ARES CAPITAL CORP Form 497 December 13, 2006

QuickLinks -- Click here to rapidly navigate through this document

Subject to Completion
Preliminary Prospectus Supplement dated December 13, 2006

The information in this prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with and declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. This prospectus supplement is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Filed pursuant to Rule 497 Registration No. 333-134077

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (To Prospectus dated June 23, 2006)

2,600,000 Shares

Common Stock

Ares Capital Corporation is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland that is regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. We were founded in April 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity investments, in private middle market companies.

We are managed by Ares Capital Management LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, an independent Los Angeles based firm that currently manages investment funds that have approximately \$11.7 billion of committed capital. Ares Technical Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Our common stock is quoted on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "ARCC." On December 11, 2006, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Select Market was \$19.31 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 15 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus concisely provide important information you should know before investing in our common stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before you invest and keep both for future reference. Our Internet address is

http://www.arescapitalcorporation.com. We make available free of charge on our website our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. The SEC also maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Per Share Total

Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount (sales load)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to Ares Capital Corporation(1)	\$	\$
(1)		
Before deducting expenses payable by us related to this offering, estimated at \$		
The underwriter may also purchase up to an additional 390,000 shares from us at the public offer	ring price less the unde	rwriting
discounts, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement to cover overallotments. If the under		
total public offering price will be \$, the total underwriting discount (sales load) paid by		, and
the total proceeds, before expenses, will be \$,
Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has appro-	ved or disapproved of th	nese securities
or determined if this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are truthful or complete. A		
criminal offense.	-,	
The shares will be ready for delivery on or about , 2006.		
, 2000.		
M		
Merrill Lynch & Co.		
The date of this prospectus supplement is , 2006		

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus supplement or such prospectus, as applicable. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

Prospectus Supplement TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Forward-Looking Statements	S-1
The Company	S-2
Fees and Expenses	S-5
Recent Developments	S-8
Selected Financial and Other Data	S-9
Use of Proceeds	S-12
Price Range of Common Stock	S-13
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	S-14
Capitalization	S-24
Underwriting	S-25
Legal Matters	S-27
Financial Statements	S-28

Prospectus TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Prospectus Summary	1
The Company	1
Offerings	8
Fees and Expenses	10
Selected Financial and Other Data	13
Risk Factors	15
Forward-Looking Statements	32
Use of Proceeds	33
Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions	34
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	36
Senior Securities	51
Business	52
Portfolio Companies	64
Management	69
Certain Relationships	87
Control Persons and Principal Stockholders	88
Determination of Net Asset Value	90
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	91
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations	92
Description of our Stock	100
Regulation	107
Custodian, Transfer and Dividend Paying Agent and Registrar	114
Brokerage Allocation and Other Practices	114
Plan of Distribution	115
Legal Matters	116
Independent Registered Public Accountants	116
Available Information	116
Financial Statements	F-1

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;

the impact of investments that we expect to make;

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;

the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;

the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;

our expected financings and investments;

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies; and

the ability of Ares Capital Management to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments.

We use words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus on information available to us on the respective dates of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed or in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

You should understand that under Section 27A(b)(2)(B) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E(b)(2)(B) of the Exchange Act, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 do not apply to statements made in connection with this offering.

THE COMPANY

This summary highlights some of the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Except where the context suggests otherwise, the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" and "Ares Capital" refer to Ares Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries; "Ares Capital Management," "investment adviser" or "Investment Adviser" refers to Ares Capital Management LLC; "Ares Administration" refers to Ares Technical Administration LLC; and "Ares" refers to Ares Partners Management Company LLC and its affiliated companies, including Ares Management LLC.

Ares Capital

Ares Capital is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company, regulated as a business development company, or a "BDC," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the "1940 Act." We were founded in April 2004, completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004 and completed three additional equity offerings in March 2005, October 2005 and July 2006. Ares Capital's investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We primarily invest in U.S. middle market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive.

We primarily invest in first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. In some cases, we may also receive warrants or options in connection with our debt instruments. Our investments have generally ranged between \$10 million and \$50 million each, although the investment sizes may be more or less than the targeted range and are expected to grow with our capital availability. We also, to a lesser extent, make equity investments in private middle market companies. These investments have generally been less than \$10 million each but may grow with our capital availability and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make to these companies. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In this prospectus supplement, we generally use the term "middle market" to refer to companies with annual EBITDA between \$5 million and \$50 million. EBITDA represents net income before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.

The first and second lien senior loans generally have stated terms of three to ten years and the mezzanine debt investments generally have stated terms of up to ten years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, there is no limit on the maturity or duration of any security in our portfolio. The debt that we invest in typically is not initially rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). We may invest without limit in debt of any rating, including securities that have not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage Ares' current investment platform, resources and existing relationships with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investments. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares' senior principals have worked together for many years

and have substantial experience in investing in senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity. The Company has access to the Ares staff of approximately 66 investment professionals and to the 50 administrative professionals employed by Ares who provide assistance in accounting, legal, compliance and investor relations.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of private companies, we also may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments. Such investments may include investments in high-yield bonds, debt and equity securities in collateralized debt obligation vehicles and distressed debt or equity securities of public companies. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt that is non-investment grade. As part of this 30% of the portfolio, we may also invest in debt of middle market companies located outside of the United States, which investments are not anticipated to be in excess of 10% of the portfolio at the time such investments are made.

About Ares

Ares is an independent firm with approximately \$11.7 billion of total committed capital and over 150 employees. Ares was founded in 1997 by a group of highly experienced investment professionals.

Ares specializes in originating and managing assets in both the leveraged finance and private equity markets. Ares' leveraged finance activities include the acquisition and management of senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine and special situation investments. Ares' private equity activities focus on providing flexible, junior capital to middle market companies. Ares has the ability to invest across a capital structure, from senior secured floating rate debt to common equity.

Ares is comprised of the following groups:

Capital Markets Group. The Ares Capital Markets Group currently manages a variety of funds and investment vehicles that have approximately \$7.2 billion of total committed capital, focusing primarily on syndicated senior secured loans, high yield bonds, distressed debt, other liquid fixed income investments and other publicly traded debt securities.

Private Debt Group. The Ares Private Debt Group manages the assets of Ares Capital. The Private Debt Group focuses primarily on non-syndicated first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt.

Private Equity Group. The Ares Private Equity Group manages the Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund L.P. and the Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund II, L.P. (collectively referred to as "ACOF"), which together have approximately \$2.8 billion of total committed capital. ACOF generally makes private equity investments in companies in amounts substantially larger than the private equity investments anticipated to be made by Ares Capital. The Private Equity Group generally focuses on control-oriented equity investments in under-capitalized companies or companies with capital structure issues.

Ares' senior principals have been working together as a group for many years and have an average of over 20 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, investment banking and capital markets. They are backed by a large team of highly-disciplined professionals. Ares' rigorous investment approach is based upon an intensive, independent financial analysis, with a focus on preservation of capital, diversification and active portfolio management. These fundamentals underlie Ares' investment strategy and have resulted in large pension funds, banks, insurance companies, endowments and high net worth individuals investing in Ares funds.

Ares Capital Management

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by a dedicated origination and transaction development team of 19 investment professionals, including our President, Michael J. Arougheti, which team is augmented by Ares' additional investment professionals, primarily its 30 member Capital Markets Group. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has 5 members, including Mr. Arougheti and 4 founding members of Ares. In addition, Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' entire investment platform and benefits from the Ares investment professionals' significant capital markets, trading and research expertise developed through Ares industry analysts. Ares funds have made investments in over 1,000 companies in over 30 different industries and currently hold over 450 investments in over 30 different industries.

Our Corporate Information

Our administrative offices are located at 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, California, 90067, telephone number (310) 201-4200, and our executive offices are located at 280 Park Avenue, 22nd Floor, Building East, New York, New York 10017, telephone number (212) 750-7300.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "Ares Capital," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in Ares Capital.

Stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price):	
Sales load paid by us	3.70%(1)
Offering expenses borne by us	0.57%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	None(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses paid by us	4.27%
Estimated annual expenses (as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock)(4):	
Management fees	2.14%(5)
Incentive fees payable under investment advisory and management agreement (20% of realized capital gains and 20% of	
pre-incentive fee net investment income, subject to certain limitations)	2.30%(6)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	1.93%(7)
Other expenses	0.72%(8)
Total annual expenses (estimated)	7.09%(9)

- (1)

 The underwriting discount or commissions with respect to the shares sold in this offering, which is a one-time fee, is the only sales load paid in connection with this offering.
- (2) Amount reflects estimated offering expenses of approximately \$286,725 and based on the 2,600,000 shares offered in this offering.
- (3) The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4) "Consolidated net assets attributable to common stock" equals net asset value at September 30, 2006 plus the anticipated net proceeds from this offering.
- Our management fee is 1.5% of our total assets other than cash and cash equivalents (which includes assets purchased with borrowed amounts). For the purposes of this table, we have assumed that we maintain no cash or cash equivalents. The 2.14% reflected on the table is calculated on our net assets (rather than our total assets). See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- We expect to use the net proceeds of this offering to repay outstanding indebtedness under our Revolving Credit Facility (\$126 million outstanding as of December 11, 2006). This item represents an estimate of our incentive fees based on annualizing actual amounts earned on our pre-incentive fee net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and assumes that incentive fees earned at the end of the 2006 calendar year will be based on the actual realized capital gains as of September 30, 2006, computed net of realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. It also assumes that this fee will remain constant although it is based on our performance and will not be paid unless we achieve certain goals. In addition, we may realize additional capital gains or losses, or suffer additional unrealized capital depreciation in the fourth quarter that could result in an increase or decrease of the capital gains portion of the incentive fee payable to our investment adviser.

The incentive fee consists of two parts:

The first part, payable quarterly in arrears, equals 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income (including interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash), subject to a 2.00% quarterly (8% annualized) hurdle rate and a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. Under this provision, in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser receives no incentive fee until our net investment income equals the hurdle rate of 2.00% but then receives, as a "catch-up," 100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.50%. The effect of this provision is that, if pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser will receive 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply.

The second part, payable annually in arrears for each calendar year ending on or after December 31, 2004, equals 20% of our realized capital gains on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of the year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fees.

We will defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) is less than 8% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases.

See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

- "Interest payments on borrowed funds" represents an estimate of our annualized interest expenses based on actual interest and credit facility expense incurred and amortization of debt issuance cost for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the average borrowings were \$211.9 million and cash paid for interest expense was \$5.9 million. We had outstanding borrowings of \$366 million at September 30, 2006. The estimate is based on our assumption that our borrowings and interest costs after an offering will remain similar to those prior to such offering. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on, among other things, our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. See "Risk Factors We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us" in the accompanying prospectus.
- Includes our overhead expenses, including payments under the administration agreement based on our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Administration in performing its obligations under the administration agreement. Such expenses are based on annualized other expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. See "Management Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus. The holders of shares of our common stock (and not the holders of our debt securities or preferred stock, if any) indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.
- "Total annual expenses" as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock are higher than the total annual expenses percentage would be for a company that is not leveraged. We borrow money to leverage our net assets and increase our total assets. The SEC requires that the "Total annual expenses" percentage be calculated as a percentage of net assets, rather than the total assets, including assets that have been funded with borrowed monies. If the "Total annual expenses" percentage were calculated instead as a percentage of consolidated total assets, our "Total annual expenses" would be 4.98% of consolidated total assets.

Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage, that none of our assets are cash or cash equivalents, and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above.

	1 ye	ear	3 3	years	5	years	10	years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual								
return(1)	\$	90	\$	184	\$	278	\$	515

The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. The expenses you would pay, based on a \$1,000 investment and assuming a 5% annual return resulting entirely from net realized capital gains (and therefore subject to the capital gain incentive fee), and otherwise making the same assumptions in the example above, would be: 1 year, \$99; 3 years, \$212; 5 years, \$323; and 10 years, \$596. However, cash payment of the capital incentive fee would be deferred if during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date the payment set forth in the example is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) was less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases).

The foregoing table is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The incentive fee under the investment advisory and management agreement, which, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses, and returns to our investors, would be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan who have not otherwise elected to receive cash will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the dividend. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Investment Activity

As of September 30, 2006, the year to date net realized capital gains on our investments were approximately \$26 million, for which we currently estimate we will owe taxes of approximately \$4.4 million. Gross originations during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 were \$273.7 million. During the same quarter, we realized certain investments, bringing net investments for the quarter to \$154.5 million. In addition, during the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we made commitments in excess of our final investments and syndicated a portion of these commitments to third parties. As a result of this activity, during the same quarter, we generated in excess of \$1.1 million of structuring fee income.

As of December 11, 2006, in addition to the \$145.7 million of investments that we have made since September 30, 2006, we have outstanding commitments to fund an aggregate of approximately \$195 million of investments. We expect to syndicate a portion of these commitments to third parties. In addition, we have a pipeline of approximately \$250 million. The consummation of any of the investments in this backlog and pipeline depends upon, among other things, one or more of the following: satisfactory completion of our due diligence investigation of the prospective portfolio company, our acceptance of the terms and structure of such investment, the execution and delivery of satisfactory documentation and the receipt of any necessary consents. We cannot assure you that we will make any of these investments.

Dividends

On November 7, 2006, our board of directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.40 per share and an additional dividend of \$0.10 per share, payable on December 29, 2006 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on December 15, 2006. The shares sold in this offering will not be entitled to receive either the \$0.40 quarterly dividend or the \$0.10 additional dividend, which dividends are payable on December 29, 2006.

S-8

SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The following selected financial and other data for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 and the year ended December 31, 2005, are derived from our consolidated financial statements that have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included within the accompanying prospectus. The selected financial and other data for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and other quarterly financial information is derived from our unaudited financial statements, but in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary to present fairly the results of such interim periods. Interim results at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006. The data should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the accompanying prospectus.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 Year Ended December 31, 2005 and Period June 23, 2004 (inception) Through December 31, 2004

Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations Operations \$ 48,676,835 \$ 25,988,053 \$ 41,851,076 \$ Per Share Data:	ion) gh 31, 2004
Gain on Investments 10,364,410 10,445,811 14,727,276 Total Expenses (39,272,954) (11,417,954) (14,726,677) Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations Per Share Data: Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations: 1.19 1.33 1.78 1.78 Diluted: \$ 1.19 1.33 1.78 \$	4,380,848
Total Expenses (39,272,954) (11,417,954) (14,726,677) Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Per Share Data: Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations: 1.19 1.33 1.78 Diluted: \$ 1.19 1.33 1.78	
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations Operations \$ 48,676,835 \$ 25,988,053 \$ 41,851,076 \$ Per Share Data:	475,393
Equity Resulting from Operations \$ 48,676,835 \$ 25,988,053 \$ 41,851,076 \$ Per Share Data: Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations: Basic: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$ Diluted: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$	(1,665,753)
Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations: Basic: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$ Diluted: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$	3,190,488
Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations: Basic: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$ Diluted: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$	
Diluted: \$ 1.19 \$ 1.33 \$ 1.78 \$	
	0.29
	0.29
Cash Dividend Declared: \$ 1.14 \$ 0.96 \$ 1.30 \$	0.30
Total Assets \$ 1,122,556,065 \$ 444,927,588 \$ 613,645,144 \$ 22	20,455,614
Total Debt \$ 366,000,000 \$ 82,000,000 \$ 18,000,000 \$	55,500,000
Total Stockholders' Equity \$ 739,268,870 \$ 353,109,493 \$ 569,612,199 \$ 15	9,708,305
Other Data:	
Number of Portfolio	
Companies at Period End 56 30 38	20
Principal Amount of Investments Purchased(1) \$ 738,828,000 \$ 333,160,000 \$ 504,299,000 \$ 23	34,102,000
Principal Amount of Investments Sold and	94,102,000
	52,272,000
Total Return Based on Market Value(3) 15.49% (11.27)% (10.60)%	31.53%
Total Return Based on Net Asset Value(4) 7.89% 8.97% 12.04%	(1.80)%
Weighted Average Yield of Income Producing Equity Securities and Debt(5): 12.27% 11.28% 11.25%	12.36%

⁽¹⁾ The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 includes \$140.8 million of the assets purchased from Royal Bank of Canada and excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.

For the Period

⁽²⁾The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.

(3)

Total return based on market value for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 equals the increase of the ending market value at September 30, 2006 or \$17.42 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07, plus the declared dividend of \$0.40 per share for holders of record on September 15, 2006, the declared dividend of \$0.38 per share for holders of record on June 15, 2006 and the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the market value at December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 equals the decrease of the ending market value at September 30, 2005 or \$16.28 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43, plus the declared dividend of \$0.34 per share for holders of record on September 16, 2005, the

S-10

declared dividend of \$0.32 per share for holders of record on June 30, 2005 and the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share for holders of record on March 7, 2005, divided by the market value at December 31, 2004. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share over the offering price of \$15.00 per share plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the offering price. Total return based on market value is not annualized. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

- (4) Total return based on net asset value for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.40 per share for holders of record on September 15, 2006, the declared dividend of \$0.38 per share for holders of record on June 15, 2006 and the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the beginning net asset value during the period. The calculation was adjusted for shares issued in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan and the issuance of common stock in connection with an add-on offering. Total return based on net asset value for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.34 per share for holders of record on September 16, 2005, the declared dividend of \$0.32 per share for holders of record on June 30, 2005 and the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share for holders of record on March 7, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value during the period. The calculation was adjusted for shares issued in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, the issuance of common stock in connection with an add-on offering and the reimbursement of underwriting costs paid by the Investment Adviser. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value is not annualized. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- Weighted average yield on income producing equity securities and debt is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value.

SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (Unaudited)

		2006		2005								2004	
	Q3	Q2	Q1		Q4		Q3		Q2		Q1		Q4(1)
Total investment income Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain on investments and incentive	\$ 31,831,794	\$ 30,489,751	\$ 20,191,305	\$	14,890,281	\$	11,607,989	\$	9,601,615	\$	5,750,592	\$	4,380,848
compensation	\$ 21,792,136	16,233,294	14,614,419		11,071,081		8,887,631		7,567,053		3,800,113		3,009,749
Incentive compensation Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain on	\$ 4,464,141	6,940,399	2,922,884		(510,478)		2,643,353		1,798,919		270,284		95,471
investments	\$ 17,327,995	\$ 9,292,895	\$ 11,691,535	\$	11,581,559	\$	6,244,278	\$	5,768,134	\$	3,529,829	\$	2,914,278
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments Net increase in stockholders' equity	\$ 813,127	\$ 7,399,785	\$ 2,151,498	\$	4,281,465	\$	3,637,612	\$	1,834,122	\$	4,974,077	\$	475,393
resulting from operations	\$ 18,141,122	\$ 16,692,680	\$ 13,843,033	\$	15,863,024	\$	9,881,890	\$	7,602,256	\$	8,503,906	\$	3,389,671
Basic and diluted earnings per common share Net asset value per share as	\$ 0.39	0.44 \$	0.36		0.45		0.42		0.33		0.69		0.34
of the end of the quarter	\$ 15.06	\$ 15.10	\$ 15.03	\$	15.03	\$	15.08	\$	14.97	\$	14.96	\$	14.43

(1)

The Company was initially funded on June 23, 2004 (inception) but had no significant operations until the fourth quarter of 2004. The sole activity for the second and third quarters of 2004 was the incurrence of \$199,183 in organizational expenses.

S-11

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from the sale of 2,600,000 shares of our common stock in this offering will be approximately \$48.1 million (or approximately \$55.3 million if the underwriter fully exercises its overallotment option), in each case assuming a public offering price of \$19.31 per share, after deducting the underwriting discount of approximately \$1.9 million (or approximately \$2.1 million if the underwriter fully exercises its overallotment option) payable by us and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$0.3 million payable by us. The amount of net proceeds may be more or less than the amount described in this prospectus supplement depending on the public offering price of the common stock and the actual number of shares of common stock we will sell in the offering, both of which will be determined at pricing.

We expect to use approximately all of the net proceeds of this offering to repay outstanding indebtedness under our Revolving Credit Facility. We expect such repayment will occur within 5 business days after the closing of this offering. The interest charged on the indebtedness incurred under the Revolving Credit Facility is based on LIBOR (one, two, three or six months) plus 1.00%, generally. As of December 11, 2006, the one, two, three and six month LIBOR were 5.35%, 5.35%, 5.36% and 5.36%, respectively. The Revolving Credit Facility expires on December 28, 2010. We intend to use any remaining net proceeds for general corporate purposes.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is quoted on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "ARCC." We completed our initial public offering in October 2004 at the price of \$15.00 per share. Prior to such date there was no public market for our common stock. Our common stock continues to trade in excess of net asset value. There can be no assurance, however, that our shares will continue to trade at a premium to our net asset value.

The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing prices of our common stock as reported on The NASDAQ Global Select Market and the dividends declared by us for each fiscal quarter since our initial public offering. The stock quotations are interdealer quotations and do not include markups, markdowns or commissions and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

				Price Range Premium/ Discount of High Sales Price to NAV		Premium/ Discount of			
	N	AV(1)				Low	Sales Price to	Low Sales Price to NAV	Cash Dividend Per Share(2)
Fiscal 2004									
Fourth quarter	\$	14.43	\$	19.75	\$	15.00	136.9%	104.1% 5	0.30
Fiscal 2005									
First quarter	\$	14.96	\$	18.74	\$	15.57	125.3%	104.0% 5	0.30
Second quarter	\$	14.97	\$	18.14	\$	15.96	121.2%	106.6% \$	0.32
Third quarter	\$	15.08	\$	19.25	\$	16.18	127.7%	107.3% \$	0.34
Fourth quarter	\$	15.03	\$	16.73	\$	15.08	111.3%	100.3% \$	0.34
Fiscal 2006									
First quarter	\$	15.03	\$	17.97	\$	16.23	119.6%	108.0% 5	0.36
Second quarter	\$	15.10	\$	17.50	\$	16.36	115.9%	108.3% \$	0.38
Third quarter	\$	15.06	\$	17.51	\$	15.67	116.3%	104.1% 5	0.40
Fourth quarter (through December 11, 2006)	\$	*	\$	19.31	\$	17.39	*	* 5	0.50(3)

- (1)

 Net asset value per share is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the net asset value per share on the date of the high and low closing sales prices. The net asset values shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.
- (2) Represents the dividend declared in the specified quarter.
- (3) Includes an additional cash dividend of \$0.10 per share.
 - Net asset value has not yet been calculated for this period.

On December 11, 2006, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Select Market was \$19.31 per share.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.

OVERVIEW

We are a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland that is regulated as a business development company under the 1940 Act. We were founded on April 16, 2004, were initially funded on June 23, 2004 and on October 8, 2004 completed our initial public offering (the "IPO").

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity investments in private U.S. middle market companies.

We are externally managed by Ares Capital Management LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, an independent Los Angeles based firm that manages investment funds. Ares Technical Administration LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in "qualifying assets," including securities of private U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less.

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. Pursuant to these elections, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders.

PORTFOLIO AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, we issued 13 new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$273.7 million (\$204.0 million to new portfolio companies and \$69.7 million to existing portfolio companies) where the average commitment amount was approximately \$21.1 million and the weighted average commitment terms were approximately 73 months, compared to six new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$180.1 million (\$166.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$13.5 million to existing portfolio companies) where the average commitment amount was approximately \$30.0 million and the weighted average commitment terms were approximately 67 months for the three months ended September 30, 2005. During the three months ended September 30, 2006, we funded \$260.1 million of such commitments (\$196.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$63.5 million to existing portfolio companies) compared to \$166.1 million of commitments (\$152.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$13.5 million to existing portfolio companies) for the three months ended September 30, 2005. Also during the three months ended September 30, 2006, we had \$119.2 million in exits and repayments of commitments of \$154.5 million for the period. For the three months ended September 30, 2005, we had \$45.2 million in exits and repayments of commitments resulting in net commitments of \$120.9 million for the period. We have remaining contractual obligations for \$13.6 million with respect to commitments funded as of September 30, 2006. The weighted average yield of new income producing equity securities and debt funded in connection with investments purchased during the three months

ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005 was approximately 11.81% and 10.55%, respectively (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we issued 42 new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$745.6 million (\$591.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$154.0 million to existing portfolio companies) where the average commitment amount was approximately \$17.8 million and the weighted average commitment terms were approximately 68 months, compared to 20 new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$352.3 million (\$329.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$22.7 million to existing portfolio companies) where the average commitment amount was approximately \$17.6 million and the weighted average commitment terms were approximately 76 months for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we funded \$698.2 million of such commitments (\$543.2 million to new portfolio companies and \$155.0 million to existing portfolio companies) compared to \$333.2 million of commitments (\$310.5 million to new portfolio companies and \$22.7 million to existing portfolio companies) for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. Also during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we had \$256.7 million in exits and repayments of commitments resulting in net commitments of \$488.9 million for the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, we had \$91.9 million in exits and repayments of commitments resulting in net commitments of \$260.4 million for the period. The weighted average yield of new income producing equity securities and debt funded in connection with investments purchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005 was approximately 11.97% and 10.29%, respectively (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value).

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company purchased (A) \$192.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$76.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (C) \$20.2 million of investments in equity securities. For the three months ended September 30, 2005, the Company purchased (1) \$78.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (2) \$32.5 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt, and (3) \$54.8 million of investments in equity securities.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company purchased (A) \$495.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$179.7 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (C) \$63.3 million of investments in equity securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company purchased (1) \$196.9 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (2) \$58.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt, (3) \$60.3 million of investments in equity securities, and (4) \$18.0 million aggregate principal amount of collateralized debt obligations and senior notes.

During the three months ended September 30, 2006, (A) \$83.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (B) \$15.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt was redeemed. Additionally, (i) \$19.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (ii) \$17.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (iii) \$590,000 of investments in equity securities were sold. As of September 30, 2006, the Company held investments in 56 portfolio companies as compared to 38 portfolio companies as of December 31, 2005. During the three months ended September 30, 2005, (1) \$1.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (2) \$19.9 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt was redeemed. Additionally, (a) \$14.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes, (b) \$10.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (c) \$200,000 of investments in equity securities were sold.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, (A) \$132.2 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$33.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (C) \$9.0 million collateralized debt obligations were redeemed. Additionally, (i) \$25.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (ii) \$17.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (iii) \$64.0 million of investments in equity securities were sold. During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, (1) \$35.7 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (2) \$27.2 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt was redeemed. Additionally, (a) \$14.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes, (b) \$13.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (c) \$3.5 million of investments in equity securities were sold.

The Investment Adviser employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, we grade all loans on a scale of 1 to 4 no less frequently than quarterly. This system is intended to reflect the performance of the borrower's business, the collateral coverage of the loans and other factors considered relevant. Under this system, loans with a grade of 4 involve the least amount of risk in our portfolio. The borrower is performing above expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable. Loans graded 3 involve a level of risk that is similar to the risk at the time of origination. The borrower is performing as expected and the risk factors are neutral to favorable. All new loans are initially graded 3. Loans graded 2 involve a borrower performing below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased materially since origination. The borrower is generally out of compliance with debt covenants, however, loan payments are generally not more than 120 days past due. For loans graded 2, we increase procedures to monitor the borrower. A loan grade of 1 indicates that the borrower is performing materially below expectations and that the loan risk has substantially increased since origination. Most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. Loans graded 1 are not anticipated to be repaid in full. We believe that as of September 30, 2006, the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio was 3.0. The weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio as of December 31, 2005 was 3.1. Following is a distribution of the grades of our portfolio companies as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

	 September 30,	2006	December 31,	, 2005
	Fair Value	Number of Companies	Fair Value	Number of Companies
Grade 1	\$ 1,000,000	1	\$	
Grade 2	33,595,521	2	29,789,133	2
Grade 3	943,842,629	49	463,428,666	32
Grade 4	54,549,138	4	92,750,576	4
	\$ 1,032,987,288	56	\$ 585,968,375	38

As of September 30, 2006, the weighted average yield of the debt and income producing equity securities in our portfolio was approximately 12.27% (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt, divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value). As of September 30, 2006, the weighted average yield on our entire portfolio was 11.36%. The weighted average yield on our senior term debt, senior subordinated debt and income producing equity securities was 11.55%, 14.06% and 10.54%, respectively. Of the senior term debt, the weighted average yield attributable to first lien senior term debt and second lien senior term debt was 11.32% and 11.91%, respectively.

As of December 31, 2005, the weighted average yield of the debt and income producing equity securities in our portfolio was approximately 11.25% (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on

accruing debt, divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value). As of December 31, 2005, the weighted average yield on our entire portfolio was 10.88%. The weighted average yield on our senior term debt, senior subordinated debt and income producing equity securities was 10.56%, 14.71% and 8.82%, respectively. Of the senior term debt, the weighted average yield attributable to first lien senior term debt and second lien senior term debt was 9.38% and 11.49%, respectively.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005

Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005 are as follows:

	 For the Th Ended Sep		For the Ni Ended Sep	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Total Investment Income	\$ 31,831,794	\$ 11,607,989	\$ 82,512,850	\$ 26,960,196
Total Expenses	14,756,843	5,363,711	39,272,954	11,417,954
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes	17,074,951	6,244,278	43,239,896	15,542,242
Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax	(253,044)		4,927,471	
Net Investment Income	17,327,995	6,244,278	38,312,425	15,542,242
Net Realized Gain	1,611,935	3,188,703	26,102,809	10,343,115
Net Unrealized Gain	(798,808)	448,909	(15,738,399)	102,696
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting From Operations	\$ 18,141,122	\$ 9,881,890	\$ 48,676,835	\$ 25,988,053

Investment Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, total investment income increased \$20.2 million, or 174%, over the three months ended September 30, 2006, total investment income consisted of \$26.5 million in interest income from investments, \$121,000 in dividend income, \$4.1 million in capital structuring service fees, \$179,000 in other income and \$939,000 in interest income from cash and cash equivalents. Interest income from investments increased \$17.0 million, or 177%, to \$26.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$9.6 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest income from investments was primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. The average investments, at fair value, for the quarter increased from \$361.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005 to \$926.8 million in the comparable period in 2006. Capital structuring service fees increased \$2.4 million, or 146%, to \$4.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$1.7 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in capital structuring service fees was primarily due to the increased number of originations. The number of commitments increased from six during the three months ended September 30, 2005 to 13 during the comparable period in 2006.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, total investment income increased \$55.6 million, or 206%, over the nine months ended September 30, 2005. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, total investment income consisted of \$67.5 million in interest income from investments, \$11.7 million in capital structuring service fees, \$633,000 in other income and \$1.4 million in interest income from cash and cash equivalents. Interest income from investments increased \$46.0 million, or 214%, to \$67.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$21.5 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest income from investments was primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. The average investments, at fair value, for the

period increased from \$273.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005 to \$794.2 million in the comparable period in 2006. Capital structuring service fees increased \$8.2 million, or 238%, to \$11.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$3.5 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in capital structuring service fees was primarily due to the increased number of originations. The number of commitments increased from 20 during the nine months ended September 30, 2005 to 42 during the comparable period in 2006.

Expenses

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, total expenses increased \$9.4 million, or 175%, over the three months ended September 30, 2005. Base management fees increased \$2.3 million, or 165%, to \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$1.4 million for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. Incentive fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income increased \$2.6 million, or 145%, to \$4.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$1.8 million for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio and the related increase in net investment income. Incentive fees related to realized gains decreased \$760,000, or 88%, to \$106,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$866,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to lower net realized gains and higher gross unrealized depreciation recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2005. Net realized gains decreased from \$3.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2005 to \$1.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2006. Gross unrealized depreciation increased from \$120,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2005 to \$2.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2006. Interest expense and credit facility fees increased \$4.1 million, or 1,318%, to \$4.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$310,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the significant increase in the borrowings outstanding. The average outstanding borrowings during the three months ended September 30, 2005 was \$7.9 million compared to average outstanding borrowings of \$291.1 million in the comparable period in 2006. Amortization of debt issuance costs increased \$413,000, or 487%, to \$498,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$85,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the additional debt issuance costs capitalized during the end of 2005 as a result of entering into a senior secured revolving credit facility ("the Revolving Credit Facility") and increasing the borrowing capacity of our revolving credit facility ("the CP Funding Facility") entered into through our wholly owned subsidiary, Ares Capital CP Funding LLC, and also the additional debt issuance costs capitalized during the three months ended September 30, 2006 related to the Debt Securitization (as defined below).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, total expenses increased \$27.9 million, or 244%, over the nine months ended September 30, 2005. Base management fees increased \$6.1 million, or 189%, to \$9.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$3.2 million for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. Incentive fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income increased \$8.7 million, or 329%, to \$11.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$2.6 million for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio and the related increase in net investment income. Incentive fees related to realized gains increased \$898,000, or 44%, to \$3.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$2.1 million for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to higher net realized gains recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2005. Interest expense and credit facility fees increased \$9.3 million, or 1,247%, to \$10.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$749,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the significant increase in the borrowings outstanding. The average outstanding borrowings during the nine months ended September 30, 2005 were \$21.6 million compared to average outstanding borrowings of \$211.9 million in the comparable period in 2006. Amortization of debt issuance costs increased \$1.1 million, or 509%, to \$1.3 million for

S-18

the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$216,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the additional debt issuance costs capitalized during the end of 2005 as a result of entering into the Revolving Credit Facility and increasing the borrowing capacity of the CP Funding Facility, and also the additional debt issuance costs capitalized during the three months ended September 30, 2006 related to the Debt Securitization.

Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax

The Company has qualified and elected and intends to continue to qualify and elect for the tax treatment applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as amended, and, among other things, has made and intends to continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders which will relieve the Company from Federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. To the extent that the Company determines that its estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions, the Company accrues excise tax, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, a benefit or provision of approximately \$(253,000) and \$571,000, respectively, was recorded for Federal excise tax.

Our wholly owned subsidiaries ARCC Cervantes Corporation ("ACC") and ARCC Cervantes LLC ("ACLLC") are subject to Federal and state income taxes. For the three months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded no tax provision for these subsidiaries. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded a tax provision of approximately \$4.4 million for these subsidiaries.

Net Unrealized Gain/Loss on Investments

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company's investments had a decrease in net unrealized gain/loss of \$798,000 which was comprised of \$1.8 million in unrealized appreciation, \$2.3 million in unrealized depreciation and \$373,000 relating to the reversal of prior period unrealized net depreciation. The most significant changes in net unrealized depreciation were unrealized depreciation of \$2.3 million for the investment in Berkline/Benchcraft Holdings LLC ("Berkline"), offset by the unrealized appreciation in Universal Trailer Corporation ("Universal") of \$1.5 million.

For the three months ended September 30, 2005, the Company's investments had an increase in net unrealized gain/loss of \$449,000 which was comprised of \$100,000 in unrealized appreciation, \$120,000 in unrealized depreciation and \$469,000 relating to the reversal of prior period unrealized depreciation. The reversal of the prior period unrealized depreciation was primarily due to the reversal of the depreciation of \$1.2 million for the investment in Esselte, Inc. ("Esselte") offset by the reversal of the appreciation of \$739,000 for the investment in Mechanical Dynamics and Analysis, Inc. ("MDA"), which were both realized during the period.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company's investments had a decrease in net unrealized gain/loss of \$15.7 million, which was comprised of \$6.8 million in unrealized appreciation, \$8.4 million in unrealized depreciation and \$14.2 million relating to the reversal of prior period unrealized appreciation/depreciation. The reversal of the prior period unrealized appreciation was primarily related to the reversal of the appreciation of \$13.3 million for the investment in CICQ, LP ("CICQ"), which was realized during the period. The most significant changes in unrealized appreciation for the period were the unrealized appreciation of \$4.0 million for CICQ, \$1.5 million for Universal and \$1.0 million for Varel Holdings, Inc. The most significant changes in unrealized depreciation for the period were unrealized depreciation of \$6.0 million for Berkline and \$2.4 million for Making Memories Wholesale, Inc.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company's investments had an increase in net unrealized appreciation of \$103,000, which was comprised of \$5.7 million in unrealized appreciation, \$1.3 million in unrealized depreciation and \$4.3 million relating to the reversal of prior period appreciation. The most significant changes in unrealized appreciation and depreciation were unrealized appreciation of \$4.8 million for Reef Holdings, Inc. ("Reef"), unrealized appreciation of \$739,000 for MDA and unrealized depreciation of \$934,000 for Esselte. The reversal of the prior period appreciation was primarily due to the reversal of the appreciation of \$4.8 million for the investment in Reef.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company had \$136.5 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$1.6 million of net realized gains. Net realized gains were comprised of \$1.6 million of gross realized gains and no gross realized losses. The most significant realized gains during the three months ended September 30, 2006 were as a result of the repayments of the investments in OnCURE Medical Corp. ("OnCURE"), Singer Sewing Company ("Singer"), WCA Waste Systems, Inc. and Extensity of \$452,000, \$443,000, \$250,000 and \$200,000, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2005, the Company had \$48.4 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$3.2 million of net realized gains. Net realized gains were comprised of \$3.3 million of gross realized gains and \$78,000 of gross realized losses. The most significant realized gains during the period were as a result of the sales of the investments in Esselte and MDA of \$2.4 million and \$654,000, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company had \$306.9 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$26.1 million of net realized gains. Net realized gains were comprised of \$26.1 million of gross realized gains and \$50,000 of gross realized losses. The most significant realized gains during the period were as a result of the sales of the investments in CICQ and United Site Services, Inc. of \$18.6 million and \$4.7 million, respectively, and the repayments of the investments in MINCS-Glace Bay, Ltd., OnCURE and Singer of \$483,000, \$452,000 and \$443,000, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company had \$104.1 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$10.3 million of net realized gains. Net realized gains were comprised of \$10.5 million of gross realized gains and \$144,000 of gross realized losses. The most significant realized gains during the period were as a result of the sales of the investments in Reef, Billing Concepts, Inc., Esselte and MDA of \$4.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$2.4 million and \$654,000, respectively.

Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting From Operations

Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 was approximately \$18.1 million and \$48.7 million, respectively. Based on the weighted average shares outstanding during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, our net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per common share was \$0.39 and \$1.19, respectively.

Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 was approximately \$9.9 million and \$26.0 million, respectively. Based on the weighted average shares outstanding during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, our net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per common share was \$0.42 and \$1.33, respectively.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's liquidity and capital resources were generated primarily from the remaining net proceeds of its initial public offering and subsequent add-on public offerings, the Debt Securitization (as defined below), advances from the CP Funding Facility and the Revolving Credit Facility, as well as

S-20

cash flows from operations. We received approximately \$156.4 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs (net of \$2.5 million in underwriting costs originally paid by the Investment Adviser and subsequently reimbursed by the Company in 2006) from our October 8, 2004 initial public offering, approximately \$183.9 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs from our March 23, 2005 add-on public offering, \$213.5 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs from our October 18, 2005 add-on public offering and \$162.0 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs from our July 18, 2006 add-on public offering. As of September 30, 2006, total market capitalization for the Company was \$855.2 million compared to \$609.2 million as of December 31, 2005.

On July 7, 2006, through our newly formed, wholly owned Delaware subsidiary, ARCC CLO 2006 LLC ("ARCC CLO"), we completed a \$400.0 million debt securitization (the "Debt Securitization") where approximately \$314.0 million principal amount of asset-backed notes (including \$50.0 million revolving notes that were not drawn down as of September 30, 2006) (the "CLO Notes") were issued to third parties and secured by a pool of middle market loans that have been purchased or originated by the Company. We retained approximately \$86.0 million of certain BBB and non-rated securities in the debt securitization. The blended pricing of the CLO Notes, excluding fees, is approximately 3-month LIBOR plus 34 basis points. The Debt Securitization is an on-balance-sheet financing for the Company. As of September 30, 2006, there is \$264.0 million in outstanding notes. The CLO Notes mature on December 20, 2019.

A portion of the proceeds from our public offerings and the Debt Securitization were used to repay outstanding indebtedness under the CP Funding Facility and the Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining unused portion of the proceeds from our public offerings was used to fund investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objectives and strategies.

The weighted average interest rate and weighted average maturity of all our outstanding borrowings as of September 30, 2006 were 6.44% and 10.4 years, respectively. As of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the fair value of investments and cash and cash equivalents, and the outstanding borrowings under the Debt Securitization, CP Funding Facility and the Revolving Credit Facility were as follows:

	September 30, 2006			ecember 31, 2005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,610,129	\$	16,613,334
Senior term debt		659,218,764		338,467,061
Senior notes		10,000,000		10,000,000
Senior subordinated debt		278,590,942		130,042,698
Collateralized debt obligations		7,343,166		17,386,561
Equity securities		77,834,416		90,072,055
Total	\$	1,100,597,417	\$	602,581,709
	_		_	
Outstanding borrowings	\$	366,000,000	\$	18,000,000

The available amount for borrowing under the CP Funding Facility is \$350.0 million (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for more detail of the CP Funding Facility arrangement). As of September 30, 2006, there was \$15.0 million outstanding under the CP Funding Facility. The CP Funding Facility expires on October 31, 2007 unless extended prior to such date with the consent of the lenders. The available amount for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is \$250 million (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for more detail of the Revolving Credit Facility arrangement). As of September 30, 2006, there was \$87.0 million outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility expires on December 28, 2010.

For the nine months ending September 30, 2006, average total assets was \$856.3 million. The ratio of total debt outstanding to stockholders' equity as of September 30, 2006 was 0.50:1.00 compared to 0.03:1.00 as of December 31, 2005.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of September 30, 2006, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$90.6 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of September 30, 2006, \$50.2 million was unfunded. Included within the \$90.6 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.8 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of certain portfolio companies. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio companies were to default on their related payment obligations. As of September 30, 2006, the Company had \$2.7 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio companies, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability. Of these letters of credit, \$2.2 million expire on September 30, 2007 and \$500,000 expire on July 31, 2007. These letters of credit may be extended under substantially similar terms for additional one-year terms at the Company's option until the revolving line of credit, under which the letters of credit were issued, matures on September 30, 2011.

As of September 30, 2006, the Company was subject to a subscription agreement to fund up to \$10.0 million of equity commitments in a private equity investment partnership. As of September 30, 2006, \$202,000 was funded to this partnership.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$43.0 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of December 31, 2005, \$28.8 million was unfunded. Included within the \$43.0 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.2 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of a portfolio company. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio company was to default on its related payment obligations. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had \$2.2 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio company, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and the valuations of our investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk

As of September 30, 2006, approximately 38% of the investments at fair value in our portfolio were at fixed rates while approximately 54% were at variable rates. In addition, the Debt Securitization, the CP Funding Facility and the Revolving Credit Facility all feature variable rates.

To illustrate the potential impact of changes in interest rates, we have performed the following analysis based on our September 30, 2006 balance sheet and assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure. Under this analysis, a 100 basis point increase in the various base rates would result in an increase in interest income of approximately \$6,704,465 and an increase in interest expense of \$3,660,000 over the next 12 months. A 100 basis point decrease in the various base rates would result in a decrease in interest income of approximately \$6,704,465 and a decrease in interest expense of \$3,660,000 over the next 12 months.

On January 7, 2005, we entered into a costless collar agreement in order to manage the exposure to changing interest rates related to the Company's fixed rate investments. The costless collar agreement was for a notional amount of \$20 million, has a cap of 6.5%, a floor of 2.72% and matures in 2008. The costless collar agreement allows us to receive an interest payment when the 3-month LIBOR exceeds 6.5% and obligates us to pay an interest payment when the 3-month LIBOR is less

than 2.72%. The costless collar resets quarterly based on the 3-month LIBOR. As of September 30, 2006, the 3-month LIBOR was 5.37%. As of September 30, 2006, these derivatives had no fair value.

While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Portfolio Valuation

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market price is not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors based on the input of our management and audit committee. In addition, the board of directors currently receives input from independent valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of the board to value each portfolio security at least once during a trailing 12 month period. The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, with approximately a quarter of our portfolio companies subject to valuation by the independent valuation firm each quarter. The types of factors that the board may take into account in fair value pricing of our investments include, as relevant, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded securities and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our private equity valuation. Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth (1) our actual capitalization at September 30, 2006 and (2) our capitalization as adjusted to reflect the effects of the sale of our common stock in this offering (assuming no exercise of the underwriter's overallotment option) at an assumed public offering price of \$19.31 per share, after deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses payable by us. The adjusted information below is illustrative only and our capitalization following the completion of the offering is subject to adjustment based on the actual public offering price of our common stock and the actual number of shares we sell in the offering, both of which will be determined at pricing. You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and our balance sheet included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.

	As of September 30, 2006					
		Actual	I	As Adjusted(2)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,610,129	\$	68,486,233		
Debt Debt	\$	366,000,000		318,000,000(1)		
Stockholders' Equity	·	, ,		, , ,		
Common stock, par value \$.001 per share, 100,000,000 common shares authorized, 49,091,195 and 51,839,357 common shares issued and outstanding, respectively	\$	49,092	\$	51,739		
Capital in excess of par value	·	727,920,560	·	776,794,017		
Accumulated net realized gain on sale of investments		22,421,107		22,421,107		
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments		(11,121,889)		(11,121,889)		
Total stockholders' equity	\$	739,268,870	\$	788,144,974		
Total capitalization	\$	1,105,268,870	\$	1,106,144,974		

- (1)

 Proceeds from the sale of our common stock in this offering will be used to pay down outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.
- Includes the effect of our transfer agent notifying us on December 13, 2006 that the total number of outstanding shares on September 30, 2006 was 49,139,357 shares instead of the 49,091,195 shares previously reported to us as outstanding by the transfer agent. The difference in shares resulted from the issuance of additional shares under our Dividend Reinvestment Plan on September 29, 2006, resulting in a reimbursement of \$814,452 that the Company had previously advanced to the transfer agent to pay such dividends in cash.

UNDERWRITING

We intend to offer the shares through Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated. Subject to the terms and conditions described in a purchase agreement among us and the underwriter, we have agreed to sell to the underwriter, and the underwriter has agreed to purchase from us,

shares of our common stock.

The underwriter has agreed that it must purchase all of the shares sold under the purchase agreement if it purchases any of them. However, the underwriter is not required to take or pay for the shares covered by the underwriter's overallotment option described below.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriter against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriter may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriter is offering the shares, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by it, subject to approval of legal matters by its counsel, including the validity of the shares, and other conditions contained in the purchase agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriter of officer's certificates and legal opinions. The underwriter reserves the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

Commissions and Discounts

The underwriter has advised us that it proposes initially to offer the shares to the public at the public offering price on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and to dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. The underwriter may allow, and the dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of \$ per share to other dealers. After the public offering, the public offering price may be changed.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discount we will pay to the underwriter assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriter's overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 390,000 shares, based upon the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement.

	No exercise	Full exercise
Per share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

The maximum commission or discount to be received by any member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") in connection with this and any other offering of securities registered by the Company pursuant to Rule 415 will not exceed 8%.

We estimate that the total expenses of the offering payable by us, not including the underwriting discount, will be approximately \$286,725.

Overallotment Option

We have granted an option to the underwriter to purchase up to 390,000 additional shares at the public offering price less the underwriting discount. The underwriter may exercise this option for 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement solely to cover any overallotments.

No Sales of Similar Securities

We have agreed, with exceptions, not to sell or transfer any common stock for 30 days after the date of this prospectus supplement without first obtaining the consent of Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated.

Our executive officers and directors and Ares Capital Management have agreed, with exceptions, not to sell or transfer any common stock for 90 days after the date of this prospectus

supplement without first obtaining the written consent of the underwriter. Specifically, we and these other individuals and entities have agreed not to directly or indirectly:

offer, pledge, sell or contract to sell any common stock,

sell any option or contract to purchase any common stock,

purchase any option or contract to sell any common stock,

grant any option, right or warrant for the sale of any common stock,

lend or otherwise dispose of or transfer any common stock,

request or demand that we file a registration statement related to the common stock, or

enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of any common stock whether any such swap or transaction is to be settled by delivery of shares or other securities, in cash or otherwise.

This lockup provision applies to common stock and to securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or repayable with common stock. It also applies to common stock owned now or acquired later by the person executing the agreement or for which the person executing the agreement later acquires the power of disposition.

Quotation on The NASDAQ Global Select Market

Our common stock is quoted on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "ARCC."

Price Stabilization and Short Positions

Until the distribution of the shares is completed, SEC rules may limit the underwriter from bidding for and purchasing our common stock. However, the underwriter may engage in transactions that stabilize the price of the common stock, such as bids or purchases to peg, fix or maintain that price.

If the underwriter creates a short position in the common stock in connection with the offering, i.e., if it sells more shares than are listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement, the underwriter may reduce that short position by purchasing shares in the open market. The underwriter may also elect to reduce any short position by exercising all or part of the overallotment option described above. Purchases of the common stock to stabilize its price or to reduce a short position may cause the price of the common stock to be higher than it might be in the absence of such purchases.

Neither we nor the underwriter makes any representation or prediction or magnitude of any effect that the transaction described above may have the price of the common stock. In addition, neither we nor the underwriter makes any representation that the underwriter will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Electronic Delivery

The underwriter may make prospectuses available in electronic (PDF) format. A prospectus in electronic (PDF) format may be made available on a web site maintained by the underwriter, and the underwriter may distribute such prospectuses electronically. The underwriter

intends to allocate a limited number of shares for sale to its online brokerage customers.

Other Relationships

The underwriter and its affiliates have provided in the past to Ares and may provide from time to time in the future in the ordinary course of their business certain commercial banking, financial advisory, investment banking or other services to Ares, Ares Capital or our portfolio companies for which it has received or will be entitled to receive separate fees. In particular, the underwriter or its

S-26

affiliates may execute transactions with Ares Capital or on behalf of Ares Capital, Ares or any of our portfolio companies. In addition, the underwriter or its affiliates may act as arrangers, underwriters or placement agents for companies whose securities are sold to or whose loans are syndicated to Ares, Ares Capital or Ares Capital Management.

Affiliates of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated are limited partners of Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund, L.P.

The underwriter or its affiliates may also trade in our securities, securities of our portfolio companies or other financial instruments related thereto for their own accounts or for the account of others and may extend loans or financing directly or through derivative transactions to Ares, Ares Capital, Ares Capital Management or any of the portfolio companies.

We may purchase securities of third parties from the underwriter or its affiliates after the offering. However, we have not entered into any agreement or arrangement regarding the acquisition of any such securities, and we may not purchase any such securities. We would only purchase any such securities if among other things we identified securities that satisfied our investment needs and completed our due diligence review of such securities.

After the date of this prospectus supplement, the underwriter and its affiliates may from time to time obtain information regarding specific portfolio companies or us that may not be available to the general public. Any such information is obtained by the underwriter and its affiliates in the ordinary course of their business and not in connection with the offering of the common stock. In addition, after the offering period for the sale of our common stock, the underwriter or its affiliates may develop analyses or opinions related to Ares, Ares Capital or our portfolio companies and buy or sell interests in one or more of our portfolio companies on behalf of their proprietary or client accounts and may engage in competitive activities. There is no obligation on behalf of these parties to disclose their respective analyses, opinions or purchase and sale activities regarding any portfolio company or regarding Ares Capital to our stockholders.

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated was an underwriter of our October 2004 initial public offering and our March 2005, October 2005 and July 2006 common stock offerings, for which it received customary fees. Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation is a syndication agent and lender under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Affiliates of the underwriter will receive part of the proceeds of the offering by reason of the repayment of amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. Because more than 10% of the net proceeds of the offering may be paid to members or affiliates of members of the NASD participating in the offering, the offering will be conducted in accordance with NASD Conduct Rule 2710(h).

The principal business address of the underwriter is 4 Financial Center, New York, New York 10080.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the securities offered by this prospectus supplement will be passed upon for Ares Capital by Proskauer Rose LLP, New York, New York, Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP, Washington, D.C., and Venable LLP, Baltimore, Maryland. Proskauer Rose LLP has from time to time represented the underwriter, Ares and Ares Capital Management on unrelated matters. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriter by Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, New York, New York.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		As	of	
	Sej	ptember 30, 2006	De	ecember 31, 2005
		(unaudited)		
ASSETS				
Investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,044,109,177 and				
\$581,351,865, respectively):				
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	\$	859,503,669	\$	515,184,991
Affiliate investments	Ψ	173,483,619	Ψ	70,783,384
Attitude investments		173,463,019		70,765,564
Total investments at fair value		1,032,987,288		585,968,375
Cash and cash equivalents		67,610,129		16,613,334
Receivable for open trades		1,676,990		1,581,752
Interest receivable		10,931,480		5,828,098
Other assets		9,350,178		3,653,585
Total assets	\$	1,122,556,065	\$	613,645,144
LIABILITIES				
Debt	\$	366,000,000	\$	18,000,000
Reimbursed underwriting costs payable to the Investment Adviser	Ψ	300,000,000	Ψ	2,475,000
Dividend payable				12,889,225
Payable for open trades				5,500,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,234,296		1,222,678
Management and incentive fees payable		10,981,600		3,478,034
Interest and facility fees payable		4,071,299		313,930
Interest and facility fees payable Interest payable to the Investment Adviser		4,071,299		
interest payable to the investment Adviser				154,078
Total liabilities		383,287,195		44,032,945
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock, par value \$.001 per share, 100,000,000 common shares authorized, 49,091,195 and 37,909,484 common shares issued and				
outstanding, respectively		49,092		37,910
Capital in excess of par value		727,920,560		559,192,554
Accumulated net realized gain on sale of investments		22,421,107		5,765,225
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments		(11,121,889)		4,616,510
Total stockholders' equity		739,268,870		569,612,199
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,122,556,065	\$	613,645,144
NET ASSETS PER SHARE	\$	15.06	\$	15.03

Edgar Filing: ARES CAPITAL CORP - Form 497
As of
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.
S-28

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS As of September 30, 2006 (unaudited)

Company(1)	Industry	Investment	Interest(15)	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value Per Unit	Percentage of Net Assets
Healthcare Serv	rices							
American Renal Associates, Inc.	Dialysis provider	Senior secured loan (\$3,049,180 par due 12/2010)	9.57% (Libor+ 4.00%/S)	12/14/05 \$	3,049,180 \$	3,049,180	\$ 1.00(3)	
Associates, Ilic.	provider	Senior secured loan (\$196,721 par due 12/2010)	4.00%/S) 10.75% (Base Rate + 2.50%/D)	12/14/05	196,721	196,721	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$5,836,066 par due 12/2011)	10.07% (Libor + 4.50%/S)	12/14/05	5,836,066	5,836,066	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$36,066 par due 12/2011)	11.25% (Base Rate + 3.00%/D)	12/14/05	36,066	36,066	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$393,741 par due 12/2011)	12.57% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/14/05	393,741	393,741	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$261,997 par due 12/2011)	12.57 (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/14/05	261,997	261,997	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$3,937,406 par due 12/2011)	14.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%/D)	12/14/05	3,937,406	3,937,406	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,619,971 par due 12/2011)	14.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%/D)	12/14/05	2,619,971	2,619,971	1.00(3)	
Capella Healthcare, Inc.	Acute care hospital	Junior secured loan (\$19,000,000 par due 11/2013)	11.37% (Libor +6.00%/Q)	12/1/05	19,000,000	19,000,000	1.00	
	operator	Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 11/2013)	11.37% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	12/1/05	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
DSI Renal, Inc.	Dialysis provider	Senior subordinated note (\$60,637,680 par due 4/2014)	12.00% Cash, 2.00% PIK	4/4/06	60,637,680	60,637,680	1.00(4)	
		Senior subordinated note (\$5,025,000 par due 4/2014)	12.00% Cash, 2.00% PIK	4/4/06	5,025,000	5,025,000	1.00(4)(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$3,200,000 par due 3/2013)	8.50% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	4/4/06	3,200,000	3,200,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$960,000 par due 3/2013)	8.44% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	4/4/06	960,000	960,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,600,000 par due 3/2013)	8.38% (Libor + 3.00%/M)	4/4/06	1,600,000	1,600,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,440,000 par due 3/2013)	10.75% (Base Rate + 2.50%/D)	4/4/06	1,440,000	1,440,000	1.00	
OnCURE Medical Corp.	Radiation oncology care	Senior subordinated note (\$23,230,012 par due 8/2012)	11.00% cash, 1.50% PIK	8/16/06	23,230,012	23,230,012	1.00(4)	
	provider	Senior secured loan (\$3,489,063 par due 8/2011)	8.94% (Libor + 3.50%/S)	8/23/06	3,489,063	3,489,063	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$10,938 par due 8/2011)	8.94% (Libor + 3.50%/Q)	8/23/06	10,938	10,938	1.00	
		Common stock (857,143 shares)		8/16/06	3,000,000	3,000,000	3.50(5)	
PHNS, Inc.	Information technology and business process outsourcing	Senior subordinated loan (\$16,000,000 par due 11/2011)	13.50% cash, 2.50% PIK	10/29/04	15,804,452	16,320,000	1.02(4)	
Friad Laboratory Alliance, LLC	Laboratory services	Senior subordinated note (\$14,762,865 par due 12/2012)	12.00% cash, 1.75% PIK	12/21/05	14,762,865	14,762,865	1.00(4)	
		Senior secured loan (\$6,947,500 par due 12/2011)	8.62% (Libor + 3.25%/Q)	12/21/05	6,947,500	6,947,500	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,977,500 par due 12/2011)	8.62% (Libor + 3.25%/Q)	12/21/05	2,977,500	2,977,500	1.00(3)	
				-	190,416,158	190,931,706		25.839

Company(1)	Industry	Investment	Interest(15)	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value Per Unit	Percentage of Net Assets
Canon	Print	Junior secured loan	12.37% (Libor +	5/25/05	7,525,000	7,525,000	1.00	
Communications	publications	(\$7,525,000 par due 11/2011)	6.75%/S)					
LLC	services	Junior secured loan	12.37% (Libor +	5/25/05	4,250,000	4,250,000	1.00(2)	
		(\$4,250,000 par due 11/2011) Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 11/2011)	6.75%/S) 12.37% (Libor + 6.75%/S)	5/25/05	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
			S-29					

Daily Candy,	Internet publication	Senior secured loan (\$19,200,000 par due 5/2009)	10.62% (Libor + 5.00%/S)	5/25/06	19,494,406	19,200,000	0.98	
Inc.(11)	provider	Senior secured loan (\$4,800,000 par due 5/2009)	10.62% (Libor + 5.00%/S)	5/25/06	4,873,601	4,800,000	0.98(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$700,000 par due 5/2009)	10.37% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	5/25/06	700,000	700,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$175,000 par due 5/2009)	10.37% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	5/25/06	175,000	175,000	1.00(3)	
		Common stock (1,250,000 shares)		5/25/06	2,375,000	2,375,000	1.90(5)	
		Warrants to purchase (1,381,578 shares)		5/25/06	2,624,998	2,624,998	1.90(5)	
National Print Group, Inc.	Printing management	Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,338,451 par due 3/2012)	10.75% (Base Rate + 2.50%/D)	3/2/06	1,338,451	1,338,451	1.00	
	services	Senior secured loan (\$11,047,826 par due 3/2012)	8.87% (Libor + 3.50%/Q)	3/2/06	11,047,826	11,047,826	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$182,609 par due 3/2012)	10.75% (Base Rate + 2.50%/D)	3/2/06	182,609	182,609	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,319,367 par due 3/2012)	12.32% (Libor + 7.00%/S)	3/2/06	2,319,368	2,319,368	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$419,763 par due 8/2012)	12.32% (Libor + 7.00%/S)	3/2/06	419,763	419,763	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,932,806 par due 8/2012)	12.49% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	3/2/06	1,932,806	1,932,806	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$349,802 par due 8/2012)	12.49% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	3/2/06	349,802	349,802	1.00(3)	
		Preferred stock (9,344 shares)		3/2/06	2,000,000	2,000,000	214.04(5)	
The Teaching Company, LLC	Education publications	Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,000,000 par due 9/2011)	12.25% (Base Rate + 4.00%/D)	9/28/06	1,000,000	1,000,000	1.00	
and The Teaching Company	provider	Senior secured loan (\$6,250,000 par due 9/2012)	12.25% (Base Rate + 4.00%/D)	9/28/06	6,250,000	6,250,000	1.00	
Holdings, Inc.		Senior secured loan (\$28,000,000 par due 9/2012)	10.50%(16)	9/28/06	28,000,000	28,000,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 9/2012)	10.50%(16)	9/28/06	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
		Preferred stock (29,969 shares)		9/28/06	2,996,921	2,996,921	100.00(5)	
		Common stock (3,079 shares)		9/28/06	3,079	3,079	1.00(5)	
				_	123,858,630	123,490,623		16.70%
Manufacturing				•				
Arrow Group Industries, Inc.	Residential and outdoor shed manufacturer	Senior secured loan (\$6,000,000 par due 4/2010)	10.37% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	3/28/05	6,038,785	6,000,000	1.00(3)	
Emerald Performance	Polymers and performance	Senior secured loan (\$10,473,684 par due 5/2011)	9.58% (Libor + 4.25%/M)	5/16/06	10,473,684	10,473,684	1.00	
Materials, LLC	materials manufacturer	Senior secured loan (\$5,263,158 par due 5/2011)	11.33% (Libor + 6.00%/M)	5/16/06	5,263,158	5,263,158	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$4,210,526 par due 5/2011)	13.00%	5/16/06	4,210,526	4,210,526	1.00	
Qualitor, Inc.	Automotive aftermarket	Senior secured loan (\$1,965,000 par due 12/2011)	9.62% (Libor +4.25%/Q)	12/29/04	1,965,000	1,965,000	1.00(3)	
	components supplier	Junior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 6/2012)	12.62% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/29/04	5,000,000	5,000,000	1.00(3)	
Professional Paint, Inc.	Paint manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$16,500,000 par due 5/2013)	11.38% (Libor + 5.75%/S)	5/25/06	16,500,000	16,500,000	1.00	
Reflexite Corporation(10)	Developer and manufacturer of	Senior subordinated loan (\$10,537,043 par due 12/2011)	11.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	12/30/04	10,537,043	10,537,043	1.00(2)(4)	
•	high visibility reflective products	Common Stock (1,729,627 shares)		3/28/06	25,682,891	25,682,891	14.85(5)	
Universal Trailer	Livestock and	Common stock (50,000 shares)		10/8/04	6,424,645	4,154,665	83.09(5)	
Corporation(6)	specialty trailer manufacturer	Warrants to purchase 22,208 shares		10/8/04	1,505,776	1,845,336	83.09(5)	

5/18/05 8,578,759 Varel Holdings, Drill bit Senior secured loan 8,578,759 1.00(3)

9.49% (Libor + 4.00%/Q) (\$8,578,759 par due 12/2010) Inc. manufacturer

		Senior secured loan (\$3,333,333 par due 12/2011)	13.33% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	5/18/05	3,333,333	3,333,333	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$500,000 par due 10/2010)	10.50% (Base Rate + 2.25%/D)	5/18/05	500,000	500,000	1.00	
		Preferred stock (33,884 shares) Common stock (30,451 shares)	,	5/18/05 5/18/05	1,109,363 3,045	1,109,363 1,011,569	32.74(5) 33.22(5)	
				•	107,126,008	106,165,327		14.36%
					, .,	, ,		
Services Other								
Diversified Collection	Collections services	Senior secured loan (\$5,242,026 par due 2/2011)	9.57% (Libor +4.25%/M)	2/2/05	5,242,026	5,242,026	1.00(3)	
Services, Inc.	Services	Senior secured loan (\$1,742,026 par due 8/2011)	11.37% (Libor + 6.00%/M)	2/2/05	1,742,026	1,742,026	1.00(2)	
		Senior secured loan (\$6,757,974 par due 8/2011)	11.37% (Libor + 6.00%/M)	2/2/05	6,757,974	6,757,974	1.00(3)	
		Preferred stock (14,927 shares)	0100767112)	5/18/06	169,123	169,123	11.33(5)	
		Common stock (114,004 shares)		2/2/05	295,270	295,270	2.59(5)	
Event Rentals, Inc.	Party rental services	Senior secured loan (\$2,277,902 par due 11/2011)	10.77% (Libor+ 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	2,277,902	2,277,902	1.00(3)	
	services	Senior secured loan (\$5,005,581 par due 11/2011)	10.69% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	5,005,581	5,005,581	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,244,489 par due 11/2011)	10.74% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	1,244,489	1,244,489	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,466,518 par due 11/2011)	10.74% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	2,466,518	2,466,518	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$15,354 par due 11/2011)	12.50% (Base Rate + 4.25%/D)	11/17/05	15,354	15,354	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$5,952 par due 11/2011)	12.50% (Base Rate + 4.25%/D)	11/17/05	5,952	5,952	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$5,742,560 par due 11/2011)	10.77% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	5,742,560	5,742,560	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,226,190 par due 11/2011)	10.77% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	2,226,190	2,226,190	1.00(3)	
GCA Services Group, Inc.	Custodial services	Senior subordinated loan (\$33,486,024 par due 1/2010)	12.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	7/25/05	33,486,024	33,486,024	1.00(4)	
NPA Acquisition, LLC	Powersport vehicle auction	Senior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 8/2012)	8.64% (Libor +3.25%/Q)	8/23/06	5,000,000	5,000,000	1.00	
	operator	Junior secured loan (\$14,000,000 par due 2/2013)	12.12% (Libor + 6.75%/Q)	8/23/06	14,000,000	14,000,000	1.00	
		Common stock (1,709 shares)		8/23/06	1,000,000	1,000,000	585.14(5)	
				•	86,676,989	86,676,989		11.72%
D				ı	''			
Retail Savers, Inc and SAI		Senior subordinated note	10.00% cash,	8/8/06	28,077,778	28,077,778	1.00(4)	
Acquisition Corporation	retailer	(\$28,077,778 par due 8/2014) Common stock	2.00% PIK	8/8/06	4,500,000	4,500,000	3.85(5)	
Things Remembered, Inc. and TRM	Personalized gifts retailer	(1,170,182 shares) Senior secured revolving loan (\$357,143 par due 9/2012)	12.00% (Base Rate + 3.75%/D)(17)	9/28/06	357,143	357,143	1.00	
Holdings	giris retailer	Senior secured loan	12.00% (Base Rate	9/28/06	4,800,000	4,800,000	1.00(3)	
Corporation		(\$4,800,000 par due 9/2012) Senior secured loan (\$28,000,000 par due 9/2013)	+ 3.75%/D) 13.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/D)	9/28/06	28,000,000	28,000,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$7,200,000 par due 9/2013)	+ 5.00%/D) 13.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/D)	9/28/06	7,200,000	7,200,000	1.00(3)	
		Preferred stock (80 shares) Common stock (800 shares)		9/28/06 9/28/06	1,800,000 200,000	1,800,000 200,000	22,500.00(5) 250.00(5)	
		, ,			74,934,921	74,934,921		10.14%
Containers Packagi								
Captive Plastics, Inc.	Plastics container	Junior secured loan (\$4,000,000 par due 2/2012)	12.76% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/19/05	4,000,000	4,000,000	1.00	

	manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 2/2012)	12.76% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/19/05	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)
--	--------------	--	--------------------------	----------	------------	------------	---------

Industrial Container Services, LLC(8)	Industrial container	Senior secured loan (\$96,250 par due 9/2011)	13.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/D)	9/30/05	96,250	96,250	1.00	
220,000, == 0(0)	manufacturer, reconditioner	Senior secured loan (\$30,227 par due 9/2011)	13.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/D)	9/30/05	30,227	30,227	1.00(3)	
	and servicer	Senior secured loan (\$11,939,547 par due 9/2011)	11.94% (Libor + 6.50%/S)	9/30/05	11,939,547	11,939,547	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$16,450,281 par due 9/2011)	11.94% (Libor + 6.50%/S)	6/21/06	16,450,281	16,450,281	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$25,000 par due 9/2011)	11.89% (Libor + 6.50%/Q)	9/30/05	25,000	25,000	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$9,950,000 par due 9/2011)	11.94% (Libor + 6.50.%/S)	9/30/05	9,950,000	9,950,000	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$4,130,435 par due 9/2011)	10.02% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	9/30/05	4,130,435	4,130,435	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$826,087 par due 9/2011)	9.82% (Libor + 4.50%/D)	9/30/05	826,087	826,087	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$826,087 par due 9/2011)	9.83% (Libor + 4.50%/D)	9/30/05	826,087	826,087	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,156,522 par due 9/2011)	11.25% (Base Rate + 3.00%/D)	9/30/05	1,156,522	1,156,522	1.00	
		Common stock (1,800,000 shares)		9/29/05	1,800,000	1,800,000	1.00(5)	
LabelCorp Holdings, Inc.	Consumer product labels manufacturer	Senior subordinated notes (\$9,250,088 par due 9/2012)	12.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	3/16/06	9,250,088	9,250,088	1.00(4)	
				-	72,480,524	72,480,524		9.80%
				-	72,400,324	72,400,324		7.0070
Consumer Product	ts Non-Durable							
Making Memories Wholesale, Inc.(7)	Scrapbooking branded	Senior secured loan (\$7,916,667 par due 3/2011)	9.875% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	5/5/05	7,916,667	7,916,667	1.00(3)	
	products manufacturer	Senior subordinated loan (\$10,152,435 par due 5/2012)	12.50% cash, 2.00% PIK	5/5/05	10,152,435	10,152,435	1.00(4)	
		Preferred stock (3,500 shares)		5/5/05	3,758,800	1,320,000	351.25(4)	
Shoes for Crews, LLC	Safety footwear and slip-related	Senior secured loan (\$1,370,173 par due 7/2010)	8.87% (Libor +3.25%/S)	10/8/04	1,378,236	1,378,236	1.00(3)	
	mats	Senior secured revolving loan (\$3,333,333 par due 7/2010)	10.25% (Base Rate + 2.00%/D)	6/16/06	3,333,333	3,333,333	1.00	
Tumi Holdings, Inc.	Branded luggage	Senior secured loan (\$2,500,000 par due 12/2012)	8.11% (Libor + 2.75%/Q)	5/24/05	2,500,000	2,500,000	1.00(3)	
	designer, marketer and	Senior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 12/2013)	8.62% (Libor + 3.25%/Q)	3/14/05	5,000,000	5,000,000	1.00(3)	
	distributor	Senior subordinated loan (\$13,510,171 par due 12/2014)	16.37% (Libor + 6.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q)	3/14/05	13,510,171	13,510,171	1.00(2)(4)	
UCG Paper Crafts,								
Inc.	Scrapbooking materials	Senior secured loan (\$1,990,000 par due 2/2013)	8.58% (Libor +3.25%/M)	2/23/06	1,990,000	1,990,000	1.00(3)	
Inc.				2/23/06	1,990,000 2,960,063	1,990,000 2,960,063	1.00(3)	
Inc.	materials	(\$1,990,000 par due 2/2013) Junior secured loan (\$2,960,063 par due	+3.25%/M) 12.83% (Libor +					

				,	62,474,642	60,035,842		8.12%
Education								
Equinox SMU partners	Medical school operator	Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,550,000 par due 12/2010)	13.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)	1/26/06	1,550,000	1,550,000	1.00	
LLC and SMU Acquisition		Senior secured revolving loan (\$2,032,342 par due 12/2010)	11.06% (Libor + 6.00%/S)	1/26/06	2,032,342	2,032,342	1.00	
Corp.(9)(13)		Senior secured loan (\$10,162,500 par due 12/2010)	11.39% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	1/26/06	10,162,500	10,162,500	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,500,000 par due 12/2010)	11.39% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	1/26/06	1,500,000	1,500,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,500,000 par due 12/2010)	11.39% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	1/26/06	1,500,000	1,500,000	1.00(3)	
		Limited liability company membership interest (17.39% interest)		1/25/06	4,000,000	4,000,000	(5)	
			S-32					

Lakeland Finance, LLC	Private school operator	Senior secured note (\$33,000,000 par due 12/2012)	11.50%	12/13/05	33,000,000	33,000,000	1.00	
				-	53,744,842	53,744,842		7.27%
Business Services								
Investor Group Services, LLC	Financial services	Senior secured loan (\$1,500,000 par due 6/2011)	12.00%	6/22/06	1,500,000	1,500,000	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$500,000 par due 6/2011)	11.04% (Libor + 5.50%/S)	6/22/06	500,000	500,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$150,000 par due 6/2011)	12.75% (Base Rate + 4.50%/D)	6/22/06	150,000	150,000	1.00	
		Limited liability company membership interest (10.00% interest)		6/22/06			(5)	
Miller Heiman, Inc.	Sales consulting services	(\$3,173,113 par due 6/2010)	8.83% (Libor + 3.50%/M)	6/20/05	3,173,113	3,173,113	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$4,027,788 par due 6/2012)	9.37% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	6/20/05	4,027,788	4,027,788	1.00(3)	
MR Processing Holding Corp.	Bankruptcy and foreclosure	Senior subordinated note (\$20,202,733 par due 2/2013)	12.00% Cash, 2.00% PIK	3/23/06	20,202,733	20,202,733	1.00(4)	
	processing services	Senior secured loan (\$1,990,000 par due 2/2012)	9.02% (Libor + 3.50%/S)	3/28/06	1,990,000	1,990,000	1.00	
		Preferred stock (30,000 shares)		4/11/06	3,000,000	3,000,000	100.00(5)	
Primis Marketing Group, Inc. and	Database marketing	Senior secured loan (\$10,024,306 par due 2/2013)	11.00% Cash, 2.50% PIK	8/24/06	10,024,306	10,024,306	1.00(4)	
Primis Holdings,	services	Preferred stock (4,000 shares)		8/24/06	3,600,000	3,600,000	9.00(5)	
LLC(12)		Common stock (4,000,000 shares)		8/24/06	400,000	400,000	0.10(5)	
					48,567,940	48,567,940		6.57%
Restaurants								
ADF Capital, Inc. & ADF Restaurant	Restaurant owner and	Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,700,000 par due 6/2013)	13.75% (Base Rate + 5.50%/D)	6/1/06	1,700,000	1,700,000	1.00	
Group, LLC	operator	Senior secured loan (\$5,970,000 par due 6/2013)	13.75% (Base Rate + 5.50%/D)	6/1/06	5,970,000	5,970,000	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$11,940,000 par due 6/2013)	13.75% (Base Rate + 5.50%/D)	6/1/06	11,940,000	11,940,000	1.00(3)	
		Warrants to purchase 0.882353 units		6/1/06	2,410,000	2,410,000	(5)	
Encanto Restaurants, Inc.(13)	Restaurant owner and operator	Junior secured loan (\$25,104,514 par due 8/2013)	7.50% Cash, 3.50% PIK	8/16/06	25,104,514	25,104,514	1.00(4)	
				_	47,124,514	47,124,514		6.37%
Envisore	r.i.o.o.			-				
Environmental Ser Mactec, Inc.		Common stock (186 shares)		11/3/04			0.00(5)	
Wastequip, Inc.	Waste management	Junior secured loan (\$15,000,000 par due	10.82% (Libor + 5.50%/M)	8/4/05	15,000,000	15,000,000	1.00	

		7/2012)						
	equipment manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 7/2012)	10.82% (Libor + 5.50%/M)	8/4/05	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
				-	27,000,000	27,000,000		3.65%
Aerospace & Defen	ise							
ILC Industries, Inc.	Industrial products	Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 8/2012)	11.50%	6/27/06	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
	provider	Junior secured loan (\$3,000,000 par due 8/2012)	11.50%	6/27/06	3,000,000	3,000,000	1.00	
Thermal Solutions LLC and TSI	Thermal management	Senior secured loan (\$3,233,750 par due 3/2012)	9.52% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	3/28/05	3,233,750	3,233,750	1.00(3)	
Group, Inc.	and electronics packaging	Senior secured loan (\$1,657,895 par due 3/2011)	9.02% (Libor + 3.50%/Q)	3/28/05	1,657,895	1,657,895	1.00(3)	
	manufacturer	Senior subordinated notes (\$3,105,314 par due 9/2012)	11.50% cash, 2.75% PIK	3/28/05	3,114,692	3,105,314	1.00(2)(4)	
		Senior subordinated notes (\$2,532,920 par due 3/2013)	11.50% cash, 2.50% PIK	3/21/06	2,532,920	2,532,920	1.00(2)(4)	

		0 0						
		Preferred stock (53,900 shares)		3/28/05	539,000	539,000	10.00(5)	
		Common stock (1,100,000 shares)		3/28/05	11,000	11,000	0.01(5)	
					26,089,257	26,079,879		3.53%
	~							
Broadcasting and C Patriot Media & Communications CNJ, LLC	Cable Services	Junior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 10/2013)	10.50% (Libor +5.00%/S)	10/6/05	5,000,000	5,000,000	1.00(3)	
Pappas Telecasting Incorporated	Television broadcasting	Senior secured loan (\$12,106,413 par due 2/2010)	14.29% (Libor + 4.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/O)	3/1/06	12,106,413	12,106,413	1.00(4)(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$8,413,094 par due 2/2010)	14.29% (Libor + 4.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q)	3/1/06	8,413,094	8,413,094	1.00(4)	
		Senior secured loan (\$51,612 par due 2/2010)	14.25% (Libor + 4.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q)	3/1/06	51,612	51,612	1.00(4)(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$35,867 par due 2/2010)	14.25% (Libor + 4.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q)	3/1/06	35,867	35,867	1.00(4)	
					25,606,986	25,606,986		3.46%
Computers and Ele	ectronics							
RedPrairie Corporation	Software manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 5/2010)	11.90% (Libor + 6.50%/Q)	2/21/06	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
X-rite, Incorporated		Junior secured loan (\$10,000,000 par due 7/2013)	10.39% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	7/6/06	10,000,000	10,000,000	1.00	
					22,000,000	22,000,000		2.98%
Consumer Product	s Durable							
AWTP, LLC	Water treatment services	Junior secured loan (\$1,600,000 par due 12/2012)	12.87% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	12/21/05	1,600,000	1,600,000	1.00	
		Junior secured loan (\$12,000,000 par due 12/2012)	12.87% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	12/21/05	12,000,000	12,000,000	1.00(3)	
Berkline/Benchcraft Holdings LLC	Furniture manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 5/2012)	15.51% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	11/3/04	5,000,000	1,000,000	0.20(2)	
C	and distributor	Preferred stock (2,536 shares) Warrants to purchase (483,020 shares)		10/8/04 10/8/04	1,046,343 2,752,559		0.00(5) 0.00(5)	
					22,398,902	14,600,000		1.97%
					22,370,702	17,000,000		1.71/0
Cargo Transport								
The Kenan Advantage Group,	Fuel transportation	Senior subordinated notes (\$9,117,466 par due 12/2013)	9.50% cash, 3.50% PIK	12/15/05	9,117,466	9,117,466	1.00(4)	
Inc.	provider	Senior secured loan (\$2,144,490 par due 12/2011)	8.37% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	12/15/05	2,144,490	2,144,490	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$336,765 par due 12/2011)	8.37% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	12/15/05	336,765	336,765	1.00(3)	
		Preferred stock (10,984 shares)		12/15/05	1,098,400	1,098,400	100.00(5)	
		Common stock (30,575 shares)		12/15/05	30,575	30,575	1.00(5)	
					12,727,696	12,727,696		1.72%
Beverage, Food and								
Farley's & Sathers Candy Company, Inc.	Branded candy manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$10,000,000 par due 3/2011)	11.62%(Libor + 6.00%/S)	3/23/06	10,000,000	10,000,000	1.00(3)	

Charter Baking Company, Inc.	Baked goods manufacturer	Preferred stock (6,258 shares)		8/28/06	2,500,000	2,500,000	399.49(5)	
				-	12,500,000	12,500,000		1.69%
			S-34					

Farming and Ag	griculture							
The GSI Group, Inc.	Agricultural equipment	Senior notes (\$10,000,000 par due 5/2013)	12.00%	5/11/05	10,000,000	10,000,000	1.00	
	manufacturer	Common stock (7,500 shares)		5/12/05	750,000	750,000	100.00(5)	
					10,750,000	10,750,000		1.45%
Housing Buildi	ing Materials							
HB&G	Synthetic and	Senior subordinated loan	13.00% cash,	10/8/04	8,612,509	8,619,107	1.00(2)(4)	
Building Products	wood product	(\$8,619,107 par due 3/2011)	2.00% PIK					
Troducts	manufacturer	Common stock (2,743 shares)		10/8/04	752,888	752,888	274.48(5)	
		Warrants to purchase		10/8/04	652,503	652,503	146.17(5)	
		(4,464 shares)						
					10,017,900	10,024,498		1.36%
Financial								
Foxe Basin	Collateralized	Preference shares (3,000		10/8/04	2,621,092	2,621,092	873.70(14)	
CLO 2003, Ltd.(13)	debt obligation	shares)						
Hudson Straits	Collateralized	Preference shares (5,750		10/8/04	4,790,341	4,722,074	821.23(14)	
CLO 2004,	debt	shares)						
Ltd.(13)	obligation	T. 2. 1			201 025	201.025	(5)(14)	
Partnership Capital Growth	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (25% interest)			201,835	201,835	(5)(14)	
Fund I, L.P.	partnersinp	(23 % interest)						
					7,613,268	7,545,001		1.02%
						.,,		
Total					\$ 1,044,109,177	\$ 1,032,987,288		
					,0,2 0 >,2 7 7	,002,007,200		

- (1) We do not "Control" any of our portfolio companies, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "Control" a portfolio company if we owned 25% or more of its voting securities. All of our portfolio company investments are subject to legal restriction on sales which as of September 30, 2006 represented 140% of the Company's net assets.
- Pledged as collateral for the CP Funding Facility and, unless otherwise noted, all other investments are pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements).
- (3)

 Pledged as collateral for the ARCC CLO and unless otherwise noted, all other investments are pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements).
- (4) Has a payment-in-kind interest feature (see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements).
- (5) Non-income producing at September 30, 2006.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$5,000,000, redemptions of \$7,528,880 (cost), sales of \$6,054,725 (cost), interest income of \$176,732, other income of \$3,125, net realized gains of \$47,283 and net unrealized gains of \$1,497,706.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, for this portfolio company there were total redemptions of \$1,227,083 (cost), interest income of \$1,725,019, other income of \$83,150 and net unrealized losses of \$2,438,800.

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$22,928,652, redemptions of \$10,572,968 (cost), interest income of \$3,244,410, capital structuring service fees of \$350,000 and other income of \$89,767.

- (9) As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$35,082,342, redemptions of \$14,337,500 (cost), interest income of \$1,510,932, capital structuring service fees of \$583,810 and other income of \$14,543.
- (10)
 As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, there were total purchases of \$25,682,89, interest income of \$1,085,997 and dividend income of \$121,074.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, there were total purchases of \$30,000,000, redemptions of \$125,000 (cost), interest income of \$973,888 and capital structuring service fees of \$250,000.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, there were total purchases of \$14,000,000,interest income of \$131,250 and capital structuring service fees of \$200,000.
- (13) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (14) Non-registered investment company.
- A majority of the variable rate loans to our portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either Libor or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which reset semi-annually (S), quarterly (Q), bi-monthly (B) monthly (M) or daily (D). For each such loan, we have provided the current interest rate in effect at September 30, 2006.

- In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this security, we are entitled to receive an additional interest amount of 2.50% on \$24,166,667 aggregate principal amount of the portfolio company's senior term debt previously syndicated by us.
- In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this security, we are entitled to receive an additional interest amount of 2.25% on \$2,142,858 aggregate principal amount of the portfolio company's senior term debt previously syndicated by us.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS As of December 31, 2005

Company(1)	Industry	Investment	Interest(10)	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value Per Unit	Percentage of Net Assets
Healthcare Servic	es							
American Renal Associates, Inc.	Dialysis provider	Senior secured loan (\$3,426,230 par due 12/2010)	8.68% (Libor+ 4.00%/Q)	12/14/05	\$ 3,426,230	\$ 3,426,230	\$ 1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$180,328 par due 12/2010)	8.50% (Libor+ 4.00%/Q)	12/14/05	180,328	180,328	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$5,886,885 par due 12/2011)	9.18% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	12/14/05	5,886,885	5,886,885	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$14,754 par due 12/2011)	9.00% (Libor+ 4.50%/Q)	12/14/05	14,754	14,754	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$7,213,115 par due 12/2011)	11.68% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/14/05	7,213,115	7,213,115	1.00	
Capella Healthcare, Inc.		Junior secured loan (\$29,000,000 par due 11/2013)	10.45% (Libor +6.00%/Q)	12/1/05	29,000,000	29,000,000	1.00	
PHNS, Inc.	Information technology and business process outsourcing	Senior subordinated loan (\$16,000,000 par due 11/2011)	13.50% cash, 2.5% PIK	10/29/04	15,785,661	16,000,000	1.00(3)	
Triad Laboratory Alliance, LLC	Laboratory services	Senior subordinated loan (\$9,714,888 par due 12/2012)	12.00% cash, 1.75% PIK	12/21/05	9,714,888	9,714,888	1.00(3)	
		Senior secured loan (\$3,000,000 par due 12/2011)	7.78% (Libor + 3.25%/Q)	12/21/05	3,000,000	3,000,000	1.00	
				•	74,221,861	74,436,200		13.07%
					,	,,		
Containers Packa								
Captive Plastics, Inc.	Plastics container manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$16,000,000 par due 2/2012)	11.62% (Libor +7.25%/M)	12/19/05	16,000,000	16,000,000	1.00	
Industrial Container Services, LLC(7)		Senior secured loan (\$26,728,663 par due 9/2011)	11.00% (Libor + 6.50%/Q)	9/30/05	26,728,663	26,728,663	1.00	
,	manufacturer, reconditioner	Senior secured loan (\$4,643,479 par due 9/2011)	8.88% (Libor + 4.50%/M)	9/30/05	4,643,479	4,643,479	1.00	
	and servicer	Senior secured revolving loan (\$1,160,870 par due 9/2011)	10.25% (Base Rate + 3.00%/Q)	9/30/05	1,160,870	1,160,870	1.00	
		Senior secured revolving loan (\$541,739 par due 9/2011)	10.25% (Base Rate + 3.00%/Q)	9/30/05	541,739	541,739	1.00	
		Common stock (1,800,000 shares)		9/29/05	1,800,000	1,800,000	1.00(4)	
York Label Holdings, Inc.	Consumer product labels	Senior subordinated loan (\$10,368,791 par due 2/2010)	10.00% cash, 4.00% PIK	11/3/04	10,362,901	10,368,791	1.00(2)(3)
	manufacturer	Preferred stock (650 shares)	10.00%	11/3/04	3,742,445	3,742,445	5,757.61(3)	
		Warrants to purchase 156,000 shares		11/3/04	5,320,409	5,320,408	34.11(4)	
				•	70,300,506	70,306,395		12.34%
n								
Environmental Ser Mactec, Inc.		Common stock (186 shares)		11/3/04			0.00(4)	
Mactee, Inc.	environmental consulting services	Common stock (100 shares)		11/3/04			0.00(4)	
			S-37					

United Site Services, Inc.	Portable restroom and	Senior secured loan (\$5,061,957 par due 8/2011)	7.37% (Libor +3.00%/M)	9/14/05	5,061,957	5,061,957	1.00	
services, inc.	site services	Senior secured loan (\$3,043,478 par due 8/2011)	7.41% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	9/14/05	3,043,478	3,043,478	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$1,869,565 par due 8/2011)	7.28% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	9/14/05	1,869,565	1,869,565	1.00	
		Junior secured loan (\$13,461,538 par due 6/2010)	12.44% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	12/1/04	13,419,063	13,461,538	1.00(2)	
		Common stock (216,795 shares)		10/8/04	1,353,851	1,353,851	6.24(4)	
Wastequip, Inc.	Waste management equipment manufacturer	Junior secured loan (\$15,000,000 par due 7/2012)	10.53% (Libor +6.00%/Q)	8/4/05	15,000,000	15,000,000	1.00	
WCA Waste Systems, Inc.	Waste management services	Junior secured loan (\$25,000,000 par due 10/2011)	10.53% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	4/25/05	25,000,000	25,000,000	1.00(2)	
				_	64,747,914	64,790,389		11.37%
Restaurants								
CICQ, LP	Restaurant franchisor, owner and operator	Limited partnership interest (26.5% interest)		8/15/05	53,000,000	62,284,540		
					53,000,000	62,284,540		10.93%
				•				
Services Other								
Diversified Collection	Collections	Senior secured loan	8.38% (Libor	2/2/05	6,300,000	6,300,000	1.00(2)	
Services, Inc.	services	(\$6,300,000 par due 2/2011) Senior secured loan (\$8,500,000 par due 8/2011)	+4.00%/M) 10.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	2/2/05	8,500,000	8,500,000	1.00(2)	
		Preferred stock (114,004 shares)	2/2/05	295,270	295,270	2.59(4)		
Event Rentals, Inc.	Party rental services	Senior secured loan (\$2,676,136 par due 11/2011)	9.91% (Libor+ 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	2,676,136	2,676,136	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$2,897,727 par due 11/2011)	9.92% (Libor + 5.25%Q)	11/17/05	2,897,727	2,897,727	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$170,455 par due 11/2011)	11.50% (Base Rate + 4.25%/D)	11/17/05	170,455	170,455	1.00	
		Senior secured loan (\$8,011,363 par due 11/2011)	9.91% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/05	8,011,363	8,011,363	1.00	
GCA Services, Inc.	Custodial services	Senior subordinated loan (\$32,743,750 par due 1/2010)	12.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	7/25/05	32,743,750	32,743,750	1.00(3)	
					61,594,701	61,594,701		10.81%
Mr. C. d. t.				•				
Manufacturing Arrow Group Industries, Inc.	Residential and outdoor shed	Senior secured loan (\$6,000,000 par due 4/2010)	9.53% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	3/28/05	6,040,153	6,000,000	1.00	
musures, IIIC.	manufacturer	Senior secured loan (\$6,000,000 par due 10/2010)	3.00%/Q) 14.03% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	3/28/05	6,000,000	6,000,000	1.00	
Qualitor, Inc.	Automotive aftermarket	Senior secured loan (\$827,059 par due 12/2011)	8.27% (Libor +4.00%/Q)	12/29/04	827,059	827,059	1.00(2)	
	components supplier	Senior secured loan (\$1,152,941 par due 12/2011)	8.53% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	12/29/04	1,152,941	1,152,941 \$	1.00(2)	
		Junior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 6/2012)	11.53% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/29/04	5,000,000	5,000,000 \$	1.00(2)	
Reflexite Corporation	Developer and manufacturer of high visibility reflective products	Senior subordinated loan	11.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	12/30/04	10,304,329	10,304,329 \$	1.00(2)(3)	
	1			10/8/04	1,054,725	1,054,725 \$	1.01	

Universal Trailer Corporation(5)	Livestock and specialty trailer	Senior secured loan (\$1,048,960 par due 3/2007)	8.39% (Libor + 4.00%/M)				
•	manufacturer	Senior subordinated loan (\$7,500,000 par due 9/2008)	13.50%	10/8/04	7,522,762	7,528,881 \$	1.00
		Common stock (50,000 shares)		10/8/04	6,424,645	3,113,351 \$	62.27(4)
		Warrants to purchase 22,208 shares		10/8/04	1,505,776	1,382,826 \$	62.27(4)
			S-38				

Drill bit							
manufacturer	Senior secured loan (\$6,643,750 par due 12/2010)	8.58% (Libor + 4.00%/S)	5/18/05	6,643,750	6,643,750	1.00(2)	
manaractarer	Senior secured loan	8.47% (Libor +	5/18/05	2,333,333	2,333,333	5 1.00(2)	
	Senior secured loan	12.48% (Libor +	5/18/05	3,333,333	3,333,333	1.00(2)	
	Preferred stock (30,451		5/18/05	1,046,568	1,046,568	34.37(3)	
	Common stock (30,451 shares)		5/18/05	3,045	3,045 \$	0.10(4)	
			•	59,192,419	55,724,141		9.78%
Non Dunable			•				
Scrapbooking	Senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor +	5/5/05	9,143,750	9,143,750 \$	1.00(2)	
branded	(\$9,143,750 par due 3/2011)	4.00%/Q)					
products manufacturer	(\$10,000,000 par due 5/2012)	12.00% cash, 2.50% PIK				` '	
Safety footwear		9.00% (Base Rate +	10/8/04				
and slip-related	(\$1,478,167 par due 7/2010) Senior secured loan	1.75%/D) 7.78% (Libor +	10/8/04	47,525			
manufacturer Branded	Senior secured loan	3.25%/Q) 7.28% (Libor +	5/24/05	2,500,000	2,500,000	5 1.00(2)	
designer,	Senior secured loan	7.78% (Libor +	3/14/05	5,000,000	5,000,000	1.00(2)	
distributor	Senior subordinated loan (\$13,008,799 par due	15.53% (Libor + 6.00% cash,	3/14/05	13,008,799	13,008,799	1.00(2)(3)	
		V	•	44,872,039	44,872,039		7.88%
			•				
Private school operator	Senior secured note (\$33,000,000 par due 12/2012)	11.50%	12/13/05	33,000,000	33,000,000 \$	5 1.00	
				33,000,000	33,000,000		5.79%
			•				
Water treatment services	Junior secured loan (\$13,600,000 par due	13.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%/Q)	12/21/05	13,600,000	13,600,000	5 1.00	
Furniture	Junior secured loan	14.05% (Libor +	11/3/04	5,000,000	4,500,000	0.90(2)	
		10.00%/Q)	10/8/04	1 046 343	677 643 9	\$ 267.21(4)	
and distributor	Warrants to purchase 483,020 shares		10/8/04	2,752,559			
			•	22,398,902	20,560,283		3.61%
			ī				
Collateralized	Preference shares (3,000		10/8/04	2,743,440	2,743,440 \$	914.48(8)(9)	
debt obligation Collateralized	shares) Preference shares (5,750		10/8/04	5,217,331	5,143,121	894.46(8)(9)	
debt obligation	shares)	7.706 7.3	10/0/04				
Collateralized debt obligation	Secured notes (\$9,500,000 par due 7/2014)	7.79% (Libor + 3.60%/Q)	10/8/04	9,019,819	9,500,000 \$	5 1.00(8)(9)	
uebt obligation	due 7/2011)						
	Non-Durable Scrapbooking branded products manufacturer Safety footwear and slip-related mats manufacturer Branded luggage designer, marketer and distributor Private school operator Water treatment services Furniture manufacturer and distributor Collateralized debt obligation Collateralized	Senior secured loan (\$2,333,333 par due 12/2010) Senior secured loan (\$3,333,333 par due 12/2011) Preferred stock (30,451 shares) Common stock (30,451 shares) Common stock (30,451 shares) Senior secured loan (\$9,143,750 par due 3/2011) Senior subordinated loan (\$10,000,000 par due 5/2012) Preferred stock (3,500 shares) Safety footwear and slip-related mats Senior secured loan (\$1,478,167 par due 7/2010) Senior secured loan (\$47,247 par due 7/2010) Senior secured loan (\$2,500,000 par due 12/2012) Senior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 12/2012) Senior secured loan (\$13,008,799 par due 12/2014) Private school Operator Senior secured loan (\$13,008,799 par due 12/2014) Private school Operator Senior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 12/2012) Furniture Senior secured loan (\$13,008,799 par due 12/2012) Prefered stock (2,536 shares) Warrants to purchase 483,020 shares Collateralized debt obligation	Senior secured loan (\$2,333,333 par due 12/2011) Senior secured loan (\$3,333,333 par due 12/2011) Preferred stock (30,451 shares) Senior secured loan (\$9,143,750 par due 3/2011) Senior subordinated loan (\$10,000,000 par due 5/2012) Preferred stock (3,500 shares) Safety footwear senior secured loan (\$1,78,167 par due 7/2010) Preferred stock (3,500 shares) Senior secured loan (\$47,247 par due 7/2010) \$2,500,000 par due 12/2012 Senior secured loan (\$47,247 par due 7/2010) \$2,256/Q) \$2,500,000 par due 12/2012 \$2,500,000 par due 12/2013 \$3,256/Q) \$1,536 (Libor + \$6,000 cash, \$1,200	Senior secured loan (\$2,333,333 par due 12/2011) Senior secured loan (\$3,333,333 par due 12/2011) Referred stock (30,451 shares) S/18/05	Senior secured loan (S2,333,333 par due 12/2010) 4,00%/Q) 5/18/05 3,333,333 3,333 par due 12/2011) 8,00%/Q) 5/18/05 1,046,568 5/18/05 5/	Senior secured loan (S2,333,333 ardue 12/2011) Senior secured loan (S3,333,333 ardue 12/2011) Senior secured loan (S3,333,333 ardue 12/2011) Senior secured loan (S3,333,333 ardue 12/2011) Senior secured loan (S3,48,750 par due 3/2011) Senior secured loan (S9,143,750 par due 3/2011) Senior secured loan (S10,000,000 par due 5/2012) Senior secured loan (S10,000,000 par due 5/2012) Senior secured loan (S1,478,167 par due 7/2010) Senior secured loan (S1,500,000 par due 12/2013) Senior secured loan (S1,500,000 par due 12/2012) Senior secured loan (S1,500	Serior secured loan (\$2,0451 \$0.00000 par due 1/2010) \$1.0000 par due 1/2010 \$1.000000 par due 1/2/2014 \$1.0000000 par due 1/2/2014 \$1.00000000 par due 1/2/2014 \$1.00000000 par due 1/2/2014 \$1.00000000 par due 1/2/2014 \$1.

Canon Communications LLC	Print publications services	Junior secured loan (\$16,250,000 par due 11/2011)	12.03% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	5/25/05	16,250,000	16,250,000 \$	1.00(2)	
					16,250,000	16,250,000		2.85%
Aerospace & Defe	ense			•				
ILC Industries, Inc.	. Industrial products provider	Junior secured loan (\$6,500,000 par due 8/2012)	10.28% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	8/30/05	6,529,232	6,500,000 \$	1.00	
			S-39					

Thermal Solutions LLC	Thermal management	Senior secured loan (\$5,973,529 par due 3/2011)	9.71% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	3/28/05	5,973,529	5,973,529	\$	1.00(2)	
	and electronics packaging	Senior subordinated loan (\$3,062,766 par due 3/2012)	11.50% cash, 2.75% PIK	3/28/05	3,067,225	3,062,766	\$	1.00(2)(3)	
	manufacturer	Preferred stock (29,400 shares)		3/28/05	294,000	294,000	\$	10.00(4)	
		Common stock (600,000 shares)		3/28/05	6,000	6,000	\$	0.01(4)	
					15,869,986	15,836,295			2.78%
G T									
Cargo Transport Kenan Advantage Group, Inc.	Fuel transportation	Senior subordinated loan (\$8,870,968 par due 12/2013)	13.00%	12/15/05	8,870,968	8,870,968	\$	1.00	
	provider	Senior secured loan (\$2,500,000 par due 12/2011)	7.50% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	12/15/05	2,500,000	2,500,000	\$	1.00	
		Preferred stock (10,984 shares)		12/15/05	1,098,400	1,098,400	\$	100.00(4)	
		Common stock (30,575 shares)		12/15/05	30,575	30,575	\$	1.00(4)	
					12,499,943	12,499,943			2.19%
Farming and Agri The GSI Group,	culture Agricultural	Senior notes	12.00%	5/11/05	10,000,000	10,000,000	¢	1.00	
Inc.	equipment	(\$10,000,000 par due 5/2013)	12.00 %	3/11/03	10,000,000	10,000,000	Φ	1.00	
	manufacturer	Common stock (7,500 shares)		5/12/05	750,000	750,000	\$	100.00(4)	
					10,750,000	10,750,000			1.89%
Harris - Davidia	Matariala								
Housing Building HB&G Building Products	Synthetic and wood product	Senior subordinated loan (\$8,439,529 par due 3/2011)	13.00% cash, 4.00% PIK	10/8/04	8,435,645	8,439,529	\$	1.00(2)(3)	
	manufacturer	Common stock (2,743 shares)		10/8/04	752,888	752,888	\$	274.48(4)	
		Warrants to purchase 4,464 shares		10/8/04	652,503	652,503	\$	146.17(4)	
					9,841,036	9,844,920			1.73%
Business Services									
Miller Heiman, Inc.	Sales consulting services	Senior secured loan (\$4,521,687 par due 6/2010)	8.14% (Libor + 3.75%/M)	6/20/05	4,521,687	4,521,687	\$	1.00(2)	
		Senior secured loan (\$4,058,379 par due 6/2012)	8.78% (Libor + 4.25%/Q)	6/20/05	4,058,379	4,058,379	\$	1.00(2)	
					8,580,066	8,580,066			1.51%
Cable Television									
Patriot Media & Communications CNJ, LLC	Cable services	Junior secured loan (\$5,000,000 par due 10/2013)	9.50% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	10/6/05	5,000,000	5,000,000	\$	1.00	
					5,000,000	5,000,000			0.88%

Healthcare Med	lical Duodusta			-				
Aircast, Inc.	Manufacturer of orthopedic	Senior secured loan (\$1,251,902 par due 12/2010)	7.20% (Libor + 2.75%/Q)	12/2/04	1,251,902	1,251,902 \$	1.00(2)	
	braces, supports and vascular systems	Junior secured loan (\$1,000,000 par due 6/2011)	11.45% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/2/04	1,000,000	1,000,000 \$	1.00(2)	
					2,251,902	2,251,902		0.40%
Total				\$	5 581,351,865 \$	585,968,375		

- (1)
 We do not "Control" any of our portfolio companies, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "Control" a portfolio company if we owned 25% or more of its voting securities. All of our portfolio company investments are subject to legal restriction on sales which as of December 31, 2005 represented 103% of the Company's net assets.
- (2)
 Pledged as collateral for the CP Funding Facility and, unless otherwise noted, all other investments are pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements).
- (3) Has a payment-in-kind interest feature (see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements).
- (4) Non-income producing at December 31, 2005.

- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the year ended December 31, 2005, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$2,000,000, redemptions of \$2,919,939 (cost), interest income of \$1,147,137, other income of \$143,667, net realized losses of \$4,278 and net unrealized losses of \$3,429,198.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the year ended December 31, 2005, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$26,000,000, sales of \$3,000,000 (cost), redemptions of \$237,500 (cost), interest income of \$1,514,431, capital structuring services fees of \$862,500 and other income of \$2,068.
- As defined in the 1940 Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. For the year ended December 31, 2005, for this portfolio company there were total purchases of \$54,647,808, total sales of \$19,000,000 (cost), redemptions of \$706,069 (cost), interest income of \$943,631, capital structuring services fees of \$1,058,750 and other income of \$44,426.
- (8) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (9) Non-registered investment company.
- A majority of the variable rate loans to our portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either Libor or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which reset semi-annually (S), quarterly (Q), monthly (M) or daily (D). For each such loan, we have provided the current interest rate in effect at December 31, 2005.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2005	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
INVESTMENT INCOME:				
From non-control/non-affiliate investments:				
Interest from investments	\$ 22,894,133 \$			- //
Interest from cash & cash equivalents	938,670	282,092	1,369,847	877,860
Dividend income			1,170,000	744,818
Capital structuring service fees	3,888,145	759,615	10,304,843	1,694,698
Other income	154,962	91,637	441,972	213,797
Total investment income from				
non-control/non-affiliate investments	27,875,910	9,834,184	71,969,154	23,179,844
From affiliate investments:				
Interest from investments	3,611,098	853,666	8,848,228	1,865,130
Dividend income	121,074		121,074	
Capital structuring service fees	200,000	901,250	1,383,810	1,763,750
Other income	23,712	18,889	190,584	151,472
Total investment income from affiliate investments	3,955,884	1,773,805	10,543,696	3,780,352
Total investment income	31,831,794	11,607,989	82,512,850	26,960,196
EXPENSES:				
Base management fees	3,660,997	1,380,863	9,311,853	3,222,709
Incentive management fees	4,464,141	2,643,353	14,327,424	4,712,556
Administrative	201,763	195,360	567,787	684,747
Professional fees	618,059	368,146	1,766,147	853,940
Directors fees	52,750 205,670	74,995	189,919	232,803 438,232
Insurance Interest and credit facility fees	4,403,465	151,019 310,463	592,202 10,087,681	748,732
Interest and credit racinty fees Interest to the Investment Adviser	4,403,403	32,167	25,879	115,706
Amortization of debt issuance costs	498,182	84,855	1,317,329	216,281
Depreciation	99,595	04,033	148,896	210,261
Other	552,221	122,490	937,837	192,248
Total expenses	14,756,843	5,363,711	39,272,954	11,417,954
NET INVESTMENT INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	17,074,951	6,244,278	43,239,896	15,542,242
Income tax expense, including excise tax	(253,044)	, ,	4,927,471	, ,
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	17,327,995	6,244,278	38,312,425	15,542,242
				· ·
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED NET GAINS ON INVESTMENTS:				
Net realized gains (losses):				
Net realized gains from non-control/non-affiliate investment transactions	1,611,935	3,189,827	26,055,526	10,346,269
Net realized gains (losses) from affiliate investment				
transactions		(1,124)	47,283	(3,154)
Net realized gains from investment transactions	1,611,935	3,188,703	26,102,809	10,343,115
Net unrealized gains (losses):	1,011,733	3,100,703	20,102,009	10,575,115
Investment transactions from non-control/non-affiliate				
investments	(2,302,632)	447,617	(14,797,305)	103,824

	N	For the Three Ionths Ended eptember 30, 2006		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2005	Month Septer	he Nine ns Ended nber 30,	_	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
Investment transactions from affiliate investments		1,503,824		1,292		(941,094)		(1,128)
Net unrealized gains (losses) from investment transactions		(798,808))	448,909		(15,738,399)		102,696
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments		813,127		3,637,612		10,364,410		10,445,811
NET INCREASE IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$	18,141,122	\$, ,	\$	48,676,835	\$	25,988,053
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (see Note 4)	\$	0.39	\$	0.42	\$	1.19	\$	1.33
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING (see Note 4)		46,880,245		23,323,314		41,018,821		19,583,970

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

	Common Stock		Capital in	Distributions in Excess of Net	Accumulated Net Realized Gain	Net Unrealized	Total
	Shares	Amount	Excess of Par Value	Investment income	on Sale of Investments	Appreciation of Investments	Stockholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2006	37,909,484	\$ 37,910	\$ 559,192,554	\$	\$ 5,765,225	\$ 4,616,510	\$ 569,612,199
Issuance of common stock from add-on offering (net of offering							
and underwriting costs)	10,781,250	10,781	161,991,734				162,002,515
Shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment							
plan	400,461	401	6,736,272				6,736,673
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from							
operations				38,312,425	26,102,809	(15,738,399)	48,676,835
Dividend declared (\$1.14 per share)				(38,312,425)	(9,446,927	")	(47,759,352)
Balance at September 30, 2006	49,091,195	\$ 49,092	\$ 727,920,560	\$	\$ 22,421,107	\$ (11,121,889)	39,268,870

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 (unaudited)

	Common Stock		Capital in	Distributions Less Than (in Excess of) Net	Accumulated Net Realized	Net Unrealized Appreciation	Total
	Shares	Amount	Excess of Par Value	Investment income	Gain on Sale of Investments	(Depreciation) of Investments	Stockholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2005	11,066,767	\$ 11,067	\$ 159,602,706	\$ (136,415)	\$	\$ 230,947	\$ 159,708,305
Issuance of common stock from add-on offering (net of offering and							
underwriting costs) Reimbursement of underwriting costs paid by the Investment Adviser	12,075,000	12,075	183,859,340				183,871,415
(see Note 9) Shares issued in connection with			(2,475,000)				(2,475,000)
dividend reinvestment plan	267,717	268	4,691,101				4,691,369
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from							
operations				15,542,242	10,343,115	102,696	25,988,053
Dividend declared (\$0.96 per share)				(15,405,827)	(3,268,822)		(18,674,649)
Balance at September 30, 2005	23,409,484	\$ 23,410	\$ 345,678,147	\$	\$ 7,074,293	\$ 333,643	\$ 353,109,493

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006		 For the Nine Months ended September 30, 2005	
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$	48,676,835	\$ 25,988,053	
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in stockholders' equity				
resulting from operations:				
Net realized gain on investment transactions		(26,102,809)	(10,343,115)	
Net unrealized (gain) loss on investment transactions		15,738,399	(102,696)	
Net accretion of discount on securities		(395,114)	(78,621)	
Increase in accrued payment-in-kind dividends and interest		(4,373,346)	(2,243,980)	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		1,317,329	216,281	
Depreciation		148,896		
Proceeds from sale and redemption of investments		306,852,077	112,704,621	
Purchases of investments		(744,333,358)	(333,160,023)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Interest receivable		(5,103,382)	(2,297,712)	
Other assets		(7,162,818)	(563,934)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,011,618	138,362	
Management and incentive fees payable		7,503,566	4,947,461	
Interest and facility fees payable		3,757,369	214,287	
Interest payable to the Investment Adviser		(154,078)	115,706	
Net cash used in operating activities		(402,618,816)	(204,465,310)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock		162,002,515	183,871,415	
Borrowings on debt		740,200,000	26,500,000	
Repayments on debt		(392,200,000)	1,2 1 1,1 1	
Underwriting costs paid to the Investment Adviser		(2,475,000)		
Dividends paid in cash		(53,911,904)	(17,303,310)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		453,615,611	193,068,105	
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		50,996,795	(11,397,205)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		16,613,334	26,806,160	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	67,610,129	\$ 15,408,955	
Supplemental Information:				
Interest paid during the period	\$	5,933,911	\$ 385,265	
Taxes paid during the period	\$	3,260,589	\$	
Dividends declared during the period	\$	47,759,352	\$ 18,674,649	

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of September 30, 2006 (unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION

Ares Capital Corporation (the "Company" or "ARCC" or "we") is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland that is regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("1940 Act"). We were incorporated on April 16, 2004 and were initially funded on June 23, 2004. On October 8, 2004, we completed our initial public offering (the "IPO"). On the same date, we commenced substantial investment operations.

The Company has qualified and has elected to be treated for tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or RIC, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as amended. The Company expects to continue to qualify and to elect to be treated for tax purposes as a RIC. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity investments in private middle market companies.

We are externally managed by Ares Capital Management LLC (the "Investment Adviser"), an affiliate of Ares Management LLC ("Ares Management"), an independent investment management firm that manages investment funds. Ares Technical Administration LLC ("Ares Administration"), an affiliate of Ares Management, provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP are omitted. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim period, have been included. The current period's results of operations will not necessarily be indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of the operations and financial condition for the periods presented. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, liquid investments in a money market fund. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions and, at times, cash held in money market accounts may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit.

Investments

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market price is not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors based on the input of our management and audit committee. In addition, the board of directors currently receives input from independent valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of the board to value each portfolio security at least once during a trailing 12 month period. The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, with approximately a quarter of our portfolio companies without market quotation subject to valuation by the independent valuation firm each quarter. The types of factors that the board may take into account in fair value pricing of our investments include, as relevant, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded securities and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our private equity valuation. Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment.

Preliminary valuation conclusions are then documented and discussed with our management.

The audit committee of our board of directors reviews these preliminary valuations as well as valuations with respect to approximately a quarter of our portfolio companies prepared by an independent valuation firm.

The board of directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of our management and audit committee and the independent valuation firms.

Interest Income Recognition

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. The Company stops accruing interest on its investments when it is determined that interest is no longer collectible. If any cash is received after it is determined that interest is no longer collectible, we will treat the cash as payment on the principal balance until the entire principal balance has been repaid, before any interest

income is recognized. Discounts and premiums on securities purchased are accreted/amortized over the life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortizations of premium on bonds.

Payment in Kind Interest

The Company has loans in its portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") provision. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is added to the principal balance of the loan and recorded as interest income. To maintain the Company's status as a RIC, this non-cash source of income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends even though the Company has not yet collected the cash. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded \$1,817,565 and \$4,373,346, respectively, in PIK income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company recorded \$783,249 and \$2,243,980, respectively, in PIK income.

Capital Structuring Service Fees

The Company's Investment Adviser seeks to provide assistance to the portfolio companies in connection with the Company's investments and in return the Company may receive fees for capital structuring services. These fees are normally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that the Company's Investment Adviser provides vary by investment, but generally consist of reviewing existing credit facilities, arranging bank financing, arranging equity financing, structuring financing from multiple lenders, structuring financing from equity investors, restructuring existing loans, raising equity and debt capital, and providing general financial advice, which concludes upon closing of the loan. The Company's Investment Adviser may also take a seat on the board of directors of a portfolio company, or observe the meetings of the board of directors without taking a formal seat. Any services of the above nature subsequent to the closing would generally generate a separate fee payable to the Company. In certain instances where the Company is invited to participate as a co-lender in a transaction and in the event that the Company does not provide significant services in connection with the investment, a portion of loan fees paid to the Company in such situations will be deferred and amortized over the estimated life of the loan.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's books and records are maintained in U.S. dollars. Any foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- (1) Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the day.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Although the net assets and the fair values are presented at the foreign exchange rates at the end of the day, the Company does not isolate the portion of the results of the operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair value of investments. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments. Foreign security and currency translations may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies and U.S. Government securities. These risks include but are not limited to revaluation of currencies and future adverse political and economic developments which could cause investments in their markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies.

Offering Expenses

The Company's offering costs were charged against the proceeds from the Add-on Offering (as defined in Note 10) when received. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company incurred approximately \$687,000 of such costs. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Company incurred approximately \$635,000 of such costs.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the related credit facility or debt obligation using the straight line method which approximates the interest method.

Federal Income Taxes

The Company has qualified and elected and intends to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M of the Code and, among other things, has made and intends to continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders which will relieve the Company from Federal income taxes. In order to qualify as a RIC, among other factors, the Company is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. To the extent that the Company determines that its estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions, the Company accrues excise tax, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded a benefit or provision of approximately \$(253,000) and \$571,000, respectively, for Federal excise tax. As of September 30, 2006, the entire \$571,000 was unpaid and included in accounts payable on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Our wholly owned subsidiaries ARCC Cervantes Corporation ("ACC") and ARCC Cervantes LLC ("ACLLC") are subject to Federal and state income taxes. For the three months ended September 30, 2006 we recorded no provision for these subsidiaries. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we recorded a tax provision of approximately \$4,354,000 for these subsidiaries.

Dividends

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by the board of directors each quarter and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by management. Net realized capital gains, if any, are generally distributed at least annually, although we may decide to retain such capital gains for re-investment.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of actual and contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements

and the reported amounts of income or loss and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the valuation of investments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments approximate fair value. The carrying value of interest and open trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, as well as the credit facility payable approximate fair value due to their short maturity.

3. AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into an investment advisory agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") with the Investment Adviser under which the Investment Adviser, subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors, provides investment advisory services to ARCC. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser receives a fee from us, consisting of two components a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds). The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. The base management fee is calculated based on the average value of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters.

The incentive fee has two parts. One part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income. Pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies but excluding fees for providing managerial assistance) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, any expenses payable under the administration agreement, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature such as market discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest, preferred stock with payment-in-kind dividends and zero coupon securities, accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. The Investment Adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued income that we never received as a result of a default by an entity on the obligation that resulted in the accrual of such income.

Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a fixed "hurdle rate" of 2.00% per quarter.

We pay the Investment Adviser an incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which the pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;

100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.50% in any calendar quarter. We refer to this portion of our pre-incentive fee net investment income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.50%) as the "catch-up" provision. The "catch-up" is meant to provide our Investment Adviser with 20% of the pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply if this net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter; and

20% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter.

These calculations are adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), commencing with the calendar year ending on December 31, 2004, and equals 20% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation for such year.

We defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by the Investment Adviser if during the most recent four full calendar quarter periods ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made the sum of (a) the aggregate distributions to the stockholders and (b) the change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) is less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations are appropriately pro rated during the first three calendar quarters following October 8, 2004 and are adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we incurred \$3,660,997 and \$9,311,853, respectively, in base management fees and \$4,358,427 and \$11,365,248, respectively, in incentive management fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we incurred \$105,714 and \$2,962,176 in incentive management fees related to realized capital gains. As of September 30, 2006, \$10,981,600 was unpaid and included in management and incentive fees payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, we incurred \$1,380,863 and \$3,222,709, respectively, in base management fees and \$1,777,526 and \$2,648,827, respectively, in incentive management fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, we incurred \$865,827 and \$2,063,729, respectively, in incentive management fees related to realized capital gains.

We also entered into a separate administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with Ares Administration under which Ares Administration furnishes us with office facilities, equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities. Under the Administration Agreement, Ares Administration also performs or oversees the performance of our required administrative services, which include, among other things, being responsible for the financial records which we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Ares Administration assists us in determining and publishing the net asset value, oversees the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Under the Administration Agreement, Ares Administration also provides on our behalf, managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to provide such assistance. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60-days' written notice to the other party.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, we incurred \$201,763 and \$567,787, respectively, in administrative fees. As of September 30, 2006, \$201,763 was unpaid and included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, we incurred \$195,360 and \$684,747, respectively, in administrative fees.

4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in stockholders' equity per share resulting from operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2006		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006
Numerator for basic and diluted net increase in			
stockholders' equity resulting from operations per			
share:	\$ 18,141,122	\$	48,676,835
Denominator for basic and diluted net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per			
share:	46,880,245		41,018,821
Basic and diluted net increase in stockholders'			
equity resulting from operations per share:	\$ 0.39	\$	1.19

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in stockholders' equity per share resulting from operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2005		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
Numerator for basic and diluted net increase in			
stockholders' equity resulting from operations per			
share:	\$ 9,881,890	\$	25,988,053
Denominator for basic and diluted net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per			
share:	23,323,314		19,583,970
Basic and diluted net increase in stockholders'			
equity resulting from operations per share:	\$ 0.42	\$	1.33

5. INVESTMENTS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company purchased (A) \$495.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$179.7 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (C) \$63.3 million of investments in equity securities.

In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, (1) \$132.2 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (2) \$9.0 million aggregate principal amount of collateralized obligation notes and (3) \$33.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt were redeemed. Additionally, (A) \$64.0 million of investments in equity securities, (B) \$25.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (C) \$17.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt were sold.

As of September 30, 2006, investments and cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	Amortized Cost			Fair Value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,610,129	\$	67,610,129		
Senior term debt		663,625,556		659,218,764		
Senior notes		10,000,000		10,000,000		
Senior subordinated debt		278,078,174		278,590,942		
Collateralized debt obligations		7,411,433		7,343,166		
Equity securities		84,994,014		77,834,416		
m . 1	ф	1 111 710 206	Ф	1 100 507 417		
Total	\$	1,111,719,306	\$	1,100,597,417		

As of December 31, 2005, investments and cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,613,334	\$	16,613,334	
Senior term debt	338,993,970		338,467,061	
Senior notes	10,000,000		10,000,000	
Senior subordinated debt	129,816,927		130,042,698	
Collateralized debt obligations	16,980,590		17,386,561	
Equity securities	85,560,378		90,072,055	
Total	\$ 597,965,199	\$	602,581,709	
		_		

The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums on debt using the effective interest method.

The industry and geographic compositions of the portfolio at fair value at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were as follows:

Industry	September 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Health Care	18.5%	13.1%
Printing/Publishing	12.0	2.8
Manufacturing	10.3	9.5
Other Services	8.4	10.5
Retail	7.3	0.0
Consumer Products	7.2	11.2
Containers/Packaging	7.0	12.0
Education	5.2	5.6
Business Services	4.7	1.5
Restaurants	4.6	10.6
Environmental Services	2.6	11.0
Aerospace and Defense	2.5	2.7
Broadcasting/Cable	2.5	0.9
Computers/Electronics	2.1	0.0
Cargo Transport	1.2	2.1
Beverage/Food/Tobacco	1.2	0.0
Homebuilding	1.0	1.7
Farming and Agriculture	1.0	1.8
Financial	0.7	3.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%
Geographic Region	September 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
West	27.5%	38.9%
Mid-Atlantic	24.3	24.3
Southeast	20.3	10.2
Midwest	18.0	12.3
Northeast	6.8	11.3
International	3.1	3.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of September 30, 2006, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$90.6 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of September 30, 2006, \$50.2 million was unfunded. Included within the \$90.6 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.8 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of certain portfolio companies. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio companies were to default on their related payment obligations. As of September 30, 2006, the Company had \$2.7 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio companies, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability. Of these letters of credit, \$2.2 million expire on September 30, 2007 and \$500,000 expire on July 31, 2007. These letters of credit may be extended under substantially similar terms for additional one-year terms at the Company's option until the revolving line of credit, under which the letters of credit were issued, matures on September 30, 2011.

As of September 30, 2006, the Company was subject to a subscription agreement to fund up to \$10.0 million of equity commitments in a private equity investment partnership. As of September 30, 2006, \$202,000 was funded to this partnership.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$43.0 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of December 31, 2005, \$28.8 million was unfunded. Included within the \$43.0 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.2 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of a portfolio company. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio company was to default on its related payment obligations. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had \$2.2 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio company, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability.

7. BORROWINGS

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% after such borrowing. On October 29, 2004, we formed Ares Capital CP Funding LLC ("Ares Capital CP"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, through which we established a revolving credit facility (the "CP Funding Facility"). On November 3, 2004, we entered into the CP Funding Facility that, as amended, allows Ares Capital CP to issue up to \$350.0 million of variable funding certificates ("VFC"). As part of the CP Funding Facility, we are subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life, collateral interests and investment ratings as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of VFC that we may issue from time to time. There are also certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early amortization of the CP Funding Facility and limit further advances under the CP Funding Facility and in some cases could be an event of default. Such limitations, requirements, and associated defined terms are as provided for in the documents governing the CP Funding Facility. As of September 30, 2006, there was \$15.0 million outstanding under the CP Funding Facility and the Company continues to be in compliance with all of the limitations and requirements of the CP Funding Facility. As of December 31, 2005 there was \$18.0 million outstanding under the CP Funding Facility.

The CP Funding Facility was scheduled to expire on November 1, 2006 (see Note 14) and is secured by all of the assets held by Ares Capital CP, which as of September 30, 2006 consisted of eight investments. At expiration, at our election, any principal amounts then outstanding will be amortized over a 24-month period from the termination date. Under the terms of the CP Funding Facility, we are required to pay a renewal fee of 0.375% of the total amount available for borrowing on or around each November 3rd.

The interest charged on the VFC is based on the commercial paper rate plus 0.75%. The interest charged on the VFC is payable quarterly. As of September 30, 2006 the commercial paper rate was 5.3610% and as of December 31, 2005 the commercial paper rate was 4.3223%. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the average interest rate (i.e. commercial paper rate plus the spread) was 6.10% and 5.71%, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the average interest rate (i.e. commercial paper rate plus the spread) was 4.73% and 4.26%, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the average outstanding balance was \$12,360,870 and \$55,939,927, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the average outstanding balance was \$7,894,273 and \$21,550,661, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 the interest expense incurred was \$190,747 and \$2,381,652, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 the interest expense

incurred was \$252,939 and \$577,673, respectively. Cash paid for interest expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005 was \$2,412,539 and \$385,265, respectively.

The Company is also required to pay a commitment fee for any unused portion of the CP Funding Facility. Initially, the commitment fee was 0.175% per annum. On April 8, 2005 the CP Funding Facility was amended pursuant to which among other things, the commitment fee was temporarily reduced to 0.11% per annum until the earlier of (a) the date the total borrowings outstanding exceed \$150.0 million or (b) October 3, 2005, after which the commitment fee was 0.175% per annum. On November 14, 2005 the CP Funding Facility was further amended pursuant to which among other things, the commitment fee was reduced to 0.10% per annum prior to the first time that the borrowings outstanding under the CP Funding Facility equal or exceed \$200.0 million and 0.125% per annum on and after the first time that the borrowings outstanding under the CP Funding Facility exceed \$200.0 million. On July 13, 2006 the CP Funding Facility was further amended pursuant to which among other things, the commitment fee was increased to 0.125% per annum calculated based on an amount equal to \$200.0 million less the borrowings outstanding under the CP Funding Facility. As soon as the borrowings outstanding under the CP Funding Facility equal or exceed \$200.0 million, the fee is calculated based on an amount equal to \$350.0 million less the borrowings outstanding under the CP Funding Facility. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the commitment fee incurred was \$64,806 and \$201,258, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the commitment fee incurred was \$57,524 and \$171,059, respectively.

In December 2005, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") under which the lenders have agreed to extend credit to the Company in an initial aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$250 million at any one time outstanding. The Revolving Credit Facility expires on December 28, 2010 and with certain exceptions is secured by substantially all of the assets in our portfolio (other than investments held by Ares Capital CP under the CP Funding Facility and those held as a part of the Debt Securitization, discussed below) which as of September 30, 2006 consisted of 96 investments. Under the Revolving Credit Facility, we have made certain representations and warranties and are required to comply with various covenants, reporting requirements and other customary requirements for similar revolving credit facilities, including, without limitation, covenants related to: (a) limitations on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and liens, (b) limitations on certain investments, (c) limitations on certain restricted payments, (d) maintaining a certain minimum stockholders' equity, (e) maintaining a ratio of total assets (less total liabilities) to total indebtedness, of the Company and its subsidiaries, of not less than 2.0:1.0, (f) maintaining minimum liquidity, and (g) limitations on the creation or existence of agreements that prohibit liens on certain properties of the Company and its subsidiaries.

In addition to the asset coverage ratio described above, borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (and the incurrence of certain other permitted debt) will be subject to compliance with a borrowing base that will apply different advance rates to different types of assets in our portfolio. The Revolving Credit Facility also includes an "accordion" feature that allows us to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility to a maximum of \$500 million under certain circumstances. The Revolving Credit Facility also includes usual and customary events of default for senior secured revolving credit facilities of this nature. As of September 30, 2006, there was \$87.0 million outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility and the Company continues to be in compliance with all of the limitations and requirements of the Revolving Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2005, there were no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The interest charged under the Revolving Credit Facility is generally based on LIBOR (one, two, three or six month) plus 1.00%. As of September 30, 2006, the one, two, three and six month LIBOR were 5.32%, 5.35%, 5.37% and 5.37%, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the average interest rate was 6.77% and 6.30%, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the average outstanding balance was \$33,923,913 and

\$75,183,150, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the interest expense incurred was \$351,050 and \$3,541,037, respectively. Cash paid for interest expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$3,521,372. As of December 31, 2005, the one, two, three and six month LIBOR were 4.39%, 4.48%, 4.54% and 4.70%, respectively. The Company is also required to pay a commitment fee of 0.20% for any unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the commitment fee incurred was \$108,556 and \$257,844, respectively.

As of September 30, 2006, the Company had \$3.8 million in standby letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility.

On July 7, 2006, through our wholly owned subsidiary, ARCC CLO 2006 LLC ("ARCC CLO"), we completed a \$400.0 million debt securitization (the "Debt Securitization") and issued approximately \$314.0 million principal amount of asset-backed notes (including a \$50.0 million revolver with no amounts drawn as of September 30, 2006) (the "CLO Notes") to third parties that were secured by a pool of middle market loans that have been purchased or originated by the Company. The CLO Notes are included in the September 30, 2006 consolidated balance sheet.

We retained approximately \$86.0 million of certain BBB and non-rated securities in the Debt Securitization. The CLO Notes mature on December 20, 2019, and, as of September 30, 2006, there is \$264.0 million outstanding. The blended pricing of the CLO Notes, excluding fees, is approximately 3-month LIBOR plus 34 basis points.

The classes, amounts, ratings and interest rates (expressed as a spread to LIBOR) of the CLO Notes are:

Class	nount (lions)	Rating (S&P/Moody's)	LIBOR Spread (basis points)		
A-1A	\$ 75	AAA/Aaa	25		
A-1A VFN	50(1)	AAA/Aaa	28		
A-1B	14	AAA/Aaa	37		
A-2A	75	AAA/Aaa	22		
A-2B	33	AAA/Aaa	35		
В	23	AA/Aa2	43		
C	44	A/A2	70		
Total	\$ 314				

(1) Revolving class, none of which was drawn as of September 30, 2006.

During the first five years from the closing date, principal collections received on the underlying collateral may be used to purchase new collateral, allowing us to maintain the initial leverage in the securitization for the entire five-year period. Under the terms of the securitization, up to 15% of the collateral may be subordinated loans that are neither first nor second lien loans.

The Class A-1A VFN Notes are a revolving class of secured notes and allow us to borrow and repay AAA/Aaa financing over the initial five-year period thereby providing more efficiency in funding costs. All of the notes are secured by the assets of ARCC Commercial Loan Trust 2006, including commercial loans totaling \$308.1 million as of the closing date, currently which were sold to the trust by the Company, the originator and servicer of the assets. As of September 30, 2006, there were 46 investments securing the notes. Additional commercial loans will be purchased by the trust from the Company primarily using the proceeds from the Class A-1A VFN Notes. The pool of commercial loans in the trust must meet certain requirements, including, but not limited to, asset mix and concentration,

collateral coverage, term, agency rating, minimum coupon, minimum spread and sector diversity requirements,

The interest charged under the ARCC CLO debt securitization is based on 3-month LIBOR which as of September 30, 2006 was 5.37%. For the three months ended September 30, 2006, the effective average interest rate was 5.86%. For the three months ended September 30, 2006, we incurred \$3,653,371 of interest expense. The Company is also required to pay a commitment fee of 0.175% for any unused portion of the Class A-1A VFN Notes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the commitment fee incurred was \$23,611 on these notes.

8. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

In 2005, we entered into a costless collar agreement in order to manage the exposure to changing interest rates related to the Company's fixed rate investments. The costless collar agreement is for a notional amount of \$20 million, has a cap of 6.5%, a floor of 2.72% and matures in 2008. The costless collar agreement allows us to receive an interest payment for any quarterly period when the 3-month LIBOR exceeds 6.5%, and requires us to pay an interest payment for any quarterly period when the 3-month LIBOR is less than 2.72%. The costless collar resets quarterly based on the 3-month LIBOR. As of September 30, 2006, the 3-month LIBOR was 5.37%. As of September 30, 2006 these derivatives had no fair value.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The underwriting costs related to the IPO were \$7,425,000 or \$0.675 per share. As a part of the IPO, the Investment Adviser, on our behalf, agreed to pay the underwriters \$0.225 of the \$0.675 per share in underwriting discount and commissions for a total of approximately \$2.5 million. We were obligated to repay this amount, together with accrued interest (charged at the 3-month LIBOR plus 2% starting on October 8, 2004) (a) if during any four calendar quarter period ending on or after October 8, 2005 the sum of (i) the aggregate distributions, including return of capital, if any, to the stockholders and (ii) the change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) equals or exceeds 7.0% of the net assets at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases) or (b) upon the Company's liquidation. On March 8, 2005, the Company's board of directors approved entering into an amended and restated agreement with the Investment Adviser whereby the Company would be obligated to repay the Investment Adviser for the approximate \$2.5 million only if the conditions for repayment referred to above were met before the third anniversary of the IPO. If one or more such events did not occur on or before October 8, 2007, we would not be obligated to repay this amount to the Investment Adviser. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the sum of our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and our change in net assets exceeded 7.0% of net assets as of December 31, 2004 (as adjusted for any share issuances). As a result, in February 2006 we repaid this amount together with accrued interest.

In accordance with the Advisory Agreement, we bear all costs and expenses of the operation of the Company and reimburse the Investment Adviser for all such costs and expenses incurred in the operation of the Company. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Investment Adviser incurred such expenses totaling \$434,298 and \$665,026, respectively. There were no payable amounts relating to these expenses outstanding to the Investment Adviser as of September 30, 2006. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Investment Adviser incurred such expenses totaling \$102,739 and \$144,651, respectively.

As of September 30, 2006, Ares Management LLC, of which the Investment Adviser is a wholly owned subsidiary, owned 666,667 shares of the Company's common stock representing approximately 1.4% of the total shares outstanding as of September 30, 2006.

See Note 3 for a description of other related party transactions.

10. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the nine months ended September 30, 2005, we completed a public add-on offering on March 23, 2005, of 12,075,000 shares of common stock (including the underwriters' overallotment of 1,575,000 shares) at \$16.00 per share, less an underwriting discount and commissions totaling \$0.72 per share. Total proceeds received from this add-on offering, net of the underwriters' discount and offering costs, were \$183.9 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we completed a public add-on offering on July 18, 2006 (the "July Add-on Offering"), of 10,781,250 shares of common stock (including the underwriters' overallotment of 1,406,250 shares) at \$15.67 per share, less an underwriting discount and commissions totaling \$0.58 per share. Total proceeds received from the July Add-on Offering, net of the underwriters' discount and offering costs, were approximately \$162.0 million.

11. DIVIDEND

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, the Company declared a dividend on August 9, 2006 of \$0.40 per share for a total of \$19,595,399. The record date was September 15, 2006 and the dividend was distributed on September 29, 2006. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company declared a dividend on May 8, 2006 of \$0.38 per share for a total of \$14,481,380. The record date was June 15, 2006 and the dividend was distributed on June 30, 2006. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company declared a dividend on February 28, 2006 of \$0.36 per share for a total of \$13,682,573. The record date was March 24, 2006 and the dividend was distributed on April 14, 2006.

For the three months ended September 30, 2005, the Company declared a dividend on September 6, 2005 of \$0.34 per share for a total of \$7,940,174. The record date was September 16, 2005 and the dividend was distributed on September 30, 2005. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, the Company declared a dividend on June 20, 2005 of \$0.32 per share for a total of \$7,413,951. The record date was June 30, 2005 and the dividend was distributed on July 15, 2005. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Company declared a dividend on February 23, 2005 of \$0.30 per share for a total of \$3,320,524. The record date was March 7, 2005 and the dividend was distributed on April 15, 2005.

12. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following is a schedule of financial highlights for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2005:

Per Share Data:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
Net asset value, beginning of period(1)	\$ 15.03 \$	14.43
Issuance of common stock	0.01	0.45
Effect of dilution	(0.03)	(0.04)
Underwriting costs paid by the Investment Adviser (see Note 9)(2)		(0.13)
Net investment income for period(2)	0.94	0.80
Net realized and unrealized gains for period(2)	0.25	0.53
<i>(</i>)	 	
Net increase in stockholders' equity	1.17	1.61
Distributions from net investment income	(0.94)	(0.80)
Distributions from net realized capital gains on		
securities	(0.20)	(0.16)
Total distributions to stockholders	(1.14)	(0.96)
Net asset value at end of period(1)	\$ 15.06 \$	15.08
Per share market value at end of period	\$ 17.42 \$	16.28
Total return based on market value(3)	15.49%	(11.27)%
Total return based on net asset value(4)	7.89%	8.97%
Shares outstanding at end of period	49,091,195	23,409,484
Ratio/Supplemental Data:		
Net assets at end of period	\$ 739,268,870 \$	353,109,493
Ratio of operating expenses to average net		
assets(5)(6)	8.34%	5.18%
Ratio of net investment income to average net		
assets(5)(7)	9.02%	7.05%
Portfolio turnover rate(5)	47%	46%

⁽¹⁾ The net assets used equals the total stockholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheets.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the total return based on market value equals the increase of the ending market value at September 30, 2006 of \$17.42 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07, plus the declared dividend of \$0.40 per share for holders of record on September 15, 2006, the declared dividend of \$0.38 per share for holders of record on June 15, 2006 and the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the market value at December 31, 2005. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the total return based on market value equals the decrease of the ending market value at September 30, 2005 of \$16.28 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43, plus the declared dividend of \$0.34 per share for holders of record on September 16, 2005, the declared dividend of \$0.32 per share for holders of record on June 30, 2005 and the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share for holders of record on March 7, 2005, divided by the market value at December 31, 2004. Total return based on market value is not annualized.

⁽²⁾ Weighted average basic per share data.

The Company's shares fluctuate in value. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

- For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the total return based on net asset value equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.40 per share for holders of record on September 15, 2006, the declared dividend of \$0.38 per share for holders of record on June 15, 2006 and the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the beginning net asset value during the period. The calculation was adjusted for shares issued in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan and the issuance of common stock in connection with the July Add-on Offering. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the total return based on net asset value equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.34 per share for holders of record on September 16, 2005, the declared dividend of \$0.32 per share for holders of record on June 30, 2005 and the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share for holders of record on March 7, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value during the period. The calculation was adjusted for shares issued in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, the issuance of common stock in connection with an add-on offering and the reimbursement of underwriting costs paid by the Investment Adviser. Total return based on net asset value is not annualized. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- (5)
 The ratios reflect an annualized amount.
- For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the ratio of operating expenses to average net assets consisted of 1.98% of base management fees, 3.04% of incentive management fees, 2.42% of the cost of borrowing and other operating expenses of 0.90%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the ratio of operating expenses to average net assets consisted of 1.46% of base management fees, 2.14% of incentive management fees, 0.44% of the cost of borrowing and other operating expenses of 1.14%. These ratios reflect annualized amounts.
- (7)

 The ratio of net investment income to average net assets excludes income taxes related to realized gains.

13. IMPACT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") released FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 provides guidance on how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authorities. Tax positions not deemed to satisfy the "more-likely-than-not" threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. Adoption of FIN 48 is required for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and is to be applied to all open tax years as of the effective date. At this time, the Company is evaluating the implications of FIN 48, and its impact in the consolidated financial statements has not yet been determined.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157 Fair Value Measurement ("SFAS No. 157"). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements, but does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. At this time, the Company is evaluating the implications of SFAS No. 157, and its impact in the consolidated financial statements has not yet been determined.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 1, 2006, we entered into an amendment to extend the maturity of the CP Funding Facility to October 31, 2007. Additionally, the interest rate charged on the CP Funding Facility was reduced to the commercial paper rate plus 0.70%.

On November 7, 2006, we declared a dividend of \$0.40 per share and an additional dividend of \$0.10 per share for a total of \$19,636,478 and \$4,909,120, respectively. The record date for both dividends is December 15, 2006 and the dividends will be distributed on December 29, 2006.

S-62

PROSPECTUS

\$250,000,000

Common Stock

Ares Capital Corporation is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland that is regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. We were founded in April 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. Our investment objectives are to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity investments, in private middle market companies.

We are managed by Ares Capital Management LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, an independent Los Angeles based firm that currently manages investment funds that have approximately \$10.7 billion of committed capital. Ares Technical Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Our common stock is quoted on The NASDAQ National Market under the symbol "ARCC." On June 15, 2006, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ National Market was \$16.77 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 15 of the prospectus.

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$250 million aggregate initial offering price of our common stock in one or more offerings. We will offer the shares of common stock at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our common stock less any underwriting commissions or discounts will not be less than the net value per share of our common stock at the time we make the offering. This prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement concisely provide important information you should know before investing in our common stock. Please read the prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement before you invest and keep it for future reference. Our Internet address is http://www.arescapitalcorporation.com. We make available free of charge on our website our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of shares of common stock unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is June 23, 2006.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement, as applicable. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Prospectus Summary	
The Company	
Offerings	
Fees and Expenses	10
Selected Financial and Other Data	1:
Risk Factors	1:
Forward-Looking Statements	3:
Use of Proceeds	3:
Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions	34
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	30
Senior Securities	5
Business	52
Portfolio Companies	6
Management	69
Certain Relationships	8′
Control Persons and Principal Stockholders	88
Determination of Net Asset Value	90
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	9
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations	9;
Description of our Stock	10
Regulation	10
Custodian, Transfer and Dividend Paying Agent and Registrar	114
Brokerage Allocation and Other Practices	11-
Plan of Distribution	11:
Legal Matters	110
Independent Registered Public Accountants	110
Available Information	11
Financial Statements	F-
i	

86

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC, using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$250 million aggregate initial offering price of our common stock on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Shares of our common stock may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the shares of our common stock that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer shares of our common stock, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. Please carefully read this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with any exhibits and the additional information described under the headings "Available Information" and "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

ii

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus. Except where the context suggests otherwise, the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" and "Ares Capital" refer to Ares Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries; "Ares Capital Management" or "investment adviser" refers to Ares Capital Management LLC; "Ares Administration" refers to Ares Technical Administration LLC; and "Ares" refers to Ares Partners Management Company LLC and its affiliated companies, including Ares Management LLC.

THE COMPANY

Ares Capital is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company, regulated as a business development company, or a "BDC," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the "1940 Act." We were founded in April 2004, completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004 and completed two additional equity offerings in March 2005 and October 2005. Ares Capital's investment objectives are to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments by primarily investing in U.S. middle market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive.

We primarily invest in first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. In some cases, we may also receive warrants or options in connection with our debt instruments. Our investments have generally ranged between \$10 million and \$50 million each, although the investment sizes may be more or less than the targeted range and are expected to grow with our capital availability. We also, to a lesser extent, make equity investments in private middle market companies. These investments have generally been less than \$10 million each but may grow with our capital availability and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make to these companies. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In this prospectus, we generally use the term "middle market" to refer to companies with annual EBITDA between \$5 million and \$50 million. EBITDA represents net income before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.

The first and second lien senior loans generally have stated terms of three to ten years and the mezzanine debt investments generally have stated terms of up to ten years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, there is no limit on the maturity or duration of any security in our portfolio. The debt that we invest in typically is not rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). We may invest without limit in debt of any rating, including securities that have not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage Ares' current investment platform, resources and existing relationships with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investments. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares' senior principals have worked together for many years and have substantial experience in investing in senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and

1

private equity. The Company has access to the Ares staff of approximately 58 investment professionals and to the 38 administrative professionals employed by Ares who provide assistance in accounting, legal, compliance and investor relations.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of private companies, we also may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments. Such investments may include investments in high-yield bonds, debt and equity securities in collateralized debt obligation vehicles and distressed debt or equity securities of public companies. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt that is non-investment grade. As part of this 30% of the portfolio, we may also invest in debt of middle market companies located outside of the United States, which investments are not anticipated to be in excess of 10% of the portfolio at the time such investments are made.

About Ares

Ares is an independent firm with approximately \$10.7 billion of total committed capital and 129 employees. Ares was founded in 1997 by a group of highly experienced investment professionals.

Ares specializes in originating and managing assets in both the leveraged finance and private equity markets. Ares' leveraged finance activities include the acquisition and management of senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine and special situation investments. Ares' private equity activities focus on providing flexible, junior capital to middle market companies. Ares has the ability to invest across a capital structure, from senior secured floating rate debt to common equity.

Ares is comprised of the following groups:

Capital Markets Group. The Ares Capital Markets Group currently manages a variety of funds and investment vehicles that have approximately \$6.8 billion of total committed capital, focusing primarily on syndicated senior secured loans, high yield bonds, distressed debt, other liquid fixed income investments and other publicly traded debt securities.

Private Debt Group. The Ares Private Debt Group manages the assets of Ares Capital. The Private Debt Group focuses primarily on non-syndicated first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt.

Private Equity Group. The Ares Private Equity Group manages the Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund L.P. and the Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund II, L.P. (collectively referred to as "ACOF"), which together have approximately \$2.7 billion of total committed capital. ACOF generally makes private equity investments in companies in amounts substantially larger than the private equity investments anticipated to be made by Ares Capital. The Private Equity Group generally focuses on control-oriented equity investments in under-capitalized companies or companies with capital structure issues.

Ares' senior principals have been working together as a group for many years and have an average of over 20 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, investment banking and capital markets. They are backed by a large team of highly-disciplined professionals. Ares' rigorous investment approach is based upon an intensive, independent financial analysis, with a focus on preservation of capital, diversification and active portfolio management. These fundamentals underlie Ares' investment strategy and have resulted in large pension funds, banks, insurance companies, endowments and high net worth individuals investing in Ares funds.

Ares Capital Management

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by a dedicated origination and transaction development team of 17 investment professionals, including our President, Michael J. Arougheti, which team is augmented by Ares' additional investment professionals, primarily its 24 member Capital Markets Group. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has 5 members, including Mr. Arougheti and 4 founding members of Ares. In addition, Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' entire investment platform and benefits from the Ares investment professionals' significant capital markets, trading and research expertise developed through Ares industry analysts. Ares funds have made investments in over 1,000 companies in over 30 different industries and currently hold over 400 investments in over 30 different industries.

MARKET OPPORTUNITY

We believe the environment for investing in middle market companies is attractive for the following reasons:

We believe that many senior lenders have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions.

We believe there is increased demand among private middle market companies for primary capital. Many middle-market firms have faced increased difficulty raising debt in the capital markets, due to a continuing preference for larger size high yield bond issuances.

We believe there is a large pool of uninvested private equity capital for middle market companies. We expect private equity firms will seek to leverage their investments by combining capital with senior secured loans and mezzanine debt from other sources.

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers in middle market companies:

Existing investment platform

Ares currently manages approximately \$10.7 billion of committed capital in the related asset classes of syndicated loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity. We believe Ares' current investment platform provides a competitive advantage in terms of access to origination and marketing activities and diligence for Ares Capital.

Seasoned management team

Ares senior professionals have an average of over 20 years experience in leveraged finance, including substantial experience in investing in leveraged loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt, distressed debt and private equity securities. As a result of Ares' extensive investment experience, Ares and its senior principals have developed a strong reputation in the capital markets. We believe that this experience affords Ares Capital a competitive advantage in identifying and investing in middle market companies with the potential to generate positive returns.

Experience and focus on middle market companies

Ares has historically focused on investments in middle market companies and we benefit from this experience. Our investment adviser uses Ares' extensive network of relationships with intermediaries focused on middle market companies, to attract well-positioned prospective

company investments. In particular, our investment adviser works closely with the Ares investment professionals, who oversee a portfolio of investments in over 400 companies, and provide access to an extensive network of relationships and special insights into industry trends and the state of the capital markets.

Disciplined investment philosophy

In making its investment decisions, our investment adviser has adopted Ares' long-standing, consistent investment approach that was developed over 14 years ago by several of its founders. Ares Capital Management's investment philosophy and portfolio construction involves an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment, financial markets and company-specific research and analysis. Our investment approach emphasizes capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk.

Extensive industry focus

We concentrate our investing activities in industries with a history of predictable and dependable cash flows and in which the Ares investment professionals historically have had extensive investment experience. Since its inception in 1997, Ares investment professionals have invested in over 1,000 companies in over 30 different industries, and over this time have developed long-term relationships with management teams and management consultants within these industries. The experience of Ares' investment professionals in investing across these industries, throughout various stages of the economic cycle, provides our investment adviser with access to ongoing market insights and favorable investment opportunities.

Flexible transaction structuring

We are flexible in structuring investments, the types of securities in which we invest and the terms associated with such investments. The principals of Ares have extensive experience in a wide variety of securities for leveraged companies with a diverse set of terms and conditions. This approach and experience should enable our investment adviser to identify attractive investment opportunities throughout the economic cycle and across a company's capital structure so that we can make investments consistent with our stated objectives.

OPERATING AND REGULATORY STRUCTURE

Our investment activities are managed by Ares Capital Management and supervised by our board of directors, a majority of whom are independent of Ares and its affiliates. Ares Capital Management is an investment adviser that is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or the "Advisers Act." Under our amended and restated investment advisory and management, referred to herein as our investment advisory and management agreement, we have agreed to pay Ares Capital Management an annual base management fee based on our total assets, as defined under the 1940 Act (other than cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds), and an incentive fee based on our performance. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. While we are permitted to finance investments using debt, our ability to use debt is limited in certain significant respects. See "Regulation." We have elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a "RIC," under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the "Code." See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

LIQUIDITY

We are party to a Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement that provides for up to \$250 million of borrowings, which expires on December 28, 2010. In addition, our wholly owned subsidiary, Ares Capital CP Funding LLC, is party to a separate credit facility (together with the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, the "Facilities") that provides for up to \$350 million of borrowings, which expires on November 1, 2006, unless extended prior to such date with the consent of the lenders.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in Ares Capital involves risks. The following is a summary of certain risks that you should carefully consider before investing in shares of our common stock. In addition, see "Risk Factors" beginning on page 15 for a more detailed discussion of the factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our common stock.

Risks Relating to Our Business

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

The Company may not replicate Ares' historical success.

We are dependent upon Ares Capital Management's key personnel for our future success and upon their access to Ares investment professionals.

We are a new company with a limited operating history.

Our investment adviser and the members of its investment committee have limited experience managing a BDC.

Our financial condition and results of operation will depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

Our ability to grow will depend on our ability to raise capital.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC.

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

If our primary investments are deemed not to be qualifying assets we could lose our status as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business plan.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us.

We will be exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

Many of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, there will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.

Our investment adviser's liability is limited under the investment management agreement, and we will indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

We may be obligated to pay our manager incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates will be restricted.

Risks Relating To Our Investments

Our portfolio is concentrated in a limited number of portfolio companies, which subjects us to a risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations.

Our investments may be risky, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

An investment strategy focused primarily on privately-held companies presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies and a greater vulnerability to economic downturns.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

Investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk.

Our incentive fee may induce Ares Capital Management to make certain investments, including speculative investments.

Our investments in foreign debt may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments. We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

We will initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in high-quality short-term investments, which will generate lower rates of return than those expected from the interest generated on first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt.

When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, we may not be in a position to control the entity, and management of the company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Our board of directors may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse.

6

Risks Relating To Offerings

There is a risk that you may not receive dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and of our charter and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Investing in our shares may involve an above average degree of risk.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

We may allocate the net proceeds from offerings in ways with which you may not agree.

Our shares may trade at discounts from net asset value.

Investors in offerings will incur immediate dilution upon the closing of this offering.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

OUR CORPORATE INFORMATION

Our administrative offices are located at 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, California, 90067, telephone number (310) 201-4200, and our executive offices are located at 280 Park Avenue, 22nd Floor, Building East, New York, New York 10017, telephone number (212) 750-7300.

OFFERINGS

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$250 million of our common stock, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. We will offer our common stock at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this prospectus; *provided* that the offering price per share, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, will not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the offering.

We may offer our common stock directly to one or more purchasers, through agents that we designate from time to time, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our common stock, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our common stock through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding offerings of our securities:

Stockh federal	re a dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. This is an "opt out" dividend tement plan. As a result, if we declare a dividend, then stockholders' cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless they cally "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash dividends. Tolders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same a state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their utions in cash. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."
Stockh federal	re a dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. This is an "opt out" dividend tment plan. As a result, if we declare a dividend, then stockholders' cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless they cally "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash dividends. olders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their
reinves will be	
general capital status, distribu short-te by dedi Factors	we elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a RIC. As a RIC, we ly will not pay corporate-level federal income taxes on any ordinary income or gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our RIC we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and atteannually an amount equal to at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, reduced actible expenses, out of assets legally available for distribution. See "Risk" We will be subject to corporate level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a
availab	end to distribute quarterly dividends to our stockholders out of assets legally le for distribution. Our quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board etors. For more information, see "Dividends."
from th portfoli repayir prospec	otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds be sale of our securities for general corporate purposes, which includes investing in to companies in accordance with our investment objectives and strategies and ge indebtedness, if any, incurred under our credit facilities. The supplement to this ctus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such g. See "Use of Proceeds."

Anti-takeover provisions	Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms. This structure is intended to provide us with a greater likelihood of continuity of management, which may be necessary for us to realize the full value of our investments. A staggered board of directors also may serve to deter hostile takeovers or proxy contests, as may certain other measures adopted by us. See "Description of Our Stock."
Leverage	We borrow funds to make additional investments. We use this practice, which is known as "leverage," to attempt to increase returns to our common stockholders, but it involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors," "Senior Securities" and "Regulation Indebtedness and Senior Securities." With certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after such borrowing. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing.
Management arrangements	Ares Capital Management serves as our investment adviser. Ares Administration serves as our administrator. For a description of Ares Capital Management, Ares Administration, Ares and our contractual arrangements with these companies, see "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement," and " Administration Agreement."
Available information	We are required to file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. This information is available free of charge on our website at www.arescapitalcorp.com . The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "Ares Capital," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in Ares Capital.

Stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price):		
Sales load paid by us		(1)
Offering expenses borne by us		(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	None	(3)
•		
Total stockholder transaction expenses paid by us		(4)
Estimated annual expenses (as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock)(5):		
Management fees	2.04%	6(6)
Incentive fees payable under investment advisory and management agreement (20% of realized		
capital gains and 20% of pre-incentive fee net investment income, subject to certain limitations)	0.00%	6(7)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	1.23%	6(8)
Other expenses	0.78%	6(9)
•		
Total annual expenses (estimated)	4.05%	6(10)

- (1) In the event that the shares of common stock to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.
- (2) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.
- The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4)

 The related prospectus supplement will disclose the offering price and the total stockholder transaction expenses as a percentage of the offering price.
- (5)
 "Consolidated net assets attributable to common stock" equals net asset value at March 31, 2006.
- Our management fee is 1.5% of our total assets other than cash and cash equivalents (which includes assets purchased with borrowed amounts). For the purposes of this table, we have assumed that we maintain no cash or cash equivalents. The 2.04% reflected on the table is calculated on our net assets (rather than our total assets). See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."
- We expect to invest all of the net proceeds from shares of common stock registered under the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part within two years or less of the date of the initial registration and may have capital gains and interest income that could result in the payment of an incentive fee to our investment adviser in the first year after completion of offerings pursuant to this prospectus. However, the incentive fee payable to our investment adviser is based on our performance and will not be paid unless we achieve certain goals. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the necessary performance targets, we have assumed a base incentive fee of 0% in this chart. Since our inception, the average quarterly incentive fee payable to our investment adviser has been approximately 0.34% of our weighted net assets (1.36% on an annualized basis). For more detailed information about incentive fees

previously incurred by us, please see Note 3 to our

consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2005 and Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2006.

The incentive fee consists of two parts:

The first, payable quarterly in arrears, equals 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income (including interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash), subject to a 2.00% quarterly (8% annualized) hurdle rate and a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. Under this provision, in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser receives no incentive fee until our net investment income equals the hurdle rate of 2.00% but then receives, as a "catch-up," 100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.50%. The effect of this provision is that, if pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser will receive 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply.

The second, payable annually in arrears for each calendar year ending on or after December 31, 2004, equals 20% of our net realized capital gains, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation.

We will defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) is less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases.

See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

- "Interest payments on borrowed funds" represents an estimate of our annualized interest expenses based on actual interest and credit facility expense incurred and amortization of debt issuance cost for the quarter ended March 31, 2006. During the quarter ended March 31, 2006, the average borrowings were \$82.9 million and cash paid for interest expense was \$308,038. We had outstanding borrowings of \$185.2 million at March 31, 2006. The estimate is based on our assumption that our borrowings and interest costs after an offering will remain similar to those prior to such offering. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on, among other things, our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. See "Risk Factors" We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us."
- Includes our overhead expenses, including payments under the administration agreement based on our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Administration in performing its obligations under the administration agreement. Such expenses are based on annualized other expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2006. See "Management Administration Agreement." The holders of shares of our common stock (and not the holders of our debt securities or preferred stock, if any) indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.
- "Total annual expenses" as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock are higher than the total annual expenses percentage would be for a company that is not leveraged. We borrow money to leverage our net assets and increase our total assets. The SEC requires that the "Total annual expenses" percentage be calculated as a percentage of net assets, rather than the total assets, including assets that have been funded with borrowed monies. If the "Total annual

expenses" percentage were calculated instead as a percentage of consolidated total assets, our "Total annual expenses" would be 2.97% of consolidated total assets.

Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage, that none of our assets are cash or cash equivalents, and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. Transaction expenses are not included in the following example. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect the applicable sales load.

	1 year		3 years		5 years		10 years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return(1)	\$	41.50	\$ 125.56	\$	211.06	\$	431.24

The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. The expenses you would pay, based on a \$1,000 investment and assuming a 5% annual return resulting entirely from net realized capital gains (and therefore subject to the capital gain incentive fee), and otherwise making the same assumptions in the example above, would be: 1 year, \$51.50; 3 years, \$154.88; 5 years, \$258.73; and 10 years, \$520.16. However, cash payment of the capital incentive fee would be deferred if during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date the payment set forth in the example is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) was less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases).

The foregoing table is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The incentive fee under the investment advisory and management agreement, which, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses, and returns to our investors, would be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan who have not otherwise elected to receive cash will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the dividend. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The following selected financial and other data for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 and the year ended December 31, 2005, are derived from our consolidated financial statements that have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included within this registration statement. Quarterly financial information is derived from unaudited financial data, but in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary to present fairly the results of such interim periods. Interim results at and for the three months ended March 31, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006. The data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which are included elsewhere in this registration statement.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 Year Ended December 31, 2005 and Period June 23, 2004 (inception) Through December 31, 2004

	Three Months Ended Iarch 31, 2006		Year Ended December 31, 2005	June 23, 2004 (inception) Through December 31, 2004			
Total Investment Income	\$ 20,191,305	\$	41,850,477	\$	4,380,848		
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain on Investments	2,151,498		14,727,276		475,393		
Total Expenses	(8,499,770)		(14,726,677)		(1,665,753)		
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from							
Operations	\$ 13,843,033	\$	41,851,076	\$	3,190,488		
Per Share Data:							
Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations:							
Basic:	\$ 0.36	\$	1.78	\$	0.29		
Diluted:	\$ 0.36	\$	1.78	\$	0.29		
Cash Dividend Declared:	\$ 0.36	\$	1.30	\$	0.30		
Total Assets	\$ 778,620,556	\$	613,645,144	\$	220,455,614		
Total Debt	\$ 185,200,000	\$	18,000,000	\$	55,500,000		
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 571,375,338	\$	569,612,199	\$	159,708,305		
Other Data:							
Number of Portfolio Companies at Period End	48		38		20		
Principal Amount of Investments Purchased(1)	\$ 195,411,000	\$	504,299,000	\$	234,102,000		
Principal Amount of Investments Sold and							
Repayments(2)	\$ 36,745,000	\$	108,415,000	\$	52,272,000		
Total Return Based on Market Value(3)	9.15%	,	(10.60) ⁶	%	31.53%		
Total Return Based on Net Asset Value(4)	2.42%	,	12.04%)	(1.80)%		
Weighted Average Yield of Income Producing Equity Securities and Debt(5):	11.47%	,	11.25%)	12.36%		

⁽¹⁾ The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 includes \$140.8 million of the assets purchased from Royal Bank of Canada and excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.

For the Period

- (2) The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.
- Total return based on market value for the three months ended March 31, 2006 equals the increase of the ending market value at March 31, 2006 or \$17.18 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07, plus the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the market value at December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share over the offering price of \$15.00 per share plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the offering price. Total return based on market value is not annualized.
- Total return based on net asset value for the three months ended March 31, 2006 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.36 per share for holders of record on March 24, 2006, divided by the beginning net asset value during the period. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value is not annualized.
- (5)
 Weighted average yield on income producing equity securities and debt is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value.

SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (Unaudited)

	2006	2005									2004	
	Q1		Q4		Q3	_	Q2		Q1		Q4(1)	
Total Investment Income Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain on investments and incentive	\$ 20,191,305	\$	14,890,281	\$	11,607,989	\$	9,601,615	\$	5,750,592	\$	4,380,848	
compensation	\$ 14,614,419	\$	11,071,081	\$	8,887,631	\$	7,567,053	\$	3,800,113	\$	3,009,749	
Incentive compensation	\$ 2,922,884	\$	(510,478)	\$	2,643,353	\$	1,798,919	\$	270,284	\$	95,471	
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain on												
investments	\$ 11,691,535	\$	11,581,559	\$	6,244,278	\$	5,768,134	\$	3,529,829	\$	2,914,278	
Net realized and unrealized gain on												
investments	\$ 2,151,498	\$	4,281,465	\$	3,637,612	\$	1,834,122	\$	4,974,077	\$	475,393	
Net increase in stockholders' equity												
resulting from operations	\$ 13,843,033	\$	15,863,024	\$	9,881,890	\$	7,602,256	\$	8,503,906	\$	3,389,671	
Basic and diluted earnings per												
common share	\$ 0.36	\$	0.45	\$	0.42	\$	0.33	\$	0.69	\$	0.34	
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 15.03	\$	15.03	\$	15.08	\$	14.97	\$	14.96	\$	14.43	

⁽¹⁾ The Company was initially funded on June 23, 2004 (inception) but had no significant operations until the fourth quarter of 2004. The sole activity for the second and third quarters of 2004 was the incurrence of \$199,183 in organizational expenses.

RISK FACTORS

Before you invest in our shares, you should be aware of various risks, including those described below. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our common stock. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

If we do not continue to qualify as a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act, which would significantly decrease our operating flexibility.

The Company may not replicate Ares' historical success.

Our primary focus in making investments differs from those of other private funds that are or have been managed by Ares' investment professionals. Further, investors in Ares Capital are not acquiring an interest in other Ares funds. While Ares Capital may consider potential co-investment participation in portfolio investments with other Ares funds (other than ACOF), no investment opportunities are currently under consideration and any such investment activity could be subject to, among other things, regulatory and independent board member approvals, the receipt of which, if sought, cannot be assured. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that Ares Capital will replicate Ares' historical success, and we caution you that our investment returns could be substantially lower than the returns achieved by those private funds.

We are dependent upon Ares Capital Management's key personnel for our future success and upon their access to Ares investment professionals.

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of the members of Ares Capital Management's investment committee. We also depend, to a significant extent, on Ares Capital Management's access to the investment professionals of Ares and the information and deal flow generated by Ares' investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. Our future success will depend on the continued service of Ares Capital Management's investment committee. The departure of any of the members of Ares Capital Management's investment committee, or of a significant number of the investment professionals or partners of Ares, could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objectives. In addition, we cannot assure you that Ares Capital Management will remain our investment adviser or that we will continue to have access to Ares' investment professionals or its information and deal flow.

We are a new company with a limited operating history.

We were incorporated in April 2004, completed our initial public offering in October 2004 and have a limited operating history. We are subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business, including the risk that we will not achieve our investment objectives and that the value of your investment could decline substantially.

Our investment adviser and the members of its investment committee have limited experience managing a BDC.

The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of business development companies. For example, business development companies are required to invest at least 70% of their total assets primarily in securities of private or thinly traded U.S. public companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. Our investment adviser and the majority of the members of our senior management only have limited experience managing or providing management consultant services to an operating company, such as may be required of a BDC. Our investment adviser's, and the members of its investment committee's, lack of experience in managing a portfolio of assets under such constraints may hinder their ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and, as a result, achieve our investment objectives.

Our financial condition and results of operation will depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives depends on our ability to acquire suitable investments and monitor and administer those investments, which depends, in turn, on Ares Capital Management's ability to identify, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of Ares Capital Management's structuring of the investment process and its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us. Our executive officers and the members of Ares Capital Management have substantial responsibilities in connection with their roles at Ares and with the other Ares funds as well as responsibilities under the investment advisory and management agreement. They may also be called upon to provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies on behalf of our administrator. These demands on their time, which will increase as the number of investments grow, may distract them or slow the rate of investment. In order to grow, Ares Capital Management will need to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. However, we cannot assure you that any such employees will be retained. Any failure to manage our future growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our ability to grow will depend on our ability to raise capital.

We will need to periodically access the capital markets to raise cash to fund new investments. Unfavorable economic conditions could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. An inability to successfully access the capital markets could limit our ability to grow our business and fully execute our business strategy and could decrease our earnings, if any. With certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after such borrowing. The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain our current Facilities or obtain other lines of credit at all or on terms acceptable to us.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

A number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in middle market companies. We compete with other business development companies, public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies, insurance companies, high yield investors, hedge funds, and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial,

technical and marketing resources than we do. Some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, as a result of this competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to identify and make investments that meet our investment objectives.

We do not seek to compete primarily based on the interest rates we offer and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that will be comparable to or lower than the rates we offer.

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss. As a result of operating in such a competitive environment, we may make investments that are on better terms to our portfolio companies than what we may have originally anticipated, which may impact our return on these investments.

We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC.

To qualify as a RIC under the Code, we must meet certain income source, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements.

The annual distribution requirement for a RIC is satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on a timely basis an amount equal to at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, reduced by deductible expenses for each year. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and financial covenants under our loan agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to qualify as a RIC. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and, thus, may be subject to corporate-level income tax.

To qualify as a RIC, we must also meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each calendar quarter. Failure to meet these tests may result in our having to (i) dispose of certain investments quickly or (ii) raise additional capital to prevent the loss of RIC status. If we fail to qualify as a RIC for any reason and become or remain subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions. Such a failure would have a material adverse effect on us and our stockholders.

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For federal income tax purposes, we include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount, which may arise if we receive warrants in connection with the making of a loan or possibly in other circumstances, or contracted payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term. Such original issue discount or increases in loan balances are included in income before we receive any corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in income certain other amounts that we will not receive in cash, including, for example, non-cash income from pay-in-kind securities and deferred payment securities.

Since in certain cases we may recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty meeting the tax requirement to distribute an amount equal to at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, reduced by deductible expenses, to maintain our status as a RIC. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and thus be subject to corporate-level income tax. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a RIC."

If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. The investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued income that we never receive as a result of a default by an entity on the obligation that resulted in the accrual of such income.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

We may issue debt securities or preferred stock, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities," and borrow money from banks or other financial institutions up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we will be permitted, as a BDC, to incur indebtedness or issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after such incurrence or issuance. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test, which would prohibit us from paying dividends and could prevent us from maintaining our status as a RIC. If we cannot satisfy this test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our leverage, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous. As of March 31, 2006, our asset coverage for senior securities was 409%.

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of the common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any commission or discount). If our common stock trades at a discount to net asset value, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise capital.

In addition, we may seek to securitize our loans to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize loans, we may create a wholly owned subsidiary and contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary. This could include the sale of interests in the subsidiary on a non-recourse basis to purchasers who we would expect to be willing to accept a lower interest rate to invest in investment grade loan pools, and we would retain a portion of the equity in the securitized pool of loans. An inability to successfully securitize our loan portfolio could limit our ability to grow our business, fully execute our business strategy and decrease our earnings, if any. The securitization market is subject to changing market conditions and we may not be able to access this market when we would otherwise deem appropriate. Moreover, the successful securitization of our loan portfolio might expose us to losses as the residual loans in which we do not sell interests will tend to be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The 1940 Act may also impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization.

If our primary investments are deemed not to be qualifying assets, we could lose our status as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business plan.

If we are to maintain our status as a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets. If we acquire senior loans, mezzanine investments or equity securities from an issuer that has outstanding marginable securities at the time we make an investment, these acquired assets may not be treated as qualifying assets. See "Regulation Qualifying Assets." This results from the definition of "eligible portfolio company" under the 1940 Act, which in part looks to whether a company has outstanding marginable securities.

Amendments promulgated in 1998 by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to Regulation T under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), expanded the definition of marginable security to include any non-equity security. These amendments have raised questions as to whether a private company that has outstanding debt would qualify as an eligible portfolio company.

We believe that the senior loans and mezzanine investments that we acquire should constitute qualifying assets because the privately held issuers will not, at the time of our investment, have outstanding marginable securities for the reasons set forth in this paragraph. First, we make a large portion of our investments in companies that, to the extent they have any outstanding debt, have issued such debt on terms and in circumstances such that such debt should not, under existing legal precedent, be "securities" under the Exchange Act and therefore should not be deemed marginable securities under Regulation T. Second, we believe that, should a different position be taken such that those investments may be securities, they should still not be marginable securities. In particular, debt that does not trade in a public secondary market or is not rated investment grade is generally not a margin eligible security under the rules established by the self-regulatory organizations, including the New York Stock Exchange and National Association of Securities Dealers, that govern the terms on which broker-dealers may extend margin credit. Unless the questions raised by the amendments to Regulation T have been addressed by legislative, administrative or judicial action that contradicts our interpretation, we intend to treat as qualifying assets only those senior loans and mezzanine investments that, at the time of our investment, are issued by an issuer that does not have outstanding a class of margin eligible securities. Likewise, we will treat equity securities issued by a portfolio company as qualifying assets only if such securities are issued by a company that has no margin eligible securities outstanding at the time we purchase such securities.

If there were a court ruling or regulatory decision that conflicts with our interpretations, we could lose our status as a BDC or be precluded from investing in the manner described in this prospectus, either of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. See " A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility." Such a ruling or decision also may require that we dispose of investments that we made based on our interpretation of Regulation T. Such dispositions could have a material adverse effect on us and our stockholders. We may need to dispose of such investments quickly, which would make it difficult to dispose of such investments on favorable terms. In addition, because these types of investments will generally be illiquid, we may have difficulty in finding a buyer and, even if we do find a buyer, we may have to sell the investments at a substantial loss. See "Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business."

On November 1, 2004, the SEC proposed for comment two new rules under the 1940 Act that are designed to realign the definition of eligible portfolio company set forth under the 1940 Act, and the investment activities of BDCs, with their original purpose by (1) defining eligible portfolio company

with reference to whether an issuer has any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange or on an automated interdealer quotation system of a national securities association ("NASDAQ") and (2) permitting BDCs to make certain additional ("follow-on") investments in those issuers even after they list their securities on a national securities exchange or on NASDAQ. The proposed rules are intended to expand the definition of eligible portfolio company in a manner that would promote the flow of capital to small, developing and financially troubled companies. We cannot assure you that these rules, or related rules arising out of the comment process, will be approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Until the SEC or its staff has issued final rules with respect to the issue discussed above, we will continue to monitor this issue closely, and may be required to adjust our investment focus to comply with and/or take advantage of any future administrative position, judicial decision or legislative action.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us.

As of March 31, 2006, we had \$185.2 million of outstanding borrowings under our Facilities. In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our March 31, 2006 total assets of at least 0.69%. The weighted average interest rate charged on our borrowings as of March 31, 2006 was 5.6566%. We intend to continue borrowing under the Facilities in the future and we may increase the size of the Facilities or otherwise issue debt securities or other evidences of indebtedness. Our ability to service our debt depends largely on our financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing.

Our Facilities impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities, including limitations that could hinder our ability to finance additional loans and investments or to make the distributions required to maintain our status as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. A failure to renew our Facilities, or to add new or replacement debt facilities could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities. We currently borrow under our Facilities and in the future may borrow from or issue senior debt securities to banks, insurance companies, and other lenders. Lenders of senior securities have fixed dollar claims on our consolidated assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders. If the value of our consolidated assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value attributable to our common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our consolidated assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our consolidated income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our consolidated income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. There is no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful.

The following table illustrates the effect on return to a holder of our common stock of the leverage created by our use of borrowing at the interest rate of 5.6566% and assumes (i) our total

value of net assets as of March 31, 2006; (ii) \$185.2 million debt outstanding as of March 31, 2006 and (iii) hypothetical annual returns on our portfolio of minus 15 to plus 15 percent.

Assumed Return on Portfolio							
(Net of Expenses)(1)	-15.0%	-10.0%	-5.0%		5.0%	10.0%	15.0%
Corresponding Return to Common							
Stockholders(2)	-22.3%	-15.5%	-8.7%	-1.8%	5.0%	11.8%	18.6%

- (1)

 The assumed portfolio return is required by regulation of the SEC and is not a prediction of, and does not represent, our projected or actual performance.
- In order to compute the "Corresponding Return to Common Stockholders," the "Assumed Return on Portfolio" is multiplied by the total value of our assets at March 31, 2006 to obtain an assumed return to us. From this amount, the interest expense calculated by multiplying the interest rate of 5.6566% times the \$185.2 million debt is subtracted to determine the return available to stockholders. The return available to stockholders is then divided by the total value of our net assets as of March 31, 2006 to determine the "Corresponding Return to Common Stockholders."

We will be exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on investment objectives and our rate of return on invested capital. Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. Trading prices for debt that pays a fixed rate of return tend to fall as interest rates rise. Trading prices tend to fluctuate more for fixed-rate securities that have longer maturities. Although we have no policy governing the maturities of our investments, under current market conditions we expect that we will invest in a portfolio of debt generally having maturities of up to 10 years. This means that we will be subject to greater risk (other things being equal) than a fund invested solely in shorter-term securities. A decline in the prices of the debt we own could adversely affect the trading price of our shares.

Many of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, there will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

A large percentage of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded. The fair value of investments that are not publicly traded may not be readily determinable. We value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors. However, we may be required to value our investments more frequently as determined in good faith by our board of directors to the extent necessary to reflect significant events affecting their value. Where appropriate, our board of directors may utilize the services of an independent valuation firm to aid it in determining fair value. The types of factors that may be considered in valuing our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private investments and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these investments existed. Our net asset value could be adversely affected if our determinations regarding the fair value of our investments are materially higher than the values that we ultimately realize.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We generally make investments in private companies. Substantially all of these investments will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded our investments. In addition, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we or an affiliated manager of Ares has material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the interest rate payable on the debt investments we make, the default rate on such investments, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses and the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.

Certain of our executive officers and directors, and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of other entities and affiliates of our adviser and investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in the best interests of us or our stockholders or that may require them to devote time to services for other entities, which could interfere with the time available to provide services to us. For example, Messrs. Ressler, Rosenthal, Kissick and Sachs each are and, will continue to be, founding members of Ares with significant responsibilities for other Ares funds. Mr. Ressler and Mr. Rosenthal are required to devote a substantial majority of their business time, and Mr. Kissick is required to devote a majority of his business time, to the affairs of ACOF. Ares believes that the efforts of Messrs. Ressler, Rosenthal and Kissick relative to Ares Capital and ACOF are synergistic with and beneficial to the affairs of each of Ares Capital and ACOF.

Although other Ares funds generally have different primary investment objectives than Ares Capital, they may from time to time invest in asset classes similar to those targeted by Ares Capital. Ares Capital Management endeavors to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, and in any event consistent with any fiduciary duties owed to Ares Capital. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds managed by investment managers affiliated with Ares Capital Management.

We pay management and incentive fees to Ares Capital Management, and reimburse Ares Capital Management for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in our common stock will invest on a gross basis and receive distributions on a net basis after expenses, resulting in, among other things, a lower rate of return than one might achieve through direct investments.

Ares Capital Management's management fee is based on a percentage of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) and Ares Capital Management may have conflicts of interest in connection with decisions that could affect the Company's total assets, such as decisions as to whether to incur debt.

The incentive fees payable to our investment adviser are subject to certain hurdles. To the extent we or Ares Capital Management are able to exert influence over our portfolio companies, these hurdles may provide Ares Capital Management (subject to its fiduciary duty to us) with an incentive to induce our portfolio companies to accelerate or defer interest or other obligations owed to us from one calendar quarter to another under circumstances where accrual would not otherwise occur, such as acceleration or deferral of the declaration of a dividend or the timing of a voluntary redemption.

Acceleration of obligations may result in stockholders recognizing taxable gains earlier than anticipated, while deferral of obligations creates incremental risk of an obligation becoming uncollectible in whole or in part if the issuer of the security suffers subsequent deterioration in its financial condition. Any such inducement by the investment adviser solely for the purpose of adjusting the incentive fees would be a breach of the investment adviser's fiduciary duty to us.

The part of the incentive fee payable by us that relates to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible.

Pursuant to a separate administration agreement, Ares Administration, an affiliate of Ares Capital Management, furnishes us with administrative services and we pay Ares Administration our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Administration in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of our officers and their respective staffs. We lease office facilities directly (the "New Office Space") from a third party. We have entered into a sublease with Ares Management LLC whereby Ares Management subleases approximately 25% of the New Office Space for a fixed rent equal to 25% of the basic annual rent payable by us under our lease, plus certain additional costs and expenses. As a result of these arrangements, there may be times when the management team of Ares Capital Management has interests that differ from those of our stockholders, giving rise to a conflict.

Our stockholders may have conflicting investment, tax and other objectives with respect to their investments in us. The conflicting interests of individual stockholders may relate to or arise from, among other things, the nature of our investments, the structure or the acquisition of our investments, and the timing of disposition of our investments. As a consequence, conflicts of interest may arise in connection with decisions made by our investment adviser, including with respect to the nature or structuring of our investments, that may be more beneficial for one stockholder than for another stockholder, especially with respect to stockholders' individual tax situations. In selecting and structuring investments appropriate for us, our investment adviser will consider the investment and tax objectives of Ares Capital and our stockholders as a whole, not the investment, tax or other objectives of any stockholder individually.

Our investment adviser's liability is limited under the investment management agreement, and we will indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Our investment adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the investment management agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our board of directors in declining to follow our investment adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the investment management agreement, our investment adviser and its managing members, officers and employees will not be liable to us for their acts under the investment management agreement, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. We have agreed to indemnify, defend and protect our investment adviser and its managing members, officers and employees with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs

and expenses resulting from acts of our investment adviser not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties under the investment management agreement. These protections may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

We may be obligated to pay our manager incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

Our investment adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our investment income for that quarter (before deducting incentive compensation, net operating losses and certain other items) above a threshold return for that quarter. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay our manager incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

Under the investment advisory and management agreement, we will defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) is less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws at the local, state and federal levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, may be changed from time to time. Accordingly, any change in these laws or regulations, or their interpretation, or any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations may adversely affect our business. As discussed above, there is a risk that certain investments that we intend to treat as qualifying assets will be determined to not be eligible for such treatment. Any such determination would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities is our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act and we are generally prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such affiliate, absent the prior approval of our independent directors. The 1940 Act also prohibits "joint" transactions with an affiliate, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our independent directors. If a person acquires more than 25% of our voting securities, we are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such person, or entering into joint transactions with such person, absent the prior approval of the SEC.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR INVESTMENTS

Our investments may be risky, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

The debt that we invest in is typically not rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). Indebtedness of below investment grade quality

is regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Our mezzanine investments may result in an above average amount of risk and volatility or loss of principal. We also invest in assets other than mezzanine investments including first and second lien loans, high-yield securities, U.S. government securities, credit derivatives and other structured securities and certain direct equity investments. These investments will entail additional risks that could adversely affect our investment returns. In addition, to the extent interest payments associated with such debt are deferred, such debt will be subject to greater fluctuations in value based on changes in interest rates. Also, such debt could subject us to phantom income, and since we generally do not receive any cash prior to maturity of the debt, the investment is of greater risk.

In addition, investments in middle market companies involve a number of significant risks, including:

these companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;

they typically have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns:

they typically depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us:

they generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position. In addition, our executive officers, directors and our investment adviser may, in the ordinary course of business, be named as defendants in litigation arising from our investments in the portfolio companies; and

they may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs.

When we invest in first and second lien senior loans or mezzanine debt, we may acquire warrants or other equity securities as well. Our goal is ultimately to dispose of such equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of such interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

Our portfolio is concentrated in a limited number of portfolio companies, which subjects us to a risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations.

As of March 31, 2006, we were invested in 48 portfolio companies. This number may be higher or lower depending on the amount of our assets under management at any given time, market conditions and the extent to which we employ leverage, and will likely fluctuate over time. A consequence of this limited number of investments is that the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if a small number of investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one investment. Beyond our income tax diversification requirements, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification, and our investments could be concentrated in relatively few portfolio companies.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay our loans during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets are likely to increase and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during these periods. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, acceleration of the time when the loans are due and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize our portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt that we hold and the value of any equity securities we own. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

If one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, even though we may have structured our interest as senior debt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, lenders can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them where they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken if we actually render significant managerial assistance.

An investment strategy focused primarily on privately-held companies presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies and a greater vulnerability to economic downturns.

We invest primarily in privately-held companies. Generally, little public information exists about these companies, and we are required to rely on the ability of Ares Capital Management's investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. These companies and their financial information are not subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other rules that govern public companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments. Also, privately-held companies frequently have less diverse product lines and smaller market presence than larger competitors, subjecting them to greater vulnerability to economic downturns. These factors could affect our investment returns.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

Our portfolio companies usually have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt, or issue other equity securities, that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments. By their terms, such instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of dividends, interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of our investments. These

debt instruments usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event and during the continuance of a default under such debt. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company typically are entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying such holders, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of securities ranking equally with our investments, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other security holders in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

Investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk.

We may purchase common and other equity securities. Although common stocks have historically generated higher average total returns than fixed-income securities over the long term, common stocks also have experienced significantly more volatility in those returns and in recent years have significantly under performed relative to fixed-income securities. The equity securities we acquire may fail to appreciate and may decline in value or become worthless and our ability to recover our investment will depend on our portfolio company's success. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including:

any equity investment we make in a portfolio company could be subject to further dilution as a result of the issuance of additional equity interests and to serious risks as a junior security that will be subordinate to all indebtedness or senior securities in the event that the issuer is unable to meet its obligations or becomes subject to a bankruptcy process;

to the extent that the portfolio company requires additional capital and is unable to obtain it, we may not recover our investment in equity securities; and

in some cases, equity securities in which we invest will not pay current dividends, and our ability to realize a return on our investment, as well as to recover our investment, will be dependent on the success of our portfolio companies. Even if the portfolio companies are successful, our ability to realize the value of our investment may be dependent on the occurrence of a liquidity event, such as a public offering or the sale of the portfolio company. It is likely to take a significant amount of time before a liquidity event occurs or we can sell our equity investments. In addition, the equity securities we receive or invest in may be subject to restrictions on resale during periods in which it could be advantageous to sell.

There are special risks associated with investing in preferred securities, including:

Preferred securities may include provisions that permit the issuer, at its discretion, to defer distributions for a stated period without any adverse consequences to the issuer. If we own a preferred security that is deferring its distributions, we may be required to report income for tax purposes although it has not yet received such income.

Preferred securities are subordinated to debt in terms of priority to corporate income and liquidation payments, and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than debt.

Preferred securities may be substantially less liquid than many other securities, such as common stocks or U.S. government securities.

Generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company, subject to limited exceptions.

Our incentive fee may induce Ares Capital Management to make certain investments, including speculative investments.

The incentive fee payable by us to Ares Capital Management may create an incentive for Ares Capital Management to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement. The way in which the incentive fee payable to our investment adviser is determined, which is calculated as a percentage of the return on invested capital, may encourage our investment adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor the holders of our common stock. In addition, the investment adviser will receive the incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the portion of the incentive fee based on income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the portion of the incentive fee based on net capital gains. As a result, the investment adviser may have a tendency to invest more in investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns. The part of the incentive fee payable by us that relates to our pre-incentive fee net investment income will be computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. The investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued income that we never receive as a result of a default by an entity on the obligation that resulted in the accrual of such income.

Because of the structure of the incentive fee, it is possible that we may have to pay an incentive fee in a quarter where we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of the hurdle rate for a quarter, we will pay the applicable incentive fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized capital losses. In addition, if market interest rates rise, we may be able to invest our funds in debt instruments that provide for a higher return, which would increase our pre-incentive fee net investment income and make it easier for our investment adviser to surpass the fixed hurdle rate and receive an incentive fee based on such net investment income.

Our investments in foreign debt may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments. We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in debt of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar-denominated, our investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation, and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective.

If we engage in hedging transactions, we may expose ourselves to risks associated with such transactions. We may utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter-party credit risk. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price.

The success of our hedging transactions will depend on our ability to correctly predict movements, currencies and interest rates. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations.

We will initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in high-quality short-term investments, which will generate lower rates of return than those expected from the interest generated on first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt.

We will initially invest a portion of the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality short-term investments. These securities may earn yields substantially lower than the income that we anticipate receiving once we are fully invested in accordance with our investment objectives. As a result, we may not be able to achieve our investment objectives and/or pay any dividends during this period or, if we are able to do so, such dividends may be substantially lower than the dividends that we expect to pay when our portfolio is fully invested. If we do not realize yields in excess of our expenses, we may incur operating losses and the market price of our shares may decline.

When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, we may not be in a position to control the entity, and management of the company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

We make both debt and minority equity investments; therefore, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the stockholders and management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Our board of directors may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse.

Our board of directors has the authority to modify or waive our current operating policies and our strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies and strategies would have on our business, operating results and value of our stock. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay you dividends and cause you to lose all or part of your investment.

RISKS RELATING TO OFFERINGS PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS

There is a risk that you may not receive dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time.

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. In addition, due to the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Further, if we invest a greater amount of assets in equity securities that do not pay current dividends, it could reduce the amount available for distribution. See "Distributions."

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and of our charter and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

The Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter and our bylaws contain provisions that may discourage, delay or make more difficult a change in control of Ares Capital or the removal of our directors. We are subject to the Maryland Business Combination Act, subject to any applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. Our board of directors has adopted a resolution exempting from the Business Combination Act any business combination between us and any other person, subject to prior approval of such business combination by our board, including approval by a majority of our disinterested directors. If the resolution exempting business combinations is repealed or our board does not approve a business combination, the Business Combination Act may discourage third parties from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating such an offer. Our bylaws exempt from the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act acquisition Act also may make it more difficult for a third party to obtain control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating such an offer.

We have also adopted measures that may make it difficult for a third party to obtain control of us, including provisions of our charter classifying our board of directors in three classes serving staggered three-year terms, and provisions of our charter authorizing our board of directors to classify or reclassify shares of our stock in one or more classes or series, to cause the issuance of additional shares of our stock, and to amend our charter, without stockholder approval, to increase or decrease the number of shares of stock that we have authority to issue. These provisions, as well as other provisions of our charter and bylaws, may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders.

Investing in our shares may involve an above average degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objectives may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative and aggressive, and therefore, an investment in our shares may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

The market price and liquidity of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of business development companies or other companies in our sector, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market from time to time;

changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or business development companies;

loss of RIC status;

changes in earnings or variations in operating results;

changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;

any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;

departure of Ares Capital Management's key personnel;

operating performance of companies comparable to us;

general economic trends and other external factors; and

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been brought against that company. If our stock price fluctuates significantly, we may be the target of securities litigation in the future. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention and resources from our business.

We may allocate the net proceeds from offerings in ways with which you may not agree.

We will have significant flexibility in investing the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus and may use the net proceeds in ways with which you may not agree or for purposes other than those contemplated at the time of such offering.

Our shares may trade at discounts from net asset value.

loss of a major funding source.

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a market price that is less than the net asset value that is attributable to those shares. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below net asset value.

Investors in offerings will incur immediate dilution upon the closing of this offering.

We expect the public offering price of our shares to be higher than the book value per share of our outstanding common stock. Accordingly, investors purchasing shares of common stock in offerings pursuant to this prospectus will pay a price per share that exceeds the tangible book value per share after such offering.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the availability of such shares for sale, could adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If this occurs and continues, it could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of equity securities should we desire to do so.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this prospectus constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

our future operating results;
our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
the impact of investments that we expect to make;
our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
our expected financings and investments;
the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;
the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies; and
the ability of Ares Capital Management to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments.

We use words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

We have based the forward-looking statements included in this prospectus on information available to us on the date of this prospectus, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed or in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

You should understand that under Sections 27A(b)(2)(B) and (D) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and Sections 21E(b)(2)(B) and (D) of the Exchange Act, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 do not apply to statements made in connection with this offering.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities for general corporate purposes, which includes investing in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objectives and strategies and repaying indebtedness, if any, incurred under our Facilities. The supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering may more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds of an offering of securities pursuant to this prospectus will be used for the above purposes within two years, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objectives and strategies and market conditions.

We intend to invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt of middle market companies, each of which may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity securities in such companies. In addition to such investments, we may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments, including high-yield bonds, debt and equity securities in collateralized debt obligation vehicles, distressed debt or equity securities of public companies. As part of this 30%, we may also invest in debt of middle market companies located outside of the United States, which investments are not anticipated to be in excess of 10% of the portfolio. Pending such investments, we will invest a portion of the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality short-term investments. These securities may earn yields substantially lower than the income that we anticipate receiving once we are fully invested in accordance with our investment objectives. As a result, we may not be able to achieve our investment objectives and/or pay any dividends during this period or, if we are able to do so, such dividends may be substantially lower than the dividends that we expect to pay when our portfolio is fully invested. If we do not realize yields in excess of our expenses, we may incur operating losses and the market price of our shares may decline. See "Regulation Temporary Investments" for additional information about temporary investments we may make while waiting to make longer-term investments in pursuit of our investment objectives.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Our common stock is quoted on The NASDAQ National Market under the symbol "ARCC." We completed our initial public offering in October 2004 at the price of \$15.00 per share. Prior to such date there was no public market for our common stock. Our common stock continues to trade in excess of net asset value. There can be no assurance, however, that our shares will continue to trade at a premium to our net asset value.

The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing prices of our common stock as reported on The NASDAQ National Market and the dividends declared by us for each fiscal quarter since our initial public offering. The stock quotations are interdealer quotations and do not include markups, markdowns or commissions and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

				Price Range High Lo		ıge	Premium/ Discount of High Sales	Premium/ Discount of Low Sales Price to NAV		
	N	NAV(1)				Low	Price to NAV			Cash Dividend Per Share(2)
Fiscal 2004										
Fourth quarter	\$	14.43	\$	19.75	\$	15.00	136.9%		104.1% \$	0.30
Fiscal 2005										
First quarter	\$	14.96	\$	18.74	\$	15.57	125.3%		104.0% \$	0.30
Second quarter	\$	14.97	\$	18.14	\$	15.96	121.2%		106.6% \$	0.32
Third quarter	\$	15.08	\$	19.25	\$	16.18	127.7%		107.3% \$	0.34
Fourth quarter	\$	15.03	\$	16.73	\$	15.08	111.3%		100.3% \$	0.34
-										
Fiscal 2006										
First quarter	\$	15.03	\$	17.97	\$	16.23	119.6%		108.0% \$	0.36
Second quarter (through June 15, 2006)	\$	*	\$	17.50	\$	16.36	*	*	\$	0.38

⁽¹⁾Net asset value per share is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the net asset value per share on the date of the high and low closing sales prices. The net asset values shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.

On June 15, 2006, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ National Market was \$16.77 per share. As of May 4, 2006, we had 6 stockholders of record (including Cede & Co.).

We currently intend to distribute quarterly dividends to our stockholders. Our quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors. On December 16, 2004, we declared an initial dividend of \$0.30 per share for the fourth quarter of 2004, which was comprised of \$0.29 ordinary income and \$0.01 return of capital. On February 23, 2005, we declared a dividend of \$0.30 per share for the first quarter of 2005 and on June 20, 2005, we declared a dividend of \$0.32 per share for the second quarter of 2005. On September 6, 2005, we declared a dividend of \$0.34 per share for the third quarter of 2005. On December 12, 2005, we declared a dividend of \$0.34 per share for the fourth quarter of 2005. On February 28, 2006, we declared a dividend of \$0.36 per share for the first quarter of 2006. On May 8, 2006, we declared a dividend of \$0.38 per share for the second quarter of 2006. Because of our limited operating history, these are the only dividends to date that we have declared on our common stock.

⁽²⁾ Represents the dividend declared in the specified quarter.

Net asset value has not yet been calculated for this period.

To maintain our RIC status, we must distribute an amount equal to at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, reduced by deductible expenses, out of the assets legally available for distribution. To avoid certain excise taxes imposed on RICs, we are generally required to distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for preceding years that were not distributed during such years. If this requirement is not met, we will be required to pay a nondeductible excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of the current year's taxable income exceeds the distribution for the year. The taxable income on which an excise tax is paid is generally carried forward and distributed to stockholders in the next tax year. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. As of March 31, 2006, our excise tax liability was approximately \$99,000.

We cannot assure you that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we incur indebtedness or issue senior securities, we will be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a dividend, then stockholders' cash dividends will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless they specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash dividends. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus and any prospectus supplements.

OVERVIEW

We were incorporated in Maryland on April 16, 2004 and initially funded on June 23, 2004. We commenced material operations on October 8, 2004, when we completed our initial public offering (the "IPO") of 11,000,000 common shares, raising net proceeds of \$159.8 million. On March 23, 2005, we completed an add-on offering of 12,075,000 shares of common stock, raising net proceeds of \$183.9 million. On October 18, 2005, we completed an additional add-on offering of 14,500,000 shares of common stock, raising net proceeds of approximately \$213.5 million. Our investment objectives are to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component, and, to a lesser extent, in equity investments in U.S. private middle market companies.

We are an externally managed, specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company and that is a BDC. As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in "qualifying assets," including securities of private U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less.

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. Pursuant to this election, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of the operations and financial condition for the periods presented. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, liquid investments in a money market fund. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions and, at times, cash held in money market accounts may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit.

Investments

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are computed using the specific identification method. We carry our investments at fair value, as determined by our board of directors. Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market price is not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors based on the input of our investment adviser and audit committee and, where appropriate, an independent valuation firm. The types of factors that we may take into account in fair value pricing of our investments include, as relevant, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded securities and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our private equity valuation. Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment.

Preliminary valuation conclusions are then documented and discussed with our senior management.

The audit committee of our board of directors reviews these preliminary valuations. Where appropriate, the committee may utilize an independent valuation firm selected by the board of directors.

The board of directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of our investment adviser and audit committee and, where appropriate, an independent valuation firm.

Interest Income Recognition

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. The Company stops accruing interest on its investments when it is determined that interest is no longer collectible. If any cash is received after it is determined that interest is no longer collectible, we will treat the cash as payment on the principal balance until the entire principal balance has been repaid, before any interest income is recognized. Discounts and premiums on securities purchased are accreted/amortized over the life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortizations of premium on bonds.

Payment in Kind Interest

The Company has loans in its portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") provision. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is added to the principal balance of the loan and recorded as interest income. To maintain the Company's status as a RIC, this non-cash source of income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends, even though the Company has not yet collected the cash.

Capital Structuring Service Fees

The Company's Investment Adviser seeks to provide assistance to the portfolio companies in connection with the Company's investments and in return the Company may receive fees for capital structuring services. These fees are normally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that the Company's Investment Adviser provides vary by investment, but generally consist of reviewing existing credit facilities, arranging bank financing, arranging equity financing, structuring financing from multiple lenders, structuring financing from equity investors, restructuring existing loans, raising equity and debt capital, and providing general financial advice, which concludes upon closing of the loan. The Company's Investment Adviser may also take a seat on the board of directors of a portfolio company, or observe the meetings of the board of directors without taking a formal seat. Any services of the above nature subsequent to the closing would generally generate a separate fee payable to the Company. In certain instances where the Company is invited to participate as a co-lender in a transaction and in the event that the Company does not provide significant services in connection with the investment, a portion of loan fees paid to the Company in such situations may be deferred and amortized over the estimated life of the loan.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's books and records are maintained in U.S. dollars. Any foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- (1) Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the day.
- (2)
 Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Although the net assets and the fair values are presented at the foreign exchange rates at the end of the day, the Company does not isolate the portion of the results of the operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair value of investments. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments. Foreign security and currency translations may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies and U.S. Government securities. These risks include but are not limited to revaluation of currencies and future adverse political and economic developments which could cause investments in their markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies.

Offering Expenses

The Company's offering costs are charged against the proceeds therefrom when received.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the related credit facility using the straight line method which approximates the interest method.

Federal Income Taxes

The Company has qualified and elected and intends to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as amended, and, among other things, has made and intends to continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders which will relieve the Company from Federal income taxes. In order to qualify as a RIC, among other factors, the Company is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. To the extent that the Company determines that its estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions, the Company accrues excise tax, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned.

Our wholly owned subsidiaries ARCC Cervantes Corporation ("ACC") and ARCC Cervantes LLC ("ACLLC") are subject to Federal and state income taxes.

Dividends

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by the board of directors each quarter and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by management. Net realized capital gains, if any, are generally distributed at least annually, although we may decide to retain such capital gains for investment.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of actual and contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income or loss and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the valuation of investments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments approximate fair value. The carrying value of interest and open trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, as well as the credit facility payable approximate fair value due to their short maturity.

PORTFOLIO AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, we issued 13 new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$209.6 million (\$193.6 million to new portfolio companies and \$16.0 million to existing portfolio companies) compared to five new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$56.8 million (\$34.3 million to new portfolio companies and \$22.5 million to existing portfolio companies) for the three months ended March 31, 2005. During the three months ended March 31, 2006, we funded

\$195.4 million of such commitments (\$179.4 million to new portfolio companies and \$16.0 million to existing portfolio companies) compared to \$56.8 million of commitments (\$34.3 million to new portfolio companies and \$22.5 million to existing portfolio companies) for the three months ended March 31, 2005. We have remaining contractual obligations for \$14.2 million with respect to the \$14.2 million of commitments issued and not funded as of March 31, 2006. The weighted average yield of new income producing equity securities and debt funded in connection with investments purchased during the three months ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005 was approximately 12.12% and 10.68%, respectively (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing loans and debt securities, divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value).

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company purchased (A) \$151.5 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$31.6 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (C) \$12.3 million of investments in equity securities. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Company purchased (1) \$35.2 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (2) \$15.6 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt, (3) \$5.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes and (4) \$0.3 million of investments in equity securities.

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, (A) \$17.9 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt and (B) \$3.5 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt were redeemed. Additionally, (1) \$9.1 million of investments in equity securities were sold and (2) \$6.1 million aggregate principal amount senior term debt were sold. As of March 31, 2006, the Company held investments in 48 portfolio companies. During the three months ended March 31, 2005, (a) \$7.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (b) \$2.1 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt were redeemed, and (c) \$0.2 million of investments in equity securities were sold.

We believe that as of March 31, 2006, the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio is 3.1 (see "Business Ongoing Relationships With and Monitoring of Portfolio Companies" for more information about the investment grade system) and the weighted average yield of such debt and income producing equity securities is approximately 11.47% (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt, divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value). As of March 31, 2006, the weighted average yield on our entire portfolio was 11.07%. The weighted average yield on our senior term debt, senior subordinated debt and income producing equity securities was 11.05%, 14.76% and 8.29%, respectively. Of the senior term debt, the weighted average yield attributable to first lien senior term debt and second lien term debt was 10.30% and 11.77%, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, we issued 31 new commitments in an aggregate amount of \$528.9 million (\$464.9 million to new portfolio companies and \$64.0 million to existing portfolio companies). During the year ended December 31, 2005, we funded \$504.3 million of such commitments (\$440.3 million to new portfolio companies and \$64.0 million to existing portfolio companies). As of December 31, 2005, we had remaining contractual obligations for \$17.2 million with respect to the \$24.6 million of commitments issued and not funded. The weighted average yield of new income producing equity securities and debt funded in connection with such investments is approximately 10.50% (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt, divided by (b) total income producing securities and debt at fair value).

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company purchased (a) \$339.3 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (b) \$76.6 million aggregate principal amount of senior

subordinated debt, (c) \$61.4 million of investments in equity securities, (d) \$18.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes and (e) \$9.0 million of investments in collateralized debt obligations.

During the same period, (1) \$38.4 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt and (2) \$27.2 million aggregate principal amount of senior subordinated debt were redeemed. Additionally, (A) \$25.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior term debt, (B) \$14.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes and (C) \$3.5 million of investments in equity securities were sold.

We believe that as of December 31, 2005, the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio is 3.1 (see "Business Ongoing Relationships With and Monitoring of Portfolio Companies" for more information about the investment grade system) and the weighted average yield of such income producing equity securities and debt is approximately 11.25% (computed as (a) annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt, divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value). As of December 31, 2004, we believe the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio was 3.0 and the weighted average yield of such debt and income producing equity securities was approximately 12.36%.

On September 16, 2004, we entered into an agreement with Royal Bank of Canada and its affiliates ("RBC") whereby we agreed to pay \$250,000 to RBC to acquire a right to purchase a portfolio of loans and equity investments comprising substantially of BDC qualifying assets (the "October Portfolio") that satisfy our investment objectives.

Following the completion of our IPO on October 8, 2004, we exercised our right to purchase substantially all of the assets in the October Portfolio from RBC for approximately \$122.3 million. We purchased additional assets originally included in the October Portfolio from RBC for approximately \$18.5 million on November 3, 2004.

Aside from the purchase of the October Portfolio, the Company also purchased (A) \$52.2 million of senior term debt, (B) \$34.6 million of senior subordinated debt, (C) \$6.1 million of senior notes, (D) \$0.3 million of investments in equity securities and (E) \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities during the period from October 8, 2004 (the date of the IPO and commencement of substantial investment operations) through December 31, 2004.

In addition, we sold (i) \$13.7 million of senior term debt, (ii) \$8.9 million of senior subordinated debt, (iii) \$0.8 million of investments in equity securities and (iv) \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities during the period from October 8, 2004 (the date of the IPO and commencement of substantial investment operations) through December 31, 2004. Also during the period, (A) \$6.9 million of senior term debt and (B) \$22.0 million of senior subordinated debt were redeemed.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005

Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005 are as follows:

For the Three Months	Ended
March 31.	

	 March 31,				
	2006		2005		
Total Investment Income	\$ 20,191,305	\$	5,750,592		
Total Expenses	8,290,890		2,220,763		
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes	11,900,415		3,529,829		
Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax	208,880				
Net Investment Income	11,691,535		3,529,829		
1 tot investment income	11,071,333		3,327,027		
Net Realized Gain	610,886		409,030		
Net Unrealized Gain	1,540,612		4,565,047		
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting From Operations	\$ 13,843,033	\$	8,503,906		
			"		

Investment Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, total investment income increased \$14.4 million, or 251%, over the three months ended March 31, 2005. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, total investment income consisted of \$17.5 million in interest income from investments, \$2.3 million in capital structuring service fees and \$231,000 in interest income from cash and cash equivalents. Interest income from investments increased \$12.3 million, or 235%, to \$17.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$5.2 million for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest income from investments was primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. The average investments, at fair value, for the quarter increased from \$198.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2005 to \$647.0 million in the comparable period in 2006. Capital structuring service fees increased \$2.0 million, or 667%, to \$2.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$304,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in capital structuring service fees was due to the increased number of originations. The number of funded commitments increased from five during the three months ended March 31, 2005 to thirteen during the comparable period in 2006.

Expenses

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, total expenses increased \$6.1 million, or 273%, over the three months ended March 31, 2005. Base management fees increased \$1.7 million, or 212%, to \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$815,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. Incentive fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income increased \$2.7 million, or 1,129%, to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$238,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio and the related increase in net investment income. Interest expense and credit facility fees increased \$947,000, or 252%, to \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$375,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the increase in the borrowings outstanding. The average outstanding borrowings during the quarter increased from \$34.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2005 to \$82.9 million in the comparable period in 2006. Amortization of debt issuance costs increased \$342,000, or 520%, to \$407,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$66,000 for the comparable period in 2005, primarily due to the additional debt issuance costs incurred during the last twelve months ended March 31, 2006 as a result of entering

into the new Revolving Credit Facility and increasing the borrowing capacity of the CP Funding Facility.

Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax

The Company has qualified and elected and intends to continue to qualify and elect for the tax treatment applicable to regulated investment companies under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as amended, and, among other things, has made and intends to continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders which will relieve the Company from Federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. To the extent that the Company determines that its estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions, the Company accrues excise tax, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, a provision of approximately \$99,000 was recorded for Federal excise tax.

Our wholly owned subsidiaries ACC and ACLLC are subject to Federal and state income taxes. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, we recorded a tax provision of approximately \$110,000 for these subsidiaries.

Net Unrealized Appreciation on Investments

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company's investments had an increase in net unrealized appreciation of \$1.5 million, which primarily related to the increase in unrealized appreciation of \$4.0 million for the Company's investment in CICQ, LP offset by the increase in unrealized depreciation of \$2.4 million for the Company's investment in Making Memories Wholesale, Inc. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Company's investments had an increase in net unrealized appreciation of \$4.6 million primarily related to the anticipated gain of Reef Holdings, Inc. that was eventually realized in the following quarter.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company had \$37.3 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$611,000 of net realized gains. During the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Company had \$9.7 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$409,000 of net realized gains.

Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting From Operations

Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was approximately \$13.8 million. Based on the weighted average shares outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2006, our net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per common share was \$0.36.

Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2005 was approximately \$8.5 million. Based on the weighted average shares outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2005, our net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per common share was \$0.69.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, and the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004

Set forth below is a comparison of our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004. We were incorporated on April 16, 2004, initially funded on June 23, 2004 and commenced operations in October 2004. Therefore, there is no prior period with which to compare the results of operations for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004.

	 Year Ended December 31, 2005		For the Period June 23, 2004 (inception) Through December 31, 2004
Total Investment Income	\$ 41,850,477	\$	4,380,848
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain on Investments	14,727,276		475,393
Total Expenses	(14,726,677)		(1,665,753)
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 41,851,076	\$	3,190,488
Per Share Data:			
Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations:			
Basic:	\$ 1.78	\$	0.29
Diluted:	\$ 1.78	\$	0.29
Cash Dividend Declared:	\$ 1.30	\$	0.30
Total Assets	\$ 613,645,144	\$	220,455,614
Total Debt	\$ 18,000,000	\$	55,500,000
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 569,612,199	\$	159,708,305
Other Data:			
Number of Portfolio Companies at Period End	38		20
Principal Amount of Investments Purchased(1)	\$ 504,299,000	\$	234,102,000
Principal Amount of Investments Sold and Repayments(2)	\$ 108,415,000	\$	52,272,000
Total Return Based on Market Value(3)	(10.60) ⁹		31.53%
Total Return Based on Net Asset Value(4)	12.04%)	(1.80)%
Weighted Average Yield of Income Producing Equity Securities and			10.000
Debt(5):	11.25%)	12.36%

- (1) The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 includes \$140.8 million of the assets purchased from Royal Bank of Canada and excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.
- (2)
 The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.
- Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share over the offering price of \$15.00 per share plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the offering price. Total return based on market value is not annualized.

- Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value is not annualized.
- (5)
 Weighted average yield on income producing equity securities and debt is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value.

Investment Income

Investment income for the year ended December 31, 2005 was approximately \$4.9 million compared to approximately \$4.4 million for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004. The increase was primarily from the use of the proceeds from the add-on offerings completed in 2005 to fund additional investments, and as a result of a full year of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 as compared to our limited operations during the prior period. For the year ended December 31, 2005 investment income consisted of approximately \$34.0 million in interest income from investments, \$1.5 million in interest income from cash and cash equivalents, \$745,000 in dividend income, \$5.2 million in capital structuring service fees from the closing of newly originated loans, and \$447,000 in facility fees and other income. Of the approximately \$34.0 million in interest income from investments, non-cash PIK interest income was \$3.1 million. For the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 investment income consisted of approximately \$3.57 million in interest income from cash and cash equivalents, \$191,000 in dividend income, \$542,000 in capital structuring service fees from the closing of newly originated loans, and \$34,000 in facility fees and other income. Of the approximately \$3.57 million in interest income from investments, non-cash PIK interest income was \$509,000

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005 were approximately \$14.7 million compared to approximately \$1.7 million for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, operating expenses consisted of approximately \$5.1 million in base management fees, \$3.2 million in incentive management fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income and \$979,000 in incentive management fees related to realized capital gains compared to approximately \$472,000 in base management fees, \$60,000 in incentive management fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income and \$36,000 in incentive management fees related to realized capital gains for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004. The increase in base management fees and incentive management fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income reflects the significantly increased size of our portfolio during the year ended December 31, 2005 as a result of the add-on offerings completed in 2005, and also reflects a full year of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 as compared to our limited operations during the prior period. The increase in incentive management fees related to realized capital gains was a result of the sales and paydowns of several investments during the year ended December 31, 2005. Additionally, base management fees and incentive management fees were only payable beginning on October 8, 2004 (the date of the IPO and the commencement of substantial investment operations).

For the year ended December 31, 2005, total operating expenses also consisted of \$888,000 in general and administrative expenses, \$1.4 million in professional fees, \$310,000 for director fees, \$631,000 in insurance expenses, \$1.1 million in interest expense and facility fees, \$154,000 in interest payable to the investment adviser, \$465,000 in amortization of debt issuance cost, \$311,000 in other expense and \$158,000 in excise tax related to excess taxable income carried forward into 2006. For the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 total expenses consisted of \$136,000 in general and administrative expenses, \$336,000 in professional fees, \$120,000 for director fees, \$162,000 in insurance expenses, \$96,000 in interest expense and facility fees, \$41,000 in amortization of debt issuance cost, \$8,000 in other expense, and a one-time charge of \$199,000 in organizational expenses. The increases are primarily a result of the larger size of our portfolio and also reflect a full year of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 as compared to the prior period.

Net Realized Gains

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company had \$118.8 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$10.3 million of net realized gains compared to the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 which had \$53.5 million of sales and repayments resulting in \$244,000 of net realized gains. The increase in net realized gains was primarily a result of the sales and paydowns of several investments during the year ended December 31, 2005.

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation on Investments

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company's investments had an increase in net unrealized appreciation of \$4.4 million as compared to \$231,000 for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004. The increase in net unrealized appreciation was primarily a result of the appreciation of one investment offset by the depreciation of several other investments during the year ended December 31, 2005.

Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting From Operations

Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 was approximately \$41.9 million compared to \$3.2 million for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004. Our net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations per common share for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$1.78 compared to \$0.29 for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY, AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

On October 8, 2004, we completed our IPO of 11,000,000 shares of common stock at \$15.00 per share, less an underwriting discount and commissions totaling \$.675 per share. Ares Capital Management agreed to pay the underwriters \$.225 per share, or \$2,475,000, in underwriting and commissions on the Company's behalf. We were obligated to repay this amount, together with the accrued interest upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events on or before October 8, 2007: (a) if during any four calendar periods ending on or after October 8, 2005 the sum of (i) the aggregate distributions to the stockholders and (ii) the change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) equals or exceeds 7.0% of the net assets at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases) or (b) upon the Company's liquidation. On March 8, 2005, the Company's board of directors approved entering into an amended and restated agreement with Ares Capital Management whereby the Company would be obligated to repay Ares Capital Management for the approximate \$2.5 million only if the conditions for repayment referred to above were met before the third anniversary of the IPO. In accordance with the terms of the amended and restated agreement with Ares Capital Management, in February 2006, we repaid this amount together with accrued interest. We received approximately \$159.8 million in net proceeds from the IPO.

On March 23, 2005, we completed an add-on public offering (the "Add-on Offering") of 12,075,000 shares of common stock (including the underwriters' overallotment of 1,575,000 common shares) at \$16.00 per share, less an underwriting discount and commissions totaling \$.72 per share. We received approximately \$183.9 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs.

On October 18, 2005, we completed an additional add-on public offering (the "October Add-on Offering") of 14,500,000 shares of common stock at \$15.46 per share, less an underwriting discount and commissions totaling \$0.6957 per share. We received approximately \$213.5 million in proceeds net of underwriting and offering costs.

A portion of the proceeds from the Add-on Offering and the October Add-on Offering was used to repay outstanding indebtedness under the CP Funding Facility. The remaining unused portion of the proceeds from the Add-on Offering and October Add-on Offering has been used to fund investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objectives and strategies.

As of March 31, 2006, December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the fair value of investments and cash and cash equivalents, and the outstanding borrowing under the Facilities were as follows:

	March 31, 2006		Dec	ember 31, 2005	December 31, 2004		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,034,286	\$	16,613,334	\$	26,806,160	
Senior term debt		480,455,437		338,467,061		63,118,678	
Senior notes		10,000,000		10,000,000		5,997,645	
Senior subordinated debt		144,489,390		130,042,698		78,169,595	
Collateralized debt obligations		17,184,257		17,386,561		8,281,768	
Equity securities		95,016,065		90,072,055		26,992,461	
Total	\$	766,179,435	\$	602,581,709	\$	209,366,307	
Total	φ	700,179,433	φ	002,381,709	φ	209,300,307	
Outstanding borrowings	\$	185,200,000	\$	18,000,000	\$	55,500,000	

In order to provide additional liquidity and to meet our investment objectives and strategies, in November 2004 we and Ares Capital CP Funding LLC, a single member, special purpose, limited liability company, wholly owned by us ("Ares Capital CP"), entered into the CP Funding Facility, pursuant to which our wholly owned subsidiary Ares Capital CP can obtain financing for the acquisition of loans from Ares Capital as described in more detail in Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2005.

The available amount for borrowing under the CP Funding Facility is \$350.0 million (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2006 for more detail of the CP Funding Facility arrangement). As of March 31, 2006, there was \$109.2 million outstanding under the CP Funding Facility. The CP Funding Facility expires on November 1, 2006 unless extended prior to such date with the consent of the lenders. The available amount for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is \$250.0 million (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2006 for more detail of the Revolving Credit Facility arrangement). As of March 31, 2006, there was \$76.0 million outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility expires on December 28, 2010. For the three months ending March 31, 2006, average total assets was \$675.1 million.

In April 2005, the Company entered into an amendment that increased the available amount for borrowing under the CP Funding Facility from \$150.0 million to \$225.0 million and in November 2005, the Company entered into an amendment that further increased the available amount for borrowing under the CP Funding Facility from \$225.0 million to \$350.0 million (see Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2005 for more detail of the CP Funding Facility arrangement).

As of December 31, 2005, the outstanding principal balance under the CP Funding Facility was \$18.0 million, which bears interest at a rate equal to the commercial paper rate plus 75 basis points. As of December 31, 2005, the commercial paper rate was 4.3223%. As of December 31, 2004, the outstanding principal balance under the CP Funding Facility was approximately \$55.5 million which bore interest at a rate equal to the commercial paper rate plus 125 basis points. As of December 31, 2004, the commercial paper rate was 2.3152%.

In December 2005, we entered into the Revolving Credit Facility under which the lenders have agreed to extend credit to Ares Capital in an initial aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$250.0 million at any one time outstanding (see Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2005 for more detail of the Revolving Credit Facility arrangement). As of December 31, 2005, there were no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility which bears an interest rate of LIBOR (one, two three or six month) plus 100 basis points, generally. As of December 31, 2005, the one, two, three and six month LIBOR were 4.39%, 4.48%, 4.54% and 4.70%, respectively.

A summary of our contractual payment obligations as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	 Payments Due by Period								
	Total	Les	ss than 1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years	After 5 years			
CP Funding Facility payable	\$ 18,000,000	\$	18,000,000						
Revolving Credit Facility payable									

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$63.0 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of March 31, 2006, \$37.5 million was unfunded. Included within the \$63.0 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.2 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of a portfolio company. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio company was to default on its related payment obligations. As of March 31, 2006, the Company had \$2.3 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio company, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. These letters of credit expire on September 30, 2006, but may be extended under substantially similar terms for additional one-year terms at the Company's option until the revolving line of credit, under which the letters of credit were issued, matures on September 30, 2011.

As of December 31, 2005, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$43.0 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of December 31, 2005, \$28.8 million was unfunded. Included within the \$43.0 million commitment in revolving secured loans is a commitment to issue up to \$3.2 million in standby letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of a portfolio company. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio company was to default on its related payment obligations. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had \$2.2 million in standby letters of credit issued and outstanding on behalf of the portfolio company, of which no amounts were recorded as a liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. These letters of credit expire on September 30, 2006, but may be extended under substantially similar terms for additional one-year terms at the Company's option until the revolving line of credit, under which the letters of credit were issued, matures on September 30, 2011.

As of December 31, 2004, the Company had committed to make a total of approximately \$14.2 million of investments in various revolving senior secured loans. As of December 31, 2004, \$13.8 million was unfunded.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and the valuations of our investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk

As of March 31, 2006, approximately 35% of the investments at fair value in our portfolio were at fixed rates while approximately 61% were at variable rates. In addition, the CP Funding Facility and the Revolving Credit Facility are variable rate borrowing facilities.

To illustrate the potential impact of changes in interest rates, we have performed the following analysis based on our March 31, 2006 balance sheet and assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure. Under this analysis, a 100 basis point increase in the various base rates would result in an increase in interest income of approximately \$4,981,000 and an increase in interest expense of \$1,852,000 over the next 12 months. A 100 basis point decrease in the various base rates would result in a decrease in interest income of approximately \$4,981,000 and a decrease in interest expense of \$1,852,000 over the next 12 months.

As of December 31, 2005, approximately 39% of the investments at fair value in our portfolio were at fixed rates while approximately 57% were at variable rates. In addition, the Facilities are variable rate borrowing facilities.

To illustrate the potential impact of changes in interest rates, we performed the following analysis based on our December 31, 2005 balance sheet and assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure. Under this analysis, a 100 basis point increase in the various base rates would result in an increase in interest income of approximately \$3,313,474 and an increase in interest expense of \$180,000 over the next 12 months. A 100 basis point decrease in the various base rates would result in a decrease in interest income of approximately \$3,313,474 and a decrease in interest expense of \$180,000 over the next 12 months.

On January 7, 2005, we entered into a costless collar agreement in order to manage the exposure to changing interest rates related to the Company's fixed rate investments. The costless collar agreement was for a notional amount of \$20 million, has a cap of 6.5%, a floor of 2.72% and matures in 2008. The costless collar agreement allows us to receive an interest payment when the 3-month LIBOR exceeds 6.5% and obligates us to pay an interest payment when the 3-month LIBOR is less than 2.72%. The costless collar resets quarterly based on the 3-month LIBOR. As of March 31, 2006, the 3-month LIBOR was 5.00%. As of March 31, 2006, these derivatives had no fair value. As of December 31, 2005, the 3-month LIBOR was 4.54%. As of December 31, 2005, these derivatives had no fair value.

While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Portfolio Valuation

We carry our investments at fair value, as determined by our board of directors. Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market price is not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors. The types of factors that we may take into account in fair value pricing of our investments include, as relevant, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded securities and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our private equity valuation. Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned.

50

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following tables as of each fiscal year ended December 31 since the Fund commenced operations, unless otherwise noted. The report of our independent registered public accounting firm on the senior securities table of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2005 is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. The " " indicates information which the SEC expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

Class and Year	 Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(1)	Asset Coverage Per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference Per Unit(3)	Average Market Value Per Unit(4)
CP Funding Facility				
Fiscal 2006 (as of March 31, 2006, unaudited)	\$ 109,200,000	\$ 2,408.76	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2005 (as of December 31, 2005)	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 32,645.12	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2004 (as of December 31, 2004)	\$ 55,500,000	\$ 3,877.62	\$	N/A
Revolving Credit Facility				
Fiscal 2006 (as of March 31, 2006, unaudited)	\$ 76,000,000	\$ 1,676.42	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2005 (as of December 31, 2005)	\$	\$	\$	N/A

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.
- The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit. In order to determine the specific Asset Coverage Per Unit for each of the Facilities, the total Asset Coverage Per Unit was divided based on each Facility's amount outstanding at the end of the period.
- (3)

 The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it.
- (4) Not applicable, as senior securities are not registered for public trading.

51

BUSINESS

GENERAL

Ares Capital is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company, regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We were founded in April 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. Ares Capital's investment objectives are to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments by primarily investing in U.S. middle market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive.

We primarily invest in first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt. In some cases, we may also receive warrants or options in connection with our debt investments. Our investments have generally ranged between \$10 million and \$50 million each, although the investment sizes may be more or less than the targeted range and are expected to grow with our capital availability. We also, to a lesser extent, make equity investments in private middle market companies. These investments are generally less than \$10 million each (but may grow with our capital availability) and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make to these companies. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment.

The first and second lien senior loans generally have stated terms of three to ten years and the mezzanine debt investments generally have stated terms of up to ten years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, there is no limit on the maturity or duration of any security in our portfolio. The debt that we invest in typically is not rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). We may invest without limit in debt of any rating, including securities that have not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage Ares' current investment platform, resources and existing relationships with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investments. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares' senior principals have worked together for many years and have substantial experience in investing in senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity. The Company has access to the Ares staff of approximately 58 investment professionals and to the 38 administrative professionals employed by Ares who provide assistance in accounting, legal, compliance and investor relations.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of private companies, we also may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments. Such investments may include investments in high-yield bonds, debt and equity securities in collateralized debt obligation vehicles and distressed debt or equity securities of public companies. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt that are non-investment grade. As part of this 30% of the portfolio, we may also invest in debt of middle market companies located outside of the United States, which investments are not anticipated to be in excess of 10% of the portfolio at the time such investments are made.

About Ares

Ares is an independent Los Angeles based firm with approximately \$10.7 billion of committed capital and 129 employees. Ares was founded in 1997 by a group of highly experienced investment professionals.

Ares specializes in originating and managing assets in both the leveraged finance and private equity markets. Ares' leveraged finance activities include the acquisition and management of senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine and special situation investments. Ares' private equity activities focus on providing flexible, junior capital to middle market companies. Ares has the ability to invest across a capital structure, from senior secured floating rate debt to common equity.

Ares is comprised of the following groups:

Capital Markets Group. The Ares Capital Markets Group currently manages a variety of funds and investment vehicles that have approximately \$6.8 billion of total committed capital, focusing primarily on syndicated senior secured loans, high yield bonds, distressed debt, other liquid fixed income investments and other publicly traded debt securities.

Private Debt Group. The Ares Private Debt Group manages the assets of Ares Capital. The Private Debt Group focuses primarily on non-syndicated first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt.

Private Equity Group. The Ares Private Equity Group manages ACOF, which has approximately \$2.7 billion of total committed capital. ACOF generally makes private equity investments in companies in amounts substantially larger than the private equity investments anticipated to be made by Ares Capital. The Private Equity Group generally focuses on control-oriented equity investments in under-capitalized companies or companies with capital structure issues.

Ares' senior principals have been working together as a group for many years and have an average of over 20 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, investment banking and capital markets. They are backed by a large team of highly-disciplined professionals. Ares' rigorous investment approach is based upon an intensive, independent financial analysis, with a focus on preservation of capital, diversification and active portfolio management. These fundamentals underlie Ares' investment strategy and have resulted in large pension funds, banks, insurance companies, endowments and high net worth individuals investing in Ares funds.

Ares Capital Management

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by a dedicated origination and transaction development team of 17 investment professionals, including our President, Michael J. Arougheti, which team is augmented by Ares' additional investment professionals, primarily its 24 member Capital Markets Group. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has 5 members, including Mr. Arougheti and 4 founding members of Ares. In addition, Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' entire investment platform and benefits from Ares' investment professionals' significant capital markets, trading and research expertise developed through Ares industry analysts. Ares funds have made investments in over 1,000 companies in over 30 different industries and currently hold over 400 investments in over 30 different industries.

MARKET OPPORTUNITY

We believe the environment for investing in middle market companies is attractive for the following reasons:

We believe that many senior lenders have in recent years de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions.

We believe there is increased demand among private middle market companies for primary capital. Many middle market firms have faced increased difficulty raising debt in the capital markets, due to a continuing preference for larger size high yield bond issuances.

We believe there is a large pool of uninvested private equity capital for middle market companies. We expect private equity firms will seek to leverage their investments by combining capital with senior secured loans and mezzanine debt from other sources.

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers in middle market companies:

Existing investment platform

Ares currently manages approximately \$10.7 billion of committed capital in the related asset classes of syndicated loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity. We believe Ares' current investment platform provides a competitive advantage in terms of access to origination and marketing activities and diligence for Ares Capital.

Seasoned management team

Antony Ressler, Bennett Rosenthal, John Kissick and David Sachs are all founding members of Ares who serve on Ares Capital Management's investment committee. These professionals have an average of over 20 years experience in leveraged finance, including substantial experience in investing in leveraged loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt, distressed debt and private equity securities. In addition, our President, Michael J. Arougheti also serves on the investment committee and leads a dedicated origination and transaction development team of 17 investment professionals (including Mr. Arougheti), which team is augmented by Ares' additional investment professionals, primarily its 24 member Capital Markets Group. As a result of Ares' extensive investment experience, Ares and its senior principals have developed a strong reputation in the capital markets. We believe that this experience affords Ares Capital a competitive advantage in identifying and investing in middle market companies with the potential to generate positive returns.

Experience and focus on middle market companies

Ares has historically focused on investments in middle market companies and we benefit from this experience. Our investment adviser uses Ares' extensive network of relationships with intermediaries focused on middle market companies, including management teams, members of the investment banking community, private equity groups and other investment firms with whom Ares has had long-term relationships. We believe this network enables us to attract well-positioned prospective portfolio company investments. In particular, our investment adviser works closely with the Ares investment professionals who oversee a portfolio of investments in over 400 companies and provide access to an extensive network of relationships and special insights into industry trends and the state of the capital markets.

Disciplined investment philosophy

In making its investment decisions, our investment adviser has adopted Ares' long-standing, consistent investment approach that was developed over 14 years ago by several of its founders. Ares Capital Management's investment philosophy and portfolio construction involves an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment, financial markets and company-specific research and analysis. Our investment approach emphasizes capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk. In addition to engaging in extensive due diligence from the perspective of a long-term investor, Ares Capital Management's approach seeks to reduce risk in investments by focusing on:

Businesses with strong franchises and sustainable competitive advantages;
Industries with positive long-term dynamics;

Cash flows that are dependable and predictable;

Management teams with demonstrated track records and economic incentives;

Rates of return commensurate with the perceived risks; and

Securities or investments that are structured with appropriate terms and covenants.

Extensive industry focus

We concentrate our investing activities in industries with a history of predictable and dependable cash flows and in which the Ares investment professionals historically have had extensive investment experience. Since its inception in 1997, Ares investment professionals have invested in over 1,000 companies in over 30 different industries. Ares' Capital Markets Group provides a large team of in-house analysts with significant expertise and relationships in industries in which we are likely to invest. Ares investment professionals have developed long-term relationships with management teams and management consultants in these industries, as well as substantial information concerning these industries and potential trends within these industries. The experience of Ares' investment professionals in investing across these industries throughout various stages of the economic cycle provides our investment adviser with access to ongoing market insights and favorable investment opportunities.

Flexible transaction structuring

We are flexible in structuring investments, the types of securities in which we invest and the terms associated with such investments. The principals of Ares have extensive experience in a wide variety of securities for leveraged companies with a diverse set of terms and conditions. This approach and experience should enable our investment adviser to identify attractive investment opportunities throughout the economic cycle and across a company's capital structure so that we can make investments consistent with our stated objectives.

OPERATING AND REGULATORY STRUCTURE

Our investment activities are managed by Ares Capital Management and supervised by our board of directors, a majority of whom are independent of Ares and its affiliates. Ares Capital Management is an investment adviser that is registered under the Advisers Act. Under our investment advisory and management agreement, we have agreed to pay Ares Capital Management an annual base management fee based on our total assets (other than cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed funds), and an incentive fee based on our performance. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For example, we would not generally be permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which Ares or any of its affiliates currently has an investment (although we may co-invest on a concurrent basis with funds managed by Ares, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and our allocation procedures). Some of these co-investments would only be permitted pursuant to an exemptive order from the SEC and we have currently determined not to pursue obtaining such an order.

Also, while we are permitted to finance investments using debt, our ability to use debt is limited in certain significant respects. We borrow funds to make additional investments. See "Regulation." We have elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

INVESTMENTS

We have created a diversified portfolio that includes first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt by investing a range of \$10 million to \$50 million of capital, on average, although the investment sizes may be more or less and are expected to grow with our capital availability. We also, to a lesser extent, make equity investments in private middle market companies. These investments are generally less than \$10 million each (but may grow with our capital availability) and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make to these companies. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In addition to originating investments, we may acquire investments in the secondary market.

Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to senior loans and is often unsecured. However, mezzanine debt ranks senior to common and preferred equity in a borrowers' capital structure. Typically, mezzanine debt has elements of both debt and equity instruments, offering the fixed returns in the form of interest payments associated with senior loans, while providing lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation of a borrower, if any, through an equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of warrants. Due to its higher risk profile and often less restrictive covenants as compared to senior loans, mezzanine debt generally earns a higher return than senior secured debt. The warrants associated with mezzanine debt are typically detachable, which allows lenders to receive repayment of their principal on an agreed amortization schedule while retaining their equity interest in the borrower. Mezzanine debt also may include a "put" feature, which permits the holder to sell its equity interest back to the borrower at a price determined through an agreed formula.

In making an equity investment, in addition to considering the factors discussed below under "Investment Selection," we also consider the anticipated timing of a liquidity event, such as a public offering, sale of the company or redemption of our equity securities.

Our principal focus is investing in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity capital, of middle market companies in a variety of industries. We generally target companies that generate positive cash flows. Ares has a staff of 16 investment professionals who specialize in specific industries. We generally seek to invest in companies from the industries in which Ares' investment professionals have direct expertise. The following is a representative list of the industries in which Ares has invested.

Aerospace and Defense	
Airlines	
Broadcasting/Cable	
Cargo Transport	
Chemicals	
Consumer Products	
Containers/Packaging	
Education	
Energy	
Environmental Services	
Farming and Agriculture	

Food and Beverage	
Gaming	
Health Care	
Homebuilding	
Lodging and Leisure	
Manufacturing	
Metals/Mining	
Paper and Forest Products	
Printing/Publishing	
Retail	
Restaurants	
Supermarket and Drug	
Technology	
Utilities	
Wireless and Wireline Telecom	
However, we may invest in other industries if we are presented with attractive opportunities.	

The industry and geographic information of the portfolio as of March 31, 2006, December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, were as follows:

	March 31,	Decembe	er 31,	
	2006	2005	2004	
Industry				
Health Care	13.0%	13.1%	10.1%	
Containers/Packaging	8.1	12.0	11.9	
Other Services	12.3	12.0	12.1	
Consumer Products	13.0	11.2	20.5	
Environmental Services	8.7	11.0	10.9	
Restaurants	8.9	10.6	0.0	
Manufacturing	7.1	9.5	18.9	
Education	7.9	5.6	0.0	
Financial	2.3	3.0	4.5	
Printing/Publishing	4.8	2.8	0.0	
Aerospace and Defense	2.4	2.7	0.0	
Cargo Transport	1.7	2.1	0.0	
Farming and Agriculture	1.4	1.8	0.0	
Homebuilding	1.2	1.7	5.2	
Broadcasting/Cable	3.4	0.9	0.0	
Energy	0.0	0.0	5.9	
Computers/Electronics	2.5	0.0	0.0	
Beverages/Food/Tobacco	1.3	0.0	0.0	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Geographic Region				
West	36.1%	38.9%	32.1%	
Mid-Atlantic	19.7	24.3	11.6	
Midwest	11.0	12.3	19.3	
Northeast	9.9	11.3	16.4	
Southeast	18.5	10.2	12.8	
International	4.8	3.0	7.8	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

As a result of regulatory restrictions, we are not permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which Ares or any affiliate currently has an investment (although we may co-invest on a concurrent basis with funds managed by Ares, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and our allocation procedures). Some of these co-investments would only be permitted pursuant to an exemptive order from the SEC and we have currently determined not to pursue obtaining such an order.

In addition to such investments, we may invest up to 30% of the portfolio in opportunistic investments in high-yield bonds, debt and equity securities in collateralized debt obligation vehicles, distressed debt or equity securities of public companies. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt that is non-investment grade. We also may invest in debt of middle market companies located outside of the United States, which investments are not anticipated to be in excess of 10% of the portfolio at the time such investments are made.

INVESTMENT SELECTION

Ares' investment philosophy was developed over the past 14 years and has remained consistent throughout a number of economic cycles. In managing the Company, Ares Capital Management

employs the same investment philosophy and portfolio management methodologies used by the investment professionals of Ares in Ares' private investment funds.

Ares Capital Management's investment philosophy and portfolio construction involves:

an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment and financial markets;

company-specific research and analysis; and

with respect to each individual company, an emphasis on capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk.

The foundation of Ares' investment philosophy is intensive credit investment analysis, a strict sales discipline based on both market technicals and fundamental value-oriented research and diversification strategy. Ares Capital Management follows a rigorous process based on:

a comprehensive analysis of issuer creditworthiness, including a quantitative and qualitative assessment of the issuer's business:

an evaluation of management;

an analysis of business strategy and industry trends; and

an in-depth examination of capital structure, financial results and projections.

Ares Capital Management seeks to identify those issuers exhibiting superior fundamental risk-reward profiles and strong defensible business franchises while focusing on relative value of the security across the industry as well as for the specific issuer.

Intensive due diligence

The process through which Ares Capital Management makes an investment decision involves extensive research into the target company, its industry, its growth prospects and its ability to withstand adverse conditions. If the senior investment professional responsible for the transaction determines that an investment opportunity should be pursued, Ares Capital Management will engage in an intensive due diligence process. Though each transaction will involve a somewhat different approach, the regular due diligence steps generally to be undertaken include:

meeting with management to get an insider's view of the business, and to probe for potential weaknesses in business prospects;

checking management backgrounds and references;

performing a detailed review of historical financial performance and the quality of earnings;

visiting headquarters and company operations and meeting top and middle level executives;

contacting customers and vendors to assess both business prospects and standard practices;

conducting a competitive analysis, and comparing the issuer to its main competitors on an operating, financial, market share and valuation basis;

researching the industry for historic growth trends and future prospects (including Wall Street research, industry association literature and general news);

assessing asset value and the ability of physical infrastructure and information systems to handle anticipated growth; and

investigating legal risks and financial and accounting systems.

59

Selective investment process

Ares Capital Management employs Ares' credit recommendation process, which is focused on selectively narrowing investment opportunities through a process designed to identify the most attractive opportunities. Ares reviews and analyzes numerous investment opportunities on behalf of its funds to determine which investments should be consummated.

After an investment has been identified and diligence has been completed, a credit research and analysis report is prepared. This report will be reviewed by the senior investment professional in charge of the potential investment. If such senior investment professional is in favor of the potential investment, then it is presented to the investment committee. Members of the investment committee have an average of over 20 years of experience in the leveraged finance markets. The investment generally requires the substantial consensus of the investment committee. Additional due diligence with respect to any investment may be conducted on our behalf by attorneys and independent accountants prior to the closing of the investment, as well as other outside advisers, as appropriate.

Investment structure

Once we have determined that a prospective portfolio company is suitable for investment, we work with the management of that company and its other capital providers, including senior, junior, and equity capital providers, to structure an investment. We negotiate among these parties to agree on how our investment is expected to perform relative to the other capital in the portfolio company's capital structure.

Debt investments

We invest in portfolio companies primarily in the form of first and second lien senior loans and long-term mezzanine debt. The first and second lien senior loans generally have terms of three to ten years. We generally obtain security interests in the assets of our portfolio companies that will serve as collateral in support of the repayment of the first and second lien senior loans. This collateral may take the form of first or second priority liens on the assets of a portfolio company.

We structure our mezzanine investments primarily as unsecured, subordinated loans that provide for relatively high, fixed interest rates that provide us with significant current interest income. The mezzanine debt investments generally have terms of up to ten years. These loans typically have interest-only payments in the early years, with amortization of principal deferred to the later years of the mezzanine debt. In some cases, we may enter into loans that, by their terms, convert into equity or additional debt or defer payments of interest (or at least cash interest) for the first few years after our investment. Also, in some cases our mezzanine debt will be collateralized by a subordinated lien on some or all of the assets of the borrower.

In some cases our debt investments may provide for a portion of the interest payable to be payment-in-kind interest. To the extent interest is payment-in-kind, it will be payable through the increase of the principal amount of the loan by the amount of interest due on the then-outstanding aggregate principal amount of such loan.

In the case of our first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, we tailor the terms of the investment to the facts and circumstances of the transaction and the prospective portfolio company, negotiating a structure that aims to protect our rights and manage our risk while creating incentives for the portfolio company to achieve its business plan and improve its profitability. For example, in addition to seeking a senior position in the capital structure of our portfolio companies, we will seek, where appropriate, to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

requiring a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk;

incorporating "put" rights and call protection into the investment structure; and

negotiating covenants in connection with our investments that afford our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as possible, consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control provisions and board rights, including either observation or participation rights.

In general, Ares Capital Management includes financial covenants and terms that require an issuer to reduce leverage, thereby enhancing credit quality. These methods include: (i) maintenance leverage covenants requiring a decreasing ratio of debt to cash flow; (ii) maintenance cash flow covenants requiring an increasing ratio of cash flow to the sum of interest expense and capital expenditures; and (iii) debt incurrence prohibitions, limiting a company's ability to re-lever. In addition, limitations on asset sales and capital expenditures should prevent a company from changing the nature of its business or capitalization without consent.

Our debt investments may include equity features, such as warrants or options to buy a minority interest in the portfolio company. Warrants we receive with our debt may require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We may structure the warrants to provide provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as puts, or rights to sell such securities back to the company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In many cases, we also obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

Equity investments

Our equity investments may consist of preferred equity that is expected to pay dividends on a current basis or preferred equity that does not pay current dividends. Preferred equity generally has a preference over common equity as to distributions on liquidation and dividends. In some cases, we may acquire common equity. In general, our equity investments are not control-oriented investments and in many cases we acquire equity securities as part of a group of private equity investors in which we are not the lead investor. With respect to preferred or common equity investments, these investments that have generally been less than \$10 million each (but may grow with our capital availability) and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make these companies. In many cases, we will also obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

ONGOING RELATIONSHIPS WITH AND MONITORING OF PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

Ares Capital Management closely monitors each investment we make, maintains a regular dialogue with both the management team and other stakeholders and seeks specifically tailored financial reporting. In addition, senior investment professionals of Ares sometimes take board seats or obtain board observation rights. As of March 31, 2006, Ares Capital Management has board seats or board observation rights on more than 23% of the operating companies in our portfolio.

Post-investment, in addition to covenants and other contractual rights, Ares seeks to exert significant influence through board participation, when appropriate, and by actively working with management on strategic initiatives. Ares often introduces managers of companies in which they have invested to other portfolio companies to capitalize on complementary business activities and best practices.

In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, we grade all loans on a scale of 1 to 4. This system is intended to reflect the performance of the borrower's business, the collateral coverage of the loans and other factors considered relevant.

Under this system, loans with a grade of 4 involve the least amount of risk in our portfolio. The borrower is performing above expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable. Loans graded 3 involve a level of risk that is similar to the risk at the time of origination. The borrower is performing as expected and the risk factors are neutral to favorable. All new loans are initially graded 3. Loans graded 2 involve a borrower performing below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased materially since origination. The borrower is generally out of compliance with debt covenants, however, loan payments are generally not more than 120 days past due. For loans graded 2, we expect to increase procedures to monitor the borrower and the fair value generally will be lowered. A loan grade of 1 indicates that the borrower is performing materially below expectations and that the loan risk has substantially increased since origination. Most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. Loans graded 1 are not anticipated to be repaid in full. We believe that as of March 31, 2006, the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio was 3.1.

MANAGERIAL ASSISTANCE

As a BDC, we will offer, and must provide upon request, managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. This assistance could involve, among other things, monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies, participating in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising officers of portfolio companies and providing other organizational and financial guidance. We may receive fees for these services. Ares Administration provides such managerial assistance on our behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance.

COMPETITION

Our primary competitors to provide financing to middle market companies include public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies and private equity funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. We use the industry information of Ares' investment professionals to which we have access to assess investment risks and determine appropriate pricing for our investments in portfolio companies. In addition, we believe that the relationships of the members of Ares Capital Management's investment committees and of the senior principals of Ares, enable us to learn about, and compete effectively for, financing opportunities with attractive middle market companies in the industries in which we seek to invest. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to our Business We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities."

LEVERAGE

On November 3, 2004, through our wholly owned subsidiary, Ares Capital CP Funding LLC ("Ares Capital CP"), we entered into a revolving credit facility (the "CP Funding Facility") that, as amended, allows Ares Capital CP to issue up to \$350.0 million of variable funding certificates ("VFC").

Under the CP Funding Facility, funds are loaned to Ares Capital CP by or through Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC at prevailing commercial paper rates, or if the commercial paper market is at

any time unavailable at prevailing LIBOR rates, plus, in each case, an applicable spread. The funds are used for the simultaneous purchase by Ares Capital CP from the Company of loan investments originated or otherwise acquired by the Company. Through this simultaneous purchase from the Company by Ares Capital CP with funds obtained by Ares Capital CP from the CP Funding Facility, the Company is able to obtain the benefits of the CP Funding Facility.

As part of the CP Funding Facility, we are subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life, collateral interests and investment ratings as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of funds that Ares Capital CP may obtain. There are also certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early amortization of the CP Funding Facility and limit further advances under the CP Funding Facility and in some cases could be an event of default. Such limitations, requirements, and associated defined terms are as provided for in the documents governing the CP Funding Facility. The interest charged on the funds is based on the commercial paper rate plus 0.75% and payable quarterly. As of December 31, 2005, the commercial paper rate was 4.3223%. The CP Funding Facility expires on November 1, 2006 unless extended prior to such date with the consent of the lender. If the CP Funding Facility is not extended, any principal amounts then outstanding will be amortized over a 24 month period through a termination date of November 2, 2008. Under the terms of the CP Funding Facility, we are required to pay a 0.375% renewal fee on each of the two years following the closing date of the CP Funding Facility. Additionally, we are also required to pay a commitment fee (as described below) for any unused portion of the CP Funding Facility.

The interest rate payable on commercial paper funding is equal to the commercial paper rate plus 75 basis points and the commitment fee for unused portions of the credit facility ranges from 0.10% to 0.125%, depending on funding levels.

As of March 31, 2006, the principal amount outstanding under the CP Funding Facility was \$109.2 million.

On December 28, 2005, we entered into the Revolving Credit Facility with the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, together with various supporting documentation, including a guarantee and security agreement.

Under the Revolving Credit Facility, the lenders have agreed to extend credit to Ares Capital in an initial aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$250 million at any one time outstanding. The Revolving Credit Facility provides also for issuing letters of credit. The Revolving Credit Facility is a five-year revolving facility (with a stated maturity date of December 28, 2010) and with certain exceptions is secured by substantially all of the assets in our portfolio (other than investments held by Ares Capital CP under the CP Funding Facility).

Subject to certain exceptions, the interest rate payable under the Revolving Credit Facility is 100 basis points over LIBOR. Under the Revolving Credit Facility, we have made certain representations and warranties and are required to comply with various covenants, reporting requirements and other customary requirements for similar revolving credit facilities, including, without limitation, covenants related to:
(a) limitations on the incurrence of additional indebtedness and liens, (b) limitations on certain investments, (c) limitations on certain restricted payments, (d) maintaining a certain minimum stockholders' equity, (e) maintaining a ratio of total assets (less total liabilities) to total indebtedness, of Ares Capital and its subsidiaries, of not less than 2.0:1.0, (f) maintaining minimum liquidity, and (g) limitations on the creation or existence of agreements that prohibit liens on certain properties of Ares Capital and its subsidiaries.

In addition to the asset coverage ratio described above, borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (and the incurrence of certain other permitted debt) will be subject to compliance with a borrowing base that will apply different advance rates to different types of assets in our portfolio. The Revolving Credit Facility also includes an "accordion" feature that allows us to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility to a maximum of \$500 million under certain circumstances. The Revolving Credit Facility also includes usual and customary events of default for senior secured revolving credit facilities of this nature.

We intend to continue borrowing under the Facilities in the future and we may increase the size of the Facilities or otherwise issue debt securities or other evidences of indebtedness in the future.

STAFFING

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of Ares Capital Management and Ares Administration, pursuant to the terms of the management agreement and the administration agreement. Each of our executive officers described under "Management" is an employee of Ares Administration and/or Ares Capital Management. Our day-to-day investment operations are managed by our investment adviser. Most of the services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by Ares Capital Management. Including Michael J. Arougheti, our President who also serves on Ares Capital Management's investment committee, Ares Capital Management has 15 investment professionals who focus on origination and transaction development and monitoring of our investments. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement." In addition, we will reimburse Ares Administration for our allocable portion of expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the cost of our officers and their respective staffs. See "Management Administration Agreement."

PROPERTIES

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operation. Our headquarters are currently located at 280 Park Avenue, 22^{nd} Floor, Building East, New York, New York 10017. We rent office space directly from a third party pursuant to a lease that expires on February 27, 2011. In addition, we have entered into a sublease with Ares Management LLC whereby Ares Management LLC subleases approximately 25% of the office space for a fixed rent equal to 25% of the basic annual rent payable by us under the lease, plus certain additional costs and expenses.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Neither we nor Ares Capital Management are currently subject to any material legal proceedings.

PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

Our investment adviser employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. See "Business Ongoing Relationships With and Monitoring of Portfolio Companies." We believe that as of March 31, 2006, the weighted average investment grade of the debt in our portfolio is 3.1. As of March 31, 2006, the weighted average yield of the debt and income producing equity securities in our portfolio was approximately 11.47% (computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate (or, in the case of equity securities, dividend rate) plus the annual amortization of loan, origination fees, original issue discount and market discount on accruing loans, debt and income producing equity securities) divided by (b) total loans, debt and income producing equity securities at value.

The following table describes each of the businesses included in our portfolio and reflects data as of March 31, 2006. We own less than 15% of the equity of, and do not control any of, the businesses included in this portfolio except for CICQ, LP. We offer to make significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. We may receive rights to observe the meetings of our portfolio companies' board of directors.

Name and Address of Portfolio Company	Nature of Business	Type of Investment	Interest(1)	Maturity	% of Class Held(2)	Fair Value
Aircast, Inc. 92 River Road Summit, NJ 07901	Manufacturer of orthopedic braces, supports and vascular systems	Senior secured loan Junior secured loan	7.60% (Libor + 2.75%/Q) 11.85% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/7/2010 6/7/2011		1,235,429 1,000,000
American Renal Associates, Inc. 5 Cherry Hill Drive, Suite 120 Danvers, MA 01923	Dialysis provider	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan	8.68% (Libor+ 4.00%/Q) 10.25% (Base Rate + 2.50%/Q) 9.18% (Libor + 4.50%/Q) 10.50% (Base Rate + 3.00%/Q) 11.68% (Libor + 7.00%/Q) NA	12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2011 12/31/2011 12/31/2011 12/31/2010		3,426,230 180,328 5,886,885 14,754 7,213,115 (3)
Arrow Group Industries, Inc. 1680 Route 23 North Wayne, NJ 07470	Residential and outdoor shed manufacturer	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan	9.98% (Libor + 5.00%/Q) 14.48% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	4/1/2010 10/1/2010		6,000,000 6,000,000
AWTP, LLC 2080 Lunt Avenue Elk Grove Village, Illinois 60007	Water treatment services	Junior secured loan	12.19% (Libor + 7.50%/M)	12/23/2012		13,600,000
Berkline/Benchcraft Holdings LLC One Berkline Drive Morristown, TN 37813	Furniture manufacturer and distributor	Junior secured loan Preferred stock Common unit warrants	14.53% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	5/3/2012 3/26/2012	4.27% 4.27%	4,500,000 677,643 1,782,640
Canon Communications LLC 11444 W. Olympic Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90064	Print publications services	Junior secured loan	12.48% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	11/30/2011		16,250,000
Capella Healthcare, Inc. Two Corporate Center, Suite 200 501 Corporate Center Drive Franklin, TN 37067	Acute care hospital operator	Junior secured loan	10.82% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	11/30/2013		29,000,000
Captive Plastics, Inc. 251 Circle Drive North Piscataway, NJ 08854	Plastics container manufacturer	Junior secured loan	11.86% (Libor + 7.25%/M)	2/28/2012		16,000,000
CICQ, LP 500 Crescent Court, Suite 250 Dallas, TX 75201	Restaurant franchisor, owner and operator	Limited partnership interest			26.50%	66,287,100

Name and Address of Portfolio Company	Nature of Business	Type of Investment	Interest(1)	Maturity	% of Class Held(2)	Fair Value
Diversified Collection Services, Inc. 333 North Canyons Pkwy. Livermore, CA 94551	Collections services	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Participating preferred stock	8.78% (Libor + 4.00%/S) 10.89% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	2/4/2011 8/4/2011	0.60%	6,300,000 8,500,000 295,270
Equinox SMU Partners LLC and SMU Acquisition Corp. c/o Equinox SMU Management LLC 41 West Putnam Avenue Greenwich, CT 06830	Medical school operator	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Limited liability company membership interest	11.07% (Libor+ 6.00%/S) 11.07% (Libor + 6.00%/S) 12.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)	12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010	17.39%	10,500,000 3,000,000 8,482,342(4) 4,000,000
Event Rentals, Inc. 2310 E. Imperial Highway El Segundo, CA 90245	Party rental services	Senior secured aquisition loan Senior secured acquisition loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan	9.91% (Libor+ 5.25%/S) 9.92% (Libor + 5.25%Q) 11.50% (Base Rate + 4.25%/D) 9.91% (Libor + 5.25%/S)	11/17/2011 11/17/2011 11/17/2011 11/17/2011		2,676,136(5) 2,897,727(5) 106,534 8,011,363
Extensity 66 Perimeter Center East Atlanta, GA 30346	Software manufacturer	Junior secured loan	11.99% (Libor + 7.25%/M)	9/14/2011		10,000,000
Farley's & Sathers Candy Company, Inc. P.O. Box 28 Round Lake, MN 56167	Branded candy manufacturer	Junior secured loan	12.50% (Base Rate + 5.00%/D)	3/24/2011		10,000,000
Foxe Basin CLO 2003, Ltd. c/o Maples Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 GT Queensgate House 113 South Church Street George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands	Collateralized debt obligation	Structured finance obligation mandatorily redeemable preference shares		12/15/2015		2,682,785
GCA Services Group, Inc. 300 Four Falls Corporate Center, Suite 650 West Conshohocken, PA 19428	Custodial services	Senior subordinated loan	12.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	1/31/2010		32,989,328

The GSI Group, Inc. c/o Charlesbank Capital Partners 600 Atlantic Avenue, 26th Floor Boston, MA 02210	Agricultural equipment manufacturer	Senior notes Common stock	12.00%	5/15/2013	1.49%	10,000,000 750,000
HB&G Building Products P.O. Box 589 Troy, AL 36081	Synthetic and wood product manufacturer	Senior subordinated loan Common stock Common stock warrants	13.00% cash, 4.00% PIK	3/7/2011 3/7/2013	2.40% 3.90%	8,502,823 752,888 652,503
Hudson Straits CLO 2004, Ltd. c/o Maples Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 GT Queensgate House 113 South Church Street George Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands	Collateralized debt obligation	Structured finance obligation mandatorily redeemable preference shares		10/15/2016		5,001,472
ILC Industries, Inc. 105 Wilbur Place Bohemia, NY 11716	Industrial products provider	Junior secured loan	10.73% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	8/24/2012		6,500,000
Industrial Container Services, LLC 1540 Greenwood Avenue Montebello, CA 90640	Industrial container manufacturer, reconditioner and servicer	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Senior secured revolving loan Senior secured revolving loan Common stock	11.43% (Libor + 6.50%/Q) 9.32% (Libor + 4.50%/M) 9.28% (Libor + 4.50%/M) 9.25% (Libor + 4.50%/M) 10.75% (Base Rate + 3.00%/Q)	9/30/2011 9/30/2011 9/30/2011 9/30/2011 9/30/2011	11.41%	26,661,674 3,869,565(6) 1,315,652(7) 1,160,870(7) 232,174(7) 1,800,000
The Kenan Advantage Group, Inc. 4895 Dressler Road, N.W. #100 Canton, OH 44718	Fuel transportation provider	Senior subordinated notes Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Preferred stock Common stock	9.50% cash, 3.50% PIK 7.98% (Libor + 3.00%/Q) NA	12/16/2013 12/16/2011 12/16/2010	1.15% 1.04%	8,960,849 2,493,750 (8) 1,098,400 30,575
Lakeland Finance, LLC 590 Peter Jefferson Parkway, Suite 30 Charlottesville, VA 22911	Private school operator	Senior secured note	11.50%	12/15/2012		33,000,000
Mactec, Inc. 1105 Sanctuary Parkway, Suite 300 Alpharetta, GA 30004	Engineering and environmental consulting services	Common stock			0.01%	

Making Memorians Secophooking branded products mainfacture Second secured from Second second from Second secured from							
Senior secured lean Senior secured from Senior secured from	Memories Wholesale, Inc. 1168 West 500 North Centerville, UT		Senior secured revolving loan Senior subordinated loan	NA 12.00% cash, 2.50% PIK	3/31/2011	9.64%	(9) 10,050,000
Bay, Ltd. color Maples Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 Courses, page Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 Course, page Financial Course, page Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 Course, page Financial Limited P.O. Box 1094 Course, page Financial Limited P.O. Box 10	Inc. 10509 Professional Circle, Suite 100	Sales consulting services	Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving	9.23% (Libor + 4.25%/Q)	6/1/2012		4,048,182
Holding Corp 1544 Old Services 2/2012 2/2012 14,00%	Bay, Ltd. c/o Maples Financial Limited P.O. Box 1093 GT Queensgate House 113 South Church Street George Town, Grand Cayman		obligation floating rate third priority secured notes	7.79% (Libor + 3.60%/Q)			9,500,000
Group, Inc. 2464 Amicola Senior secured loan 13.50% (Base Rate + 8/2/2012 730,435 730,435 11,200% (Base Rate + 3/2/2012 730,435 12,2012 730,435	Holding Corp. 1544 Old Alabama Road Roswell, GA	foreclosure processing	(\$2,000,000 par due 2/2012) Senior subordinated note (\$20,000,000 par due	2.50%/Q)			, , ,
Medical Corp. 610 Newport Center Drive, Suite 650 Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan 12.00% cash, 1.50% PIK 8/17/2012 15,023,125 8.88% (Libor + 3.50%/Q) 2/17/2011 200,000(12) 200,000(12) Suite 650 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Senior subordinated notes Senior secured loan 14.25%(Libor + 4.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q) 2/28/2010 20,083,333 20,083,333 Telecasting Incorporated 500 South Chinowth Road Visalia, CA 93277 Senior secured loan 9.69% (Libor + 5.00%/Q) 10/4/2013 5,000,000 10/4/2013 5,000,000 5,000,000 Patriot Media & Communications CNJ, LLC 35 Mason Street Greenwich, CT Cable services Junior secured loan 9.69% (Libor + 5.00%/Q) 10/4/2013 5,000,000 10/4/2013 5,000,000	Group, Inc. 2464 Amicola Highway Chattanooga, TN	0 0	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Senior secured revolving loan	13.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%/Q) 10.00% (Base Rate + 2.50%/Q) 8.28% (Libor + 3.50%/B) 10.00% (Base Rate +	8/2/2012 3/2/2012 3/2/2012	10.94%	5,021,739 730,435 813,451(11) 684,783(11)
Telecasting Incorporated 500 South Chinowth Road Visalia, CA 93277 Patriot Media & Cable services Junior secured loan 9.69% (Libor + 5.00%/Q) 10/4/2013 5,000,000 Communications CNJ, LLC 35 Mason Street Greenwich, CT	Medical Corp. 610 Newport Center Drive, Suite 650 Newport Beach,		Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan	9.00% (Libor + 4.00%/S)) 8.88% (Libor + 3.50%/Q)	2/17/2012 2/17/2011		35,714 200,000(12)
Communications CNJ, LLC 35 Mason Street Greenwich, CT	Telecasting Incorporated 500 South Chinowth Road Visalia, CA	Television broadcasting	Senior secured loan		2/28/2010		20,083,333
	Communications CNJ, LLC 35 Mason Street Greenwich, CT	Cable services	Junior secured loan	9.69% (Libor + 5.00%/Q)	10/4/2013		5,000,000

PHNS, Inc. 15851 Dallas Parkway, Suite 925 Addison, TX 75001	Information technology and business process outsourcing	Senior subordinated loan	13.50% cash, 2.5% PIK	11/1/2011		16,000,000
Qualitor, Inc. 24800 Denso Drive, Suite 255 Southfield, MI 48034	Automotive aftermarket components supplier	Senior secured loan Junior secured loan	8.98% (Libor + 4.00%/Q) 11.98% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	12/31/2011 6/30/2012		1,975,000 5,000,000
RedPrairie Corporation c/o Francisco Partners 2882 Sand Hill Road, Suite 280 Menlo Park, CA 94045	Software manufacturer	Junior secured loan	12.43% (Libor + 7.75%/B)	5/23/2010		8,500,000
Reflexite Corporation 120 Darling Drive Avon, CT 06001	Developer and manufacturer of high visibility reflective products	Senior subordinated loan Common stock	11.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	12/30/2011	8.58%	10,381,612 6,098,473
Shoes for Crews, LLC 1400 Centerpark Blvd., Suite 310 West Palm Beach, FL 33401	Safety footwear and slip-related mats manufacturer	Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan	7.64% (Libor + 3.25%/S) NA	7/6/2010 7/6/2010		1,486,865 (13)
Singer Sewing Comany c/o Kohlberg Management IV LLC 111 Radio Circle Mt. Kisco, NY 10549	Sewing machine manufacturer	Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Senior secured revolving loan Senior secured revolving loan	10.74% (Libor + 6.00%/M) 8.72% (Libor + 4.00%/M) 9.25% (Base Rate + 1.50%/D) 8.75% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	9/30/2010 9/30/2010 9/30/2010 9/30/2010		18,000,000 500,000(14) 84,122(14) 83,333(14)
Thermal Solutions LLC 94 Tide Mill Road Hampton, NH 03842	Thermal management and electronics packaging manufacturer	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior subordinated notes Senior subordinated notes Preferred stock Common stock	8.78% (Libor + 4.00%/M) 8.28% (Libor + 3.50%/M) 11.50% cash, 2.75% PIK 11.50% cash, 2.50% PIK	3/27/2011 3/27/2011 9/27/2012 3/20/2013	1.32% 1.06%	3,250,000 1,750,000 3,062,766 2,500,000 539,000 11,000
Triad Laboratory Alliance, LLC 4380 Federal Drive, Suite 100 Greensboro, NC 27410	Laboratory services	Senior secured loan Senior subordinated loan	8.23% (Libor + 3.25%/Q) 12.00% cash, 1.75% PIK	12/23/2011 12/23/2012		2,992,500 9,757,421
Tumi Holdings, Inc. 1001 Durham Avenue South Plainfield, NJ 07080	Branded luggage designer, marketer and distributor	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior subordinated loan	7.73% (Libor + 2.75%/Q) 8.23% (Libor + 3.25%/Q) 15.53% (Libor + 6.00% cash, 5.00% PIK/Q)	12/31/2012 12/31/2013 12/31/2014		2,500,000 5,000,000 13,173,216
UCG Paper Crafts, Inc. c/o GTCR Golden Rauner, LLC 6100 Sears Tower Chicago, IL 60606	Scrapbooking materials manufacturer	Senior secured loan Junior secured loan	8.08% (Libor + 3.25%/M) 12.33% (Libor + 7.50%/M)	2/17/2013 8/17/2013		2,000,000 13,000,000
United Site Services, Inc. 200 Friberg Parkway, Suite 4000 Mansfield, MA 01581	Portable restroom and site services	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Junior secured loan Common stock	7.81% (Libor + 3.00%/M) 7.82% (Libor + 3.00%/Q) 7.71% (Libor + 3.00%/Q) 12.63% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	8/12/2011 8/12/2011 8/12/2011 6/30/2010	1.80%	5,036,957 3,043,478 1,869,565 13,461,538 1,353,851

Universal Trailer Corporation 11590 Century Blvd., Suite 103 Cincinnati, OH 45246	Livestock and specialty trailer manufacturer	Common stock Common stock warrants		5/15/2012	9.13% 12.67%	3,113,351 1,382,826
Varel Holdings, Inc. 1434 Patton Place, Suite 106 Carrollton, TX 75007	Drill bit manufacturer	Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured loan Senior secured revolving loan Preferred stock Common stock	8.58% (Libor + 4.00%/S) 8.67% (Libor + 4.00%/Q) 12.89% (Libor + 8.00%/Q) 8.27% (Libor + 3.50%/Q) 8.00%	12/1/2010 12/1/2010 12/1/2011 12/1/2010	3.24% 2.53%	6,643,750 1,978,336 3,333,333 250,000(15) 1,067,500 3,045
Wastequip, Inc. 25800 Science Park Drive, Suite 140 Beachwood, OH 44122	Waste management equipment manufacturer	Junior secured loan	10.98% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	7/15/2012		15,000,000
WCA Waste Systems, Inc. One Riverway, Suite 1400 Houston, TX 77056	Waste management services	Junior secured loan	10.98% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	10/28/2011		25,000,000
York Label Holdings, Inc. 405 Willow Springs Lane York, PA 17402	Consumer product labels manufacturer	Senior subordinated notes	12.00% cash, 3.00% PIK	9/17/2012		9,111,375
					_	
Total					\$	747,145,149

All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate loans to our portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which reset daily (D), monthly (M), bi-monthly (B), quarterly (Q) or semi-annually (S). For each such loan, we have provided the current interest rate in effect as of March 31, 2006.

⁽²⁾Percentages shown for warrants or convertible preferred stock held represent the percentages of common stock we may own on a fully diluted basis, assuming we exercise our warrants or convert our preferred stock to common stock.

⁽³⁾ Total commitment of \$3,278,689 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.

(4)	\$6,517,658 of total commitment of \$15,000,000 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(5)	\$1,244,318 of total commitment of \$6,818,182 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(6)	\$773,912 of total commitment of \$4,643,479 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(7)	\$5,071,394 or total commitment of \$10,060,869 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(8)	Total commitment of \$1,612,903 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(9)	Total commitment of \$500,000 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(10)	Total commitment of \$1,057,705 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(11)	
(12)	\$3,066,983 of total commitment of \$4,565,217 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(13)	\$1,600,000 of total commitment of \$1,800,000 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(14)	Total commitment of \$6,666,667 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
(15)	\$2,999,212 of total commitment of \$3,666,667 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.
	\$3,083,333 of total commitment of \$3,333,333 remains unfunded as of March 31, 2006.

Set forth below is a brief description of each portfolio company in which we have made an investment that represents greater than 5% of our total assets as of March 31, 2006.

CICQ, LP

CICQ, LP is a limited partnership that indirectly owns membership interests of a company specializing in the operation, ownership and franchising of a chain of fast-food restaurants in the United States and abroad. The restaurant chain, with over 4,000 locations worldwide, is one of the fastest growing restaurant chains.

MANAGEMENT

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. The board of directors currently consists of five members, three of whom are not "interested persons" of Ares Capital as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. We refer to these individuals as our independent directors. Our board of directors elects our officers, who will serve at the discretion of the board of directors.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Under our charter, our directors are divided into three classes. Each class of directors will hold office for a three year term. However, the initial members of the three classes have initial terms of one, two and three years, respectively. At each annual meeting of our stockholders, the successors to the class of directors whose terms expire at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. Each director will hold office for the term to which he or she is elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies.

Directors

Information regarding the board of directors is as follows:

Name	Age	Position	Director Since	Expiration of Term
Interested Directors				
Robert L. Rosen	59	Director	2004	2006
Bennett Rosenthal	42	Chairman and Director	2004	2006
Independent Directors				
Douglas E. Coltharp	44	Director	2004	2008
Frank E. O'Bryan	72	Director	2005	2007
Eric B. Siegel	48	Director	2004	2007

The address for each director is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, California, 90067.

Executive officers who are not directors

Information regarding our executive officers who are not directors is as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Michael J. Arougheti	33	President
Daniel F. Nguyen	34	Chief Financial Officer
Kevin A. Frankel	44	Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary
Merritt S. Hooper	44	Vice President of Investor Relations and Treasurer
Valerie A. Bruce	33	Interim Chief Compliance Officer and Assistant Secretary

The address for each executive officer is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, California, 90067.

Biographical information

Directors

Our directors have been divided into two groups interested directors and independent directors. Interested directors are interested persons as defined in the 1940 Act.

Independent directors

Douglas E. Coltharp, 44, has served as a director of the Company since 2004. He joined Saks Incorporated as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer in November 1996. Saks Incorporated (NYSE "SKS") is comprised of two business segments, Parisian, a specialty department store business, which operates department stores under various nameplates and Saks Fifth Avenue Enterprises, which operates Saks Fifth Avenue luxury department stores and Off 5th Saks Fifth Avenue Outlet. Prior to joining Saks Incorporated Mr. Coltharp spent ten years in the Corporate Finance Department of NationsBank (now known as Bank of America), most recently as Senior Vice President and head of the Southeast Corporate Finance Group headquartered in Atlanta. Mr. Coltharp holds a B.S. in Finance and Economics from Lehigh University in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania and an M.B.A. from the Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Mr. Coltharp also serves on the Boards of Directors of Stratus Technologies, Inc. and Under Armour, Inc.

Frank E. O'Bryan, 72, served as Chairman of the Board of WMC Mortgage Company from 1997 to 2003 and as a Vice Chairman until 2004 when the company was sold to General Electric Corporation. Mr. O'Bryan served as Vice Chairman of Shearson/American Express Mortgage Corp. and as a Director of Shearson American Express from 1981 to 1985 and prior to that served as a Director and senior executive of Shearson Hayden Store from 1979 to 1981. Mr. O'Bryan has been a Director of The First American Corporation since 1994. Since 2003 he has been a Director of Standard Pacific Corporation and a Director of Farmers & Merchants Bank since 2004. Mr. O'Bryan is a past member of the board of directors of both Damon Corporation and Grubb & Ellis.

Eric B. Siegel, 48, has served as a director of the Company since 2004. Since 1995, Mr. Siegel has been an independent business consultant providing advice through a limited liability company owned by Mr. Siegel, principally with respect to acquisition strategy and structuring, and the subsequent management of acquired entities. Mr. Siegel is a Director and Chairman of the Executive Committee of El Paso Electric Company, an NYSE publicly traded utility company. Mr. Siegel is a member of the Board of Directors of Kerzner International Limited, an NYSE publicly traded company that develops and operates destination casino resorts, luxury resort hotels and gaming properties worldwide. He is the Chairman of the Audit and Compensation Committees at Kerzner International. Mr. Siegel is a retired limited partner of Apollo Advisors, L.P. and Lion Advisors, L.P. Mr. Siegel is also a member of the

Board of Trustees of the Marlborough School, where he also serves as Finance Chair, a member of the Board of Directors of the Friends of the Los Angeles Free Clinic and a board member of Reprise! Broadway's Best, a non-profit theatre organization. Mr. Siegel holds his Bachelor of Arts degree Summa Cum Laude and law degree Order of the Coif from the University of California at Los Angeles.

Interested directors

Robert L. Rosen, 59, has served as a director of the Company since 2004. Mr. Rosen is managing partner of RLR Capital Partners and RLR Focus Fund which invests principally in the securities of publicly traded North American companies. Mr. Rosen served from 2003 until 2005 as co-Managing Partner of Dolphin Domestic Fund II. In 1998, Mr. Rosen founded National Financial Partners ("NFP"), an independent distributor of financial services to high net worth individuals and small to medium-sized corporations. He served as NFP's CEO from 1998 to 2000 and as its Chairman until January 2002. From 1987 to the present, Mr. Rosen has been CEO of RLR Partners, LLC, a private investment firm with interests in financial services, healthcare, media and multi-industry companies. From 1989 to 1993 Mr. Rosen was Chairman and CEO of Damon Corporation, a leading healthcare and laboratory testing company that was ultimately sold to Quest Diagnostics. From 1983 to 1987, Mr. Rosen was Vice Chairman of Maxxam Group. Prior to that, Mr. Rosen spent twelve years at Shearson American Express in positions in research, investment banking and senior management, and for two years was Assistant to Sanford Weill, the then Chairman and CEO of Shearson. Mr. Rosen holds an MBA in finance from NYU's Stern School. Ares Management is in discussions with Mr. Rosen regarding expanding his relationship with Ares Management. If those discussions bear fruit, Mr. Rosen may no longer be considered an "independent" director of Ares Capital. As a result, in an abundance of caution, we are treating Mr. Rosen as an "interested person" of the Company as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act.

Bennett Rosenthal, 42, has served as a Chairman and director of the Company since 2004. Mr. Rosenthal is a founding member of Ares and functions as a Senior Partner in the Private Equity Group. Since 1998, Mr. Rosenthal has also overseen all of Ares' mezzanine debt investments. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. Rosenthal was a Managing Director in the Global Leveraged Finance Group of Merrill Lynch and was responsible for originating, structuring and negotiating many leveraged loan and high yield financings. Mr. Rosenthal was also a senior member of Merrill Lynch's Leveraged Transaction Commitment Committee. Mr. Rosenthal is a member of the following Boards of Directors: AmeriQual Management, Inc., Douglas Dynamics, LLC and Marietta Corporation he is also the Co-Chairman of the Board of Directors of National Bedding Company LLC (Serta). Mr. Rosenthal graduated summa cum laude with a BS in Economics from the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School of Business where he also received his MBA with distinction. Bennett Rosenthal is an "interested person" of the Company as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act because he is on the investment committee of Ares Capital Management, the Company's investment adviser, and is a member of Ares Partners Management Company LLC, the parent of Ares Management, LLC, the managing member of the investment adviser.

Executive officers who are not directors

Michael J. Arougheti, 33, is President of the Company and joined Ares in May 2004 and became a member of Ares in January 2006. Prior to that time, Mr. Arougheti was employed by Royal Bank of Canada, where he was a Managing Partner of the Principal Finance Group of RBC Capital Partners and a member of the firm's Mezzanine Investment Committee. At RBC Capital Partners, Mr. Arougheti oversaw an investment team that originated, managed and monitored a diverse portfolio of middle market leveraged loans, senior and junior subordinated debt, preferred equity, and common stock and warrants on behalf of RBC and other third-party institutional investors. Mr. Arougheti joined Royal Bank of Canada in October 2001 from Indosuez Capital, where he was a Principal, responsible

for originating, structuring and executing leveraged transactions across a broad range of products and asset classes. Mr. Arougheti sat on the firm's Investment Committee and was also active in the firm's private equity fund investment and fund of funds program. Prior to joining Indosuez in 1994, Mr. Arougheti worked at Kidder Peabody & Co., where he was a member of the firm's Mergers and Acquisitions Group advising clients in various industries, including natural resources, pharmaceuticals and consumer products. Mr. Arougheti has extensive experience in leveraged finance, including senior bank loans, mezzanine debt and private equity. He has worked on a range of transactions for companies in the consumer products, manufacturing, healthcare, retail and technology industries. Mr. Arougheti received a B.A. in Ethics, Politics and Economics, cum laude, from Yale University.

Daniel F. Nguyen, 34, has served as Chief Financial Officer of the Company since 2004 and joined Ares in August 2000. From 1996 to 2000, Mr. Nguyen was with Arthur Andersen LLP, where he was in charge of conducting business audits on various financial institutions, performing due diligence investigation of potential mergers and acquisitions, and analyzing changes in accounting guidelines for derivatives. At Arthur Andersen LLP, Mr. Nguyen also focused on treasury risk management and on mortgage-backed securities and other types of structured financing. Mr. Nguyen graduated with a B.S. in Accounting from the University of Southern California's Leventhal School of Accounting and received an MBA in Global Business from Pepperdine University's Graziadio School of Business and Management. Mr. Nguyen also studied European business environment at Oxford University in England as part of the MBA curriculum. Mr. Nguyen is a CFA charterholder and a Certified Public Accountant.

Kevin A. Frankel, 44, has served as Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary of the Company since 2004. Mr. Frankel joined Ares as General Counsel in April 2003. Mr. Frankel became a Transaction Partner in Ares Private Equity Group in July 2005. From 2000 to 2002, Mr. Frankel was with RiverOne, Inc., a company providing supply chain management software and services, most recently as Senior Vice President Business Development and General Counsel. From 1995 to 2000, Mr. Frankel was with Aurora National Life Assurance Company, most recently as Senior Vice President-Operations and General Counsel. From 1986 to 1995, Mr. Frankel was with the law firm of Irell & Manella, most recently as a partner, resident in its corporate securities group and specializing in mergers and acquisitions. Mr. Frankel received his JD in 1986 from the UCLA School of Law, where he was awarded a John M. Olin Fellowship in Law and Economics for academic achievement and graduated Order of the Coif. He received his B.A. from UCLA in 1983.

Merritt S. Hooper, 44, has served as Vice President of Investor Relations and Treasurer of the Company since 2004. Ms. Hooper is a founding investment professional of Ares and functions as the Director of Investor Relations and Marketing for all Ares funds as well as a senior investment analyst in the Capital Markets Group. Prior to Ares, Ms. Hooper was associated with Lion Advisors (an affiliate of Apollo Advisors) from 1991 to 1997 and worked as a senior credit analyst participating in both portfolio management and strategy. From 1987 until 1991, Ms. Hooper was with Columbia Savings and Loan, most recently as Vice President in the Investment Management Division. Ms. Hooper serves on the executive and investment boards of Cedars-Sinai Medical Center in Los Angeles. Ms. Hooper graduated from the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) with a B.A. in Mathematics and received her MBA in Finance from UCLA's Anderson School of Management.

Valerie A. Bruce, 33, has served as Interim Chief Compliance Officer and Assistant Secretary since May 30, 2006. Ms. Bruce joined Ares Management LLC as Associate General Counsel in March 2005. From 1999 until joining Ares Management, Ms. Bruce was an associate at the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, where she focused her practice on corporate securities and mergers and acquisitions. In 1999, Ms. Bruce received her J.D. from the University of Virginia and in 1995 she received her B.A., *magna cum laude*, from Rutgers University.

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Information regarding the members of Ares Capital Management's investment committee is as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Bennett Rosenthal	42	Chairman and Director of the Company,
		Member of Investment Committee
Antony P. Ressler	45	Member of Investment Committee
John Kissick	64	Member of Investment Committee
David Sachs	46	Member of Investment Committee
Michael J. Arougheti	33	President of the Company, Member of
		Investment Committee

The address for each member of Ares Capital Management's investment committee is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1900, Los Angeles, California, 90067.

Members of Ares Capital Management's investment committee who are not directors or officers of the Company

John Kissick Mr. Kissick is a founding member of Ares and functions as a Senior Partner in the Private Equity Group as well as a Senior Advisor to all funds in Ares' Capital Markets Group. Mr. Kissick also serves on the Investment Committee on all Ares funds. Prior to Ares, Mr. Kissick was a co-founder of Apollo Management, L.P. in 1990 and was a member of the original six-member management team. Together with Mr. Ressler, Mr. Kissick oversaw and led the capital markets activities of Apollo Management, L.P. and Lion Advisors. L.P. from 1990 until 2002, particularly focusing on high yield bonds, leveraged loans and other fixed income assets. Prior to 1990, Mr. Kissick served as a Senior Executive Vice President of Drexel Burnham Lambert, where he began in 1975, eventually heading its Corporate Finance Department. Mr. Kissick serves on the boards of the Cedars-Sinai Medical Center in Los Angeles, the Stanford University Graduate School of Business and the Fulfillment Fund which helps economically disadvantaged kids graduate from high school and college through mentoring and other programs. Mr. Kissick graduated from Yale University with a BA in Economics and with highest honors from the Stanford Business School with an MBA in Finance.

Antony P. Ressler Mr. Ressler is a founding member of Ares and functions as a Senior Partner in the Ares Private Equity Group and as a Senior Advisor to the Ares Capital Markets Group. Mr. Ressler also serves on the Investment Committee on all Ares funds. Prior to Ares, Mr. Ressler was a co-founder of Apollo Management, L.P. in 1990 and was a member of the original six-member management team. Prior to 1990, Mr. Ressler served as a Senior Vice President in the High Yield Bond Department of Drexel Burnham Lambert Incorporated, with responsibility for the New Issue/Syndicate Desk. Mr. Ressler serves on several boards of directors including Allied Waste Industries, Inc., Samsonite Corporation and several private companies. Mr. Ressler also serves on the Boards of Directors of the Alliance for College Ready Public Schools and the Los Angeles County Museum of Art, as well as the Board of Trustees of the Center for Early Education. Mr. Ressler is also one of the founding members of the Board of Directors of the Painted Turtle Camp, created to serve children dealing with chronic and life threatening illnesses by creating memorable, old-fashioned camping experiences. Mr. Ressler received his BSFS from Georgetown University's School of Foreign Service and received his MBA from Columbia University's Graduate School of Business.

David Sachs Mr. Sachs is a founding member of Ares and functions as Co-Portfolio Manager of the Capital Markets Group and serves as an Investment Committee member on all Ares funds.

From 1994 until 1997, Mr. Sachs was a principal of Onyx Partners, Inc. specializing in merchant banking and related capital raising activities in the mezzanine debt and private equity markets for middle market companies. From 1990 to 1994, Mr. Sachs was employed by Taylor & Co., an investment manager providing investment advisory and consulting services to members of the Bass Family of Fort Worth, Texas. From 1984 to 1990, Mr. Sachs was with Columbia Savings and Loan Association, most recently as Executive Vice President, responsible for all asset-liability management as well as running the Investment Management Department. Mr. Sachs serves on the Board of Directors of Terex Corporation. Mr. Sachs graduated from Northwestern University with a BS in Industrial Engineering and Management Science.

OTHER INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS

Eric B. Beckman Mr. Beckman joined Ares in 1998 and serves as a Managing Director in the Private Debt Group of Ares Management LLC. Before joining the Private Debt Group, Mr. Beckman served as a Senior Partner of the Private Equity Group of Ares Management LLC and a member of its Investment Committee, and as a member of the team responsible for Ares' mezzanine debt investments. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. Beckman was a member of the Leveraged Finance Group of Goldman, Sachs & Co. While at Goldman Sachs, he was involved in executing leveraged loan and high yield bond offerings, in raising and managing a dedicated fund providing subordinated bridge loans, and in certain restructuring advisory and distressed lending activities. Mr. Beckman is the Co-Chair of the Los Angeles Advisory Board of the Posse Foundation and a member of the Steering Committee for the Cedars-Sinai Medical Center Sports Spectacular. Mr. Beckman graduated summa cum laude from Cornell University with a BA in Political Theory and Economics, and was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. He received his JD from the Yale Law School where he was a senior editor of the Yale Law Journal.

R. Kipp deVeer Mr. deVeer joined Ares in July 2004 and serves as a Managing Director in the Private Debt Group of Ares Management LLC. Before Ares Mr. deVeer was a partner at RBC Capital Partners in the Principal Finance Group, the firm's middle market financing and principal investment business. Mr. deVeer joined RBC in October 2001 from the merchant banking group of Indosuez Capital. At RBC Capital Partners and Indosuez Capital, Mr. deVeer was responsible for originating, structuring, and executing senior and subordinated debt investments in middle market buyouts and acquisitions. In addition, Mr. deVeer was responsible for investing the firm's capital in private equity transactions. Previously, Mr. deVeer worked at J.P. Morgan & Co., both in a Special Investment Fund of J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. and the Investment Banking Division of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. Mr. deVeer received a B.A. from Yale University and an M.B.A. from Stanford University's Graduate School of Business.

Mitch Goldstein