financial instrument with an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, provided that the whole instrument is accounted for on a fair value basis. SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", to allow a qualifying special-purpose entity to hold a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. SFAS No. 155 applies to all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006, with earlier application allowed. The adoption of this statement in fiscal 2007 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

			September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Carrying Value	Net Carrying Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Computers and office equipment	112,545	21,788	90,757	47,411
Field equipment	248,477	28,834	219,643	75,825
	361,022	50,622	310,400	123,236

4. Mineral Properties

- a) On October 30, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with an officer, who is also a director of the Company ( Related Party ), to use certain geological reports held by the Related Party for the purposes of staking and acquiring potential areas of interest. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company agreed to pay the Related Party the sum of \$0.40 for each measured and indicated pound of uranium staked by the Company or a fee of \$750 for each claim registered with the Bureau of Land Management, based on the use of the geological reports. This fee is payable to the Related Party in shares of common stock of the Company based on a share price of \$2.50 per share. In connection with the issuance of the shares, the Company agreed to grant the Related Party registration rights for the resale of such shares. If the shares are not registered and eligible for resale six months after issuance, the Company shall pay a penalty of an additional 10% of the number of shares issued. As at September 30, 2007 the physical staking task and the public recording of some 500 federal unpatented mineral claims had been completed. Geologic assessment of these properties is continuing and should be completed by the end of the year.

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Uranerz Energy Corporation  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2007  
(Expressed in US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

4. Mineral Properties (continued)

- b) On April 26, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in two mineral prospecting permits located in the Athabasca Basin area of Saskatchewan, Canada in consideration of Cdn\$40,757 and a 2% royalty. This agreement was with a company controlled by a director of the Company. On October 20, 2005, the agreement was amended so that the Company has a one time right exercisable for ninety days following the completion of a bankable feasibility study to buy one half of the vendor's royalty interest for Cdn\$1,000,000. On November 4, 2005, the Company entered into an option and joint venture agreement with a company (the Optionee) on the Company's two mineral prospecting permits. The Optionee can earn a 60% interest in the property by paying the Company Cdn\$75,000 in three annual installments of Cdn\$25,000 each (Cdn\$50,000 received) and incurring Cdn\$1,500,000 in exploration expenditures in various stages by May 1, 2008. The Optionee can elect to earn an additional 10% interest by incurring an additional Cdn\$1,500,000 by November 1, 2009.
- c) The Company entered into an agreement dated November 18, 2005 to acquire a 100% interest in 10 mining claims located in the Powder River Basin area, Wyoming, in consideration of \$250,000 payable in stages to January, 2007 (paid).
- d) The Company entered into an option agreement dated December 9, 2005 to acquire a 100% interest in 44 mining claims within six mineral properties located in the Powder River Basin area, Wyoming. The Company can earn a 100% interest in the properties by incurring \$750,000 in exploration costs within a three-year period and paying an advance royalty of \$250,000 (paid). The Company must pay a royalty fee of between 6% - 8%.
- e) On February 17, 2006, as amended on March 16, 2006 and September 8, 2006, the Company entered into a letter agreement to option and joint venture its eight Mongolian projects to another company (the Optionee). The Optionee has the right to acquire a 70% interest in the projects in consideration for the following payments:
- (i) \$5,000 upon execution of the letter agreement (received);
  - (ii) \$30,000 (received) and 150,000 common shares of the Optionee (received);
  - (iii) \$15,000 by October 18, 2006 (received);
  - (iv) \$20,000 by October 18, 2007 (received);

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4. Mineral Properties (continued)

On completion of the second phase of expenditures, should the Company or the Optionee elect not to contribute to all further expenditures on a pro-rata basis they would be awarded a 6% royalty for their contribution up to that point and the contributing party shall have the right to earn a further 1% interest in the joint venture for every \$25,000 spent on the projects to a maximum interest in the joint venture of 100% (by spending \$750,000).

- g) On January 23, 2007, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to acquire three mineral properties consisting of 138 unpatented lode mining claims located in Campbell County, Wyoming at a purchase price of \$3,120,000. On February 1, 2007, the Company paid \$3,120,000 to the vendor and acquired the mineral properties.
- h) In May, 2007, the Company acquired several mining leases in Texas for a total purchase price of \$46,904.
- i) Reclamation bonds totaling \$50,000 are pledged to the State of Wyoming, Department of Environmental Quality, for property reclamation.

5. Loan Payable

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Loan payable in 36 monthly installments of \$3,084, including interest, to June 2010. Secured by the Caterpillar Backhoe Loader purchased	\$ 91,082	\$ -
Less current portion:	(30,835)	-
	\$ 60,247	\$ -

Principal repayments for the next four fiscal years are as follows:

2007	\$ 7,480
2008	31,456
2009	34,067
2010	18,079
	\$ 91,082

6. Related Party Transactions

- a)

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During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company incurred \$232,977 (2006 \$181,327) for consulting services and office expenses (included in general and administrative expenses) to companies controlled by a director of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2007, \$21,000 (December 31, 2006 \$58,194) is owing to the director and these companies, which is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

- b) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company incurred \$150,000 (2006 - \$134,000) for consulting services (included in general and administrative expenses) to a director who is also an officer. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2007, \$18,000 (December 31, 2006 \$93,853) is owed to this director, which is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.
- c) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company incurred \$90,000 (2006 - \$78,000) for consulting services (included in general and administrative expenses) to a company controlled by the President of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed to the President in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2007, \$15,334 (December 31, 2006 \$48,000) is owed to the President, which is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.
- d) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$56,517 (2006 - \$4,536) to an entity controlled by an officer of the Company.
- e) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company paid fees of \$67,000 (2006 - \$28,934) to non executive directors of the Company.

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7. Common Stock

- a) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company issued 4,481,749 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise of common share purchase warrants for proceeds of \$8,316,678.
- b) During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company issued 162,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options for proceeds of \$248,900.

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2007	September 30, 2006
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	4.8%	4.4%
Expected volatility	176%	239%
Expected option life (in years)	3.1	2.5

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$549,730 and \$22,400 respectively.

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, December 31, 2006	2,545,000	\$ 1.01		
Granted	1,920,000	\$ 3.26		
Exercised	(162,000)	\$ 1.54		
Outstanding, September 30, 2007	4,303,000	\$ 1.99	3.84	\$ 8,664,650
Exercisable, September 30, 2007	3,965,500	\$ 1.87	3.75	\$ 8,457,025

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8. Stock-based Compensation (continued)

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested shares as of September 30, 2007, and changes during the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested shares		
Nonvested at January 1, 2007	-	-
Granted	1,920,000	\$ 3.02
Vested	(1,582,500)	\$ 2.98
Nonvested at September 30, 2007	337,500	\$ 3.19

As at September 30, 2007, there was \$975,048 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.33 years.

9. Share Purchase Warrants

On February 1, 2007, the Company issued 50,000 share purchase warrants to a consultant, exercisable at \$3.69 per share on or before February 1, 2008. The fair value of warrants issued was estimated at the date of grant to be \$75,140 using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model assuming an expected life of 1 year, a risk-free rate of 4.86%, an expected volatility of 103% and no expected dividends. The fair value of these share purchase warrants was approximately \$1.50 per share. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the Company recognized stock-based compensation of \$75,140, of which \$50,093 was charged to operations as general and administrative expense, and the balance of \$25,047 was recorded as prepaid expense, to be amortized over the remaining term of the agreement.

A summary of the changes in the Company's common share purchase warrants is presented below:

	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2006	4,697,849	\$ 1.86
Issued	50,000	\$ 3.69
Expired	(100,000)	\$ 2.25
Exercised	(4,481,749)	\$ 1.86

Balance September 30, 2007                      166,100    \$                      2.86

As at the September 30, 2007, the following common share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
50,000	\$ 3.69	February 1, 2008
116,100	\$ 2.50	March 3, 2008
166,100		

As at September 30, 2007, there was \$25,047 of prepaid consulting cost related to warrants. That cost is expected to be recognized over the four months ended January 31, 2008.

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## 10. Commitments

- a) Effective January 1, 2007 the Company amended its September 1, 2005 office and administration services agreement with a company controlled by a director, for a revised amount of \$15,345 (Cdn\$15,500) per month, for a three-year term expiring on August 31, 2008. Future payments for the next two fiscal years are as follows:

2007	\$	46,035
2008		122,760
	\$	168,795

- b) Effective January 1, 2007 the Company amended its July 1, 2005 agreement with a company controlled by a director of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised amount of \$12,375 (Cdn\$12,500) per month.
- c) Effective January 1, 2007 the Company amended its March 1, 2005 agreement with a company controlled by the President of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised amount of \$10,000 per month.
- d) On September 19, 2007, the Company signed a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Agreement) to acquire an undivided eighty-one percent (81%) interest in approximately 80,000 acres (32,375 hectares) of mineral properties located in the central Powder River Basin of Wyoming, USA and to enter into a joint venture agreement with the vendor pursuant to which the Company will operate the properties. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company is to pay \$5,000,000 cash and issue 5,750,000 shares of the Company's common stock to acquire the 81% interest. The Agreement is subject to a due diligence period in favor of the Company ending on December 31, 2007 and to the concurrent signing of a mining joint venture agreement between the parties. The transaction is expected to close in January 2008. As at September 30, 2007, the Company deposited \$100,000, held in escrow, pursuant to the terms of the Agreement.

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## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

### Forward-Looking Statements

The information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding our capital needs, business plans and expectations. Such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties regarding the market price of metals, commodities including uranium and precious metals, availability of funds,

government regulations, common share prices, operating costs, capital costs, outcomes of ore reserve exploration and other factors. Forward-looking statements are made, without

limitation, in relation to operating plans, property exploration, availability of funds, environmental reclamation, operating costs and permit acquisition. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may , will , should , expect , plan , intend , anticipate , believe , estimate , predict , the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should consider various factors, including the risks outlined below, and, from time to time, other reports we file with the SEC. These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between our actual results and those reflected in these statements. The information constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

## **Corporate Background**

Uranerz Energy Corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada On May 26, 1999. On July 5, 2005, we changed our name from Carleton Ventures Corp. to Uranerz Energy Corporation. Our executive offices are located at Suite 1410 - 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia Canada V6C 2V6. The telephone number for our executive offices is (604) 689-1659. Our operations office is located at 1701 East "E" Street, P.O. Box 50850, Casper, Wyoming 82605-0850. The telephone number for the operations office is (307) 265-8900.

Our common stock is traded on the American Stock Exchange and the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol URZ .

## **History**

Uranerz was relatively inactive from 1999 until 2005 when it acquired mineral prospecting permits in Saskatchewan, mineral licenses in Mongolia and mining claims and leases in Wyoming. Exploration commenced in 2005 and has continued through 2006 and 2007 while additional mineral properties were acquired and exploration drilling was initiated in Wyoming. We have increased our personnel and operational consultants to move some of our Wyoming properties into the mine planning and permitting stage; activities which continue.

## **Our Business and Plan of Operations**

We are an exploration stage company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, development of uranium properties. We own interests in properties in Wyoming and Texas, USA; Saskatchewan, Canada; and Mongolia. We are principally focused on the exploration of our projects in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming. We have entered into joint venture agreements for each of our Saskatchewan and Mongolia properties whereby the joint venture partner for each project can earn an ownership interest in the property in exchange for exploration and development expenditure commitments and/or cash and equity consideration. We have also joint ventured our uranium projects in the Great Divide Basin area of Wyoming. We anticipate that our joint venture partners will conduct exploration of our Wyoming Great Divide Basin, Saskatchewan and Mongolian mineral properties. We plan to maintain, explore and, if warranted, develop our projects in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming. We plan to commence exploration on our Texas project in 2008.

Because of the long lead times for environmental permitting of mining operations in North America, we have collected environmental baseline data on two of our properties in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming that we feel may have the potential, based on data in our possession, of being developed into commercial in-situ recovery uranium mines.



We hold interests in the following mineral properties:

<b>Property</b>	<b>Location</b>
State Mineral Leases, Federal Mining Claims and Private (Fee) Mineral	Powder River Basin, Wyoming, USA
State Mineral Leases, and Federal Mining Claims (option and joint venture agreement in place)	Great Divide Basin, Wyoming, USA
Mineral Prospecting Permits (option and joint venture agreement in place)	Saskatchewan, Canada
Eight Exploration Licenses (option and joint venture agreement in place)	Mongolia
Private (Fee) Mineral Leases	Texas

Our plan of operations is to explore for uranium on our Wyoming Powder River Basin and Texas properties while our joint venture partners are primarily responsible for carrying out exploration of our Wyoming Great Divide Basin, Saskatchewan, and Mongolia properties. The information regarding the location and access for our Saskatchewan, Mongolian and Wyoming properties, together with the history of operations, present condition and geology of each of our properties, is presented in Item 2 of our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006 under the heading “Description of Properties”, previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) April 2, 2007.

All of our projects are at the exploration stage and there can be no assurance that a commercially viable mineral deposit, or reserve, exists on any of our properties until appropriate exploratory work is done and a comprehensive evaluation based on such work concludes legal and economic feasibility. Further exploration will be required before a final evaluation as to the economic and legal feasibility of mining of any of our properties is determined. There is no assurance that further exploration will result in a final evaluation that a commercially viable mineral deposit exists on any of our mineral properties. We anticipate that we will require additional financing in order to pursue full exploration of these projects. We do not have sufficient financing to undertake full exploration and, if warranted, development of our mineral claims at present and there is no assurance that we will be able to obtain the necessary financing. Because of the long lead times for environmental permitting of mining operations in North America, we have started collecting environmental baseline data and commenced the environmental permitting process on two of our properties in Powder River Basin area of Wyoming that we feel may have the potential, based on data in our possession, of being developed into commercial in-situ recovery uranium mines. However, we have not at this stage completed any comprehensive feasibility studies on these properties demonstrating that development of any of the properties is commercially warranted. Proceeding with these advanced activities prior to completing detailed feasibility analysis adds risk to our plan of operations and we may incur costs which might not otherwise have been incurred.

### **Wyoming Properties**

We have several projects in the Great Divide and Powder River Basins of Wyoming. We plan to maintain, explore and, if warranted, develop our projects in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming. We have joint ventured our uranium projects in the Great Divide Basin area of Wyoming. Each of these projects comprises several federal mining claims, state mineral leases, or private fee mineral properties. In some cases the projects will comprise a combination of state leases and private or federal mining claims. Our projects located in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming include the Nichols Ranch, East Nichols, North Nichols, Hank, Doughstick, West North Butte, Collins Draw, Verna Ann, Niles Ranch, Willow Creek, C-Line, North Rolling Pin, Reno Creek North, and Reno Creek South. Within a seven mile radius of





the Nichols Ranch project we hold mineral rights which are planned for development as part of the Nichols Ranch ISR Project. This project area is referred to as the "Powder River ISR Complex", and includes the Nichols Ranch, East Nichols, North Nichols, Hank, Doughstick, West North Butte, Collins Draw, Willow Creek, C-Line, and North Rolling Pin. We have recently signed a purchase and sales agreement to acquire an undivided eighty-one percent interest in a Wyoming general partnership's interest in mineral properties located in the central Powder River Basin. This interest consists of approximately 80,000 acres and is located adjacent to the present Uranerz properties to the East, South and West. Due diligence is ongoing for this acquisition with closing planned for January 2008. Upon completion of this acquisition we will control approximately 114,000 acres currently in the Powder River Basin area.

Our Wyoming mineral properties are undeveloped and do not contain any open-pit or underground mines. There is no plant or mining equipment located on our Wyoming mineral properties.

#### *Exploration History - Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project*

The Nichols Ranch property was originally part of a large exploration area encompassing Townships 33 through 50 North of Ranges 69 through 79 West, on the 6<sup>th</sup> principle meridian. In 1966, Mountain West Mines Inc. (MWM - now Excalibur Industries) began a successful drilling exploration program in this area. In 1967, MWM entered into an agreement with Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company (CCI) for further exploration and option if the suitable resources were found. CCI exercised its option in 1976 with plans to begin underground mining operations in the vicinity of North Butte, approximately 6 and one-half miles northeast of Nichols Ranch. Changing economic conditions and the development of in-situ mining technology ended much of CCI's interest in the area. By the late 1980's they began selling select properties or allowing them to revert back to the federal government.

Between 1968 and 1980 CCI drilled 117 holes and installed 3 water wells on the Nichols Ranch property. Texas Eastern Nuclear Inc. in 1985 completed limited drilling and exploration on the property and in early 1990s Rio Algom Co. also completed limited drilling in the area. In December 2005, we purchased the Nichols Ranch claims group as part of a six-property agreement to option from Excalibur Industries. We then expanded the properties by staking additional claims in the immediate and surrounding areas. In 2007 we had a technical report prepared to independently address the geology and uranium mineralization within our mineral holdings known as the Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project. This technical report was prepared in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 requirements.

#### *Present Condition of Property - Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project*

There are no pre-existing mineral processing facilities or related wastes on the property. In order to conduct exploratory drilling of the property, we were required to obtain permits (License to Explore) from the State of Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Land Quality Division, (WDEQ/LQD) and mine development would require a number of permits depending on the type and extent of development, the major permit being the actual mining permit issued by the WDEQ/LQD. Mineral processing for uranium would require a source materials license from the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission (USNRC).

Infrastructure at the site is dominantly related to local oil, gas, and coal bed methane development. The site is located only 10 miles north of Wyoming Highway 387, and 12 miles west of the junction of Wyoming Highway 50. The proximity of the site to paved roads will be beneficial with respect to transportation of equipment, supplies, personnel and products to and from the site. Cleveland Cliffs Iron Company established 3 water supply/monitoring wells on site to support its exploration activities in the 1970s and 1980s. Electrical power and natural gas transmission lines are located within or immediately adjacent to the site. Thus, the basic infrastructure necessary to support an in situ recovery (ISR) mining operation, power, water and transportation, is located within reasonable proximity of the site. Typical ISR mining



operations also require a disposal well for limited quantities of fluids that cannot be returned to the production aquifers. Commonly oil and gas wells within aquifers that have been or can be condemned for public use are utilized for such purposes. Oil and gas wells, both abandoned and producing, are located in the immediate vicinity of the site and nearby ISL operations such as Areva's Christensen Ranch and Irigaray Mines have disposal wells.

#### *Adjacent Properties*

Within a 7 miles radius of Nichols Ranch we hold mineral rights to over 11,500 acres which are planned for development as part of the development for the Nichols Ranch ISR Project. These lands are within the historic Pumpkin Buttes Mining District and have the potential for mineralization in the Wasatch Formation. The following table summarizes our land holding in the vicinity of Nichols Ranch.

Property	Township	Range	No. Claims	~ Acreage
Doughstick	T43N	R76W	45	900
Collins Draw	T42/43N	R76W	58	1160
State Lease	T43N	R76W	NA	640
North Rolling Pin	T43N	R76W	40	800
Hank	T43N	R75W	38	760
C-Line	T43N	R75W	40	800
Willow Creek	T44N	R76W	11	220
West North Butte	T44N	R76/75W	131	2620
East Nichols	T43N	R76W	70	1400
North Nichols	T43/44N	R76W	113	2260
TOTAL			546	11,560

#### *Additional Properties (not included in above table)*

On May 18, 2007 we announced the staking of 222 additional federal mining claims, on June 12, 2007 we announced the acquisition of an additional 349 federal lode mining claims, and on July 19, 2007 we announced the staking of an additional 123 federal lode mining claims, all in the area of the Pumpkin Buttes mining district of Wyoming's Powder River basin. We selected prime areas we believe will contain oxidation-reduction geochemical (roll) fronts as well as uranium-mineralized areas not currently claimed by others. The staking is based on historic geological data, together with our exploration results from last year, as well as data obtained from recent drilling. It is expected that any new claim areas acquired within this project area will become part of the Powder River ISR Complex.

#### *Environmental Permitting*

Mine planning for both the Hank and Nichols Ranch properties continue with no anticipated problems.

Because of the long lead times for environmental permitting of mining operations in North America, we are preparing applications to the State of Wyoming and the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission for permits to conduct in situ recovery (ISR) of uranium for the Nichols Ranch ISR Project. This project is located in the Pumpkin Buttes Mining District of the Powder River Basin in Johnson and Campbell counties of Wyoming. Although



we are conducting pre-feasibility studies, we have not at this stage completed any comprehensive feasibility studies on these properties demonstrating that development of the properties is commercially warranted. Proceeding with these advanced activities prior to completing detailed feasibility analysis adds risk to our plan of operations and we may incur costs which might not otherwise have been incurred.

Approval of the environmental permit applications is expected to allow us to proceed with commercial development of the two properties leading to production of yellowcake using the in-situ recovery (ISR) method of uranium mining should it be determined that development is warranted. It is currently contemplated that the main production facility would be located at the Nichols Ranch property, and the Hank property would have a satellite facility providing uranium-loaded resin or enriched eluate to the main facility.

The primary regulatory approvals for an ISR uranium mine come from the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) at the state level, and from the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Agency (NRC) at the federal level. The DEQ issues a Permit to Mine, and the NRC issues a Source Material License. Both the state and federal agencies look at all environmental aspects of a proposed ISR mine including reclamation of the land surface following mining operations, and restoration of impacted ground water. Work place safety and the safety of the public are also closely monitored by regulatory agencies. Posting of a reclamation bond by the mine operator with the regulatory agencies in an amount to cover the total estimated cost of reclamation by a third party is also a requirement of the law. The reclamation bond must be a "hard" bond which means it must be either cash, certificate of deposit, letter of credit or some other similar type of financial instrument.

We have engaged TRC Mariah Associates based in Laramie, Wyoming as the prime contractor for performing the several environmental baseline studies. Hydro Engineering from Casper, Wyoming has been engaged to perform the necessary aquifer pump tests, and prepare the hydrology section of the environmental permit applications. Environmental surveys such as vegetation, soils, wildlife, cultural resources, radiation and water quality have been completed. Reports are being prepared and incorporated into our applications which are on schedule to be submitted to the DEQ and NRC in the last quarter of 2007.

#### *Planned Exploration*

The technical report that we obtained on the Nichols Ranch properties included recommendations for \$1,450,000 of exploration expenditures. We estimate that we will spend approximately \$3.0 million on exploration and permitting work related to all our Wyoming properties during 2007 of which \$2.5 has been spent through September 30, 2007, and plan to spend a similar amount in 2008. These estimates may increase in 2008 as additional properties are acquired.

#### **Pending acquisition of Powder River Basin properties**

On September 19, 2007 we signed a Purchase and Sale Agreement with NAMMCO, a Wyoming general partnership, and associated individuals (the "NAMMCO Group") to acquire an undivided eighty-one percent (81%) interest in the NAMMCO Group's mineral properties located in the central Powder River Basin of Wyoming, USA and to enter into a joint venture agreement with the NAMMCO Group pursuant to which Uranerz will operate the NAMMCO properties.

The NAMMCO properties, covering approximately 80,000 acres (32,375 hectares), consist of federal mining claims, state mineral leases and fee mineral leases in the Pumpkin Buttes Mining District. The NAMMCO properties will significantly expand our mineral property holdings in the Powder River Basin area, which currently consist of approximately 33,982 acres (13,752 hectares). Upon closing, Uranerz will control a total of approximately 113,982 acres (46,126 hectares, or approximately 178 square miles) of mineral properties in the Powder River Basin. This transaction will more than triple the area in the Powder River Basin under our control.

It is believed that the NAMMCO properties contain alteration-reduction trends hosted in Eocene age channel sands. Alteration-reduction trends in the Pumpkin Buttes Mining District are typically composed of multiple, stacked roll front deposits that often contain associated uranium mineralization.

Under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, we are to pay a total of \$5,000,000 in cash and issue to the NAMMCO Group a total of 5,750,000 shares of our common stock to acquire the 81% interest. The agreement is subject to a due diligence period in our favor, ending on December 31, 2007 and to the concurrent signing of a mining joint venture agreement between the parties. It is expected that the NAMMCO acquisition will close in mid-January 2008. As operator of the joint venture, our plan is to pursue an aggressive exploration program to determine the presence of uranium mineralization suitable for extraction by using the ISR mining method.

*Other Powder River Basin Projects*

Through a combination of claim staking, purchasing, and leasing we also have several projects within the Powder River Basin but outside of the Powder River ISR Complex. These include the Verna Ann, Niles Ranch, Reno Creek North, and Reno Creek South projects. In general, these projects are located in sandstone basins of Cretaceous or Tertiary age with known uranium mineralization. However, due to our focused approach to the Powder River ISR potential, we have not yet initiated exploration work on these projects.

*Great Divide/Red Desert Properties*

On June 7, 2006, we entered into an agreement with Black Range Minerals Limited ( Black Range ) on two of our exploration projects located within the Red Desert area of southwest Wyoming. This formal

agreement followed a strategic alliance agreement entered into between us and Black Range on May 18, 2006.

Under the terms of the agreement, we and Black Range agreed to form a joint venture to conduct further exploration and to develop the properties under the following conditions:

#### Stage 1

Under the terms of the joint venture Black Range shall have the right to earn a 50% equity interest in the joint venture by managing and meeting the first \$750,000 in exploration expenditures on the projects, at no cost to us, including land holding costs such as maintenance fees, lease costs etc.

Black Range is obliged to spend at least \$100,000 per year on exploration on the projects and to spend the first \$750,000 on exploration within three (3) years of inception of the joint venture agreement. Once Black Range has spent \$750,000 on the projects, our equity interest in the joint venture shall reduce to 50% and Black Range's equity interest shall increase to 50%.

#### Stage 2

On completion of the first phase of the exploration program, should we elect not to contribute to the costs of the second phase of expenditure on a pro-rata basis, then Black Range shall have the right to earn a further 1% interest in the joint venture for every \$25,000 spent on the projects to a maximum interest in the joint venture of 70% (by spending \$500,000). On completion of the first phase of the exploration program, should Black Range elect not to contribute to the cost of the second phase of expenditure on a pro-rata basis, then we shall have the right to earn a further 1% interest in the joint venture for every \$25,000 spent on the Projects, to a maximum interest in the joint venture of 70% (by spending \$500,000).

#### Stage 3

On completion of the second phase of expenditure, should we elect not to contribute to all further expenditure on a pro-rata basis, then Black Range shall have the right to earn a further 1% interest in the joint venture for every \$25,000 spent on the Projects to a maximum interest in the joint venture of 100% (by spending \$750,000). We would be awarded a 6% royalty for our contribution up to that point.

On completion of the second phase of expenditure, should Black Range elect not to contribute to all further expenditure on a pro-rata basis, then we shall have the right to earn a further 1% interest in the joint venture for every \$25,000 spent on the projects to a maximum interest in the joint venture of 100% (by spending \$750,000). Black Range would be awarded a 6% royalty for their contribution up to that point.

As at September 30, 2007 Black Range has completed drilling at both locations in the Great Divide Basin with 32 holes drilled on the Eagle property in 2006 and 42 holes drilled on the Cyclone Rim property during 2007. Geologic study is continuing on these drill results.

***Saskatchewan Cochrane River Property***

On November 4, 2005, we signed an agreement to joint venture our Cochrane River property located in northern Saskatchewan, Canada, with Triex Minerals Corporation ( Triex ). Triex can earn a 60% interest in the Cochrane River property by making payments to us of Cdn\$75,000 and spending Cdn\$1,500,000 on the property by May 1, 2008. After completing the 60% earn-in phase, Triex can elect to earn an additional 10% interest in the project by spending an additional Cdn\$1,500,000 by November 1, 2009.

Our Saskatchewan mineral properties are undeveloped and do not contain any open-pit or underground mines. There is no plant or equipment located on our Saskatchewan mineral properties.

Since we have signed an agreement to joint venture our Cochrane River property with Triex, Triex will be the operator of the exploration programs for this joint venture. Any exploration undertaken by Triex will be at its expense under the terms of the joint venture agreement. There is no assurance that Triex will make the cash payments or undertake the full amount of the exploration expenditures necessary for it to earn an interest in our Saskatchewan properties.

By January 2006 Triex had completed a detailed airborne geophysics survey on the Cochrane River properties. Fugro Airborne Surveys completed helicopter-borne geophysical surveys over four grids on the Cochrane River property for a total of 1,949 line kilometers. All the grids were flown at 100 meter line spacing to produce high resolution data. The grid areas covered major boundary zones on regional airborne magnetic maps, and on the location of known mineral occurrences, geochemical anomalies and previously defined conductors.

A follow-up ground exploration program commenced in August, 2006, to focus on grid-based and lakeshore prospecting and geological mapping, as well completing an extensive lake sediment survey facilitated by a Bell 206 helicopter equipped with floats. Recent advances in the understanding and modeling of the structural geometries of basement-hosted uranium deposits in the Athabasca Basin, such as Millennium, Sue C and Eagle Point, were applied to advance targets. Additional geophysical and remotely sensed data sets have been acquired from the public and private domain and integrated into the existing project GIS database in order to facilitate a detailed lineament analysis and integrated structural study which is focused on the potential for structurally controlled uranium deposits.

Ground-based resistivity surveys were completed which follows up on key targets identified from helicopter-borne DIGHEM V geophysical surveys (EM and magnetic) flown in January 2006.



During September, 2006, a program consisted of a lake sediment sample program covering both of our permits MPP 1237 and 1238 as well as some prospecting and mapping designed primarily as a ground truth of the 2006 DIGHEM V airborne magnetic/EM survey. A total of 390 lake sediment samples were taken. The approximate density of sampling was 1 per 1.5 sq. km.

From mid-November, 2006 until mid-February, 2007 a pole-dipole array D.C. resistivity survey was conducted on the Cochrane River project. Work on Cochrane River focused on MPP 1238, in an area that overlapped with a portion of the 2006 DIGHEM V survey. 14.8 line-km of grid was established but only 5.9 line-km of geophysics survey was covered on the grid on MPP 1238. The survey was cut short because the harsh winter conditions and extreme frozen ground affected the production rate of the survey.

The target on the Cochrane River property is structurally controlled, basement-hosted deposits at or near surface. It is planned that the structural models prepared for Eagle Point and other deposits in the eastern Athabasca Basin over the past 5 years will be incorporated into the program. Conductors were the focus of exploration in the 1970s. Triex plans to build on that work, not repeat it, by prioritizing targets related to conductors based on their structural setting.

A total of seven claims have now been staked within the boundaries of our mineral prospecting permits MPP 1237 and 1238, for a total of 27,884 hectares. These claims have been recorded with the Saskatchewan mine recorder office in la Ronge. . A claim holder may subsequently convert its claim into a mineral lease which allows for commercial extraction of minerals.

The focus of the 2007 summer program was to complete property-scale geological mapping of outcrops, and systematic geochemical sampling of boulders and glacial till. The objective was to refine targets for first-pass drill-testing in 2008. Because outcrop is sparse in the region (<10% over the property), analyses are mostly for boulders and till. A total of 270 man-days were spent collecting:

- 65 outcrop samples
- 28 boulder samples
- 513 soil samples from glacial till

All samples were sent to Geolanalytical Laboratories of the Saskatchewan Research Council in Saskatoon. Results are not expected until November 2007.

The total cost for the 2007 summer program was approximately \$580,000.

Total cumulative expenditures by Triex on the Cochrane River property to date (to October 4, 2007) are \$1.23 million. As per Section 3.2 of the Agreement, a cumulative \$1.5 million must be spent on the property by May 1, 2008, for Triex to earn its first option of 60% interest in the property (the "First Option"). Although work on this property has progressed well (more or less continuously since 2005), and although the May 2008 deadline is still a full seven months away, it is anticipated that it will be difficult to meet the deadline for several reasons. First, turnaround of geochemical data from SRC is expected to be slow and data from the summer program are not expected until early November, data that are required to properly evaluate, rate, and rank drill targets. Second, processing of permit applications by the Saskatchewan government is expected to be slow, with a two to four month time frame. As such, if targets at Cochrane River are not finalized until December, permit applications will not be in until January, and we believe that makes a winter program in 2008 untenable and the May 1st option deadline unrealistic.

Triex requested a five month extension to the May 1<sup>st</sup>, 2008 deadline for the First Option. That would allow Triex until October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2008, to properly compile and interpret data, formulate targets, and obtain the necessary permits in time to successfully complete a summer drill program next year. We agreed to this extension on October 10, 2007.

### ***Mongolia***

We signed a letter agreement to option and joint venture our eight Mongolian exploration licenses to Bluerock Resources Ltd. ( Bluerock ). Under the terms of the agreement, we have granted to Bluerock the option to acquire an undivided 70% interest in the properties for payments totaling 150,000 common shares of Bluerock, \$120,000 in cash and by incurring exploration expenditures in the amount of \$1,500,000 on the properties by October 18, 2009.

We have retained the right to acquire back a 21% interest in the joint venture, by paying to Bluerock an amount calculated in relation to the quantity of U3O8 within the Mongolian properties, as determined by a feasibility study. For measured mineral resources, we would pay a price of \$0.42 per pound of U3O8; for indicated mineral resources, we would pay a price of \$0.26 per pound of U3O8.

The defined terms, measured mineral resources, indicated mineral resources, and inferred mineral resources used in this quarterly report have the meanings set forth in National Instrument 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ( NI 43-101 ), which provides guidelines for use of the terms mineral resource and mineral reserve which are Canadian mining terms defined in accordance with the guidelines set out in the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the CIM ) Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves Definitions and guidelines adopted by the CIM. The definitions of proven and probable reserves used in NI 43-101 differ from the definitions in the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 7. In the United States, a mineral reserve is defined as a part of a mineral deposit, which could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time the reserve determination is made. Accordingly, descriptions of mineral deposits in accordance with NI 43-101 may not be comparable to similar information made public by other U.S. companies under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Similar terms allow for us to acquire back a 21% interest in the joint venture if a gold deposit is discovered, based on a back-in price of \$5.25 per ounce of measured gold resources and \$3.15 per ounce of indicated gold resources.

Our Mongolian mineral properties are undeveloped and do not contain any open-pit or underground mines. There is no plant or mining equipment located on our Mongolian mineral properties.

All of our license areas have prospective characteristics that indicate favorability for hosting sediment-hosted, near-surface uranium deposits including a proximity to known sandstone-hosted uranium occurrences as identified by Russian-Mongolian survey work, radiometric anomalies and/or favorable geology. The licenses fall within areas surface mapped as or inferred to contain Upper Jurassic to Lower Cretaceous sedimentary sequences, and generally occur within basins framed by uplands comprised of crystalline rocks likely to provide a source for secondary transport of uranium into the basin by groundwater flow. These geologic setting in Mongolia have demonstrated uranium deposit potential by comparison to known deposit occurrences. Similar geologic settings in China, the Commonwealth of Independent States including Russia, countries surrounding Mongolia, have demonstrated economic uranium production as well.

Since July 2006, Bluerock employees and contractors have prospected five of the eight license areas and conducted additional research relating to the Khavtsal permit 8560X (in Ulaanbaatar and Irkutsk). Bluerock has provided a brief description of exploration results for each license area.

Bluerock's staff in Mongolia reviewed the results of its 2006 exploration efforts and has developed a program for 2007 that includes some follow-up geophysical work, but is focused primarily on drill testing to expand the knowledge related to historical uranium information and to delineate uranium anomalies discovered last year. Additional information on the 2007 drilling program is discussed in the following sections.

In 2007 Bluerock started drilling on our Ulaan Nuur uranium projects in Mongolia. The drilling program is focused on three separate licenses located south of Ulaanbaatar in the Ulaan Nuur Depression. Based on Phase I geological data and discussions with on site geologists, Bluerock has increased the planned metres of drilling from 3,000 metres to 4,000 metres.

#### Khavtsal:

Drilling on the Khavtsal License is to focus on expanding the known uranium mineralization to the north and south of the historic Khavtsal mineralization. Geophysical surveys, completed in the first phase of the 2007 program, defined deeper basinal targets and interpreted fault structures that present newly defined targets for this expansion drilling.

#### Tolgod:

Drilling on the Tolgod License has focused on untested basinal targets associated with radiometric anomalies in both geophysical surveys and ground water studies.

#### Khudgiin Us:

Drilling on the Khudgiin Us License is designed to locate the northern extension of known uranium mineralization in the Ulaan Nuur historic uranium anomaly. Results of 2007 geophysical surveys completed by Bluerock have been incorporated into the drill planning for the project to ensure full coverage of the basinal targets.

Following the completion of the Khudgiin Us program the drill rigs and camp will be moved to our Central Gobi uranium projects and the continuation of Bluerock's 2007 Mongolian JV uranium exploration program.

Samples from the 2007 Mongolian drilling programs will be prepared and analyzed by Activation Laboratories, (Actlabs) of Ancaster Ontario, at their lab in Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Rock preparation will consist of crushing and pulverizing to 85% passing 75 micron mesh. Uranium results will be analyzed by XRF. All samples of interest, plus 10% of the remainder are planned to be shipped to Canada by Actlabs, for ICP-MS verification at their Ancaster facility.

On October 11, 2007 Bluerock announced drilling and trenching results from the 2007 exploration programs on our Ulaan Nuur Basin uranium projects in Mongolia, as follows. The drilling programs were focused on three separate licenses, the Khavtsal, Khudgiin Us and Tolgod, all of which are located south of Ulaanbaatar in the Ulaan Nuur Basin.

Assay results defined anomalous uranium mineralization in drill holes and trenches on the Khavtsal license.

Additionally, the 2007 Khavtsal drilling program identified substantial thicknesses of coal with 18 of the 30 drill holes returning intervals greater than 1 metre of coal. 10 of these drill holes intersected greater than 10 metres total thicknesses of coal. Drill hole KH07-19 returned a 26 metre thick coal horizon within a 46 metre inter-bedded section of coal, sand and clay. These newly discovered coal intervals have been identified over a one-by-three kilometre area and are open to extension to the north and south. As the drill program was designed to identify and measure uranium mineralization, the drill technique, sampling and logging was not optimized to define coal resources. Bluerock reports that it is planning a focused drill program to define the quality and continuity of these coal seams.

#### Uranium Exploration Results:

##### Khavtsal

Assay results from the drilling program on the Khavtsal property have demonstrated continuity between two known, near surface, uranium occurrences and more importantly, indicated that uranium mineralization does extend to depth within the basin. Bluerock's geologists interpret the defined uranium anomalies as related to reduction (redox) fronts in the hosting sandstone's lignite horizons. This may indicate the presence of a large tonnage roll-front type deposit in the area; a program is being designed to explore this potential. Bluerock crews drilled 30 Reverse Circulation holes (2,938 total metres) on the Khavtsal property in 2007, with an averaged depth of 100 metres. Khavtsal had received a limited amount of uranium exploration work during the 1980s by a Soviet/Mongolian JV. The Soviets outlined two zones of near surface, lignite hosted uranium and a preliminary (non N.I. 43-101 compliant) resource was calculated at that time.

Concurrent with the drilling program, Bluerock crews excavated 12 trenches on the Khavtsal license designed to confirm and test near surface uranium mineralization as defined from the 1980s vintage Soviet uranium exploration programs. Trenches averaged 2 metres in width and 3 metres in depth.

All trenches expanded upon and/or confirmed the reported uranium mineralization. Trench TR07-01 established an interpreted continuity between two historical uranium showings.

All drill and trench results from the 2007 Khavtsal exploration program are being integrated with historic Soviet data by Company staff.

##### Khudgiin Us

Nine widely spaced RC holes (904 total metres) were drilled on the Khudgiin Us license. The drill program was designed to locate the northern extension of known uranium mineralization in the Ulaan Nuur historic uranium anomaly and integrated both surface mapping and the spring 2006 Bluerock geophysical surveys. While favorable sedimentary horizons were encountered, they were generally thin and relatively un-mineralized with assay values

ranging from trace to 47 ppm U over 0.3 metres.

## Tolgod

Four RC drill holes (159 total metres) were completed on the Tolgod concession and designed to target sedimentary hosted uranium mineralization. The basin was found to be shallower than postulated, constraining its potential to host a significant deposit. No significant assay were returned from this program

## Central Gobi

Bluerock's 2007 Mongolia uranium exploration projects remain active with a planned 4,000 metre reverse circulation, 2,000 metre diamond drilling and combined trenching program currently underway on the Central Gobi Project. The first samples from this program have been sent to the lab and initial results are expected in approximately one month.

## Assaying and Analysis

Gamma log probing was carried out by G&DS Co. Ltd., (a third party contractor), who has a long record of third party geophysical surveying for TSX listed companies. The downhole logging system, manufactured by Mount Sopris Instrument Company, included a motorized winch based MXA-1000 unit, MGX II and Matrix data interface consoles and two downhole probes, a 2PGA-1000 (Natural Gamma, SP, Single Point Resistance) and 2PEA-1000 (Normal Resistivity). The 2PGA-1000 probe was calibrated at the company's Grand Junction, Colorado calibration facilities on February 2007. Drill cutting check samples were collected and assayed by XRF to verify results and disequilibrium issues.

Drill and trenching samples from the 2007 exploration programs were prepared and analyzed by Activation Laboratories, (Actlabs) of Ancaster Ontario, at their lab in Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Rock preparation consisted of crushing and pulverizing to 85% passing 75 micron mesh. Uranium results were analyzed by XRF. Drilling samples were collected as chips from each 1 meter run. Chips were gamma probed with a hand held scintillometer by Company staff and samples collected on all intervals with greater than 120 CPS. Trenching samples were collected from vertical channels through the stratigraphic (flat lying) target horizons. All samples of interest, plus 10% of the remainder are shipped to Canada by Actlabs, for ICP-MS verification at their Ancaster facility.

## *Texas*

On July 16, 2007 we announced the completion of an initial leasing program of approximately 8000 acres in the State of Texas. Based on geologic reports and more than 90 drill holes, these 8000 acres are believed to cover a northeast-southwest uranium mineralization trend.

We made the decision to widen our operations into the State of Texas given the possibility of in-situ recovery mining as evidenced by the existence of at least two successful uranium mines currently operating in that State.

Geologic study has been completed on the historic data we obtained from third parties. Initial drilling programs have been designed using this analysis to evaluate the presence of the uranium mineralization and to select targets within the area. Field work is planned to commence in early 2008. This will test the presence of the uranium indicated in historic data. The field work will also include coring and industry standard extraction testing procedures of the anomalous zones to characterize the host sand for suitability of in situ recovery.

The Texas project is presently not considered a material property and will not be considered a material property until more data and information on the project can be obtained.

### ***Summary of Cash Requirements***

We plan to carry out exploration, environmental and design expenditures described above, over the next twelve months. Equipment additions will cost approximately \$300,000. In addition, we anticipate spending approximately \$550,000 for ongoing exploration and general and administrative expenses per month for the next twelve months, excluding any additional expenses which may arise from acquisitions. The general and administrative expenses for the year will consist primarily of salaries for our senior officers, staff salaries, consulting fees, and professional fees for the audit and legal work relating to our regulatory filings throughout the year, as well as investor relations and general office expenses. We do not anticipate any significant changes in our number of employees.

Mineral property acquisitions, if any, will be additional expenditures and dependent upon opportunities that may arise. Mineral property acquisition costs totaled \$3,216,504 in the nine months ended September 30, 2007. We are completing due diligence on the NAMMCO acquisition which will require a \$5 million cash payment at closing in January 2008.

We had cash in the amount of \$12,967,918 and working capital of \$13,039,642 as of September 30, 2007. Accordingly, we believe we have sufficient funds with which to pursue our plan of operations over the next twelve months. We intend to focus most of our exploration efforts in Wyoming, as discussed above, and plan to complete additional equity financings to fund expanded exploration and development of properties as warranted.

During the twelve month period following the date of this quarterly report, we anticipate that we will not generate any revenue. We anticipate that any additional funding will be in the form of equity financing from the sale of our common stock, share purchase warrants and stock options. Our exploration plans will be continually evaluated and modified as exploration and environmental results become available. Modifications to our plans will be based on many factors including results of exploration, assessment of data, weather conditions, exploration costs, the price of uranium and available capital. Further, the extent of exploration programs that we undertake will be dependent upon the amount of financing available to us.

### **Results of Operations**

#### **Three-month period ended September 30, 2007 compared to three-month period ended September 30, 2006**

##### Revenue and Operating Expenses

We have not earned any revenues to date and we anticipate that we will not generate any revenues during the twelve month period following the date of this quarterly report.

We incurred total operating expenses of \$2,341,279 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$1,045,730 for the corresponding period in 2006. The increase of operating expenses in the amount of \$1,295,549 was primarily attributable to:

- stock based compensation of \$295,092,
- Toronto Stock Exchange related expenses of \$264,379 included in general and administrative and
- a \$528,862 increase in mineral property expenditures.

We had no financing expense for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007. We earned \$187,922 of interest income for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007 as compared to \$146,136 for the corresponding period in 2006. This income resulted from short term investments.

Net loss for the three-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$2,153,357 (\$0.05 per share), as compared to \$899,594 (\$.03 per share) for the corresponding period in 2006.



**Nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 compared to nine-month period ended September 30, 2006**

Revenue and Operating Expenses

We have not earned any revenues to date and we anticipate that we will not generate any revenues during the twelve month period following the date of this quarterly report.

We incurred total operating expenses of \$12,796,059 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$6,033,049 for the corresponding period in 2006. The increase of operating expenses reflects our growth in general and administrative expenses and mineral property expenditures during our organizational development and expansion of operations. The \$6,763,010 increase in operating expenses includes a \$1,028,324 increase in stock-based compensation and a \$4,630,361 increase in mineral property expenditures which includes property acquisition costs of \$3,216,904 in 2007.

We had no financing expense for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007. We earned \$562,176 of interest income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 as compared to \$267,460 for the corresponding period in 2006. This income resulted from short term investments.

Net loss for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007 was \$12,233,883 (\$0.32 per share), as compared to \$5,801,995 (\$0.20 per share) for the corresponding period in 2006. This increase of \$6,431,888 mainly resulted from the \$1,028,324 increase of stock based compensation included in general and administrative expenses and \$4,630,361 increase in mineral property expenditures during the reporting period.

Liquidity and Capital Reserves

At September 30, 2007, we had cash of \$12,967,918, as compared to the ending cash balance of \$12,293,890 as at December 31, 2006. Prepaid expenses and deposits totaled \$389,653 at September 30, 2007 and \$74,870 at September 30, 2006.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$7,720,273 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared to \$1,239,073 for the corresponding period in 2006. The increase in net cash used in operations reflects the overall growth of company operations and a \$4,630,361 increase in mineral property expenditures which includes property acquisition costs of \$3,216,904.

Net cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$8,558,246 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2007, primarily from the exercise of common share purchase warrants, compared to \$10,810,835 for the corresponding period in 2006 when we completed two significant private placements of units comprised of shares of our common stock and share purchase warrants.

We believe that we have sufficient cash to continue our exploration and planning and to meet on-going operating expenses for the next twelve months. To date, our primary source of funds has been equity investments, and this trend is expected to continue over the next year.

We may also raise additional funds in a public or private offering or from the exercise of currently outstanding options and warrants. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or equity-related securities or the exercise of currently outstanding options and warrants, the issuance of such securities could result in dilution of our stockholders. The Company's common shares trade on the American Stock Exchange and the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol URZ.



### ***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to stockholders.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The Company is an Exploration Stage Company, as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ( SFAS ) No.7 *Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises* . The Company s principal business is the acquisition and exploration of uranium and mineral resources. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net revenue and expenses in the reporting period. We regularly evaluate our estimates and assumptions related to the useful life and recoverability of long-lived assets, stock-based compensation and deferred income tax asset valuation allowances. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by us may differ materially and adversely from our estimates. To the extent there are material differences between our estimates and the actual results, our future results of operations will be affected.

We believe the following critical accounting policies require us to make significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

#### *Mineral Property Costs*

The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized in accordance with EITF 04-2 *Whether Mineral Rights Are Tangible or Intangible Assets* when management has determined that probable future benefits consisting of a contribution to future cash inflows have been identified and adequate financial resources are available or are expected to be available as required to meet the terms of property acquisition and budgeted exploration and development expenditures. Mineral property acquisition costs are expensed as incurred if the criteria for capitalization are not met. In the event that a mineral property is acquired through the issuance of the Company s shares, the mineral property will be recorded at the fair value of the respective property or the fair value of common shares, whichever is more readily determinable.

When mineral properties are acquired under option agreements with future acquisition payments to be made at the sole discretion of the Company, those future payments, whether in cash or shares, are recorded only when the Company has made or is obliged to make the payment or issue the shares. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves and pre feasibility, the costs incurred to develop such property are capitalized.

Estimated future removal and site restoration costs, when determinable are provided over the life of proven reserves on a units-of-production basis. Costs, which include production equipment removal and environmental remediation, are estimated each period by management based on current regulations, actual expenses incurred, and technology and industry standards. Any charge is included in exploration expense or the provision for depletion and depreciation during the period and the actual restoration expenditures are charged to the accumulated provision amounts as incurred. At September 30, 2007, the Company has incurred only acquisition and exploration costs which have been expensed. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, mineral property acquisition costs totaling \$3,216,904 and exploration costs of \$2,479,342 were expensed. During the prior year, the Company initially capitalized mineral property acquisition costs and performed an impairment analysis at each fiscal quarter end.



### *Stock-based Compensation*

The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payments*, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense, based on estimated fair values, for all share-based awards, made to employees and directors, including stock options.

SFAS 123(R) requires companies to estimate the fair value of share-based awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model as its method of determining fair value. This model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of subjective variables. These subjective variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, and actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations over the requisite service period.

No tax benefits were attributed to stock-based compensation expense because a full valuation allowance was maintained for all net deferred tax assets.

### **Contractual Obligations**

The Company has had no material changes to its contractual obligations as disclosed in the Company's 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB and the Financial Statements at September 30, 2007 provided herein.

### **Item 3. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Disclosure Control and Procedures**

At the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision of and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer ( CEO ), Glenn Catchpole, and Chief Financial Officer ( CFO ), Benjamin Leboe, of the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation the CEO and the CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequately designed and effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits to the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### **Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting**

During our most recently completed fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2007, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The term "internal control over financial reporting" is defined as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the registrant's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (a) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the registrant;
- (b) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the registrant are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the registrant; and
- (c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the registrant's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **PART II- OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

We currently are not a party to any material legal proceedings and, to our knowledge, no such proceedings are threatened or contemplated.

#### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

We did not issue any unregistered securities during the three months ended September 30, 2007.

**Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

No matters were submitted to our security holders for a vote during the three months ended September 30, 2007.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None

**Item 6. Exhibits**

The following exhibits are attached to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB:

**Exhibit****Number Description**

3.1	Articles of Incorporation <sup>(1)</sup>
3.2	Bylaws, as amended <sup>(1)</sup>
3.3	Articles of Amendment <sup>(3)</sup>
4.1	Share Certificate <sup>(1)</sup>
10.1	Office and Administration Services Agreement between the Company and Senate Capital Group Inc. dated September 1, 2005 <sup>(2)</sup>
10.2	Agreement for Services between the Company and Highlands Capital, Inc. dated November 1, 2005 <sup>(2)</sup>
10.3	Financial Public Relations Agreement between the Company and Accent Marketing Ltd. dated November 1, 2005 <sup>(2)</sup>
10.4	Mineral Property Purchase Agreement between the Company and Ubex Capital Inc. dated April 26, 2005 <sup>(2)</sup>
10.5	Joint Venture Agreement between the Company and Triex Minerals Corporation dated November 4, 2005 <sup>(2)</sup>
10.6	Consulting Agreement between the Company and Ubex Capital Inc. for management and consulting services <sup>(2)</sup>
10.7	Consulting Agreement between Catchpole Enterprises and the Company <sup>(3)</sup>
10.8	Joint Venture Agreement between the Company and Bluerock Resources Ltd. <sup>(3)</sup>
10.9	Option and Purchase Agreement for federal mining claims in Wyoming <sup>(3)</sup>
10.10	Agreement to Purchase ten mining claims in Wyoming <sup>(3)</sup>
10.11	2005 Stock Option Plan <sup>(4)</sup>
10.12	Mr. George Hartman letter agreement. <sup>(3)</sup>
10.13	Black Range Minerals Agreement dated June 7, 2006 <sup>(5)</sup>
10.14	Amendment to Joint Venture Agreement dated September 12, 2006 between the Company and Bluerock Resources Ltd. <sup>(6)</sup>
10.15	Agreement dated February 1, 2007 between the Company and Robert C. Shook to acquire three projects separate uranium projects located in northeast Wyoming, in central Power River Basin <sup>(7)</sup> <sup>(8)</sup>
10.17	Christensen Ranch Agreement dated October 30, 2006 between the Company and George Hartman <sup>(9)</sup> <sup>(10)</sup>
10.18	Amendment Agreement dated January 1, 2007 between the Company and Ubex Capital Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>



**Exhibit**

**Number Description**

10.19	Amendment Agreement dated January 1, 2007 between the Company and Catchpole Enterprises Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>
10.20	Amendment Agreement dated January 1, 2007 between the Company and Senate Capital Group Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>
10.21	Purchase and Sale Agreement with NAMMCO dated September 19, 2007 <sup>(11)</sup>
<u>31.1</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act <sup>(12)</sup></u>
<u>31.2</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act <sup>(12)</sup></u>
<u>32.1</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 <sup>(12)</sup></u>
<u>32.2</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 <sup>(12)</sup></u>

- (1) Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Registrant's Form SB-2 filed March 15, 2002
- (2) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed November 21, 2005
- (3) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed April 14, 2006
- (4) Filed as an exhibit to our Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on November 21, 2005.
- (5) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed August 15, 2006
- (6) Filed as an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed November 13, 2006.
- (7) As reported in two separate Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on February 8, 2007.
- (8) Filed as an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on April 2, 2007
- (9) As reported in Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 2, 2006.
- (10) Filed as an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB filed August 14, 2007.
- (11) As reported and filed in Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 24, 2007.
- (12) Filed as an exhibit to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB.

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

**URANERZ ENERGY CORPORATION**

By: /s/ Benjamin Leboe  
 Benjamin Leboe, Chief Financial Officer and  
 Corporate Secretary  
 Date: November 13, 2007

By: /s/ Glenn Catchpole  
 Glenn Catchpole, President and Principal Executive  
 Officer, Director  
 Date: November 13, 2007