

THUNDER MOUNTAIN GOLD INC
Form 10-K
April 16, 2012

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-08429

Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Nevada
(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)
5248 W. Chinden Blvd.
Boise, Idaho
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

91-1031015
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

83714
(Zip Code)

(208) 658-1037

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

None

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT:

Common stock, Par Value \$0.001

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by checkmark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to the Form 10-K. ☒

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "Accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer ☐ Accelerated Filer ☐ Non-Accelerated Filer ☐ Smaller Reporting Company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter: \$6,087,600 as of June 30, 2010

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of March 21, 2011 was 28,717,549.

Documents Incorporated by Reference: None.

THUNDER MOUNTAIN GOLD, INC.

Form 10-K

December 31, 2011

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Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and the integral notes (Notes) thereto for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. The following statements may be forward looking in nature and actual results may differ materially.

ITEM 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Company History

The Company was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Idaho on November 9, 1935, under the name of Montgomery Mines, Inc. In April, 1978 controlling interest in the Montgomery Mines Corporation was obtained by a group of the Thunder Mountain property holders who then changed the corporate name to Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. with the primary goal to further develop their holdings in the Thunder Mountain Mining District, Valley County, Idaho.

Change in Situs and Authorized Capital

The Company moved its situs from Idaho to Nevada, but maintains its corporate offices in Garden City, Idaho. On December 10, 2007, articles of incorporation were filed with the Secretary of State in Nevada for Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc., a Nevada Corporation. The Directors of Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. (Nevada) were the same as for Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. (Idaho).

On January 25, 2008, the shareholders approved the merger of Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. (Idaho) with Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. (Nevada), which was completed by a share for share exchange of common stock. The terms of the merger were such that the Nevada Corporation was the surviving entity. The number of authorized shares for the Nevada Corporation is 200,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.001 per share and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

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The Company is structured as follows: The Company owns 100% of the outstanding stock of Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc., a Nevada Corporation. Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. owns 100% of the outstanding stock of South Mountain Mines, Inc., an Idaho Corporation.

We have no patents, licenses, franchises or concessions which are considered by the Company to be of importance. The business is not of a seasonal nature. Since the potential products are traded in the open market, we have no control over the competitive conditions in the industry. There is no backlog of orders.

There are numerous Federal and State laws and regulation related to environmental protection, which have direct application to mining and milling activities. The more significant of these laws deal with mined land reclamation and wastewater discharge from mines and milling operations. We do not believe that these laws and regulations as presently enacted will have a direct material adverse effect on our operations.

Subsidiary Companies

On May 21, 2007, the Company filed Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State in Nevada for Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. G. Peter Parsley was appointed as President, Secretary, Treasurer and sole Director. The financial information for the new subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements.

On September 27, 2007, Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc., completed the purchase of all the outstanding stock of South Mountain Mines, Inc., an Idaho corporation. The sole asset of South Mountain Mines, Inc. consists of seventeen patented mining claims, totaling approximately 326 acres, located in the South Mountain Mining District, Owyhee County, Idaho.

Current Operations

Thunder Mountain Gold is a mineral exploration stage company with no producing mines. The Company intends to remain in the business of exploring for mining properties that have the potential to produce gold, silver, base metals and other commodities.

Reports to Security Holders

The Registrant does not issue annual or quarterly reports to security holders other than the annual Form 10-K and quarterly Forms 10-Q as electronically filed with the SEC. Electronically filed reports may be accessed at www.sec.gov. Interested parties also may read and copy any materials filed with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N. W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Information may be obtained on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1 (800) SEC-0330.

ITEM 1A - RISK FACTORS

Our business, operations, and financial condition are subject to various risks. This is particularly true since we are in the business of conducting exploration for mineral properties that have the potential for discovery of economic mineral resources. We urge you to consider the following risk factors in addition to the other information contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

We have no income and resources and we expect losses to continue for at least the next three years.

Our only continuing source of funds is through sales of equity positions received from investors, which may not be sufficient to sustain our operations. Any additional funds required would have to come from the issuance of debt or the sale of our common stock. There is no guarantee that funds would be available from either source. If we are unsuccessful in raising additional funds, we will not be able to develop our properties and will be forced to liquidate assets.

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We have no proven reserves.

We have no proven reserves at any of our properties. We only have indicated and inferred, along with assay samples at South Mountain; and assay samples at some of our other exploration properties.

We will likely need to raise additional capital to continue our operations, and if we fail to obtain the capital necessary to fund our operations, we will be unable to continue our exploration efforts and may have to cease operations.

At December 31, 2011, we had current assets of \$111,755. We are planning to raise additional funds in 2012 to meet our current operating and capital requirements for the next 12 months. However, we have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we cannot assure that estimates and assumptions will remain unchanged. For the year ended December 31, 2011 net cash used for operating activities was approximately \$633,000. Our future liquidity and capital requirements will depend on many factors, including timing, cost and progress of our exploration efforts, our evaluation of, and decisions with respect to, our strategic alternatives, and costs associated with the regulatory approvals. If it turns out that we do not have enough money to complete our exploration programs, we will try to raise additional funds from public offerings, private placements or loans.

We know that additional financing will be required in the future to fund our planned operations. We do not know whether additional financing will be available when needed or on acceptable terms, if at all. If we are unable to raise additional financing when necessary, we may have to delay our exploration efforts or any property acquisitions or be forced to cease operations. Collaborative arrangements may require us to relinquish our rights to certain of our mining claims.

We believe that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern

We have never generated net income from our exploration efforts and we have incurred significant net losses in each year since inception. Our accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2011 was \$3,461,093. We expect to continue to incur substantial additional losses for the foreseeable future, and we may never become profitable. Our ability to achieve and maintain profitability and positive cash flow is dependent upon our ability to locate and ultimately operate proven or probable precious metals reserves, our ability to generate positive net revenues and our ability to reduce our

operating costs.

Based upon current plans, we expect to incur operating losses in future periods. This will happen because our exploration costs are greater than nonexistent revenue. Continued failure to generate revenues could cause us to go out of business.

Our financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2011, were audited by our independent registered public accountants, whose report includes an explanatory paragraph stating that the financial statements have been prepared assuming we will continue as a going concern and that we have incurred operating losses since inception that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We believe that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern due to our total accumulated deficit of \$3,461,093 as of December 31, 2011. Our plans for our continuation as a going concern include financing our operations through sales of unregistered common stock and the exercising of stock options by our officers, directors and originators. If we are not successful with our plans, equity holders could then lose all or a substantial portion of their investment.

Our exploration efforts may be adversely affected by metals price volatility causing us to cease exploration efforts.

We have no earnings. However, the success of any exploration efforts is derived from the price of metal prices that are affected by numerous factors including: 1) expectations for inflation; 2) investor speculative activities; 3) relative exchange rate of the U.S. dollar to other currencies; 4) global and regional demand and production; 5) global and

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regional political and economic conditions; and 6) production costs in major producing regions. These factors are beyond our control and are impossible for us to predict.

There is no guarantee that current favorable prices for metals and other commodities will be sustained. If the market prices for these commodities fall we will temporarily suspend or cease exploration efforts.

Our mineral exploration efforts may not be successful.

Mineral exploration is highly speculative. It involves many risks and often does not produce positive results. Even if we find a valuable mineral deposit, it may be three years or more before production is possible because of the need for additional detailed exploration, pre-production studies, permitting, financing, construction and start up.

During that time, it may become economically unfeasible to produce those minerals. Establishing ore reserves requires us to make substantial capital expenditures and, in the case of new properties, to construct mining and processing facilities. As a result of these costs and uncertainties, we will not be able to develop any potentially economic mineral deposits.

We face strong competition from other mining companies for the acquisition of new properties.

If we do find an economic mineral reserve, and it is put into production, it should be noted that mines have limited lives and as a result, we need to continually seek to find new properties. In addition, there is a limited supply of desirable mineral lands available in the United States or elsewhere where we would consider conducting exploration activities. Because we face strong competition for new properties from other exploration and mining companies, some of whom have greater financial resources than we do, we may be unable to acquire attractive new mining properties on terms that we consider acceptable.

Mining operations may be adversely affected by risks and hazards associated with the mining industry.

Mining operations involve a number of risks and hazards including: 1) environmental hazards; 2) political and country risks; 3) industrial accidents; 4) labor disputes; 5) unusual or unexpected geologic formations; 6) high wall failures, cave-ins or explosive rock failures, and; 7) flooding and periodic interruptions due to inclement or hazardous weather conditions. Such risks could result in: 1) damage to or destruction of mineral properties or producing facilities; 2) personal injury; 3) environmental damage; 4) delays in exploration efforts; 5) monetary losses, and; 6) legal liability.

We have no insurance against any of these risks. To the extent we are subject to environmental liabilities, we would have to pay for these liabilities. Moreover, in the event that we ever become an operator of a mine, and unable to fully pay for the cost of remedying an environmental problem, should they occur, we might be required to suspend operations or enter into other interim compliance measures.

Because we are small and do not have much capital, we must limit our exploration. This may prevent us from realizing any revenues, thus reducing the value of the stock and you may lose your investment as a result.

Because our Company is small and does not have much capital, we must limit the time and money we expend on exploration of interests in our properties. In particular, we may not be able to: 1) devote the time we would like to exploring our properties; 2) spend as much money as we would like to exploring our properties; 3) rent the quality of equipment or hire the contractors we would like to have for exploration; and 4) have the number of people working on our properties that we would like to have. By limiting our operations, it may take longer to explore our properties. There are other larger exploration companies that could and may spend more time and money exploring the properties that we have acquired.

We will have to suspend our exploration plans if we do not have access to all the supplies and materials we need.

Competition and unforeseen limited sources of supplies in the industry could result in occasional spot shortages of supplies, like dynamite, and equipment like bulldozers and excavators that we might need to conduct exploration. We have not attempted to locate or negotiate with any suppliers of products, equipment or materials. We will attempt to locate products, equipment and materials after we have conducted preliminary exploration activities on our properties.

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If we cannot find the products and equipment we need in a timely manner, we will have to delay or suspend our exploration plans until we do find the products and equipment we need.

We face substantial governmental regulation and environmental risks, which could prevent us from exploring or developing our properties.

Our business is subject to extensive federal, state and local laws and regulations governing mining exploration development, production, labor standards, occupational health, waste disposal, use of toxic substances, environmental regulations, mine safety and other matters. New legislation and regulations may be adopted at any time that results in additional operating expense, capital expenditures or restrictions and delays in the exploration, mining, production or development of our properties.

At this time, we have no specific financial obligations for environmental costs. Various laws and permits require that financial assurances be in place for certain environmental and reclamation obligations and other potential liabilities. Once we undertake any trenching or drilling activities, a reclamation bond and a permit will be required under applicable laws. Currently, we have no obligations for financial assurances of any kind, and are unable to undertake any trenching, drilling, or development on any of our properties until we obtain financial assurances pursuant to applicable regulations to cover potential liabilities.

If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls, we may not be able to detect fraud or report our financial results accurately, which could harm our business and we could be subject to regulatory scrutiny.

Pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Section 404), we are required to perform an evaluation of our internal controls over financial reporting. We have prepared an internal plan of action for compliance with the requirements of Section 404, and have completed our effectiveness evaluation. We have reported two material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting, and we cannot guarantee that we will not have any material weaknesses as reported by our independent registered public accounting firm. Continuing compliance with the requirements of Section 404 is expected to be expensive and time-consuming. In addition, any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation, could harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations.

ITEM 1B - UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

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ITEM 2 - DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES

The Company, including its subsidiaries, owns rights to claims and properties in the mining areas of Nevada and Idaho.

The Company owns 100% of the outstanding stock of Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc., a Nevada Corporation. Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. owns 100% of the outstanding stock of South Mountain Mines, Inc., an Idaho Corporation. South Mountain Mines, Inc. owns the South Mountain Project. Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. completed the direct purchase of 100% ownership of South Mountain Mines, Inc. on September 27, 2007.

South Mountain Project, Owyhee County, Idaho

The Company's land package at South Mountain consists of a total of approximately 1,158 acres, consisting of (i) 17 patented claims (326 acres) the Company owns outright; (ii) lease on private ranch land (542 acres); and, (iii) 21 unpatented lode mining claims on BLM managed land (290 acres). The Company is negotiating for additional private land surrounding the existing land package. We also have applied for leases on Idaho State Lands for approximately 3,100 acres, expected to be finalized during 2011. All holdings are located in the South Mountain Mining District, Owyhee County, Idaho.

The property is located approximately 70 air miles southwest of Boise, Idaho and approximately 24 miles southeast of Jordan Valley, Oregon. It is accessible by highway 95 driving south to Jordan Valley Oregon, then by traveling southeast approximately 22 miles back into Idaho, via Owyhee County road that is dirt and improved to within 4 miles of the base camp. The last 4 miles up the South Mountain Mine road are unimproved county dirt road. The property is accessible year-round to within 4 miles of the property, where the property is accessible from May thru October without plowing snow. There is power to within 4 miles of the site as well. Power generation by generator is required at this time. The climate is considered high desert. The Company has water rights on the property, and there is a potable spring on the property that once supplied water to the main camp.

A detailed list of the claims is as follows:

Patented Ground owned by Thunder Mountain Gold. Seventeen (17) patented mining claims totaling 326 acres:

Patent No. 32995 dated September 17, 1900 (Mineral Survey No. 1446)

**Illinois
Michigan
New York
Tennessee
Oregon**

**Massachusetts
Washington
Maine
Idaho
Vermont**

Patent No. 32996 dated September 17, 1900 (Mineral Survey No. 1447)

**Texas
Florida
Alabama**

**Virginia
Mississippi**

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Patent No. 1237144 dated October 27, 1964 (Mineral Survey No. 3400)

Queen

Kentucky

Unpatented Ground 100% controlled by Thunder Mountain Gold. Twenty one (21) unpatented mining claims totaling 290 acres:

Claim Name	Owyhee County Instrument No.	BLM: IMC Serial No.
SM-1	262582	192661
SM-2	262578	192662
SM-3	262581	192666
SM-4	262579	192665
SM-5	262580	192669
SM-6	262577	192664
SM-7	262576	192663
SM-8	262575	192670
SM-9	262574	192671
SM-10	262573	192668
SM-11	262572	192672
SM-12	262571	192667
SM-13	262570	192673
SM-14	262569	192674
SM-15	266241	196559
SM-16	266242	196560
SM-17	266243	196561
SM-18	266244	196562
SM-19	266245	196563
SM-20	266246	196564
SM-21	266247	196565

The claim maintenance fees and assessment for these claims is financed by the Company through sales of unregistered common stock .

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The leased private land also includes all surface rights. There is a 3% net smelter return royalty payable to the landowners. The parcels are leased for 20 years with the right to renew and the option to purchase outright. Annual expenses for the leases and claims are as follows:

Owner	Agreement Date	Amount	Acres
Lowry	October 10, 2008	\$20/acre	376
Acree	June 20, 2008	\$30/acre starting in 7th year \$20/acre	113
Herman	April 23, 2009	\$30/acre starting in 7th year \$20/acre	56
		\$30/acre starting in 7th year	

The historic production peaked during World War II when, base on smelter receipts, the production of direct shipped ore totaled 53,653 tons containing 3,118 ounces of gold, 566,439 ounces of silver, 13,932 pounds of copper, 2,562,318 pounds of lead and 15,593,061 pounds of zinc. In addition to the direct-ship ore, a flotation mill was constructed and operated during the late-1940s and early-1950s. There is no production information available on the tons, grade and concentrate associated with that phase of the operation, but it is estimated that between 30,000 and 40,000 tons of ore were mined and process based on the estimated tonnage of mill tailings.

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South Mountain Mines controlled the patented claims from 1975 to the time the Company purchased the entity in 2007. They conducted extensive exploration work including extending the Sonneman Level by approximately 1,500 feet to intercept the downdip extension of the Texas sulfide mineralization mined on the Laxey Level some 300 feet above the Sonneman. High grade sulfide mineralization was intercepted on the Sonneman Extension. In 1985 they did a feasibility study based on polygonal ore blocks exposed in the underground workings and drilling. This resulted in a historic resource of approximately 470,000 tons containing 23,500 ounces of gold, 3,530,000 ounces of silver, 8,339,000 pounds of copper, 13,157,000 pounds of lead and 91,817,000 lbs of zinc. Although they determined positive economics, the project was shut down and placed into care and maintenance.

In 2008, the Company engaged Kleinfelder West, Inc., a nationwide engineering and consulting firm, to complete a technical report Resources Data Evaluation, South Mountain Property, South Mountain Mining District, Owyhee County, Idaho . The technical report was commissioned by Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. to evaluate all the existing data available on the South Mountain property. Kleinfelder utilized a panel modeling method using this data to determine potential mineralized material remaining and to make a comparison with the resource determined by South Mountain Mines in the mid-1980s.

Additional drilling and sampling will be necessary before the resource can be classified as a mineable reserve, but Kleinfelder West's calculations provided a potential resource number that is consistent with South Mountain Mines (Bowes 1985) reserve model.

During the 2008 field season two core drill holes were drilled to test the downdip extension of the sulfide mineralization in the main mine area, one on the DMEA2 ore shoot and one on the Texas ore shoot. The DMEA 2 target was successful, with two distinct sulfide zones totaling 30 feet being encountered in an overall altered and mineralized intercept of approximately 73 feet. The samples over the entire intercept were detail sampled over the entire 73 feet resulting in a total of 34 discrete sample intervals ranging from 0.5 to 3.7 feet. The samples cut at the Company's office in Garden City, Idaho and Company personnel delivered the samples to ALS Chemex preparation lab in Elko, Nevada. The analytical results showed two distinct zones of strong mineralization.

	Gold	Silver			
Interval	Fire Assay	Fire Assay	Zinc	Copper	Lead
Weighted Average 657 - 669.5	(ounce per ton)	(ounce per ton)	(%)	(%)	(%)
(12.5 feet) 687 - 704.5	0.066	1.46	7.76	0.276	0.306

(17.5 feet)	0.129	1.89	2.18	0.183	0.152
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These intercepts are down dip approximately 300 feet below of the DMEA 2 mineralized zone encountered in Sonneman Level tunnel, and 600 feet below the DMEA 2 zone on the Laxey Level tunnel. The tenor of mineralization the DMEA 2 on the Sonneman is similar to that intercepted in the core hole, including two distinct zones with differing grades.

The second drill hole, TX-1, was designed to test the Texas Ore Shoot approximately 300 feet down dip of the Sonneman Level. The small core hole achieved a depth of 1250 feet, but deviated parallel to the bedding and the targeted carbonate horizon was not intercepted.

Late in 2009, the Company contracted with Gregory P. Wittman (a Qualified Person under Canadian regulations) of Northwestern Groundwater & Geology to incorporate all the new drill and sampling data into an NI 43-101 Technical Report. This report was needed as part of the Company's efforts to obtain a listing on the TSX Venture Exchange in 2010. The NI 43-101 can be reviewed on the Company's website at www.thundermountaingold.com, or on www.SEDAR.com.

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Location Map of South Mountain and Clover Mountain Projects

A multi-lithic intrusive breccia outcrop was identified and sampled in 2008 on property leased by the Company. This large area, approximately one mile long and one-half a mile wide, is located several thousand feet south of the main mine area. The intrusive breccia is composed of rounded to sub-rounded fragments of altered intrusive rock and silicified fragments of altered schist and marble. Initial rock chip samples from the outcrop area ranged from 0.49 ppm to 1.70 ppm gold, and follow-up outcrop and float sampling in 2009 yielded gold values ranging from 0.047 ppm to

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5.81 ppm. A first pass orientation soil survey completed in 2008 was conducted near the discovery breccia outcrop at a spacing of 100 feet over a distance of 800 feet east/west and 1,000 feet north/south. The soil assays ranged from a trace to 0.31 ppm Gold. Surface mapping indicates that the intrusive breccia covers an area of approximately 5,000 feet x 1,500 feet.

The 2010 drilling focused primarily the breccia gold zone. Centra Consulting completed the storm water plan needed for the exploration road construction on private land, and it was accepted by the Environmental Protection Agency. Road construction started on August 1, 2010 by Warner Construction and a total of 3.2 miles of access and drill site roads were completed through the end of September.

A campaign of road cut sampling was undertaken on the new roads as they were completed. Three sets of samples were obtained along the cut bank of the road. Channel samples were taken on 25-foot, 50-foot or 100-foot intervals, depending upon the nature of the material cut by the road with the shorter spaced intervals being taken in areas of bedrock. A total of 197 samples were collected and sent to ALS Chemex labs in Elko, Nevada. A majority of the samples contained anomalous gold values and in addition to confirming the three anomalies identified by soils sampling, the road cuts added a fourth target that yielded a 350-foot long zone that averaged 378 parts per billion gold (0.011 ounce per ton). Follow up sampling on a road immediately adjacent to this zone yielded a 100-foot sample interval that ran 5.91 parts per million gold (0.173 ounce per ton).

Drilling on the intrusive breccia target commenced on October 1, 2010 with a Schramm reverse circulation rig contracted through Drill Tech of Winnemucca, Nevada. Five widely-spaced holes on the four significant gold anomalies in the intrusive breccia target were completed with the following results:

Intrusive Breccia 2010 Drill Results

Hole Number	Depth (ft)	Average Gold Value (opt) Entire Hole	Highest Grade 5 ft Interval (opt)	Comments
LO-1	625	0.0034	0.015	All 5 foot intervals had detectable gold. Discovery outcrop area highly altered intrusive breccia with sulfides.
LO-2	845	0.001	0.016	95% of the intervals had detectable gold. Highly altered intrusive breccia with sulfides.
LO-3	940	0.0033	0.038	95% of the intervals had detectable gold. Mixed altered intrusive breccia and skarn; abundant sulfides (15 to 20% locally). West end of anomaly.
LO-4	500	0.002	0.0086	Entire hole had detectable gold. Altered intrusive breccia with sulfides. East end of anomaly.
LO-5	620	0.0037	0.036	Entire hole had detectable gold. Altered intrusive breccia with sulfides. East end of anomaly.

Management believes that the first-pass drill results from the intrusive breccia target proves the existence of a significant gold system in an intrusive package that is related to the polymetallic mineralization in the carbonate in the historic mine area. Additional work is planned for 2011, including a draped aeromagnetic, resistivity and IP surveys to isolate potential feeder structures and to evaluate the contact between the metasediments and the gold-bearing intrusive.

In addition to the drilling completed in on the Intrusive Breccia target, two reverse circulation drill holes were completed targeting the down dip extension of the polymetallic zones in an effort to confirm continuity of the ore zones to a greater depth. Vertical drill hole LO 6 was placed to intercept the down dip extension of the DMEA 2 ore shoot exposed on both the Laxey and Sonneman levels of the underground workings, as well as the 2008 core hole drilled by the Company that extended the zone 300 feet down dip of the Sonneman level. Drillhole LO 6 cut a thick zone of skarn alteration and polymetallic mineralization at 760 feet to 790 feet. The intercept contained 30 feet of 3.55% zinc, 1.87 ounce per ton silver, and 0.271% copper. Internal to this zone was 15 feet of 0.060 OPT gold and 20 feet of 0.21% lead. Importantly, this intercept proves the continuity of the ore zone an additional 115 feet down dip of the 2008 drill hole, or 415 feet below the Sonneman level. It remains open at depth.

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Drill hole LO-7 was placed to test the down dip extension of the Laxey ore zone, the zone that produced a majority of the silver, zinc, copper, lead and gold during the World War II period. A portion of the ore zone was intercepted approximately 180 feet below the bottom of the Laxey Shaft which mined the zone over an 800-foot length. This hole intercepted 25 feet (600-625 feet) of 8.56% zinc and 1.15 ounce per ton (opt) silver. This intercept proves the extension of the Laxey ore zone approximately 120 feet below the maximum depth previously mined when over 51,000 tons of sulfide ore were mined and direct shipped to the Anaconda smelter in Utah. The grade of this ore mined over the 800 feet of shaft and stope mining was 15% zinc, 10 opt silver, 0.06 opt gold, 2.3% lead and 0.7% copper.

Management is encouraged by both of these intercepts as they prove the continuation of the replacement sulfide mineralized ore shoots at depth. Detailed follow-up core drilling will be needed to better define the potential of the ore shoots at depth. The ongoing exploration field work is financed by the Company through sales of unregistered common stock. Future work will be funded in the same manner, or through a strategic partnership with another mining company.

This property is without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature according to Instruction 3 to paragraph (b)(5) of Industry Guide 7. There are currently no permits required for conducting exploration in accordance with the Company's current board approved exploration plan.

Trout Creek Claim Group, Lander County, Nevada

The Trout Creek pediment exploration target is located in Lander County, Nevada in T.29N. R44E. The property consists of 60 unpatented mining claims totaling approximately 1,200 acres that are located along the western flank of the Shoshone Range in the Eureka-Battle Mountain mineral trend.

All those certain unpatented lode claims situated in Lander County, Nevada, more particularly described as follows below:

<u>Name of Claim</u>	<u>Lander Co. Doc. No.</u>	<u>BLM NMC No.</u>
TC-1	0248677	965652
TC-2	0248678	965653
TC-3	0248679	965654
TC-4	0248680	965655

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TC-5	0248681	965656
TC-6	0248682	965657
TC-7	0248683	965658
TC-8	0248684	965659
TC-9	0248685	965660
TC-10	0248686	965661
TC-11	0248687	965662
TC-12	0248688	965663
TC-31	0248707	965682
TC-32	0248708	965683
TC-51	0248727	965702
TC-52	0248728	965703
TC-53	0248729	965704
TC-54	0248730	965705
TC-55	0248731	965706

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<u>Name of Claim</u>	<u>Lander Co. Doc. No.</u>	<u>BLM NMC No.</u>
TC-56	0248732	965707
TC-57	0248733	965708
TC-58	0248734	965709
TC-59	0251576	988946
TC-60	0251577	988947
TC-61	0251578	988948
TC-62	0251579	988949
TC-63	0251580	988950
TC-64	0251581	988951
TC-65	0251582	988952
TC-66	0251583	988953
TC-67	0251584	988954
TC-68	0251585	988955
TC-69	0251586	988956
TC-70	0251587	988957
TC-71	0251588	988958
TC-72	0251589	988959
TC-73	0251590	988960
TC-74	0251591	988961
TC-75	0251592	988962
TC-76	0251593	988963
TC-77	0251594	988964
TC-78	0251595	988965
TC-79	0251596	988966
TC-80	0251597	988967
TC-81	0251598	988968
TC-82	0251599	988969
TC-83	0251600	988970
TC-84	0251601	988971
TC-85	0251602	988972
TC-86	0251603	988973
TC-87	0251604	988974
TC-88	0251605	988975
TC-89	0251606	988976
TC-90	0251607	988977
TC-91	0251608	988978
TC-92	0251609	988979
TC-93	0251610	988980
TC-94	0251611	988981
TC-95	0251612	988982
TC-96	0251613	988983

The property is located approximately 155 air miles northeast of Reno, Nevada, or approximately 20 miles SW of Battle Mountain, Nevada, in Sections 10, 11, 14, 16, 21, 22, 27; T.29N.; R.44E. Mount Diablo Baseline & Meridian, Lander County, Nevada. Latitude: 40 23 36 North, Longitude: 117 00 58 West. The property is accessible by traveling south from Battle Mountain Nevada on state highway 305, which is paved. After traveling approximately 20 miles, turn east off the highway on an unimproved public dirt road, and travel approximately 2 miles to the claims. The property is generally accessible year round. There is no power, no water other than seasonal surface precipitation, and there are no improvements on the property.

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The 60 unpatented claims are 100% owned by Thunder Mountain Gold, and located along a northwest structural trend which projects into the Battle Mountain mining district to the northwest and into the Goat Ridge window and the Gold Acres, Pipeline, and Cortez area to the southeast. Northwest trending mineralized structures in the Battle Mountain mining district are characterized by elongated plutons, granodiorite porphyry dikes, magnetic lineaments, and regional alignment of mineralized areas. The Trout Creek target is located at the intersection of this northwest trending mineral belt and north-south trending extensional structures.

The Trout Creek target is based on a regional gravity anomaly on a well-defined northwest-southeast trending break in the alluvial fill thickness and underlying bedrock. Previous geophysical work in the 1980s revealed an airborne magnetic anomaly associated with the same structure, and this was further verified and outlined in 2008 by Company personnel using a ground magnetometer. The target is covered by alluvial fan deposits of unknown thickness shed from the adjacent Shoshone Range, a fault block mountain range composed of Paleozoic sediments of both upper and lower plate rocks of the Roberts Mountains thrust. The geophysical anomaly could define a prospective and unexplored target within a well mineralized region.

The ongoing exploration field work, including claim maintenance and assessment, is financed by the Company through sales of unregistered common stock funded by the Company through private placements with accredited investors. Future work will be funded in the same manner, or through a strategic partnership with another mining company. The Company is attempting to consolidate the land package to cover a larger area of the positive geophysical target in the pediment by acquiring and/or joint venturing adjoining mineral property. There are currently no environmental permits required for the planned exploration work on the property. In the future, a notice of intent may be required with the Bureau of Land Management. This property is without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature according to Instruction 3 to paragraph (b)(5) of Industry Guide 7.

Clover Mountain Claim Group, Owyhee County, Idaho

The Company's Clover Mountain property is located approximately 60 air miles SW of Boise, Idaho and approximately 30 miles SW of Grandview, Idaho in Sections 24, 25; T.8S.; R.1W. , and Sections 19, 30; T.8S.; R.1E. Boise Meridian, Owyhee County, Idaho. Latitude: 42 42 34 North Longitude: 116 24 10 West

Access to the property is by traveling one mile southeast on paved state highway 78. Take the Mud Flat road to the south, and travel approximately 25 miles on improved dirt road to the property. The property is on the west next to the Mud Flat Road. The landscape is high desert, with sagebrush and no trees. There is no power, no water other than seasonal surface precipitation, and there are no improvements on the property.

LIST of UNPATENTED MINING CLAIMS at Clover Mountain

CLAIM	OWYHEE COUNTY INSTRUMENT #	BLM# / (IMC)
PC-1	259673	190708
PC-2	259672	190709
PC-3	259671	190710
PC-4	259670	190711
PC-5	259669	190712
PC-6	259668	190713
PC-7	259667	190714
PC-8	259666	190715
PC-9	259665	190716
PC-10	259664	190717
PC-11	259663	190718
PC-12	259662	190719
PC-13	259661	190720

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CLAIM	OWYHEE COUNTY INSTRUMENT #	BLM# / (IMC)
PC-14	259660	190721
PC-15	259659	190722
PC-16	259658	190723
PC-17	259657	190724
PC-18	259656	190725
PC-19	259655	190726
PC-20	259654	190727
PC-21	259653	190728
PC-22	259652	190729
PC-23	259651	190730
PC-24	259650	190731
PC-25	259649	190732
PC-26	259648	190733
PC-27	259647	190734
PC-28	259646	190735
PC-29	259645	190736
PC-30	259644	190737
PC-31	259643	190738
PC-32	259642	190739
PC-33	259641	190740
PC-34	259640	190741
PC-35	259639	190742
PC-36	259638	190743
PC-37	259637	190744
PC-38	259636	190745
PC-39	259635	190746
PC-40	259634	190747

These Claims are 100% owned by Thunder Mountain Gold Inc.

A geologic reconnaissance program in the fall of 2006 identified anomalous gold, silver, and other base metals in rock chips and soils at Clover Mountain. In February 2007 the Company located the Clover Mountain claim group consisting of 40 unpatented lode mining claims totaling approximately 800 acres. Mineralization appears to be associated with stockwork veining in a granitic stock which has been intruded by northeast and northwest-trending rhyolitic dikes. The property is overlain by locally silicified rhyolitic tuff.

Follow-up rock chip sampling within the area of the anomaly has identified quartz veining with gold values ranging from 3.6 part per million (ppm) to 16.5 ppm. A soil sample program consisting of 215 samples was conducted on 200 x 200 grid spacing which defined two northeast trending soil anomalies with gold values ranging from 0.020 ppm to 0.873 ppm Au. The gold anomalies are approximately 1,000 in length and approximately 300 in width. The gold anomalies are associated with northeast trending structures with accompanying quartz stockwork veining in an exposure of Cretaceous/Tertiary granite. A 2,500 base metal soil anomaly is observed trending northwest proximal to rhyolite and rhyodacitic dikes which intrude the granitic stock. No significant work was completed on the claim group in 2010, but additional field work is warranted in the future that may include backhoe trenching and sampling in the significantly anomalous area followed by exploration drilling.

During brief field work in 2010, the presence of visible free gold was noted by panning in the area of the strong soil anomaly. The ongoing exploration field work, including claim maintenance and assessment fees, is funded by the Company through private placements with accredited investors. Future work will be funded in the same manner, or through a strategic partnership with another mining company.

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There are currently no environmental permits required for the planned exploration work on the property. In the future, a notice of intent or plan of operations may be required with the Bureau of Land Management. This property is without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature according to Instruction 3 to paragraph (b)(5) of Industry Guide 7.

Competition

We are an exploration stage company. We compete with other mineral resource exploration and development companies for financing and for the acquisition of new mineral properties. Many of the mineral resource exploration and development companies with whom we compete have greater financial and technical resources than us. Accordingly, these competitors may be able to spend greater amounts on acquisitions of mineral properties of merit, on exploration of their mineral properties and on development of their mineral properties. In addition, they may be able to afford greater geological expertise in the targeting and exploration of mineral properties. This competition could result in competitors having mineral properties of greater quality and interest to prospective investors who may finance additional exploration and development. This competition could adversely impact on our ability to finance further exploration and to achieve the financing necessary for us to develop our mineral properties.

Employees

The Company had three employees during the year ended December 31, 2011; Eric Jones, President and Chief Executive Officer; Jim Collord, Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, and Pete Parsley, Vice President and Exploration Manager.

ITEM 3 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company has no legal actions pending against it and it is not a party to any suits in any court of law, nor are the directors aware of any claims which could give rise to or investigations pending by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental agency. There are no pending legal proceedings to which any director, officer or affiliate of the Company, any owner of record or beneficiary of more than 5% of the common stock of the Company, or any security holder of the Company is a party adverse to the Company or has a material interest adverse to the Company.

ITEM 4 MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

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PART II

ITEM 5 - MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON STOCK, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information:

Our common stock is traded on the over-the-counter bulletin board (OTCBB) market operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) under the symbol THMG.OB. The OTCBB quotations do not reflect inter-dealer prices, retail mark-ups, commissions or actual transactions.

On September 24, 2010, the Company's common stock also began trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (TSX-V) in Canada and is quoted under the trading symbol THM

The following table illustrates the average high/low price of our common stock for both the OTCBB and TSX-V for the last two (2) fiscal years 2011 and 2010:

PERIOD⁽²⁾	OTCBB (US\$)		TSX-V(Cdn\$)⁽¹⁾	
	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW
2011	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.20
First Quarter	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.20
Second Quarter	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.12
Third Quarter	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.08
Fourth Quarter				
2010				
First Quarter	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.17	-	-
Second Quarter	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.16	-	-
Third Quarter	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.33

Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.29
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At March 15, 2011, the price per share quoted on the OTCBB was \$0.10 and Cdn\$0.08 on the TSX-V.

(1) Our common stock began trading on the TSX-V on September 24, 2010.

(2) Quarters indicate calendar year quarters.

Holders:

As of March 1, 2011 there were approximately 2,000 shareholders of record of the Company's common stock with an unknown number of additional shareholders who hold shares through brokerage firms.

Transfer Agent:

Our independent stock transfer agent in the United States is Computershare Shareholder Services, located at 350 Indiana Street Suite 750 Golden, CO 80401. In Canada, our Agent is Computershare, TORU - Toronto, University Ave, 100 University Ave, 8th Floor, Toronto, ON M5J 2Y1, CANADA

Dividends:

No dividends were paid by the Registrant in 2011 or 2010, and the Company has no plans to pay a dividend in the foreseeable future. Dividends undertaken by the Company are solely at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

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Securities Authorized For Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans:

On July 17, 2011, the Company Shareholders approved the Companies Stock Incentive Plan (SIP), and subsequently a grant of 2.0 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. These options were unanimously approved for issuance by the Board on August 24, 2010, subject to Shareholder approval of its SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.27. The option certificates will reflect the actual date of the SIP by shareholders, which was July 17, 2011.

The SIP has a fixed maximum percentage of 10% of the Company's outstanding shares that are eligible for the plan pool, whereby the number of Shares under the SIP increase automatically with increases in the total number of shares. This Evergreen provision permits the reloading of shares that make up the available pool for the SIP, once the options granted have been exercised. The number of shares available for issuance under the SIP automatically increases as the total number of shares outstanding increase, including those shares issued upon exercise of options granted under the SIP, which become re-available for grant subsequent to exercise of option grants. The number of shares subject to the SIP and any outstanding awards under the SIP will be adjusted appropriately by the Board of Directors if the Company's common stock is affected through a reorganization, merger, consolidation, recapitalization, restructuring, reclassification, dividend (other than quarterly cash dividends) or other distribution, stock split, spin-off or sale of substantially all of the Company's assets.

The SIP also has terms and limitations, including without limitation that the exercise price for stock options and stock appreciation rights granted under the SIP must equal the stock's fair market value, based on the closing price per share of common stock, at the time the stock option or stock appreciation right is granted. The SIP is also subject to other limitation including; a limited exception for certain stock options assumed in corporate transactions; stock options and stock appreciation rights granted under the SIP may not be re-priced without shareholder approval; stock-based awards under the SIP are subject to either three-year or one-year minimum vesting requirements, subject to exceptions for death, disability or termination of employment of an employee or upon a change of control; and shareholder approval is required for certain types of amendments to the SIP.

On September 30, 2011 the Board approved, a grant of 1.775 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. This grant is subject to shareholder approval in accordance with the Company's SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.13. The option certificates will ultimately reflect the actual date of the shareholder approval.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities; Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities:

Beginning June 26, 2011 and continuing through September 30, 2011, the Company entered into stock subscription agreements with Life Media Group AG with a subscription price of Cdn\$0.17 per Unit for 1,200,000 Units and raising \$186,546. Each Unit is comprised of one share of common stock of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share of common stock of the Company at a price of Cdn\$0.20 per share for a two year period following closing at any time until the two year anniversary of the closing. The Company may require early exercise of the warrants in the event that the common shares trade at a weighted average price of Cdn\$0.25 for five consecutive trading days. On October 28, 2011, the Company issued 108,000 share purchase warrants to Garry Miller for a finder's fees associated with a private placement. Each warrant is exercisable to purchase one common share of the Company common stock at Cdn\$0.20 per share for a period of two years from date of issue.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Company and Affiliated Purchasers

During the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, neither the Company nor any affiliated purchaser (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) purchased any shares of our common stock, the only class of our equity securities registered pursuant to section 12 of the Exchange Act.

ITEM 6 - SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

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ITEM 7 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation (MD&A) is intended to help the reader understand our financial condition. MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our financial statements and the accompanying integral notes (Notes) thereto. The following statements may be forward-looking in nature and actual results may differ materially.

Plan of Operation:

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS: The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include the following: inability to locate property with mineralization, lack of financing for exploration efforts, competition to acquire mining properties; risks inherent in the mining industry, and risk factors that are listed in the Company's reports and registration statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company maintains a corporate office in Boise, Idaho. This is the primary work area for the South Mountain Project and is utilized primarily by Pete Parsley and Eric Jones. Jim Collord has been working from a temporary residence in Boise Idaho at no additional charge to the Company. He will continue to work from his home office in Elko, Nevada as well as in the Boise office as the exploration program at South Mountain continues.

The financial condition of the Company was positive during 2011 and the metals commodity markets were favorable during most of the year. The Company underwent a reduced budget program during the year due while pursuing financing for advancing their properties; conducting minimum property maintenance; and exercising an option to purchase the Iron Creek/CAS gold/cobalt property in Lemhi County Idaho.

The Company's plan of operation for the next twelve months, subject to funding, and the availability of contractors, is as follows:

.

Continue the advanced exploration and pre-development program for the South Mountain Project. This work may include the following:

.

Initiate up to 10,000 feet of core drilling from the surface to better define the mineralization and to intercept the down-dip extensions of the Texas, DMEA-2, and Laxey ore zones.

.

Complete geophysical work on the Intrusive Breccia target. This will consist of an extensive helicopter draped aeromagnetic survey plus resistivity and IP work and will help define specific targets within and peripheral to the mineralized intrusive complex.

.

Consider further rehabilitation of the Sonneman workings near the Texas ore zone will be initiated so that underground sampling and mapping can be completed.

.

Continue the baseline environmental work.

.

Continue to work with potential joint venture or capital partners to advance the project into the next phase of exploration and pre-production goals.

Work on the other three main properties controlled by the Company will continue in 2012, although South Mountain will still remain the focus of our efforts. At the Trout Creek Project, the following is planned:

.

Complete negotiations with additional mineral rights holders in the target area.

.

Continue geophysical interpretation of the valley area, and conduct additional ground gravity surveys to supplement currently available data.

.

Define potential drill targets and develop a program for the early 2012 field season.

The Iron Creek/CAS Prospect will undergo further exploration when field conditions allow, likely by the end of May, 2012.

Reconnaissance of favorable areas and review of submittals will continue.

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Potential joint venture partners will be solicited on some of the properties in Idaho and Nevada.

Results of Operations:

The Company had no revenues and no production for 2011 or 2010. Total expenses for 2011 slightly increased from the prior year to \$1,444,698, up 7% from 2010 total expenses of \$1,344,451. The increase in total expenses is primarily the result of higher administrative fees during the year. Exploration expense for the year end 2011 was \$256,066, a decrease of \$260,175 over 2010 exploration expense of \$516,241, as a result of scaled-down exploration spending while finances improved. Legal and accounting fees for 2011 decreased \$39,312 to \$155,039, a 20% decrease over 2010 legal and accounting expenses of \$194,351. 2011 management and administrative increased \$279,089, or 50%, to \$824,021 compared to 2010 expense of \$544,932. The increase was a combination of expenses incurred related to the Company's capital raising efforts, including travel and engagement fees.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

The audit opinion and Notes that accompany our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011, disclose a going concern qualification to our ability to continue in business. The consolidated financial statements for the period then ended have been prepared under the assumption that we will continue as a going concern. Such assumption contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010, we incurred losses and negative cash flows from operating activities for the year then ended, and at December 31, 2011, did not have sufficient cash reserves to cover normal operating expenditures for the following 12 months. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

Our continuation as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our obligations on a timely basis, to obtain additional financing as may be required, or ultimately to attain profitability. Potential sources of cash, or relief of demand for cash, include additional external debt, the sale of shares of our stock or alternative methods such as mergers or sale of our assets. No assurances can be given, however, that we will be able to obtain any of these potential sources of cash. We currently require additional cash funding from outside sources to sustain existing operations and to meet current obligations and ongoing capital requirements.

Our plans for the long term continuation as a going concern include financing our future operations through sales of our common stock and/or debt and the eventual profitable exploitation of our mining properties. Our plans may also, at some future point, include the formation of mining joint ventures with senior mining company partners on specific mineral properties whereby the joint venture partner would provide the necessary financing in return for equity in the property.

While the Company does not currently have cash sufficient to support the currently planned aggressive exploration work at South Mountain, we believe that the survivability of Thunder Mountain Gold can be assured by the following:

.

At April 11, 2012, we had \$16,938 cash in our bank accounts.

.

Management and the Board have not undertaken plans or commitments that exceed the cash available to the Company. We do not include in this consideration any additional investment funds mentioned below. Management is committed to manage expenses of all types so as to not exceed the on-hand cash resources of the Company at any point in time, now or in the future.

We firmly believe we can outlast the current disruptions in the investment markets and continue to attract investment dollars in coming months and years. The Company will also consider other sources of funding, including potential mergers or farm-out of some of its exploration properties.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, net cash used for operating activities was \$633,538, consisting of our 2011 net operating loss reduced by non-cash expenses and net cash provided by changes in current assets and current liabilities. Cash used in investing activities for 2011 totaled \$26,150 used to purchase and maintain mining claims, compared to cash of \$10,900 used in 2010 to purchase and maintain mining claims and equipment.

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Our future liquidity and capital requirements will depend on many factors, including timing, cost and progress of our exploration efforts, our evaluation of, and decisions with respect to, our strategic alternatives, and costs associated with the regulatory approvals. If it turns out that we do not have enough money to complete our exploration programs, we will try to raise additional funds from a second public offering, a private placement, mergers, farm-outs or loans.

We know that additional financing will be required in the future to fund our planned operations. We do not know whether additional financing will be available when needed or on acceptable terms, if at all. If we are unable to raise additional financing when necessary, we may have to delay our exploration efforts or any property acquisitions or be forced to cease operations. Collaborative arrangements may require us to relinquish our rights to certain of our mining claims.

Private Placement

Beginning June 26, 2011 and continuing through September 30, 2011, the Company entered into stock subscription agreements with Life Media Group AG with a subscription price of Cdn\$0.17 per Unit for 1,200,000 Units and raising \$186,546. Each Unit is comprised of one share of common stock of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share of common stock of the Company at a price of Cdn\$0.20 per share for a two year period following closing at any time until the two year anniversary of the closing. The Company may require early exercise of the warrants in the event that the common shares trade at a weighted average price of Cdn\$0.25 for five consecutive trading days. On October 28, 2011, the Company issued 108,000 share purchase warrants to Garry Miller for a finder's fees associated with a private placement. Each warrant is exercisable to purchase one common share of the Company common stock at Cdn\$0.20 per share for a period of two years from date of issue.

On September 24, 2010 (the Closing Date) the Company completed a private placement offering for the sale of 6,130,271 Units with proceeds of \$995,737, net of \$188,349 in deferred financing costs. The subscription agreements were denominated in Canadian dollars (Cdn\$) at a price of Cdn \$0.20 per Unit. Each Unit was comprised of one share of the Company's common stock (a Common Share) and one share purchase warrant (a Warrant). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share of the Company's common stock for a three year period at staggered prices as follows: CDN\$0.20 per share at any time until one year from the Closing Date; Cdn\$0.25 per share from one year until two years from the Closing Date; and Cdn\$0.30 per share from two years until three years from the Closing Date. If the Company's common stock trades at a closing price greater than Cdn\$0.50 per share for 20 consecutive trading days after six months from the Closing Date, the Company can accelerate the expiration of the Warrants by giving notice to the holders and in such case the Warrants will expire on the 30th day after the Company provides notice to the holders of the Warrants.

On May 10, 2010, the Company issued 1.25 million Units at \$0.20 per Unit in a private placement for net proceeds of \$250,000. Each Unit consisted of one share of common stock and one Series A common stock purchase warrant. Each Series A warrant is exercisable at \$0.20 for one-half Series B common stock purchase warrant. Each whole Series B warrant would be exercisable into one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75 per share. The warrants are callable by the Company in the event that the Company's stock trades above \$0.25 in the case of the Series A warrants, and above \$0.94 for the Series B warrants.

Subsequent Events

On January 2, 2012, the Company entered into a subscription agreements with certain individual whereby the company will sell up to 4,000,000 units at US\$.12 per unit. Each unit consists of one share of common stock, and one-half warrant exercisable for 2 years at \$0.20. As of April 10, 2012, the Company had received subscriptions for 2,340,000 units for proceeds of \$280,800.

On April 11, 2012, the Company signed a non-binding Letter of Intent (LOI) with a private equity group in Boise, Idaho, to advance and develop the South Mountain project through a Joint Venture arrangement. The LOI was approved by the Company's Board. Under the initial terms of the LOI, the private equity group will pay the Company an initial one-million dollars (\$1,000,000), and commit to spending up to an additional seventeen million dollars

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(\$17,000,000), in stages, to move the Company's South Mountain Project through feasibility and into production. The final agreement has not yet been signed.

Off Balance-Sheet Arrangements:

During the 12 months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company had no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

Contractual Obligations

During 2008 and 2009, three lease arrangements were made with land owners that own land parcels adjacent to the Company's South Mountain patented and unpatented mining claims. The leases were for a seven-year period, with options to renew, with annual payments (based on \$20 per acre) listed in the following table. The leases have no work requirements.

Contractual obligations	Total*	Payments due by period			
		Less than 1 year	2-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Acree Lease (yearly, June)(1)	\$9,040	\$2,260	\$4,520	\$2,260	-
Lowry Lease (yearly, October)(1)(2)	\$30,160	\$7,540	\$15,080	\$7,540	-
Herman Lease (yearly, April)	\$ 5,600	\$1,120	\$2,240	\$2,240	-
Total	\$44,800	\$10,920	\$21,840	\$12,040	-

*

Amounts shown are for the lease periods years 4 through 7, a total of 3 years that remain after 2011, the second year of the lease period.

**

The Lowry lease has an early buy-out provision for 50% of the remaining amounts owed in the event the Company desires to drop the lease prior to the end of the first seven-year period.

Critical Accounting Policies

We have identified our critical accounting policies, the application of which may materially affect the financial statements, either because of the significance of the financial statement item to which they relate, or because they require management's judgment in making estimates and assumptions in measuring, at a specific point in time, events which will be settled in the future. The critical accounting policies, judgments and estimates which management believes have the most significant effect on the financial statements are set forth below:

a)

Estimates. Our management routinely makes judgments and estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. As the number of variables and assumptions affecting the future resolution of the uncertainties increase, these judgments become even more subjective and complex. Although we believe that our estimates and assumptions are reasonable, actual results may differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in estimates and assumptions based upon actual results may have a material impact on our results of operation and/or financial condition.

b)

Stock-based Compensation. The Company records stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation using the fair value method. All transactions in which goods or services are the consideration received for the issuance of equity instruments are accounted for based on the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instrument issued, whichever is more reliably measurable.

c)

Income Taxes. We have current income tax assets recorded in our financial statements that are based on our estimates relating to federal and state income tax benefits. Our judgments regarding federal and state income tax rates, items that may or may not be deductible for income tax purposes and income tax regulations themselves are critical to the Company's financial statement income tax items.

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Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the ASC guidance for fair value measurements was updated to require additional disclosures related to movements of assets among Levels 1 and 2 of the three-tier fair value hierarchy. Also, a reconciliation of purchases, sales, issuance, and settlements of anything valued with a Level 3 method is required. Disclosure regarding fair value measurements for each class of assets and liabilities will be required. The updated guidance was adopted by the Company in its quarter ended March 31, 2010, except for disclosures about the activity in Level 3 fair value measurements which are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. Adoption of this updated guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 7A - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not required for smaller reporting companies.

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ITEM 8 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Balance Sheets***December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010*

	2011	2010
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83	\$ 298,232
Prepaid expenses and other assets	20,389	23,118
Deferred financing costs	91,283	62,783
Total current assets	111,755	384,133
Property, equipment and mining claims:		
South Mountain Mines property	357,497	357,497
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	10,851	23,109
Mining leaseholds	86,080	59,930
Total property, plant, equipment and mining claims	454,428	440,536
Other assets:		
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization	47,087	109,870
Total assets	\$ 613,270	\$ 934,539
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 275,869	\$ 52,617
Convertible note payable – related party, net of discount	139,786	-
Conversion option liability	48,231	-
Total current liabilities	463,886	52,617
Derivative warrant liabilities	510,893	1,589,171
Total liabilities	974,779	1,641,788
Commitments and contingency (See Note 6)		
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value, 5,000,000		
shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 200,000,000 shares		
authorized; 28,717,549 and 27,001,740 shares issued		

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and outstanding, respectively	28,718	27,002
Additional paid-in capital	3,095,066	2,452,644
Less: 11,700 shares of treasury stock, at cost	(24,200)	(24,200)
Deficit accumulated prior to exploration stage	(212,793)	(212,793)
Accumulated deficit during the exploration stage	(3,248,300)	(2,949,902)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(361,509)	(707,249)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 613,270	\$ 934,539

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 and**for the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011*

	Years Ended, December 31,		During Exploration Stage 1991 Through December 31,
	2011	2010	2011 (unaudited)
Revenue:			
Royalties, net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 328,500
Gain on sale of property and mining claims	-	-	2,576,112
Total revenue	-	-	2,904,612
Expenses:			
Exploration expense	256,066	516,241	1,998,886
Legal and accounting	155,039	194,351	917,256
Management and administrative	824,021	544,932	2,956,292
Directors' fees and professional services	197,314	76,500	923,055
Depreciation	12,258	12,427	136,992
Total expenses	1,444,698	1,344,451	6,932,481
Other income (expense):			
Interest and dividend income	54	177	283,980
Interest expense	(174,233)	(64,420)	(270,690)
Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability	1,284,595	7,789	1,292,384
Loss on common stock and warrants	(20,970)	(250,617)	(271,587)
Gain on change in fair value of conversion option	74,800	-	74,800
liability			
Financing expense	(17,945)	-	(17,945)

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Gain on sale of securities	-	-	166,116
Impairment of investments	-	-	(52,299)
Total other income (expense)	1,146,301	(307,071)	1,204,759
Net loss before income taxes	(298,397)	(1,651,522)	(2,823,110)
Provision for income taxes	-	-	(151,496)
Net loss	(298,397)	(1,651,522)	(2,974,606)
Treasury stock cancelled	-	-	(273,694)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (298,397)	\$ (1,651,522)	\$ (3,248,300)
Net loss per common share basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.20)
Weighted average common shares outstanding-basic and diluted	27,739,099	21,735,690	16,095,589

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 and for the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011*

	2011	2010	During Exploration Stage 1991 Through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (298,397)	\$ (1,651,522)	\$ (2,974,606)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash			
used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and depletion	12,258	12,427	136,992
Common stock, warrants, and options issued for services	612,945	111,000	805,267
Adjustment for anti dilution provisions	-	-	86,084
Amortization of directors fees prepaid with common stock	-	-	53,400
Amortization of deferred financing costs	62,783	58,362	121,145
Amortization of loan discount	99,872	-	99,872
Compensation expense for stock issued	-	76,500	76,500
Gain on sale of mining claims and other assets	-	-	(2,736,553)
Impairment loss on securities	-	-	52,335
Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability	(1,284,595)	(7,789)	(1,292,384)
Loss on common stock and warrants	20,970	250,617	271,587
Gain on change in fair value of conversion option liability	(74,800)	-	(74,800)
Financing expense	17,945	-	17,945
Change in:			
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,729	37,949	(20,389)
Deferred financing costs	(28,500)	-	(28,500)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	223,252	(14,686)	282,301
Receivables	-	-	124,955
Net cash used by operating activities	(633,538)	(1,127,142)	(4,998,850)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
	-	-	5,500,000

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Proceeds from sale of property and mining claims			
Purchase of Dewey Mining Co. mining claims	-	-	(2,923,888)
Purchase of investments	-	-	(354,530)
Purchase of South Mountain Mines	-	-	(357,497)
Purchase of mining leaseholds	(26,150)	(10,900)	(86,080)
Purchase of equipment	-	-	(168,577)
Proceeds from disposition of investments	-	-	642,645
Proceeds from disposition of equipment	-	-	49,310
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(26,150)	(10,900)	2,301,383
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of common stock and warrants, net	216,539	1,251,867	2,250,406
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	-	500	508,600
Acquisition of treasury stock	-	-	(376,755)
Borrowing on related party note payable	150,000	90,000	571,500
Payments on related party note payable	(5,000)	(122,300)	(422,000)
Borrowing on notes payable	-	-	50,000
Payments on notes payable	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	361,539	1,170,067	2,531,751
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(298,149)	32,025	(165,716)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	298,232	266,207	165,799
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 83	\$ 298,232	\$ 83

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows,
continued:

For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 and for the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011

	2011	2010	During Exploration Stage 1991 Through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 6,642	\$ 6,058	\$ 16,054
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 503,514
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Stock issued to acquire equipment from related party	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,850
Stock issued for mining contract	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Stock issued for payments related party note payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,500
Stock issued for payment of accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,250
Fair value of warrants issued in private placement	\$ 198,627	\$ 1,596,960	\$ 1,795,587
classified as liabilities			
Note proceeds allocated to conversion option at inception	\$ 123,031	\$ -	\$ 123,031

Stock issued for deferred compensation	\$	-	\$	21,000	\$	21,000
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011**and 2010, (audited) and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011**(unaudited)*

Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated		Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Retained Earnings Accumulated During Exploration Stage (1991 Through Dec. 31, 2009)	Total
Shares	Amount		Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)					
Balances at January 1, 1991								
1,776,587	\$ 388,829	\$ 254,285	\$ -		(24,150)	\$ 20,002	\$ -	\$ 638,966
Stock previously issued but not recorded by transfer agent								
1,265	63	(63)	-		-	-	-	-
Stock cancelled								
(50,000)	(2,500)	(10,000)	-		-	-	-	(12,500)
Net loss								
-								
1991	-	-	-		-	-	(82,358)	(82,358)
Balances at December 31, 1991								
1,727,852	386,392	244,222	-		(24,150)	20,002	(82,358)	544,108
Stock issued for								
50,000	50,000	-	-		-	-	-	50,000

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mining contract Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,718)	(14,718)
Balances at December 31, 1992	727,852	436,392	244,222	-	(24,150)	20,002	(97,076)	579,390
Stock issued for options exercised	100,000	50,000	10,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,942)	(42,942)
Balances at December 31, 1993	727,852	486,392	254,222	-	(24,150)	20,002	(140,018)	596,448
Unrealized gain in marketable securities	-	-	-	215,803	-	-	-	215,803
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	-	-	-	(910)	-	910	-	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27,471)	(27,471)
Balances at December 31, 1994	727,852	486,392	254,222	214,893	(24,150)	20,912	(167,489)	784,780
Unrealized gain in marketable securities	-	-	-	141,801	-	-	-	141,801

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Net income								
-								
1995	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,367	26,367
Balances at December 31, 1995	727,852	486,392	254,222	356,694	(24,150)	20,912	(141,122)	952,948
Unrealized gain in marketable securities	-	-	-	12,360	-	-	-	12,360
Net income								
-								
1996	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,029	83,029
Balances at December 31, 1996	727,852	486,392	254,222	369,054	(24,150)	20,912	(58,093)	1,048,337
Reacquisition of stock	-	-	-	-	(50)	-	-	(50)
Unrealized loss in marketable securities	-	-	-	(168,521)	-	-	-	(168,521)
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net income	-	-	-	27,389	-	-	-	27,389
Net loss								
-								
1997	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,139)	(10,139)
Balances at December 31, 1997	727,852	486,392	254,222	227,922	(24,200)	20,912	(68,232)	897,016
Unrealized loss in	-	-	-	(26,895)	-	-	-	(26,895)

marketable securities								
Impairment loss								
-								
mining claims	-	-	-	-	-	(233,705)	-	(233,705)
Net loss								
-								
1998	-	-	-	-	-	-	(125,684)	(125,684)
Comprehensive (loss)								(386,284)
Balances at December 31, 1998	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	201,027	(24,200)	(212,793)	(193,916)	510,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010**(audited), and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)*

	Common Stock		Accumulated		Treasury	Retained	Retained	
	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Stock	Earnings (Deficit)	Earnings Accumulated During Exploration Stage (1991 Through Dec. 31, 2009)	Total
Balances at December 31, 1998	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	201,027	(24,200)	(212,793)	(193,916)	510,732
Unrealized loss in marketable securities	-	-	-	(24,030)	-	-	-	(24,030)
Net income - 1999	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,050	37,050
Comprehensive income								13,020
Balances at December 31, 1999	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	176,997	(24,200)	(212,793)	(156,866)	523,752
Unrealized holding loss in marketable securities	-	-	-	(60,186)	-	-	-	(60,186)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	-	-	-	(47,100)	-	-	-	(47,100)
Reclassification adjustment for securities sold with gains previously included in other	-	-	-	(89,587)	-	-	-	(89,587)

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comprehensive income									
Net loss - 2000	-	-	-	-	-	-	(102,602)	(102,602)	
Comprehensive (loss)								(299,475)	
Balances at December 31, 2000	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	(19,876)	(24,200)	(212,793)	(259,468)	224,277	
Unrealized holding loss in marketable securities	-	-	-	(17,108)	-	-	-	(17,108)	
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net income	-	-	-	45,455	-	-	-	45,455	
Reclassification adjustment for Securities sold with gains previously included in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(26,778)	-	-	-	(26,778)	
Net loss - 2001	-	-	-	-	-	-	(145,648)	(145,648)	
Comprehensive (loss)								(144,079)	
Balances at December 31, 2001	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	(18,307)	(24,200)	(212,793)	(405,116)	80,198	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010,**(audited) and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)*

	Common Stock		Additional	Other	Treasury	Retained	Retained	
			Paid-in	Comprehensive	Stock	Earnings	Earnings	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income (Loss)	Stock	(Deficit)	Accumulated	Total
							During	
							Exploration	
							Stage (1991	
							Through Dec.	
							31, 2009)	
Balances at								
December 31, 2001	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	(18,307)	(24,200)	(212,793)	(405,116)	80,198
Unrealized loss								
in marketable								
securities	-	-	-	(2,994)	-	-	-	(2,994)
Reclassification								
adjustment for								
losses								
included in								
net income	-	-	-	13,298	-	-	-	13,298
Reclassification								
adjustment for								
securities								
sold with								
gains								
previously								
included in								
other								
comprehensive								
income	-	-	-	(14,294)	-	-	-	(14,294)
Net loss - 2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	(95,651)	(95,651)
Comprehensive								
(loss)								(99,641)
Balances at								
December 31, 2002	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	(22,297)	(24,200)	(212,793)	(500,767)	(19,443)
Reclassification								
adjustment for								
losses	-	-	-	34,335	-	-	-	34,335

included in net income Reclassification adjustment for securities sold with gains previously included in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(12,948)	-	-	-	(12,948)
Unrealized gain in marketable securities	-	-	-	4,830	-	-	-	4,830
Net loss - 2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	(95,473)	(95,473)
Comprehensive (loss)								(69,256)
Balances at December 31, 2003	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	3,920	(24,200)	(212,793)	(596,240)	(88,699)
Unrealized gain in marketable securities	-	-	-	14,187	-	-	-	14,187
Net loss - 2004	-	-	-	-	-	-	(111,424)	(111,424)
Comprehensive (loss)								(97,237)
Balances at December 31, 2004	9,727,852	486,392	254,222	18,107	(24,200)	(212,793)	(707,664)	(185,936)
Purchase 1,883,525 shares treasury stock	-	-	-	-	(376,705)	-	-	(376,705)
Stock options issued and expensed (150,000 shares)	-	-	16,380	-	-	-	-	16,380
Reclassification adjustment for securities sold with gains previously included in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(17,622)	-	-	-	(17,622)
Net income - 2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,856,493	1,856,493
Balances at December 31, 2005	9,727,852	486,392	270,602	485	(400,905)	(212,793)	1,148,829	1,292,610

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010,**(audited) and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)*

	Common Stock		Additional	Other	Treasury	Retained	Retained	
			Paid-in	Comprehensive	Stock	Earnings	Earnings	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income (Loss)		(Deficit)	Accumulated	Total
							During	
							Exploration	
							Stage (1991	
							Through Dec.	
							31, 2009)	
Balances at								
December 31,								
2005	9,727,852	486,392	270,602	485	(400,905)	(212,793)	1,148,829	1,292,610
Stock issued								
for accounts								
payable	225,000	11,250	18,000	-	-	-	-	29,250
Cancel								
1,883,525								
shares								
treasury stock	(1,883,525)	(94,176)	(8,835)	-	376,705	-	(273,694)	-
Stock options								
issued and								
expensed								
(360,000								
shares)	-	-	39,240	-	-	-	-	39,240
Net loss -								
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	(171,879)	(171,879)
Balances at								
December 31,								
2006	8,069,327	403,466	319,007	485	(24,200)	(212,793)	703,256	1,189,221
Stock issued								
for private								
placement	2,500,000	125,000	-	-	-	-	-	125,000
Stock issued								
for directors'								
fees	500,000	25,000	20,000	-	-	-	-	45,000
Stock issued								
for prepaid								
consulting								

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services	60,000	3,000	5,400	-	-	-	-	8,400
Stock options exercised	800,253	40,013	17,787	-	-	-	-	57,800
Anti-dilution expense on options exercised	-	-	60,534	-	-	-	-	60,534
Net loss - 2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	(392,709)	(392,709)
Balances at December 31, 2007	11,929,580	596,479	422,728	485	(24,200)	(212,793)	310,547	1,093,246
Reclassification adjustment for change in par value of common stock	-	(584,549)	584,549	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for private placement	2,775,000	2,775	519,225	-	-	-	-	522,000
Stock issued to acquire equipment from related party	60,000	60	11,790	-	-	-	-	11,850
Warrants issued for consulting services	-	-	23,200	-	-	-	-	23,200
Reclassification of other comprehensive income for permanent impairment of investment	-	-	-	(485)	-	-	-	(485)
Net loss - 2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,047,983)	(1,047,983)
Balances at December 31, 2008	14,764,580	14,765	1,561,492	-	(24,200)	(212,793)	(737,436)	601,828

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and**2010, (audited) and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011**(unaudited)*

Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Treasury	Retained	Retained	Total
Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Other		Earnings	Earnings	
		Capital	Comprehensive	Stock	(Deficit)	During Exploration	
			Income (Loss)			Stage (1991	
						Through Dec. 31,	
						2009)	
Balances							
at							
December							
31,							
2008	14,764,580	\$ 14,765	\$ 1,561,492	\$ -	\$(24,200)	\$(212,793)	\$ (737,436)
							\$ 601,828
Stock							
issued							
for							
private							
placements	75,000	375	74,625	-	-	-	-
							75,000
Stock							
issued							
for							
warrants							
exercised	3,120,000	3,120	431,630	-	-	-	-
							434,750
Stock							
issued							
for							
payment							
on							
note							
payable							
to							
related							
party	30,000	30	4,470	-	-	-	-
							4,500
Stock	5,000	5	1,495	-	-	-	-
							1,500
issued							
for							

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services								
Stock								
issued								
for								
services	5,000	5	995	-	-	-	-	1,000
Stock								
options								
exercised	283,889	284	15,266	-	-	-	-	15,550
Anti-dilution								
expense								
on								
options								
exercised	-	-	25,550	-	-	-	-	25,550
Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	(560,944)	(560,944)
loss								
-								
2009								
Balance	18,583,469	18,584	2,115,523	-	(24,200)	(212,793)	(1,298,380)	598,734
at								
December								
31,								
2009								
Stock	6,130,271	6,130	995,737	-	-	-	-	1,001,867
and								
warrants								
issued								
for								
private								
placement								
Allocation								
to								
warrant								
liability								
(Note								
5)	-	-	(995,737)	-	-	-	-	(995,737)
Stock								
and								
warrants								
issued								
for								
private								
placement	1,250,000	1,250	248,750	-	-	-	-	250,000
Allocation								
to								
warrant								
liability								
(Note								
5)	-	-	(145,316)	-	-	-	-	(145,316)
Stock	500,000	500	110,500	-	-	-	-	111,000
issued								

for services Stock issued to directors	450,000	450	76,050	-	-	-	-	76,500
Stock issued for deferred compensation	78,000	78	20,922	-	-	-	-	21,000
Warrants issued for deferred compensation-		-	(16,941)	-	-	-		(16,941)
Stock issued for warrants exercise	10,000	10	490	-	-	-	-	500
Beneficial conversion feature on related party note payable	-	-	42,666	-	-	-	-	42,666
Net loss								
-								
2010 Balances at December 31,							(1,651,522)	(1,651,522)
2010	\$	\$		\$	\$			\$
17,740	27,002	2,452,644	(24,200)	(212,793)	\$	(2,949,902)		(707,249)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***An Exploration Stage Company***Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)***For the years ended December 31, 2011 and**2010, (audited) and for**the period of Exploration Stage 1991 through December 31, 2011 (unaudited)*

Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Treasury	Retained	Retained	Total
Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Other		Earnings	Earnings Accumulated	
		Capital	Comprehensive	Stock	(Deficit)	During Exploration	
			Income (Loss)			Stage (1991	
						Through Dec. 31,	
						2009)	
Balances							
at							
December							
31,	\$			\$	\$		
2010	1,740	\$ 2,452,644		(24,200)	(212,793)	\$ (2,949,902)	\$ (707,249)
Stock							
and							
warrants							
issued							
for							
private							
placement	1,200	185,346	-	-	-	-	186,546
Allocation							
to							
warrant							
liability							
(Note							
6)		(185,346)					(185,346)
Stock							
and							
warrants							
issued							
for							
private							
placement	150	29,843	-	-	-	-	29,993
Stock	238	46,012	-	-	-	-	46,250
issued							
for							

services								
Stock								
issued								
for								
options								
exercised	128,309	128	(128)	-	-	-	-	
Stock								
options								
issued								
for								
services	-	-	566,695	-	-	-	-	566,695
Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	(298,398)	(298,398)
loss								
-								
2011								
Balance	28,718 \$	28,718	\$	-	\$	\$	\$	\$
at			3,095,066	(24,200)	(212,793)	(3,248,300)	(361,509)	
December								
31,								
2011								

1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Business Operations

Business Operations

Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. (Thunder Mountain or the Company) was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Idaho on November 9, 1935, under the name of Montgomery Mines, Inc. In April 1978, the Montgomery Mines Corporation was obtained by a group of the Thunder Mountain property holders and changed its name to Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc., with the primary goal to further develop their holdings in the Thunder Mountain Mining District, located in Valley County, Idaho. Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. takes its name from the Thunder Mountain Mining District, where its principal lode mining claims were located. For several years, the Company's activities were restricted to maintaining its property position and exploration activities. During 2005, the Company sold its holdings in the Thunder Mountain Mining District. During 2007, the Company acquired the South Mountain Mines property in southwest Idaho and initiated exploration activities on that property, which continue today.

Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company is an exploration stage company and has incurred losses since its inception and does not have sufficient cash at December 31, 2011 to fund normal operations for the next 12 months. The Company has no recurring source of revenue and its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise capital to fund its future exploration and working capital requirements. The Company's plans for the long-term return to and continuation as a going concern include financing the Company's future operations through sales of its common stock and/or debt and the eventual profitable exploitation of its mining properties. Additionally, the current capital markets and general economic conditions in the United States are significant obstacles to raising the required funds. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is currently investigating a number of alternatives for raising additional capital with potential investors, lessees and joint venture partners.

The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. If the going concern basis was not appropriate for these financial statements, adjustments would be necessary in the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the balance sheet classifications used.

Deferred Financing Costs

Costs associated with financing are deferred and charged to financing costs over the life of the related financing agreements. Remaining costs and the future period over which they would be charged to expense are reassessed when amendments to the related financing agreements or prepayments occur.

Exploration Stage Enterprise

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting and according to, Accounting for Development Stage Enterprises, as it devotes substantially all of its efforts to acquiring and exploring mining interests that will eventually provide sufficient net profits to sustain the Company's existence. Until such interests are engaged in commercial production, the Company will continue to prepare its financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with entities in the exploration stage.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Business Operations, continued:

Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated and any significant related party transactions have been disclosed.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions include the carrying value of properties and mineral claims, environmental remediation liabilities, deferred tax assets and the fair value of financial and derivative instruments. Management's estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform prior year's data to the current presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the results of reported operations or stockholders' equity (deficit).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash in banks and highly liquid short term investments with original maturities when acquired of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash was held in a Merrill Lynch money market fund on December 31, 2011, and is not covered by insurance of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Fair Value Measures

Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. ASC prioritizes the inputs into three levels that may be used to measure fair value:

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Level 1: Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

.

Level 2: Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Business Operations, continued:

Fair Value Measures, continued

Level 3: Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Our financial instruments consist principally of cash, a convertible note payable, conversion option liability and derivative warrant liabilities. The table below sets forth our assets and liabilities measured at fair value whether recurring or non-recurring and basis and the fair value calculation input hierarchy level that we have determined applies to each asset and liability category.

	Balance	Balance	Input
	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	Hierarchy level
Recurring:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,535	\$ 298,232	Level 1
Derivative warrant liabilities	\$ (510,893)	\$ (1,589,171)	Level 2
Conversion option liability	\$ (48,231)	-	Level 2
Nonrecurring:			
Convertible note payable	\$ 139,786	-	Level 1

There was no transfer of assets or liabilities between fair value levels during the year ended December 31, 2011 or 2010. For the conversion option liability and derivative warrant liabilities which are measured at fair value, the Company uses a Black-Scholes valuation model with inputs set forth in note 7 and 5 below, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight line depreciation method with useful lives of three to seven years. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. Costs of maintenance and repairs which do not improve or extend the life of the associated assets are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. When there is a disposition of property and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in net income.

Mining Properties and Claims

The Company capitalizes costs for acquiring mineral properties and expenses costs to maintain mineral rights and leases as incurred. Exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Should a property reach the production stage, these capitalized costs would be amortized using the units-of-production method on the basis of periodic estimates of ore reserves. Mineral properties are periodically assessed for impairment of value, and any subsequent losses are charged to operations at the time of impairment. If a property is abandoned or sold, its capitalized costs are charged to operations.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Business Operations, continued:

Reclamation and Remediation

The Company's operations have been, and are subject to, standards for mine reclamation that have been established by various governmental agencies. The Company would record the fair value of an asset retirement obligation as a liability in the period in which the Company incurred a legal obligation for the retirement of tangible long-lived assets. A corresponding asset would also be recorded and depreciated over the life of the asset. After the initial measurement of the asset retirement obligation, the liability is adjusted at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation.

Determination of any amounts recognized upon adoption is based upon numerous estimates and assumptions, including future retirement costs, future inflation rates and the credit-adjusted risk-free interest rates.

For non-operating properties, the Company accrues costs associated with environmental remediation obligations when it is probable that such costs will be incurred and they are reasonably estimable. Such costs are based on management's estimate of amounts expected to be incurred when the remediation work is performed.

Derivative Instruments

The Company has financing arrangements that consist of freestanding derivative instruments or are hybrid instruments that contained embedded derivative features. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), derivative instruments and hybrid instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities in

the Company's balance sheet and are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in earnings depending on the nature of the derivative or hybrid instruments. Embedded derivatives that are not clearly and closely related to the host contract are bifurcated and recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recognized as either a gain or loss in earnings if they can be reliably measured. When the fair value of embedded derivative features cannot be reliably measured, the Company measures and reports the entire hybrid instrument at fair value with changes in fair value recognized as either a gain or loss in earnings. The Company determines the fair value of derivative instruments and hybrid instruments based on available market data using appropriate valuation models, giving consideration to all of the rights and obligations of each instrument.

Income Taxes

The Company recognizes deferred income tax liabilities or assets at the end of each period using the tax rate expected to be in effect when the taxes are actually paid or recovered. A valuation allowance is recognized on deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company has evaluated all tax positions for open years and has concluded that it has no material unrecognized tax benefits.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company requires all share-based payments to employees and directors, including grants of employee stock options, be measured at fair value and expensed in the statement of operations over the vesting period. In addition to the recognition of expense in the financial statements, any excess tax benefits received upon exercise of options will be presented as a financing activity inflow rather than as an adjustment of operating activity as presented in prior years.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Business Operations, continued:

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

The Company is required to have dual presentation of basic earnings per share (EPS) and diluted EPS . Basic EPS is computed as net income divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus the effect of potentially dilutive common stock equivalents, including warrants to purchase the Company s common stock.

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, the remaining potentially dilutive common stock equivalents not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their effect would have been anti-dilutive are:

<u>For periods ended</u>	December 31, 2011	December 31 2010
Convertible related party note	1,283,186	-
Stock options	2,000,000	
Warrants	7,991,271	7,313,271
Total possible dilution	11,274,457	7,313,271

Accordingly, only basic EPS is presented.

Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the ASC guidance for fair value measurements was updated to require additional disclosures related to movements of assets among Levels 1 and 2 of the three-tier fair value hierarchy. Also, a reconciliation of purchases, sales, issuance, and settlements of anything valued with a Level 3 method is required. Disclosure regarding fair value measurements for each class of assets and liabilities will be required. The updated guidance was adopted by the Company in its quarter ended March 31, 2010, except for disclosures about the activity in Level 3 fair value measurements which were effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. Adoption of this updated guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On June 16, 2011 the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* (ASU 2011-05). This standard requires entities to present net income and other comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement or in two separate, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. The option to present items of other comprehensive income in the statement of change in equity is eliminated. As a result, the presentation of other comprehensive income will be broadly aligned with IFRS.

The new requirements are generally effective for public entities in fiscal years (including interim periods) beginning after December 15, 2011. Management does not believe ASU 2011-05 will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2.

Property, equipment and mining claims

The following is a summary of equipment and accumulated depreciation as December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	Expected		
	Useful Lives	2011	2010
	(years)		
South Mountain Mines property	-	\$ 357,497	\$ 357,497
Plant and equipment	5	94,185	94,185
Office equipment and furniture	5	17,389	17,389
Mining claims	-	86,080	59,930
Total		555,151	529,001
Less accumulated depreciation		(100,723)	(88,465)
Property, equipment and mining claims, net		\$ 454,428	\$ 440,536

3.

Income Taxes

At December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company had deferred tax assets which were fully reserved by valuation allowances due to the likelihood of expiration of these deferred tax benefits prior to the Company generating future taxable income sufficient to utilize the deferred tax benefits to reduce tax expense from those future periods. The deferred tax assets were calculated based on an expected blended future tax rate of 38% for federal and Idaho purposes. Following are the components of such assets and allowances at December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	2011	2010
Deferred tax assets arising from:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 1,465,000	\$ 934,000
Non-deductible share-based compensation	121,000	81,000
Exploration costs	74,000	61,000
	1,660,000	1,076,000
Less valuation allowance	(1,660,000)	(1,076,000)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has approximately \$3.8 million of federal and state net operating loss carryforwards that expire in 2028 through 2030. The Company had approximately \$7.9 million of charitable contribution carryforwards that expired in 2010 resulting in a decrease of \$2.7 million in deferred tax assets and related valuation allowance between 2009 and 2010.

The income tax benefit shown in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, differs from the federal statutory rate as follows:

	2011		2010	
Benefit at federal statutory rate	\$ 113,000	38%	\$ 628,000	38%
Permanent difference change in fair value of derivative liabilities	517,000	38%	3,000	38%
Permanent difference note discount amortization	(38,000)	-38%	-	
Permanent difference loss on common stock and warrants issued	(8,000)	-38%	(95,000)	-38%
Increase in valuation allowance	(584,000)	-196%	(536,000)	-32%
Total	-		-	

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3.

Income Taxes, continued

The Company has analyzed its filing positions in all jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns and found no positions that would require a liability for unrecognized income tax benefits to be recognized. The Company is subject to possible tax examinations for the years 2009 through 2011. The Company will deduct interest and penalties as interest expense on the financial statements.

4.

Stockholders' Equity

The Company's common stock is at \$0.001 par value with 200,000,000 shares authorized. The Company also has 5,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001. No preferred shares have been issued.

On September 24, 2010 (the "Closing Date") the Company completed a private placement offering for the sale of 6,130,271 Units with proceeds of \$1,001,867, which are net of \$188,349 in deferred financing costs. The subscription agreements were denominated in Canadian dollars (Cdn\$) at a price of Cdn \$0.20 per Unit. Each Unit was comprised of one share of the Company's common stock (a "Common Share") and one share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share of Company's common stock for a three year period at staggered prices as follows: CDN\$0.20 per share at any time until one year from the Closing Date; Cdn\$0.25 per share from one year until two years from the Closing Date; and Cdn\$0.30 per share from two years until three years from the Closing Date. If the Company's common stock trades at a closing price greater than Cdn\$0.50 per share for 20 consecutive trading days after six months from the Closing Date, the Company can accelerate the expiration of the Warrants by giving notice to the holders and in such case the Warrants will expire on the 30th day after the Company provides notice to the holders of the Warrants. The Company concluded that the warrants issued in the private placement and to Haywood Securities Inc., a Canadian broker dealer, meet the definition of a derivative instrument which requires that the derivative instrument be bifurcated and accounted for separately from the common equity

issued in the offering unit.

Management concluded that the warrants should be classified as a liability and recorded at fair value. The Company determined the fair value of the 6,130,271 warrants issued in the offering using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company determined the fair value of the warrants to be \$1,434,702 along with the \$6,130 par value of the common stock on the date the offering which exceeded the gross offering proceeds of \$1,190,216 by \$250,617. The amount by which the par value of the common stock and fair value of the warrants exceeded the offering proceeds issued in the placement represents an additional offering expense incurred in the placement and is recorded as a loss on common stock and warrants in the statement of operations.

In conjunction with the private placement, the Board approved the issuance of 78,000 units under the placement at Cdn\$.20 per Unit in full satisfaction of \$21,000 in deferred compensation owed to the Company's then Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Eric T. Jones. Each Unit was comprised of one share of the Company's common stock and one share purchase warrant. As the Company's functional currency is the U.S. Dollar and these warrants have an exercise price denoted in Canadian Dollars, derivative liability accounting is prescribed. Using the Black-Scholes option pricing model the Company recorded a liability related to the 78,000 warrants of \$16,941.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4.

Stockholders' Equity, continued:

On May 10, 2010, the Company issued 1.25 million Units at \$0.20 per Unit in a private placement for net proceeds of \$250,000. Each Unit consisted of one share of common stock and one Series A common stock purchase warrant. Each Series A warrant is exercisable at \$0.20 for one-half Series B common stock purchase warrant. Each whole Series B warrant would be exercisable into one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.75 per share. The warrants were callable by the Company in the event that the Company's stock trades above \$0.25 in the case of the Series A warrants, and above \$0.94 for the Series B warrants. The Company accounted for the warrants as a derivative liability based the full ratchet and anti dilution provisions contained in the Series B warrants. The Company allocated \$145,316 of the proceeds from the private placement as a long term warrant liability and recognized \$30,715 loss on the warrants at December 31, 2010, as a result of an increase in fair value between the placement date and the end of the quarter, and a gain of \$176,031 on the warrants for the year ended December 31, 2011. None of the warrants were exercised and expired November 10, 2011.

As consideration for a sponsorship agreement, Haywood Securities, Inc. was issued 200,000 shares of stock on January 6, 2010, that were valued at \$0.22 per share, the market price on the issue date for a total cost of \$44,000. This amount was expensed in management and administrative costs for Haywood Securities' sponsorship of the Company on the TSX-V Exchange.

During 2010, the Company recorded a long term asset for the deferred financing costs related to the offering of \$188,349. The deferred financing costs include listing and legal fees along with a finder's fee paid to Haywood Securities Inc. and Bolder Investment Partners, Ltd, both Canadian broker dealers, equal to 10% of the funds received as part of the offerings. The deferred financing costs are being amortized to the statement of operations over the life of the warrants using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest rate method. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized interest expense of \$62,783 and \$58,362 in amortization of deferred financings costs, respectively.

As authorized by Board Resolution on March 30, 2010, a total of 450,000 shares of common stock were issued to the Company's executive officers and directors. The issuance was for Board service in 2008 and 2009. The stock was valued based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the day of the awards and expense of \$76,500 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Company also issued 100,000 shares of common stock to outside consultants for services rendered and recorded \$17,000 in expense for the grant.

On July 30, 2010 the Company entered in to an agreement with Cameron & Associates to provide investor relation services to the Company. As part of the consideration for the agreement the Company issued Cameron 200,000 shares of stock on August 11, 2010, that were valued at \$0.25 per share, the market price on the date of issuance. The Company recognized \$50,000 in management & administrative cost related to the stock issuance. In addition to the shares issued to Cameron, the Company paid a monthly fee of \$5,000 through May 2011 to Cameron for services provided under the proposal plus all expenses incurred by Cameron.

On January 5, 2011, the Company issued approximately 128,000 shares of common stock to the R. Scott Barton 2005 Defined Contribution Plan for \$0 in cash pursuant to the cashless exercise provisions in options held. See note 5.

As approved by the Board on April 4, 2011, the Company issued 50,000 shares of Company common stock each to Bill Ross and Saf Dhillon in exchange for consulting services. The total value of the stock issued and related expense on that date was \$27,000.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4.

Stockholders' Equity, continued:

Beginning June 26, 2011 and continuing through September 30, 2011, the Company entered into stock subscription agreements with Life Media Group AG with a subscription price of Cdn\$0.17 per Unit for 1,200,000 Units and raising \$186,546. Each Unit is comprised of one share of common stock of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share of common stock of the Company at a price of Cdn\$0.20 per share for a two year period following closing at any time until the two year anniversary of the closing. The Company may require early exercise of the warrants in the event that the common shares trade at a weighted average price of Cdn\$0.25 for five consecutive trading days. As the Company's functional currency is the U.S. Dollar and these warrants have an exercise price denoted in Canadian Dollars, derivative liability accounting is prescribed. Using a Black-Scholes valuation, the Company recorded an initial liability related to the warrants of \$198,627.

On October 28, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to issue 108,000 share purchase warrants to Garry Miller in payment of finder's fees associated with a private placement. Each warrant is exercisable to purchase

one common share of the Company at Cdn\$0.20 per share for a period of two years from date of issue. As the Company's functional currency is the U.S. Dollar and these warrants have an exercise price denoted in Canadian Dollars, derivative liability accounting is prescribed. Using a Black-Scholes valuation, the Company

recorded a total liability related to the warrants of \$7,688.

Fair value of warrants was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which requires the use of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected volatility of the stock price, which may be difficult to estimate for small reporting companies traded on micro-cap stock exchanges. The fair value of each warrant grant was estimated on the grant date using the following weighted average assumptions:

	2011	2010
Risk-free interest rate	0.25% to .45%	0.29% to 1.02%
Expected dividend yield	--	--
Expected term	2 years	1 to 3 years
Expected volatility	206.7% to 228.7%	209.1% to 279.5%

The fair value of the warrants as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 was determined using a Black-Scholes valuation model with the following inputs:

	<u>December 31, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Stock price	\$0.10	\$0.30
Exercise price	\$0.19-\$0.26	\$0.20-\$1.15
Expected term	.84-1.82 yrs	0.75-2.33 yrs
Estimated volatility	218%-250%	209%-280%
Discount rate	0.12%-0.25%	0.29%-1.02%

The risk-free interest rates are based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve for maturities with similar terms at the time of the grant. The expected term of warrants granted is from the date of the grant. The expected volatility is based on historical volatility.

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****4.****Stockholders Equity, continued:**

Below is detail of the warrant derivative balance at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	2011	2010
Beginning balance	\$ 1,589,172	-
Initial fair value of warrant derivative	206,315	1,596.959
Revaluation of warrant derivative resulting		
From expiration of warrant	(43,315)	-
Net change in fair value of warrant derivative	(1,241,279)	(7,787)
Ending balance	\$ 510,893	\$ 1,589,172

As approved by the Board on November 28, 2011, the Company issued 100,000 shares of Company common stock to R. Llee Chapman in exchange for his services as acting Chief Financial Officer. The total fair value of the stock issued and related expense on that date was \$14,000 based on the stock price at the date of grant. Under that same resolution, the Board agreed to grant to Mr. Chapman 100,000 shares of stock per quarter during his tenure, payable every three months from the date of the resolution.

As approved by the Board on December 5, 2011, the Company issued 37,500 shares of Company common stock to Ron Guill in exchange for consulting services in 2010 related to the South Mountain Project. The total fair value of the stock issued and related expense on that date was \$5,250 based on the stock price at the date of grant.

The following is a summary of warrants as of December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Share Equivalent	Exercise Price	Expiration Date
---------------------	-------------------	-----------------

Warrants

Warrants:

Outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2009	15,000	\$ 0.05	August 20, 2011
Warrants exercised	(10,000)	\$ 0.05	August 20, 2011
			Three years from exercise of
Warrants issued May 10, 2010	625,000	0.20	Series A Warrant (1)
Warrants issued September 24, 2010	6,683,271	0.24	September 30, 2013
Total warrants outstanding at December 31, 2010	7,313,271	\$ 0.19	
Warrants issued June 26, 2011	1,000,000	0.20	June 26, 2013
Warrants expired August 20, 2011	(5,000)		
Warrants issued September 30, 2011	200,000	0.19	September 30, 2013
Warrants expired November 10, 2011	(625,000)		
Warrants issued October 28, 2011	108,000	0.20	October 28, 2013
Total warrants outstanding at December 31, 2011	7,991,271	\$ 0.23	

(1)

Each Series A Warrant is exercisable at \$0.20 for one-half a Series B Warrant; each whole Series B Warrant is exercisable for one share of common stock.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5.

Options

The Company has established a Stock Option Incentive Plan to authorize the granting of stock options up to 10 percent of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock (2,871,755 as of December 31, 2011) to employees, directors and consultants. Upon exercise of options, shares are issued from the available authorized shares of the Company. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Company's stock at the date of grant. The fair value of option awards granted during the year ended December 31, 2011 was estimated on the date of grant using the assumptions noted in the following table:

Stock price	\$0.19 - \$0.30
Exercise price	\$0.20 - \$0.27
Expected volatility	221.19% - 256.16%
Expected dividends	-
Expected term (in years)	3-5
Risk-free rate	1.45% - 1.68%
Expected forfeiture rate	-

The Company granted 2 million non-qualified stock options in August 2010 to certain officers, directors and outside consultants with an exercise price of \$0.27. Shareholder approval for the award was given on July 17, 2011, therefore that date is the grant date for purposes of fair value calculations. There was no vesting period for the options. Management valued the options as of the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model resulting in \$493,285 expense being recorded.

Total compensation cost charged against operations under the plan for employees was \$295,971 and none for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. These costs are classified under management and administrative expense. Total compensation cost charged against operations under the plan for directors and consultants was \$197,314 and none for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. These costs are

classified under Director's fees and professional services.

Pursuant to a consulting agreement with R. Scott Barter, the Company issued 250,000 nonqualified options to purchase common stock with an exercise price of \$0.20. Management has valued these options as of the date of issuance using a Black-Scholes valuation method resulting in \$73,410 compensation expense being recorded. These options were exercised during the year ended December 31, 2011 in a cashless manner resulting in the issuance of approximately 128,000 shares of common stock for \$0 in cash. As of December 31, 2011 no options remain outstanding under this agreement.

The following is a summary of the Company's options issued under the Stock Option Incentive Plan:

			Weighted Average Exercise Price
	Shares		
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	-	\$	-
Granted	2,250,000		0.26
Exercised	250,000		0.20
Expired	-		-
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	2,000,000	\$	0.27
Exercisable at December 31, 2011	2,000,000	\$	0.27
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the			
period ended December 31, 2011		\$	0.23

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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Options, continued:

The average remaining contractual term of the options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2011 was 4.54 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the twelve months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 was \$52,500 and none, respectively, based on the excess market value of the common stock over exercise price at the date of exercise.

On September 30, 2011 the Board approved, a grant of 1.775 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. This grant is subject to shareholder approval in accordance with the Company's SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.13. The option certificates will ultimately reflect the actual date of the shareholder approval.

6.

Commitments and Contingencies

On November 30, 2011, (Effective Date) Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc., entered into a mining lease with option to purchase with Richard C and Carol Ann Fox for the exclusive rights to conduct exploration, feasibility work, development, mining and processing of minerals on certain mining claims in Lemhi County, Idaho. The initial term is for thirty years and the lease grants successive, additional fifteen year terms so long as the Company is in compliance with the lease. The Company is obligated to pay advance minimum royalty payments, the first of which was in the amount of \$25,000 and was paid upon execution of the lease. Additional payments are due as

follows:

<u>Amount</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
\$ 25,000	On or before 120 days after the Effective Date
50,000	On or before the 1 st anniversary of the Effective Date
75,000	On or before the 2 nd anniversary of the Effective Date
100,000	On or before the 3 rd anniversary of the Effective Date
100,000	On or before the 4 th anniversary of the Effective Date and each anniversary date thereafter

All advance minimum royalties paid will be credited against any production royalties that accrue. If no minerals are produced from the premises, the Lessor has no obligation to refund the advance minimum royalties.

On March 21, 2011, the Company signed an exploration agreement with Newmont Mining Corporation on the Trout Creek Project that significantly expands the Trout Creek target area. Newmont's private mineral package added to the Project surrounds the Company's claim group and consists of about 9,565 acres within a thirty-square mile Area of Influence defined in the agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is responsible for conducting the exploration program and is obligated to expend a minimum of \$150,000 over the ensuing two years, with additional expenditures possible in future years. The Company has expended \$13,270 on this project through December 31, 2011.

7.

Related Party Transactions

Of the 6,130,271 Units issued in connection with the private placement that closed on September 24, 2010, 104,000 shares were issued to related parties.

In addition to related party transactions described in note 4, 78,000 units were issued to Eric T. Jones in full satisfaction of \$21,000 in deferred compensation owed to Mr. Jones by the Company, see note 4 - Stockholder's Equity for further discussion on the offering.

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

7.

Related Party Transactions, continued:

On March 31, 2010 the Board unanimously approved a resolution authorizing a bridge loan from E. James Collord, the Company's CEO and a director, and his wife Leta Mae Collord, Mr. Collord's wife, in the amount of \$50,000, and bearing an interest rate of 1% per month with the first payment due in thirty days. On May 12, 2010 the Board unanimously approved to increase the loan amount to \$65,000. On August 13, 2010, the Collords advanced the Company an additional \$25,000 under the bridge loan. The purpose of the bridge loan was to provide the Company operational capital to meet its day-to-day operational needs. These funds were repaid during the year ended December 31, 2010 with proceeds received from the September 2010 private placement.

The Collords had the option that any portion or the amount loaned could be converted to shares of Company common stock at the lower of the market price on the date of conversion, or \$0.15 per share. The price for the Company's common stock exceeded the \$0.15 conversion price stated in the loan on the days funds were advanced under the loan. Management determined that the favorable exercise price represents a beneficial conversion feature. Using the intrinsic value method at the loan dates, a total discount of \$42,666 was recognized on the loan. The discount was amortized over the loan term using the straight-line method, which approximated the effective interest method. The Company recorded \$42,666 in interest expense related to the amortization of the discount for the year ended December 31, 2010. The outstanding loan balance and accrued interest thereon was zero at December 31, 2010.

On March 30, 2010 the Board of Directors granted 450,000 shares of common stock to certain Executive Officers, Directors and outside consultants for services rendered in 2008 and 2009; see note 4 Stockholder's Equity for further discussion of the awards.

At various times throughout the year as approved under Board resolution dated July 11, 2011 (the Resolution), Mr. Collord, the Company's president and chief executive officer, made loans of various amounts to the Company totaling \$150,000 to fund the operational needs of the Company, \$5,000 of which has been repaid, leaving a discounted loan balance of \$139,786 as of December 31, 2011. The Resolution specifies a maturity date of January 7, 2012,

subsequently amended to May 31, 2012, and allows the conversion of any portion of the note at any time into shares of common stock at a price equal to the lower of the last private placement, or the previous 30-day rolling average of the closing price of the stock.

Management has determined that the conversion option requires separate valuation and bifurcation, and determined fair value using a Black-Scholes valuation model with inputs as per the following table. The initial fair value of the conversion options was \$123,031 and was separated from the debt host. At initial recording it was determined that one of the loans' conversion options had a fair value which exceeded the loan amount by \$17,945. The excess has been charged to the statement of operations as a financing expense. As specified under ASC 815, the conversion option derivative liability has been revalued to fair value as of December 31, 2011 using a Black-Scholes valuation model with inputs per the following table. As a result of this revaluation, a gain on change in the fair value of the conversion option derivative liability has been recorded on the statement of operations of \$74,800 for the period ended December 31, 2011.

Black-Scholes Inputs:

	<u>At inception</u>	<u>At December 31, 2011</u>
Market price	\$0.15 - \$0.35	\$0.10
Effective price	\$0.165	\$0.1148
Expected term (years)	0.164 0.534	0.2219
Estimated volatility	160%-387%	234.18%
Risk-Free interest rate	nil*	nil*
Expected dividend yield	-	-

* - due to short expected term of the instrument

Table of Contents**Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.***(An Exploration Stage Company)***Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****7.****Related Party Transactions, continued:**

Below is detail of the conversion option liability balance at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

		2011	2010
Beginning balance		\$ -	\$ -
	Initial fair value of conversion option liability	123,031	-
	Net change in fair value of conversion option liability	(74,800)	-
Ending balance		\$ 48,231	\$ -
Conversion options outstanding at year-end		1,268,591	-
	Year end weighted average per unit value	0.03802	-
Ending balance		\$ 48,231	\$ -

If the loans are not paid in full by the due date, the Company will deed the surface estate of the Tennessee patented mining claim, and transfer the title of a vehicle to the Collords. Interest accrues at the rate of one percent (1%) per month and the Company has incurred \$9,545 in interest expense related to the loans for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011.

8.**Subsequent Events**

On November 9, 2011, the Board of Directors ratified a Letter of Intent, dated November 7, 2011, by and among Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, Green River Energy Corporation, a Nevada Corporation (GREC) and the Hess Group, the Controlling Shareholder Group of GREC.

The Letter of Intent contemplates that the Company would acquire Green River in an all stock transaction with the following material terms:

.
the Hess Group, who beneficially owns or controls a majority of GREC, will assist the Company to complete a private placement offering to European investors for proceeds of \$1,000,000 prior to the completion of the Acquisition (the **Company Private Placement**). 150,000 shares at US\$.20 have been subscribed under this private placement as of December 31, 2011. Additionally, the Hess Group will pursue a private placement offering of Green River shares to European investors for proceeds of a minimum of \$4,000,000 (the **Green River Private Placement**),

.
the proceeds of the Green River Private Placement will be held in escrow pending completion of the Acquisition and available to the Company upon completion of the Acquisition,

.
the Company Private Placement and the Green River Private Placement would be completed by January 31, 2012,

.
completion of the Green River Private Placement would be a condition to the Company's completion of the Acquisition,

.
the Company will issue shares of the Company to the shareholders of Green River based on an exchange ratio that will result in pre-Acquisition shareholders of the Company owning 25% and shareholders of Green River owning 75% of the Company following completion of the Acquisition,

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Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

8.

Subsequent Events, continued:

the Company will change its name to Thunder Mountain Resources, Inc. upon completion of the Acquisition,

the Company will pursue both the exploration and development of the Company's existing mineral properties and the Green River oil and gas properties following completion of the Acquisition.

The Acquisition would be subject to receipt of all required approvals, including approval of the TSX Venture Exchange and the shareholders of the Company. Completion of the Acquisition will be subject to negotiation and execution of a definitive agreement with Green River and the Hess Group. The parties will work together to structure and complete the Acquisition in a manner that addresses applicable tax, corporate and securities laws. The Company anticipates that approval of its shareholders will be required should a definitive agreement be concluded, and that it would prepare and circulate to its shareholders a proxy circular that would be prepared in accordance with the requirements of both the Securities and Exchange Commission and the TSX Venture Exchange. The Acquisition will be subject to receipt of all required regulatory approvals, including approval of the TSX Venture Exchange and the shareholders of the Company.

If the Acquisition is completed, the new capital raised for the combined company is anticipated to be deployed both on the Company's existing mineral exploration work plans, and for direct investment to increase oil and gas production of Green River's properties in the Uinta Basin. Investment in the Uinta Basin would be focused on acquiring additional working interest in existing wells with the objective of providing increased cash flow to the Company. Mineral exploration is planned to advance the South Mountain, Idaho project toward feasibility and to initiate drilling at the Trout Creek gold project in Nevada, a joint venture with Newmont Mining Corporation.

On January 2, 2012, the Company entered into a subscription agreements with certain individual whereby the company will sell up to 4,000,000 units at US\$.12 per unit. Each unit consists of one share of common stock, and one-half warrant exercisable for 2 years at \$0.20. As of April 10, 2012, the Company had received subscriptions for 2,340,000 units for proceeds of \$280,800.

On April 11, 2012, the Company signed a non-binding Letter of Intent (LOI) with a private equity group in Boise, Idaho, to advance and develop the South Mountain project through a Joint Venture arrangement. The LOI was approved by the Company`s Board. Under the initial terms of the LOI, the private equity group will pay the Company an initial one-million dollars (\$1,000,000), and commit to spending up to an additional seventeen million dollars (\$17,000,000), in stages, to move the Company`s South Mountain Project through feasibility and into production. The final agreement has not yet been signed.

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ITEM 9 CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

During the year ended December 31, 2011, there were no changes in independent audit firms or consulting firms who provide accounting assistance.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, there were no disagreements between the Company and its independent certified public accountants concerning accounting and financial disclosure.

ITEM 9A - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

At the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision of, and with the participation of, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequately designed and effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its reports that it files or submits to the SEC under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in applicable rules and forms.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have also determined that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow for accurate required disclosure to be made on a timely basis.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external reporting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management evaluates the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control – Integrated Framework. Management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011 and concluded that it is ineffective in assuring that the financial reports of the Company are free from material errors or misstatements.

Management has identified two material weaknesses and is taking action to remedy and remove the weakness in its internal controls over financial reporting:

.

Lack of an independent board of directors, including an independent financial expert. In June 2008, the Company added one independent director, and subsequent to December 31, 2009, added another independent director, the latter of which has been designated the Company's independent financial expert. The current board of directors is evaluating expanding the board of directors to include additional independent directors. The current board is composed of seven members and may be expanded to as many as nine members as permitted under the Company's Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws.

.

Inappropriate Segregation of Duties, as the same Officer and Director was responsible for initiating and recording transactions, thereby creating segregation of duties weakness.

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Management's Remediation Initiatives.

Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks.

The Company clearly recognizes, and continues to recognize, the importance of implementing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting and is working to implement an effective system of controls. Management is currently evaluating avenues for mitigating our internal controls weaknesses, but mitigating controls that are practical and cost effective may not be found based on the size, structure, and future existence of our organization. Since the Company has not generated any significant revenues, the Company is limited in its options for remediation efforts. Management, within the confines of its budgetary resources, will engage its outside accounting firm to assist with an assessment of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011.

Changes in internal controls over financial reporting

During the quarter ended December 31, 2011, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Subsequent to the close of the quarter an additional independent director was added to help alleviate the material weakness identified above.

ITEM 9B - OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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PART III

ITEM 10 - DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This section sets forth certain information with respect to the Company's current directors and executive officers, as well as information about appointments subsequent to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

Directors and Executive Officers:

Name	Age	Office with the Company	Appointed to Office
Eric T. Jones	49	President, Chief Executive Officer, Director	Since 2006
Pete Parsley	50	Vice President, Director Exploration Manager	Since 1999
E. James Collord	64	Chief Operating Officer, Director	Since 1978
Dr. Robin S. McRae	69	Director	Since 1978
Edward D. Fields	72	Director	Since March 2006
Douglas J. Glaspey	57	Director	Since June 2008
R. Llee Chapman	53	Director, Chairman of Audit Committee	Since January 2010

Background and experience:

Eric T. Jones has over 20 years of varied mining, financial and entrepreneurial experience. He has held project management positions for Hecla Mining at their Yellow Pine Mine, Stibnite, Idaho, and Environmental Manager at their Rosebud Mine, Lovelock, Nevada. For Dakota Mining, Mr. Jones was General Mine Manager for the Stibnite, Idaho gold heap leach operation in central Idaho. He was also engaged as a manager of a successful Boise, Idaho-based private investment fund during the period 1997-2002. Due to Eric's varied business experience, in 2006 the Board appointed him to the position of Secretary/Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer. In February 2008 Eric went to work for Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. as Chief Financial Officer, and Vice President of Investor Relations. In 2011 Eric was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer..

E. James Collord has a MS degree in exploration geology from the Mackay School of Mines, University of Nevada, Reno (1980). He has been a mining professional for 37 years, employed in a variety of capacities, including mill construction superintendent, exploration geologist, mine construction and reclamation manager, and in environmental and lands management. During the period 1975 through 1997, Jim worked for Freeport Exploration where he worked with a successful exploration team that discovered several Nevada mines. Later in his Freeport career, he managed mining operations and lead permitting efforts. For the period 1997 through 2005, Jim was Environmental and Lands Superintendent at Cortez Gold Mines, a large Nevada mine that was a joint venture between Placer Dome and Kennecott Minerals. After retirement from Cortez, and until his employment by Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. in April 2007, he managed the Elko offices for environmental and hydrogeologic consulting groups. He is the grandson of Daniel C. McRae, the original locator of the gold prospects in the Thunder Mountain Gold Mining District in the early 1900s.

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R. Llee Chapman is Chief Financial Officer, and was appointed as Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee on January 28, 2010, subsequent to the close of 2009. He is the former Regional Vice President for Newmont Mining Corporation North America. His many years of mining experience also includes public company CFO level management in positions with Barrick Goldstrike Mines, Apollo Gold Inc., Knight Piesold & Co., Idaho General Mines (now General Moly). Mr. Chapman holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from Idaho State University, and is a licensed CPA in Idaho and Montana.

G. Peter Parsley has a Masters in Science degree in geology from the University of Idaho. He has been a mining professional since 1985 and has experience in gold exploration, mine development, construction, reclamation, and environmental compliance and permitting. He was associated with the Thunder Mountain Project starting in 1985 when he was project manager for the exploration program by USMX/Dakota Mining that defined the Dewey mineralization. After that, he served as President and Exploration Manager for Triumph Gold Corporation that had interests in the United States, China and South America. Mr. Parsley was appointed Vice President and Exploration Manager for Thunder Mountain Gold, Inc. on April 1, 2006, and was appointed as President of Thunder Mountain Resources in early 2007.

Dr. Robin S. McRae is a graduate of the Pacific College of Optometry and is a retired Boise optometrist. He is also the grandson of Daniel C. McRae, and is the son of Robert J. McRae, author of numerous geological reports concerning the Thunder Mountain Mining District. His knowledge of mining and related exploratory activities is derived from three generations of ownership of the Sunnyside group of claims that the Registrant previously owned.

Edward D. Fields is a professional mineral resource geologist with over 40 years of experience. He was Manager of Mineral Resources for Boise Cascade Corporation (1983-1999), and was responsible for the discovery of a significant underground gold resource in Washington State. He also worked for Kennecott Copper Company at their Ok Tedi Mine in Papua New Guinea and as Chief Geologist for the Duval Corporation at the Battle Mountain, Nevada copper-gold mine. Mr. Fields has a MS degree in geology from the University of Wyoming.

Douglas J. Glaspey is currently President and Chief Operating Officer of U.S. Geothermal, Inc. Mr. Glaspey has 29 years of operating and management experience with experience in production management, planning and directing resource exploration programs, preparing feasibility studies and environmental permitting. He formed and served as an executive officer of several private resources companies in the U.S., including Drumlummon Gold Mines Corporation and Black Diamond Corporation. He holds a BS degree in Mineral Processing and an Associate of Science in Engineering Science.

Directorships in reporting companies:

Doug Glaspey is the only directors of the Registrant that is a director of another corporation subject to the requirements of Section 12 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934.

Significant Employees:

Peter Parsley remained a full-time employee for the Company during 2011. Jim Collord commenced working for the Company in April 2007 when work on evaluation of South Mountain intensified. Eric T. Jones became an employee in February 2008. Both Jim Collord and Eric T. Jones voluntarily reduced their salaries to \$1 per month during the early part of 2011 until the financial strength of the Company improves.

Family Relationships:

Dr. Robin S. McRae is the cousin of E. James Collord, the President of the Registrant. Both are grandsons of the original locator of the Thunder Mountain Mining District, Valley County, Idaho.

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Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings:

None of the officers and directors of the Registrant have been involved in any bankruptcy, insolvency, or receivership proceedings as an individual or member of any partnership or corporation; none have ever been convicted in a criminal proceeding or is the subject of a criminal proceeding presently pending. None have been involved in proceedings concerning his ability to act as an investment advisor, underwriter, broker, or dealer in securities, or to act in a responsible capacity for an investment company, bank savings and loan association, or insurance company or limiting his activity in connection with the purchase and sale of any security or engaging in any type business practice. None have been enjoined from engaging in any activity in connection with any violation of federal or state securities laws nor been involved in a civil action regarding the violation of such laws.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance:

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires the Company's directors and executive officers and persons who beneficially owns more than ten percent of a registered class of the Company's equity securities to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of change in ownership of common stock and other equity securities of the Company. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent shareholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To our knowledge, no persons failed to file on a timely basis, the identified reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act during fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

Audit Committee:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the oversight and management of the Company. On January 28, 2010, an Audit Committee was designated from members of the Board and consists of R. Llee Chapman as Chairman, with Douglas Glaspey and Edward Fields as independent members of the committee. The Board of Directors has specified Mr. Chapman as its "financial expert".

Compensation Committee:

There is currently no Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Compensation of employees is reviewed and approved by the Board.

Code of Ethics:

The Board of Directors has formally adopted a Code of Ethics in 2010. This Code of Ethics is published on the Company's website.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers:

The Company's By-Laws address indemnification of Directors and Officers. Nevada law provides that Nevada corporations may include within their articles of incorporation provisions eliminating or limiting the personal liability of their directors and officers in shareholder actions brought to obtain damages for alleged breaches of fiduciary duties, as long as the alleged acts or omissions did not involve intentional misconduct, fraud, a knowing violation of law or payment of dividends in violation of the Nevada statutes. Nevada law also allows Nevada corporations to include in their Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws provisions to the effect that expenses of officers and directors incurred in defending a civil or criminal action must be paid by the corporation as they are incurred, subject to an undertaking on behalf of the officer or director that he or she will repay such expenses if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that such officer or director is not entitled to be indemnified by the corporation because such officer or director did not act in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation.

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The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that a director or officer is not personally liable to the Company or its shareholders for damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer, except for liability for: (i) acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law, or (ii) the payment of distributions in violation of Nevada Revised Statutes, §78.300. In addition, Nevada Revised Statutes §78.751 and Article VII of the Company's Bylaws, under certain circumstances, provide for the indemnification of the officers and directors of the Company against liabilities which they may incur in such capacities.

ITEM 11 - EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Pete Parsley continued his full-time position as Vice President and Exploration Manager during 2010 at a salary of \$105,000 per year from January to August 2010. In September his annual salary was increased to \$113,000 per year.

Jim Collord voluntarily reduced his salary to \$12,000 per year commencing in June 2008 which continued throughout 2009 to maximize financial resources available for exploration efforts. His salary was reinstated at rate of 60,000 per year from January to August 2010. In early 2011, Mr. Collord voluntarily reduced his salary to \$1/month until the finances of the Company improve.

Eric Jones commenced working for the Company in February 2008 at a 75% of a full-time rate of \$100,000 per year, or \$75,000 per year which was further reduced to a temporary rate of \$12,000 per year starting June 1, 2009 through September 30, 2009. His salary was returned to the 100% full-time rate of \$100,000 starting in October 2009. In September 2010 his salary was increased to \$110,000 per year. In early 2011, Mr. Jones also voluntarily reduced his salary to \$1/month until the finances of the Company improve.

As authorized by Board Resolution on March 30, 2010, a total of 550,000 shares of common stock were issued, of which 450,000 were issued to the Company's Executive Officers and Directors. The stock was valued based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the day of the awards. See Note 5 Stockholder's Equity for further discussion of the award.

On August 24, 2010 the Board approved, subject to Shareholder approval of its SIP, a grant of 2.0 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. The options have a strike price of \$0.27. The option certificates will reflect the actual date of the SIP by shareholders, which was July 17, 2011.

On September 30, 2011 the Board approved, a grant of 1.775 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. This grant is subject to shareholder approval in accordance with the Company's SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.13. The option certificates will ultimately reflect the actual date of the shareholder approval.

Table of Contents**Summary Compensation Table**

Compensation to directors also included reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses that are incurred in connection with the Directors' duties associated with the Company's business. There is currently no other compensation arrangements for the Company's Directors. The following table provides certain summary information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 concerning compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and three other highest paid executive officers, including the Directors of the Company:

Name & Position	Year	Change in							Total
		Salary	Bonus	Awards	Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan	Pension Value & Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation	All Other Compensation	
		(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)
Jim Collord,	2011	\$47,840	-	-	\$98,640	-	-	-	\$146,480
Vice President/COO	2010	\$76,668	-	\$17,000	-	-	-	-	\$93,668
Eric T. Jones,	2011	\$51,424	-	-	\$98,640	-	-	-	\$150,064
President & CEO	2010	\$103,335	-	\$17,000	-	-	-	-	\$120,335
Pete Parsley,	2011	\$108,295	-	-	\$98,640	-	-	-	\$206,935
V.P. & Director	2010	\$107,668	-	\$17,000	-	-	-	-	\$124,668
Doug Glaspey	2011	-	-	-	\$24,660	-	-	-	\$24,660
Director	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,500
				\$8,500					
Robin S. McRae,	2011	-	-	-	\$24,660	-	-	-	\$24,660
	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,500

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Director				\$8,500				
Edward Field,	2011	-	-	\$24,660	-	-	-	\$24,660
	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,500
Director				\$8,500				
R. Llee	2011	-	-	\$36,990	-	-	-	\$24,660
Chapman	2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,500

Director

There are no compensatory plans or arrangements for compensation of any Director in the event of his termination of office, resignation or retirement.

Exercise of Options:

There were no stock options exercised by executives or directors in 2011.

Long-term Incentives:

On July 17, 2011, the shareholders approved a Stock Incentive Plan (the "SIP"). The SIP will be administered by the Compensation Committee or Board of Directors and provides for the grant of stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, and incentive awards to eligible individuals including directors, executive officers and advisors that have furnished bona fide services to the Company not related to the sale of securities in a capital-raising transaction.

The SIP has a fixed maximum percentage of 10% of the Company's outstanding shares that are eligible for the plan pool, whereby the number of Shares under the SIP increase automatically with increases in the total number of shares. This "Evergreen" provision permits the reloading of shares that make up the available pool for the SIP, once the options granted have been exercised. The number of shares available for issuance under the SIP automatically increases as the total number of shares outstanding increase, including those shares issued upon exercise of options granted under the SIP, which become re-available for grant subsequent to exercise of option grants. The number of shares subject to the SIP and any outstanding awards under the SIP will be adjusted appropriately by the Board of Directors if the Company's common stock is affected through a reorganization, merger, consolidation, recapitalization, restructuring, reclassification, dividend (other than quarterly cash dividends) or other distribution, stock split, spin-off or sale of substantially all of the Company's assets.

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The SIP also has terms and limitations, including that the exercise price for stock options and stock appreciation rights granted under the SIP must equal the stock's fair market value, based on the closing price per share of common stock, at the time the stock option or stock appreciation right is granted. The SIP is also subject to other limitation including; a limited exception for certain stock options assumed in corporate transactions; stock options and stock appreciation rights granted under the SIP may not be re-priced without shareholder approval; stock-based awards under the SIP are subject to either three-year or one-year minimum vesting requirements, subject to exceptions for death, disability or termination of employment of an employee or upon a change of control; and shareholder approval is required for certain types of amendments to the SIP.

Employment Contracts:

At the end of 2011, there were three paid Company employees, Pete Parsley, Eric Jones and Jim Collord. They were employed per resolution of the Board and other than a monthly salary, plus normal burden, there are no other contractual understandings in the resolutions. Each is reimbursed for the use of personal office equipment and phones, and Jim and Eric are reimbursed for health insurance and related costs up to a set maximum amount. A salary service located in Elko, Nevada was used to pay employee's salary and ensuring all appropriate taxes and employment-related state insurance was collected and paid.

2011 Share-Based Payments:

The Thunder Mountain Gold Inc. shareholders granted 2 million options to officers, directors and outside consultants in July 2011. Since the shareholders approved the SIP, the Company will recognize stock compensation expense equal to the fair value of the options granted on the date of approval. No retirement benefit, bonus, stock option or other remuneration plans are in effect with respect to the Company's officers and directors.

On September 30, 2011 the Board approved, a grant of 1.775 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. This grant is subject to shareholder approval in accordance with the Company's SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.13. The option certificates will ultimately reflect the actual date of the shareholder approval.

Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment or Change of Control

We have no plans or arrangements in respect of remuneration received or that may be received by our executive officers to compensate such officers in the event of termination of employment (as a result of resignation or retirement) or change of control transaction.

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ITEM 12 - SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of shares of the Company's common stock as of December 31, 2011 by:

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the Company's named executive officers;

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the Company's directors at December 31, 2011;

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all of the Company's executive officers and directors as a group; and each person who is known to beneficially own more than 5% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class(1)
Name of Shareholder Directors and Executive Officers	Ownership	Percent of Class(1)
E. James Collord	1,703,200(2)(3)	5.9%
Eric T. Jones	1,978,577(2)	6.9%
G. Peter Parsley	581,962(2)	2.0%
Robin S. McRae	439,307(2)	1.5%
Edward Fields	142,393(2)	0.5%
Doug Glaspey	150,000(2)	0.5%
R. Llee Chapman	375,225(2)	1.3%
All current executive officers and directors as a group	5,459,664	19.0%
5% or greater shareholders		
None	-	-

- (1) Based on 28,717,549 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011.
- (2) Sole voting and investment power.
- (3) Includes 50,000 shares held in trust for Mr. Collord's son, Jerrett Collord.

As of December 31, 2011, the number of shares of common stock that can be sold by officers, directors, principal shareholders, and others pursuant to Rule 144 was 3,599,429. However, as a condition to our listing on the TSX-V in 2010, our officers and directors were required to deposit their common stock totaling 4,799,239 shares, into an escrow account with Computershare Investor Services, Inc. Those escrowed shares are subject to the TSX-V's Tier 1 escrow requirement. Those requirements provide for an 18 month escrow release mechanism with 25% of the escrowed securities being released on September 24, 2010 (the date our common shares commenced trading on the TSX-V), and 25% of the escrowed securities to be released every 6 months thereafter. No officer or director has requested release of any of their escrowed shares, and no current officer or director has ever sold any of their shares.

Changes in Control:

The Board of Directors is aware of no circumstances which may result in a change of control of the Company.

ITEM 13 - CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Transactions with Management and Others:

During the year ended December 31, 2011, we had the following transactions with related parties:

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At various times throughout the year as approved under Board resolution dated July 11, 2011 (the Resolution), Mr. Collord, the Company's president and chief executive officer, made loans of various amounts to the Company totaling \$150,000 to fund the operational needs of the Company, \$5,000 of which has been repaid, leaving a discounted loan balance of \$139,786 as of December 31, 2011. The Resolution specifies a maturity date of January 7, 2012, subsequently amended to May 31, 2012, and allows the conversion of any portion of the note at any time into shares of common stock at a price equal to the lower of the last private placement, or the previous 30-day rolling average of the closing price of the stock.

On July 17, 2011 the Company Shareholders approved of the Company SIP, and a grant of 2.0 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. The options have a strike price of \$0.27. The option certificates will reflect the actual date of the SIP by shareholders, which was July 17, 2011.

On September 30, 2011 the Board unanimously approved by Board Resolution, a grant of 1.775 million options under the SIP to Directors, Executive Officers and other non-employees consultants. This grant is subject to shareholder approval in accordance with the Company's SIP. The options have a strike price of \$0.13. The option certificates will ultimately reflect the actual date of the shareholder approval.

Certain Business Relationships:

There have been no unusual business relationships during the last fiscal year of the Registrant between the Registrant and affiliates as described in Item 404 (b) (1-6) of the Regulation S-K.

Indebtedness of Management:

No Director or executive officer or nominee for Director, or any member of the immediate family of such has been indebted to the Company during the past year.

Directors' Stock Purchases

Certain Directors of the Company purchased common stock in 2010. Mr. Jones participated in the private placement that closed on September 24, 2010, receiving a total of 130,000 units in the placement. Mr. Jones purchased 52,000 units at Cdn\$0.20 per unit, each unit consisting of one common share, and one warrant to purchase a share of common stock. Mr. Jones also received 78,000 units in full satisfaction of \$21,000 in deferred compensation owed by the Company to Mr. Jones at the date of the placement. Mr. Chapman also participated in the same private placement that closed on September 24, 2010, purchasing a total of 52,000 units at Cdn\$0.20 per unit, each unit consisting of one common share, and one warrant to purchase a share of common stock. Stock transactions for directors and officers were reported on Form 4 and are available on the SEC website.

Director Independence

Douglas Glaspey, and Edward Fields are independent non-employee members of the Board of Directors, as defined in FINRA Marketplace Rule 4200.

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The following table presents fees billed to the Company relating to the audit of the Financial Statements at December 31, 2011, as provided by DeCoria, Maichel and Teague, P.S. We expect that DeCoria, Maichel and Teague, P.S. will serve as our auditors for fiscal year 2011.

Year Ended	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Audit fees (1)	\$32,493	\$37,390
Audit-related fees (2)	-	-
Tax fees (3)	-	-
All other fees (4)	-	-
Total Fees	\$32,493	\$37,390

(1) Audit fees consist of fees billed for professional services provided in connection with the audit of the Company's financial statements, and assistance with reviews of documents filed with the SEC.

(2) Audit-related fees consist of assurance and related services that include, but are not limited to, internal control reviews, attest services not required by statute or regulation and consultation concerning financial accounting and reporting standards.

(3) Tax fees consist of the aggregate fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning. These services include preparation of

federal income tax returns.

(4) All other fees consist of fees billed for products and services other than the

services reported above.

The Company's Board of Directors reviewed the audit services rendered by DeCoria, Maichel and Teague, P.S. and concluded that such services were compatible with maintaining the auditors' independence. All audit, non-audit, tax services, and other services performed by the independent accountants are pre-approved by the Board of Directors to assure that such services do not impair the auditors' independence from the Company. The Company does not use DeCoria, Maichel and Teague, P.S. for financial information system design and implementation. We do not engage DeCoria, Maichel and Teague, P.S. to provide compliance outsourcing services.

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PART IV

ITEM 15 EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Documents filed as part of this report on Form 10-K or incorporated by reference:

(1)

Our financial statements can be found in Item 8 of this report.

(2)

Financial Statement Schedules (omitted because they are either not required, are not applicable, or the required information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements or related notes).

(3)

The following exhibits are filed with this Annual Report on Form 10-K or incorporated by reference:

EXHIBITS

**Exhibit
Number**

Description of Exhibits

3.1*	Articles of Incorporation of Montgomery Mines Inc, October 30, 1935
3.2*	Articles of Amendment, Montgomery Mines Inc., April 12, 1948
3.3*	Articles of Amendment, Montgomery Mines Inc., February 6, 1970
3.4*	Articles of Amendment, Montgomery Mines Inc., April 10, 1978
3.5*	Articles of Amendment, Thunder Mountain Gold, August 26, 1985
3.6*	Articles of Amendment, Thunder Mountain Gold, October 17, 1985
3.7*	Articles of Incorporation, Thunder Mountain Gold Inc. (Nevada), December 11, 2007
3.8*	Bylaws, Montgomery Mines Inc.
3.9*	Bylaws, Thunder Mountain Gold Inc. (Nevada)
10.1*	Agreement and Plan of Merger, Thunder Mountain Gold (Nevada)
22.1**	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
31.1**	

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- Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a)(Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002).
- 31.2** Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a)(Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002).
- 32.1** Certificate of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 32.2** Certificate of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 101*** The following financial information from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Balance Sheets, (ii) the Statements of Operations, (iii) Statement of Changes in Stockholders Equity, (iv) the Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Financial Statements

* Previously filed as an exhibit to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 16, 2008, SEC File No. 001-08429.

** Filed herewith.

*** In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL information in Exhibit 101 to this annual report on Form 10-K shall not be deemed to be filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 143 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf of the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

THUNDER MOUNTAIN GOLD, INC.

/s/ Eric T. Jones

By _____

Eric T. Jones

President and CEO

Date: April 16, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934 this report signed below by the following person on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities on the date indicated.

/s/ E. James Collord

By _____

E. James Collord

Vice President and COO

Date: April 16, 2012